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The Financial Situation.

Both sets of figures on brokers' loans were disclosed on Monday and revealed further expansion. The Federal Reserve Board's figures showed a gain for the week of \$97,241,000, bringing the total up to \$3,061,891,000, or within \$80,000,000 of the high of Jan. 6 1926. The monthly statement of the New York Stock Exchange on a somewhat more comprehensive basis made the total \$3,457,869,029 as of May 31, an increase during the month of \$116,659,182. The total at the end of May, as reported by the Exchange, was only about \$77,000,000 below the maximum figure reported as of Feb. 27 1926, of \$3,535,590,321.

The very large increase during the last week of the month was probably accounted for to some extent by the issuance of the 40% stock dividend on United States Steel Corporation common. This was generally held to be the case on the theory that actual owners of the stock had to a considerable extent sold their stock dividend on a "when issued" basis and that this had been purchased by speculators anticipating a higher level.

Whether or not this was the case and whether or not there were other special causes for the large volume of temporary increase in brokers' loans, it is quite clear that these loans are now approaching the high point of January 1926, and it is also quite clear that there is a large amount of speculative activity in the market, with an excited bidding up of prices. During the week the volume has not been at maximum figures, but it has been large, daily trading being not far from 2,500,000 shares. The volume, however, dropped under 2,000,000 shares on Friday, with generally declining prices. The aver-

ages have not changed much. During the past week as in many recent weeks, the stocks that have been the most active have been rising in price. Evidently the market situation demands the utmost caution. The tendency to increase loans secured by bonds and stocks is not to be viewed with unconcern.

The news of the week indicates that President Coolidge may call an extra session of Congress, possibly some time in October. It has been emphasized that the President is not as yet committed to the calling of an extra session. This refusal to make a definite commitment unnecessarily early is in line with the President's wise conservatism, but the greatest interest in this announcement lies in the reasons given for the necessity of the session, namely, the demand for early action upon the deficiency appropriation bill, tax reduction, election contests, Mississippi flood rehabilitation legislation and farm relief.

This announcement coming in connection with report by Secretary Mellon that the Government surplus for the year to end June 30 will be approximately \$600,000,000 reminds the country that the Administration still has in mind tax reduction. Few things are of greater importance to the country, especially reduction of the now excessive corporation taxes, and the lower range of surtaxes. These taxes are exerting a depressing and a straining influence on business. The suggestion for Mississippi flood rehabilitation is highly constructive and will be particularly so if a program can be worked out for the necessary measures to prevent a recurrence of the disaster. The suggestion for farm relief is not to be feared when it is remembered that the President is definitely opposed to any legislation which would undertake to subsidize a small section of the population through fixing of prices, an enterprise almost certainly to be followed by disastrous consequences. The President's program of improving selling methods and facilitating co-operation in selling, combined with an improvement and increase of available credits for the farmers, is one which if carried out by Congress is likely to be very helpful.

The fixing of the price at which the United States Steel common will be offered to employees at 122 is a matter of considerable interest in connection with any appraisal of the present market situation. There has probably been a good deal of selling of United States Steel by investors at recent levels on the theory that the advance of the old stock from a level between 125 and 135 to a recent price of 175 simply reflected the stock dividend and that the new stock, now definitely on a \$7 basis, even if it should be considered as a full equivalent of the old stock, would

probably not sell higher than the old stock in its higher ranges, and that, therefore, the present level was not far from a probable high. The speculators who have bought the stock on a "when issued" basis have evidently reasoned differently, counting upon a higher level of prices and evidently expecting the stock in its present form to sell higher than the old stock did before the stock dividend was discussed. The fixing of the price for employees at 122 would seem to indicate that the reasoning of the directors has been somewhat along this latter line. The stock has usually been offered at conservative prices so as to enable employees to buy under the market level. There have been periods of sharply declining general market conditions when this has been true, but presumably at present the steel directors consider 122 a safe and conservative figure.

During the week there have been many important bond issues, some of them exceptionally large. The offerings have been reasonably well taken, but for the most part the bond market shows slight indications of a surplus of offerings. This, however, is regarded as a merely temporary phase and most bond authorities think still higher bond prices a probability over a period of time.

It was to be expected that winter wheat would suffer during May, with excessive rains in many sections, attended by floods, and in other parts of the belt a lack of moisture. Results disclosed in the June report of the Department of Agriculture issued at Washington on Thursday of this week, indicate a loss of production during the past month of 56,-939,000 bushels, the yield now being placed at 537,-001,000 bushels, as against 593,940,000 bushels on May 1 of this year. On June 1 1926 the production of winter wheat for that year's harvest was placed at 543,300,000 bushels, but 629,929,000 bushels were actually raised, and it is possible, of course, that there will be some recovery the present year, too. Conditions a year ago, however, were exceptional, a marked improvement appearing as to the winter wheat crop, as harvesting progressed. The June 1 condition of the winter wheat crop this year, on which the latest indication of production is based, of 72.2% of normal, shows an unusually sharp decline from that of May 1, the latter having been 85.6%. The loss in condition during May was 13.4 points. During May of last year there was a decline in condition of winter wheat of 7.5 points, while in 1925, when the condition of winter wheat was the lowest for a number of seasons, and the final yield only 401,734,000 bushels, the lowest since 1912, the loss in condition during May was 10.5 points. During May 1924, and again in 1921, the decline was 10.9 points, but these were exceptional losses. The June 1 condition this year of 72.2% of normal, compares with 76.5 a year ago, and 66.5 June 1 1925. The ten-year average condition of winter wheat is 78.1% of normal.

The losses in estimated yield during May are naturally in the important winter wheat States. The North Central States, the principal producing region, show an estimated yield this year of 314,826, 000 bushels, based on the June 1 condition in those States of 73.2% of normal. A month ago the indicated production was 345,238,000 bushels, and the condition 86.9%. The 1926 harvest in those States

production 331,391,000 bushels. A heavy loss also appears for the South Central States, the June 1 estimate for this year being 61,624,000 bushels, in comparison with 88,458,000 bushels a month earlier; 119,007,000 bushels, the harvest of last year, and a five-year average production of 77,646,000 bushels. In the States above enumerated 75% of last year's winter wheat crop was harvested. The North Central States, and the South Atlantic, show an increase in the estimate of yield for last month, while in the far West only a trifling loss is indicated, amounting to about 1%.

The June 1 report for spring wheat is well up with the average for the years prior to 1926. A condition, as to spring wheat, of 86.8% of normal is indicated for June 1 this year. In contrast with only 78.5% a year ago, when the spring wheat crop showed a constant and marked deterioration each month to the close of the season, the condition being down to 58.4% on Sept. 1, an exceptionally low position. Prior to 1926, the June 1 condition was well up with the condition indicated for the present year. In 1925 it was 87.1% of normal, while for the four years, 1920 to 1923, inclusive, it averaged above 90%; the ten-year average being 88.9%.

The June report of the Department of Agriculture also deals with the condition of the rye crop, oats, barley, hay, and incidentally with the outlook for corn. Rye shows some improvement as to the prospects of yield, although the condition was fractionaly lower on June 1 at 87.6% of normal. A year ago the condition was 73.4%, while the ten-year average is 84.9%. The indicated yield this year of 48,635,000 bushels, compares with a harvest last year of 40,-024,000 bushels, and a five-year average production of 63,677,000 bushels. Oats begin the season well, with an average condition of 79.9% of normal, in contrast with 78.8% a year ago, and barley 81.5%, against 81.0% last year. Hay and pasture are above the average as to condition. A special report on corn, which heretofore has not appeared in the June crop summary, sets forth that up to June 5 planting was much behind the intended acreage. With favorable weather, however, a large part of the proposed area might still be seeded. Only about one-fourth of the corn acreage had been planted in the lower Ohio Valley, and one-half in a large area, which includes the southern two-thirds of Illinois and Indiana, much of Ohio and Pennsylvania, the northwestern half of Kentucky, eastern Missouri, southeastern Iowa and in some of the overflowed sections of the lower Mississippi Valley. This region usually produces a little over 20% of the corn crop. North and west of this area, much of the corn has been planted later than usual. The higher price of corn, however, the Department says, might stimulate planting in the South and in other sections where conditions are favorable.

An acute strain was suddenly put on relations between Poland and Soviet Russia by the assassination in Warsaw on Tuesday of Peter Voikoff, Soviet Minister to Poland. The diplomat was standing on the platform of the Central Railway station talking to A. P. Rosengolz, former Soviet Charge d'Affaires at London, when Boris Korenko, a young Russian Monarchist, drew a revolver and rapidly fired six shots. The Soviet representative died shortly afterwas 351,992,000 bushels, and the five-year average ward. As the assassin is a Russian, no trouble was at first apprehended. M. Zaleski, the Polish Foreign Minister, visited the hospital where M. Voikoff was lying and later the Polish Minister at Moscow was instructed to express deepest degrets to the Soviet Republic. Foreign Minister Zaleski and President Moscicki of Poland also promptly sent messages of sympathy and condolence to Soviet officials. Moscow, however, saw fit to act precipitately and sent an emphatic and indignant note of protest to Warsaw, holding the Polish Government responsible for the assassination. The Polish Government, the note declared, could not repudiate responsibility in the matter. The note follows in part: "Poland will be held responsible for any assassination. • The Government of the Soviet Union considers this an unprecedented criminal act, bound up with a whole series of acts aimed at destroying diplomatic representation of the Soviet Union abroad and creating a direct menace to peace. The raid on the Peking Embassy, the blockade of the Consulate at Shanghai, the police attack on the Soviet Trade Delegation in London and the provocatory rupture of diplomatic relations on the part of Great Britain—all this series of acts has unloosed the activities of terroristic groups of reactionaries, who, in their blind hatred of the working class, are seizing the weapon of political murder. . . . Consequently, while indignantly protesting, and holding the view that the Polish Government cannot repudiate responsibility for what has happened, the Soviet Government reserves the right to revert to the question after receipt of fuller and more exhaustive details bearing on the crime." In addition to this caustic note from Moscow, it developed that M. Oulianoff, Acting Soviet Minister at Warsaw, demanded on his own responsibility that Soviet representatives be allowed to take part in the Polish investigation into the assassination. The tension passed quickly, however, when Foreign Minister Zaleski readily acceded to this demand and when M. Patek, Polish Ambassador to Moscow agreed with M. Litvinoff, to keep the issue within the limits of a serious judicial inquiry into the crime of a fanatical student. By this means, it was suggested, all political issues could be avoided, above all, the using of the crime for hostile propaganda on either side. The danger of a crisis faded altogether Thursday when Maxim Litvinoff, Acting Foreign Commissar in Moscow, addressed a further note to M. Zaleski designed to take the sting out of the harsh note sent Tuesday. In a calm reply, M. Zaleski endeavored to refute the original charges made by Moscow that the Polish Government was joining a large number of other nations in persecuting the Communistic regime. The note also pointed out that police protection was repeatedly offered to M. Voikoff by Polish authorities, but that he always refused it. The Polish Government nevertheless offered to award monetary compensation to the widow of the murdered official.

Public indignation within Russia over the outrage was turned against Great Britain by the Soviet. The Moscow Government issued a communique Thursday alleging British complicity in terrorist plots and outrages in Russia, while the entire Russian press, following the tone of the Government's declaration, directed verbal batteries against Britain. Referring to the shooting of M. Voikoff at Warsaw, the communique said: "The British hand, which, while standing aside, directed the shots fired by a

Polish subject, is here clearly detected." In London such charges were totally ignored as too fantastic to be worth disapproval or even denial. The view was expressed that they are intended solely for internal consumption.

Relations between Jugoslavia and Albania again became acute last Sunday, when the former country severed diplomatic relations and withdrew her Legation staff from Tirana, the Albanian capital. The occasion of the break was the refusal of Albania to release the Jugoslavian Dragoman Gjuraskovitch, arrested by the Albanian authorities on a charge of espionage. M. Gjuraskovitch was an attache of the Jugoslav Legation at Tirana and Belgrade protested his arrest on the ground that he was entitled to diplomatic immunity. This the Albanian Government refused to admit, contending that he was an Albanian citizen. Besides withdrawing the Legation staff from Tirana, the Jugoslavian Government also handed the Albanian Minister at Belgrade, Gena Beg, his passport, with the request that he depart within 48 hours. M. Alliozotti, Foreign Minister of Albania, promptly countered the Jugoslavian action by dispatching a note on Monday to the League of Nations at Geneva asking the League to keep a close watch on developments in order to act immediately to prevent more serious events. The note said that a search of M. Gjuraskovitch revealed highly incriminating documents subversive of the safety of the Albanian State. It characterized Jugoslavia's demand for his release as "a singularly rigorous communication, contrary to international law, brutal and unconciliatory," and informs the League that Albania is continuing efforts for conciliation, the President having sent a personal message to the Jugoslav Foreign Minister urging moderation and compromise.

All European nations viewed with grave concern this newest development in the difficulties between Jugoslavia and its neighbor, the diminutive mountain republic of Albania. The Government of Albania may be said to be under the tutelage of Italy. It concluded a treaty with Rome on Nov. 27 1926 whereby the Italian Government agreed to uphold the Albanian regime both in internal and external disputes. Any conflict between Jugoslavia and Albania is thus viewed in Europe as almost of necessity involving Italy. France, it is held, might also be drawn into a conflict owing to the understanding between Belgrade and Paris. To prevent the situation from becoming more acute, the French Government, Paris dispatches of June 6 said, sent counsels of moderation to Belgrade. The French view, the reports add, is that the Jugoslavian Government by its action, "has placed itself in a diplomatic position greatly inferior to that which it held some months ago. There is disposition here to think that Belgrade, by its precipitancy has fallen into a trap which was more or less deliberately laid for it, or, at least, that it has been the victim of quicker witted Italian diplomats in the situation which offered itself. The Albanian Government, in a manner which seems far too subtle to be Albanian inspiration, has immediately presented its case to the League of Nations." A Rome dispatch of Tuesday to the New York "Times" said that Italy regards the incident as a purely diplomatic one which concerns only Albania and Jugoslavia as yet. The dispatch

said further: "Italy will be drawn into the affair only if Jugoslavia should make the discussion at the League of Nations of its difficulties with Albania a pretext for introducing the subject of the Treaty of Tirana. Any such effort would be resisted most strenuously by Italy. As the Italian Foreign Ministry has repeatedly semi-officially stated, it considers the Tirana Treaty a subject concerning only Italy and Albania and will not permit any other country to start an international argument about it." Both Paris and Rome were said to consider the incident which caused the break in relations as quite banal in itself and interesting only as showing the extreme tension existing between Jugoslavia and Albania.

The fall of the Rumanian Cabinet headed by General Alexander Averescu was announced in Bucharest June 3, bringing to an end the rule of the "People's Party," one of the smallest in the country. The overthrow of the Averescue regime was regarded in Rumania as a consequence of the feud between General Averescu, who is pro-Italian, and the veteran political leader, Jonel Bratiano, who is pro-French and antagonistic to the return of Prince Carol. The new Premier, chosen on the following day, is to be Prince Barbu Stirbey, brother-in-law of M. Bratiano and confidante of Queen Marie. Regarding this appointment, a special cable of June 1 from Bucharest to the New York "Times" said: "Though Prince Stirbey has long been connected with the administration of the royal domains and a persona grata in the family councils of the royal couple, his political elevation created a sensation in all political parties. It is unanimously interpreted as a double victory for M. Bratiano. The Prince is expected to be a mere puppet in his hands, thus assuring the continuation of the regency and the exclusion, at least temporarily, of all possibility of former Crown Prince Carol's return by peaceful means. At the same time it indicates the resumption of a pro-French policy and the end of the pro-Italian orientation of Rumania." The new Cabinet was formed last Monday, Prince Stirbey himself assuming the portfolio of Interior and Foreign Affairs. Four of the Ministers of the Cabinet are members of the National Peasants' Party and the others are Liberals or Social-Independents. Bucharest cables expressed the opinion that the new Cabinet would be reorganized after the general elections, which were ordered by Prince Stirbey for July 7. The tentative composition of the Ministry is as follows:

Premier, Minister of Interior and ad Interim Foreign Minister, PRINCE

Minister of Pinance, MIHAL POPOVICI.

Minister of Labor, GREGORY JUNIAN.
Minister of Public Works, PAN HALIPPA.
Minister of Domains and Industry, M. ARGETOIANU.
Minister of Justice, STELIAN POPESCU.

Minister of Public Instruction and Health, NICHOLAS LUPU. Minister of Cults, ALEXANDER LAPEDATU. Minister of War, GENERAL PAUL ANGELESCU.

Minister of Communications and Public Works, M. DIMITRIU. Under Secretary of the Ministry of Interior, M. CAPETANENEANU.

One of the first steps taken by the new Government was the promising one of removing the domestic and foreign press censorship which was put in effect last December when the illness of King Ferdinand became dangerous. The decree abolishing the censorship gained for Prince Stirbey the approval of all political parties and of the press of every faction. The action was forecast by the appointment of Stelian Popescu, editor of the Ruma- ernment for the negotiation of a treaty with the

nian newspaper, "Universul," as Minister of Justice. M. Popescu made it a condition of acceptance that the press should have freedom in commenting on politics and in printing news. Some hint of the future course of Rumanian politics was looked for in a speech Wednesday by the former Premier, Jonel M. Bratiano, however, ignored com-Bratiano. pletely the Government of his brother-in-law, Prince Barbu Stirbey, in his address and gave no indication of his campaign plans or whether he would support a coalition with any other parties. The former Premier's apparent lack of interest in the Stirbey Cabinet means, dispatches said, that the new Government will probably only live to see the elections through and that then M. Bratiano will resume the Premiership, if his party is successful at the polls, which is almost assured.

Deflation of French currency to the extent of ten billion francs is planned by the Government of Premier Poincare. Announcement of this proposed operaton, to begin within the next few weeks, was made through the journal, "Le Matin," Wednesday. The plan is the direct outcome of the work of consolidation which the French Government has so successfully accomplished in the past ten months. It is to proceed simultaneously with the enormous purchase and recovery of gold which France has recently undertaken. French Treasury experts, it is said, have calculated that 10,000,000,000 francs can be withdrawn from circulation without danger to commercial needs. A dispatch of June 8 from Paris to the New York "Times" said: "The new consolidation plans, which will absorb this plethora of money, have been carefully prepared, and when as much as possible of the estimated 10,000,000,000 francs has been obtained the Government will invite Parliament to lower the legal limit of advances which the State can draw from the Bank of France by a like amount. The bank then will have to withdraw from circulation and suppress paper money equivalent to that amount. This conversion, it is stated, will be completed by the 1st of July. Not only fresh money will be absorbed, but the sinking fund, which itself has too much liquid money at its disposal, will discount national defense bonds." That this process of deflation may not be so simple as it appears is indicated in a further report. Premier Poincare has been accused in the French Chamber of being a "prisoner of the banks" as the Government has incurred a heavy liability through the wholesale purchase of dollars and pounds sterling. An enormous quantity of these stable currencies, estimated at billions of francs, was placed to the current account of the Bank of France and the Treasury, instead of being paid for in francs, printing of more francs being thus avoided. This, it is said, has placed the banks in the position of being able at any time to make a sudden demand on the Treasury for huge cash payments. It is out of this situation that the Premier and Finance Minister is trying to find a way. In consequence, M. Poincare's proposal to issue a new loan of 10,000,000,000 francs which will permit the retirement of an equal amount of bank notes has caused a conisderable political flutter in the French capital.

Official steps have been taken by the French Gov-

United States looking to the elimination of war and | Chang Tso-lin wanted first to make sure that Chiang the preservation of lasting peace between the two nations. Information to this effect was divulged at Washington June 7, it being understood that thus far conversational inquiry only has been made on the subject by M. Briand, the French Foreign Minister. The step, nevertheless, is regarded as important, and is the outcome of M. Briand's statement of April 6 last, to the effect that France willingly would subscribe publicly with the United States to the outlawry of war between the two countries. Opinion in Washington on the subject is divided, dispatches said. Though in some quarters such a treaty is regarded as eminently desirable, in others it is pointed out that in view of the Franco-American Arbitration Treaty of 1908 and the so-called Bryan Treaty of 1914, no new treaty for the preservation of peace is necessary or even desirable. The Bryan Treaty, it is contended, provides excellently for overcoming danger of a hostile clash, a "breathing spell" being stipulated, which means that France and the United States agree in the event of threatened hostilities that there shall be a period when neither nation shall resort to arms pending an investigation by an international body. Moreover, it is said that the peace which has existed for a century and a half between France and the United States is the best augury that it will continue.

Negotiations have again succeeded military movements in China and as parleys are frequently more decisive than battles in that country, the proceedings are watched with keen interest in all capitals. By the end of last week the two Southern Nationalist factions of Nanking and Hankow had advanced northward practically to the Yellow River. Each faction moved along one of the two North and South railways of the country, the forces of the Northern War Lord, Chang Tso-lin, withdrawing toward Peking. The advance was accomplished with marvelous swiftness, hardly more than a week sufficing for a movement of 200 miles. Consequently it would not appear that the opposition was particularly determined. The Yellow River became the dividing line between the Manchurians and the two Nationalist bodies, the troops of the Moderate General, Chiang Kai-shek, occupying Tsinan-fu on the Shanghai-Tientsin Railway, and those of the Communist influenced Hankow regime taking Chengchow on the Hangkow-Peking line. All reports now indicate that the opposing leaders have reverted to the preferred Chinese method of negotiation.

A Peking dispatch of June 6 (Associated Press) asserted definitely that negotiations for peace between North and South China and the establishment of an alliance of three of the most powerful military leaders, with the definite exclusion of Communism, were in progress. A spokesman for Chang Tso-lin, Manchurian War Lord, was given as authority for the statement. The dispatch said further: "He declared that the leaders negotiating this attempted compromise were Chang Tso-lin, Generalissimo of the Northern Alliance; General Chiang Kai-shek, Generalissimo of the Nanking or Moderate Nationalists, and General Yen Hsi-shan, Governor of the Province of Shansi, which is looked upon as the key position in the present struggle between the North and South. It was Chiang Kai-shek who took the initiative in the negotiations, the spokesman said.

Kai-shek was not a follower of Nikolai Lenin and Communism, the spokesman continued, and then admitted he was anxious to come to terms with real followers of the late Dr. Sun Yat-sen, the Chinese Republican leader, whose principles Chang Tso-lin declared he had never opposed." The negotiations were generally interpreted by observers in Peking as indicating that military pressure by the Southerners necessitated a withdrawal by Chang Tso-lin and as further presaging the possible relinquishment of Peking and Tientsin to the Southerners and the complete retirement of Chang Tso-lin to Manchuria. Such developments would bring China proper within the control of the Nationalists and might cause that unification of China under one Government toward which Chinese and foreigners alike have been looking.

The movement northward of the seat of war in China has left in comparative tranquillity the immense Valley of the Yangtze, where most of the foreign trade is centred. Naval convoys for river vessels have been discontinued, reports said, and firing by Chinese on foreign ships has virtually ceased. The tenseness within the foreign settlements of Shanghai has faded along with the apprehensions of March and April and Shanghai is again assuming its customary air of gayety. The city's interest centres largely around the defense force, thousands of troops remaining there. It is generally believed that the foreign troops, or at least a large British force, will stay in Shanghai for possibly three years or more, as most of the leases on billets, etc., run that long, anyway. The shopkeepers benefit by the presence of troops. But business as a whole remains at a low ebb and the paramount problem is said to be the question of how long private concerns will be able to hold out in the face of their staggering losses in the last quarter.

The break in diplomatic relations between the Governments of Great Britain and Soviet Russia continues to dominate European political discussion. Moscow affects to see in the British step a further confirmation of the Soviet shibboleth, that "Britain is preparing for war." This despite the repeated statements by Foreign Minister Sir Austen Chamberlain that the British Government intended to place no obstacles in the way of genuine peace and commerce between the two countries. The attitude of Germany in the present situation, as the real Suffer State between Russia and Western Europe, is watched with keen interest. A conference was held in Baden-Baden Tuesday between G. V. Tchitcherin and Dr. Gustav Stresemann, Foreign Ministers, respectively, of Soviet Russia and Germany. The result of the conference was summarized in a dispatch to the New York "Times" as follows: "The severance of relations between Britain and the Soviet only strengthens Germany's determination to maintain absolute neutrality and to refrain from any action that could possibly be construed as favoring one side or the other." M. Tchitcherin's visit, it was said, had the sole purpose of obtaining information regarding Germany's attitude in view of the new political development. It was understood that the Soviet Minister repeatedly assured Dr. Stresemann that Russia's foreign policy was one of peace toward all countries and that no effort would be

made to exploit the breach with London in an unfriendly manner.

Official announcement was made in Paris June 4 that the French Government would be represented by observers at the naval disarmament conference at Geneva. This conference, which will open June 20, was called by President Coolidge to supplement the Washington Conference of 1923. Great Britain, Japan and the United States will participate, while Italy, and now France also, will send observers. Count de Clauzel, permanent representative of France at Geneva, will be the chief observer for his country and he will be assisted by Captain de Leuze of the French Navy. Regarding the French decision to participate in the proceedings, a Paris dispatch of June 4 to the New York "Times" said: "It may be set forth that the French decision, which was reached at a special meeting of the Cabinet yesterday, was due to the insistence of Foreign Minister Briand. It is understood to be M. Briand's intention to clothe his observers with full powers when the conference has safely passed the issue of limiting the total tonnage for auxiliary craft, a limitation in which France does not wish to participate."

A further development in connection with the coming conference is the decision of every Dominion in the British Commonwealth to send delegates. Official announcement to this effect was made in London June 8. New Zealand took the initiative in announcing representation and the other Dominions followed suit. The list of British delegates, given out in London, is as follows:

Britain .- W. C. Bridgman, First Lord of the Admiralty; Lord Cecil of Chelwood, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, and Vice-Admiral Sir Frederick Field, Deputy Chief of the Naval Staff.

Canada.-E. A. Laponte, Minister of Justice, and W. A. Riddell, Permanent Canadian Representative at Geneva.

Australia.-Sir Joseph Cook, High Commissioner in London.

New Zealand .- Sir James Parr, High Commissioner in London, and Admiral Earl Jellicoe of Scapa.

South Africa-J. S. Smit, High Commissioner in London, and C. Pienaar, Trade Commissioner in Europe.

Irish Free State.-Desmond Fitzgerald, Minister for External Affairs, and John Costello, Attorney-General.

India .- W. C. Bridgman

The German Reichsbank yesterday advanced its discount rate from 5%, the rate in effect since Jan. 12, to 6%. Official discount rates, however, at other leading European centres remain unchanged at 7% in Italy; 6% in Austria; 5½% in Belgium; 5% in Paris, Denmark and Madrid; 41/2% in London and Norway; 4% in Sweden, and 31/2% in Holland and Switzerland. In London open market discounts closed yesterday at 45-16@43/8% for short bills and 43/8% for three months' bills, against 45-16@43/8% for both on Friday of last week. Money on call in London yesterday was 31/8%, the same as on Friday of last week. At Paris open market discount rates continue at 21/4%, but in Switzerland the rate has risen from $3\frac{1}{4}$ to 35.16%.

The Bank of England in its return for the week ended June 8 reported a decrease in gold holdings of £464,992. Total gold holdings now stand at £152,-110,691, compared with £148,983,167 last year and £157,071,195 in 1925. The proportion of the Bank's reserve to liability rose to 30.04%. Last week it was 28.54%, and two weeks ago 30.82%. Notes in circulation expanded £987,000, while reserve of gold and notes in banking department declined £1,452, change and checks declined 83,144,000 marks. Other

Loans on Government securities increased 000. £1,980,000, but loans on "other" securities fell £11,-714,000. Public deposits declined £2,174,000 and "other" deposits £9,013,000. Total notes in circulation now stand at £137,335,000, against £140,379,910 in 1926 and £148,026,195 the previous year. The Bank's official discount rate remains unchanged at 41/2%, to which it was reduced on April 20. Below we furnish comparisons of the various items of the Bank of England return back to 1923:

BANK OF ENGLAND'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

1927.	1926.	1925.	1924.	1923.
June 8.	June 9.	June 10.	June 11.	June 13.
£	£	£	£	£
Circulationb137,335,000	140,379,910	148,026,195	126,136,000	124,100,105
Public deposits 12,549,000	9,774,648	8,953,595	10,746,938	11,000,034
Other deposits102,389,000	108,214,031	112,428,046	122,255,811	108,794,244
Govt. securities 52,885,000	39,455,328	39,876,733	58,917,467	46,338,518
Other securities 45,605,000	68,002,121	70,500,917	70.051,567	68,088,879
Reserve notes & coin 34,528,000	28,353,257	28,795,000	21,827,083	23,184,361
Coin and bulliona152,110,691	148,983,167	157,071,195	128,213,083	127,534,456
Proportion of reserve				
to liabilities 30.04%	24.03%	23 34 %	16 3% %	19%%
Bank rate 41/2 %	5%	5%	4%	3%

a Includes beginning with April 29 1925 £27,000,000 gold coin and bullion, previously held as security for currency notes issued and which was transferred to the Bank of England on the British Government's decision to return to gold standard.

b Beginning with the statement for April 29 1925, includes £27,000,000 of Bank of England notes issued in return for the same amount of gold coin and bullion held up to that time in redemption account of currency note issue

The Bank of France in its statement for the week ended June 8 reported another increase in note circulation of 457,598,000 francs, increasing the total amount to 52,785,638,630 francs, against 53,353,490,-740 francs last year and 43,387,358,840 francs the previous year. Advances to the State rose 100,000,-000 francs, the total of which now aggregates 27,-200,000,000 francs, compared with 36,400,000,000 francs in 1926 and 25,200,000,000 francs the same time in 1925. Other important changes were: Silver increased 13,000 francs, while bills discounted fell 864,415,000 francs. Advances to trade increased 39,173,000 francs, but Treasury deposits declined 25,-983,000 francs. General deposits increased 1,023,-588,000 francs. Purchase of gold and silver coins to June 8, under the law of Aug. 20 1926, now total 2,164,800,000 francs, against 2,151,621,546 francs to June 1. Comparisons of the various items in the Bank of France statement back to 1925 are as follows:

BANK OF FRANCE'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Changes		Siurus us vi-	
Gold Holdings—	for Week. Francs.	June 8 1927. Francs.	June 9 1926. Francs.	June 10 1925. Francs.
In France	Unchanged	3,682,507,441	3,684,214,821	3,682,318,725
Abroad, not avail.	Unchanged	1,401,549,425	1,864,320,907	1,864,320,907
Abroad, available.	Unchanged	462,776,475		
Total	Unchanged	5,546,833,343	5,548,535,728	5,546,639,632
SilverI	ne. 13,000	344,543,717	335,221,193	314,665,498
milis discounted I	Dec. 864,415,000	1,779,244,451	4,681,642,742	3,770,793,936
AdvancesI	nc. 39,173,000	1,669,574,846	2,393,207,655	3,163,798,969
Note circulation I	nc. 457,598,000	52,785,638,630	53,353,490,740	43,387,358,840
Treasury deposits.I	Dec. 25,983,000	4.031,058	35,790,890	3,992,498
General depositsI	nc. 1023588 000	11,254,581,808	2,822,181,337	2,024,865,529
Advances to State. I	nc. 100,000,000	27,200,000,000	36,400,000,000	25,200,000,000

The weekly statement of the German Reichsbank as of June 7 showed a decline of 29,980,000 marks in note circulation. Other liabilities increased 7,425,-000 marks, while other daily maturing obligations decreased 48,933,000 marks. Total notes in circulation now stand at 3,689,309,000 marks, against 2,794,919,000 marks the same time last year, and 2,488,085,000 marks in 1925. On the asset side of the acount the majority showed decreases. Gold and bullion declined 59,000 marks, but deposits abroad remained unchanged. Reserve in foreign currencies expanded 8,341,000 marks, but bills of exassets increased 20,656,000 marks, but investments decreased 8,000 marks. Silver and other coin fell off 6,447,000 marks, while notes on other German banks increased 5,958,000 marks. Advances decreased 16,785,000 marks. Total gold holdings now stand at 1,815,496,000 marks, compared with 1,491,999,000 marks last year and 1,015,841,000 marks two years ago. Below we give a detailed comparative statement of the different items of the Bank of Germany return for a period of three years:

REICHSBANK'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

Assets-	Week. Reichsmarks.	June 7 1927. Reichsmarks.	June 7 1926. Reichsmarks.	June 6 1925. Reichsmarks.
Gold and bullion	Dec. 59,000	1,815,496,000	1,491,999,000	1,015,841,000
Of which depos. abroad.	Unchanged	69,126,000	260,435,000	52,188,000
Res've in for'n curr	Inc. 8,341,000	86,894,000	355,883,000	338,613,000
Bills of exch. & checks	Dec. 83,144,000	2,338,197,000	1,240,326,000	1,522,215,000
Silver and other coin	Dec. 6,447,000	91,084,000	99,591,000	65,999,000
Notes on oth. Ger. bks	Inc. 5,958,000	14,526,000	20,533,000	15,426,000
Advances	Dec. 16,785,000	54,856,000	6,250,000	4,233,000
Investments	Dec. 8,000	92,881,000	89,022,000	201,016,000
Other assets	Inc. 20,656,000	464,949,000	616,696,000	1,090,060,000
Notes in circulation	Dec. 29,980,000	3,689,309.000	2 794,919,000	2,488,085,000
Oth. daily matur. oblig.	Dec. 48,933,000	650,906,000	647,355,000	678,457,000
Other liabilities	Inc. 7,425,000	252,577,000	118,153,000	9,082,000

The notable feature in the return of the Federal Reserve banks for the week ending Wednesday, June 8, is a further addition to the holdings of Government securities. As was the case the previous week, additions appear in each of the items, the holdings of Certificates of Indebtedness having risen from \$124,682,000 to \$155,928,000, the holdings of Treasury notes from \$120,953,000 to \$139,031,000 and the holdings of United States bonds from \$116,-862,000 to \$143,104,000. Altogether there has been an increase in these holdings of Government securities from \$362,497,000 to \$438,063,000. In the week ending May 11, when the Reserve Board announced the purchase of \$59,548,000 gold abroad, holdings of Government securities were reduced from \$316,279, 000 to \$253,896,000 and this led to the deduction that the Reserve banks had sold Government securities in order to pay for the gold. In the three weeks since then, however, the Reserve banks have again been steadily enlarging their holdings of Government securities, the addition for these three weeks having been no less than \$184,167,000, and now the total stands at \$438,063,000, as against \$316,279,000 on May 4, the week before the gold purchase referred to, while the \$59,548,000 of gold acquired abroad still remains intact.

The latest addition, however, to the Government securities holdings has been concurrent with reduced borrowing at the Federal Reserve by the member banks, as appears from a reduction in the discount holdings of the Reserve banks from \$496, 507,000 to \$399,283,000, and a decrease in the open market purchases of acceptances from \$228,993,000 to \$221,635,000. It follows that the total bill and security holdings of all kinds this week are somewhat smaller than a week ago, being \$1,060,781,000 June 8, as against \$1,089,797,,000 on June 1. But on May 11 the total was only \$930,724,000, showing an increase for the four weeks of over \$130,000,000. Member bank reserve accounts increased during the week from \$2,308,140,000 June 1 to \$2,331,460,000, and total deposits (including the reserve accounts) from \$2,366,579,000 to \$2,390,467,000. The amount of Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation declined during the week from \$1,740,432,000 to \$1,716,-779,000, while gold reserves increased from \$2,993,-038,000 to \$3,005,891,000.

At the Federal Reserve Bank of New York the amount of Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation declined from \$421,326,000 to \$408,274,000, but deposits increased from \$954,933,000 to \$961,211,000 and member bank reserves (the preponderating item in the deposits) from \$931,794,000 to \$936,807,000. Holdings of discounted bills decreased from \$117,-127,000 to \$88,213,000 and of acceptances from \$75,-302,000 to \$64,489,000, but holdings of Government securities rose from \$74,773,000 to \$89,382,000. Total bill and security holdings fell from \$267,202,000 to \$242,084,000. Gold reserves at the local bank increased from \$1,114,407,000 June 1 to \$1,118,276,000, and the ratio of reserves to liabilities rose from 83.4 to 84.2%. For the twelve banks combined the ratio rose from 76.8% to 77.2%.

The New York Clearing House banks and trust companies in their return for last Saturday showed another of those recurring deficiencies in reserve requirements, which appear to be due every other week. The return for the Saturday preceding had revealed excess reserves in the large sum of \$70,404,-030; now there came a deficiency in amount of \$3,511,080, a difference of no less than \$73,915,110. The transformation arose mainly out of a decrease of \$60,267,000 in the reserve kept by the member banks of the Reserve System with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. This decrease in turn followed from diminished borrowing at the Federal Reserve Bank. The loan account increased \$51,-894,000 and this played its part in causing an expansion in demand deposits of \$106,753,000, though time deposits fell off \$3,732,000. The member banks increased their holdings of cash in own vaults slightly, namely \$545,000. The State banks and trust companies not members of the Federal Reserve showed the usual inconsequential changes, that is \$28,000 increase in cash in own vault, with \$86,000 decrease in reserves held in other depositaries.

A gradual lowering of rates in the New York money market in the past week indicated that an abundance of funds was available, notwithstanding the deficiency in reserves shown by the Clearing House banks in their return last Saturday. Call loans Monday ruled at 41/2%, which was the prevailing rate in the previous week. Brokers' requirements were small, while only \$15,000,000 of loans were called by the banks. After opening again on Tuesday at 41/2% the demand loan rate sagged to 41/4% on the Stock Exchange and to 4% in outside or "Street" trades. The banks called only a further \$3,000,000. Renewals Wednesday morning were arranged at 41/4 % and new loans later in the day were made at 4%, this rate being touched for the first time in several weeks. The same rates again prevailed Thursday and Friday, the figure rapidly dropping to 4% on each day after renewals had been negotiated at 41/4%. A feature of the market on both days, however, was the availability of "outside" money at 33/4 %. Another heavy increase in brokers' loans against stock and bond collateral was reported by the New York Stock Exchange and also in the Federal Reserve Board statement for the New York member banks. The Stock Exchange statement, covering the month of May showed an increase of \$116,-659,000. The Federal Reserve statement reported an increase for the week of \$97,241,000, and for the

four weeks since May 4 of \$141,965,000. Heavy syndicate underwritings of newly issued securities were again pointed to by traders as partly responsible for the expansion, though obviously Stock Exchange speculation is mainly the cause.

Dealing more specifically with the changes from day to day, the call loan rate, as indicated in the above, gradually tapered off as funds were found available far in excess of current needs. On Monday the renewal rate was $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ and all other loans were at the same figure. On Tuesday the renewal rate was again 41/2%, but in the case of new loans there was a drop to $4\frac{1}{4}\%$ later in the day. Wednesday the renewal figure was reduced to 41/4%, but some other loans were negotiated at 4%, and the same conditions prevailed on Thursday and Friday, that is the renewal rate was continued unchanged at $4\frac{1}{4}\%$, but on each day there was a drop to 4% after early demands had been satisfied. On Friday, indeed, there was such a plenitude of funds that outside the Stock Exchange some call money was found available at 31/2%. In the time loan branch of the market, too, greater ease developed as the week progressed. On Monday there was considerable firmness and the same was true also on Tuesday, the quotation remaining at 43/8@41/2% for all maturities from 90 days to six months; for 30 days and 60 days the range was $4\frac{1}{4}@4\frac{3}{8}\%$. On Thursday and Friday the range for the shorter dates fell to 4@41/4%, but $4\frac{3}{8}$ @ $4\frac{1}{2}$ % still remained the quotation for the other periods, that is for 90 days to six months.

Rates for mercantile paper may be said to have remained entirely unchanged, with the demand light. The range for four to six months' names of choice character has continued at 4@41/4%, with the inside figure available in the case of exceedingly choice paper. For names less well known the range has been 41/4@41/2%, which has also been the quotation for New England mill paper, as likewise for the shorter choice names.

Banks' and bankers' acceptances have shown very limited activity. Rates for the longer dates, that is for 150 and 180 days, were marked up 1/8 on Wednesday and ruled at the higher figures for the rest of the week. On the other hand, the American Acceptance Council yesterday reduced the posted rate for call loans against bankers' acceptances from 4% to 33/4%, thus reflecting the easier conditions in the call loan branch of the market. The Acceptance Council now makes the discount rate on prime bankers' acceptances eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve banks 35/8% bid and 31/2% asked for bills running 30 days; $3\frac{3}{4}$ % bid and $3\frac{5}{8}$ % asked for 60 days and 90 days; 3% bid and 3% asked for 120 days, and 4% bid and 3% asked for 150 and 180 days, the only change, as compared with Friday of last week being in this last case, as already indicated. Open market quotations follow:

		POT DEL Days—— Asked.		*	— <u>120</u>	
Prime eligible bills	4 90	Days	4 60	Days—	31/4	Asked.
Prime eligible bills	Bid. 334	Asked.	Bid. 3 1/4	Asked.	Bid. 3%	Asked.
FOR DE Eligible member banks Eligible non-member b		RY WITH				3% bid

There have been no changes this week in Federal Reserve Bank rates. The following is the schedule of rates now in effect for the various classes of paper at the different Reserve banks:

DISCOUNT RATES OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS ON ALL CLASSES AND MATURITIES OF ELIGIBLE PAPER.

Federal Reserve Bank.	Rate in Effect on June 10.	Date Established.	Previous Rate.
Boston	4	Nov. 10 1925	314
New York Philadelphia	4	Aug. 13 1926 Nov. 20 1925	333
Cleveland	4	Nov. 17 1925	334
Richmond	4	June 14 1924 June 18 1924	433
AtlantaChicago	4	June 14 1924	433
St. Louis	4	June 19 1924	434
Minneapolis	4	Oct. 15 1924 July 1 1924	412
Kansas City Dallas	4	July 16 1924	433
San Francisco	4	Nov. 23 1925	31/3

Sterling exchange has been without special feature during the week, with rates virtually unchanged at 4.851/4@4.85 5-16 for demand bills throughout the The tone was perhaps a trifle firmer than last week with an occasional transaction at 4.85 11-32. As in previous weeks, there has been much discussion of the gold withdrawals from London, and particularly the policy of the Bank of France in adding so enormously to its foreign balances, either directly through the purchase of the metal or indirectly through other means. Takings of gold in London this week have been on a lighter scale with none, apparently, for French account. The Bank of England in its weekly return showed a loss in coin and bullion of £464,992, which does not appear large considering the constant drain on the Bank. On Tuesday the Bank of England set aside £250,000 in sovereigns for account of the South African Reserve Bank and exported £10,000 in sovereigns to Holland. On Wednesday £100,000 more was exported in sovereigns to Holland, while £91,000 was taken for India. On Thursday (which began a new bank week) £400,000 more in gold sovereigns was exported to Holland and £500,000 set aside for South Africa, besides which the Bank sold £11,000 in gold bars. Yesterday, London cable dispatches reported only a small amount of gold bars sold, valued at £5,000. At the port of New York the gold movement for the week ending June 8, according to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, consisted of imports of \$3,345,000, of which \$3,213,-000 came from the Netherlands, and of exports of \$194,000 to Venezuela and Mexico. There was no Canadian movement of the metal from or to the United States. Canadian exchange dropped below par at one time early in the week, being quoted at a discount of 1-16th of 1% on Tuesday, against 1-64th of 1% premium on Monday, the explanation given being that it was due to settlements for commodities purchased coming at a time when wheat exports were light. Later in the week the discount fell to 1-64th of 1%. There was no pressure of sterling bills on the market at any time, while the easing of money rates here the latter part of the week was a distinctly favorable influence, since it served as an inducement to keep American balances in London, because of the higher rates of discount that could be obtained there. As already noted further above, open market discounts at London yesterday were 4 5-16@43/8% and for three months bills $4\frac{3}{8}\%$, as against 4 5-16@ $4\frac{3}{8}\%$ for both long and short of Friday of last week.

As to the day-to-day fluctuations, sterling exchange on Saturday last was unchanged, with sight bills quoted at $4.85\frac{1}{4}$ @4.855-16, and remained at this range each day during the week. The rate for cable transfers yesterday was 4.8511-16. Closing quotations were 4.855-16 for demand and 4.8511-16 for cable transfers. Commercial sight bills finished at $4.85\frac{1}{8}$, sixty days at $4.81\frac{3}{8}$, ninety days at 4.7911-16, documents for payment (sixty days)

at 4.81 5-16 and seven-day grain bills at 4.84 7-16. Cotton and grain for payment closed at 4.85 \(\frac{1}{8} \).

In the exchanges on the continent of Europe the chief features were the drop in the Spanish peseta, and the fluctuations in the Italian lira. The dip in the lira was probably a reflection of the breaking off of relations between Jugoslavia and Albania, in which Italy could not fail to become involved in case matters should take a serious turn. The foreign markets were closed on Monday, because of the Whitsuntide holidays, but later weakness developed and the check rate on Genoa on June 8 got down to 5.49½, as against $5.57\frac{1}{2}$ on Monday, June 6. The close yesterday was at 5.501/4. In the case of the French franc, the Belgium belga and the other leading continental exchanges, the deviations in rates were very slight. This is true also of the German mark, notwithstanding the Bank of Germany yesterday raised its rate of discount from 5% to 6%.

The London check rate on Paris closed at 124.02 on Friday of this week, against 124.02 on Friday of last week. In New York eight bills on the French centre finished at 3.91½, against 3.91½; cable transfers at 3.913/4, against 3.913/4; and commercial sight bills at 3.91\(^1\)8, against 3.91\(^1\)8. Antwerp francs finished at $13.88\frac{1}{2}$ for checks and at $3.89\frac{1}{2}$ for cable transfers, as against 13.89 and 13.90 last week. Final quotations for Berlin marks were 23.68½ for checks and 23.69½ for cable transfers, in comparison with 23.69 and 23.70 a week earlier. Italian lire closed at $5.50\frac{1}{4}$ for bankers' sight bills and at $5.50\frac{3}{4}$ for cable transfers, against 5.541/4 and 5.543/4 last week. Austrian schillings have not been changed from 141/8. Exchange on Czechoslovakia finished at 2.96, as against 2.96; on Bucharest at $0.59\frac{1}{4}$, against $0.60\frac{1}{2}$ @0.61; on Poland at 11.45, against 11.50; and on Finland at 2.52, against 2.52. Greek exchange closed at 1.35 for checks and at 1.351/4 for cable transfers, against 1.32¾ and 1.33 a week ago.

In the exchanges on the former neutral centres, the drop in the Spanish peseta attracted chief attention. As against 17.53c. on June 6, the peseta on checks abruptly declined to 17.25c. June 17 and to 17.17c. on June 8. It was stated that banks in Spain had reduced the rate of interest allowed on the balances of foreign banks, which had accumulated as a result of the prolonged speculation in the peseta. The last two days the peseta recovered some of the loss and checks on Madrid yesterday were quoted as high as 17.37c. with the close 17.34c. In rates on Scandinavian centres a feature was a decline in the Norwegian crown from 25.96 to 25.84.

Bankers' sight on Amsterdam finished on Friday at 40.03, against 40.02 last Friday; cable transfers at 40.05, against 40.04, and commercial sight bills at 40.00, against 40.00. Swiss francs closed at 19.23 for bankers' sight bills and at 19.23½ for cable transfers, in comparison with 19.22¾ and 19.23¼ a week earlier. Copenhagen checks finished at 26.72 and cable transfers at 26.73, against 26.71 and 26.72. Checks on Sweden closed at 26.76½ and cable transfers at 26.77½, against 26.76 and 26.77, while checks on Norway finished at 25.84 and cable transfers at 25.85, against 25.96 and 25.97. Spanish pesetas closed at 17.34 for checks and at 17.35 for cable transfers, which compares with 17.53 and 17.54 a week earlier.

In the South American exchanges the outstanding development has been the rise in the Argentine peso to above parity and to the highest point since 1920. Argentine exports have been large and in addition there has been a wonderful improvement in Argentine finances. Argentine paper pesos closed at 42.46 for checks, as compared with 42.34 last week and at 42.51 for cables, against 42.39. Brazilian milreis finished at 11.82 for checks and at 11.83 for cables, against 11.84@11.85. Chilean exchange closed at 11.99, against 11.99, and Peru at 3.74, against 3.77 last week.

In the Oriental exchanges, the Japanese yen recovered somewhat after a further drop early in the week. The recovery, no doubt, was due to the improved outlook in Japan. Checks on Yokohama after rising from 46.12 June 3 to 46.22 June 4. dropped to 46.17 June 6, but were up to 46.37 June 7 and closed yesterday at 46.32. Rates on Chinese points were somewhat lower. Closing quotations for yen were 46.32, against 46.12@46.25 on Friday of last week. Hong Kong closed at 49¼@49 9-16, against 49 13-16; Shanghai at 62½@ $63\frac{3}{8}$, against $63\frac{1}{8}$ @ $63\frac{5}{8}$; Manila at $49\frac{1}{2}$, against $49\frac{1}{2}@49\frac{5}{8}$; Singapore at $56\frac{1}{8}@56\frac{3}{8}$, against $56\frac{1}{8}$ @563/8; Bombay at 363/8, against 363/8, and Calcutta, 363/8, against 363/8.

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 522 of the Tariff Act of 1922, the Federal Reserve Bank is now certifying daily to the Secretary of the Treasury the buying rate for cable transfers in the different countries of the world. We give below a record for the week just past:

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES CERTIFIED BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS TO TREASURY UNDER TARIFF ACT OF 1922, JUNE 4 1927 TO JUNE 10 1927, INCLUSIVE.

Country and Monetary	Noon Buying Rate for Cable Transfers to New York, Value in United States Money.						
Untt.	June 4.	June 6.	June 7.	June 8.	June 9.	June 10	
EUROPE-	8	\$	8	3	3	8	
Austria, schilling	.14061	.14059	.14070	.14061	.14063	.14054	
Belgium, belga	.1389	.1389	.1389	.1389	.1389	.1389	
Bulgaria, lev		.007218	.007245	.007227	.007223	.007214	
Czechoslovakia, krone	.029613	.029614	.029616	.029615	.029616	.029616	
Denmark, krone England, pound ster-	.2671	.2671	.2672	.2672	.2672	.2672	
ling	4 8550	4.8562	4.8563	4.8560	4.8566	4.8565	
Finland, markka	.025196	.025197	.025203	.025199	.025195	.025191	
France, franc		.0392	.0392	.0392	.0392	.0392	
Germany, reichsmark.		.2369	.2369	.2369	.2369		
Greece, drachma	.031209	.013230	.013242	.013253	.013370	.2369	
Holland, guilder	.4004	.4094	.4004	.4005	.4005	.4005	
Hungary, pengo	.1745	.1745	.1746	.1745	.1745	.1743	
Italy, lira	.0555	.0557	.0552	.0550	.0550	.0552	
Norway, krone		.2595	.2594	2590	.2588	.2585	
Poland, zloty		.1137	.1142	.1130	.1134	.1126	
Portugal, escudo		.0507	.0506	.0506	.0505	.0505	
Rumania, leu		.006068	.006045	.006034	.005946	.005891	
Spain, peseta		.1752	.1730	.1715	.1726		
Sweden, krona		.2676	.2676	.2676	.2676	.1732	
Switzerland, franc		.1923	.1923	.1923	.1923		
Yugoslavia, dinar	.017576	.017582	.017583	.017589	.017582	.1923	
ASIA—	.011010	.011002	.011000	.011009	.011002	.011011	
China-		1		1	1	1	
Chefoo, tael	.6604	.6600	.6546	.6583	.6583	.6550	
Hankow, tael	.6533	.6521	.6442	.6500	.6508	.6509	
Shanghai, tael	.6316	.6313	.6270	.6282	.6292	.6296	
Tientsin, tael		.6683	6579	.6621	.6629	.6633	
Hong Kong, dollar.	.4925	4925	.4905	.4908	.4918	4919	
Mexican dollar	.4588	.4608	.4575	.4650	.4570	.4568	
Tientsin or Pelyang	. 2000			.4000	.40.0		
dollar	.4575	.4592	.4550	.4525	.4542	.4529	
Yuan, dollar	.4546	.4563	.4521	.4496	.4504	.4513	
India, rupee	.3625	.3625	.3626	.3626	.3623	.3622	
Japan, yen		.4622	.4638	.4642	.4640	.4637	
Singapore (S.S.), dollar		.5600	.5600	.5600	.5600	.5600	
NORTH AMER.— Canada, dollar	1.000064	1.000029	.999605	.999347	.999908	.99979	
Cuba, peso				.999156		.99915	
Mexico, peso				.464417	.464333	.46450	
Newfoundland, dollar. SOUTH AMER.—				.997125		.99743	
	.9628	.9631	.9640	.9644	.9645	.9646	
Argentina, peso (gold)		.1181	.1182	.1180	.1181	.1182	
Brazil, milreis		.1203	.1199	.1199	.1199	.1203	
Chile, peso Uruguay, peso		1.0087	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1.0065	1.0040	1.0043	

The New York Clearing House banks, in their operations with interior banking institutions, have gained \$5,719,975 net in cash as a result of the currency movements for the week ended June 9. Their receipts from the interior have aggregated \$6,692,525, while the shipments have reached \$972,550, as per the following table:

CURRENCY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS BY NEW YORK BANKING INSTITUTIONS.

Week Ended June 9.	Into	Out of	Gain or Loss	
	Banks.	Banks.	to Banks.	
Banks' interior movement	\$6,692,525	\$672.550	Gain	\$5,719,975

As the Sub-Treasury was taken over by the Federal Reserve Bank on Dec. 6 1920, it is no longer possible to show the effect of Government operations on the Clearing House institutions. The Federal Reserve Bank of New York was creditor at the Clearing House each day as follows:

DAILY CREDIT BALANCES OF NEW YORK FEDERAL RESERVE BANK AT CLEARING HOUSE.

Saturday,	Monday,	Tuesday,	Wednesd'y.	Thursday,	Priday,	Aggregate
June 4.	June 6.	June 7.	June 8.	June 9.	June 10.	for Week.
\$ 000,000	8 000 000	8 000 000	s 000 000	86 000 000	108 000 000	Cr. 555,000,000

Note.—The foregoing heavy credits reflect the huge mass of checks which come to the New York Reserve Bank from all parts of the country in the operation of the Federal Reserve System's par collection scheme. These large credit balances, however, reflect only a prt of the Reserve Bank's operations with the Clearing House institutions, as only the items payable in New York City are represented in the daily balances. The large volume of checks on institutions located outside o New York are not accounted for in arriving at these balances, as such checks do not pass through the Clearing House but are deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank for collection for the account of the local Clearing House banks.

The following table indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks:

		Tune 9 1927		June 10 1926.		
Banks of-	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
England	152,110,691		152,110,691	148,983,167		148,983,167
	147,300,268	13.760,000		147,368,593	13,400,000	160,768,593
	87,321,450	c994,600				62,574,600
Spain	103,892,000	28.184.000	132,076,000	101,481,000	26,848,000	128,329,000
Italy	46.286.000	3,967,000	50,253,000	35,710,000	3,424,000	39,134,000
Neth'lands	34.097.000	2,291,000	36,388,000	36,001,000	2,236,000	38,237,000
Nat.Belg.		1.162.000		10,954,000	3,618,000	14,572,000
Switz'land.		2,840,000	21,208,000	16,761,000	3,537,000	20,298,000
Sweden	12.323.000		12,323,000	12,722,000		12,722,000
Denmark _	10,706,000	762,000	11,468,000	11,620,000	833,000	12,453,000
Norway	8,180,000		8,180,000	8,180,000		8,180,000
Total week	638.858.409	53,960,600	692,819,009	591,360,760	54,890,600	646,251,360
	639.253.951			583,029,619		637,770,219

a Gold holdings of the Bank of France are exclusive of gold held abroad, amounting the present year to £74,773,036. b Gold holdings of the Bank of Germany are exclusive of gold held abroad, the amount of which the present year is £3,456,300. c As of Oct. 7 1924.

The Troubled Face of Eastern Europe.

The announcement on Monday that Albania had decided to submit to the League of Nations its controversy with Jugoslavia, followed on Tuesday by news of the assassination of the Russian Ambassador at Warsaw by a fanatical Russian student, serve to remind us of the widespread political unrest which seems never to be long wanting in the States of eastern Europe. The two incidents referred to have, apparently, no connection one with the other, but each is nevertheless the outgrowth of a long-standing condition of national irritation to which racial, nationalistic and political feeling have contributed. From Rumania comes the report of a change of Ministry, bringing to a head a rivalry for political leadership which has done the country no good; a treaty between Hungary and Italy, although reported to have been received with rejoicing by the adherents of the Bethlen regime, has intensified in other quarters the apprehension with which the foreign policy of Italy is regarded elsewhere in the Balkans; and the old question of a union of Austria and Germany has again been raised by no less a person than the Austrian Chancellor himself.

The immediate occasion of the imbroglio between Albania and Jugoslavia was the arrest in Albania of an employee of the Jugoslav Legation, whom the Albanian Government declared to be an Albanian subject, and, in consequence, not entitled to diplomatic immunity, and upon whom it was alleged were found papers indicating that he was a spy. The Jugoslav Government demanded his release in what

the Albanian Government, in its statement to the League, characterized as "a singularly rigorous communication, contrary to international law, brutal and unconciliatory," notwithstanding an announcement that Albania proposed to examine the matter "in a spirit of exceptional deference." The receipt of this communication on May 31 was shortly followed by the withdrawal of the Jugoslav representative at Tirana, and the delivery of a passport visa to the Albanian Minister at Belgrade.

Whatever the merits of the controversy, the conduct of the Albanian Government appears to have been characterized by considerable political finesse, with Italy as the beneficiary. A few months ago, when Italy and Jugoslavia seemed near to a rupture over the Treaty of Tirana, which gave Italy a large measure of influence in Albanian affairs and was even regarded as bringing Albania under Italian tutelage, the Jugoslav Government proposed to submit the controversy to the League. In this proposal, which would have left Italy in the position of a defendant, the Mussolini Government refused to acquiesce, and the controversy drifted on with no more substantial result than a vague hope of an impending diplomatic adjustment. The action of Albania in laying before the League its quarrel with Jugoslavia puts the shoe on the other foot. It is now the turn of Jugoslavia to appear as defendant, with Italy a member of the Council before which the question will come. Had Mussolini deliberately planned to conceal the iron hand of his foreign policy under the velvet glove of peaceful political penetration and scrupulous respect for treaties, a situation more to his liking could hardly have been devised. The grave danger of the situation is the possibility of some untoward incident on the frontier, for southeastern Europe is a political tinder-box, and a small spark may at any time set the fire going.

Back of the assassination of the Russian Ambassador at Warsaw is a long record of events and animosities, dating from the hostile relations of Poland and Russia during and immediately after the World War, and continued in prolonged disputes over the Russo-Polish frontier, strong opposition in Poland to Communism and the Soviet regime, and repeated allegations of Soviet plotting and agitation against Poland's peace. The fact that Russia has had little direct part for a number of years in the European political concert, while Poland, a kind of protege of France, has been included in the protective guaranties of the Locarno pacts, has helped to keep alive the differences between the Polish and Russian Governments, notwithstanding that formal diplomatic relations have been maintained. There is ground for much encouragement in the apparent disposition on the part of both Governments to prevent the recent tragedy from becoming a second Serajevo. The Government at Warsaw has disavowed any responsibility for the crime, and is exerting itself to discover whether it represents a conspiracy or is only the act of an irresponsible youth. It has also agreed to allow a Russian representative to take part in what, it is hoped, may be a judicial and not a political inquiry. For its course in these respects it has received the thanks of the Moscow Government. If this temper shall continue, a will to peace may be found to prevail in the settlement of a serious issue which inevitably recalls the tragic incident that

Ever since Mussolini, in a speech to the Italian Chamber of Deputies on May 26, drew a glowing picture of an Italy which, ten or fifteen years hence, should have a population of 60,000,000 souls, all imbued with Fascist principles, an army of 5,000,-000, a powerful navy, a huge air force, and a position of unquestioned authority in international affairs, every step taken by the Italian Government has been watched with peculiar interest for the light which it might throw on this magnificent program. The ratification by the Hungarian Parliament, on May 19, of a treaty of friendship with Italy, was the occasion of a violent demonstration in which the Socialist Opposition denounced the treaty as a betrayal of Hungarian nationalism and a further step toward Italian domination of the Balkans. The attitude of the Bethlen Government gave some basis for the charge. In a speech at a conference of his party supporters, on May 2, Count Bethlen declared that "nobody has a greater interest than Hungary in a strong Italian guard on the Adriatic and the Mediterranean," while "on the other side Italy has an interest that a strong Hungary should live in the valley of the Danube." Hungary, he added, "suffered great humiliations after the Treaty of the Trianon. A great victorious nation, Italy, has restored the honor of Hungary." The language is rhetorical and the logic far from clear, but Count Bethlen's protestation that the treaty was more economic than political failed to allay the suspicion that the agreement involved a quasi-alliance between the two countries, which would have to be taken into the account in the future development of the Bal-

In Rumania the Averescu Ministry, never a strong aggregation, was forced out of office on June 3 as a result, it is said, of a direct demand from King Ferdinand, around whose throne has been woven a maze of political intrigue for which the apparently fatal illness of the King affords the occasion. The new Premier, Prince Stirbey, is a brother-in-law of Bratiano, a politician hailed by his friends as the savior of Rumania, denounced by his enemies as the evil genius of the country, and regarded by both as a kind of perpetual dictator. One of the principal accusations against Averescu was his negotiation of a treaty with Italy, which, while it recognized the rights of Rumania in the former Russian province of Bessarabia, did not in terms recognize Bessarabia as annexed territory or guarantee the Rumanian frontiers, and did not assure Rumania of any save diplomatic and political aid in case of threatened or actual war. Two bright spots in the situation, on the other hand, are the reported abolition of the censorship in Bucharest, and the announcement that the election of a new Parliament, which has been set for July 7, is to be free from Government interference.

Elsewhere in eastern Europe there are danger points, of major or minor importance as events may show. The negotiation of a German-Polish commercial treaty is reported to have reached an impasse because of the insistence of Poland upon enacting a law under which any foreign employee of a commercial concern might be expelled from the country if he was thought to be depriving a Polish citizen of employment. The question of German-Austrian union, raised by the Peasants' Party Opposition in the Austrian Parliament early in May, was taken up with apparent earnestness by Chancellor Seipel | this suggested solution leads us to consider for a

later in the month, and an intimation given of a purpose to bring the issue before the League of Nations. The union of Germany and Austria, it will be recalled, was an eventuality which the victorious Allies sought to prevent by the insertion of a hard and fast prohibition in the peace treaties. Turkey, which has also had little to do with the European concert for several years, is "back in Europe" with a series of commercial treaties reaching as far north as Poland, and is reported to be actively engaged with Jugoslavia in efforts to reform the Balkan political bloc, of which the Berlin-to-Bagdad railway served, before the World War, as the most striking

There is no need to magnify the seriousness of any of these developments for the future peace of Europe. What they point to is a continuance of unstable equilibrium in southeastern Europe in which national grievances, rivalries and ambitions play their disturbing parts. Taken in connection with the apparent aspirations of Italy, they suggest the possibility of a new distribution of the political balance of power which may, before long, bring the "Eastern question" once more squarely before the Powers of Europe, and in a new and more difficult form. In the decade before the World War it was Germany, working directly as well as through Austria-Hungary, that was pointed to as the potential disturber of European peace. To-day, Germany is largely outside the political complications of eastern Europe, pursuing its own course of economic and political recovery, and it is Italy that takes a hand in the Balkan game. The settlement of the quarrel between Albania and Jugoslavia will perhaps show whether the Mussolini Government is really holding to the principle of a peaceful and helpful extension of influence which it professes, or whether its Balkan policy means a realignment of politics in southeastern Europe, of which the other European Powers will have to take serious notice.

Local Government the Essence of Freedom.

Speaking in Omaha May 18, Governor Ritchie of Maryland said: "It is the same with laws. You cannot do without them, but you can have too many. And can anyone question that here, too, we are runing to a dangerous excess? With thousands of lawmakers, big and little, turning out their annual grist and with laws running up into the hundreds of thousands, and with endless commissions also laying down regulations that have the force of law, one wonders just where the Goddess of Liberty is to find an abiding place. . . So my plea comes to this: I am for the most effective government you can get; but I do not want Government to run me or to run my business. I am strong to leave business free to work out its own ills and problems and destinies. I am strong to let each local community do the same and to let each State do the same."

Governor Ritchie, in his present series of addresses, deals in fundamentals. He can be quoted a month afterward as effectively as on the day of delivery. In the speech from which we take the above excerpt he favors turning "prohibition" back to the States, as an error that can best be corrected in that way, pending at least a time when the sentiment of the people is so overwhelmingly for the amendment that it can reasonably be enforced, and short space some of the features of local government. Of course, States may and in fact are becoming oligarchies of laws. It may be said of these political divisions that they might presumably force prohibition on cities so large as to constitute a very large part of the population. But we do not discuss prohibition. The thought serves us to examine the character and characteristics of local government.

There is an interest which attaches to local government that cannot possibly prevail as to a national -we include States and their subdivisions. power and purpose of the individual citizen, in many ways, increases at an inverse ratio to the scope and territory included in the government. Senator Borah, we believe, has called attention to the republics of Greece wherein, according to the famous saying, "every citizen was fit to sit in the councils of State." Yet in these pure democracies there was direct participation and not representative. We had the same thing in principle in our New England "town meeting." And in principle we have it to-day in our towns, cities and counties. And in so far as we have it, and appreciate it, government works more smoothly than in our larger autonomies. It is here that minorities have rights which majorities seem to respect. It is here that the least government is the best government. And even in our congested great cities, perplexed as they are by problems of public order and finance, there is never a thought of control by arbitrary laws of the scope and method of a firm's business. There may be political theory as to "monopolies," but actually in a metropolitan city there is no clamor against the mere size of a business. So that we may say of our local governments that they are free and independent units wherein our citizens do not ask for a large degree of control of personal rights and of the rights of trade and property. Taxation, affecting these, is vital; but it is more a financial question of an economical and balanced budget than a political one which aims at the fetish of equality of effort and ownership.

It is said men fear the Federal Government. Fear and respect are not allied. Fear of a power far away is akin to fear of the King. It is said the Federal Government enforces its laws—that it never lets up in its pursuit of violators—but perhaps it has met a new test in the Volstead Act. On the contrary, while the police power of the State and subdivision is enforced there is not the fear that is the creature of an overawing, unfeeling power that knows no mercy. Again, respect is akin to love. Respect born of fear is alien to love. When we revere the flag as a symbol of power, it is the power that protects us as citizens, not the power that circumscribes our rights and privileges and forces us to support it, though we do not participate save through representation. The glory of our national Constitution is that it protects us in our freedom to participate in local government which is more nearly democratic. All powers not delegated to the greater Government are reserved to the States and the people. All our inalienable rights are reserved. And chief among these are the rights of initiative, enterprise and private ownership.

But unfortunately, through the operation of the constitutional right to supervise inter State commerce, a theory and practice of interference with personal rights in business and personal privileges in conduct have sprung up and are now grown to

alarming proportions. These dwarf the police powers of the States and in more than one instance send Federal officers with search warrants into the time-honored stronghold of the home. The citizen only through representation takes part in the creation of these laws. And as a consequence, though he fear, and through his fear, he is losing respect for a Government of reserved powers. He is failing to exercise his full rights in the local Governments. And looking about him at the disrespect shown to all law he turns upon himself and demands a greater power be exercised by the Government at Washington.

Our local Governments, save for the importunity of selfish aims and interests, ask few laws at the hands of the State or nation. We care for our schools and roads, primarily and in the main, as collections of citizens divided in or by small territorial boundaries. Our direct participation is related closely to finance. We vote the levies for maintenance, especially where they go above the rates fixed in statutes framed under constitutional limits. Of course there are laxities and faults here, for the people have become extravagant and are enamored of a fictitious progress. But the original intent of constitutional convention limitations was to hold the people in bounds of frugality without restricting their rights, leaving them free to govern themselves—a condition now thwarted, as far as taxation is concerned, by raising the assessed valuation of property upon which the levy is laid, and by representative divisions of State taxes rather than a direct vote. Thus local Governments under both State and nation, left to themselves, and guarded by general laws that are intended to approximate equality of endeavor and a common standard of progress, do not clash, but live together in amity and advance according to the general prosperity of the whole people. There may be more school houses, or better, more roads, or better, in one county or township than in another, just as our State Capitols in cost vary in different States, but there is the satisfaction of a democratic interest and benefit according to ability and desire. We do not find fault, as a rule, with our local Governments; we do not desire to change their forms and purposes. And looking at the efficiency with which they serve us, we find that it is the changing tastes and ambitions of the voters themselves that engulf us in local debts.

We have ourselves forsaken our local Governments. We have listened to the siren pleas of progress so much that we chafe at our own State constitutional limits and restraints. Our Federal Government, through Congress, has assumed so often to interfere with local government in the interest of class and section, to interfere with the reserved rights of the individual, that we have come to approach it for help and succor in ways it was never intended to grant. We do not look with appropriate reverence upon our freedom through local Governments to rule ourselves. Notwithstanding this, in too much an indifferent manner, we directly take part in local Governmental affairs. And so doing, we ask for no advantages for persons, classes, occupations.

It all goes to show that what we do possess and unconsciously demand is protection in our personal pursuits, in our business occupations, that we may work out our individual destinies. In our local sub-

divisional Governments we can confer together. We can arrive at an opinion. As said, we ask for few general laws from far off powers. We are satisfied with our rights and liberties. We ask that no ban be placed upon banker, merchant, manufacturer or farmer. And the proof lies in our failure sufficiently to instruct our representatives in Legislatures and Congress. Take the farmer relief question. A few States may instruct. A majority will not. Sections separated by varying industries and degrees of wealth do not know how to instruct. Arriving at a consensus of opinion by one hundred and ten millions of people is a difficult if not impossible task. So, we really ask for few of these laws. And if it were not for party preferments and political ambitious we would have few of these laws. As citizens we function in local government, in national affairs we are governed by others. And the whole result is we live under an oligarchy of laws made for us without instruction.

There must be a return to the constitutional contemplation of the founders of our Federal Government, the brightest star in political free government the world has ever known, or there will be revolt. There must be a return to local self-government, which asks little save protection to individual rights, or these rights will dissolve into tyrannical rule by the larger units of State and nation. But as long as we bow to the shibboleth of Progress as defined by reformers and selfish interests we will fail locally and nationally. But we will not fail. Underneath our apathy and selfishness there is a strong undercurrent that will react. Our fault is that we are not sufficiently aroused. No other form of government has a chance with us. Perhaps in the exercise of our liberties to be and to do we have allowed ourselves to swing with the tides. Before the anchor drags too far and the storm breaks we will clear the ship.

We are passing through a temporary estrangement. When the thongs of these innumerable laws begin to cut the flesh, we will throw them off. When we find we cannot be free individually and locally because bound by national laws that are interferences we will rend the bonds and assert ourselves in local self-rule. We believe, that which governs least governs best. State and Federal laws have reached the saturation point. When we fully realize they are not needed, that they conflict so that they cannot be interpreted, that they are so many and diverse they cannot be enforced, that they are stealing away our constitutional liberties, we will repeal them! What we must do as a consequence will be to learn that dependence upon self cannot be abrogated with out degrading the citizen and destroying both local and general Governments.

After Paris, Berlin—The Successful Flight of Chamberlin and Levine.

A second transatlantic flight by American aviators was completed on Tuesday, when at 5.57 p.m. Clarence D. Chamberlin and Charles A. Levine brought their monoplane "Columbia" to a landing at Tempelhofer Air Field, near Berlin. The aviators left Roosevelt Field, New York, early Saturday morning, and traveled a distance of approximately 4,700 miles. Unfortunately for the complete realization of their hopes, the flight was twice interrupted at the extreme end of their journey after they

had reached Germany. Bad weather encountered as they passed over the Engish Channel drew heavily upon their fuel supply, and early Monday morning they were forced to land at Eisleben, some 110 miles southwest of Berlin. Starting after a few hours with a replenished stock of gasoline, engine trouble forced them to alight, this time at Klinge, a village near Kottbus, in Brandenburg, 70 miles southeast of the capital. The welcome accorded to them at Kottbus, and later at Berlin, rivaled in heartiness, if not in unrestrained exuberance, the welcome that greeted Captain Lindbergh at Paris. A luncheon was given by the Municipal Council of Kottbus, at which the Governor of Brandenburg and DeWitt C. Poole, of the American Embassy at Berlin, spoke. At Berlin the Americans were welcomed by Ambassador Schurman and members of the Embassy staff, received on Wednesday by President von Hindenburg and Chancellor Marx, and followed during their stay by enthusiastic crowds wherever they went.

The fact that Chamberlin and Levine met with a slight mishap at the end of the trip and were compelled to alight when within 110 miles of their goal in no way detracts from the credit or the glory of their great achievement. On the contrary, it serves to emphasize the extremely hazardous nature of the venture and the difficulties attending flying even when passing over land. In the present state of aeronautical science, prolonged flights over either land or sea are still attended with great hazards and risks. It is too much to hope that the aviator who sets out for the first time on such an air journey as that from America to Europe should be able to calculate with exactness the amount of gasoline that may be required under all conditions of wind and weather, or even if calculation were possible, that the plane could carry the weight, or that engines subjected to such a grueling test should work perfectly from start to finish. As a matter of fact, Berlin was not the definite destination at the start. Chamberlin, no doubt, hoped to get there, but he merely said that he would go as far as his supply of gasoline would carry him, which he did.

Perhaps it is just as well for the future of aviation that Chamberlin and Levine met with difficulties, and had to break their journey with enforced landings. The unprecedented popular rejoicing over the success of a transatlantic passage by airplane is very likely to lead a good many people to assume that the problems of air navigation have been solved, and that what three able and venturesome Americans have done, any other American who thinks himself equally able or venturesome can also do. Such hasty assumptions are mischievous delusions. We are still far from the day when airplane voyaging will be easy or safe, and automobiles will outnumber airplanes for many years to come. Meantime, aeronautical science will take note of failures as well as of successes, and profit by both.

On the other hand, it would be hard to overestimate the benefits which these exploits of Messrs. Lindbergh, Chamberlin and Levine have conferred upon the cause of friendly relations between the United States and Europe. These chivalrous Americans have been indeed unofficial ambassadors of good-will. When the people and Governments of England, France and Germany vie with each other in doing honor to an American scientific accom-

plishment, it is idle to insist that war enmities still dominate popular thought in those countries, or that European resentment is so deep-seated and menacing as to give the United States pause. If the outpourings of enthusiasm and regard which have been witnessed in Paris, London and Berlin are not spontaneous and genuine, then spontaneity and genuineness are terms that have no meaning. No better illustration could be asked than these striking episodes afford of the truth that the foundations of international peace are laid far less in treaties and covenants than in the friendly feeling of peoples, in generous recognition of distinguished performance, and in common rejoicing over whatever advances the applications of science and the development of means of communication. For their contributions to this international amity of mind and heart Messrs. Lindbergh, Chamberlin and Levine are alike entitled to high and lasting honor.

Arabia and the Inter-Oceanic Canals.

The world is rapidly growing smaller, if we think of the distance either way not so long ago to "Far Cathay" as our attention is called now to Suez, now to Panama. They are the great canals that at a stroke swept aside the barriers that blocked intercourse with the Orient and have opened the direct access of modern commerce to the markets of the world.

The countries adjacent to these canals have gained a new importance. Nicaragua and the lands bordering the Red Sea have their hands potentially immediately upon the canals. Nicaragua's connection is well understood here, as America has paid a substantial price for priority rights in the Nicaragua Canal when the time comes for its construction; our exports to the Asiatic markets from Atlantic and Gulf ports through the Panama Canal already constitute 14½% of the tonnage by that route; and the increase in our merchant marine tonnage engaged in export trade since the opening of the canal, reported as from 1,000,000 tons at that date to 10,000,000 tons now, is indicative of substantial increase in the immediate future.

Of Arabia, which constitutes the eastern shore of the Red Sea and the approach to the Suez Canal, little is known, nothing, in fact, of its commercial importance. It is quite as blank in our thoughts as it is on our maps. The Arabs, it is true, have been a great race. Their culture long antedated ours; they contributed to our literature, our knowledge and our intellectual methods initial and permanent; and they have given to the world a religion which embraces some 250,000,000 people with controlling power to-day. In the ebb and flow of the nations of the past they have never been overrun or lost entire control of a large part of their original territory, and have of late driven the Turks out of that part of their land which they conquered some four centuries ago. Recent events in the modern world bring them again into history with important connections.

The commerce of the world developed by the great canals cannot long be dependent upon them. It will break through other obstacles and form for itself additional channels. In the first instances these will be feeders to the canals. In North and South America railroads now are reaching toward Panama, bringing their tribute both by sea and land. They will soon be seen doing the same from both Asia and

Africa to Suez. There are vast undeveloped regions in both continents. A few railways already have terminals on the east coast of Africa; and the west-bound stream of caravans from Persia and Central Asia, which crosses the Euphrates and winds over mountains and plains to the Mediterranean, is even now in part being directed southward to points on that great river where its freight can be shipped down the Persian Gulf and around Arabia to reach Europe via Suez. Arabia will be entirely disregarded, both her ports and her broad interior which south of the 30th degree of latitude is still "as it was in the time of Haroun-al-Rashid."

Italy and France are seeking to develop the trade of their colonies on the west side of the Red Sea, as Britain is that of her newly-irrigated lands on the Blue Nile and in the adjacent Sudan. She has complete control of the lower Euphrates and all the approaches from the East. Her long projected through line from the Mediterranean to India will run through this territory and it is her interest which is directing Persian trade to the mouth of the Euphrates. She has business with the Arabian ports, and her interests will govern the opening of the Arabian interior and the lines through it from the Gulf to the Sea when the time comes. The problem of Nicaragua approaches settlement, but the conditions of Arabia are very little known.

Lawrence's story* has called attention to it and created a romantic interest. Where it touches the life of the people it furnishes exact and graphic details. It bears tribute to their many strong personal traits and their sturdy independence, while it discloses their division into rival and often hostile sects and tribes, despite the soldity of their Mohammedan bond and an emotional easily aroused and defiant patriotism. His is a narrative of individual adventure as remarkable as that of Sir Richard Burton and of Charles Doughty years ago in the same land; and while differing in its success from that of Edward Henry Palmer, who in the British Egyptian War with Arabi Pasha succeeded single-handed in holding back the Arabs from coming over to help the rebels, did it at the price of his own life, Lawrence's task was equally successful and also tragic in the failure to establish the Arab State on which he had set his hopes but which was taken out of his hand by the diplomatists.

England paid the price of her present influence by the large sums of money she paid the Arabs when Lawrence opened the way, both to secure their support and to supply them with arms against the united Turks and Germans there, and in her own extensive operations during the war in Mesopotamia, Syria and Palestine. As to the personal characteristics and possibilities of the Arabs, Lawrence tells little beyond their bravery, their individual devotion and a certain native manliness. He does say of their leader, Prince Feisal, whom he was to make King in Damascus: "He composed the feuds of tribal enemies, himself paid for their adjustment, put together the tiny pieces which make up Arabian society, combining them in the one design of war against the Turks. He gained authority with all by his patiently sifting out right from wrong, by his tact and his wonderful memory. He was recognized as a force transcending tribe, superseding blood chiefs, greater than jealousies. Chief, by right of

^{*&}quot;The Revolt in the Desert," by D. H. Lawrence. George H. Doran Co.

application and ability he had properly earned." We have further details of the general characteristics of the people from a more recent source. Soon after the close of the war in Europe it was known that a revolt led by the Wahabis, the fanatical Bedouins of the Red Sea coast had captured Mecca and driven out the old King Hussein. Much disturbance has followed from the bitter antagonism of different sects. Now a well-informed traveler, the only one in Arabia since 1917 and who evidently had special privileges, reports through the Berlin papers that the Sennussi Mohammedans, with whom the Italians have been fighting in Tripoli, were induced to mix in the Arabian controversy and that Italy had countered them on the other side. Meanwhile a big English oil company had secured important concessions in Arabia, and while the British Government refrained from any active participation, an ample supply of money and munitions from the oil company had sufficed to defeat other outside interference and to establish British influence throughout the territory. It is not forgotten that the Shereef of Mecca received a subsidy of £8,000,-000 from England in 1916 and raised the flag against Turkey; and the puritanical Ibu Saud, who supported Lawrence, now rules in Mecca. In that position he has an influence in the Mohammedan world that no other Power can exert. The sole purpose of British diplomacy is to keep any other nation from gaining this strategic position, since for Britain Arabia is the bridge to India.

A practically closed world begins at Akaba and Suez. It knows little of the outside world and cares

less. It regards it as without God and sunk in sinfulness and incredible stupidity. The Raj railway, built by the Turks, reaches its northern border and the English are building a short line in from Aden. In consequence of that contact the South Arabian is dressed in English cotton, uses European field glasses and sewing machines, and an occasional fountain pen and automobile. There are a few coast towns on the Red Sea where steamers stop, but the dark Bedouins of the coast care nothing for what goes on outside Arabia. Their arts are incredibly primitive, and they live much as they have for 2,000 years.

The Arabians of the desert are reported as less fanatical but essentially similar. It is all the same strange foreign land to Europe that it was in the past, "the only near-by land where there are hundreds of thousands of square miles of unexplored country, the only land in the world that has remained unknown for the past 3,000 years and still remains as mysterious as ever." It contributed to Lawrence's enterprise first and last some 200,000 fighting men. Its importance to-day, as we have pointed out, lies in the new significance of its geographic position with relation to the main lines of communication, economic, social and political, of the new world. Though Lawrence's personal and sacrificial service in Arabia is over, and he is reported as having retired to India, it was a contribution to Britain's dominion in that great region which cannot but be permanent and rises into new importance in view of the increased strain to-day in Egypt's relations with Britain.

Gross and Net Earnings of United States Railroads for the Month of April

United States railroads, treated as a whole, make a better showing of earnings, gross and net, for the month of April than might be expected, considering all the circumstances of the case. Both the totals of the gross and of the net come quite close to the large totals of the previous year. This is rather noteworthy, when one recalls the numerous adverse features the roads had to contend with in one part of the country or another. First of all there were the floods in the Mississippi Valley, with overflows of large areas in important sections of the Southwest. These not only interrupted traffic movements in the afflicted areas, but rendered business wholly out of the question in many of these areas and thus did two-fold injury, first in the damage and destruction caused to the roads themselves and secondly in reducing the volume of business to be done by the roads in the movement of passengers as well as freight.

The strike in the union controlled bituminous coal mines came in as a new unfavorable development. The strike began the 1st of April and has been in progress continuously since then. To be sure, as far as the country as a whole is concerned, the strike has proved of little consequence, the non-union mines having heavily increased their output, thereby making up for the stoppage of production in the unionized fields. Nevertheless,, the roads serving the union mines lost the coal traffic they would otherwise have got had there been no strike. In the South business depression as a result of the col-

lapse of real estate speculation, particularly in the States possessing winter resorts, and also as a result of the great drop last autumn in the price of cotton (though the situation in this latter respect has been greatly relieved by the recent recovery in the price of the staple) has continued to cut deeply into the earnings of the roads east of the Mississippi River and south of the Ohio and Potomac rivers. In the spring wheat regions of the Northwest the roads are still suffering from the effects of last season's short spring wheat yield.

Then, also, it must be remembered that the anthracite carriers are comparing with unusual conditions in 1926. In the spring of last year these anthracite roads had their coal tonnage swollen to exceptional proportions because the great strike in the anthracite regions had been settled only a few weeks before and the mines were now working up to the limit in turning out coal so as to make up in part for the deficiency created during the strike period. The present year, on the other hand, the anthracite mines were operating in the ordinary normal way, and accordingly the shipments over the roads were only of the relatively light dimensions usual to the spring season. It follows that many of these anthracite roads have sustained heavy losses in earnings as compared with the big figures of a year ago.

To offset the falling off in earnings in the various ways here outlined, the railroads of the country had one or two advantages, though of minor proportions.

Navigation the present year, owing to the open winter experienced in nearly all parts of the country, began unusually early, whereas in 1926 it was delayed beyond the ordinary. This meant a great deal to the ore-carrying roads with terminii on the upper Lake ports. Then, also, the roads serving the nonunion bituminous coal districts had their coal traffic, and consequently their revenues, increased in carrying to market the enlarged output of these non-union mines.

All things considered, it must be deemed gratifying that collectively the roads were able so closely to approach their revenue totals of April last year. The fact that they have been able to do so would seem to indicate that the general business of the country is being remarkably well maintained. Our compilations show a loss from a year ago of only \$1,464,574, or but 0.29%, in the gross earnings, and a loss of no more than \$774,126, or 0.67% in the net earnings. In other words, the total of the gross this year is \$497,212,491, as against \$498,677,065 in April last year, and the total of the net \$113,643,-766, as against \$114,417,892, as will be seen from the following:

Month of April— (179 Roads)—	1927.	1926.	Inc. (+) or De	c. (—).
Miles of road	238,183 3497,212,491	237,187 \$498,677,065		$0.42\% \\ 0.29\%$
Operating expenses		384,259,173	-690,448	0.18%
Ratio of expenses to earnings	(77.14%)	(77.06%)		

Net earnings.....\$113,643,766 \$114,417,892 -\$774,126 0.67% In order to make it apparent what a satisfactory exhibit the foregoing table presents, it is only necessary to recall that in April last year our tables showed \$25,818,489 gain in gross and \$11,764,296 gain in net, as compared with the year preceding, of which only the small amounts just indicated have been lost the present year. This has reference to the results for the railroads as a whole. Many separate roads and systems have sustained quite heavy losses either in gross or net or in both combined. The Missouri Pacific, reflecting the flood situation in the Southwest more than any other large system in that part of the country, is conspicuous in that respect and reports a loss in gross of no less than \$1,923,428 and a loss in net of \$1,675,217. As against this, however, many other roads in the Southwest lying outside the flood districts are able to make excellent returns favored by the large cotton crop of last year and also the oil developments in Texas and Oklahoma. Thus the Atchison shows no less than \$1,982,-184 gain in gross, with \$248,209 gain in net, the Missouri Kansas & Texas has added \$376,736 to gross and \$62,904 to net, the St. Louis & San Francisco reports \$205,675 decrease in gross and \$312,319 decrease in net, while the St. Louis Southwestern falls behind \$114,210 in gross and \$142,753 in net. Texas roads, by reason of last season's large cotton crop and the oil developments, nearly all show substantial gains. Thus the Texas & Pacific reports \$501,-108 gain in gross and \$154,586 gain in net and the International & Great Northern \$108,336 gain in gross and \$52,500 gain in net. On the other hand, the New Orleans Texas & Mexico has suffered a decrease of \$241,568 in gross and of \$249,770 in net, and the Kansas City Southern \$40,590 in gross and \$101,430 in net. The Southern Pacific reports \$1,326,298 increase in gross and \$942,674 increase in net.

As we go further north we find the same mixed results. The Chicago Burlington & Quincy has

the Rock Island has gained no less than \$915,266 in gross and \$697,330 in net; the Union Pacific reports \$954,874 loss in gross and \$775,695 loss in net; the Chicago & North Western \$678,482 in gross and \$99,-838 in net; the Milwaukee & St. Paul, \$298,515 in gross and \$475,189 in net; the Northern Pacific \$336,210 in gross and \$201,772 in net, while the Great Northern, evidently by reason of its large ore traffic, comes to the front with \$414,678 gain in gross and \$500,708 in net. We have spoken above of the advantage which the early opening of navigation gave the ore-carrying roads and the effects are strikingly shown in the case of such distinctive orecarrying roads, as the Duluth Missabe & Northern and the Duluth & Iron Range. The first mentioned made gross of \$903,485 in April the present year, as against only \$123,880 in April last year, giving a gain of \$779,605 in gross, which was at the same time attended by \$656,454 improvement in the net. The Duluth & Iron Range on its part shows \$246,603 increase in gross with \$190,679 increase in net. In the case, however, of the Bessemer & Lake Erie, which runs to one of the lower lake ports, we have a decrease of \$151,748 in gross and of \$150,017

Southern roads as a rule have lost heavily, but here also there are exceptions, the large cotton movement evidently furnishing the explanation. Thus the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley reports \$404,150 increase in gross, though with \$292,078 decrease in net and the Illinois Central, with a parallel line along the Mississippi River from Cairo to New Orleans, shows \$131,186 increase in gross and \$398,-321 increase in net. The Louisville & Nashville also stands out conspicuously for its good results, having enlarged its gross by \$724,349 and its net by \$492,-261; it probably got an increased tonnage from the non-union coal mines of Kentucky. The Atlantic Coast Line has suffered a loss in gross of \$941,289 and in net of \$177,470; the Seaboard Air Line of \$182,884 in gross, though having \$37,141 increase in net, and the Central of Georgia \$251,236 in gross and \$5,023 in net. The Southern Railway has lost \$328,561 in gross and \$114,625 in net. This last is for the Southern Railway proper. Including the Alabama Great Southern, the Cincinnati New Orleans & Texas Pacific, the Georgia Southern & Florida, the New Orleans & North Eastern and the Northern Alabama, the result for the Southern Railway System is a decrease of \$725,411 in gross and of \$421,310 in net. As for the coal carrying roads in the Pocahontas region, with their non-union mines, heavy increases have come as a matter of course; the Chesapeake & Ohio has added \$1,288,224 to gross and \$954,476 to net; the Norfolk & Western \$783,624 to gross and \$591,642 to net, and the Virginian Railway \$431,336 to gross and \$382,673 to

The anthracite carriers quite generally report losses, and quite heavy ones, too, in most cases, for the reasons already given. The Reading, as it happens, the largest anthracite carrier of all, shows a trifling increase, namely \$86,471 in gross and \$81,-889 in net, but the Delaware & Hudson reports \$554,-829 decrease in gross and \$572,977 decrease in net; the Lehigh Valley \$498,262 decrease in gross and \$625,380 decrease in net; the Central Railroad of New Jersey \$103,516 decrease in gross and \$331,678 \$960,806 loss in gross and \$415,317 loss in net, but | decrease in net; the New York Ontario & Western

\$156,816 decrease in gross and \$113,495 decrease in net, and the Lackawanna \$66,748 decrease in gross with \$83,257 increase in net. The Erie has \$244,825 decrease in gross and \$36,245 decrease in net.

The great East and West trunk lines, apart from the Erie, quite generally give a good account of themselves, particularly in the matter of the net. The Pennsylvania Railroad on the lines directly operated east and west of Pittsburgh has suffered a small decrease in gross (\$64,199), but has added no less than \$1,850,805 to its net. The New York Central, however, reports \$142,616 decrease in gross and \$139,420 decrease in net. This is for the New York Central proper. Including the various auxiliary and controlled roads, the result for the whole New York Central Lines is a decrease of \$643,197 in gross and of \$884,235 in net. In the following we show all changes for the separate roads for amounts in excess of \$100,000, whether increases or decreases, and in both gross and net:

PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN GROSS EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH

OF APRIL 1927.						
	Increase.		Decrease.			
Atch Topeka & S Fe (e)_	\$1,982,184	Chicago & North Western	\$678.482			
Southern Pacific (2)	1.326.298	Delaware & Hudson	554.829			
Chesapeake & Ohio	1,288,224	Lehigh Valley	498,262			
Chic R I & Pacific (2)	915.266	Chicago & Alton	389,461			
Norfolk & Western	783.624	Detroit Toledo & Ironton	381,795			
Duluth Missabe & Nor	779,605	Boston & Maine	381.406			
Louisville & Nashville	724,349	Northern Pacific	336,210			
Baltimore & Ohio	608,679	Southern Ry	c328,561			
Texas & Pacific	501,108	Michigan Central	328.025			
Virginian	431,336	Chicago Milw & St Paul.	298.515			
Great Northern	414,678	N H N H & Hartford	264,407			
Yazoo & Mississippi Val.	404.150	Central of Georgia	251,236			
Missouri-Kan-Tex (2)	376,736	Erie (3)	244,825			
Hocking Valley	313,878	Wheeling & Lake Erie	242,809			
K C Mex-Orient of Texas	293,188	New Orl Tex & Mex (3)	241,568			
Duluth & Iron Range	246,603	Union RR	231,513			
Grand Trunk Western	196,058	New York Chicago & St L				
Long Island	173,071	C C C & St Louis	209.105			
Bangor & Aroostook	148.097	St Louis-San Fran (2)	205.675			
Illinois Central	131,186	Georga Sou & Florida	194,871			
Det Grand Haven & Milw		Wabash Co	186,776			
Kan City Mexican & O	126,637	Seaboard Air Line	182,884			
Monongahela	121.633	N Y Ontario & Western	156,816			
Internat Great Northern	108,336	Bessemer & Lake Erie	151,748			
Galveston Wharf	101,109	New York Central	b 142.616			
		Evansy Ind & Terre H	140.286			
Total (30 roads)	\$ 12,625,596	St Louis Southwestern (2)				
	-	West Jersey & Seashore	113.851			
	Decrease.	Minn St P & S Ste Marie	109.207			
Missouri Pacific Co		Minneapolis & St Louis	105,997			
Chicago Burl & Quincy	960,806	Nashv Chatt & St Louis	104,305			
Union Pacific (4)	954,874	Central of New Jersey	103,516			
Atlantic Coast Line	941,289	Total (46 monda)	912 884 FOO			

797,555 Total (46 roads) -\$13,664,599 Florida East Coast....

PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN NET EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL 1927.

OF AFRIL 1921.						
	rease.		Decrease.			
Pennsylvania a\$1.8	50,805	Central of New Jersey	\$331.678			
Chesapeake & Ohio 9	54.476	NYNH& Hartford	316.539			
	42,674	St Louis-San Fran (3)	312.319			
Chic R I & Pac (2) 6	97.330	Yazoo & Mississippi Val.	292.078			
	56,454	Colorado & Sou (2)	260.547			
Norfolk & Western 5	91.642	Detroit Toledo & Ironton	258.850			
Baltimore & Ohio 5	39.915	Union RR	253,953			
Kansas Oklahoma & Gulf. 5	16,318	New Orl Tex & Mex (3)	249,770			
	00.708	Michigan Central	231,520			
	92,261	Boston & Maine	225,477			
	98,321	Northern Pacific	201,772			
	82,673	Buffalo Rochester & Pittsb	182.618			
	15,654	Chicago & Alton	179,163			
	48,209	Atlantic Coast Line	177,470			
	90,679	N Y Chicago & St Louis	170.925			
	54.586	Wabash Co	170.787			
	26.871	Bessemer & Lake Erie	150,017			
	11,903	Florida East Coast	145,252			
	09,650	St Louis Southwestern (2)	142,753			
	09.567	New York Central	b139,420			
	08.828	Georgia Sou & Florida	130,528			
Monongahela 1	00,688	Wheeling & Lake Erie	117,985			
		Maine Central	117,262			
Total (26 roads)\$10,1	00,212	Southern Ry	c114.625			
		Denver & Rio Grande	114,623			
	rease.	N Y Ontario & Western	113,495			
Missouri Pacific\$1,6		Chicago & Illinois Midland	109,281			
	75,695	Mobile & Ohio	103,210			
Lehigh Valley 6	25,380	Evansy Ind & Terre H	102,473			
	72.977	Kansas City Southern	101,430			
	75,189	m-1-1/4011	0. 700. 010			
	65,724	Total (46 roads)\$	10,523,319			
Chicago Burl & Quincy 4	15,317					

a This is the result for the Pennsylvania RR. (including the former l'ennsylvania Company, the Pittsburgh Cincinnati Chicago & St. Louis and the Grand Rapids & Indiana.

b These figures merely cover the operations of the New York Central itself. Including the various auxiliary and controlled roads, like the Mi-higan Central, the "Big Four," &c., the result is a decrease of \$884,235.

c This is the result for the Southern Ry. proper. Including the Alabama Great Southern, the Cincinnati New Orleans & Texas Pacific, the Georgia Southern & Florida, the New Orleans & Northeastern and the Northern Alabama, the whole going to form the Southern Ry. System, the result is a decrease of \$421, 310.

We have already adverted to the fact that a year ago our grand totals of the earnings of all the Class I railroads showed for the month of April \$25,818,489 gain in gross and \$11,764,296 gain in net, of which only a relatively small amount has been lost the present year. Going back further, we find that in April 1925 there was then a small loss in gross, namely \$1,696,103, but \$5,389,790 gain in net. On the other hand, in April 1924 there were very heavy losses in gross and net alike—\$48,242,116 in the gross and \$21,294,242 in the net. It will be remembered that 1924 was the year of the Presidential election, when trade and industry slumped with frightful rapidity after the early months of the year, and the earnings statements of the railroads reflected the slump in large losses in income. It is only proper to note, however, that these large losses in April 1924 came after prodigious gains in April 1923. The year 1923 was one of great trade prosperity and some of the roads, particularly in the great manufacturing districts of the East, then handled the largest traffic in their entire history. As a consequence, our compilation for April of that year showed an addition to gross in the prodigious sum of \$105,578,442 and a gain in net in the amount of \$38,240,343. However, it must be remembered that these gains followed, not alone from the activity of general trade, but were also due, in no inconsiderable measure, to the fact that comparison then was with the period of the colossal coal strike in 1922. That strike began on April 1 of that year and in the anthracite regions involved a complete shut-down, while in the bituminous regions all over the country there was complete abstention from work at all the union mines, though the non-union mines in most cases continued at work, their output ranging from 4,500,000 tons to 5,000,000 tons a week. Speaking of the roads as a whole, coal traffic in April 1922 may be said to have been reduced fully 50%. Fortunately, in the net, the loss was offset, and more than offset, by economies and increased efficiency of operations, with the result that though the gross fell off \$15,866,410 as compared with the year preceding, the net showed an improvement of \$23,040,083.

And this gain in net in April 1922 was the more impressive because it came after very striking improvement in gross and net alike in the corresponding month of 1921. Our compilation for April 1921 showed \$31,075,286 increase in gross, attended by \$24,720,476 decrease in expenses, the two together producing \$55,795,762 gain in the net. The country then was in the midst of intense business depression, but the carriers were in enjoyment of the higher freight schedules put into effect towards the close of August the previous year (1920) and which on a normal volume of traffic would, according to the estimates, have added \$125,000,000 a month to the aggregate gross revenues of the roads. These higher rate schedules served to offset the loss in revenues resulting from the shrinking in the volume of business. The plight of the carriers was a desperate one and expenses had to be cut in every direction and the task was made increasingly difficult because of the advance in wages promulgated the same time that the Commerce Commission authorized the higher rate schedules already referred to. The wage award added \$50,000,000 to the monthly payrolls of the roads figured on a full volume of business. On the other hand, the \$55,795,762 im-

provement in net in April 1921 was in comparison with a period in the preceding year (1920), when the amount of the net, as already noted, had been completely wiped out. The truth is, expenses had been steadily rising for several successive years prior to 1921, while the net had been as steadily diminishing, until in 1920 it reached the vanishing point. Thus in April 1920 our tables showed \$59,-709,535 augmentation in expenses and \$47,592,111 loss in net, while in April 1919 our compilation registered \$17,986,895 increase in gross but accompanied by no less than \$63,080,697 augmentation in expenses, thus cutting net down by \$45,093,802 and in April 1918 our tables, though recording no less than \$50,134,914 gain in gross, yet showed \$1,696,280 loss in net. Even in 1917 an addition of \$37,819,634 to gross revenues yielded only \$60,155 gain in net. It was because of these cumulative losses in net that the roads in 1920 fell \$2,875,447 short of meeting bare operating expenses (not to speak of taxes), whereas in both 1917 and 1916 the total of the net for the month had run above \$93,000,000. In the following we give the April comparisons back to 1906. The totals are our own except that for 1911, 1910 and 1909 we use the Inter-State Commerce figures, the Commission having for these three years included all the roads in the country, while since then the smaller roads have been omitted. Prior to 1909 the figures are also our own, but a portion of the railroad mileage of the country was then always unrepresented in the totals owing to the refusal of some of the roads in those days to furnish monthly figures for publication.

Year	- 0	ross Earning	78.		Net Earnings	
2 647	Year Given.	Year Preceding.	Increase or Decrease.	Year Given.	Year Preceding.	Increase or Decrease.
A pril	8		8			\$
1906 _		104,598,565	+5,399,836	31,548,660	30,137,596	+1.411.064
1907 _	142,884,383	115,863,354	+27.021.029	42,521,549	33,639,112	+8,882,437
1908 _	134,513,535			37,441,989	47,537,110	-10.095,121
1909 _		175.071,604		62,380,527	50,787,440	+11,593,087
1910 .	225,856,174		+28,831,397	66,725,896	62,409,630	+4.316,266
1911 .	218,488,587		-7,514,070		66,709,729	-1,941,639
1912 _	220,678,465			57,960,871	63,888,490	-5.927.619
1913 .	245,170,143		+24,188,770		58,082,336	+2,039,869
1914 _		245,048,870			60,024,235	-625,524
1915 -		241,090,842			59,266,322	+8,249,222
1916 _		237,512,648			67,396,538	+25,695,853
	326,560,287				93,257,886	+60,15
1918 _		319,274,981			91,678,695	-1,696,286
1919 -	388,697,894	370,710,999			89,943,898	-45,093,80
1920 -	401,604,695		+12,117,424		44,716,664	-47,592,111
1921 .		402,281,913			1,862,451	+55,795,762
1922 .		432,106,647			57,474,860	+23,040,08
1923 .		415,808,970			80,386,815	+38,240,34
1924 _		522,336,874		101,680,719	122,974,961	-21,294,24
1925 .		474,287,768			97,471,685	+5,389,79
1926 -		472,629,820			102,920,855	
1927 _	497,212,491	498,677,065	-1,464,574	113,643,766	114,417,892	-774,12

Note.-Includes for April 91 roads in 1906, 91 in 1907, in 1908 the returns were based on 153,007 miles of road; in 1909, 233,829; in 1910, 239,793; in 1911, 244,273; in 1912, 236,722; in 1913, 240,740; in 1914, 243,513; in 1915, 247,701; in 1916, 246, 615; in 1917, 248,723; in 1918, 233,884; in 1919, 232,708; in 1920, 235,121; in 1921, 235.570; in 1922, 234,955; in 1923, 234,970; in 1924, 235,963; in 1925, 236,664; n 1926, 236,518; in 1927, 238,183 miles.

When the roads are arranged in groups or geographical divisions according to their location, irregularity in results as between different groups and sections, with comparatively slight changes in the final totals for the different groups except in one or two instances, finds further confirmation. The ratio of changes for the various groups is small except that in the case of the net there is a heavy loss for the Southwestern region and a large gain for the Pocahontas region, the latter embracing such nonunion coal-carrying roads as the Norfolk & Western and the Chesapeake & Ohio. Our summary by groups is as follows. We now group the roads to conform with the classification of the Inter-State Commerce Commission. The boundaries of the different groups and the regions are indicated in the foot note to the table.

St	UMMA	RY BY	DISTRICTS	& REGIO	IS.	
District & Regio	n-			-Gross Ear		
April-			1927.	1926.	Inc. (+) or Do	
Eastern District-					8	%
New England Region	n (19 ro	ads)	22,212,580	22,834,668	-622,088	2.73
Great Lakes Region	(33 roa	ds)	92,732,380	94,856,639	-2,124,259	2.25
Central Eastern Reg	don (31	roads)	-116,641,701	117,026,933	-385,232	0.32
Total (73 roads)			231,586,661	234,718,240	-3,131,579	1.33
Southern Region (30			70 600 823	72,277,421	-1.667.598	2.31
Pocahontas Region (4 monda		23,435,311	20,935,527	+2,499,784	11.98
Pocanontas negion (A romus	/	. 60,400,011	20,000,027	72,200,102	11.00
Total (34 roads) Western District-			94,045,134	93,212,948	+832,186	0.89
Northwestern Region		ads)	51.887.312	51,977,853	-90,541	0.18
Central Western Reg	rion (22	roads)	76,539,234	75,288,442	+1,250,792	1.66
Southwestern Region	a (33 ro	ads)		43,479,582	-325,432	0.75
Total (73 roads)			171 580 696	170,745,877	+834.819	0.49
Total all districts (17	Q roads		497 212 491		-1.464.574	0.29
					itngs-	0
District & Region.	Total Second	leage	1927.	1926.	Inc. (+) or De	- ()
April-		1926.	\$	\$	Inc. (+) or De	e. (-)
Eastern District-			5.554.637	6,284,144	-729,507	11.62
New Eng. Region		7,478	22,531,755	24.521.306	-1.989,551	8.11
Great Lakes Region			27.542.773	26,490,921	+1,051,852	6.02
Cent. East. Region.	27,155	27,133	27,042,773	26,490,921	+1,001,802	0.02
product :	*6 800	***	FF 000 108	57 00¢ 971	-1,667,206	2.81
Total		59,555	55,629,165	57,296,371	-1,007,200	2.01
Southern District-						
Southern Region		38,725	17,905,869	17,844,448	+61,421	0.34
Pocahontas Region.	5,555	5,554	8,307,914	6,407,643	+1,900,271	29.65
Total	45,091	44,279	26,213,783	24,252,091	+1,961,692	8.09
Northwest'n Region	48 492	48.646	8,104,893	7.598,950	+505.943	6.66
Cent. West. Region			16,571,716	16,429,871	+141.845	0.87
Southwest'n Region				8,840,609	-1,716,400	19.41
Podfinast u vestou	04,010	00,000	1,121,200	0,010,000	1,110,100	
Total	123 779	122 253	31,800,818	32.869.430	-1.068.612	3.25
Total all districts	226 163	237 187	113 643 766		-774.126	0.67
NOTEWe have	e change	ed our gr	ouping of the	e roads to co	niorm to the c	IREGILL-
	OK - 1 604		en	4 46- 4-	11 I I AI A	
cation of the Inter-	State C	ommerce	Commission	, and the fo	llowing indicat	tes the

EASTERN DISTRICT.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

New England Region.—This region comprises the New England States.

Great Lakes Region.—This region comprises the section on the Canadian boundary between New England and the westerly shore of Lake Michigan to Chicago, and north of a line from Chicago via Pittsburgh to New York.

Central Eastern Region.—This region comprises the section south of the Great Lakes Region, east of a line from Chicago through Peoria to St. Louis and the Missiaspip River to the mouth of the Ohio River, and north of the Ohio River to Parkersburg, W. Va., and a line thence to the southwestern corner of Maryland and by the Potomac River to its mouth.

Pocahontas Region.—This region comprises the section north of the southern boundary of Virginia, east of Kentucky and the Ohio River north to Parkersburg, W. Va., and south of a line from Parkersburg to the southwestern corner of Maryland and thence by the Potomac River to its mouth.

Southern Region.—This region comprises the section east of the Mississippi River and south of the Ohio River to a point near Kenova, W. Va., and a line thence following the eastern boundary of Kentucky and the southern boundary of Virginia to the Atlantic.

WESTERN DISTRICT

WESTERN DISTRICT.

WESTERN DISTRICT.

Northwestern Region.—This region comprises the section adjoining Canada lying west of the Great Lakes region, north of a line from Chicago to Omaha and thence to Portland and by the Columbia River to the Pacific.

Central Western Region.—This region comprises the section south of the Northwestern region, west of a line from Chicago to Peoria and thence to St. Louis, and north of a line from St. Louis to Kansas City and thence to El Paso and by the Mexican boundary to the Pacific.

Southwestern Region.—This region comprises the section lying between the Mississippi River south of St. Louis and a line from St. Louis to Kansas City and thence to El Paso and by the Rio Grande to the Guif of Mexico.

Western roads in April had a smaller grain traffic, and some of them also a somewhat smaller livestock movement. The receipts of wheat and rye were heavier than in April of last year, but the receipts of corn, oats and barley were on a greatly diminished scale. For the five cereals combined the receipts at the Western primary markets for the five weeks ending April 30 were 43,868,000 bushels, as against 50,713,000 bushels in the corresponding five weeks of 1926, but compare with only 41,996,000 bushels in the five weeks of 1925. The details of the Western grain movement in our usual form are set out in the table we now subjoin:

	WESTER	N FLOUR	AND GRA	IN RECE	IPTS.	
5 Weeks End.	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
April 30.	(bbls.)	(bush.)	(bush.)	(bush.)	(bush.)	(bush.)
Chicago-						
1927	1.146.000	1.392,000	4.084.000	3,486,000	712,000	79,000
1926	1,119,000	1,072,000	4,605,000	4.632,000	693,000	59,000
Milwaukee-	*,***,000	2,012,000	2,000,000	2,002,000	000,000	,
1927	229,000	101,000	327,000	467,000	717,000	55,000
1926	115,000	369,000	304,000	664,000	538,000	71,000
St. Louis-	110,000	000,000	001,000	001,000	000,000	,000
1927	600,000	1,522,000	1,472,000	1.736,000	15,000	157,000
1926	461,000	1,655,000	2,526,000	3,243,000	57,000	197.000
Toledo-	401,000	1,000,000	2,020,000	0,240,000	01,000	197,000
		605 000	294,000	1 221 000	9 000	97 00/
1927	*****	893,000		1,321,000	3,000	27,000
1926		531,000	223,000	329,000	4,000	9,000
Detroit-		****	***	** ***		
1927		107,000	58,000	66,000		35,000
1926		49,000	37,000	108,000		8,000
Peoria-						
1927	360,000	39,000	2,105,000	948,000	139,000	2,000
1926	271,000	134,000	1,871,000	1,026,000	149,000	
Duluth-						
1927		2.969,000	13,000	54,000	331,000	861,000
1926		2,869,000	22,000	1,033,000	86,000	703,000
Minneapolis-		-11				
1927		4,455,000	354,000	633,000	615,000	163,000
1926		5,826,000	535,000	2,452,000	1,423,000	271,000
Kansas City-		0,020,000	000,000	2,102,000	*, ****	211,00
1927		2.745,000	491,000	230,000		
1000	*****		1,003,000	309,000	******	
		1,891,000	1,003,000	309,000	*****	
Omaha & Indi	ana potis—	000 000	0 440 000	1 000 000		
1927		969,000	2,449,000	1,298,000	*****	
1926		792,000	2,555,000	1,193,000	*****	
Slouz City-						
1927		161,000	226,000	114,000	2,000	
1926		169,000	163,000	279,000	1,000	1,00
St. Joseph-						
1927		888,000	538,000	78,000		
1926		171,000	1.023,000	167,000		

Lide of	Flour. (bbls.)	Wheat. (bush.)	Corn. (bush.)	Oats. (bush.)	Barley. (bush.)	Rye. (bush.)
Wichtta-						
1927 1926	******	753,000 412,000	57,000 180,000	64,000 21,000		
Total All—						
	9 995 000	16 004 000	12,466,000	10 405 000	2,534,000	1,379,000
1927			15,047,000		2,951,000	1,319,000
Jan. 1 to A		10,510,000	10,011,000	10,400,000	2,001,000	1,010,000
Chicago—	prit 50.					
1927	4.074.000	5.135.000	28,883,000	14 224 000	2,290,000	592,000
1926	4,178,000	4,267,000	36,058,000	12,771,000	2,331,000	406,000
M Awaukee-	4,110,000	4,201,000	30,035,000	12,771,000	2,001,000	400,000
1927	548,000	544,000	4,289,000	3,076,000	2,968,000	522,000
1926	537,000	941,000	4,703,000	3,180,000	2,668,000	384,000
St. Louis-	000,100	941,000	4,100,000	3,100,000	2,000,000	901,000
1927	2,043,000	6,671,000	6,106,000	6.788,000	151,000	407,000
1926	1,778,000	7,770,000	8,528,000	11,466,000	262,000	210,000
Toledo-	-,,,,,,,,	*,********	0,020,000	**,******	202,000	210,000
1927		3,989,000	1,458,000	3,350,000	8,000	79,000
1926		2,082,000	2,027,000	1,433,000	5,000	65,000
Detroit-		2,002,000	2,021,000	1,100,000	0,000	00,000
1927		742,000	645,000	330,000		212,000
1926		254,000		351,000	3,000	82,000
Peoria-		202,000	200,000	00-1000	0,000	02,000
1927	1,179,000	282,000	8,334,000	2,987,000	473,000	21,000
1926	897,000	425,000	9,288,000	3,183,000	521,000	18,000
Duluth-			-,,	.,,		,
1927		9,358,000	149,000	172,000	480,000	3,210,000
1926		8,315,000	40,000	4,346,000	247,000	2,172,000
Minneapolis-		-,				
- 1927		19,757,000	3,988,000	3,624,000	2,949,000	964,000
1926		28,137,000		8,133,000	5,564,000	1,577,000
Kansas City-						
1927		15,935,000	4,818,000	1,081,000		*****
1926		9,662,000	8,185,000	1,747,000		
Omaha & Indi	anapolis-					
1927		4,744,000	14,524,000	4,821,000		
1926		3,570,000	13,575,000	4,764,000		
Stoux City-						
1927		293,000	671,000	414,000	2,000	
1926		809,000	906,000	1,038,000	15,000	1,000
St. Joseph-				212.02		
1927		2,439,000		412,000	*****	
1926	*****	1,715,000	3,916,000	782,000	*****	
Wichita-						
1927		4,800,000		208,000	******	
1926		2,506,000	984,000	231,000	4,000	
Total All-						
1927	7.844.000	74,689,000	76,937,000	41,587,000	9,321,000	6,007,000
1926				53,425,000	11,620,000	4,915,000

As regards the Western livestock movement, the receipts at Chicago comprised but 16,495 carloads in 1927, as compared with 19,021 cars in April 1926. At Omaha the receipts aggregated 6,378 cars, against 7,845, but at Kansas City 7,686, against 7,260 cars.

The cotton movement in the South during April was, of course, much heavier than in the month last year, due to the huge size of the last crop. Gross shipments overland were 81,489 bales, as against 69,720 bales in April 1926; 74,600 bales in 1925 and 62,701 bales in 1924. At the Southern outports the receipts of the staple aggregated 490,556 bales in April 1927, as compared with 392,471 bales in 1926; 281,678 bales in 1925 and 261,201 bales in 1924. In the following table the port movement is shown for April and since Jan. 1 for the last three years:

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AT SOUTHERN PORTS IN APRIL AND SINCE JAN. 1 1927-25.

Ports.		April		S	ince Jan.	1
Ports.	1927.	1926.	1925.	1927.	1926.	1925.
Galveston Texas City	95,374 109,090				638,826 490,917	857,135 700,708
New Orleans Mobile Pensacola	805	13,101 535	5,674	80,012 2,523	47,903 1,673	43,372 2,231
Savannah Charleston Wilmington		25,475 6,919	18,731 6,358	159,716 56,393	104,634	102,810
Norfolk	24,888			115,342 3,275,105		

Investment Companies—Diversification of Risk and Conservatism in Distribution of Profits Must Be the Guiding Principles.

By HARTLEY WITHERS, formerly E ditor of "The Economist" of London.

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A feature of recent financial history has been the great increase in the number of investment companies and in the capital of those already in existence, accompanied by a steady rise in income earned and dividends paid by most of the well-established companies, this prosperity being naturally reflected in the prices of their securities and the readiness with which the public subscribes to new issues of old and new concerns alike. Originally natives of Great Britain and being cultivated with special success in the bracing air of Scotland, these companies have long been known on the Continent of Europe and have now taken a firm root in America, where they are growing with the almost exuberant vigor that marks all financial developments in that country of amazing expansion.

Old-fashioned observers, whose memory goes back to the bad times that many of the British companies passed through in the days of their infancy, are inclined to shake their heads over the recent development and to contend that the movement is being overdone; that history will repeat itself and that the investing public will pay, sooner or later, for the eagerness with which it hands over its savings to the care of any board of directors who will get together and form an investment company. On the other hand, there are plenty of enthusiasts who maintain that the investment company (or trust company, as we call them in Britain) is only at the beginning of its career and that the present movement has come to stay and to play a continually increasing part as a useful and beneficent wheel in our financial machinery.

As usual, there is a certain amount of truth in both these contentions, but the favorable view of the trust company development is, I hope and believe, the more correct diagnosis of the position, as long as those who are handling this very important business are mindful of the serious responsibilities that they assume in the management of these concerns, and of the failures and disasters which lie in wait for those who are tempted to forget the doctrines of caution and vigilance which are necessary to their sustained success. A great body of experience and tradition has been

built up, which is available for the expansion of the business, and the only danger to be feared is, that trust company managers may try to be too clever and to make money too fast, by preferring brilliance in investment to the dull but solid advantages of soundness. Moreover, at least in the British Isles, the public has not so far, shown any lack of discrimination in the welcome that it gives to new trust companies. Those which have boards containing men who, from their position and experience, should be well qualified to manage them well have been subscribed to eagerly, and as long as these conditions are present there is no danger in encouraging recruits to an army which has done good service both to investors and to industry.

It is true that the first few years, before reserves have been built up, are the most dangerous period in a trust company's life; and that in which the management is most likely to be tempted to make mistakes; so that there is much to be said, from the point of view of those who are entering this field, for investment in the securities of the old and proved companies rather than subscription to those of newcomers. But the market in the old-established stocks is often narrow and difficult, and the principles which ought to guide the managers of a trust company are now so well known that there ought not to be much danger of their being ignored by the latest arrivals.

These principles are, diversification of risk in investment and conservatism in distribution of profits. Even the strictest observance of these principles will avail but little, if the investment policy is otherwise injudicious—a thousand bad investments, with dwindling prices and income, are no better than one howling failure. But any trust company management that is honest and well-intentioned is at least more likely to be able to invest well than the average member of the public. Working as they do in the midst of a financial centre, or in a remote watch-tower like Edinburgh, where folk have time to think and brains to think with, they can certainly select securities for you and me better than we can do it for ourselves. They have ready access to information long before it reaches the general public—and the

sifting of the wheat from the chaff in this information must be one of the most difficult parts of their task—and from their extensive practice in scanning the balance-sheets and other cryptograms issued by public companies, they are evidently less likely to be misled by their mysteries than ordinary humanity.

With this technical skill behind them, trust company managers have a comparatively simple task in securing success for their shareholders, if they will only refrain from being in too much of a hurry to earn big profits and will stick to the rules of diversification and large allocations to reserves. By spreading their risks over different countries and different industries, they are enabled easily to earn a slightly higher rate than they have to pay on their debentures and preferences or whatever their prior securities may be, and the little extra produces a comfortable dividend on the common shares or stock. If something like 25% of the net income is regularly added to reserve or to carry-forward

and judiciously invested, the income of the company and the dividend of the common shares expands steadily, while the security behind the preference and debentures is continually improving. At the same time underwriting and other side-shows often make a pleasant addition to revenue. It seems, to those who have never tried the game, as easy as falling off a wall; but the past history of investment companies is always there to remind us that error is as possible in this as in any other field of human activity.

To the small capitalist, this form of collective investment provides an outlet for his savings by which, through a modest holding in a good trust company, he is at once able to acquire an interest in a list of skillfully selected securities bringing him an income from all over the world. He passes to experienced professional hands the task of solving his investment problem and he is furthering economic progress in every country to which the capital of his company is sent.

The New Capital Flotations During the Month of May and for the Five Months to May 31.

The most striking feature of the new capital issues during May is their magnitude. The monthly totals are fast approaching the billion-dollar mark. May is the third month of the present year that the grand aggregate of these issues has run above 900 million dollars, and the amount for May is the largest of the whole three. It also establishes a new high monthly total, all previous records in that respect having been broken.

Our tabulations, as always, include the stock, bond and note issues by corporations and by States and municipalities, foreign and domestic, and also Farm Loan emissions. The grand total of the offerings of new securities under these various heads during May reached no less than \$946,-769,379. In April the total was \$910,512,572. In March, the new offerings, while by no means small, totaled only \$672,-026,121, but in February the new financing for the month mounted to \$938,363,993, breaking all previous monthly records up to that time only to be now surpassed by the month of May. In January, also, the aggregate of new issues coming upon the market was of large magnitude, falling only a little under the 900-million mark, being in exact figures \$877,075,418. If comparison is made with the monthly totals for the latter part of 1926, it quickly appears that the capital emissions now are on a distinctly higher level. For December 1926 the total was \$621,764,765, for November \$697,961,617, for October \$579,018,819, for September \$541,-128,633, for August (a dull summer month) \$351,822,154, for July \$581,471,484, and for June \$727,146,502.

At \$946,769,379 for May 1927 comparison is with only \$671,542,908 for the corresponding month of 1926, showing an increase of over 40%. The awards by municipalities were of very exceptional size, running for the first time in many months as high as 200 million dollars, the exact amount of these municipal issues for May being \$208,173,409, which compares with only \$137,480,159 for May of last year. A \$60,000,000 offering by the City of New York helped to swell the total. As for the corporate issues, these are of prodigious extent and keep steadily mounting. For the month of May the present year they aggregate the huge sum of \$711,860,970, as against only \$453,868,380 in May last year and no more than \$295,871,945 in May 1925. There is, however, one qualifying consideration to bear in mind. A very exceptional proportion of the new issues the present year was for refunding purposes—that is, to take up outstanding obligations. The remark applies both to the total of the corporate emissions and the grand total of all the flotations, and that shows the importance of segregating the refunding issues from the rest, as we have done in our tabulations from the first. Of the \$711,860,970 of corporate offerings,

no less than \$265,789,450 was to take up old issues outstanding, leaving only \$446,071,520 for strictly new capital. As it happens, last year the portion that went for refunding was unusually small, and at \$446,071,520 comparison is with \$441,631,380 for May last year with the refunding portion eliminated. Of the \$946,769,379, the grand total of all new issues, \$267,983,450 was for refunding, leaving \$678,785,929 of strictly new capital, on which basis comparison is with \$657,909,908 in May 1926 and with \$494,175,401 in May 1925.

Industrial offerings during May totaled \$327,021,910 and for the third successive month led in volume among the corporate issues. The total for May shows an increase of more than 60 millions over the April output of \$266,934,425. Public utility issues likewise showed a big gain, May totaling \$255,614,060, against \$196,731,405 for April. Railroad offerings in May more than doubled those in April, the figures being \$129,225,000 for May and only \$57,830,200 for April.

Total corporate offerings in May were, as already stated, \$711,860,970, and of this amount long-term issues accounted for no less than \$545,121,500, short-term issues totaled only \$39,275,000, while stock issues amounted to \$127,464,470. As has been the case in other recent months, a large proportion of the corporate issues was raised for refunding purposes, the total for this purpose in May reaching no less than \$265,789,450, or over 37% of the total. This amount constitutes a new high record, just barely exceeding the previous high total of \$264,542,925 recorded in November 1926. In April \$131,581,150, or more than 25%, was for refunding. In March the amount was \$101,947,000, or slightly over 20; in February no less than \$245,061,060, or over 31%, was for refunding, while in January \$102,531,800, or nearly 17%, was for this purpose. In May of last year only \$12,-237,000, or less than 3% of the total, was used for refunding purposes.

The more prominent issues brought out in May the present year entirely or mainly for refunding were: Three issues, totaling \$73,000,000, in connection with the segregation of oil and gas holdings of Empire Gas & Fuel Co., of which issues approximately \$64,000,000 was used for refunding. The issues were: \$30,000,000 Empire Oil & Refining Co. 1st mtge. coll. trust 5½s, 1942, \$25,000,000 Cities Service Gas Co. 1st mtge. pipe line 5½s, 1942, and \$18,000,000 Empire Gas & Fuel Co. serial 5s, 1928-30. Other large refunding issues comprised: \$60,000,000 The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. 1st mtge. & coll. trust 5s, 1957, all of which was used for refunding; \$40,000,000 Columbia Gas & Electric Co. deb. 5s, 1952, of which \$34,942,000 was for refunding; \$50,000,000 Erie RR. Co. ref. & imp. mtge. 5s, 1967, of

which \$30,299,450 was for refunding; \$26,835,000 Union Pacific RR. $4\frac{1}{2}$ s, 1967; \$15,000,000 Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co. deb. 5s, 1937, and \$12,500,000 The Montana Powre Co. deb. 5s, "A," 1962, issued exclusively for refunding purposes.

The total of \$265,789,450 used for refunding in May of this year comprised \$145,182,300 new long-term issues to refund existing long-term; \$56,433,650 new long-term to refund existing short-term; \$46,493,500 new long-term to replace existing stock; \$16,000,000 new short-term to refund existing long-term; \$1,200,000 new short-term to refund existing short-term; \$170,000 new stock to replace existing long-term and \$310,000 new stock to replace existing stock.

Foreign corporate issues sold in this country during May amounted to only \$31,209,375, as compared with \$75,793,750 in the previous month. The May issues were as follows: Canadian: \$10,000,000 The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada 1st mtge. 5s, "B," 1957, sold at 1021/2, yielding 4.85%; \$4,000,000 Investment Bond & Share Corp. deb. 5s, "A," 1947, issued at par; \$4,000,000 Montreal Coke & Mfg. Co. 1st mtge. 51/2s, "A," 1947, offered at par, and \$3,600,000 United Securities, Ltd., coll. tr. 51/2s, "A," 1952, also offered at par. Other foreign issues in May were: \$5,000,00 Isarco Hydro-Electric Co. (Italy) 1st mtge. 7s, 1952, sold at 931/2, yielding 7.60%; 22,500 American Trust certificates representing capital stock of Wiener Bank-Verein (Vienna, Austria) offered at \$93\% per certificate, involving \$2,109,375; \$1,500,-000 National Central Savings Bank of Hungary 71/2s, "A," 1962, brought out at par and \$1,000,000 National Bank of Panama 61/2s, "B," 1947, issued at 1011/2, yielding 6.30%.

The largest of the domestic corporate offerings was that of \$60,000,000 The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. 1st mtge. & coll. trust 5s, 1957, priced at 97, to yield 5.20%. Additional industrial issues of importance were: \$40,000,000 Phillips Petroleum Co. deb. 5¼s, 1939, sold at 99¼, yielding 5.33%; \$30,000,000 Empire Oil & Refining Co. 1st mtge. & coll. trust 5½s, 1942, offered at 96, yielding 5.90%; \$25,000,000 Remington-Rand, Inc., deb. 5½s, "A," 1947, priced at par; \$15,000,000 Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co. deb. 5s, 1937, sold at 99, yielding 5½% and 500,000 shares of no par value common stock of International Paper Co., offered at \$30 per share, involving \$15,000,000.

Public utility issues worthy of special mention were as follows: \$40,000,000 Columbia Gas & Electric Corp. deb. 5s, 1952, offered at par; \$25,000,000 Cities Service Gas Co. 1st mtge. pipeline 51/2s, 1942, sold at 961/4, yielding 5.87%; \$18,000,000 Empire Gas & Fuel Co. (Del.) 5s, 1928-30, offered at prices ranging from 1001/4 to 991/4, yielding from 4% to 54%; \$15,000,000 Lone Star Gas Corp. (Del.) deb. 5s, 1942, issued at 98%, yielding 5.10%; \$15,000,000 par value capital stock of Brooklyn Edison Co., offered to stockholders at par (\$100); \$6,673,400 par value capital stock of Edison Electric Illuminating Co. of Boston (par \$100), offered to stockholders at \$215 per share, involving \$14,-347,810; 150,000 shares of Middle West Utilities Co. \$6 cum. pref. (no par), offered at \$92% per share, yielding 6.46% and involving \$13,912,500; \$12,500,000 The Montana Power Co. deb. 5s, "A," 1962, sold at 971/4, yielding 5.15%, and \$10,000,000 Philadelphia Suburban-Counties Gas & Electric Co. 1st & ref. mtge. $4\frac{1}{2}$ s, 1957, offered at 95, yielding 4.82%.

Railroad financing was featured by the following: \$50,000,000 Erie RR. Co. ref. & imp. mtge. 5s, 1967, priced at $94\frac{1}{2}$, to yield 5.30%; \$48,000,000 The Chesapeake Corp. conv. coll. trust 5s, 1947, sold at 94, to yield 5.50%, and \$26,835,000 Union Pacific RR. Co. $4\frac{1}{2}$ s, 1967, offered at $97\frac{1}{4}$, yielding 4.65%.

Three foreign Government loans came on the market here in May, but for an aggregate of only \$23,000,000, this amount being well below the April output of \$121,686,000.

The issues during May comprised \$20,000,000 City of Budapest (Hungary) ext. 6s, 1962, offered at 92, yielding 6.60%; \$1,500,000 Province of Callao (Peru) sec. 7½s, 1944, sold at 99, yielding 7.60%, and \$1,500,000 Province of Santa Fe (Argentina) 1-year Treasury 6s, May 1 1928, issued at par.

Only two farm loan issues were offered during May, the total aggregating but \$2,500,000, while the yields ranged from 4.45% to 4.50%.

Offerings of various securities made during the month which did not represent new financing by the companies whose securities were offered, and which, therefore, are not included in our totals, embraced the following: \$10,-262,200 Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corp. 6s, "A," 1968, offered at 101%, yielding 5.90%; 170,000 shares of no par value common stock of American Piano Co., offered at \$42% per share, involving \$7,267,500; 100,000 shares of no par value common stock of Best & Co., Inc., sold at \$53 per share, involving \$5,300,000; \$3,600,000 (H. & S.) Pogue Co. (Cincinnati) 6% cum, pref., issued at par (\$100); 30,000 shares of no par value common stock of Florence Stove Co. (Boston), offered at $$53\frac{1}{4}$ per share, involving \$1,597,500, and \$1,000,000 7% cum. conv. pref. of the same company, offered at par (\$100); 100,000 shares of no par value capital stock of May Drug Stores Corp., sold at \$20 per share, involving \$2,000,000; \$1,500,000 Columbia & Port Deposit Ry. 1st mtge. 4s, 1940, offered at 98, yielding 4.20%; 50,000 shares of no par value common stock of Bastian-Blessing Co. (Chicago), offered at \$25 per share, involving \$1,250,-000; 25,000 shares of no par value common stock of Rich Ice Cream Co., Inc., offered at \$30 per share, involving \$750,000; \$565,600 par value capital stock of Marvel Carbureter Co. (par \$10), offered at \$41 per share, involving \$2,318,960, and \$400,000 Eisenstadt Mfg. Co. 7% cum. pref., offered at par ,\$100).

The following is a complete summary of the new financing—corporate, State and city, foreign Government, as well as Farm Loan issues—for May and for the five months ending with May. It should be noted that in the case of the corporate offerings we subdivide the figures so as to show the long-term and the short-term issues separately, and we also separate common stock from preferred stock.

SUMMARY OF CORPORATE, FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, FARM LOAN AND MUNICIPAL FINANCING.

1927.	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.
MONTH OF MAY-	8	8	8
Corporate—			
Domestic-Long term bonds and notes	267,912,050	248,109,450	516,021,500
Short term	22,075,000	17,200,000	39,275,000
Preferred stocks	66.130.000	170,000	66,300,000
Common stocks	58.745.095	310,000	59,055,095
Canadian-Long term bonds and notes	21,600,000	010,000	21,600,000
Short term			
Preferred stocks	*******		
Common stocks	B: 500 000		W ****
Other For'n—Long term bonds & notes	7,500,000	*****	7,500,000
Short term		******	******
Preferred stocks	******		
Common stocks	2.109,375		2,109,375
Total corporate	446.071.520	265,789,450	711.860,970
Foreign Government	23,000,000		23,000,000
Farm Loan issues	2,500,000		2,500,000
War Finance Corporation	2,000,000		2,000,000
Municipal	205,979,409	2,194,000	208,173,409
Canadian	1,235,000		1,235,000
United States Possessions			
Grand total	678,785,929	267,983,450	946,769,379
FIVE MONTHS ENDED MAY 31-			
Corporate—			
Domestie-Long term bonds and notes	1.323.624.090	760 495 910	2.084.120.000
Short term	68,590,000	25,816,000	94,406,000
Preferred stocks	361,099,275	33,385,250	
Common stocks		27,213,300	
Canadian—Long term bonds and notes	05,424,420		330,637,720
			65,675,000
Short term	2,000,000		2,000,000
Preferred stocks		*******	
Common stocks	******		
Other For'n-Long term bonds & notes		******	139,350,000
Short term	8,000,000		8,000,000
Preferred stocks			
Common stocks	4,740,625		4,740,625
Total corporate	2,276,503,410	846,910,460	3.123.413.870
Foreign Government		29,500,000	
Form Loop tower	49,000,000		
Farm Loan issues		92,800,000	140,800,000
War Finance Corporation			400 700 000
Municipal		15,313,500	682,736,393
Canadian United States Possessions	40,621,182	28,969,000	69,590,182
	1,910,000		1.910.000

In the elaborate and comprehensive table on the succeeding pages, we compare the foregoing figures for 1927 with the corresponding figures for the four years preceding, thus affording a five-year comparison. We also furnish a detailed analysis for the five years of the corporate offerings, showing separately the amounts for all the different classes of corporations.

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MONTH OF MAY.		1927.			1926.			1925.	=		1924.	-		1923	
Cornorate	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.	New Capital. 1	Refunding.	Total.	New Capital	Refunding	Total
Domestic				o.	4	S	8				-		The same of the sa	. Automorphis	10:06.
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Short term		17,200,000	39,219,000	000,122,12	2,323,000	0000,000,000	000,000,00	000.000	0,230,000	8,570,000		8.570.000	28.484.000	2 100 000	20 584 00
Preferred stocks		170,000	66,300,000	23,864,300		23,804,300	31,496,085	300,000	31.796.085	41.300.000	400 000	41 700 000	12 717 800	150.000	00.500.00
Common stocks		310.000	59.055.095	156.559.040	8 8 8 8	156,559,040	34.504.845	8.720.015	43.224.860	206,909,250	000000	000 000	12 719 608	000,001	10,000,00
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Long term bonds and notes.	21,600,000	1 1 1 1 1	1000,000,12				000,000,0		0,000,000	100		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1,200,000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1.200 000
Short term			1 1 1 1 1				1 1 1 1 1			150,000	1 1 1 1 1	150.000			0000000
Preferred stocks	1				1 1 1 1 1 1			1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1			E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	
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Short term	1 1 1 1 1				1 1 1 1 1		2,000,000		2,000,000			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1		
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Common stocks	2.109.375		2.109.375	16.000,040	1 1 1 1 1 1	16,000,040	200,000		500,000				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
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Total corporate	446,071,520	265,789,450	076,098,117	441,631,380	12,237,000	403,505,330	200,924,930	34.947,015	295,871,945	447,252,250	48,701,000	495.953.250	166,579,695	35 197 500	901 707 100
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Grand Total	678, 785, 929	267.983.450	946.769.379	657,909,908	13,633,000	671,542,908	494,175,401	38,725,180	532.900.581	579.550.767	51.897.500	631 448 967	978 888 789	90 044 900	014 000 140

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1923.	Refunding.	,	2,428,000	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8 900 000 8	32,877,500	300,000	1 800 000	00000000		2,100,000	150,000	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8			150,000	17,273,000	2,428,000	0 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3,200,000
	New Capital.	36,157,000 36,053,000 6,200,000	2,572,000 8,407,000	13,125,000	350,000	107,664,000	8,600,000	830,000	1,204,000	0 500 000	28,484,000	12,708,950	11 879 878	2,500,000	9 950 000	30,431,625	44,757,000 61,111,950 6,500,000	2,572,000 23,079,675	1,204,000	350,000
	Total.	\$ 112,641,000 43,791,000 42,275,000	8,250,000	24,342,000	1,500,000	238,624,000	5,900,000	620.000	200,000	1 950 000	8,720,000	1,000,000	300,000	3,150,000	0 0 0 0 0 0	248,609,250	113.391.000 278.639.000 43.275.000	11,512,500	10,318,750 27,692,000	9,050,000
1924.	Refunding.	\$ 42,602,000 1,550,000 1,549,000	2,350,000	250,000		48,301,000	6 8 8 9 6 9 9 8 9 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				400.000		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	400,000	42,602,000 1,550,000 1,549,000	2,750,000	250,000	
	New Capital.	\$ 70,039,000 42,241,000 40,726,000	5,900,000	24,092,000	5,550,000	190,323,000	5,900,000	620.000	200,000	1.250.000	8,720,000	228,948,000 1,000,000	300,000	3,150,000	9 980 000	248,209,250	70,789,000 277,089,000 41,726,000	8.762,500	10,318,750 27,442,000	9,050,000
	Total.	48,496,500 74,602,000 3,750,000	28,700,000	39,852,500	11,700,000	210,101,000	4,950,000	200,000	600,000	2.500.000	8,250,000	43,383,330	8.394.100	10,787,515	7 706 000	77,520,945	48,496,500 122,935,330 11,000,000	37,294,100	40,452,500	21,906,000
1925.	Refunding.	21,978,000	2,409,000	150,000	720,000	25,257,000	670,000	8 9 0 0 0 8 0	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		670,000		1.034.500	7,985,515		9,020,015	22,648,000	3,443,500	150,000	720,000
	New Capital.	48,496,500 52,624,000 3,750,000	26,291,000	39,702,500	10,980,000	184,844,000	4,280,000	200,000	600,000	2.500,000	7,580,000	43,383,330	7.359.600	2,802,000	7 706 000	68,500,930	48,496,500 100,287,330 11,000,000	33,850,600	~~	21,186,000
	Total.	17,925,000 105,616,000 4,850,000	20,648,000	49,753,500	26,350,000	227,892,500	3,500,000	10,550,000	3,000,000	5,500,000	29,552,500	165,708,340	6.330,000	525,000	23.860.040	196,423,380	17,925,000 274,824,340 4,850,000	33,778,000	50,481,000	55,710,040
1926.	Refunding.	6.970,000	1,025,000	1,637,000		9,912,000	825,000	1,500,000	1 5 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		2,325,000						7,795,000	2, 25,000	1,637,000	
	New Capital.	98,646,000 4,570,000	19,623,000 19,623,000	48,116,500	26,350,000	217,980,500	2,675,000	10,550,000	3,000,000	5.500.000	27,227,500	165,708,340	6.330.000	525,000	23.860.040	196,423,380	17,925,000 267,029,340 4,570,000	31,253,000	48,844,000	55,710,040
	Total.	129,225,000 162,520,000 1,200,000	49,650,000	35,520,000	35,756,500	545,121,500	22,750,000	3,000,000	4,865,000	6.560,000	39,275,000	70.344.060	26.764.160	1,125,000	24.157.500	127,464,470	129,225,000 255,614,060 3,073,750	3,000,000	41.510.000	650,000
1927.	Refunding.	\$ 61,524,450 76,982,000 120,000	20,640,000	1,618,000	985,000	248,109,450	17,200,000				17,200,000	170,000	310,000			480,000	61,524,450 94,352,000 120,000	20,950,000	1,618,000	985,000
	New Capital.	\$67.700.550 85.538.000 1,080,000	29,010,000		34.771.500	0.0	5,550,000	3,000,000		6.560.000	CA	70		1,125,000	24.157.500	-	-	3,000,000		65,489,000
	MONTH OF MAY.	Long Term Bonds and Notes- Railroads. Public utilities. Iron, steel, coal, copper, &c.	otors and accessories. her industrial and manufacturing	and, buildings, &c.	upping	Total Short Term Bonds and Notes-	illroads	ulpment manufacturers	nd, buildings, &c.	pping	Total Stocks	liroads. blic utilities. steel, coal, copper, &c.	otors and accessories her industrial and manufacturing	nd, buildings, &c.	pping	Total	Raliroads Public utilities Iron, steel, coal, copper, &c.	otors and accessories.	nd, buildings, &c.	ipping

S	UMMARY OF CORPORATE, FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, FARM LOAN	ORPORATE,	FOREIGN	COVERNMENT	FARM LO	AN AND MU	INICIPAL FIR	N AND MUNICIPAL FINANCING FOR THE FIVE MONTHS ENDED MAY 31 FOR FIVE YEARS.	R THE FIVE	E MONTHS E	NDED MAY	31 FOR FIVE	E YEARS.	
NINS ENDED MAY 31		1327	-		1320.			1925.			1924.			1923
ate-	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.	otal. New Capital. Refunding.	Refunding.	Total.	Total. New Capital. Refunding. Total. New Capital. Ref.	Refunding.	Total.	New Capital.	Refundi
				-	-	-				Separate Control of the last o	-	-	-	The state of the s

Part Capital New Capital	5 MONTHS ENDED MAY 31		1927.	***		1926.			1925.			1924.	-		1923.	
Octes 1333 \$2.400 760 456 910 2.081 30 000 127 \$85 200 12.285 200 12.285 200 12.285 000	Corporate	New Capital.	Refunding.		New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.	New Capital.		Total.	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.
Control of the cont	ڏ	8		8	*	50		*	*	8	8	80	8	00	8	00
12 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	Long term bonds and notes.	624	7.60,495,910	2.081.120.000	1.127.487.730	205,149,770	1.332.637.500	1.051,499,775	225.785.425	1,277,285,200	852,552,123	112,233	964,785,200	455	241,559,214	.088.015.
Octes 53 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 33 (1) 099 27 3 34 (1) 090 00 34 (1) 090 00 34 (1) 090 00 34 (1) 090 00 35 (1) 099 27 3 34 (1) 090 00 35 (1) 099 27 3 34 (1) 090 00 35 (1) 099 27 3 34 (1) 090 00 35 (1)	Short term	590	25,816,000	94.106.000	150.057,695	20.559.000	170.616.695	108.258.750	66.270.000	174.528.750	124.345.000	7.94	137,285,000	90.228.200	18,466,800	
notes 5 .09 .050 359 .00 .500 157 .610 .183 11.412.515 169 .022 .708 367 .330 .469 4,900 .000 27.213.300 27.213.000 27.213.300 27.213.300 27.213.300 27.213.300 27.213.300 27.213.300 27.213.300 27.213.300 27.213.300 27.213.300 27.213.300 27.213.300 27.213.300 27.213.300 27.213.300 27.213.000 27.213.000 27.213.000 27.213.000 27.213.000 27.213.000 27.213.000 27.213.000 27.213.000 27.213.000 27.213.000 27.213.000 27.213.000 27.213.000 27.213.000 27.213.000 2	Freferred stocks	0.63	33,385,250	394.481.525	1 1 2	6.100.000	306.572.642	287.782.385	3.689.500	291,471,885	102.290.027	8.037	1.0.327.250	177.567.047	67,384,839	244.951.
139.350.000 13.37.8.00 13.38.300 12.38.000 12.38.000 13.38.300 12.38.000 13.38.300 13.38.300 14.38.300 13.39.300 13.38.300 13.38.300 13.38.300 13.38.300 13.38.300 13.38.300 13.38.300 13.38.300 13.38.300 13.38.300 13.38.300 13.38.300 13.39.300 1	Common stocks	7	27,213,300	0.57	190.	5,109,575	359.606.569	157,610,193	11.412.515	169,022.	367.930.469	4,900	077.830.469	173,750,163	3,266,760	177,016.
2. 000.000 2. 000.000 1.350.000 4.000.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 2. 500.000 3. 500.000 4. 70.000 1. 23.748.000	Long term bonds and notes.	65.675.000		65.675.000	40.642.000	25.358 000	66 000 000	50 870 000	030	60 050 000	9 000 000		000 000 6	17 496 600		17 498 800
Table Control	Short term	2.000.000	1	2.000.000	1.250.000	2000000		18.000.000	500	20,500,000	150.000	8.000.000	8.150.000	000,002,14	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	11,100,000
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Preferred stocks		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0	-	0 0 0		1.000.000	600	3.600.000						1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
8.000,000 139.350.000 123.748.000 123.600.000 123.600.000 7.680.000 17.680.000 17.680.000 19.900.000 8.000,000 4.000,000 14.000.000 2.750.000	Common stocks				-	0 0 0 0			600	2.600,000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	8 8 8 8 8 8	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	
139.350.000 139.350.000 123.600.000 17.680.000 17.680.000 17.680.000 17.680.000 17.680.000 17.680.000 17.680.000 17.680.000 189.300.000 1	Other Foreign	000 000		000 000 000				-								
8.000.000 4.740.625 4.740.625 2.925.000 4.740.625 <t< th=""><th>Long term bonds and notes.</th><td>139.350.000</td><td></td><td>139,350,000</td><td>123.748.000</td><td></td><td>123.748.000</td><td>123.600.000</td><td></td><td>123,600,000</td><td>7,680,000</td><td>10.000,000</td><td>17,680,000</td><td>19,900,000</td><td></td><td>19,900,000</td></t<>	Long term bonds and notes.	139.350.000		139,350,000	123.748.000		123.748.000	123.600.000		123,600,000	7,680,000	10.000,000	17,680,000	19,900,000		19,900,000
4.740 625 4.000 4.	Short term.	8,000,000		8.000.000	1.000.000		1.000.000	14.000.000		14.000.000		9 8 8		0 0 0 0 0 0	9 0 0 0 0	
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326.378.800 23.56.0.000 355.878.800 14.873.000 175.372.000 112.443.000 28.000.000 175.240.000 365.240.000 365.240.000 365.240.000 365.240.000 47.500.000 <	Total corporate	2.276.503.410	846.910.460	3.123.413.870	2.113.3.5.101	262.276.345	2,405,591,446	8.296.	324.907.44012	2,143,203,543	1.456.947.619.	151.111.3001	.608.058.919	1.325.397.796	330.677.613	1.658.075.409
48.507.000 92.800.000	Foreign Government	326.378.800	53	355.878.800	160.499.000	14.873.000,	175,372,000		28.000,000	112,443,000		130,000,000	305,240,000	73,500,000	6.000.000	79,500,000
667. 422. 893 15.313. 500 682.736. 393 594.718.647 13.536. 500 608.255.147 595.611. 505 16.543. 297 612.184.802 540.677.027 5.616. 408 546.293.435 414.246.978 8.842.048 423.048.000 47.548.000 47.648.000 47.548.000 47.648.000	Farm Loan Issues	ğ	92,800.		44,300,000	200.000			8,527,900	108,925,000			85,900,000	176,718,000	55,032,000	231,750,000
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1.310.000 1.320.085.045 2.999.275.117 330.885.845.3,330.160.962 2.626.135,708 402.218.637 3.028,354,345 2.288,712.208 293,377,708 2.582,089,916 2.012,471,774 415,493,340 2.427	Canadian	170	28,969,000	66	49.154,369	40.000.000	89.154,369	_		47,548.000	24.112.562	6.650.000	7.02	153	14,941,679	37,094,679
3.360 83 285 1 013 492 960 4.374,329.245 2 999.275.117 330.885.845 3.330 160 962 2 66.135,708 402.218.637 3 028,354,345 2 988,712.208 293.377,708 2,582,089,916 12,012,471,774 415,493,340 2,427,	Onlied States Possessions	1.910.000		1.910.000	(1.238.000		0.788.000		11	4,000,000	0.000.000		.000	456,000		456,000
	Grand Total	836.285	1.013.492.960	4.374,329,245	2.999.275,117	330,885.845	3,330 160 962	2.626.135.708	402,218,637 3		2,288,712,208	293,377,708 2	,582,089,916	2,012,471,774	415,493,340	2,427,965,114

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ATE ISSUES IN THE UNITED STATES FOR THE FIVE MONTHS ENDED MAY 31 FOR FIVE YEARS.	
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S MONTHS ENDED MAY 31		1327.		1	1360.			1925.			1305			1923.	
	New Capital.	Rejunding.	Total.	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.
term bonds and notes.	1.323.624.090 68.590.000 361.099.275 303.424.420	760, 495, 910 2, 25, 816,000 33, 385, 250 27, 213, 300	.084, 120,000 1 94, 406,000 394, 481,525 330,637,720	.127.487.730 150.057.695 300.772.642 354.496.994	205,149,770 1, 20,559,000 6,100,000 5,109,575	.332.637.500 170.616.695 306.872.642 359.606.569	1.051.499.775 108.258.750 287.782.385 157.610.193	225.785.425 1 66.270.000 3.689.500 11.412.515	291,471,885 291,471,885	852,552,123 124,345,000 102,290,027 367,930,469	7.94.000 8.037.223	984,785,200 132,285,000 1,0,327,250	846.455.786 90.228.200 177.567.047	241,559,214 18,466,800 67,384,839	.088.015.000 108.695.000 244.951.886 177.016.923
an— term bonds and notes. term tred stocks.	65.675.000	5 5 6 1 5 6 6 6 6 7 6 6 6 8 6 0 6 8 6 0 6 8 6 0 6 8 6 0 8 6 8 0 8 8 8 0 8 8 8 8 0 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	65.675.000	40.642.000 1.250.000 4.000.000 990.000	25,358.000	66.000.000 1.250.000 4.000.000 990.000	50.870.000 18.000.000 1.000.000	10.050.000 2.500.000 2.600.000 2.600.000	60.920.000 20.500.000 3.600.000 2.600.000	2,000.000	8,000.000	2.000.000 8.150.000	17,496,600		17,496,600
foreign— term bonds and notes— tred stocks— non stocks	139.350.000 8.000.000 4.740.625	8 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	139.350.000 8.000.000 4.740.625	123.748.000 4.000.000 10.000.000 25.870.040		123.748.000 4.000.000 10.000.000 25.870.040	123,600.000 14,000.000 2,750.000 2,925,000			7,680,000	10,000,000	17,680,000	19,900,000		19,900,000
tal corporate		846.910.460 3. 29.500.000 92,800.000		155	262.276.345 2 14.873.000	175.372.000 44.500,000	242	324.907.440 2 28.000.000 8,527,900	143	1,456,947,619 175,240,000 85,900,000	151,111,300	.608.058.919 305,240.000 85,900,000	1,325,397,796 73,500,000 176,718,000	330,677,613 6,000,000 55,032,000	,656,075,409 79,500,000 231,750,000
an States Possessions	667.422.893 40.621.182 1.910.000	28,969,000	682.736.393 69.590.182 1.910.000	594.718.647 49.154.369 7.288.000	13.536.500	608.255.147 89.154.369 7.288.000	595,641,505 23,308,000 4,050,000	16.543.297	612.184.802 47.548.000 4,050.000	540.677.027 24.112.562 5.835.000	5.616.408 6.650.000	546.293,435 30,762.562 5.835.00J	414.246.978 22.153.000 456.000	8.842.048	# D
	CHARACTER	DC	NG OF N	EW CORPOR	ATE ISSUES	IN THE	UNITED STATE	S FOR TH	FIL		31	FIVE YEA	3.	110,400,040,2	427,305,114
ONTHS ENDED MAY 81		1927.			1926.			1925.	1		1921.			1923.	
rm Bonds and No		nding.	Total.	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.	New Capital.	Refunding.	-	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.
llides coal, copper, &c	202.352.290 464.793.200 6.597.000	200.540.710 367.339.800 5.103.000	402.893.000 832.133.000 .11.700.000	136.805.000 512.719.230 63.681.000	33.655,000 133.857.770 10.869,000	170.460.000 646.577.000 74.550.000	198.794.500 456.756.500 27.000.000	86.286.000 90.393.000 2,396,000	285.080.500 547.149.500 29.396.000	246,639,400 309,775,723 66,941,000	45.038.900 42.813.277 5.369.000	291.678.300 352.583.000 72.310.000	212.874.500 242.617.300 181.418.139	26.073.000 109.443.300 46.806.861	238,947,500 352,060,600 228,225,000
nd accessories ustrial and manufacturing	50,000,000 192,964,000 199,716,600	55.558,000 46.683,400	248.522.000 248.522.000	56,000,000 109,967,000 43,215,000	33.941.000	56,000,000 143,908,000 51,150,000	76.150,000 108.107,300 55.400,000	350.000 17.306.200 13.500.000	76,500,000 125,413,500 68,900,000	80.191,000 80.191,000 4.196,000	8.315.000 18,642,900	12,775,000 98,833,900 4,210,000	11.962.000 86.521.447 1.500.000	19,357,053	16.250.000 105.878.500 1.500.000
dings, &c.	2.360.000 167,195,500	185,000		228.758.500 1.350,000 6.900,000 131,660,000	8.612,000	237.600.500 1.350.000 6.900.000 132.460.000	\$2.500.000 \$2.500.000 \$2.508.000 \$1.508.000	1-	32.500.000 5.000.000 60.235.000	3,000,000 39,917,500	1,250,000	3.000.000 41.167.500	1,335,000 1,335,000 72,344,000	84,926,000	85.005.000 2.000.000 925.00 107.320,000
Term Bonds and Notes—	26.700.000	10		5.000.000 26.560.000	000		24,500,000	4	24.900.000	8,550,000 62,225,000	6.000.000 9.291.000	14.550,000	8,600,000	7,212,800	8.600.000
t manufacturers id accessories ustrial and manufacturing	3,000,000 9,150,000	4,450,000	3.000.000 13.600.000	13.210.000	2,500,000	13,410,000	3 5		1,150,000	1.000.000 9.000.000 1.710.000		1.000.000 9.000.000 1.710.000	830,000 15.046,000 3,000,000	9.454.000	830.000 24.500.000 4.800.000
idings, &c.	200,000	1,666,000	200.000 19,671,000	12.966.000 5.827.500 32.250.000	1,034,000	5.827.500 32.250.000	7.000.000	50,200,000	57.200.000	35,500,000 2,585,000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	35,500,000 2,585,000	39,700,000	D 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	39,700,000
**************************************	17,910,000	* B 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	17.910,000	500.000		500.000	5.000.000		6,225,000	3,250,000		3,250,000	3,050,000	E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	3,050,000
llitles	78.590,000 15.096.200 417.263.805	25.816,000	15.096.200 445.883.805	155,30,695 299,119,702	20,559,000	301.124.702	140,258,750 204.328,25	2,563,500	209,028,750	26.823.737 316.565.727	15,941,000 5,292,223	26.823.737 321.857.950	300,228,200 300,000 103,153,036	11,076,000	300,000 300,000 114,229,036
nt manufacturers.	25.000.000	0 0 6 0 0 8 0 0 8 0 0 8 0 0 8 0 0 8 0 0 8		36.673,000 5.628.500 26.751,900	0 0 2 0	56.528.500 26.751.900	65	1.110.000	92,769,000	3,227,000	200,000	3.427,000	19.155.325	1,335,000	20,490,325
ustrial and manufacturing	74,557.385 10,787.500 17,125.000	13,896,300	88.453.685 10.787.500 17.225.000	99,223,392 100,537,140 16,733,700	6.204.575	105.427.967 103.337,140 16.733.700	57.952.085 12.668.288 17.890.000	7.628.000	65.580.085 20.653.803 18,010.000	51,890,600 43,401,930 4,343,357	7,445,000	59.335.600 43.401.930 4.343.357	104.531.058 44.638.573 2.590,000	16,834,149	121,365,207 45,623,263 2,590,000
9008	2,701,675	17,982,250		1.464.537	808,000	110,195.805	2.250.000 51.679.950	895,000	2.250,000 52.574,950	10,528,145		1,600,000	350,000 52,569,508	35,525,000	350,000 88,094,508
	669.264.320	60,598,550	729.862.870		11,817,575	33	452.067.578	20,302,015	472,369,593	470,220,496	12,937,223	483,157,719	351,317,210	1	421,968,809
lities. L. coal, copper, &c.	217.448,490 908.757,005 9,620,750	200.540.710 415.659.800 5.103.000	,324,416,805 14,723,750	141.805.000 838.398.932 106.356.000	39.655.000 146.687.770 10.869.000	181.460.000 985.086.702 117.225.000	223.294.500 711.314.755 59.305.000	86,686,000 108,626,500 4,896,000	309,980,500 819,941,255 64,201,000	282.013.137 688.566.450 79.456.000	51,038,900 57,396,500 6,019,000	333.052.037 745,962,950 85,475,000	221.774.500 363.772.536 206.347.849		247.847.500 491.504.636 258.151.470
d accessories	78.000,000 276.671,385	73,904,300	685	95,961,900 247,840,392 156,718,140	200,000 42,645,575	96.161.900 290.485.967 168.487.140	167.809.000 180.378.135	1.460,000	169.269,000 205.312.335	16,687,000 133,791,600	8,515,000 26,087,900	25,202,000 159,879,500	46,163,325 194,052,505 85,838,573	37,991,202 984,690	61.240.325 232.043.707 86.893.963
dings, &c	272.605.500	13.852.000	675	251.315.700 35.064.537	8.842,000	260.161.700 35.064.537	242.478.700 33.250.000	12,682,000	255.160.700 33.250.000	109.03).857	790,000	1.600.000	1.685.000		67.595.000 2.350.000
9008	291,114, 05	31,167,250	755	255,392,000	1.608,000	257.000.000	109,412,950	9,622,000	119,034,950	53,695,645	1,250,000	54,945,645	128,013,508	70,451,000	198,464,508

DETAILS OF NEW CAPITAL FLOTATIONS DURING MAY 1927.

LONG TERM BONDS AND NOTES (ISSUES MATURING LATER THAN FIVE YEARS).

Amount.	Purpose of Issue.	Price.	To Yield About.	Company and Issue and by Whom Offered.
8	Railroads-		%	
1,000,000	Refunding	100	4.75	Boston Revere Beach & Lynn RR. 1st (closed) M. 41/s, 1947. Offered by Jackson & Curtis and Harris, Forbes & Co., Inc., Boston.
48,000,000	Acq. com. stk. of C. & O. Ry.; working capital	94	5.50	(The) Chesapeake Corp. Conv. Coll. Tr. 58, 1947. Offered by J. P. Morgan & Co.; Guaranty
50,000,000	Refdg.; addns., betterments, &c	9416	5.30	Co. of New York; First National Bank; National City Co., and Lee, Higginson & Co. Eric RR. Co. Ref. & Impt. M. 5s, 1967. Offered by J. P. Morgan & Co.; First National Bank, and National City Co.
3,390,000	Refunding	9634	4.72	Rock Island-Frisco Terminal Ry. 1st (closed) M. 4½s, 1957. Offered by Speyer & Co.; J. & W. Seligman & Co., and Guaranty Co. of New York.
26,835,000	Refunding	9714	4.65	Union Pacific RR. Co. 41/48, 1967. Offered by Kuhn, Loeb & Co.
29,225,000	Public Utilities—			
3,500,000 1,000,000	Refunding; other corp. purposes	96 96	5.27 6.32	Alabama Water Service Co. 1st M. 5s, "A," 1957. Offered by G. L. Ohrstrom & Co., Inc. American Commonwealths Power Co. Deb. 6s, "A," 1952. Offered by G. E. Barrett & Co., Inc.,
10,000,000	New construction, &c	10236	4.85	and Frederick Peirce & Co. (The) Bell Telephone Co. of Canada 1st M. 5s, "B," 1957. Offered by Lee, Higginson & Co.
250,000	Refunding; add'ns and extensions.	100	5.50	Bank of Montreal, and Harris, Forbes & Co. Central States Electric Co. (Cedar Rapids, Iowa) 1st & Ref. M. 51/4s, "B," 1952. Offered by
1,795,000	Additions and improvements	93	6.56	Arthur Perry & Co. Chicago Rapid Transit Co. 1st & Ref. M. 6s, "A," 1953. Offered by National City Co. and Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.
25,000,000	Refunding; other corp. purposes	9614	5.87	Cities Service Gas Co. 1st M. Pipeline 5 1/2s, 1942. Offered by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.; Hallgarten & Co.; E. H. Rollins & Sons; Spencer Trask & Co.; Cassatt & Co.; A. B. Leach & Co.,
40,000,000	Refunding; other corp, purposes	100	5.00	Inc.; W. C. Langley & Co.; Paine, Webber & Co.; A. G. Becker & Co.; Hill, Joiner & Co.; Federal Securities Corp., and Henry L. Doherty & Co. Columbia Gas & Electric Corp. Deb. 5s, 1952. Offered by Guaranty Co. of New York; The Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh; J. & W. Seligman & Co.; W. E. Hutton & Co.; Coggeshall & Hicks,
1,000,000	Acquisitions; additions & impts	9736	5.75	and Marshall Field, Glore, Ward & Co. Consolidated Telephone Co. of Wisconsin 1st M. 51/4s, "A," 1942. Offered by G. L. Ohrstrom
1,000,000	General corporate purposes	100	5.00	& Co., Inc. Dallas Power & Light Co. 1st M. 5s, "C," 1952. Offered by Harris, Forbes & Co.
1,500,000	Additions, extensions, &c Acquisitions	95%		Eastern New Jersey Power Go. 1st M. 5s. 1949. Offered by Bonbright & Co., Inc.; W. C. Langley & Co., and Hoagland, Allum & Co., Inc. Great Lakes Utilities Corp. 1st Lien Coll. Tr. 51/2s, 1942. Offered by Battles & Co. and Taylor,
700,000	Acquisitions	95%		Ewart & Co., Inc. Great Lakes Utilities Corp. Deb. 6s, 1937. Offered by Battles & Co. and Taylor, Ewart & Co., Inc.
125,000		100		Imperial Utilities Corp. (Los Angeles) 1st M. 6s, "A," 1947. Offered by Stevens, Page & Sterling, Los Angeles. Los Angeles. Offered by Heligarton & Co. (Italy) 1st (closed) M. 7s, 1959. Offered by Heligarton & Co. and
\$,000,000 3,500,000		9314		Isarco Hydro-Electric Co. (Italy) 1st (closed) M. 7s, 1952. Offered by Hallgarten & Co. and Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc. (The) Kansas Power Co. 1st M. 5s, "A" 1947. Offered by Howe, Snow & Bertles, Inc.; Spencer
15,000,000				Trask & Co.; Stroud & Co., Inc., and E. H. Rollins & Sons. Lone Star Gas Corp. (Del.) Deb. 5s, 1942. Offered by the Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh and
12,500,000		9714		Guaranty Co. of New York. (The) Montana Power Co. Deb. 5s, "A," 1962. Offered by Lee, Higginson & Co.; Guaranty Co.
8,000,000		99		of New York, and J. & W. Sellgman & Co. North Penn Gas Co. (Pa.) 1st M. & Lien 5½s, 1957. Offered by A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc. Otter Tail Power Co. Gen. M. (now 1st) 5s, "E," 1946. Offered by Wells-Dickey Co.; Minneapolls
800,000		9916		Trust Co. and Justus F. Lowe & Co., Inc., Minneapons.
	Capital expenditures; working cap.	99		Pecos Valley Power & Light Co. 1st M. 6½s, "A," 1937. Offered by Bauer, Pond & Vivian, N. Y.; Pearson, Erhard & Co., Boston, and Warren A. Tyson & Co., Inc., Philadelphia.
10,000,000				Philadelphia Suburban-Counties Gas & Electric Co. 1st & Ref. M. 4½s, 1957. Offered by Drexel & Co.; Stroud & Co., Inc., and Bloren & Co., Philadelphia. (The) Power Corp. of N. Y. Deb. 5½s, 1947. Offered by F. L. Carlisle & Co., Inc.; E. H. Rollins
1,000,000				& Sons Hornblower & Weeks; Schoellkopf, Hutton & Pomeroy, Inc., and Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc. Richmond (Ind.) Water Works Corp. 1st M. 5s, "A," 1957. Offered by W. C. Langley & Co. and
3,200,000		100		Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc. San Diego Water Supply Co. 1st M. 5s, 1955. Offered by Guaranty Co. of New York.
2,250,000		98	6.25	Southern United Gas Co. 1st Lien 6s, "A," 1937. Offered by Hambleton & Co. and Thompson, Ross & Co.
3,000,000	Acquisitions; other corp. purposes.	9834		Southwest Gas Co. 1st (closed) M. 6 1/4s, 1937. Offered by Edmund Seymour & Co., Inc.; Faxon, Gade & Co., Inc., and Glidden, Morris & Co.
	Refdg.; acquisitions, impts., &c		5.80	(The) Suburban Light & Power Co. (of Ohio) 1st M. Coll. 5⅓s, "A," 1952. Offered by Love, Macomber & Co. and Chas. D. Robbins & Co., New York. United Public Service Co. Coll. Tr. 6s, "A," 1942. Offered by Hambleton & Co. and Thompson,
	Acquire cap. stock of subsids., &c.			Ross & Co.
	Fund curr. debt; other corp. purp. Acquisitions, additions, &c			United Securities, Ltd., Coll. Tr. 51/4s, "A," 1952. Offered by Aldred & Co., and Minsch, Monell & Co., Inc., New York.
800,000		100	Ø.00	United Telephone Co. (Chicago) 1st M. Coll. 514s, "B." 1957. Offered by Wm. L. Ross & Co., Chicago; Whitaker & Co., St. Louis, and Paul C. Dodge & Co., Inc., Chicago; Warren Ohio Telephone Co. Coll. Tr. 6s, "A," 1942. Offered by Hoagland, Allum & Co., Inc.,
162,520,000			0.00	and Thompson, Kent & Grace, Inc.
450,000	Iron, Steel, Coal, Copper, &c. Refunding; additions, wkg. capital		6-614	Insley Mfg. Co. 1st M. 6s, 1928-35. Offered by Fletcher American Co., Indianapolis, and Peabody.
750,000	Acquire Witherow Steel Co		6.15	Houghteling & Co., Inc., Chicago. Witherow Steel Corp. 1st M. 6s, 1952. Offered by Moore, Leonard & Lynch; Colonial Trust Co.,
1,200,000	0.1			and Union National Bank, Pittsburgh.
	Other Industrial & Mfg.— Refunding	9536	5.12	Ailis-Chaimers Mfg. Co. Deb. 5s, 1937. Offered by Hayden, Stone & Co.
1,350,000 600,000	Acquire constituent companies Acquire Monroe Bridge Paper Co			Continental Clay Products Corp. 1st M. 68, 1947. Offered by Peabody, Houghteling & Co., Inc., Chicago, and Henry D. Lindsley & Co., Inc. Deerfield Glassine Co. (Del.) 1st M. 6358, 1937. Offered by Wm. L. Ross & Co., Inc., Chicago,
	Refunding; new construction	100-9634		and Whitaker & Co., St. Louis.
1,000,000 500,000	Refunding; other corporate purp	9936	5.55	Fitchburg Paper Co. 1st M. 5s, 1928-37. Offered by Estabrook & Co., Intertype Corp. Deb. 5½s, 1942. Offered by E. A. Pierce & Co., New York. Limerick Mills (Limerick, Me.) 1st M. 6s, 1937. Offered by Maynard S. Bird & Co., Portland, Me.,
4,000,000	Constr. & equip plant; wkg. capital			and Bond & Goodwin, Inc., Boston. Montreal Coke & Mfg. Co. 1st M. 5)4s, "A," 1947. Offered by Wood, Gundy & Co., Inc., N. Y. (T. J.) Moss Tie Co. (St. Louis) 1st M. 6s, 1930-42. Offered by First National Co. and Smith,
600,000	Refunding; reduce current debt			Moore & Co., St. Louis.
25,000,000	Refdg.; acquis.; other corp. purp	100	5.50	Remington Rand, Inc., Deb. 5½s, "A," 1947. Offered by National City Co.; Eastman, Dillon & Co.; Dominick & Dominick; the Marine Trust Co. of Buffalo, and Stone & Webster and
1,000,000	Acquire predecessor company	9934	6.56	Blodget, Inc. Yale Electric Corp. Deb. 6348, 1937. Offered by Merrill, Lynch & Co.
49,650,000	Oil—			
600,000	New equipment			Chestnut & Smith CorpNational Steel Car Lines Co. Equip. Trust 51/2s, Series "I," 1927-33. Offered by Freeman & Co., New York.
30,000,000	Refunding; other corp. purposes	96	5.90	Empire Oil & Refining Co. 1st M. & Coll. Tr. 51/4s, 1942. Offered by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., Hallgarten & Co., E. H. Rollins & Sons, Spencer Trask & Co., Cassatt & Co., A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., W. C. Langley & Co., Paine, Webber & Co., A. G. Becker & Co., Hill, Joiner & Co.
40,000,000	Retire curr. debt; add'ns; w'k'g cap	. 9934	5.33	Inc., Federal Securities Corp. and Henry L. Doherty & Co. Phillips Petroleum Co. Deb. 5 %s. 1939. Offered by Harris, Forbes & Co., Bond & Goodwin, Inc.
70,600,000	Land, Buildings, &c			the First Nat. Corp. of Boston, Chatham-Phenix Nat. Bank & Trust Co., Hemphill, Noyes & Co., H. M. Byllesby & Co., Inc., and Central Trust Co. of Illinois.
1,350,000		100	6.50	Alexandria Hotel Realty Corp. (Los Angeles) 1st M. Leaschold 61/2s, 1947. Offered by Bayly Bros., Inc., M. H. Lewis & Co., Frick, Martin & Co., California Co. and Shingle, Brown & Co.
1,200,000 300,000	Real estate mortgage General corporate purposes Finance construction of building_	100	6.5	Oldmusement Co. of Illinois 1st M. 5½8, 1920-37. Offered by Continental & Comm'l Co., Chicago Barclay Park Corp. 1st M. Conv. 6½8, 1945. Offered by Watson & White, New York. Burt Bldg. (Dallas, Tex.). 1st M. 6½8, 1930-39. Offered by Fidelity Bond & Mige. Co., St. Louis.
	Finance construction of apartmen		6.2	5 Cambridge Court (Winell Realty Corp.), Flushing, N. Y., 1st M. Fee 61/48, 1937. Offered by S. W. Straus & Co., Inc.
	Finance construction of warehouse			O Central Ry. Terminal & Cold Storage Co., Inc. (Albany, N. Y.) 1st (c.) M. 61/4s, 1952. Offered by Taylor, Ewart & Co., Inc., Pogue, Willard & Co. and J. A. Ritchie & Co., Inc.
	Finance construction of building_ Improvements to property, &c	100		O Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce and Merchants Exchange 1st M. Leasehold 6s, 1942. Offered by First National Bank, Cincinnati. Claremont Pines Corp. (Oakland, Calif.) 1st (c.) M. 6 1/2s, 1937. Offered by M. H. Lewis & Co.
	Finance construction of buildings.			San Francisco. Clark-Hollywood Bidgs. 1st M. 6s, 1928-34. Offered by Sheridan Tr. & Sav. Bank, Chicago.
600,000	Real estate mortgage	101-100	D-1	Cooper-Carlton Hotel Co. (Chicago) 1st M. 6s, 1928-42. Offered by Cont'l & Comm'l Co., Chic. Day & Meyer-Murray & Young, Inc. (N. Y.) 1st M. 6 1/4s, 1942. Offered by Arthur Perry & Co.
140,000	Finance construction of building	100	5.5	Boston. Detroit Harper Post Office Corp. 1st M. 534s, 1928-37. Offered by the Peoples State Bk., Indianan
600,000	Finance construction of building.	100	6.5	Downtown Properties, Inc. (James Oviatt Bldg.) 1st M. Leaschold 6 1/2s, 1942. Offered by Banks Huntley & Co., Los Angeles.
275,000	Finance construction of apartmen Real estate mortgage	t 100 100	6.5	DEdgewater Apts. (Chicago) 1st M. 6 1/4s, 1929-33. Offered by Provident State Secur. Co., Chicago D1166 Park Avenue (N. Y. City) 1st M. 5 1/4 % ctfs., 1928-33. Offered by the N. Y. Title & Mtge Co.

Amount.	Purpose of Issue.	Price.	To Yield About.	Company and Issue, and by Whom Offered.
\$ 320,000	Land, Buildings, &c.—(Con.) Finance construction of apartment		5-5.75	1161 Shakespeare Avenue Apt. Bidg. (N. Y. City) 1st M. Fee 53/4s, 1927-34. Offered by S. W.
750,000	Finance construction of building Improvements to property		6-6.25	Straus & Co., Inc. Finchley Bldg. (Chicago) 1st M. Leasehold 61/4s, 1929-42. Offered by S. W. Straus & Co., Inc.
	Finance sale of property	100		First Christian Church (Parkersburg, W. Va.) 1st (c.) M. 6s, 1929-37. Offered by Whitaker & Co., St. Louis. Firschkorn Real Estate Co. (Detroit) 1st M. 6s, 1937. Offered by Otis & Co., Howe, Snow &
	Real estate mortgage	100		Bertles, Inc., Guardian Trust Cq. and Watling, Lerchen & Hayes, Detroit. Garment Capitol Bidg. (Lloyd & Casier, Inc.) 1st (c.) M. 61/68, 1928-45. Offered by California
575,000 400,000	Finance construction of building Real estate mortgage	100	6.50 5.50-6.00	Co. and Drake, Riley & Thomas, Los Angeles. Grandeur Bidg. (Chicago) 1st M. 63/s, 1930-39. Offered by Fidelity Bond & Mtge. Co., Chicago. Hildebrandt Bidg. (Jacksonville, Fla.) 1st M. 6s, 1928-36. Offered by First Nat. Co., St. Louis.
225,000	New construction	100	6.00	Idaho Memorial Bidg. Assn. (University of Idaho, Moscow, Idaho) 1st M. 6s, 1929-47. Offered by Murphey, Favre & Co. and Ferris & Hardgrove, Spokane.
	Provide funds for loan purposes Finance constr. of garage bldg	100		Hilinois Merchants Trust Co., Chicago (Chicago Title & Trust Co. as Trustee) 1st M. Coll. 5s, "E," 1942. Offered by Illinois Merchants Trust Co., C hicago. Jeffery Avenue Garage (Chicago) 1st (c.) M. 6½8, 1928-34. Offered by the Hanchett Bond
	Provide funds for loan purposes	100		Co., Chicago. Jersey Mortgage & Title Guaranty Co. Coll. Tr. 51/48, 1932-37. Offered by Stone & Webster and
	Finance lease of property	100		Blodget, Inc., New York. Kahn Bros., Inc. (Oakland, Calif.) 1st M. Leasehold 6s, 1947. Offered by Bank of Italy National
1,000,000 1,800,000	Provide funds for loan purposes Refunding; other corp. purposes	99 100	5.38 6.00	Trust & Savings Association, San Francisco. Lincoln Mortgage & Title Guaranty Co. 1st M. Coll. 5½s, 1937. Offered by Harris, Forbes & Co. Michigan-Lafayette Bidg. Co. 1st M. Leasehold 6s, 1929-42. Offered by Detroit Trust Co., First
1,000,000	Real estate mortgage	100 100	6.00	National Co. of Detroit and Harris, Small & Co., Detroit. (Lyford M.) Moore (Detroit) 1st M. 6s, 1937. Offered by Livingstone & Co., Detroit. Mortgage Guarantee Co. of America (Atlanta, Ga.) 1st Coll. 6s, "A," 1937. Offered by company. Mount Baker Bilds (Bellingham West) 1st M. 6s, 1942. Offered by Dean Witter & Co. and
	Acquisition of property	981/4		Mount Baker Bidg. (Bellingham, Wash.) 1st M. 6s, 1942. Offered by Dean, Witter & Co. and Baillargeon, Winslow & Co., Seattle. Normandie Holding Corp. (Los Angeles) 1st (c.) M. 7s, 1931-42. Offered by California Securities
	Retire mtge. debt; impts	100		Co., Los Angeles. Normandie Investment Co. (St. Louis County, Mo.) 1st M. 6s, 1937. Offered by Union Trust
250,000	Provide funds for loan purposes	100	6.50	Co. of East St. Louis, III. Northern California Mortgage Co. 1st M. Coll. Tr. 6½s, "A," 1937. Offered by R. T. Harper
1,300,000	Real estate mortgage	100	6.00	& Co. and Littlepage, Sheehy & Co., San Francisco. Northwest Corner Thirteenth and Filbert Streets (Phila.) 1st M. 6s, 1937. Offered by Rellly, Brock & Co., Stroud & Co., Inc., and Bank of North America & Trust Co., Philadelphia.
600,000		100		Ogden Building (Chicago) 1st (e.) M. 6s, 1929-34. Offered by the Foreman Trust & Savings Bank and Metropolitan Securities Corp., Chicago.
1,100,000		100 Price on s		Portland Paramount Property (Portland, Ore.) 1st M. Leasehold 6½8, 1934-43. Offered by S. W. Straus & Co., Inc. Portland Paramount Property (Portland, Ore.) Gen. M. 6½8, 1930-33. Offered by S. W.
	Finance construction of building Finance construction of building	Price on a		Straus & Co., Inc. Professional Bidg. (Mt. Vernon, N. Y.) 1st M. 6s, 1930-42. Offered by Mahlstedt-Steen Securi-
450,000	Finance sale of property	100	6.00	ties Corp., New York. Quarton Lakes Estates 1st M. 6s, 1927-34. Offered by Watling, Lerchen & Hayes, Detroit.
1,500,000	Real estate mortgage	100 100 100	5.50	Rockhill Manor Apt. Hotel (K. C., Mo.) 1st M. 6s, 1928-37. Offered by Bristol & Co., Chicago. St. Mary's College and Academy 1st M. 5½s, 1929-34. Offered by First National Co., Detroit. Seventh and Cataline Apts. (Los Angeles) 1st M. 6½s, 1929-41. Offered by S. W. Straus & Co., Inc.
400,000	Finance construction of apartment Finance construction of apartment	100	6.00	Sherman Avenue Apts. (N. Y. Gity) 1st M. 6s, 1929-39. Offered by Empire Bond & Mortgag. Corp., New York. Shore View Bidg. (Chicago) 1st M. 61/4s, 1929-37. Offered by Geo. M. Forman & Co., Chicago.
250,000 250,000	Improvements to property	100	5.00	Sisters of the Holy Family of Nazareth of Western Pennsylvania 1st M. 5s, 1928-41. Offered by Mercantile Trust Co., St. Louis. 11 Hinman Bidg. (Evanston, III.) 1st M. 6s, 1928-37. Offered by Geo. M. Forman & Co., Chicago
60,000	Finance sale of property	100	7.00	The M. M. Smith—Martindale Co. (Canton, O.) 1st M. & Coll. Tr. 7s, 1928-36. Offered by Frank D. Bush Co., Columbus, Ohio.
1,000,000 1,000,000	Real estate mortgage Finance sale of property	100		Stanton Apts. (Chicago) 1st M. 634s, 1929-37. Offered by the Straus Bros. Co., Chicago. (Burt Eddy) Taylor (Detroit) 1st M. 6s 1937. Offered by Union Tr. Co., Nicol, Ford & Co., Living stone & Co., National Bank of Commerce, Benjamin Dansard & Co., J. G. Holland & Co., Jos Stockard & Co., Detroit and A. E. Kusterer & Co., Grand Rapids
400,000	Real estate mortgage	100	6.50	Textile Center Bidg. (Lloyd & Casler, Inc.), Los Angeles 1st M. 61/4s 1928-45. Offered b California Co., Los Angeles.
950,000 500,000	Real estate mortgage Provide funds for loan purposes	100 100		271 Madison Ave. Bidg. (N. Y. City) 1st M. Leasehold 6½s 1937. Offered by Otis & Co. Union Mortgage Co. (Charleston, West Va.) Coll 6s "H" 1937-39. Offered by McLaughlin
625,000	Acquisition of properties	100	5.50	MacAfee & Co., Pittsburgh. University Investment Co. (Oakland, Cal.) 1st (closed) M. 5½s 1947 Offered by Bank of Italy National Trust & Savings Assn., San Francisco.
250,000	Acquisitions; other corp. purposes.	100		Watson Realty Co. (Mich.) 1st M. 51/2s, 1942. Offered by Geo. Sloane & Co., Inc. and Watling Lerchen & Hayes, Detroit.
675,000	Finance construction of apartment	100	6.50	(The) Winshire Arms (Chicago) 1st M. 6½s, 1929-37. Offered by Leight & Co., Chicago.
35,520,000	Rubber-			
60,000,000	Refunding	97	5.20	O The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. 1st Mtge. & Coll. Trust 5s, 1957. Offered by Dillon, Read of Co., National City Co., Guaranty Co. of N. Y., Lee, Higginson & Co., Bankers Trust Co White, Weld & Co., Blair & Co., Inc., Kissel, Kinnleutt & Co., Hemphill, Noyes & Co., Hall garten & Co., A. G. Becker & Co., Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., Blyth, Witter & Co., Cassat & Co., First Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago, the Union Trust Co., Cleveland and Continents & Commercial Co., Chicago.
650,000	Shipping— Acquire constituent companies	100	6.00	California Transportation Co. 1st M. 6s, 1939. Offered by Anglo-London Paris Co., National City Co. of California and Schwabacher & Co., San Francisco,
200,000	Miscelianeous— Acquire predecessor co	9814	6.7	Allentown Dairy Corp. 6 1/28, 1936. Offered by Civic & Co., New York.
300,000	Refunding; additions	100	6.5	Associated Wilmington Laundries, Inc. 1st Mtge. 6½s, 1942. Offered by Laird, Bissell of Meads, N. Y.
	Capital expenditures; wkg. capital.			0 Caddo River Lumber Co. (Kansas City, Mo.) 51/28, 1928-33. Offered by Fidelity National Co Kansas City, Mo. 0 Central Dairy Products Corp. Convertible 61/28, 1937. Offered by Prince & Whitely and Bode
	Acquire constituent companies	1		& Co. Consumers Material Corp. (Kansas City, Mo.) 1st Mtge. 61/48, 1937. Offered by Wm. R. Com
	Retire curr. debt; other corp. purp.	1		ton Co. © Eastern Ry. & Lumber Co. (Centralia, Wash.) 1st Mtge. 6s, 1928-37. Offered by Lumbermen
450,000	Refunding; working capital, &c	100	6.5	Trust Co., Portland, Ore. and Merchants Trust Co., St. Paul. Empson Packing Co. (Brighton, Col.) 1st Muge. 6½8, 1937. Offered by Boettcher & Co., Boworth, Chanute & Lougbridge & Co., International Trust Co., James H. Causey & Co., Sidl Simons, Day & Co. and United States National Co.
331,500				5 Golden Gate Milk Products Co. 1st Mtge. 6s, 1941-43. Offered by Anglo-London Paris Co. as Citizens National Co., Los Angeles.
800,000				6 Great Lakes Laundries, Inc. 1st Mtge. 6½s, 1937. Offered by Edmund Seymour & Co., Inc., I Y. and True, Webber & Co., Chicago.
550,000				Great Western Laundry Co. 1st (closed) Mtge. 6s, 1928-3s. Offered by Chicago Trust Co. at Hayden, Van Atter & Co., Detroit.
1,000,000	Acquire predecessor co Refunding; working capital			3 Hershey Creamery Co. (Del.) 1st Mtge 6½s, "A", 1937. Offered by Eastman, Dillon & Co. at Stroud & Co., Inc. 0 Home Service Co. (Los Angeles) 1st Mtge. 6½s "A", 1942. Offered by Citizens National C
	Provide funds for investment purp			California Securities Co. and Cahn, McCabe & Co., Los Angeles. [Investment Bond & Share Corp. Deb. 5s "A", 1947. Offered by A. Iselin & Co., Wood, Gund
	Provide funds for investment purp Acquisition; construction, &c		5.75-6.0	& Co., Inc. and Lawrence Turnure & Co. Olinvestors Equity Co., Inc. Deb. 5s "A", 1947. Offered by Charles D. Barney & Co., N. Y. Keystone Wood Chemical & Lumber Corp. (Olean, N. Y.) 1st Muge. 6s, 1928-35. Offered by
1,475,00				Baker, Fentress & Co., Chicago. 3 (J. A.) Mahistedt Lumber & Coal Co. (New Rochelle, N. Y.) Deb. 61/48, 1937. Offered
	O Acquisitions; working capital, &c.	1		Peabody, Houghteling & Co., Inc. and W. W. Townsend & Co., Inc. Memphis Commercial Appeal, Inc. Deb. 6½s "A" 1942. Offered by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.
	O Provide funds for loan purposes O Provide funds for loan purposes		7.5	and Rogers, Caldwell & Co., Inc. National Bank of Panama 6½s "B", 1947. Offered by Otls & Co. National Central Savings Bank of Hungary 7½s "A", 1962. Offered by F. J. Lisman & C
	0 Improvements to property	_ 100	6.5	and First Federal Foreign Investment Trust, N. Y. Oregon Terminal Co. 1st Mtge 6 1/4s, "A", 1942. Offered by Peirce, Fair & Co., Portland, Ore. Pacific Dairy Products Co. Deb. 6 1/4s, 1937. Offered by Howard N. Martin & Co. and Pan Ame
450,00	0 Additional capital		6.2	can Investment Co., Los Angeles.
500,00	Acquisitions; other corp. purp	100	6.0	 Rogue River Timber Co. (Portland, Ore.) 1st Mtge. 6s, 1937. Offered by Baker, Fentress & Co. Chicago. St. Augustine-Green Cove Springs (Fla.) Bridge Co. 1st Mtge. 7s, 1947. Offered by Eldred
	O Retire existing debt; wkg. capital		6.1	& Co. and Lorenzo E. Anderson & Co.
3,500,00	New construction; retire debt, &c	100	6.3	Terminals & Transportation Corp. of America 1st Mige. & Coll. 1 rust 0 728 A , 1847. One
	New construction; retire debt, &c			Terminals Transportation Corp. of America Convertible Deb. 7s, 1937. Offered by Howe, Sn. & Bertles, Inc. and Spencer Trask & Co. Tum-a-Lum Lumber Co. 1st (closed) Mtge. 61/2s, 1927-38. Offered by Lumbermen's Trust Co.
250,00	O Refunding; working capital			Tum-a-Lum Lumber Co. 1st (closed) Mtgc. 6358, 1927-38. Offered by Edinbermen's Plus C Portland, Ore. 100 Woods Brothers Corp. Coll. Tr. 68, 1937. Offered by Redmond & Co. and Otis & Co.
2,000,00	o Relunding, working capital	1.00	0.0	and the state of t

SHORT TERM BONDS AND NOTES (ISSUES MATURING UP TO AND INCLUDING FIVE YEARS).

Amount.	Purpose of Issue.	Price	To Yield About.	Company and Issue, and by Whom Offered.
\$,000,000	Public Utilities— Refunding; other corp. purposes.	100 1/4 99 1/4	4.87 5.25	Empire Gas & Fuel Co. (Del.) Serial 5s, June 1 1928-30. Offered by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., Hallgarten & Co., E. H. Rollins & Sons, Spencer Trask & Co., Cassatt & Co., A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., W. C. Langley & Co., Paine, Webber & Co., Hill, Joiner & Co., Federal Securitie
1,200,000	Refunding	97.41		Corp. and Henry L. Doberty & Co. Galveston-Houston Electric Co. Secured 6s "B", 1931. Offered by Lee, Higginson & Co., Esta brook & Co., Parkinson & Burr and Stone & Webster and Blodgett, Inc.
	Acquisitions; other corp. purposes.			General Telephone Co. (Chicago) 1-Year Coll. Tr. 5s, May 15 1928. Offered by Hale, Water & Co. and True, Webber & Co. Missouri Electric Power Co. 1-Year 5 1/4s, Feb. 15 1928. Offered by Priester-Quall & Cundy, Inc.
	Capital expenditures	-		Davenport la
300,000	General corporate purposes	99%	-	Northeastern Iowa Power Co. 5s, Nov. 1 1928. Offered by Priester-Quail & Cundy, Inc., Daven- port, Ia.
750,000	Acquire constituent companies	9914		Southern United Gas Co. 2-Year 5 1/8, April 1 1929. Offered by Hambleton & Co., Thompson & Co., in 1 Circian, Sniter & Co., Inc.
1,550,000	Acquire constituent cos.; wkg. cap'	99%	6.15	United Fubli S rvice Co. 2 Year 63, April 1 1929. Offered by Thompson Ross & Co. and Yeager Young & Pierson, Inc.
22,750,000	Iron, Steel, Coal, Copper, &c.			
1,300,000	Acquisitions; working capital, &c	990	7.20	Missouri Kansas Zinc Corp, Deb. 7s, May 1 1932. Offered by Chas. D. Robbins & Co., Arnold & Co. and Ernst & Co.
3,000,000	Motors & Accessories— Fund current debt		6.10-6.40	West American Finance Co. Coll. Tr. 6s, "C," 1930-32. Offered by A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc., Shingle, Brown & Co., Inc., and Carstens & Earles, Inc.
600,000	Other Industrial & Mfg.— Retire current debt; additions, &c.	9814	6.85	Trans-Lux Daylight Picture Screen Corp. 5-year 6 1/28, May 16 1932. Offered by Kelley, Drayton & Converse, N. Y.
200,000	General corporate purposes	100	6.00	Weightograph Corp. Coll. Tr. 6s, Jan. 1 1932. Offered by Mark C. Steinberg & Co., St. Louis.
800,000		-		
2,000,000	Land, Buildings, &c.— Real estate mortgage	100	5.00	(Alexander) Boyd Estate (San Francisco) 1st M. 5s, May 1 1930. Offered by American National Co., San Francisco.
250,000	Real estate mortgage	100	6.00	Canal-Villere Realty Co. (New Orleans) 1st M. 6s, May 1 1930. Offered by Hibernia Securities
150,900	Fund existing debt	100		Co., Inc., New Orleans. Crescent Realty Corp., Inc. (New Orleans) 1st & Ref. M. 7s, Oct. 1 1929. Offered by Interstate Trust & Banking Co. and Moore, Hyams & Co., Inc., New Orleans
390,000	Improvements to property		534-6	First Baptist Church of Miami, Fla., 1st M. 6s, 1928-30. Offered by Stix & Co., Lorenzo E. Anderson & Co., Bitting & Co. and Lafayette-South Side Bank, St. Louis.
610,000	Provide funds for loan purposes	100	6.00	Guaranteed Mortgage Corp. of Del. 5-Year 1st M. Coll. Tr. 6s, April 15 1932. Offered by M. W. Braderman Co., New York.
100,000	Provide funds for loan purposes	100	8.50	Interstate Investment Co., Inc., Coll. Tr. 51/48, 1928-32. Offered by Interstate Trust & Banking
825,000	Finance construction of building	100	6.00	Co., New Orleans. Kent Theatre Bidg. (Phila.) 1st M. 6s, 1932. Offered by Mackle, Hentz & Co., Biddle & Henry
500,000	Provide funds for loan purposes	100	5.50	and Colonial Trust Co., Philadelphia. Seaboard Bond & Mortgage Co. (Phila.) 1st M. Coll. 5½s, "A," April 1 1932. Offered by Laird, Bissell & Meeds, Integrity Trust Co. and Bioren & Co., Philadelphia.
40,000	Finance construction of apartment		6-6.50	Southeast Corner Waukegan & North Ave. (Highwood, III.) 1st M. 61/18, 1930-32. Offered by Dovenmuelle, Inc., Chicago.
4,865,000				Dovemindenie, Inc., Chicago,
3,000,000 2,500,000		99		Snider Packing Corp. 5-Year Convertible 6s. May 1 1932. Offered by White, Weld & Co., Southern Dairies, Inc., 3-Year Secured 6s, May 1 1930. Offered by Strond & Co., Inc., Eastman
	Provide funds for investment purp.			Dillon & Co., Reilly, Brock & Co. and Bank of North America & Trust Co. United Bond & Share Corp. 5-Year Cash-Convertible Secured 4 1/2s, 5s, 5 1/2s and 6s, 1927-28
60,000	Additional capital	99%	6.12	Offered by Drumheller, Ehrlichman & White, Seattle. Washington Co-Operative Egg & Poultry Ass'n 2-Year 6s, May 1 1929. Offered by Marine
6.560.000				National Co., Seattle.

					TOCKS.
Par or No .of Shares	Purpose of Issue.	a Amount Involved.	Price Per Share.	to Yield	Company and Issue, and by Whom Offered.
10,000 shs.	Public Utilities— Acquisitions	\$ 950,000	95	7.37	American Commonwealth Pr. Corp. \$7 Cum. 1st Pref., "A," Offered by G. E.
30,000 shs. 15,000,000 35,000 shs.	Acq. add'i elec. light & power int's_ Additions & extensions General corporate purposes	2,895,000 15,000,000 3,360,000	100		Barrett & Co., Inc., and Frederick Peirce & Co. American Superpower Corp. \$6 Cum. 1st Pref. Offered by Bonbright & Co., Inc. Brooklyn Edison Co. Capital Stock. Offered by company to stockh iders. Central & South West Utilities Co. \$7 Cum. Div. Pref. Offered by A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., Old Colony Corp., Utility Securities Co., Howe, Snow & Bertles, Inc.,
500,000	Acquisitions; other corp. purposes.	500,000	100	6.50	Tucker, Anthony & Co., Hill, Johner & Co., Inc., and Emery, Peck & Rockwood Co. Continental Telephone Co. (Lincoln, Neb.) 63% Cum. Pref. Offered by Wells- Dickey Co., Minneapolis, and Merchants Trust Co., St. Paul.
6,673,400	Construc'n, extensions, impts., &c.	14,347,810	215		Edison Electric Illuminating Co. of Boston Capital Stock. Offered by company to stockholders.
3,500,000	Acquire Ozark Pr. & Water Co., &c	3,500,000	95	6.32	The Empire District Electric Co. 6% Cum. Pref. Offered by Dillon, Read & Co., Federal Securities Corp., A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., and Henry L. Doherty & Co., International Power Securities Corp. (Del.) \$6 Cum. Pref., "A." Offered by Aldred
•75,000 shs. •75,000 shs.	Acquisition of securities	7,950,000	1 sh. Pre	f. For m. \$106	& Co., Old Colony Corp. and Minsch, Monell & Co., Inc. International Power Securities Corp. (bel.) Common Stock. Offered by Aldred & Co. Old Colony Corp. and Minsch, Monell & Co., Inc.
*150,000shs	Acquisitions; other corp. purposes	13,912,500	9234	6.46	Middle West Utilities Co. \$6 Cum. Pref. Offered by Utility Securities Co., Hill, Joiner & Co., Inc., Bonbright & Co., Inc., H. M. Bylleshy & Co., Inc., Tucker, Anthony & Co., A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., Emery, Peck & Rockwood Co., Kelly, Drayton & Converse, Paine, Webber & Co., Russell, Brewster & Co. and Old Colony Corp.
2,500,000 •17,500 shs	General corporate purposes	2,500,000 1,566,250		5.55 6.70	Potomac Electric Pr. Co. 5½% Pref., Series of 1927 Offered by company. Southwestern Light & Power Co. 86 Cum. Pref. Offered by Utility Securities Co., Kelly, Drayton & Converse and Emery, Peck & Rockwood Co.
500,000	Refunding; acquisitions, &c	500,000	95	7.35	The Suburban Lt. & Pr. Co. (of Ohio) 7% Cum. lst Pref. Offered by Vought & Co., Inc., New York.
100,000	Capital expenditures	100,000	100	7.00	Union Public Service Co. (Minn.) 7% Cum. 1st Pref., "AA". Offered by Harold E
•12,000 shs •50,000 shs	Acquisitions; working capital Acq. electric light & power secur's.	1,200,000 1, 4 62,500	100d 29¼		Wood & Co., St. Paul. United Public Service Co. \$7 Div. Pref. Offered by Thompson, Ross & Co. United States Electric Lt. & Pr. Shares, Inc., Trustee Cts., Series "A." Offered
600,000	General corporate purposes	600,000		7.14	by Calvin Bullock, New York. Washington Gas & Electric Co. 7% Cum. Pref. Offered by A. C. Allyn & Co. and Howard F. McCandless & Co., New York.
750,000 7,500 shs.	Iron, Steel, Coal, Copper, &c. Acquire Witherow Steel Co	70,344,060 573,750	1 sh. Pre	f.) *For m.) \$76 ½	Witherow Steel Corp. 5% Cum. 1st Pref. Offered by Moore, Leonard & Lynch. Witherow Steel Corp. Common Stock. Offered by Moore, Leonard & Lynch.
3,000,000	Other Industrial & Mfg.— Additional working capital	573,750 3,300,000			American Type Founders Co. Common. Offered by company to stockholders; under written by Kidder, Peabody & Co.
•10,000 shs	Expansion of business	1,000,000	100	7.00	Doehler Die Casting Co. \$7 Cum Preference. Offered by Hamphill, Noyes & Co. and
*40,000 shs *10,611 shs	Acquire additional property General corporate purposes	1,200,000 636,660			Shields & Co., Inc., New York. Eddy Paper Co., Capital Stock. Offered by company to stockholders. Elder Mfg. Co. Cum. Partic. Class "A" Stock. Offered by Mark C. Steinberg & Co., St. Louis.
\$00,000 *2,500shs *500000shs *25,000 shs	New plant	300,000 15,000,000 1,325,000	30	****	Hayes Candy Co., Inc., 7% Cum. Pref. Offered by J. H. Schultz & Co., Inc., Denver. Hayes Candy Co., Inc., Common stock. Offered by J. H. Schultz & Co., Inc., Denver. International Paper Co. Common. Offered by company to stockholders; underwritten Liquid Carbonic Corp. Common. Offered by Potter & Co., Spencer Trask & Co. and Merrill, Lynch & Co.
500,000	Working eapital	500,000	100	8.00	(Robert) Morton Organ Co. 8% Cum. Partic. Pref. Offered by O. A. Lindstrom & Co., San Francisco.
•10,000 shs	Refunding	310,000	31	****	Skinner Organ Co. Capital stock. Offered by Minot, Kendall & Co., Inc., and Blake
*30,000 shs	Additions and improvements	2,992,500		6.01	Bros & Co., Boston. Zellerbach Corp. (San Francisco) \$6 Cum. Convertible Pref. Offered by Blyth, Witter & Co. and J. Barth & Co., San Francisco.
4,500,000	Oil— Additions, improvements, &c	26,764,160 4,500,000		6.00	Sun Oil Co. 6% Cum. Pref. Offered by Brown Bros. & Co. and Edw. B. Smith & Co.
100,000 250,000 •2,500shs 750,000 •15,000 shs	Provide funds for loan purposes Provide funds for loan purposes Additions: other corporate purposes	100,000 275,000 750,000	1 sh. Pre	om. \$110	Flatbush Investing Corp. (Brooklyn, N. Y.) 61/4% Cum. Pref. Offered by company New Jersey United States Bond & Mortgage Corp. 7% Cum. Pref. Offered by consev. Jersey United States Bond & Mortgage Corp. Common stock. Offered by consever Hall Corp. of America 7% Cum. Pref. Offered by Rosenbloom & Lowenthal Pittsburgh Webster Hall Corp. of America Common stock. Offered by Rosenbloom & Lowenthal

Par or No.of Shares	Purpose of Issue.	a Amount Involved.	Price :	To Yield About.	Company and Issue, and by Whom Offered.
. 3	Miscellaneous-	3		%	
•5,000shs.	Acquisitions, extensions, &c		1 sh. Pref.	.)	Amaigamated Laundries, Inc., \$7 Cum. Pref. Offered by Throckmorton & Co. and
*1,000shs.	Acquisitions, extensions, &c	465,000	1-5 sh. Com.	For \$93	E. F. Gillespie & Co., Inc., New York. Amalgamated Laundries, Inc., Common stock. Offered by Throckmorton & Co. and
250,000	Consolidation of properties	250,000	99e	7.07	E. F. Gillespie & Co., Inc., New York. American Dept. Stores Corp. (N. Y.) 7% Cum. 1st Pref. Offered by Schulter & Co.;
*30,000 shs.	Acquire constituent companies	750,000	25	****	Inc., and W. W. Townsend & Co., Inc., New York. Central Dairy Products Corp. Class "A" Convertible Partle. Pref. Offered by
*97,500 shs.	Acq. constituent cos.; work. cap	2,047,500	21	••••	Prince & Whiteley, New York. Dairy Dale Co. (San Francisco) Cum. Convertible "A" stock. Offered by J. Barth & Co., Shingle, Brown & Co., Strassburger & Co., George Meigs & Co. and E. R. Gundelfluger, Inc., San Francisco.
*24,375 shs.	Acq. constituent cos.; work. cap	268,125	11	•	Dairy Daie Co. (San Francisco) Cum. Convertible "B." stock. Offered by J. Barth & Co., Shingle, Brown & Co., Strassburger & Co., George Meigs & Co. and E. R., Gundelfluger, Inc., San Francisco.
*8,000shs.	Provide funds for invest. purposes.	200,000	25		Diversified Securities Corp. (Washington) Class "A" Partic. Preference. Offered by Murphey, Favre & Co., Spokane, Wash.
*1,600shs.	Provide funds for invest. purposes.	40,000	25	****	Diversified Securities Corp. (Washington) Common stock. Offered by Murphey; Favre & Co., Spokane, Wash.
*30,000 shs.	Establish additional stores	1,500,000	50	7.00	Economical Drug Co. (Ill.) Class "A" Partic. Pref. Cum. \$3.50 pre share. Offered by F. A. Brewer & Co., New York.
175,000	Working capital; new equipment	175,000	99	7.07	Empson Packing Co. (Brighton, Col.) Class "A" 7% Cum. Pref. Offered by Sidlo; Simons, Day & Co., James H. Causey & Co., Bosworth, Chanute, Loughridge & Co. and Boetcher & Co., Denver.
	Provide funds for invest. purposes.	1,000,000	50f		Insurance & Bank Stock Trust (Mass.) Class "A" Partic. Preference. Offered by Hamlin Bros., Boston.
*10,000 shs. *30,000 shs.	Provide funds for invest, purposes. Provide funds for invest, purposes.	1,000,000 3,300,000		6.00	Investors Corporation (R. I.) \$6 Convertible Pref. Offered by Bodell & Co. Investors Equity Co., Inc., \$6 Div. Cum. Pref. "A." Offered by Chas. D. Barney & Co., New York.
8,000,000	Provide funds for invest. purposes.	3,175,000	1 sh. Pref.	For	Kidder Participations, Inc., "No. 2" 434% Cum. Partie. & Conv. Pref. Offered by Kidder, Peabody & Co.
*37,500 shs.	Provide funds for invest. purposes.	0,110,000	%sh.Com.		Kidder Participations, Inc., "No. 2" Common stock. Offered by Kidder, Peabody
*150000shs.	Additions to plant; working capital	1,200,000	8		Mavis Bottling Co. Common. Offered by Hayden, Stone & Co. and McClure, Jones & Co.
*5,500shs. *1,100shs. *11,000 shs.	Acquisitions: additional capital Acquisitions: additional capital)	5 shs Pf "A 1 sh Pf "E 10 shs Cor	B" For	Motor Transit Corp. (Del) \$7 pref. "A." Offered by Lane, Piper & Jaffray, Inc., Minn. Motor Transit Corp. (Del) Pref. "B." Offered by Lane, Piper & Jaffray, Inc., Minn. Motor Transit Corp. (Del.) Common. Offered by Lane, Piper & Jaffray, Inc., Minn.
*25,000 shs. *20,000 shs.	Expansion; other corp. purposes Improvements; other corp. purp	687,500 1,860,000		7.00	(G. C.) Murphy Co. Common. Offered by Geo. H. Burr & Co. Philadelphia Dairy Products Co. \$61/4 Cum. Prior Pref. Offered by Stroud & Co. Inc., and Eastman, Dillon & Co.
400,000	Acquisitions	400,000	100	7.00	Rocky Mountain Motor Co. 7% Cum. Pref. Offered by Boettcher & Co. and Bosworth, Chanute, Loughridge & Co., Denver.
500,000	Acquisitions	520,000	26		Rocky Mountain Motor Co. Class "A" com. Offered by Boettcher & Co. and Bos worth, Chanute, Loughridge & Co., Denver.
600,000 •6,000shs. 22,500 ctfs.	Acquire additional stores, &c Acquire additional stores, &c Additional capital	660,000 2,109,37	1 sh. Cor	ef. For m. \$110	worth, Chantie, Loughrings & Co., Deliver. Schiff Co. (Columbus, O.) 7% Cum. Convertible Pref. Offered by Geo. H. Burr & Co. Schiff Co. (Columbus, O.) Common. Offered by Geo. H. Burr & Co. Wiener Bank-verein (Vienna, Austria) American Trust Certificates Representing Capital stock. Offered by Dillon, Read & Co.
		21,157,500)		Capital stock. Official of Pillon, and a co-

FARM LOAN ISSUES.

Amount.	Issue and Purpose.	Price.	To Yield About.	Offered by-
2,000,000	Lincoln (Neb.) Joint Stock Land		%	
500,000	Bank 4½s, 1937-67 (provide funds for loan purposes) Ohio-Pennsylvania Joint Stock Land Bank 5s, 1937-57 (provide	100	4.50	Equitable Trust Co. of N. Y., First Nat. Corp. of Boston, Old Colony Corp., Boston; First Trust & Savings Bank and Central Trust Co. of Ill., Chicago, and Brooke, Stokes & Co., Philadelphia.
2,500,000	funds for loan purposes)	104	4.45	Union Trust Co. of Cleveland, R. V. Mitchell & Co., The Herrick Co. and Otls & Co., Cleveland.

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Amount.	Issue and Purpose.	Price.	To Yield About.	Offered by-
20,000,000			%	
1,500,000	external 6s, 1962 (various public improvements). Province of Callao (Peru) se- cured 7 4s, 1944 (debt retire-	92	6.60	Bankers Trust Co., Brown Bros. & Co., Blyth, Witter & Co. and Marshall Field, Glore, Ward & Co.
1,500,000	ments: municipal improvements)	99	7.60	J. & W. Seligman & Co., Hunter, Dulin & Co. and Alvin H. Frank & Co
23,000,000	(general municipal purposes)		6.00	Chase Securities Corp. and Blair & Co., Inc

* Shares of no par value.

a Preferred stocks of a stated par value are taken at par, while preferred stocks of no par value and all classes of common stocks are computed at their offering prices b Bonus of 1 ownership share given with each \$500 bond.

c Bonus of 10 shares of capital stock given with each \$1,000 bond.

d Bonus of 1 share of common stock given with each 2 shares of preferred.

e Bonus of 1½ shares of common stock given with each share of preferred.

f Bonus of 1 share of class "B" stock given with every 5 shares of class "A" stock.

g Carrying non-detachable warrants entitling holder to receive without cost common stock at rate of 1 share for each share of preferred.

Indications of Business Activity

THE STATE OF TRADE—COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

Friday Night, June 10, 1927.

With more summerlike weather, trade has naturally revived to a certain extent. It has also been beneficial as a matter of course to the crops. It caused a big break in corn prices to-day and the cotton crop in many parts of the belt is evidently doing better. As regards trade it is best here in the East and also in the Far West; in the Central West there is no general improvement. The retail business has benefited to some extent by the higher temperatures. The temperatures in the 80's have not yet had a stimulating effect on the refined sugar business, but it cannot continue without having its natural influence. It is regrettable that the corn crop has the latest start in over 20 years, but the weather over much of the Western belt during the last two days has been decidedly more favorable. Among the textiles the cotton mills are doing the best, as they have for some little time past. Chain store business in the last five months has gained 14% over the same period last year. Mail order business has declined in that time 1/2 of 1% or in other words about held its ground. In January and

February there was a decrease in it of 3 to 7%, but there has been a gradual change for the better since February. In chain and mail order stores combined in the last five months there has been a gain over the same period last year of 71/2%. Department stores have gained a little over 11/2%. Wholesale concerns in the first four months of the year showed decreases anywhere from 2.7 to 3.9%. On the whole the exhibit of business is encouraging and with more seasonable weather there seems no reason to doubt that it will become more so. In the bituminous coal trade the nonunion mines easily supply the demand. In anthracite business, however, has increased. Rayon goods are active and the consumption of silk is on the whole to all appearance of unprecedented size, with prices cheaper for both raw material and finished goods. The output of soft wood for building purposes shows a decrease of 8 to 10%. The car loadings for five months are a little over 2% larger than for the same period last year and the April gross railroad earnings show a decrease of only 0.4 of 1%.

Wheat advanced 3 cents net this week in spite of very heavy liquidation to-day, for the winter wheat crop threatens from present appearances to be nearly 100,000,000 bushels smaller than the last one and the present outlook for the spring wheat crop might be far better than it is. The prospects for the Canadian crop are also described as anything but flattering. Europe's crop of grain seems likely to be short. Germany continues to forbid grain exports. Russia seems to find it difficult to raise enough grain to feed itself, hampered as it is with the nightmare of communism and Soviet meddling with the occupations of the people. The severe drought in Argentine's wheat region is not forgotten, though what country has latterly had beneficial rains. The export demands in this country it is true has been disappointing, but it would seem that it cannot continue so very long if Europe's crop outlook is to remain as forbidding as it seems to be now. For rye there has been some export demand, but the crop is likely to be somewhat larger than the last one and the foreign buying is certainly not active. Still July rye has advanced during the week 7 cents. Europe is buying American oats and this has tended to steady prices for this grain, despite a break in corn of 6 to 8 cents due to a sudden change for the better in the weather and despite an unfavorable special report by the government. speculative interests it is understood liquidated coin to-day. Planting has been generally completed in the Mississippi Valley and receipts at all markets have been heavy. The oats erop is supposed to be close to 1,300,000,000 bushels or 50,000,000 bushels more than last year.

Cotton has advanced owing to drought and high temperatures in western Texas, fears of a June rise of the Mississippi River and its tributaries, stories of increased weevil infestation and an undoubtedly large and steady movement of cotton into consumption. Stocks at counted interior towns are even smaller than those of a year ago, despite the fact that the crop is nearly 2,000,000 bales larger than that of last year. On the other hand, from many parts of the belt the crop reports are favorable, especially of late from the Atlantic States. Cotton goods are more active than other textiles, especially on finished goods, though gray cottons have been quiet. Provisions have advanced with corn at times and hogs at others. Coffee has dropped some 25 points as Brazil at last plainly shows an anxiety to sell; cost and freight offers steadily decline and the spot trade here has been dull. In sugar it has been largely a "sauve qui peut" affair with several French failures reported and heavy selling for French account here and in Paris. The London and New York markets have been active and greatly unsettled by this sudden pressure and futures have collapsed, showing a decline of some 22 points for the week. Prompt Cuba raws, which a week ago were quoted at 3 cents, have fallen nearly a quarter of a cent. Rubber has had a violent decline under selling on a scale beyond anything seen in the history, brief it is true, of the exchange here. The price had been "pegged" in London, production conspicuous'y overlapped consumption and a speculative clique in London finally unloaded in disgust, pulling down prices there and also in New York and Singapore. Here during whe week the price dropped 250 points. The policy of British Government rubber restriction is openly criticised as abortive. Countries under no such restriction get the benefit and restricted countries get the lesson. It would seem that Cuban sugar restriction may prove equally futile. Woolen goods have in general been quiet. Wool has been steady but quiet and 43 to 44c. for fine delaine, Ohio and Pennsylvania, are merely nominal quotations. The tendency of livestock prices has in general been upward. Pig iron has been dull and seemingly tending downward. The same is true of steel, partly under the stress of sharper competition. Railroad orders for cars are said to be larger.

Trade is larger in some lines than at this time last year, i. e., in machine tools, cotton goods, some building materials, groceries and the trading of department stores. In many other lines it is equal to that of last year. One sign is that the industrial consumption of electrical energy is larger than last year. The sale of electrical goods by manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers are as large as at this time in 1926. After all, too, the steel and iron business is as good as it was then; so also that in hardware, furniture, lumber and many other commodities, raw and unmanufactured. Business in general is fully up to the normal, judging by bank clearings, railroad car loadings, mill power consumption, and so on. Railroad traffic regardless of some decrease in coal movement traceable to the strike, is still well ahead of the usual total at this time of the year. It is significant too that although prices are generally on a lower plane as business returns to

normal peace conditions, bank business is far ahead of last year. Building, though on a reduced scale, is still very large.

In stocks an astonishing activity continues and prices have advanced much of the time, though to-day the trend was not unnaturally lower, owing to the inevitable profit taking. The break in corn prices attracted some attention and bonds were lower. Call money has latterly been down to 4%. But as to the condition of general trade, the very large bank clearing and debits are suggestive, even allowing for the vast speculations in stocks and grain.

At Lawrence, Mass., the Pacific Mills are planning to close down both the worsted and cotton divisions of their plants from Friday July 1st to Monday July 11th for the annual vacation period instead of the usual shutdown which comes at the end of August. Pittsfield, Mass, said that all but two departments of the Renfrew Manufacturing Co.'s main plant in Adams and the jacquard mill have been closed for an indefinite period. The finishing and packing departments will be closed as soon as they have finished work on hand. At New Bedford cotton mill shares have recently risen to an average of 87 against 811/2 early in April. At Manchester, N. H., the Gonie Manufacturing Co. is adding weavers to the night shift. It has larger orders for worsted and rayon mixtures. Conditions in the Cocheco Valley are said to be better than for several years. At Ashland, N. H. the Packard Woolen Co. which resumed operations several weeks ago after being idle for some time is gradually increasing production. At Keane, N. H., things are rather quiet, among woolen mills. At Goffs Falls the plant is running at a low rate as for the last two years. Some of the largest worsted mills in New Hampshire are doing a very fair business on cotton goods used in the automobile industry. the fabrics sought for lining purposes bing made on wide worsted looms. Some of the largest sutomobile companies are taking a considerable yardage of lining cloths from New Hampshire. New Hampshire's only thread mill operated by the Russell Mfg. Co., is running a day and a night shift. Equipment has been added recently and the outlook is promising. At West Manchester, N. H., the large plant of the United States Bobbin & Shuttle Co. is now operating at 50% of capacity in the bobbin and shuttle divisions. pany's metal division is running at a higher rate.

The suggestion made several months ago by the Treasurer of the Pacific Mills, E. F. Greene, that an industrial expert be employed to study municipal finance with a view of reducing expenditures, is to be considered by the Lawrence, Mass., Industrial Commission at the instance of the City Council. The Pacific Mills and the American Woolen Company, it is understood, would be ready to share the expense. This may turn out to be an important piece of constructive statecraft. At Lawrence, Mass., the American Woolen Co. announced that it will not close the Wood Worsted Mill for the usual summer vacation period. The mill in recent years has been accustomed to suspend operations during a part of the month of July.

F. W. Woolworth & Co.'s sales for May amounted to \$20,915,635, an increase of 3.22% over May 1926. The sales for the first five months of this year were \$96,361,032, an increase of 9.28% over the corresponding period last year. The S. S. Kresge Co.'s sales for May amounted to \$9,601,621, an increase of 6.77% over May 1926. The sales for the first five mouths of this year amounted to \$45,836,938, an increase of 11.06% over the corresponding period last year.

The sales and production conditions in the automobile industry are so spotty that it is difficult to arrive at an average for the whole business, according to "Automobile Industries," which adds that while the general level is undoubtedly around 10% under that of a year ago, and while the trend is seasonably downward, these factors have not prevented a few of the outstanding companies from maintaining output at or near record high levels.

It has latterly been much warmer here. On the 9th inst. it was 81 degrees, and there was one heat prostration; at Chicago and Cincinnati it was 84; at Cleveland, 82; at Detroit, 80; at Minneapolis and Boston, 84; at Omaha, 90, and at Philadelphia, 78. It has been 100 to 104 degrees in parts of Texas, and at times 100 to 106 degrees in Georgia. Here it was the hottest June 9th since 1922, when the thermometer reached 85. To-day it was 84 here at 3 p. m. and 83 at 4 p. m., and three persons were prostrated. The temperature was 2 degrees below the high record for June 10, which was 86. The forecast was for fair and cooler weather to-morrow.

Nationwide Survey of Indiana Limestone Co. Shows Good Volume of Summer Building.

Summer building is swinging under way in good volume, with promise of continued high activity the remainder of the year, according to a nationwide survey by the Indiana Limestone Co., made public June 6. For the first five months of the year the approximate building total is \$2,871,000,000, it is declared. This compares with \$2,881,500,000 for the same period last year. "Based on preliminary reports from several hundred cities and towns," says the survey by Thomas J. Vernia, Vice-President, "figures for May reached the total of \$645,000,000. This is an increase over May of last year." He goes on to say:

There are many reasons for anticipating continued activity. Public work has taken on larger proportions. A number of large theatre projects is contemplated. Moreover, the spreading westward of vast manufacturing centres promises to keep industrial construction active for some time to come. The Middle West, for instance, now has 29.5% of the country's industrial output. This is the largest industrial development since 1900.

The next largest gain is on the Pacific Coast.

Some authorities feel that a "normal level" has been attained by the building industry, and that with the vast natural expansion of the country there is little likelihood of ever returning to the building totals of a decade ago. Pre-war standards of homes, office and public buildings, theatres, schools and churches, no longer prevail. Taking the country by sections, the Mid-West still holds leadership in all types of construction. Illinois, which is supported by the exceptional strength of Chicago, and Wisconsin, Indiana and Ohio, show the largest gains in this section. Approximately 83% of the cities in these States can still absorb a large volume of new construction.

Unsettled labor conditions in the East have materially curtailed construction. A sharp drop in residential building there has been noted. Large projects are waiting to go forward, however, as soon as controversies are adjusted. The New England States are at somewhat of a standstill, while the Southeast, despite the indirect effect of the Mississippi floods, is holding to an even pace. A large volume of new building is in progress there and conditions generally are fundamentally sound. The Southwest is marking time, while San Francisco is making strides to overcome the time lost in the recent labor strike. In the Northwest section, building activity is going along at about the same rate as last year. Generally the outlook is quite favorable.

Prosperity Sustained Despite Adverse Factors, Says Bank of America.

That prosperity is sustained despite adverse factors in trade and industry is indicated in the "Chart of Business Barometers" in the June issue of the "Bank of America Review," made public June 4. Automobile, crude oil and pig iron production increased in April as compared with March, while building contracts and unfilled orders of the U.S. Steel Corporation showed a decline, the latter continuing a downward trend begun in January. Increases in the following indices in April as compared with March are reported in the Bank of America barometers: The total circulation and ratio of reserves to deposits of the Federal Reserve System; total loans to member banks and interest rate on call loans. Total earning assets of the Federal Reserve System declined, as did total bank debits of member banks. Both sterling exchange and francs remained unchanged. The number of commercial failures, as well as the liabilities involved, were higher in April than in March. Increases were also recorded in the indices of bond prices, industrial and railroad stock prices, the volume of shares sold and new securities issued. Merchandise exports and imports also rose.

In addition to other indices, the June issue of the "Bank of America Review" contains articles on "The Mississippi Flood" and "Development of Railway Consolidation."

Seasonal Decreases in New York Factory Employment During May.

Industrial Commissioner James A. Hamilton on June 9 stated that factory employment in New York State continued downward in May. The net decrease of between 1 and 2% was largely seasonal and no greater than is usual at this time of year. The heaviest losses were in the clothing trades but paper and printing concerns reported some reductions. Food industries, on the other hand, were generally busier than in April. This statement is based on monthly reports from a fixed list of manufacturing concerns. The list is made up of representative firms in various industries all over the State and covers approximately 20% of all factory workers. The statement adds:

May returns indicated a high degree of stability in the metals. Half of the industries in this group reported changes of less than 1% in employment. The downward tendency in the machinery and electrical apparatu factories and in the railroad equipment and repair shops was less marked than in April although the reduction in the latter amounted to 2% this month. There was very little change in instruments and appliances, or in automobiles, brass, copper and aluminum or sheet metal and hardware. Iron and steel, and silverware and jewelry both continued downward. The manufacture of structural and architectural iron showed some improvement as did the operation of saw and planing mills. The biggest advance in building materials was in the brick industry again this month.

Almost all of clothing and textile industries reported continued reductions in May. Men's and women's clothing and women's headwear showed the greatest decrease in employment but there were fewer workers employed in the women's underwear factories than in April. The decline in the clothing industry was felt more keenly in the New York City district where the spot market responds quickly to fluctuations in demand. The reopening of two men's furnishings factories in this district, however, brought employment for this industry above the April figure but up-State factories were reducing operations. Most of the textile industries reported decreases of from 1 to $4\,\%$ but cotton goods remained even. Shoe factories were operating at about the same rate as in April.

Reduced employment was fairly general in the paper factories and in plants making paper products. In the printing shops, decreases, although numerous, were not as great. Some of publishing concerns reported a

seasonal reduction in the amount of advertising.

The food industries were the only group where increases in employment were general. Here the advance over April ranged from zero to over 6%. The largest gains were in the tobacco factories where losses were heavy last month but manufacturers of cereal products reported an increase of nearly 5%. Sugar refineries, canneries, packing houses and condensed milk factories were all increasing operations. In the confectionery and beverage factories the gains were partly seasonal.

Business Conditions in Canada as Viewed by Royal Bank of Canada—Canadian and United States Price Levels.

Discussing general conditions in Canada, the Royal Bank of Canada in its monthly letter for June says:

The seeding of wheat lands in the Canadian West has been delayed from three to four weeks, owing to generally inclement weather throughout the territory, with the result that the acreage devoted to wheat this season will be somewhat smaller than last year. According to the Manitoba "Free Press," the reduction in wheat acreage will amount to 25% in Manitoba, 20% in Saskatchewan and 10% in Alberta. In Alberta, the farmers have enjoyed better weather than has been experienced in other parts of the Prairie Province. Since moisture conditions are satisfactory, germination and growth should be rapid with the advent of warm, dry

weather.

The early opening of lake and river transportation stimulated all lines of trade. Car loadings of merchandise and less than carload freight are well in advance of those of last year, giving direct indications of a better feeling in the wholesale and retail trade. The fact that the principal manufacturing establishments throughout Canada are operating at or near capacity and have orders booked that will keep them active for some months to come explains the employment figures for May, which were the largest yet recorded for this month since these figures were first published in 1920. The iron and steel industry, for instance, is more active than at any time in the past three years, with pig iron production for the first four months of the year amounting to 250,000 tons, an amount 14% in excess of last year, and with steel tonnage 331,000, an increase of 27%. The newsprint industry, although operating at only 87% of capacity as compared with 97% last year, has expanded to such an extent that production is 12.6% in excess of that for January to April 1926.

With agricultural prices and wages at relatively high levels, the buying power of the general public is likely to remain satisfactory. Manufacture and wholesale and retail trade will gain by this situation so long as it is possible to reduce costs at a rate equivalent to the fall in prices.

possible to reduce costs at a rate equivalent to the fall in prices.

The price situation in Canada is very similar to that in the United States. According to the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" for April 1926, the wholesale price index of the United States Labor Bureau fell from 155 in February 1926 to 146 in February 1927. Since both countries are on a gold basis and since each country buys a substantial proportion of the other's exports, the price levels of both countries are bound to rise or fall together. For this reason Canadians are intimately concerned with methods that are being used in the United States to maintain stability during the present period of falling prices.

Canadian Price Indices.

In contrast with the fact that the buying power of the Canadian dollar has remained almost unchanged so far as retail prices are concerned, the buying power of the dollar in terms of wholesale prices has increased by 9% during the past year. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics index number weighted according to the commercial importance of 236 commodities fell to 148.5 in April 1927, as compared with a level of 160.2 in April 1926, and the cost of living as judged by the average change in retail prices only fell from 154 to 151. Since wholesale prices have a tendency to move more rapidly than retail prices, it is by no means certain that the average price of retail products will not later show a decline somewhat more proportionate to that which has taken place in the wholesale price level.

portionate to that which has taken place in the wholesale price level. While the drop in the price of vegetable products has been equivalent to that in the general price level—from 187.7 to 160.8—there has been a slight increase in the average price of animals and their products from 137.2 to 138.1. The recent rise in the price of wheat is likely to have a decided effect upon the average price of vegetable products in May. Perhaps the outstanding fact in the present situation is the relationship between agricultural prices and the general price level in Canada. There are few countries in the world at present where the farmer is receiving as great returns for his products in terms of goods as he did in 1913. In Canada, the relationship between agricultural prices and other prices remains distinctly advantageous to the farmer.

So far as the Canadian laborer is concerned, the situation is even more

So far as the Canadian laborer is concerned, the situation is even more satisfactory. With wages in various industries ranging from 69-95% above the 1913 level, according to the report of the Department of Labor, "Wages and Hours of Labor in Canada," the present general price level gives labor much greater buying power than was characteristic in 1913. Should retail prices show any decline comparable to that which has taken place in wholesale prices, it will result in a substantial increase in the real wages of labor.

Building Activities Diminishing.

Building activities throughout the United States have slipped back to levels somewhat below those of 1924, according to official records of building permits issued since the first of the year in the principal cities of the country and made public yesterday by S. W. Straus & Co. In 500 cities a total of \$1,662,784,043 building permits were issued since January 1 compared with \$1,816,578,409 last year. In 1924, when only 400 of these cities were making reports to S. W. Straus

& Co., permits amounted to \$1,696,032,124 or \$34,000,000 more than 500 places reported this year. The consistency with which new building operations in all parts of the United States are settling down was also brought out in the May records of 481 cities amounting to \$352,381,897 compared with \$397,727,640 in May last year, a loss of more than 11 per cent.

Building permit figures have, with the single exception of February 1927, been on a steadily descending scale since last June, according to reports made to S. W. Straus & Co. The loss last July, compared with the same month of the previous year, was 11%. Since then the monthly losses have been as follows: August, 9%; September, 16%; October, 4%; November, 14%; December, 2%; January, 12%; February 5% (gain); March, 5%; April, 13% and May, 11%.

Even in the special group of 25 cities where the greatest volume of building is in progress, May fell 3% below the same month last year, 10% below 1925 and showed only a negligible gain over 1924. For the five months period, the 25-city group was 3% behind the 1926 record, the figures for the respective periods being \$1,044,050,443 this year and \$1,076,834,892 last year.

TWENTY-FIVE CITIES REPORTING LARGEST VOLUME OF PERMITS FOR MAY 1927, WITH COMPARISONS.

		May 1927.	May 1926.	May 1925.	April 1927.
1.	New York P. F	\$71,725,970	\$77,905,083	\$70,698,604	\$89,716,993
2.	Chicago	27,806,500	30,709,700	42,051,450	42,484,200
3.	Philadelphia	12,506,390	10,410,540	14,434,300	11,056,185
	Detroit		19,205,834	17,081,757	13,084,877
5.	Los Angeles	11,563,303	10,702,844	16,602,502	10,458,622
	Milwaukee		3,952,456	4,258,428	5,013,607
7.	Newark, N. J	5,478,333	3,523,792	3,726,690	3,693,058
8.	San Francisco		2,634,875	4,047,811	4,939,212
	Portland, Ore		3,002,925	3,611,195	4,022,170
	Pittsburgh		3,834,282	4,600,713	2.452.482
11.	Cleveland	4,494,575	6,057,275	4,895,925	4,656,325
12.	Cincinnati	3,878,683	3,772,390	4,338,280	3.264.725
13.	Yonkers.	3.672.365	4,377,269	1,792,870	2,383,523
14.	Washington, D. C	3,522,725	5,260,255	6,181,200	4,435,670
15.	Boston P. F.	3,504,231	3,245,308	5,844,161	3,827,521
16.	Rochester	3,381,356	3,569,542	4.975.281	2,185,046
17.	Minneapolis	3.287.775	2,678,050	2.864.785	2,140,840
18.	Baltimore	3,144,900	4,070,300	3,283,200	3,095,000
19.			2,517,289	886,785	906.635
20.		2,769,170	4,467,904	4,781,275	2,570,146
21.	Buffalo	2,730,190	3,092,061	2,085,285	3,557,309
22.		2.686,388	625,871	902,391	491,556
	Seattle		2,895,610	2,580,825	3,181,555
	Indianapolis		1,991,202	2,061,041	1.884.385
25.	Flint	2,405,236	835,495	628,124	2,320,410
		\$208,967,064	\$215,338,152	\$233,214,878	\$227,822,052

Loading of Railroad Revenue Freight Continues to Run Above One Million Cars per Week.

Loading of revenue freight for the eighth week so far this year again exceeded one million cars for the week ended on May 28, the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association announced on June 8. Total loading of revenue freight for that week amounted to 1,026,397 cars, a decrease of 54,389 cars under the corresponding week last year, but an increase of 113,310 cars over the corresponding week two years ago. The total for the week of May 28 was an increase of 9,594 cars over the preceding week this year, due principally to increased shipments of coal, miscellaneous freight, ore, grain and grain products and merchandise and less than carload lot freight. Further details follow:

Miscellaneous freight loading for the week of May 28 totaled 386,477 cars, a decrease of 19,923 cars under the corresponding week last year but 53,448 cars above the same week in 1925.

Loading of merchandise and less than carload lot freight for the week totaled 261,699 cars, a decrease of 4.605 cars under the same week last year but 32,616 cars above the corresponding week two years ago.

Coal loading amounted to 165,723 cars. This was a decrease of 11,875 cars under the same week last year but an increase of 16,119 cars compared with the same week two years ago.

with the same week two years ago.

Grain and grain products loading totaled 39,604 cars, a decrease of 4,585 cars under the same week in 1926 but 2,789 cars over the same week in 1925. In the Western districts alone grain and grain products loading totaled 24,126 cars, a decrease of 1,788 cars under the same week last year.

Live stock loading amounted to 28.336 cars, a decrease of 304 cars under the same week last year but 3,439 cars above the same week in 1925. In the Western districts alone live stock loading totaled 21,068 cars, a decrease of 948 cars below the same week last year.

Forest products loading totaled 71.860 cars, 7,520 cars below the same

Forest products loading totaled 71.860 cars, 7,520 cars below the same week last year but 1,075 cars above the corresponding week in 1925.

Ore loading totaled 62,201 cars, 4,298 cars below the corresponding week

in 1926 but 2,511 cars above the same week two years ago.

Coke loading amounted to 10,497 cars, a decrease of 1,279 cars under the same week last year but 1,313 cars above the same week in 1925.

the same week last year but 1.313 cars above the same week in 1925.

The Pocahontas was the only district to report an increase in the total loading of all commodities compared with the same week last year, but all districts reported increases compared with the same period in 1925.

districts reported increases compared with the same period in 1925.

Loading of revenue freight this year compared with the two previous years as follows:

1927.	1926.	1925.
Five weeks in January 4,524.749	4,428,256	4,456,949
Four week in February 3.823,931	3,677,332	3.623.047
Four weeks in March 4,016,395	3,877,397	3.702.413
Five weeks in April 4,890,749	4,791,006	4.710.903
Four weeks in May 4,096,742	4,145,820	3.869,306
Total21,352,566	20.919.811	20,362,619

Business Conditions in Cleveland Federal Reserve District-Moderate Slackening Reported.

In the Fourth (Cleveland) District, as in the United States, says the Cleveland Federal Reserve Bank in its June 1 "Monthly Review," a moderate slackening has appeared in April and May. The latter month, says the Bank, brought a further seasonal decline in iron and steel operations, but compared favorably with May of last year. Rubber concerns have been busy during the past two months. The outlook for crops throughout most of the district has improved, although heavy rains have interfered with planting to some extent, the Bank states, adding:

Profit margins in general have been declining in this district. Of 34 large manufacturers, 24 report this condition, and it appears to be especially true in the clothing, shoe and lumber industries. Keener competition, resulting in falling prices, is the cause most frequently mentioned.

With regard to retail and wholesale trade conditions, the Bank in part says:

Retail Trade. ...--

Substantial gains in department stores of all reporting cities in this district took place in April as compared with a year ago. This difference was only partly accounted for by the shift in the Easter trade, as March and April together gained about 5% over the same months in 1926 for the district as a whole. Youngstown, with 23.2%, made the largest gain for April, followed by Columbus with 21.5 and Toledo with 15.7. The district increase was 10.8%. For the first four months, all cities except Pittsburgh have made gains, Columbus and Youngstown leading with 14.1 and 9.4, respectively.

Thirty-nine out of 52 separate departments of retail stores in the district recorded gains in April, an unusually large number. The increases were well distributed through the various classes of goods with the exception of yard goods, whose sales have been declining for many months. A remarkable gain of 82.7% took place in ribbons, doubtless caused by the growing use of artificial flowers, which are included in the ribbon department by most stores when conforming to the 52-department classification. Another extraordinary gain of 67% was shown by furs, the explanation here lying in the increase in sales of fur neckpieces.

Sales of 18 wearing apparel firms in April were 11.2% ahead of last year, and the increase for the first four months was 6.3%. Sales of 54 furniture stores increased 4.7% over April 1926.

Wholesale Trade.

This bank's index of the sales of 101 wholesale firms in the Fourth District (1919-1923—100) stood at 81 in April, the lowest for that month in the past five years. Shoe and hardware sales gained in April over last year, but these gains were counteracted by losses in the other three reporting lines.

Sales of 53 wholesale grocery firms in April were less than in any of the preceding four years, the decrease from 1926 being 6.2%. For the first four months, there was a loss of 5.3% from last year. Stocks in April were 6% under a year ago, open book accounts 5.6% less, and colections 1.4% less. The ratio of collections in April to outstanding accounts on March 31 was 76.1%, and the stock turnover rate for April was .526, or 6.31 times a year.

Dry goods sales in April were also lower than for any of the five preceding years, a loss of 7% being shown by that month and of 9.1% for the first four months. Stocks continued to decline, showing a drop of 23.7% from April 1926. Open book accounts were 6.8% less, but collections gained very slightly. The ratio of April collections to March outstandings were 41.6%, and the stock turnover rate was .317, or 3.80 times a year.

Hardware sales in April gained 2.7% over last year, but were lower than in 1923, 1924 and 1925. The first four months gained 0.6% over last year. Stocks fell off 22.1% from a year ago; open book accounts rose 2.4%, and collections gained 5.9%.

Drug sales have shown up consistently better than those of other wholesale lines, and although April brought a loss of 6.5% from last year, it was ahead of the three preceding years. The first four months showed a very slight loss of 0.1% from 1926. Open book accounts were 2.1% more than a year ago, while collections were 4.3% greater.

Shoe sales in April showed a marked increase of 17.8% over last year,

shoe sales in April showed a marked increase of 17.8% over last year, and a gain of 2.4% was recorded for the first four months. Stocks were 4.6% less, open book accounts 16.8% greater, and collections 16.5% greater.

Increase in May in Postal Receipts at Fifty Selected and Industrial Cities.

Postal receipts for May from 50 selected and 50 industrial cities, made public by Postmaster-General New June 6, show an average increase in the former list of 2.72% and in the latter of 3.23%, as compared with revenues for the same month last year. Total receipts of the cities in the selected list for May 1927 were \$29,322,918.04 as compared with \$28,546,638.46 for May 1926, an increase of \$776,279.58.

Total receipts of the cities in the Industrial list for May 1927 were \$3,081,691.54, as compared with \$2,985,128.21 for May 1926, an increase of \$96,563.33.

In the selected list the greatest increase in percentage was reported by Atlanta, Ga., with 17.76% gain over last year. Los Angeles, Calif., was second with 14.89%; Akron, Ohio, third with 14.85; Jersey City, N. J., fourth with 13.84, and Brooklyn, N. Y., fifth with 12.00%.

In the industrial list the greatest percentage of increase was recorded in Reno, Nev., with 28.18%; Scranton, Pa., was second with 23.24%; Charleston, W. Va., third with 20.26%; Bridgeport, Conn., fourth with 19.92; Charlotte, N. C., fifth with 19.76, and Lexington, Ky., sixth with 18.49%. Tabulated figures for both lists follow:

STATEMENT OF POSTAL RECEIPTS AT FIFTY SELECTED OFFICES FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1927.

					Per Ct.	
				1927	1926	1925
4	All the last			Over	Over	Over
****	May 1927.	May 1926.	Increase.	1926.	1925.	1924.
Offices—	8	8	8	%	%	%
New York, N. Y	5,891,618.54	5,559,804.80	331.813.74	5.97	1.70	6.16
Chicago, Ill	4,949,793.29	4,815,508.39	134,284.90	2.79	*.49	9.12
Philadelphia, Pa	1,591,702.12	1,659.192.35	*67,490.23	*4.07	11.19	4.29
Boston, Mass	1,356,341.44	1,304,810.24	51,531.20	3.95	4.29	1.59
St. Louis. Mo	1,020,086.33	1,008,641.40	11,444.93	1.13	3.01	1.20
Kansas City, Mo	796,657.64	835,191.86	*38,534.22	*4.61	11.78	6.96
Detroit, Mich	840,772.67	842,251.83	1,479.16	*.18	10.67	14.70
Cleveland, Ohio	763,665.07	760,161.51	3,503.56	.46	7.25	1.99
Los Angeles, Calif.	775,509.91	675,029.61	100.480.30	14.89	3.45	2.92
San Francisco, Calif.	680,039.52	674,283.15	5.756.37	.89	3.03	4.56
Brooklyn, N. Y	715,340.28	638.688.65	76,651.63	12.00	3.89	6.53
Pittsburgh, Pa	597.941.60	638,976.23	41,034.63	*6.42	10.64	*.16
Cincinnati, Ohio	619,988.78	614,192.33	5,796.45	.94	8.37	11.80
Minneapolis, Minn	481,124,42	509,489.78	*28,365.36	*5.57	*.13	.95
Baltimore, Md	534,762.93	530,045.30	4,717.63	.89	15.53	5.72
Milwaukee, Wis	444,907.19	430,944.72	13,962.47	3.24	.3.76	8.80
Washington, D. C.	434.538.27	426,656.94	7,881.33	1.85	10.87	1.54
Buffalo, N. Y	360.509.14	359,581.70	927.44	.26	*6.84	7.84
St. Paul. Minn	346,232,99	338,908.93	7.324.06	2.16	1.49	1.40
Indianapolis, Ind	376.876.93	378.304.72	*1.427.79	*.38	.09	5.45
Atlanta, Ga	354,554.61	301.092.27	53,462.34	17.76	2.98	5.56
Newark, N. J	336,974.21	315,467.79	21,506.42	6.82	*4.69	19.65
Denver, Colo	293,991.66	290.967.94	3.023.72	1.04	6.00	5.17
Dallas, Tex	289,913.65	275,341.31	14,572.34	5.29	11.69	7.60
Seattle, Wash	267,053.40	259,424.79	7,628.61	2.94	8.14	5.42
Omaha, Neb	240.936.58	249,294.41	*8.357.83	*3.35	4.88	.48
Des Moines, Iowa.	251,668.94	269.767.78	*18.098.84	*6.71	21.15	*4.49
Portland, Oregon	248.524.80	245,377.61	3,147.19	1.28	8.06	1.17
Louisville, Ky	238,627.91	227.086.75	11.541.16	5.08	4.29	2.21
Rochester, N. Y	241,639.39	227.934.10	13,705.29	6.01	3.76	*.69
Columbus, Ohio	226,708.41	229,988.01	*3,279.60	*1.43	3.32	6.86
New Orleans, La	215.940.32	222,633.05	•6,692.73	*3.01	2.36	8.58
Toledo, Ohio	195,658.57	181,900.73	13,757.84	7.56	7.51	3.77
Richmond, Va	164,839.02	162,863.86	1.975.16	1.21	*1.24	7.04
Providence, R. I	164,302.04	147,353.17	16,948.87	11.50	*4.93	5.61
Memphis, Tenn	161,470.30	167.574.00	•6,103.70	*3.64	*2.01	13.39
Dayton, Ohio	186,713.00	178.382.42	8,330.58	4.67	14.53	14.74
Hartford, Conn	181,021.85	176,954.35	4,067.50	2.30	10.56	6.67
Nashville, Tenn	136,074.23	134,521.19	1.553.04	1.15	3.10	6.98
Houston, Tex	157,717.64	147,666.92	10,050.72	6.81	7.59	2.77
Syracuse, N. Y	128.742.89	127,232.63	1,510.26	1.19	.20	*.73
New Haven Conn.	128,325.03	121,993.88	6,331.15	5.19	*5.57	6.98
Grand Rapids, Mich		135,712.70	6.794.52	5.01	5.74	12.66
	133,127.21	115,909.48	17,217.73	14.85	.58	17.65
Akron, Ohio			3,345.96	2.49	29.14	2.48
Fort Worth, Tex Jersey City. N. J	137.563.55	134,217.59 104,394.62	14,445.56	13.84	*2.69	4.23
Springfield, Mass	118,840.18		3,060.60	3.17	.56	2.34
	99,556.28	96,495.68		*1.68	4.02	12.46
Salt Lake City, Utah		106,808.00	*1,797.09 *5,529.61	*5.82	15.01	12.46
Jacksonville, Fla.	89,446.08	94,975.69	10,417.80	10.78	4.77	3.62
Worcester, Mass	107,059.10	96,641.30	10,417.80	10.70	4.77	3.02

_____29,322,918.04 28,546,638.46 776,279.58 2.72 3.98 5.94 Total ..

Feb. 1927 over Feb. 1926, 4.31; March 1927 over March 1926, 3.39; April 1927 over April 1926, 2.91.

STATEMENT OF POSTAL RECEIPTS AT FIFTY INDUSTRIAL OFFICES FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1927.

Total.......3,081,691.54 2,985,128.21 96,563.33 3.23 3.89 8.40 Decrease.

Feb. 1927 over Feb. 1926, 3.54; March 1927 over March 1926, 1.34; April 1927 over April 1926, 3.22.

Business Conditions in Richmond Federal Reserve District-Labor Conditions.

The Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond has the following issued under date of May 31:

Labor conditions have changed little during the past month. There is some unemployment in nearly all sections of the district, but the number of idle workers is not seriously large at any particular point. No one development is responsible for the increase in the ranks of the unemployed during recent months, but a number of industries are somewhat less active than at this time last year. The chief influence at work in reducing employment is the decline in construction work in comparison with the past two or three years, and this decline is felt not only among the building trade

but has naturally affected employment adversely in lumbering, brick yards, cement works, and manufacturers of all kinds of building material. Unfavorable farming conditions the past few seasons have reduced agricultural returns and made it difficult for farmers to hire labor as extensively as formerly. On the other hand, textile mills, tobacco factories, non-union coal mines, shipyards, and other more or less important industries are using full quotas of workers, and road-building gives employment to large numbers

As to the business situation in the district the bank says:

Business in the Richmond Federal Reserve District was relatively better in April than in March, and on the whole compared favorably with the volume of business transacted in April 1926. Reserve bank credit extended to member banks increased during April and the first half of May, due to country bank needs for crop planting, but the increase was moderate. City banks actually reduced their borrowing at the Reserve bank, and their loans to customers declined while their deposits and investments increased. Debits to individual accounts during the four weeks ended May 11 were slightly lower than during the corresponding period last year, but the decrease was much less than the decline in the general price level during the year. Business failures in the fifth district last month were fewer in number than those of April 1926, although the liabilities were greater. Employment is somewhat smaller than in May a year ago, particularly in the construction industry which is less active than in the early months of 1926. Textile mills are operating full time, and have more forward orders than for many months. Agricultural prospects in the district are difficult to estimate so early in the season, but fruit growers appear to the only real sufferers from recent unfavorable weather. Cold weather and late frosts in April and early May cut down the prospective yield based on early spring conditions, and official observers do not expect nearly as large fruit crops as those gathered in 1926. In practically all other agricultural lines, however, prospects are better at this time than they were in late May a year ago, when extreme dryness had prevented planting or germination of seed, had impaired grass and hay fields, and had withered truck crops. Retail trade in April was in larger volume than in April 1926, and wholesale trade, while seasonally below that of March, was about equal to that of April last year.

Business Conditions in Dallas Federal Reserve District.

An increased volume of merchandise distribution at retail in the larger cities and a general improvement in the wholesale trade situation were important developments in the Dallas Federal Reserve District during April, according to the June 1 issue of the "Monthly Business Review" of the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas, which in part also says:

Department store sales reflected a gain of 4% over the previous month and were 6% larger than in the corresponding month last year. wholesale distribution declined seasonally as compared to the previous month, the April volume was larger than in the previous year. The stocks being carried by both retail and wholesale merchants generally are less than those carried a year ago and there appears to be a well-defined policy among retailers to keep purchases closely aligned with consumer demand. Business generally has been well sustained under the existing circumstances and optimism is becoming more general. A further indication of the large volume of public spending is shown by the fact that charges to depositors' accounts at banks in 17 principal centres were 5% larger than a year ago.

The business mortality rate again turned sharply upward in April and indicates that readjustments in business are still taking place. Both the number of failures and the amount of indebtedness were substantially greater than in either the previous month or the corresponding month last year.

The past month has witnessed a material change in the crop situation. The excessive rains and floods in some sections and dry weather in other face accessive rains and thousin some sections and dry weather in ordered sections have had an adverse effect on growing crops and have hindered farm work generally. Small grains have deteriorated rapidly and present prospects point toward less than a normal yield. Planting operations have progressed slowly and grass and weeds have grown rapidly in the wetter areas. While the crop outlook, not altogether encouraging, yet it must be borne in mind that the present handicap can, to a large exte be overcome in a short time should favorable weather prevail. The physical condition of ranges and livestock continues good except in the dry sections where the grass is short and livestock are beginning to shrink.

Construction activity, as measured by the valuation of permits issued at principal cities, reflected a decline of 29% as compared to March and was 33% less than in April 1926. The decline from a year ago was the largest recorded since last October. The production, shipments and new orders for lumber were less than in either March this year or April last year. On the other hand, the production and shipments of cement were slightly larger than in the previous month and substantially larger than in April 1926.

The bank presents the following table showing the situation at a glance:

Donk debite to individual on	April.	March.	Dec. (-).
Bank debits to individual ac- counts (at 17 cities)	\$753,555,000	\$81,621,000	-6.0% +4.1%
Reserve Bank loans to member banks at end of month	\$4,080,510	\$3,844,584	+6.1%
Reserve Bank ratio at end of month	68.1%	71.3%	-3.2 points
Building permit valuations at larger centres	\$8,185,882 75	\$11,547,210 59	$\frac{-29.1\%}{+27.1\%}$
Commercial failures (liabilities). Oil production (barrels)	\$1,685,229 19,871,810	\$1,415,400 20,954,935	+19.1% -5.2%
Lumber orders at pine mills (per cent of normal production)	82 %	87%	-5.0 points

Goodyear Rubber Co. Reduces Small Tire Prices About 5%—Other Companies Expected to Meet Mail Order Cuts on Second Grades.

The following is from the New York "Evening Post"

A reduction of about 5% in the prices of second grade tires to meet the cuts recently made by mail order houses was announced to day by the Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. Only four classes of product are affected

and these are principally in the 3½-inch sizes of the fabric group.

Other leading companies, such as United States Rubber Firestone, Fisk and Goodrich concerns, are expected to follow the Goodyear cut. there is said to be some uncertainty in the trade with regard to the trend of prices for other sizes and grades, the consensus of leading officals was understood to-day to be that no further price changes would be made in the near future.

The Kelly Springfield Tire Co. to-day advanced the price of truck tires 17 to 21%. No change was made in other lines.

Record Selling Causes Collapse of Rubber Market-4,1671/2 Long Tons Dumped Drives Price Off 140 to 170 Points for Year's Low-Crash Here Reflected in London Trading.

Prices for crude rubber collapsed under a deluge of selling orders in this market on June 9, it was noted in the New York 'Journal of Commerce" of yesterday, from which the following is also taken:

So determined were operators in the commodity to get rid of their contracts that the total turnover for the day on the Rubber Exchange was swelled to 4.1671/2 long tons, a new record, while prices for future deliveries went down from 140 to 170 points to the lowest levels in a year.

It was the culmination of eight days of uninterrupted selling on the exchange, followed by bearish operations in the "outside" market—that is among rubber dealers outside of the organized market in Singapore and in London. The bearish movement has been gaining momentum on this side daily for over a week regardless of the trend or the response in those important rubber centers

Decline Marked in London.

And this development is regarded by many in the industry equally important as the present decline. London, financial center of the nation which controls the major portion of the rubber-growing industry in the manner of a monopoly, has been unable to stem the tide of selling in its own market. Cables from London yesterday stated that every decline in the New York cables was followed by fresh selling there, a condition that has prevailed on each day of the decline, and placing control of the world rubber situation in the hands of the New York trade. Rubber was pegged for months in London around the 20d. level prior to

the present downward movement and the local markets reflected this with a stabilized market around 41c. a pound, which varied very little over a long period. Factors in the local market pointed out yesterday that the decline inaugurated here revealed the thin covering to the London stability; that the understructure of the entire rubber situation was weak in consequence of heavy and steadily accumulating supplies, and that the British sellers were maintaining rubber at a price not justified by the available supplies of the commodity.

The bear drive was started on nothing unfavorable in particular, but rather on the combination of several bearish circumstances. crude rubber in the country have increased from 60,870 tons in August 1926, o 92,757 tons at the end of last April, despite an increased consumption rate. Exports of rubber, from the Far East during the first four months of the year were heavy, of which the gain in shipments of Dutch or non-restricted rubber, is a feature. Lastly, the trade has been looking for reductions in tire prices, a development which has been held in abeyance but which many now believe to be close at hand.

Tire Cut a Factor.

The bearish element in the market felt that the reductions announced manufacturers on the second line, or "mail order" tires, Wednesday last was the forerunner of a general slash in prices. That such action is contemplated is denied by the manufacturers. Notwithstanding selling templated by leave and bounds on the cut in second line tires. When London and Singapore responded to the decline in crude on this side, the bears practically "threw everything overboard."

July delivery led in the activity on the exchange yesterday. After opening at 38c., a decline of 90 points, it fell to 37.50c., rallied to 37.70c. and finally closed with a net loss of 130 points. December suffered the heaviest loss, closing 150 points lower, while September, another active delivery, started of 110 points down at 38c. and wound up at 47.70c. for a net loss of 140 points

The outside market also reported the sharpest decline in many months. The spot and June deliveries of ribbed smoked sheets dropped 11/2c. a pound at one time to 37%c., at which a fair business was done for factory account. Later, on the appearance of buying interest at this level, the

account. Later, on the appearance of buying interest at this level, the price moved up to 38%c. offered, a net loss for the day of %c. a pound. The future deliveries outside weakened to a greater extent and July and July-September showed net losses of 1%c. a pound, while October-December settled 1%c. lower for the day. The off grade and lower plantations weakened from 1%c. on the ambers to %c. on rolled brown crepe. The lowest price in a year was reported paid for the popular off-grade rubber "Barbours 21," which sold to a factory at 37c. and 37%c.

Para grades were affected by the liquidation in the standards but to a lesser extent. Up-river fine declined 1c. and the other grades in his group %c. a pound. Mexican rubber, Balatas and other tropical grades declined.

Automobile Price Changes.

The F. B. Stearns Co., manufacturers of Stearns-Knight passenger automobiles, has announced advances in prices ranging from \$100 to \$200 per car on the six-cylinder line and from \$100 to \$400 on the eight-cylinder line. In advising dealers and distributors of the new schedules officials declared that in order to maintain and improve the quality of the product it has been found necessary to get somewhat higher prices.

Lumber Industry Less Active Mississippi Floods Cut Production Under Last Year's Level.

As reflected by comparable telegraphic reports from 309 of the larger commercial softwood, and 147 of the chief hardwood, lumber mills of the country, received by the National Lumber Manufacturers Association for the week ending June 2, there was a recession in the softwood lumber movement, both as compared with the preceding week and with the same period of 1926. The decrease in orders was more marked than that of production and shipment.

The hardwood mills, with six more mills reporting this week, show a slight increase in production with shipments and new business about the same. In comparison with the corresponding week last year, when six more mills reported, there was a heavy decrease in production, due to the Mississippi Valley floods, a slight decrease in shipments and a notable decrease in new business, declares the report issued by the association, from which we quote further details as follows:

Unfilled Orders.

The unfilled orders of 173 Southern Pine and West Coast mills at the end of last weck amounted to 485,223,693 feet, as against 512,060,297 feet for 176 mills the previous week. The 104 identical Southern Pine mills in the group showed unfilled orders of 197,218,599 feet last week, as against 202,628,637 feet for the week before. For the 69 West Coast mills the unfilled orders were 288,005,094 feet, as against 309,431,660 feet for 72 mills a week earlier.

Altogether the 292 comparably reporting softwood mills had shipments 95% and orders 79% of actual production. For the Southern Pine mills these percentages were respectively 100 and 90, and for the Coast mills 99 and 83.

Of the reporting mills, the 263 with an established normal production for the week of 174,936,270 feet, gave actual production 93%, shipments and orders 76% thereof.

The following table compares the lumber movement, as reflected by the reporting mills of seven softwood, and two hardwood, regional assoications, for the three weeks indicated (000 omitted):

	Past Week.		Corresponding Week 1926.		Preceding Week 1927 (Revised).	
	Softwood	Hardwood	Softwood	Hardwood	Softwood	Hardwood
Mills*_ Production Shipments Orders	292 179,453 171,136 142,611	147 17,449 20,372 19,049	364 238,598 251,299 219,916	155 24,090 21,467 23,280	295 193,891 201,003 201,589	135 14,268 20,617 19,278

* Fewer West Coast mills are reporting this year; to make allowance for this, add 21,000,000 to production, 21,000,000 to shipments and 17,000,000,000 to orders in comparing softwood with last year.

Because of considerably smaller number of West Coast mills making

statistical reports this year, cumulative figures comparing production, shipments and orders for 1927 and 1926 are discontinued.

The mills of the California White and Sugar Pine Association make weekly reports, but not being comparable, are not included in the foregoing tables. Seventeen of these mills, representing 56% of the cut of the Callfornia pine region, gave their production for the week as 24,071,000, shipments 19,708,000, and new business 16,103,000. Last week's report from 15 mills, representing 43% of the cut, was: Production, 18,796,000 feet; shipments 15,810,000 and new business 13,808,000.

West Coast Movement.

The West Coast Lumbermen's Association wires from Seattle that new business for the 69 mills reporting for the week ended June 4 was 17% below production, and shipments were 1% below production. Of all new business taken during the week, 34% was for future water delivery, amounting to 17,795,753 feet, of which 13,257,173 feet was for domestic cargo delivery and 4,538,580 feet export. New business by rail amounted to 31,481,135 feet, or 60% of the week's new business. Thirty-seven per cent of the week's shipments moved by water, amounting to 23,191,039 feet, of which 13,054,646 feet moved coastwise and intercoastal, and 10,136,393 feet export. Rail shipments totaled 36,082,039 feet, or 58% of the week's shipments, and local deliveries 2,935,848 feet. Unshipped domestic cargo orders totaled 116,119,077 feet, foreign 71,574,541 feet, and rail trade 100.311.476 feet.

Southern Pine Reports.

The Southern Pine Association reports from New Orleans that for 104 mills reporting, shipments were 0.17% below production and orders were 9.66% below production and 9.51% below shipments. New business taken during the week amounted to 51,498,606 feet (previous week, 51,973,533); shipments, 56,908,644 feet (previous week, 60,315,729); and production, 57,003,883 feet (previous week, 57,793,818). The normal production of these mills is 65,652,300 feet. Of the 103 mills reporting running time, 76 operated full time, 19 of the latter overtime. Five mills were shut down, and the rest operated from two to five and one-half days.

The Western Pine Manufacturers Association of Portland, Ore., with three fewer mills reporting, shows some decrease in production, a marked decrease in shipments, with new business much below that reported for the evious week

The California Redwood Association of San Francisco, Calif., with one ore mill reporting, shows production about the same, a big increase in shipments and a heavy decrease in new business

The North Carolina Pine Association of Norfolk, Va., with two fewer mills reporting, shows some decrease in production, and material decre in shipments and new business.

The Northern Pine Manufacturers Association of Minneapolis, Minn.,

with two more mills reporting, shows more than 100% increase in production, shipments about the same, and a notable decrease in new business.

The Northern Hemlock and Hardwood Manufacturers Association of Oshkosh, Wis. (in its softwood production), with six more mills reporting, shows production about the same, a slight increase in shipments and proceeds 50% reduction in new business. nearly 50% reduction in new business.

Hardwood Reports.

The Northern Hemlock and Hardwood Manufacturers Association of Oshkosh, Wis., reported from twenty mills (six more than reported for the week before) notable increases in production and shipments and new business

about the same as that reported for the preceding week.

The Hardwood Manufacturers Institute of Memphis, Tenn., reported from 127 mills (six more mills than reported for the week earlier) a marked increase in production, a nominal decrease in shipments and new business practically the same as that reported for the previous week. The normal production of these units is 21,336,000 feet.

West Coast Lumbermen's Association Weekly Report.

Seventy-two mills reporting to the West Coast Lumbermen's Association for the week ended May 21 manufactured 78,147,237 feet, sold 86,373,977 feet and shipped 82,766,950 feet. New business was 8,226,740 feet more than production and shipments 4,619,713 feet more than production.

	LE SHOWN ENTS AND	UNFILLED	CION, NEW I	BUSINESS,
Week Ended-	May 28.	May 21.	May 14.	May 7.
Number of mills reporting	72	70	74	72
Production (feet)	78,147,237	71.531.242	74.265.525	76,794,228
New business (feet)	86,373,977	81,249,687	86,257,337	58,875,279
Shipments (feet)	82,766,950	79,441,557	82,600,778	74,147,640
Unshipped balances:		.0,111,001	02,000,110	, 4, 141, 1040
Rail (feet)	107,858,928	114,605,293	119,697,099	123,578,790
Domestic cargo (feet)	127,978,764	112,280,515	110,647,960	105.612.798
Exports (feet)	73,593,968	70,939,180	70,485,189	67,525,672
Total (feet)	309,431,660	297,824,988	300,330,248	296,717,260
First 21 Weeks of-	1927.	1926.	1005	1924.
Average number of mills.	77	1926.	1925.	
Production (feet)	1,540,584,107	2,167,259,759	2,139,431,649	2,101,642,665
New business (feet)	1,049,514,522	2,272,774,360	2,169,856,265	1,970,170,319
Shipments (feet)	1,593,434,840	2,236,747,249	2,186,754,221	2,159,665,970

Lumber Production and Shipments During Month of April.

The "National Lumber Bulletin," published monthly by the National Lumber Manufacturers Association of Washington, D. C., and Chicago, Ill., on June 7 1927 issued the following tabulations showing the production and shipments of lumber during the month of April:

LUMBER PRODUCTION AND SHIPMENTS AS REPORTED MONTHLY BY MEMBER ASSOCIATIONS TO NATIONAL LUMBER MANU-FACTURERS ASSOCIATION FOR APRIL 1927.

		Produ	ction.	Shipments.		
Association—	Mills.	Hardwds.	Softwas.	Hardwds.	Softwds.	
		M Ft.	M Ft.	M Ft.	M Ft.	
California Redwood	16		28,385		36.751	
California White & Sugar Pine Mfrs	20		54,016		93,613	
Florida Dense Long Leaf Pine Mfrs.			7,568		7,564	
North Carolina Pine	53		38,510		37,818	
Northern Hemlock & Hardwood Mfrs	37	40.625	16,159	27,838		
Northern Pine Mfrs	8	40,020	32,541		33,731	
Southern C press Mfrs	8	2,982	9,536	4,550		
Southern Pine	135	2,002	301,346	4,000	320,307	
West Coast Lumbermen's	72		344,146		400 000	
Western Pine Mfrs	37		127,444		127,137	
Lower Michign Mfrs	12	9,713				
Individual reports	22	10,896	17,300	12,619		
Total	426	64.216	978,956	52.491	1,114,391	

LUMBER PRODUCTION AND SHIPMENTS AS REPORTED MONTHLY BY MEMBER ASSOCIATIONS TO NATIONAL LUMBER MANU-FACTURERS ASSOCIATION FOR APRIL 1926.

		Produ	ction.	Shipn	nents.
Association—	Mills.	Hardwds.	Softwds.	Hardwds.	Softwas.
		M Ft.	M Ft.	M Ft.	M Ft.
California Redwood	15		33,506		32,682
California White & Sugar Pine Mfrs	20		140,047		104,765
Florida Dense Long Leaf Pine Mfrs.	7		4.868		3,765
North Carolina Pine	40		25,711		31,137
Northern Hemlock & Hardwood Mfrs					
	41	47,175	15,785		20,293
Northern Pine Mfrs	10		42,478		47,126
Southern Cypress Mfrs	9	2,009			10,962
Southern Pine	163		361,363		392,191
West Coast Lumbermen's	103		418,243		431,915
Western Pine Mfrs	41		146,379		132,120
Lower Michigan Mfrs	10	9,794	1.094	5.018	
Individual reports	32	16,386	47,647	16,122	46,614
Total	491	74.364	1,245,470	52.657	1,255,919

Total production April 1927, 1,043,172,000 ft.; April 1926, 1,319,834,000 ft, Total shipments April 1927, 1,166,882,000 ft.; April 1926, 1,308,576,000 ft.

LUMBER PRODUCTION AND SHIPMENTS AS REPORTED BY STATES BY MEMBER ASSOCIATIONS.

	April 1927.		
	Mills.	Production, Feet.	Shipments, Feet.
Alabama	12	22,724,000	23,772,000
Arkansas	15	29,493,000	31,956,000
California	30	67,388,000	111,474,000
Florida	11	24,616,000	25,884,000
Georgia	10	5,676,000	7,383,000
Idaho	12	51,810,000	44,975,000
Louisiana	39	69,161,000	70,515,000
Michigan	21	25,970,000	21,796,000
Minnesota	4	20,540,000	22,824,000
Mississippi	32	94,836,000	106,289,000
Montana	7	17,233,000	14,293,000
North Carolina	15	7,001,000	8,137,000
Oklahoma	3	7,191,000	6,528,000
Oregon	41	178,305,000	221,462,000
South Carolina	16	10,337,000	9,733,000
Texas	34	69.087.000	
Virginia	15	19,821,000	
Washington	55	239,255,000	
Wisconsin	29	42,532,000	
Others *	25	40,196,000	38,911,000 45,621,000
Total	426	1.043.172.000	1 166 882 000

* Includes mostly individual reports, not distributed.

The Bureau of the Census on Production of Boots and Shoes for April 1927.

The Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, based on reports received from 1,000 manufacturers, representing 1,151 factories, finds that the total production of boots and shoes during the month of April 1927 amounted to 27,678,451 pairs, as compared with 21,276,525 pairs in March and 27,292,266 pairs in February 1927, 26,637,138 pairs in April 1926, and 29,476,442 pairs in April 1925. Comparative figures for January-April show 111,239,799 pairs produced in 1927 and 106,136,767 pairs produced for the same period in 1926.

The April production included 7,269,321 pairs of men's shoes (high and low cut, leather), 1,975,422 pairs of boys'

shoes, 9,145,114 pairs of women's shoes, 3,702,686 pairs of misses. and children's shoes, 2,239,889 pairs of infants' shoes, 219,470 pairs of athletic and sporting shoes (leather), 275,066 pairs of shoes with canvas, satin and other fabric uppers, 236,883 pairs of all-leather slippers for house wear, 1,775,534 pairs of part-leather slippers for house wear, and 839,066 pairs of all other leather or part-leather footwear.

PRODUCTION OF BOOTS AND SHOES: APRIL 1927, 1926 AND 1925; AND COMPARATIVE FIGURES FOR JANUARY-APRIL 1927 AND 1926.

Kind.	Number of Pairs.							
Ama.	April 1927.	A pril 1926.	April 1925.	JanApril 1927.	JanApril 1926.			
Boots and shoes, total High & low cut (leather).	27,678,451	26,637,138	29,476,442	111,239,799	106,136,767			
total	24.332.432	22.803.505	24.852.648	98,935,905	92,402,780			
Men's	7.269.321							
Boys' and youths'	1,975,422							
Women's	9,145,114							
Misses' & children's	3,702,686							
Infants'	2,239,889							
Athletic and sporting		_,	-,,	-,,	-,,			
(leather)	219,470	482,784	645,500	1.216.491	2,091,072			
Canvas, satin, and other		,	,					
fabric *	275.066	515,316	965,867	986,369	2,291,489			
Slippers for house wear.			,					
total	2.012.417	1,872,776	1,901,930	7,127,960	5,906,845			
All leather	236,883	281,092	387,157	1,011,106	929,898			
Part leather	1,775,534	1,591,684	1,514,773	6,116,854	4,976,947			
All other leather or part-			-,,					
leather footwear	839,066	962,757	1,110,497	2,973,074	3,444,58			

* Excludes rubber-soled footwear.

Increase in Sales of Standard Cotton Textiles During May Over Year Ago—Increase in Stocks on Hand.

Sales of standard cotton textiles during May were nearly twice as large as they were a year ago, according to statistics for the month compiled by the Association of Cotton Textile Merchants of New York and made public June 9. Unfilled orders established a new high record, according to the Association, which says:

Sales amounted to 328,144,000 yards, or 141.5% of production, which was 231,874,000 yards. The volume of sales was 91.5% larger than during the corresponding period in 1926. Unfilled orders on June 1 were 572,009,000 yards, or 20% larger than on May 1, and equivalent to nearly ten weeks' production at the rate of output during May.

Shipments amounted to 230,665,000 yards, or 99.5% of production.

Shipments amounted to 230,665,000 yards, or 99.5% of production. Stocks on hand aggregated 177,890,000 yards May 31, an increase of 0.7% during the month.

The reports compiled by the Association are based on yardage statistics on the production and sale of more than 200 classifications of standard cotton cloths during the four weeks of May. They represent a large part of the volume of these goods manufactured in the United States.

A summary showing the records of May 1926 compared with May 1927 follows:

1926.	1927.	Change from 1926.
Production 201,058,0	00 231,874,000	+15.3%
Sales171,394,0	00 328,144.000	+91.5%
Shipments187,796,0	00 230,665,000	+22.8%
Stocks on hand-May 1273,658,0	00 176.681,000	-35.4%
May 31286,920,0	00 177,890,000	-38.0%
Unfilled orders-May 1234,252,0	00 474,530,000	+102.6%
May 31217,850.0	00 572,009,000	+162.6%

Cotton Ginned from the Crop of 1926.

The Department of Commerce will shortly distribute the annual bulletin on cotton production in the United States from the crop of 1926. The statistics were compiled by the Bureau of the Census from the individual returns collected from 15,753 active ginneries located in 978 counties in 19 States. The final figures of cotton ginned are 17,755,070 running bales, counting round as half bales, equivalent to 17,977,374 bales of 500 pounds each. The crop of 1926 was the largest ever harvested in this country, exceeding that of 1914, the next largest crop, by 1,842,444 equivalent 500-pound bales, that of 1925, the third largest, by 1,873,695 bales, and that of 1921, the smallest crop in 30 years, by 10,023,733 bales.

The total as shown in the bulletin is 67,463 running bales in excess of the preliminary figures issued on March 21. At the March canvass the ginners reported the number of bales ginned and furnished an estimate of the number, if any, that they expected to gin thereafter. These estimates totaled 234,041 bales, for some counties amounting to as much as 6,000 bales. In order that the final figures of cotton ginned might represent the actual condition, the Bureau had the local agents in sections showing considerable quantities remaining to be ginned make an additional canvass. While in some instances the ginners fell short of their expected ginnings, in most cases they reported a larger number.

Notwithstanding the unusually large total for the United States, the crop of 1926 was smaller than that of 1925 in Arkansas, Florida, Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, Tennessee and Virginia. The increased ginnings for the country were due principally to the Texas production, which was one and one-half million bales.

larger than for the preceding crop. There were 10,286,155 bales, or 57% of the total, produced west of the Mississippi River, the quantity exceeding that ginned east by 2,594,936 bales.

The bulletin shows the ginnings by States and by counties. It also shows the ginnings to specified dates throughout the season by counties. These detailed figures are of local interest and permit of a closer analysis of the statistics. The following tabular statement shows the final figures of cotton ginned by States for the last three crops. The quantities are given in both running bales, counting round as half bales, and in equivalent 500-pound bales.

COTTON GINNED (EXCLUSIVE OF LINTERS) CROPS OF 1924, 1925 & 1926

		ales (Count Half Bales)		Equivalent 500-Pound Bales.			
State.	1926.	1926. 1925. 1924. 1		1926.	1925.	1924.	
Alabama	1,470,404	1,356,402	985,653	1,497,821	1,356.719	985,601	
Arizona	120,089	115,359	109,950	122,902	118,588	107,606	
Arkansas	1,513,382	1,594,389	1,086,814	1,547,932	1,604,628	1,097,985	
California	128,835	122,260	79,938	131,211	121,795	77,823	
Florida	33,231	40,208	19,756	31,954	38,182	18,961	
Georgia		1,192,952	1,030,202	1,496,105	1,163,885	1,003,770	
Louisiana		912,246	498,386	829,407	910,468	492,654	
Mississippi		1.985.524	1,116,350	1,887,787	1,990,537	1,098,634	
Missouri	215,769	292,950	192,981	217,859	294,262	189,118	
New Mexico	70.206	64.706	55.858	71,000	644,444	55,243	
North Carolina		1.147.340	860.147	1.212.819	1.101.799	825.324	
Oklahoma	1,760,644	1,680,304	1,506,077	1,772,784	1,691,000	1,510,570	
South Carolina		929,040	837.815	1.008,068	888,666	806,594	
Tennessee		513,130	355,919	451,533	517.276	356,189	
Texas		4.098,249	4.850,956	5,630,831	4,165,374	4,951,059	
Virginia			40,180	51,329	52,535	38,746	
All other States					23,521	12,062	
United States	17,755,070	16,122,516	13,639,399	17,977,374	16,103,679	13,627,93	

Il neludes Illinois, Kansas and Kentucky.

May Figures of Raw Silk Imports, Stocks, Deliveries, &c.

According to the June 4 statement of the Silk Association of America, Inc., the approximate deliveries of raw silk to American mills during May amounted to 45,486 bales, as compared with 47,853 bales in April, and representing a decrease in consumption during May of 2,367 bales. The May imports were 49,264 bales, as compared with 4,486 bales in April. At the end of May the amount of raw silk in storage stood at 35,527 bales, against 31,749 at the end of April. The following are the statistics made public by the Association:

RAW SILK IN STORAGE JUNE 1 1927—BALES. (As reported by the principal warehouses in New York City.)

	European	Japan.	All Other.	Total.		
Stocks May 1 1927 Imports month of May 1927*	835 100	24,706 43,311	6,208 5,853	31,749 49,265		
Total amount avail. during May Stock June 1 1927_a	935 790	68,017 28,642	12,061 6,095	81,013 35,527		
Approximate deliveries to Ameri-	145	39,375	5.966	45.486		

* Imports at New York during current month and at Pacific ports previous to the time allowed in transit across the Continent (covered by manifests Nos. 71 to 89 inclusive). b Includes re-exports. a Includes 2,681 bales held at railroad terminals at end of month (part of manifests 85, 86, 87, 89.).

SUMMARY

	Imports During the Month.*			Storage at End of Month a			
	1927.	1926.	1925.	1927.	1926.	1925.	
January	48,456	43,650	37,084	52,627	47,326	58.732	
February	33,991	38,568	39,046	43,758	43,418	60.249	
March	38,600	31,930	31,571	33,116	35,948	46.663	
April	46,486	31,450	32,648	31,749	30.122	39,271	
May	49,264	35,120	41,512	35,527	31,143	42.517	
June		35,612	41,074		29,111	44,016	
July	****	37,842	35,595		27.528	35,598	
August	****	46,421	40,466	****	28.006	32,017	
September		50,415	52,375	****	34.459	42,708	
October		48,403	43,530	****	35,094	39.423	
November		59.670	49,238		47,130	46.813	
December		45,119	45,495	****	52,478	49,824	
Total.	216.797	504.200	489.634				
Average monthly	43,359	42,017	40,803		36.814		
	43,359 Appro	42,017	40,803	Approxima between J		in Transi New York	
	43,359 Appro	42,017	40,803	Approxima between J	ate Amount	in Transi New York	
Average monthly	Appre	42,017 oximate Del	40,803	Approximate between J	ate Amount apan and N End of Mon	in Transi New York uh. 1925.	
Average monthly	43,359 Approto A: 1927.	42,017 extmate Del merican M	teeries ills.b	Approximate between J	ate Amount apan and N End of Mon	in Transi New York uh. 1925.	
Average monthly January February	Appre to A: 1927.	42,017 ozimate Del merican M 1926. 46,148	40,803 liveries ills.b	Approxima between J 1927.	ate Amount apan and M End of Mon 1926.	In Trans New York uh. 1925. 18,900 12,400	
Average monthly	43,359 Approto A: 1927. 48,307 42,860	42,017 eximate Del merican M 1926. 46,148 42,476 39,400	40,803 dvertes ills,b 1925. 39,885 37,529 45,157	Approxima between J ————————————————————————————————————	ate Amount apan and N End of Mon 1926. 14,800 14,400 18,400	In Transi New York uh. 1925. 18,900 12,400 12,705	
January February March April	43,359 Approto A: 1927. 48,307 42,860 49,242 47,853	42,017 eximate Del merican M 1926. 46,148 42,476 39,400 37,276	40,803 livertes ills,b 1925. 39,885 37,529	Approxima between J ————————————————————————————————————	ate Amount apan and M End of Mon 1926. 14,800 14,400 18,400 18,700	In Transi New York th. 1925. 18,900 12,400 12,705 16,969	
January February March April	43,359 Appro to A: 1927. 48,307 42,860 49,242	42,017 ozimate Del mertcan M 1926. 46,148 42,476 39,400 37,276 34,099	40,803 teertes tlls,b 1925. 39,885 37,529 45,157 40,040 38,266	Approxima between J 1927. 17,700 19,000 21,700 25,000 22,900	nte Amount apan and M End of Mon 1926. 14,800 14,400 18,400 18,700 18,000	In Transi New York th. 1925. 18,900 12,400 12,705 16,969 19,100	
January February March April May	43,359 Approto A: 1927. 48,307 42,860 49,242 47,853 45,486	42,017 eximate Del merican M 1926. 46,148 42,476 39,400 37,276 34,099 37,644	40,803 tertes tlls,b 1925. 39,885 37,529 45,157 40,040 38,268 39,575	Approximo between J 1927. 17,700 19,000 21,700 25,000 22,900	ate Amount apan and Nend of Mon 1926. 14,800 18,400 18,700 18,300 18,300	In Transi New York th. 1925. 18,900 12,400 12,705 16,969 19,100	
January Jebruary March April May June	43,359 Approto A: 1927. 48,307 42,860 49,242 47,853 45,486	42,017 oximate Dei merican M 1926. 46,148 42,476 39,400 37,276 34,099 37,644 39,425	1925. 39,885 37,529 45,157 40,040 38,266 39,575 44,013	Approximate tween J 1927. 1927. 17,700 19,000 21,700 25,000 22,900	nte Amount apan and N End of Mon 1926. 14,800 14,400 18,400 18,700 18,000 18,300 23,000	1925. 18,900 12,400 12,705 16,969 19,100 15,000 19,500	
January January February March April May June June	43,359 Approto A: 1927. 48,307 42,860 49,242 47,853 45,486	42,017 eximate Del merican M 1926. 46,148 42,476 39,400 37,276 34,099 37,644 39,425 45,943	40,803 dertes ulls,b 1925. 39,885 37,529 45,157 40,040 38,266 39,575 44,013 44,047	Approxima between J 1927. 17,700 19,000 21,700 25,000 22,900	tle Amount apan and Nend of Mon 1926. 14,800 14,400 18,400 18,700 18,000 23,000 23,000 24,000	1n Transi New York 4th. 1925. 18,900 12,400 12,705 16,969 19,100 15,000 19,500 27,600	
January February March April June June July August September	43,359 Approto A: 1927. 48,307 42,860 49,242 47,853 45,486	42,017 eximate Delmertcan M 1926. 46,148 42,476 39,400 37,276 34,099 37,644 39,425 45,943 43,962	40,803 teertes tlls.b 1925. 39,885 37,529 45,157 40,040 38,266 39,575 44,013 44,047 41,684	Approxima between J 1927. 17,700 19,000 21,700 25,000 22,900	1926. 1926. 14.800 14.400 18.400 18.700 18.300 23.000 24.000 23.900	1n Transi New York th. 1925. 18,900 12,400 12,705 16,969 19,100 15,000 19,500 27,600 19,162	
January February March April May June July August Beptember October	43,359 Approto A: 1927. 48,307 42,860 49,242 47,853 45,486	42,017 eximate Delmertcan M: 1926. 46,148 42,476 39,400 37,276 34,099 37,644 39,425 45,943 43,962 47,768	40,803 deertes uls,b 1925. 39,885 37,529 45,157 40,040 38,266 39,575 44,013 44,047 41,684 46,815	Approxima between J 1927. 1927. 17,700 19,000 21,700 25,000 22,900	11e Amount apan and N End of Mon 1926. 14.800 14.400 18.700 18.300 23.000 24.000 23.900 32.400	1n Transi New York 4th. 1925. 18,900 12,400 12,705 16,969 19,100 27,600 19,500 27,600 19,162 27,800	
January February March April June June July August September	43,359 Approto A: 1927. 48,307 42,860 49,242 47,853 45,486	42,017 eximate Delmertcan M 1926. 46,148 42,476 39,400 37,276 34,099 37,644 39,425 45,943 43,962	40,803 teertes tlls.b 1925. 39,885 37,529 45,157 40,040 38,266 39,575 44,013 44,047 41,684	Approxima between J 1927. 17,700 19,000 21,700 25,000 22,900	1926. 1926. 14.800 14.400 18.400 18.700 18.300 23.000 24.000 23.900	1n Transd Vew York 1925. 18,900 12,400 12,705 16,969 19,100 15,000 19,500 19,162 27,800 23,500	
January February March April May June June Beptember October November	43,359 Approto A: 1927. 48,307 42,860 49,242 47,853 45,486	42,017 ozimate Del mertcan M 1926. 46,148 42,476 39,400 37,276 34,099 37,644 39,425 45,943 43,962 47,768 47,634	40,803 teeries tlls.b 1925. 39,885 37,529 45,157 40,040 38,266 39,575 44,013 44,047 41,684 46,815 41,848	Approxima between J 1927. 17,700 19,000 21,700 25,000 22,900	ate Amount apan and Mend of Mon 1926. 14.800 14.400 18.400 18.700 23.000 23.000 23.900 32.400 19.700	1n Transi New York 4th. 1925. 18,900 12,400 12,705 16,969 19,100 15,000 19,500 27,600	

• Imports at New York during current month and at Pacific ports previous to the time allowed in transit across the Continent (covered by manifests No. 71 to 89 inclusive). b Includes re-exports. a Includes 2,681 bales held at railroad terminals at end of month (part of manifests 85, 86, 87, 89).

Transactions in Grain Futures During May on Chicago Board of Trade and Other Markets.

Revised figures showing the volume of trading in grain futures on the Board of Trade of the City of Chicago, by days, during the month of May, together with monthly totals for all "contract markets," as reported by the Grain Futures Administration of the United States Department of Agriculture, were made public June 6 by L. A. Fitz, Grain Exchange Supervisor, at Chicago. The statement shows total transactions at all markets during May of 2,201,108,000 bushels, compared with 1,558,178,000 bushels a year ago. On the Chicago Board of Trade the transactions during May this year totaled 1,960,130,000 bushels, against 1,379,286,000 bushels in the same month last year. We give below the details—the figures listed representing sales only, there being an equal volume of purchases.

	VOLUE	ME OF	TRADIN	G.			
	in Thouse			e., 000 (mitted.		
May 1927.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye. I	Barley.	Flaz.	Total.
1 Sunday	10 110	00 040		0.000			00 010
2		29,848	6,283	2,633		~~~	88,213
3		12,778	5,586	2,780			65,511
4	35,805	27.074	6.213	1,763			70,855
8		25,080	5,257	2,151			75,687
6		24,607	4,917	2,298			70,460
7	43,670	15,189	7,206	1,796			67,861
8 Sunday							
9	41,738	18,996	4,930	1,056			66,720
10		13,473	3,932	2,243			69,479
11		27,756	6.291	1,664			72,494
12		21,788	7,212	1,227			62,316
13		17,174	3.755	1,012			49,365
14		23,353	3,530	484			40,749
15 Sunday		20,000	0,000	-0-			2011.20
16	29,600	25,600	3,936	1,154			60,290
17		24,795	4,822	1,361			60,663
		35,066	4.871	1,546			92,720
			8,114	2,822		~	96,343
19		37,630					
20		26,345	5,152	1,431			64,014
21	_ 35,258	21,947	2,999	875			61,079
22 Sunday							
23	_ 50,589	20,900	3,397	2,704			77,590
24	77,324	29,979	4,527	5,237			117,067
25		31,817	9,076	5,225			119,020
26	40,693	24,992	4,019	1,830			71,534
27	- 75,166	42,579	13,797	3,114			134,656
28	44,874	35,937	17,962	2.614			101,387
29 Sunday							
30 Holiday							
31	- 52,172	35,188	13,391	3,300			104,057
Chi DA -4 Th- 4-4-1	1.004.400	040.001	110 110	74.000			1 000 120
Chicago Bd. of Tr. total			116,445	54,326			1,960,130
Chicago Open Board		16,726	1,534	21			56.749
Minneapolis C. of C			13,705	4,254	1,584	1,030	72,338
Kansas City Bd. of Tr.		20,214	44				65,138
Duluth Board of Trade				6,289	12	1,768	16,682
St. Louis Mer. Ex		1,911					6,532
Milwaukee C. of C	_ 3,163	3,610	1,668	751			9,192
New York Produce Exc	h 13,018		90				13,108
Seattle Mer. Exch	_ 1,189						1,189
Los Angeles Gr. Exch.							50
San Francisco C. of C.							
Baltimore C. of C.							

"OPEN CONTRACTS" IN FUTURES ON THE CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE

FOR MAY 1927 (BUSHELS).					
	("S ort" side of contracts only, th	ere being an e	equal volume	open on the "	'long" side.)
	May 1927 Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Total.
	1 Sunday				
	2*64,409,000	68,468,000	a35,103,000	a9,503,000	177,483,000
	3 67,037,000	68,165,p00	34,292,000	8.869,000	178,363,000
١	4 68,386,000	67,806,000	33,712,000	8,625,000	178,529,000
ı	5 67,841,000	68,476,000	32,553,000	8,382,000	177,252,000
1	6 68,321,000	68,343,000	32,071,000	8,480,000	177,215,000
l	7 68,227,000	68,263,000	31,835,000	8,073,000	176,398,000
l	8 Sunday				
ı	9 69,329,000	67,795,000	31,468,000		176,509,000
ŀ	10 68,354,000	67,922,000	*31,412,000		175,876,000
١	11 67,234,000	*65,985,000	31,964,000		173,197,000
١	12 67,471,000	67,279,000	32,994,000		175,554,000
ı	13 68,862,000	66,327,000	32,778,000		176,011,000
ı	14 68,544,000	66,972,000	32,845,000	8,047,000	176,408,000
١	15 Sunday	AT 000 000	80 005 000	W 040 000	170 697 000
ı	16	67,989,000	32,985,000	7,962,000	176,637,000
l	17 68,807,000	69,104,000	31,648,000	8,118,000	
ı	18	69,861,000	32,136,000 $32,699,000$	8,313,000	
l	20	69,014,000	32,272,000	8,679,000	
ı	21	70,490,000 70,322,000	32,330,000	8,856,000 8,890,000	
1	22 Sunday	10,322,000	32,330,000	8,890,000	104,140,000
I	23 72.447.000	71,066,000	32.255,000	9.166.000	184,934,000
l	24 70,406,000	70,785,000	32.311.000		182,507,000
ı	25 70,400,000	72,502,000	32,514,000		184,071,000
١	26 71,362,000		32,108,000		185,454,000
ı	27 69,827,000	72,873,000	33,760,000		185,319,000
l	28 68,727,000	72,262,000	34,875,000		184,644,000
1	29 Sunday				
۱	30 Holiday				
١	31*68,246,000	71,702,000	35,019,000	8,833,000	183,800,000
I					
ı	Aterage—	en noe non			**** *** ***
١	May 1927 68,957,000		32,798,000		*179,588,000
ı	May 1926 85,088,000 April 1927 80,193,000				185,616,000
ı					217,745,000
ł	March 1927 86.896,000 February 1927 87.976,000	a84,959,000 77,933,000			235,350,000 231,306,000
1	January 1927 90,024,000				220,978,000
ı	December 1926 94,547,000				214,116,000
1	November 1926 a108,933,000				a237,850,000
1	October 1926100,156,000				217,568,000
1	September 9126102,235,000	*46,780,000			208.728.000
1	August 1926 99,118,000	53,544,000			208,516,000
1	July 1926 87,023,000				183,009,000
1	June 1926 84,845,000				191,851,000
1	* Low, a High.		_		
-1				_	

Crude Oil Prices Remain at Same Level-Gasoline Prices Change in a Few Localities.

No changes occurred in the price of crude oil throughout the week, the schedules remaining at recent low levels. In the case of gasoline, however, a few changes, affecting limited areas, were announced, one of the earliest changes being made by the Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey which on June 4 advanced export navy gasoline in cases 1/2 cent a gallon to 24.90 cents per gallon.

On June 6, reports from Minneapolis, Minn., stated that the price of gasoline was further reduced 1c. a gallon to 16c. at filling stations. In Denver on June 7, independents advanced the prices of gasoline 2c. a gallon, making the new price 20c. The Continental Oil Co. followed the advance, effective June 8, including Denver, Pueblo, Grand Junction and Cheyenne. A gasoline price war at Gary, Ind., has spread to Hammond, East Chicago, Indiana Harbor and other points. Leading sellers are 3 cents a gallon below normal, with others as low as 5 cents below

Wholesale prices at Chicago on June 10 were as follows: U. S. motor grade gasoline 6%c.; kerosene, 41-43 water white, 41/4 @41/2 c.; fuel oil, 24-26 gravity 921/2 @95.

Crude Oil Production Surpasses Previous High Record.

The daily average gross crude oil production in the United States during the week ended June 4 reached the new high record of 2,507,300 barrels. This was an increase of 9,000 barrels over the average for the preceding week and topped the previous high record—that of 2,506,400 barrels per day in the week of May 7 1927-by 900 barrels, according to figures compiled by the American Petroleum Institute. The heaviest increases compared with the preceding week's output occurred in California, Colorado, Oklahoma and the Panhandle of Texas. The following table shows the estimated daily average gross production by districts for the weeks mentioned:

TATTY	ATTO ACTO	PRODUCT	TATA S
DALLE	AVERAGE	PRODUCT	LO IN

(In Barrels.)	June 4 '27.	May 28 '27.	May 21 '27.	June 5 '26
Oklahoma	751.500	747,200	736,700	455.850
Kansas	113,750	115.200	114.500	107.450
Panhandle Texas	140.450	137,450	134,100	38,700
North Texas	87,450	88,200	89,450	83.050
West Central Texas	75,600	73,750	188,000	53,600
West Texas		118,600		32,500
East Central Texas	38.500	38,850	39,350	54,100
Southwest Texas		34.650	34,900	36,800
North Louisiana			48,450	61,450
Arkansas			113,400	173.350
Coastal Texas		137.550		77,750
Coastal Louisiana	14.500	15,000	15,600	13,100
Eastern				106,500
Wyoming	61.950	60,250	64.550	70,950
Montana	13,700	13,700	13.750	28,000
Colorado				7.450
New Mexico				4.350
California		626,000	627,700	604,500
*** . *	0 505 000	0 100 000	0 170 000	0.000 450

Total 2,507,300 2,498,300 2,478,000 The estimated daily average gross production of the Mid-Continent field, including Oklahoma, Kansas, Panhandle, North, West Central, East Central and Southwest Texas, North Louisiana and Arkansas, for the week ended June 4 was 1,519,950 barrels, as compared with 1,514,800 barrels for the preceding week, an increase of 5,150 barrels. The Mid-Continent production excluding Smackover, Arkansas, heavy oil was 1,431,350 barrels, as compared with 1.425,100 barrels, an increase of 6,250 barrels

In Oklahoma, production of North Braman is reported at 4,950 barrels. against 5,650 barrels; South Braman, 3,350 barrels, no change; Tonkawa, 21,950 barrels, against 22,750 barrels; Garber, 14,300 barrels, against 14,850 barrels; Burbank, 45,550 barrels, against 44,450 barrels; Bristow-Slick, 27,150 barrels, against 27,100 barrels; Cromwell, 12,650 barrels, no change; Papoose, 7,100 barrels, against 6,850 barrels; Wewoka, 19,050 barrels, against 19,100 barrels; Seminole, 296,750 barrels, against 293,550 bar-

reis: and Earlsbero, 63,750 barrels, against 63,300 barrels.
In Panhandle Texas, Hutchinson County is reported at 112,600 barrels, against 107,350 barrels, and Balance Panhandle, 27,850 barrels, against 30,100 barrels. In East Central Texas, Corsicanc Powell, 19,000 barrels, 30,100 barrels. In East Central Texas, Corsicanc Powell, 19,000 barrels, against 19,050 barrels; Nigger Creek, 4,000 barrels, against 4,100 barrels; Brown County, West Central Texas, 28,800 barrels, against 25,900 barrels; Reagan County, West Texas, 26,400 barrels, against 26,650 barrels; Crane and Upton counties, 65,650 barrels, against 62,250 barrels; and in the Southwest Texas field, Luling, 16,450 barrels, against 16,600 barrels; Laredo District, 14,000 barrels, against 14,050 barrels; Lytton Springs, 21,00 barrels, against 14,050 barrels; Lytton Springs, 21,00 barrels, against 21,50 barrels. In North Louising, Haynesville is Laredo District, 14,000 barrels, against 14,050 barrels; Lytton Springs, 2,100 barrels, against 2,150 barrels. In North Louisiana, Haynseville is reported at 7,700 barrels, against 7,750 barrels; Urania, 8,050 barrels, against 8,150 barrels; and in Arkansas, Smackover light, 11,300 barrels, against 10,950 barrels; heavy, 88,600 barrels, against 89,700 barrels; and Lisbon, 3,850 barrels, no change. In the Gulf Coast field, Hull is reported at 17,550 barrels, against 17,900 barrels; West Columbia, 9,970 barrels, against 10,000 barrels; Spindletop, 57,900 barrels, against 58,000 barrels; Orange County, 5,500 barrels, against 5,100 barrels, and South Liberty,

3.100 barrels, against 3,250 barrels.

In Wyoming, Salt Creek is reported at 45,600 barrels, against 42,950 barrels; and Sunburst, Montana, 11,200 barrels, no change.

In California, Santa Fe Springs is reported at 41,000 barrels, no change; Long Beach, 96,000 barrels, against 94,000 barrels; Huntington Peach, 76,000 barrels, no change; Torrance, 23,500 barrels, against 24,000 barrels; Dominguez, 17,500 barrels, no change; Rosecrans, 10,500 barrels, no change; Inglewood. 36,000 barrels, no change; Midway Sunset, 91,000 barrels, no change; Ventura Avenue, 37,700 barrels, against 38,800 barrels, and Seal Beach, 54,000 barrels, against 44,000 barrels.

April Production of Railroad Locomotives.

May shipments of railroad locomotives from principal manufacturing plants, based on reports received by the Department of Commerce, totaled 109 locomotives, as compared with 98 in April and 140 in May 1926. The following table gives the shipments and unfilled orders of locomotives for each month since January 1926:

RAILROAD LOCOMOTIVES.

Year.	Shipments.					Unfil	led Orde	rs, En	d of M	onth.		
and Month.	Total.	Dome	stic.	Foreign.		Foreign.		Total.	Dome	stic.	Fore	lgn.
Month.	Total.	Steam.	Elec.	Steam.	Elec.	Total.	Steam.	Elec.	Steam.	Elec.		
1926.												
Jan.	126	91	11	22	2	653	506	53	52	42		
Feb	163	101	22	38	2	572	442	-	30	40		
March .	162	146	11	4	1	780	635	50	54	41		
April	151	122	12	lil	16	713	580	44	60	29		
May	140	105	14	12	9	726	585	46	72	23		
Total												
(5 mos.)	742	565	70	77	30							
June	159	133	11	12	3	667	522	53	72	20		
July	132	82	20	30		555	445	36	51	23		
Aug	124	78	16	23	7	525	455	26	28	10		
Sept	134	109	13	5	7	498	386	24	77	11		
Oct	151	124	15	12		390	286	20	71	13		
Nov	128	109	15	3	1	516	391	27	84	15		
Dec	185	152	17	5	11	398	297	14	79	8		
Total												
(year)	1755	1352	177	167	. 59							
1927.												
Jan	. 57		8	31	2	405		16	49	6		
Feb	. 80	69	10		1	396	314	22	51	9		
March.	137		11	42		385		48	27	9		
April	. 98	72	23	3		327	255	35	27	10		
May	109		15	13	4	428	380	28	7	13		
Total												
(5 mos.) 481	318	67	89	' 7		1					

Steel Operations Remain Unchanged, Though Buying Recedes-Pig Iron Trend Is Sluggish.

Steel demand, while showing in the first full week of June continued gradual recession in new business, is releasing sufficiently increased tonnage against orders for such material as sheets, strips and pipe to keep operations on the shole substantially unchanged, declares the June 9 issue of the "Iron Age" in viewing the market situation this week. Again does the activity, in the light of reduced railroad and agricultural purchases, serve to show the heavy consumption of industry in general, observes this journal, from which we further quote:

Expectation that the production of steel ingots for the first half of the year will be equal to the high record of 24,154,000 gross tons of the first half of 1926 is strengthened by the figures for May. The output of 4,046,-200 tons is only 2% off from April and brings the five months to one-half per cent under the total of the same period a year ago.

Close matching of the record would follow a reduction of as much as 5% in June from May, as occurred last June, although the month so far does not indicate so steep a decline. May as well as February, March and April were each larger production months this year than last.

What may be taken as the first test of sheet prices was several fair sized sales of autobody sheets for delivery after July 1 at the advance to 4.25c.. Pittsburgh, set up some weeks ago. The buyers are numbered among those Pittsburgh, set up some weeks ago. who usually secure concessions.

Against this movement and some business from the automobile trade in cold-rolled strips placed at the new higher quotations, is evidence, particularly in the East, of weakness in the heavy tonnage products. Quotations of 1.80c., Pittsburgh basis, appear from especially attractive lots of steel bars, with 1.75c. named on good tonnages of plates and 1.75c., and as low as 1.70c., on structural material. Spirited competition between Carnegie and Bethlehem special sections has developed.

The week was notable in railroad car purchases, the total being in excess of all the cars bought last month. The Illinois Central ordered 4,500 freight cars and the Reading 1,000. The Illinois Central also covered for 15 locomotives and the New York Central for 39.

Structural steel lettings for the week total 23,600 tons, mostly in small

work. Projects under negotiation call for 25,000 tons, including 8,900 tons for New York subway construction.

Pittsburgh reports bookings of 24 barges requiring 3,600 tons of plates

and small shapes, making 45 in all lately placed.

Increased shipments of large diameter gas piping are making up to a large extent for losses in oil well tonnage. The National Tube Co. booked an order from the Prairie Oil Co. for 100 miles of 16-in. and 60 miles of 12½-in. pipe, and a 300-mile line of 22-in. pipe is reported closed.

Comparatively large specifications received by strip makers against second quarter tonnages have quickened the demands on producers of billets and slabs.

Revised figures of May's pig iron output show a daily production of 109,-385 tons, or 4.1% below the April average. The 211 furnaces in blast on June 1 were making iron at a daily rate of 107,445 tons, compared with 112,955 tons on May 1 for the 220 stacks then active.

Pig iron melt is improving in the New York metropolitan area and in the Detroit district, where automotive foundries are going into full production of castings for new models. Generally, however, shipments to foundries are considerably below those of a year ago and iron now on order will be carried well into the third quarter. Although some inquiry for next quarter is appearing at Cleveland, New York and Buffalo, heavy buying for that delivery is not looked for. A steel company on the Ohio River has bought 1,000 tons of basic iron for barge delivery from East St. Louis.

Scrap is weak, with declines in heavy melting steel at Chicago, St. Louis and Buffalo. A recent shipment of 5,000 tons of old carwheels from New Orleans to Japan reflects a heavier demand for scrap in that country following reduced ore shipments from China.

Spot furnace coke at Connellsville is firmer, but only to the extent that freshly drawn coke is encountering less competition from loaded cars.

British makers did not gain much, apparently, by their reduction of ferro-anganese to \$90, Atlantic seaboard. A liberal estimate of American manganese to \$90, Atlantic seaboard. requirements over the last half which they will supply does not exceed 7,000 tons

German exporting of steel is dull in contrast with unusually active domestic conditions, but increased rebates have been established to further German exports in manufactured products.

Both the "Iron Age" composite prices remain unchanged, that for pig iron standing at \$19.07 a ton for the fourth week and that for finished steel at 2.374c. a lb. for the second week. The price tables this week are as

Finished Steel.	1		Pig Ire	on.		
Finished Steel. June 7 1927, 2.374 Cents per Pound.	. 1	June 7 19	27, \$19.07	per Gros	s To	n.
One week ago	4c.	One week ag	0		\$1	9.07
One month ago2.35:	3e.	One month a	go		1	9.13
One year ago2.410	Oc.	One year ago			2	0.39
10-year pre-war average1.689	9c.	10-year pre-v	var averag	e	1	5.72
Based on steel bars, beams, tank plat-	es,	Based on a	verage of	basic iro	n at	Val-
plain wire, open-hearth rails, black pi	lpe	ley furnace as	nd foundry	irons at	Chic	ago,
and black sheets, constituting 87% of t	the	Philadelphia,	Buffalo,	Valley	and	Bir-
United States output. High. Low.		1	High.	L	ow.	
1927 2.453e., Jan. 4 2.339e., Apr.	26	1927\$19.71	, Jan. 4	\$18.96,	Feb	. 15
1926_2.453c., Jan. 5 2.403c., May	18	1926 21.54	Jan. 5	19.46,	July	13
1995 9 560e Jan 6 2 396e Aug.	18	1925 22.50	Jan. 13	18.96	July	7
1924. 2.789c., Jan. 15 2.460c., Oct.	14	1924 22.88	, Feb. 26	19.21,	NO	v. 3
1923 2.824c., Apr. 24 2.446c., Jan.	2	1923 30.86	, Mar. 20	20.77.	No	r. 20
Steel ingot production in	M	ay was at	the rate	of 4,0	46,	214

Steel ingot production in May was at the rate of 4,046,214 tons, which registered a negligible decline from 4,129,952 tons in April and exceeded 3,927,979 tons of last May, reports the "Iron Trade Review" on June 9. On a revised basis, steelmaking capacity of the country now is being estimated at 51,000,000 tons instead of 55,850,000 tons. Production in May was at the rate of 94 9-10% capacity. In five months ended with May, ingot production totaled 20,308,375 tons, compared with 20,419,656 tons in the opening five months of 1926. This virility in ingot output is in sharp contrast to weakness which has been developing in quotations on heavy finished steel, declares the "Review" in summarizing conditions in the trade. It then adds:

Production at the rate approximating last year's record has been made possible, in face of curtailed demand from such tonnage buyers as railroads and automotive interests by a satisfactory aggregate of small orders from moderate and small-sized consumers. This condition greatly intensified competition and in turn has been sapping the strength of the price structure. Now that seasonal decline in new business has become slightly more pronounced, a downward tendency in prices has gained momentum on plates, shapes and bars in the Pittsburgh consuming territory. The general market now is 1.85c., base, Pittsburgh, with 1.80c. and sometimes less applying on tonnage orders. In some districts the trend toward quoting 1.80c. generally on plates is growing. While Chicago mills still quote 2c. on heavy finished material in their immediate territory, this level is being undermined by weakness in the Pittsburgh district. Freer offering of foreign steel along the Atlantic seaboard is aggravating the price situation there. Shapes and bars at Pittsburgh have not been so low since Aug. 1922, nor plates since Sept. 1925. Prolonged weakness in beehive coke has been checked by a rise in the spot furnace market to 2.85c., compared with recent sales of 2.65c. and by placing of the Buffalo steelmakers' third quarter requirements, estimated at 10,000 tons monthly, at 3.50c. Rarely has the third quarter drawn so closely with sales of pig iron for that delivery being so light and interest so slack. Dulness in tin plate has been routed by spirited contracting for the last half year and production in the Pittsburgh district has been increased appreciably this week. Fall terms on wire fencing, in effect in the South for several weeks, have now been made general. Efforts to break the wire market \$1, to reinstate the normal spread of \$3 between plain wire and wire nails has been unavailable.

The "Iron Trade Review's" composite price on 14 leading iron and

The "Iron Trade Review's" composite price on 14 leading iron and steel products this week is \$36.72. This compares with \$36.40 last week and \$36.36 the previous week.

Actual Data on Pig Iron Production Shows Loss in May.

Actual data for the pig iron production for May, as compiled by the "Iron Age," show the estimates published last week to have been within 115 tons per day of the real output. The final figures make the May production 109,385 tons per day. This compares with 114,074 tons per day in April. The May output was therefore 4,689 tons per day, or 4.1% less than that of the preceding month. The next smallest rate was 105,024 tons per day in February. In May, last year, the daily rate was 112,304 tons, making May this year 2,919 tons per say, or 2.6% less than a year ago.

Production of coke pig iron for the 31 days in May was 3,390,940 gross tons or 109,385 tons per day as compared with 3,422,226 tons or 114,074 tons per day for the 30 days in April, reports the "Age" in its June 9 issue, from which we quote the following:

Capacity Active on June 1.

With 12 furnaces shut down and only 3 blown in during May, the net loss was 9, the same as the estimate last week. In April the net loss was 3 furnaces, while in March there was a net gain of 6 furnaces. Of the 12 furnaces blown out or banked in May, 5 are credited to independent steel companies and 4 to the Steel Corp. Three merchant stacks were shut down. The three furnaces blown in include one independent steel company stack and two merchant.

On June 1 there were 211 furnaces in blast as against 220 on May 1. The estimated operating rate of these 211 furnaces was 107,445 tons per day as compared with 122,955 tons per day for the 220 furnaces active on May 1.

High Ferromanganese Output.

Ferromanganese production in May was 28,734 tons, next to the largest this year, when 31,844 tons was made in January. May spiegeleisen output was 9,788 tons, as compared with 12,907 tons in April, the highest for many months.

The list of possible active furnaces has been reduced from 364 to 362. The Robesonia furnace in the Lebanon Valley and the Alleghany furnace of the Alleghany Ore & Iron Co. in Virginia are being scrapped.

Furnaces Blown In and Out.

The following furnaces were blowin in during May: The Norton furnace of the American Rollnig Mill Co. in Kentucky; No. 5 Iroquois furnace of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. in the Chicago district and the Rockdale furnace of the Roane Iron Co. in Tennessee.

Among the furnaces blown out or banked during May were No. 3 Swede furnace in the Schuylkill Valley; No. 3 Clairton furnace of the Carnegie

Steel Co.; one Aliquippa furnace of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp.; No. 2 Midland furnace of the Pittsburgh Crucible Steel Co.; No. 1 Monessen furnace of the Pittsburgh Steel Co., and the Clinton furnace in the Pittsburgh district; D furnace at the Cambria plant of the Bethlehem Steel Corp. in Bethlehem, Pa.; the Oriskany furnace of the E. J. Lavino & Co. in Virginia; one Madeline furnace of the Inland Steel Co. and on Feary furnace in the Chicago district and the Alice and Axmoor furnaces of the Tennessee Cola, Iron & RR. Co. in Alabama.

DAII	Y RATE OF PIG IRON PRODUC	TION BY	MONTHS—GROSS Merchant.*	TONS Total
1926	April	89,236	25,768	115.004
	May	86,682	25,622	112,304
	June	82,186	25,658	107,844
	July	79,392	24.586	103,978
	August	78,216	25,025	103,241
	September	81,224	23,319	104,542
	October		24,365	107,553
	November		25,070	107,890
	December	74,909	24,803	99,712
1927-	-January		24.514	100,123
	February		24.429	105.024
	March		26.062	112,366
	April		26,144	114,074
	May		24.899	109,385
• 1	ncludes pig fron made for the market		ompanies.	

PRODUCTION OF STEEL COMPANIES FOR OWN USE—GROSS TONS

	Total Spiegel	Iron, ind Ferro.	Spiegel		Ferromang	
	1926.	1927.	Fe-Mn.	Spiegel.	Fe-Mn.	Spiegel.
January	2,599,876	2,343,881	29,129	7,746	31,844	7,486
February	2,272,150	2,256,651	22,309	7,084	24,560	7,045
March	2,661,092	2,675,417	24.064	7,339	27.834	7.650
Apri	2.677,094	2,637,919	24,134	7.051	24,735	12,907
May	2,687,138	2,619,078	23,159	6,999	28,734	9.788
June	2,465,583		25,378	5,864	*****	
Half year	15,362,933		148,173	42,083		
July	2,461,161		26,877	3,699		
August	2,424,687		23,557	4,372		
September	2,436,733		25,218	2,925		
October	2,578,830		28,473	6,295		
November	2,484,620		31,903	7,565		
December	2,322,180		31,627	7,157		
Year			315,828	74,096		

Includes output of merchant furnaces.
 TOTAL PRODUCTION OF PIG IRON.

was 163,880 tons

By Months, Beginning Jan. 1 19	925—Gross Tons.	
1925.	1926.	1927.
January 3,370,336	3,316,201	3,103,820
February 3,214,143	2,923,415	2,940,679
March 3,564,247	3,441,986	3,483,362
April	3,450,122	3,422,226
May 2,930,807	3,481,428	3,390,940
June 2,673,457	3,235,309	
Half year19,011,948	19,848,461	
July 2,664,024	3,223,338	
August 2,704,476	3,200,479	
September 2,726,198	3,136,293	
October 3,023,370	3,334,132	
November 3,023,006	3,236,707	
December 3,250,448	3,091,060	
Year*36,403,470	39,070,470	
* These totals do not include charcoal pig iron.	. The 1926 product	ion of this iron

Decrease in Unfilled Tonnage of United States Steel Corporation During May.

The United States Steel Corporation in its monthly statement issued June 10 1927, reported unfilled tonnage on books of subsidiary corporations as of May 31 1927 at 3,050,941 tons. This is a decrease of 405,191 tons under unfilled orders on April 30, and a decrease of 749,236 tons below the Jan. 31 figures. On May 31 last year orders on hand stood at 3,649,250 tons and at the same time in 1925 at 4,049,800 tons. In the following we show the amounts back to 1922. Figures for earlier dates may be found in our issue of April 14 1923, p. 1617:

End of Month	1927.	1926.	1925.	1924.	1923.	1922.
January	3,800,177	4,882,739	5.037,323	4.798,429	6,910,776	4,241,678
February	3,597,119	4.616.822	5.284.771	4.912.901	7.283,989	4.141.069
March	3,553,140	4,379,935	4,863,564	4,782,807	7,403,332	4,494,148
	3,456,132	3,867,976	4.446.568	4,208,447	7,288,509	5,096,917
May	3,050,941	3,649,250	4.049,800	3.628.089	6.981.851	5,254,228
June		3,478,642	3,710,458	3,262,505	6,386,261	5,635,531
July		3,602,522	3,539,467	3,187,072	5,910,763	5,776,161
August		3,542,335	3,512,803	3,289,577	5,414,663	5,950,105
September		3,593,509	3,717,297	3,473,780	5,035,750	6,691,607
October		3,683,661	4,109,183	3,525,270	4,672,825	6,902,287
November		3,807,447	4,581,780	4,031,969	4,368,584	6,840,242
December		3,960,969	5.033.364	4.816.676	4.445.339	6.745,703

Further Loss Reported in Steel Ingot Production.

May steel ingot production showed a decrease as compared with the previous month although being larger than the corresponding period last year. According to the American Iron & Steel Institute's usual monthly tabulations issued June 8, steel output in May, by companies which made 95.01% of the production in 1926, stood at 3,844,308 tons, of which 3,272,810 tons were open-hearth, 557,683 tons Bessemer and 13,815 tons all other grades. On this the calculated monthly tonnage of all companies was 4,046,214 tons in May, 4,129,952 tons in April and 4,534,926 tons in March, which is also the high figure thus far this year. In May last year the calculated production was 3,927,979 tons. The approximate daily production of all companies was 155,624 tons in May with 26 working days, 158,844 tons in April with 26 working days and 167,960 tons in March with 27 working days. In the following we show the details of production back to January 1926:

MONTHLY PRODUCTION OF STEEL INGOTS, JAN. 1926 TO MAY 1927. Reported for 1926 by companies which made 95.01% of the steel ingot production in that year.

Months. 1926.	Open- Hearth.	Bessemer.		Companies	Production	Work-	all Cos.,	of Opera-
January	3,326,846	581.683	13.664	3,922,193	4,132,210	26	158,931	*08 86
February.	3,023,829		12,818				157,710	
March	3,590,791						165,504	
April			13,652				157,915	
May	3,201,230						151,076	
5 mos	16,425,131	2,891,107	65,602	19,381,840	20,419,656	129	158,292	98.46
June	3,036,162	498,764	9,441	3,544,367	3,734,153	26	143,621	*89.33
July	2,911,375	526,500	12,372				139,807	*86.96
August	3,145,055						153,345	
September					3,913,383		150,515	*93.62
October							156,713	
November							142,529	
December	2,788,479	493,172	8,919	3,290,570	3,466,766	26	133,337	*82.94
Total	37,535,584	6,872,169	142,950	44,550,703	46,936,205	311	150,920	*93.87
1927.								
January	3,041,233				3,786,453	26	145,633	*88.81
February_			13,237	3,620,670	3,810,830	24	158,785	*96.83
March							167,960	*102.42
April							158,844	*96.86
May	3,272,810	557,683	13,815	3,844,308	4,046,214	26	155,624	94.90
5 mos	16,398,545	2,824,924	71,518	19,294,987	20,308,375	129	157,429	96.00

* Adjusted. The figures of "per cent of operation" are based on the "practica" capacity" as of Dec. 31 1926, of 51,000,000 gross tons of ingots.

Bituminous Coal Markets Show Seasonal Quiet-Demand for Anthracite Diminishes.

Seasonal quiet prevailed in most of the markets for bituminous coal and prices moved within narrow limits. The Atlantic seaboard markets are marking time, hopeful of an improvement this month, "Coal Age," reports in its June 7 review of conditions in the markets. A slight easing of buying resistance has appeared at Pittsburgh, without noticeable effect on total turnover or prices. There was no appreciable increase in demand in the Middle West though the market tone appeared to be somewhat better. A closer adjustment of production to demand has brought out slightly firmer prices in West Virginia smokeless. Kentucky and West Virginia high-volatile coals showed comparatively little change, according to the observations made by the "Age," which then goes on to say:

"Coal Age" index of spot bituminous prices on June 6 settled at 153, with the corresponding weighted average price \$1.85, the price showing a decline of 1c. compared with last week. There has been virtually no change in the labor situation in the union fields. Negotistions will be resumed by central Pennsylvania miners and operators at Philadelphia

next week, when efforts will be renewed to arrange a working agreement.

After the flurry of buying in the domestic anthracite market in anticipation of the advance in prices on June 1 there was an appreciable let down in demand last week. Most ceprators have unfilled orders on hand, however. Stove is in best demand and egg is holding up well. Pea also enjoys an active demand. The steam sizes are easy.

In the Connellsville behive coke market demand is very low and prices

The biggest recent event in the bituminous coal trade was the decision handed down by the Interstate Commerce Commission, restoring a differential of twenty cents per ton to the Pittsburgh and Ohio coal group applying on Great Lakes shipments, says this week's "Coal and Coal Trade Journal." The national officers of the miners in the closed-shop mines of the central competitive field have naively suggested that there is nothing now to prevent the Pittsburgh and number eight operators from stepping up and signing on the dotted line the old Jacksonville scale under which they lost much of their Lake business, continues the "Journal" in reviewing the situation as follows:

But as "a child once burned dreads the fire" so these now wary operators are not to be caught napping. Since these gentlemen lost their differential several years ago, the cost of production in the open-shop mines of their competitors has gradually increased the production differential against them to something like fifty or sixty cents per ton. So at least a fair portion of this must be overcome in addition to the transportation differential before they can hope to recover a fair share of their Lake trade.

They are now making an effort to reinstate themselves through operation of their mines on the open-shop basis, and the coal trade applauds them for continuing the effort, knowing that a resigning of the Jacksonville scale would wipe out any advantage gained through the lower freight rate. The effect of the Commission's decision on the immediate market may be

slight. It is remindful of a closely contested ball game where the first batters up have made enough safe hits and brought in enough runs to fairly the game: the open-shop mines already have shipped to the Laker more than 30% of the estimated season's tonnage.

Continued advance in prices and demand for the low volatile prepared sizes which is also reflected in prices for prepared sizes of high volatile of good quality is about the only market change worthy of notice.

The only "beating of toms-toms," in Indiana and Illinois is by the strippers and such operators as do not believe in a hereafter and even their efforts are of slight avail in view of slack demand and considerable stocks yet

The stock market flurry of several of the large coal companies listed on the big exchange is believed by many in the trade to indicate more than the reflection of the Commission's decision of the Great Lakes rate case. would not be surprising if these coal companies were flirting with each other and drifting towards a real marriage through which many economies might

These newly weds to the open-shop basis may have found "a Moses to lead them out of the wilderness" who has been identified with mines of longer operation under the open-shop basis, that will lessen the line of cost demar tion between the older open-shop group and those who have lately found it necessary to embrace that plan if they would survive competition, as the latter are still paying higher wages, though less than the Jacksonville scale.

Bituminous Coal Output Increases to Highest Point Since Strike Began-Anthracite and Coke Decline.

A gain of 201,000 net tons was registered in the output of bituminous coal during the week of May 28, reports the United States Bureau of Mines. This brought production up to the highest level reached since April 1, when the strike began. However, the production of anthracite fell off by 130,000 net tons during the same period, mainly due to the observance of a religious holiday. Coke output continued to fall below previous years, reaching the lowest output for the year 1927, 125,000 net tons for the week of May 28, continues the Bureau of Mines, adding:

Production of bituminous coal during the week ended May 28 is estimated at 8,474,000 net tons. This was the largest output in any week since April 1, when the suspension of mining began in many of the union fields. In comparison with the week of May 21 it represents an increase of 201,000 tons. The present rate of production is about equal to that of the corresponding season of 1925.

Estimated U. S. Production of Bituminous Coal (Net Tons), Incl. Coal Coked.

	1927		
Week. C	al. Yr. to Date.	Week. Cal.	Yr. to Date.a
May 148,402,000	221,212,000	9,299,000	203,959,000
Daily average1,400,000	1,942,000	1,550,000	1,791,000
May 218,273,000	229,485,000	9,282,000	213,241,000
Daily average	1,914,000	1,547,000	1,779,000
May 28.b8,474,000	237,959,000	9,683,000	222,924,000
Daily average1,412,000	1,890.000	1,614,000	1,771,000
a Minus one day's production first	t week in January	to equalize nun	ober of days in

the two years. b Subject to revision.

The total amount of soft coal produced during the calendar year 1927 to May 28 (approximately 126 working days) amounts to 237,959,000 net tons. Figures for corresponding periods in other recent years are given

1926_____222,924,000 net tons 1924_____196,363,000 net tons 1925.....192,616,000 net tons 1923_____228,647,000 net tons

WEEKLY PRODUCTION OF SOFT COAL BY STATES.

Production of soft coal in the week ended May 21 amounted to 8,273,000 net tons, a decrease of 129,000 tons, or 1.5%, from the output in the preceding week. The following table apportions this tonnage by States, and gives comparable figures for other years.

Estimated Weekly Production of Soft Coal, by States (Net Tons).

		2 00000 2 1000		con apreced	
	May 21	May 14	May 22	May 23	May 26
State-	1927.	1927.	1926.	1925.a	1923.
Alabama	315,000	320,000	373,000	332,000	400,000
Arkansas, Kansas & Okla.	65,000	62,000	119,000	111,000	133,000
Colorado	141,000	139,000	143,000	141,000	185,000
Illinois		77,000	893,000	955,000	1,308,000
Indiana	129,000	128,000	315,000	316,000	413,000
Iowa and Missouri	24,000	33,000	109,000	105,000	138,000
Kentucky-East	1,015,000	1,025,000	897,000	815,000	700,000
West	393,000	390,000	202,000	135,000	190,000
Maryland	50,000	48,000	57,000	39,000	48,000
Michigan	10,000	10,000	5.000	7,000	15,000
Montana	50,000	55,000	37,000	35,000	41,000
New Mexico	58,000	56,000	50,000	45,000	53,000
North Dakota	12,000	13,000	14,000	14,000	15,000
Ohio	107,000	115,000	433,000	468,000	911,000
Pennsylvania	2,200,000	2,233,000	2,437,000	2,207,000	3,830,000
Tennessee	92,000	95,000	97,000	90,000	121,000
Texas	43,000	41,000	16,000	16,000	21,000
Utah	62,000	64,000	79,000	56,000	76,000
Virginia	270,000	277,000	219,000	226,000	270,000
Washington	40,000	45,000	39,000	40,000	43,000
West Virginia	3,036,000	3,097,000	2,657,000	2,165,000	2,412,000
Wyoming	78,000	77,000	88,000	82,000	109,000
Others.b		2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000
Total	8.273.000	8.402.000	9.282.000	8.404.000	11,437,000

a Revised. b This group is not strictly comparable in the several years.

ANTHRACITE.

The total production of anthracite during the week ended May 28 is estimated at 1,840,000 net tons, a decrease of 130,000 tons, or 6.6%, when compared with the output in the preceding week. The decrease was associated with Ascension Day, May 26, on which day loadings dropped to about half of the average for the rest of the week. Daily loadings in cars are reported by the American Railway Association as follows: May 16, 6,086; May 17, 6,328; May 18, 6,498; May 19, 3,042; May 20, 6,233; May 21, 6,570.

Estimated United States Production of Anthracite (Net Tons).

		1927	1	-1926	
Week Ended-	Week.	Cal. Yr. to Date.	Week. Cai	l. Yr. to Date.a	
May 14	1,989,000	29,493,000	1,904,000	23,456,000	
May 21	1,970,000	31,463,000	1,750,000	25,206,000	
May 28.b	1,840,000	33,303,000	2,089,000	27,295,000	
a Minus one day's	production firs		to equalize num	ber of days in	
the two years. b Su	bject to revisio	n.			

tons, a gain of 22% when compared with the corresponding period in 1926.

BEEHIVE COKE.

The production of beehive coke during the week ended May 28 is estimated at 125,000 net tons, the lowest weekly record for the year 1927. Compared with the preceding week this was a decrease of 18.8%. The decrease was confined to the Eastern States.

The total output from Jan. 1 to May 28 is 3,790,000 tons, about 34% less than that during the corresponding period of 1926.

		Week Ende		1927	1926
*	May 28	May 21	May 29	to	10
	1927.b	1927.c	1926.	Date.	Date.a
ennsylvania and Ohio	93,000	122,000	160 000	3,013,000	4,658,000
est Virginia	. 14,000	15,000	13,000	345,000	329,000
la., Ky., Tenn. and Ga		5.000	8,000	118,000	364,000
irginia		6.000	4,000	150,000	177,000
olorado and New Mexico		3.000	5,000	82,000	123,000
ashington and Utah		3,000	4,000	82,000	77,000
United States total	125,000	154,000	194,000	3,790,000	5,728,000
ally average	21,000	26,000	32,000	30,000	45,000

Figures compiled on June 7 by the National Coal Association from car loading reports show that the total output of bituminous coal in the United States during the week ended June 4 dropped to 7,250,000 net tons. Curtailment of operation because of the observance of a holiday on Monday was responsible for the decrease in production.

Production of Bituminous Coal During Month of April.

Below are shown the first estimates of the production of bituminous coal by States for the month of April, as compiled by the United States Bureau of Mines. The distribution of the tonnage is based in part, except for certain States which themselves supply authentic data, on figures of loadings by railroad divisions courteously furnished by the American Railway Association and reports on waterways shipments made by the United States Engineer Office.

The total production during the month for the entire country amounted to 34,675,000 net tons. This was 25,473,000 tons below the production of March, the last month before the suspension, when consumers were buying heavily for storage, and 5,405,000 tons below that of April 1926. On the other hand, it exceeded the production of April 1925 and 1924 by 1,160,000 and 4,245,000 tons, respectively, reports the Bureau of Mines, adding the following table:

ESTIMATED PRODUCTION OF SOFT COAL BY STATES IN APRIL (NET TONS).a

State—	April 1927.	March 1927	[April 1926.	April 1925.	A pril 1923.
Alabama	1,518,000	2,152,000	1,707,000	1,364,000	1,676,000
Arkansas	71,000			63,000	
Colorado	616,000			565,000	750,000
Illinois	233,000	9,600,000	4,806,000	3,755,000	5,983,000
Indiana		3,029,000	1,683,000	1,384,000	2,089,000
Iowa		640,000	378,000	278,000	404,000
Kansas			319,000	278,000	319,000
Kentucky-East		4,258,000	3,488,000	2.833,000	3,284,000
West		1.811,000	1,018,000	669,000	
Maryland			245,000	162,000	211,000
Michigan		53,000	53,000	48,000	91,000
Missouri	49,000		189,000	162,000	240,000
Montana	248,000		171,000	153,000	172,000
New Mexico	214,000	275,000	222,000	169,000	241,000
North Dakota	73,000	135,000	61,000	70,000	63,000
Ohio	501,000	3,200,000	1,998,000	1,840,000	3,113,000
Oklahoma	119,000	239,000	179,000	139,000	200,000
Pennsylvania		14,973,000	10,444,000	9,514,000	14,356,000
Tennessee		590,000	440,000	375,000	491,000
Texas		106,000	68,000	66,000	80,000
Utah	343,000	381,000	286,000	282,000	282,000
Virginia	1,166,000	1,207,000	988,000	922,000	1,012,000
Washington	175,000	197,000	168,000	203,000	145,000
West Virginia		14,116,000	9,764,000	7.872,000	8,272,000
Wyoming	356,000	713,000	472,000	328,000	472,000
Other States.b	8,000		16,000	20,000	25,000
	c34,674,000	60,147,000	40.079,000	33,514,000	44.057.000

a Figures for 1923 and 1925 only are final. $\,$ b This group is not strictly comparable n the several years. $\,$ c Revised.

Total Value of Imports and Exports of Merchandise by Grand Divisions and Principal Countries.

The Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce at Washington has issued its report showing the merchandise imports and exports by grand divisions and principal countries for the months of April and the 4 months ending with April for the years 1926 and 1927. The following is the table complete:

	Month	of April.	4 Months E	nding April.
Exports to—	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.
Grand Divisions:	8	8		8
Europe	175,867,193	187,598,542	712,031,541	760.431.543
North America	99,238,624		367,123,474	386,904,167
South America	37,180,519	39,462,818	145.635,429	154.442.665
Asia	49,895,422	49.273.333	187.945.428	209,308,710
Oceania	16.565.983	17,757,153	66.533,406	69.120.565
Africa	9,225,949	10,571,604	32,852,082	36,008,092
Total	387,973,690	415,211,724	1,512,121,360	1,616,215,742
Principal Countries:				
Belgium	10,255,930	11,638,755	34,771,125	40.168,645
Denmark	5.752.377	5.764,818	20,485,731	20,211,649
France	21,924,244	17.069,009	97,383,130	68,147,241
Germany	21,344,748	35,998,548	90,177,235	148,995,779
Greece	708,948	1.971.536	2,398,403	6,155,604
Italy	14.811.026	9.598,934	54.276.160	43.034.052
Netherlands	9.701.412	12,424,355	36.033.390	45.613.044
Norway	1.586.888	1.813.988	8.246.420	7.526.351
Soviet Russia in Europe	4,519,028	8,498,913	14,975,400	19,553,847
Spain	4.712.875	5,451,322	22,121,319	24.624.334
Sweden	4,077,244	4.523,644	12,961,906	13.525.914
Switzerland	799.361	997,224	2,744,462	2.844.791
United Kingdom	70,613,768	64,671,410	296,547,790	297.741,754
Canada	56,713,740	74.456.713	212.544.751	245,107,372
Central America	7,005,323	6,379,999	24,336,977	24,246,029
	12.745.859	8.833.137	48,375,525	38,044,159
Mexico	16,852,724	13,993,883	60,212,076	55.812.178
Cuba Beautile	1,313,403	1.756.876		
Dominican Republic	10,878,302		4,663,602	5,610,856 51,756,683
Argentina		13,299,374	48,579,916	
Brazil	7,877,479	8 403,086	28,664,907	34,337,992
Chile	4,624,898	3,486,026	16,473,014	12,180,263
Colombia	4,446,856	4,184,311	16,586,282	17,383,284
Ecuador	503,365	510,193	2,003,925	1,761,722
Peru	3.033,325	2,392,428	9,971,481	8,385,771
Uruguay	1,898,632	2,176,823	7,404,574	8,632,495
Venezuela	3,183,690	4,139,112	12,344,186	16,900,511
British India	4,216,533	7,754,653	16,741.697	29,581,576
British Malaya	1.299.077	1,295,376	5,239,132	4,951,126
China	10,112,242	7,066,203	37,934,053	34,900,498
Hongkong	792,523	1,776,642	4,563,345	6,236,022
Dutch East Indies	2.774,882	2,995,917	8,473,502	11,109.508
Japan	20,999,927	20,985,275	85,233,632	94,704,005
Philippine Islands	7,527,157	5,293,978	23,884,155	20,073,925
Australia	14,015,553	14,813,140	52,719,102	56,269,185
New Zealand	2,437,861	2,794,660	13.088.071	11,995,752
British South Africa	4,493,957	5,298,694	16,465,015	17,652,529
Egypt	761,359	1,132,036	2,656,702	3,677,480
turned from	Month o	f April.	4 Months E	nding April.
Imports from—	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.

Immorts from	Month	of April.	4 Months E	nding April.
Imports from—	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.
Grand Divisions:	8	8	3	3
Europe	104.318.054	107,294,298	437,326,088	412,257,480
North America	90,927,716	86,459,770	349,053,560	329,325,982
South America		46.893,701	220,046,596	183,191,296
Asia	130,660,031	117,327,442	558,027,022	434,791,502
Oceania		7,719,445	29,693,246	23,986,429
Africa	11,115,173		50,722,287	38,781,676
Total	397,911,768	375,446,913	1,644,868,799	1,422,334,365
Principal Countries:				
Belgium		5,466,632	26,637,745	23,166,092
Denmark	329,400	286,735	1,878,166	1,391,611
France	11,631,391	13,454,009	51,016,495	
Germany	16.709.613	17,817,373	67,642,199	63,307,018
Greece	1,653,884		6,703,485	19,096,772
Italy	7,639,699	11,060,757	31,928,308	35,518,439
Netherlands	7,323,404	7,466,863	33,289,724	28,728,943
Norway	2,562,699	1,625,876	7.665,563	6,679,215
Soviet Russia in Europe	1,768,667	1,364,106	5.565.525	2,735,839
Spain	3,177,631	3,520,495	13,874,134	13,319,533
Sweden	1,936,667	2.011,419	10,719,454	14,138,764
Switzerland	3.047,292	3,175,785	12,840,995	13,762,475
United Kingdom			142,174,199	108,738,674
Canada	38.434.046		152,101,740	144,688,303
Central America	6.842,478		23.831.791	13,312,955
Mexico	17,350,284		66,061,813	53,880,119
Cuba			87,010,323	
Dominican Republic	672,506		2,957,143	
Argentina			37,792,875	32,009,880
Brazil	23,321,134		87,309,758	68,921,001
Chile	9,499,830		40,106,270	24,199,801
Colombia			20,523,143	
Ecuador			3,538,508	
Peru.			8,581,018	
Uruguay			13,545,359	
Venezuela	1,187,821	1,928,798	7,919,717	7,732,839
British India	15,594,124	11,142,414		
British Malaya	36,495,040			
China	14,232,058		52.222.724	
Hongkong				
Dutch East Indies	11.488.045		3,661,252	32,119,561
Japan				
Philippine Islands	11 659 040			
Australia	11,652,240			40,366,616
Australia	6,676,864		20,572,228	
New Zealand British South Africa	2,335,741			
Egypt	4,318,200	3,047,032	22,786,282	11,501,231

Current Events and Discussions

The Week With the Federal Reserve Banks.

The consolidated statement of condition of the Federal Reserve banks on June 8, made public by the Federal Reserve Board, shows declines for the week of \$29,000,000 in bill and security holdings and of \$23,700,000 in Federal Reserve note circulation, and increases of \$16,100,000 in cash reserves and \$800,100,000 in non-reserve cash. Decreases of \$97,200,000 in holdings of discounted bills and of \$7,400,000 in acceptances purchased in open market were largely offset by an increase of \$75,600,000 in holdings of Government securities.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York reports a decline of \$28,900,000 in holdings of discounted bills, Chicago a decline of \$31,700.000, Boston \$21,300,000, Philadelphia \$16,200,000, and St. Louis \$12,500,000, while the Cleveland bank reports an increase in discounts of \$11,000,000, and San Francisco an increase of \$4,200,000. The New York bank also reports a decline of \$10,800,000 in open-market acceptance holdings. Holdings of all classes of Government securities were above the preceding week's totals—Treasury certificates of indebtedness by \$31,300,000, United States bonds by \$26,200,000, and Treasury notes by \$18,100,000.

The principal changes in Federal Reserve note circulation for the week were declines of \$13,100,000 reported by the New York bank, \$4,200,000 by Philadelphia, and \$3,200,000 by San Francisco.

The statement in full, in comparison with the preceding week and with the corresponding date last year, will be found on subsequent pages—namely, 3432 pages and 3433. summary of changes in the principal assets and liabilities of the Reserve banks during the week and the year ending June 8 1927 is as follows:

Jule o 1927 is as follows:		
	Increases (+) o	r Decreases (-)
		rina
	Week.	Year.
Total reserves	+\$16,100,000	+\$187,400,000
Gold reserves	+12 900 000	+172,700,000
Total bills and securities	-29.000.000	
Bills discounted, total	-97,200,000	-48,900,000
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	-59.300.000	10.000,000
Other bills discounted	-37,900,000	
Bills bought in open market	-7.400.000	
U. S. Government securities, total	+75,600,000	
Bonds	+26,200,000	
Treasury notes	+18,100,000	
Certificates of indebtedness	+31,300,000	+20,800,000
Federal reserve notes in circulation	-23,700.000	
TOTAL DEDOSITS	1 99 000 000	+139,200,000
Members reserve deposits	$\pm 23.300.000$	+107.000.000
Government deposits	$\pm 1.700.000$	+23.500.000

The Member Banks of the Federal Reserve System Reports for Preceding Week-Brokers' Loans in New York City.

The Federal Reserve Board's condition statement of 668 reporting member banks in leading cities as of June 1 shows a decline for the week of \$67,000,000 in investments and increases of \$197,000,000 in loans and discounts, \$222,000,-000 in net demand deposits and \$70,000,000 in borrowings from the Federal Reserve banks. Member banks in New York City reported a reduction of \$37,000,000 in investments, and increases of \$196,000,000 in loans and discounts, \$222,000,000 in net demand deposits and \$30,000,000 in borrowings from the Federal Reserve Bank.

Loans on stocks and bonds, including United States Government obligations, were \$195,000,000 above the May 25 total. The principal increases in this item were \$157,000,000 in the New York district, \$17,000,000 in the Chicago district, and \$8,000,000 and \$7,000,000 in the Boston and Atlanta districts, respectively. "All other" loans and discounts increased \$2,000,000, increases of \$28,000,000 in the New York district and \$6,000,000 in the Boston district being nearly offset by reductions of \$17,000,000 in the Chicago district, \$7,000,000 in the Atlanta district and \$6,000,000 in the St. Louis district. Loans to brokers and dealers, secured by stocks and bonds, made by reporting member banks in New York City were \$97,000,000 above the amount reported on May 25, loans for their own account having increased \$144,-000,000, while loans for account of out-of-town banks and for others declined \$39,000,000 and \$8,000,000, respectively. As previously explained, the figures for these member banks are always a week behind those for the Reserve banks themselves. The statement goes on to say:

Holdings of United States securities declined \$110,000,000 during the week, of which \$49,000,000 was in the New York district and \$39,000,000 in the St. Louis district. Holdings of other bonds, stocks and securities were \$43,000,000 above the previous week's figures, the principal changes including increases of \$31,000,000 in the St. Louis district, \$14,000,000 in the Cleveland district and \$8,000,000 in the New York district, and reductions of \$9,000,000 and \$5,000,000 in the Chicago and San Francisco dis-

tricts, respectively.

Net demand deposits increased \$222,000,000 during the week, incr being reported by all districts except Chicago, St. Louis and Philadelphia, where reductions of \$36,000,000, \$15,000,000 and \$5,000,000 were shown. The principal increases included \$220,000,000 in the New York district, \$18,000,000 in the Cleveland district, \$12,000,000 in the Boston district and \$8,000,000 each in the Minneapolis and San Francisco districts, respectively.

Borrowings from the Federal Reserve banks were \$70,000,000 above the May 25 total. Of this increase, \$26,000,000 was in the New York district, \$22,000,000 in the Chicago district, and \$11.000,000 and \$9,000,000 in the Philadelphia and St. Louis districts, respectively.

On a subsequent page—that is, on page 3467—we give the figures in full contained in this latest weekly return of the member banks of the Reserve System. In the following is furnished a summary of the changes in the principal items as compared with a week ago and with last year:

The state of the s	Increase (+) or	
	Dur	
	Week.	Year.
Loans and discounts, total	+\$197.000.000	+\$663.000.000
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	-7,000,000	-24.000.000
Secured by stocks and bonds	+202,000,000	+422,000,000
All other	+2.000.000	+265,000,000
Investments, total	-67,000,000	+261,000,000
U. S. securities	-110,000,000	-58.000.000
Other bonds, stocks and securities	+43.000.000	+319,000,000
Reserve balances with F. R. banks	+38,000,000	+65,000,000
Cash in vault		-22,000,000
Net demand deposits	+222,000,000	+338.000.000
Time deposits	+6.000.000	+552,000,000
Government deposits		-115,000,000
Total borrowings from F. R. banks	+70,000,000	+25,000,000

Summary of Conditions in World's Market According to Cablegrams and Other Reports of the Department of Commerce.

The Department of Commerce at Washington releases for publication to-day (June 11) the following summary of conditions abroad, based on advices by cable and other means of communication:

CANADA.

Current reports indicate some slackening of commercial activity from the abnormally high levels reached in March and April. Sales of automobiles and accessories continue a feature and there is an excellent demand for builders' and heavy hardware, steel bars, plates and tubes and other construction materials, also for machine tools and rubber goods. Wholesale trade is comparatively better in Eastern Canada than in the West and

retail trade is generally good in most of the Provinces.

Although it is estimated in Canada that the spring wheat acreage of the Prairie Provinces will be very considerably reduced from last year's plantriag, because of unfavorable weather, the outlook for a satisfactory yield is considered locally to be good. Montreal quotations on Australian and South African raisins have been reduced from ½ cent to 1 cent per pound. White corn flour prices have advanced 30 to 35 cents per barrel.

April bank clearings, \$1,538,700,000, were 41/2% larger than a year The industrial employment index stood at 106 on May 1 (1920 base), the highest for that date in several years. The Canadian Pacific Railway Co. has inaugurated a six million dollar building program in the enlargement of its passenger and freight facilities at Montreal. Manitoba's first commercial air service was inaugurated on June 1 between Winnipeg and the mining area in the central part of the Province.

The Government has introduced a bill before the Legislature to safeguard the exploitation of natural resources in the newly-acquired Labradon ritory by providing that no new lease to territory may be acquired except by Act of the Legislature. Leases heretofore acquired are exempt from by Act of the Legislature. Leases heretotore acquired are exempt from the provisions of the bill as are also lands for occupation or agriculture within three miles of the sea which do not hinder the development or use of water powers, mineral deposits or other natural resources. It is understood that a legal survey of the area will be necessary to determine the exact extent of the lands leased before the publication of the Privy Council Decision giving jurisdiction of the territory to Newfoundland.

GREAT BRITAIN.

British trade continued to expand during May, although somewhat more slowly. A reduction of 66,600 from the April 25 aggregate is shown in the number of workpeople registered as unemployed on May 23. Available information indicates that the volume of British trade activity is now greater than that obtaining before the 1926 coal stoppage, and that in some lines the present activity is the greatest since the war period. Railway freight traffic is considered satisfactory and the volume is increasing. Retail trade shows improvement and reflects increasing general buying power. The present industrial trade activity is partly due to the working off of arrears on accumulated orders.

Capital issues during May were unexpectedly large, with better success-attending public offerings, while some private issues met with poor re-

attending public offerings, while some private issues met with poor reception.

The May coal trade showed several unsatisfactory features, supplies continued to exceed demand, prices were weak, there was much short-time working in collieries and some of the mines were closed. Despite low prices, however, buyers remain hesitant except for immediate requirements, and contract business is slow. Exports remain at a fair level, but they are inadequate in relation to production. Iron and steel works are maintaining high production and are rapidly completing accumulated orders. The major metal markets continue weak. The engineering industry shows steady progress. The machine tool trade has improved slightly, but the works are not fully engaged. Textile machinery trade is unsatisfactory. Shipbuilding activity, especially in Scotland, is increasing. Importers of well-known American automobiles report increased business during May with insufficient cars to meet all orders for some models. Domestic makers have maintained capacity output in light cars; more expensive types makers have maintained capacity output in light cars; more expensive types were also in steady demand during the month.

Cotton yarn and cloth prices have advanced in line with the increased

raw cotton values, and although the advanced prices are restricting the cloth turnover, inquiry is gradually expanding. The continued strength of raw wool values is the outstanding feature in the raw wool market. The chemicals market is quiet and business is slow in most lines. Petroleum imports continue large and indicate very heavy consumption. The leather trade is not up to expectation, the small volume of pre-Whitsuntide business being unusual. The demand for lumber is steadily improving and the heavy industries especially are taking increased quantities. Arrivals of California oranges are increasing.

THE NETHERLANDS.

The tone of the money market has been very firm, with private discount rates standing at 3%% and time money at 4%. There has been a considerable increase in the note circulation. Foreign exchanges show a steady tendency. Heavy property damage and some loss of life was caused by a cyclone which struck the provinces of Gelderland and Overyssel on June 1. However, the disaster is not of such a nature as to disturb seriously the progressive improvement noted heretofore in the general economic position of The Netherlands.

FRANCE.

It has been officially announced that the French consolidation loan that closed on May 25 reached a total of 18,200.000,000 francs, based on returns to May 31. The consolidation operation comprises 5,300,000,000 francs of 1929 National Defense bonds, 600,000,000 francs of 1922 National Credit bonds, 3,900,000,000 francs of 1923 Treasury bonds, first series, 1,100,000,000 francs of second series of the same bonds, and 7,300,000,000 francs of other National Defense bonds.

GERMANY.

All reports continue to point to satisfactory conditions in German industry. The exceptional activity in the building lines, particularly, seems to be the outstanding feature of the recent developments; in fact, builders are now finding that they cannot receive prompt enough deliveries of mateare now inding that they cannot receive prompt enough deliveries of materials for their requirements. On the other hand, sales of certain luxury articles, such as automobiles, have been somewhat unfavorably affected by the recent Stock Exchange collapse. Although the end of the month brought about some degree of agitation on the money market, with further declines in certain stocks, the settlements did not reveal as large a number of failures as the panic led to expect. Much is still being said in Germany concerning the possibility of an increase in the Reichsbank's discount rate.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

An improved business tone and a greater degree of industrial activity were maintained throughout the month in practically all branches, with the exception of coal and plate glass. The anticipated restriction in the trade between Czechoslovakia and Austria, as a result of the latter's action in abrogating the existing tariff convention, has already become manifest. Money conditions remained easy, although the stock market has been slightly unsettled. The \$20,000,000 revolving credit, which was extended in June 1926, by an American bank to the Czechoslovak National Bank, for the purpose of currency stabilization reserve. has been renewed for one the purpose of currency stabilization reserve, has been renewed for one year, but in the amount of \$15,000,000. The month of April registered another favorable balance for Czechoslovakia's foreign trade, with exports totaling 1,537,000,000 crowns and imports 1,264,000,000 crowns.

ITALY.

The Government is conducting an active campaign to lower the cost of living and reductions averaging 10% have been announced in retail prices of many staple articles. Wage reductions are now recommended by the Confederation of Industries and 500,000 textile workers have already accepted a 10% cut, effective June 1. Business depression still exists as a consequence of the continued currency appreciation. Government accounts continue their favorable showing and note circulation shows further reduction. Notwithstanding the fact that interest rates are slightly low, no improvement is to be noted in the credit situation. Security markets are dull with a downward tendency in prices. Totally unemployed stood at 228,000 on March 31, which is more than double the figure for the corresponding date of last year. Wholesale prices are declining. No improvement is evident in the industrial situation. The domestic market is quiet and manufacturers are making special effort to maintain their export position even at a loss. Pig iron and textile production during March showed small increases over the February figures, but the trade reports the demand shrinking with the outlook uncertain. The engineering trades are generally depressed and the automobile industries are in a difficult posi-tion. Conditions in the textile industry show little change. Profits are at a minimum, collections bad and the outlook uncertain. April imports and exports showed reductions from the corresponding figures for last year.

SWEDEN.

At the end of March the Swedish national debt totaled 1,749,264,000 crowns, as compared with 1,744,178,000 crowns at the end of the preceding month, showing an increase of 5,000,000 crowns, which was due, principally, to comparatively heavy borrowings from existing State institutions. During the month the funded debt showed a further reduction by 874,000 crowns. The balance at the National Debt Office totaled 20,570,000 crowns at the end of March, which was about 50,000,000 crowns less

DENMARK.

Customs receipts for the first ten months of the fiscal year 1926-1927 Customs receipts for the first ten months of the fiscal year 1926-1927 totaled 101,903,000 crowns, as compared with 106,203,000 crowns during the corresponding period of 1925-1926, and 117,961,000 crowns in 1924-25. The cod fishery season closed, with financial results lower than in the last three years, although the catch was slightly larger. The value is placed at 10,200,000 crowns, as compared with 17,400,000 crowns in 1926 and 28,000,000, in 1925. 28,000,000 in 1925.

ESTONIA.

During the first quarter of 1927, Estonia's exports into Russia totaled 157 carloads, with a total weight of 7,894 metric tons, the bulk of which was newsprint paper. The transit trade through Estonia to Russia during the newsprint paper. The transit trade through Estonia to Russia during the same period totaled 16,347 tons, and that from Russia 12,512 tons. In the same period 5,013 tons were exported to Latvia, and the imports into Estonia from Latvia were 2,108 tons. The items making up the bulk of the shipments to Latvia were cement, flax, cotton yarn and cotton cloth, while the imports from Latvia were mainly herring, sugar, grain and min-

POLAND.

State financing for April closed with a surplus of revenues over expenditures of 36,500,000 zlotys (revenues, 202,600,000 zlotys, against 166,100,000 zlotys expenditures). Revenues for the first four months of the year showed a surplus over expenditures of 98,500,000 zlotys (revenues, 709,000,000; expenditures, 807,500,000), as compared with a deficit of 42,300,000 zlotys for the first four months of 1926. Preliminary figures on foreign trade for April indicated a slight unfavorable balance for the month—the first one since September 1925, as a result of increased imports of rye (instead of exports in April 1926). As a result of increased industrial activity, the number of employed workers increased in almost all industries, with the exception of coal mining, in which employment decreased by 12,000.

SOUTH AFRICA.

May trade showed some improvement over the earlier months of the although the effects of the poor corn crop in 1926 are still felt. Official estimates of the coming crop continue encouraging; the expected export surplus of seven million bags will stimulate general conditions, especially in the Orange Free State. Agricultural buying, including implements, is already increasing. The mining material market is active. Local industries are maintaining high production levels, and boots and shoes are at record output. Credit conditions are good and money is comparatively easy. The ocean freight war between European lines is resulting in rapid sensational rate changes from European ports, but so far has not seriously affected American shipments, which tend to increase. The automobile trade is fairly good but spotty, with stocks of used cars increasing. Cotton goods are not active, but tend to improve; unloading of excess stocks continues. Short wools at Port Elizabeth are active, but stocks are small, as are American shipments. Mohair is very active, with steady prices; less than 1,000 bales of the clip remain. The Transvaal gold output during April was 824,577 ounces, a decrease of 37,246 ounces below the March figure.

JAPAN.

Total note issue of the Bank of Japan on June 1 was 1,409,000,000 yen, and advances to other banks on that date amounted to 969,000,000 yen. (1 yen equals \$0.4621 at current exchange.) Reduced dividend rates on the part of all banks are expected in Japan and transactions continue due. The Kawasaki Dockyard Co. has resumed operation, following their shutdown at the time of financial stress in April and May. Measures for the relief of the company have been completed which involve a drastic reduction of its capital. Foreign trade from May 20 to 31 discloses an excess of exports over imports, an unusual feature of that trade at this time of year, which invariably records an excess of imports over exports.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

General business conditions in the Philippines continue quiet, according to cable from Wilbur K. Hoyt, office of the Trade Commissioner at Manila, June 3. The copra market remained very firm during the past week, with arrivals somewhat lighter and three oil mills still inactive. The provincial equivalent of resecado (dried copra) delivered at Manila is now 13 pesos per picul of 139 pounds. (1 peso equals \$0.50.)

NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES.

Local trading is considerably brisker in Netherlands India, according to a cable from Trade Commissioner Renshaw, Batavia, June 3. As a result of the excellent rice harvest, native spending gives promise of showing in increased purchases of foodstuffs and other articles of Western manufac-

AUSTRALIA.

The Newcastle coal strike continues unsettled, with 12,000 miners idle, reports Trade Commissioner E. C. Squire in his May 31 cable from Sydney. Six of the largest collieries are involved in this dispute. Shipping interests at Newcastle, Australia's chief coal port, are suffering from the strike and many ships will not move until a settlement is effected. Stocks of coal at the principal industrial centres of the Commonwealth are said to

Dry weather is somewhat affecting the planting of wheat in some sections, but on the whole, planting conditions are satisfactory. sales have improved slightly during the past week, but the volume is as yet far from satisfactory.

BRAZIL.

The budget bill for 1928, now under consideration, proposed considerable increases in receipts and expenditures over past years, and indicates an estimated deficit of about \$4,000,000. Numerous subventions and new constrction proposals in the appropriations for the Ministry of Transportation have been suppressed. The annual message of the prefect of the Federal District reports fair progress in financial rehabilitation. An American loan for \$6,000,000 has been negotiated by the municipality of Sao Paulo at very satisfactory rates to that city.

PERU.

Notwithstanding the fact that the Peruvian cotton and sugar crops are now in the market and that exports are on a larger scale than in recent months collections have not improved, nor has there been any improvement in the retail trade. Exchange on June 3 was \$3.79 to the Peruvian pound, compared with quotations of around \$3.63 a month earlier. The rise is attributable to the larger volume of cotton exports now going forward. Exports of Peruvian sugar for March totaled 15,847 long tons.

PANAMA.

May exports of native products from Colon were valued at \$166,500, of which \$122,600 represents banana shipments and \$10,800 cocoanut shipments, the total quantity of which was 629,500. The remaining \$33,000 represents exports of tortoise shell, ivory nuts and sarsaparilla.

PORTO RICO.

Economic conditions are slightly better as a result of crop liquidations, and particularly the initiation of tobacco sales. Business in most lines in the early days of June appears to be accelerating slightly. Collections are a trifle prompter and commercial loans are more active in sympathy with seasonal buying. Business in industrial chemicals and petroleum products is reported good. Provision sales are running behind those of last year, but ahead of those of a month ago.

No sugar mills have finished grinding as yet, but several expect to complete work on the present crop about the middle of this month. Rainfall is averaging considerably above normal, but some south coast districts are still experiencing drought. The precipitation is heaviest on the north coast, and the sucrose content of some cane has been reduced. The yield from the tobacco crop will apparently be below earlier estimates. The crop is practically harvested and dried and a considerable part stripped Tobacco sales are reported to be bringing from 20 to 30 cents and baled. a pound, depending on the quality. Fruit shipments and prices approximate the level of recent weeks.

San Juan ban clearings for May were \$23,817,000, compared with \$29,-737,000 in May 1926 and \$24,026,000 in April 1927.

Adequate rains have favored all crops and the outlook is improved. The market for imported general merchandise, which has been overstocked for a considerable period, is now relieved and credit situation is better. A contract has been signed for the development of an irrigation project involving the investment of \$7,000,000 of American capital. The first shipment of Haitian sisal, consisting of 15 tons, will be forwarded to an American importer this summer.

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC.

The period of general depression which existed in business throughout the Dominican Republic during 1926 and the early part of 1927 is believed to have definitely passed. Imports during April showed a considerable increase and have continued in favorable proportion during May. Wholesale and retail business is much improved and surplus stocks are disappearing, resulting in the placement of new orders for merchandise. Banking conresulting in the placement of new orders for merchandise. Banking conditions are satisfactory, with collections improved. Public works construction is proceeding throughout the republic and private construction work is active in Santo Domingo City.

Premier Poincare Hopes for Easier Terms for French Indebtedness to United States-Senator Smoot Says Terms Are Liberal.

The French Chamber of Deputies was advised by Premier Poincare on June 9 that he hoped to obtain better debt settlement terms from the United States and that he intended to try, particularly as he realized that the French Parliament would not ratify the accords with America and Great Britain in their present form. The Associated Press cablegrams from Paris, in reporting this, added:

The Premier said that was why he had made the "provisional" payments on the debt account so as to keep free to renew the negotiations.

His declaration came after he had remarked that "the French Parliament does not seem to wish to ratify" the accord, drawing from Jacques Dubius, who was Under-Secretary of Finance under Caillaux, the question, "Are you proposing that the Chamber ratify them?"

The Premier rejoined that "all the former Under-Secretaries of Finance seem to be interrupting me this morning," and then voiced the hope that he would be able to get better terms.

The Chamber suddenly flamed into interest and pressed the Premier

for an explanation.
"I do not propose ratification of the accords," he said, "because I hope

to obtain better terms, and because Parliament certainly would not agree to bind the country for 62 years. "That is why I voluntarily proposed provisional payments, so we would

retain our freedom of action to negotiate on a new basis. But, in order that we may fear nothing and be truly independent of our creditor countries,

don't you think it would be useful to have foreign moneys, and particularly money that did not come from those creditor countries?"

The Deputies, when the debt question bobbed up, where debating concession of the French monopoly to Svenska, the Swedish match corportation which has offered to loan the Government \$80,000,000. Premier Poincare was defending this proposed contract, which he wants ratified.

Pointing out the advantage to the Treasury of having the Svenska's

\$80,000,000 bond, he added: "That is an operation to which I attach great importance. The experts' commission had advised the Government to sign the accords with the

United States in hope of attaining foreign credit.

"Certainly to-day the rise of the franc has permitted the Treasury and the Bank of France not only to re-establish the Morgan fund but also to procure a stock of dollars and pounds—but Parliament has not yet ratified the accords and does not seem to wish to ratify them."

According to Washington Associated Press advices, June 9, Secretary Mellon declined to allow himself to be drawn into a discussion of the French debt. From the same source we quote the following:

The Treasury, on March 1, accepted the French offer to pay \$10,000,000 on its unfunded \$4,025,000,000 war debt without prejudice to ratification of the debt agreement by the American Congress and the French Parliament. This payment was made due on June 15.

Inasmuch as the American Debt Commission has gone out of existence, it is not clear here just how a revision of the funding agreement could be brought about. Most officials believe some action by Congress would be necessary.

According to Washington dispatches to the New York "Herald Tribune" June 9, despite the statement of Premier Poincare that he hoped to get better terms for the settlement of the French debt, there was no indication at Washington that his hopes were well founded. The dispatch observes:

On the contrary, there is vigorous opposition to making the terms any more lenient and there will be strong opposition in Congress to the ratification of the settlement on the present terms. . . .

Senator Smoot of Utah, Chairman of the Finance Committee and a member of the Debt Funding Commission, said the United States "will make no better settlement terms."

Smoot Opposes Opposition.

"The terms are just as liberal as any country could expect or ask," Mr. Smoot declared. "I do not believe Congress would ratify any settlement which made greater concessions."

Senator Borah said he was opposed to the French settlement as it stands now and that he would, of course, oppose further concessions.

Why French Bought Gold of Us and London—Infatuation for Possession of Visible Gold and Preference for New York Cited.

From the New York "Times" of June 6 we quote the following Paris advices June 5 (copyright):

The gold purchases in London and New York by the Bank of France continue to excite much comment on all financial markets. The London press in particular has violently attacked the Bank of France, accusing it of deliberately placing the London market in a difficult position. The truth appears to be, however, that the Bank of France has been obliged to take into account the infatuation of the French people for the visible possession of available gold, and it is believed to have been mainly for that reason that a relatively small part of the bank's available balances abroad have been converted into actual gold holdings.

Account has also been taken of the fact that sterling credits in the London banks cannot quite be regarded as "earmarked gold." In the case of New York deposits, no such doubt exists. In the American market it is recognized that dollar credits can always and under any circumstances be turned into gold, whereas the Bank of France has already found that it could not buy large amounts of dollars in the London market without upsetting the stability of the pound sterling.

Nevertheless, the friendly conversations which have taken place in the past week between the managers of the Bank of France and the Bank of England are expected to have favorable effect on these operations. The Paris market believes that transactions of the kind will hereafter be arranged so as not in any respect to inconvenience financial London.

London's Attitude Toward French Policy—Recourse to London's Gold Reserve Believed Unwarranted by Situation—Agreement as to Gold Purchases.

Noting that as the very end of the week it was reported that the Bank of England and the Bank of France had reached an agreement for the purchase of more gold in London by France, if necessary, in furtherance of the Bank of France's policy of employing its large holdings of foreign currencies a cablegram from London June 5 to the New York "Times" (copyright) had the following to say in the way of comment:

It was emphasized, however, that the Bank of France will buy gold only by prior arrangement with the Bank of England, which would thus be in a position to supply gold at a time convenient to itself. The £500,000 gold sold on Friday by the Bank of England is understood to have been taken for French account.

The money market nevertheless has continued to discuss anxiously the question of French gold and exchange demand. The position remains obscure, with the market actually no wiser now than it was a fortnight ago concerning the French policy. No official announcement has been made, so that the market was left to draw its own conclusions, which were by no means favorable to France.

In financial circles sharp criticism continues of the manner in which the Bank of France is dealing with the admittedly awkward situation in which it has been placed by the inundation of foreign currencies in exchange for francs, owing to the action of speculators who think that francs will appreciate still further. The point made is that France has seriously disarranged the London money market by the method pursued in its gold purchases. Money has become scarce, discount rates forced upward and a further reduction in the bank rate prevented. Making all allowances for the fact that France is confronted by a difficult problem in keeping exchange steady, the opinion is strongly held here that she has not been "playing the game." Simply for the purpose of defeating speculators for the rise in francs, so runs the common complaint, the French Bank has undertaken to denude of their gold reserves countries which, like Great Britain, have returned to the gold standard and accepted all its responsibilities.

Financial judgment as to how France ought to meet the speculative movement is positive to the effect that the remedy lies in immediate stabilization of the franc. So long as the rate is merely pegged, speculation in francs will continue. So far as London is able to judge, France now possesses all the resources which would make successful stabilization possible.

In its review of the financial market the "Times" of June 8 referred as follows to the agreement reached at the Paris

No further purchase, withdrawal or shifting of gold occurred on foreign markets for the account of the Bank of France, but cabled citations from the press of London showed that market to be both apprehensive and irritated at the constantly overhanging possibility. Last week's conference at Paris between the Governor of the Bank of England and the Governor of the Bank of France seems to have got no further than a "gentlemen's agreement" that the London bank would be warned beforehand when the French institution contemplated taking gold from it. This can hardly reassure financial London, and meantime the French bank's purchases of sterling and other drafts, though less than the recent weekly acquisitions of more than \$50,000,000, are still abnormally large. The actual situation

• at the Bank of France has undertaken forcibly to hold the franc at a

price below what home and foreign markets appear to consider its intrinsic value.

Recent events have made it evident that the fall in its price from 6 ½ cents in 1924 to less than 2 cents last July was primarily a result of "flight of capital" to foreign markets—chiefly through leaving in those markets the proceeds of French exports, which last year amounted in all to 59,000,000,000 francs. When this expatriated capital came rushing home again, on the discovery that the fall of the franc was definitely ended, the result should normally have been that most or all of the lost ground would have been recovered. That is precisely what occurred with Italy, where the lira has already gained in value more since last Summer than it had lost in two or three preceding past years. But France, because of the trade disturbance, undertook to stop the franc's rise when less than half of the ground lost since April, 1924, had been recovered. Since the market was willing to pay more for the franc than the official 4-cent price, the only way to impose that price was for the Bank of France to sell around 4 cents all the francs that the foreign bidders wanted. It is difficult to foresee the end of that process, and of the resultant accumulation of foreign exchange unless through legal revalorization of the franc, which would establish permanently the buying and selling price for everybody. Even then, an interesting question would arise as to the possible flow of actual gold to Paris.

An item regarding the agreement appeared in our issue of June 4, page 3285.

Plans of French Government to Issue New 10,000,000,000 Franc Loan and Retire Equal Amount of Bank Notes.

Reports regarding the intention of France to issue a new loan with a view to redeeming some 10,000,000,000 francs of fiduciary now in circulation were noted in Associated Press accounts from Paris, June 9, which said:

The circulation of French banknotes for the past eleven months has been at an equivalent of 150 to the pound sterling and thirty to the dollar. Inasmuch as de facto stabilization at 125 to the pound and twenty-five to the dollar now obtains, Premier Poincare, financial experts say, has made up his mind to take in and destroy the excess.

A Paris cablegram, June 8, to the New York "Times" (copyright) referring to the plans stated:

The new consolidation plans, which will absorb this plethora of meney, have been carefully prepared, and when as much as possible of the estimated 10,000,000,000 francs has been obtained the Government will invite Parliament to lower the legal limit of advances which the State can draw from the Bank of France by a like amount. The bank then will have to withdraw from circulation and suppress paper money equivalent to that amount.

This conversion, it is stated, will be completed by the 1st of July. Not only fresh money will be absorbed, but the sinking fund, which itself has too much liquid money at its disposal, will discount national defense bonds.

The same cablegram thus referred to the plans of Premier Poincare.

Premier Poincare is planning to begin within the next few weeks deflating French currency to the extent of 10,000,000,000 francs.

This important operation is the direct outcome of the work of consondation which the Government has so successfully accomplished in the past ten months and is being done simultaneously with the enormous purchase and recovery of gold which France has recently undertaken.

Announcement of the proposed operation, which was made by the Matin, has been expected for some time, although it was not expected that he would boldly aim at a mark so high as 10,000,000,000 frances. It has been calculated by French Treasury experts, however, that the enorgous amount can be withdrawn from circulation without danger to commercial needs.

Within less than a year France has thus reversed the order of things in a way which last June seemed utterly impossible. A year ago the Bank of France's printing presses were working day and night issuing new notes with which the Government could meet the demands of nervous bondholders for redemption of their bonds.

Short-term national defense and Treasury bond maturities fell due at such a rate and public confidence in them was so small that every month produced a state of greater and greater panic and a larger increase in circulation with which to enable the Treasury to meet the bondholders' demands.

Circulation went up by leaps and bounds, and the other day Premier Poincare himself revealed that the needs of the Treasury were so desperate when he took office that the Minister of Finance was trying to sell in London the copper stocks of the Ministry of War.

Now within a year there is a surplus of bank notes estimated at 10,000,000,000 francs. Instead of the public seeking cash for their bonds they are trying to get bonds for their cash, and, the amount of bonds being now limited, the cash is lying idle, or worse than idle, as the amount in circulation above actual needs costs the Treasury current account 2½% interest.

Later advices from Paris, June 9, are also taken as follows from the "Times" (copyright):

Premier Poincare's proposal to issue a new loan of 10,000,000,000 francs which will permit the retirement of an equal amount of bank-notes has caused today a considerable political flutter.

In the first place the apparent necessity for some such new loan as the Premier suggests has tended in a negative way to consolidate the position of the Government at a moment when it is being attacked, or rather worried, by its political opponents. Even more clearly than before it has been made apparent to the Left parties that if they upset the Government they cannot, while the work of financial restoration is still unfinished, themselves take office again, even though they control a majority in the Chamber.

They may upset the Government, but they cannot govern, for a situation which compels flotation of a new loan with which to begin deflation is not so solid as to permit any new Government to take it easily in hand. There is still more than one fissure in the edifice which the Premier has constructed which if the confidence which attaches to his name were removed might prove disastrous to the whole building.

He has consolidated the floating debt so that now two-year bonds are the shortest held by the public, and there is no such danger as existed a year ago of a sudden tremendous rush of bondholders seeking cash for their bonds. In getting rid of this liability, however, the Treasury has

The other day a former Minister of Finance accused the Premier in the Chamber of being a "prisoner of the banks" and while M. Poincare hotly denied the charge, there still exists somewhat the same position as existed last year, only now it is the banks instead of the public which are in the position of being able at any time to make a sudden demand on the Treasury for cash payments which are estimated at billions

of francs.

This liability was incurred when the Treasury and the Bank of France were busy buying dollars and pounds sterling on all sides. An enormous quantity of these stable moneys was placed to the current account of the Bank and the Treasury instead of being paid for in francs—printing

more francs being thus avoided.

It is out of this situation that the Premier must now find a way. He has still to borrow at something like $6\frac{1}{2}\%$, and so long as the Treasury is in that position his political opponents very much prefer that it should be M. Poincare himself who should do the borrowing. His reputation, as much as anything he has done, has enabled France to create and obtain almost unlimited confidence for nearly a year, and that confidence must be extended for at least another year before all obstacles can be safely overcome.

No political party and no critic of the present Administration seems willing to try to take on such a responsibility, and thus just as the moment when criticism is getting somewhat insistent the Premier has seemed by lifting the curtain a little on what the real situation is to make his own continuance in office almost certain.

British Bank's Scheme for Small Payments Meets with Obstacles—London Clearing House Will Not Clear Receipts of Midland Bank.

According to advices from London June 2 to the New York "Times," the plan to save check duty on small payments recently devised by the Midland Bank and hailed as a great boon by the public may be suppressed by the British Treasury authorities. The "Times" account (copyright) adds:

The London Bankers' Clearing House Committee to-day decided, on legal advice, not to provide clearings facilities for the receipts provided under the Midland Bank's scheme, which came into operation at the beginning of this week. Upon the future attitude of the bankers will depend the action of the Government, on whose behalf Winston Chruchill the Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced in the House of Commons to-day that legal advice was also being sought.

The Midland Bank has been supplying gratis books of receipts for sums under £2 which could be presented for payment at the bank or handed to a merchant in settlement of a debt. It was, in effect, a new kind of currency.

Germany Ends Tax on Foreign Loans—Repeal of Impost is Decreed Due to the Stringency of Berlin Money Market.

From Berlin June 3 the New York "Times" reported the following (copyright):

Repeal of the 10% tax imposed by Germany on all foreign loans has been decreed by Finance Minister Koehler in the case of credits considered to be of a productive character. This action is due to the increasing stringency of the Berlin money market.

Only such loans as the German financial authorities, notably the advisory bureau founded by Dr. Schacht, President of the Reichsbank, judge to be stimulating to the development of German productivity, industrial and otherwise, will be freed of the tax. Advances to German States and municipalities are not likely to be approved.

The impost in question has served as an absolute barrier against the flotation of German loans in America since its imposition last fall. Obviously no American investor was prepared to receive only 90% of the interest due him instead of the full amount called for by the prospectus.

Bill Prolonging Germany's Customs Tariff.

The German Cabinet has prepared a bill prolonging until July 1930, the customs tariff of 1925, which expires by limitation in July of the present year, says a copyright cablegram to the New York "Times" from Berlin June 5. It adds that the present moderate import duties on cereals will probably be maintained, but duties on potatoes and frozen meat may be increased.

J. A. Walls of Aldred & Co. on Future Loans to Italy.

Future loans granted to Italy by American bankers will be confined chiefly to productive enterprises, mainly hydroelectric and land reclamation projects, according to J. A. Walls, of Aldred & Co., bankers, and director and chief engineer of the International Power Securities Corp., who has just returned from several months' stay abroad. As a result of this, Mr. Walls said, the flow of American capital to Italy may slow down as compared with the earlier months of the year when the enthusiasm among bankers resulted temporarily in an overabundance of loans. This situation, he added, has been corrected from within as the Italian authorities are now encouraging borrowings for productive purposes only.

"Both hydro-electric and land reclamation programs are in line with the Italian Government's policy of making the nation more self-supporting," says Mr. Walls. "Development of power from Italy's numerous mountain streams obviates the necessity for importing an equivalent amount of coal and thus aids the country from dependence on foreign markets for one of the basic raw materials which Italy lacks.

"Power development has been progressing rapidly for many years and has been making especially rapid strides recently; in fact, it has reached the point where easily available sources of power are utilized, leaving only those which are more distant from consuming centers and more expensive

"Land reclamation programs, including both drainage and irrigation projects in various sections of Italy, are in the same class. They fit in with the Fascist program of discouraging the drift to the cities, always a depressant to a nation's birth-rate, of encouraging agriculture to lessen requirements of foreign food-products, and of furnishing an outlet for Italy's growing population. The latter problem has become increasingly serious since the present American emigration law became effective."

"The most striking aspect of present-day Italy, to a foreigner," Mr. Walls adds, "is the spirit of co-operation and confidence in the future

"The most striking aspect of present-day Italy, to a foreigner," Mr. Walls adds, "is the spirit of co-operation and confidence in the future which a like inbues capital, labor and those responsible for running the State. I found no evidence that the rise in the lira had done anything to destroy morale or cause unbearable hardship."

Proposed Measure to Make Danish Farm Bank Independent of State.

In the Folkething on May 31 Minister of Commerce Slebsager introduced the long-expected bill for a new arrangement of the Danish Landmansbank, which is working under a State guarantee until 1931, according to copyright advices from Copenhagen to the New York "Times." The account adds:

The bill authorizes the Minister of Commerce to appoint a committee to draft a proposal, to be introduced next session, enabling the bank to work independently of the State.

work independently of the State.

The bill proposes the establishment of an institute for the liquidation of certain assets which are estimated as probably to involve losses. The State will cover the deficit appearing in the bank's accounts after this transference to the liquidation institute, after which the bank will continue under the same or a new name.

The basis of the new share capital will be about 50,000,000 kroner. for which the committee will procure home or foreign offers. The bill finnally authorizes the Finance Minister to raise a twelve months' loan to an amount corresponding at the most to \$20,000,000, to be put at the disposal of the Landmansbank, if necessary, to procure liquid means pending the final arrangement.

William Phillips, First United States Minister to Canada, Presents Credentials to Governor General of Canada.

William Phillips, whose appointment as First Minister from the United States to Canada was noted in our issue of Feb. 26, page 1152, formally presented his letter of credence to Governor-General Viscount Willingdon of Canada on June 1. Mr. Phillips, who was formerly American Ambassador to Belgium, was presented to the Governor-General by Dr. O. D. Skelton, Under-Secretary of Foreign Affairs of Canada. Mr. Phillips will not enter upon his new duties until July 1, and it was understood that he would return to Washington until the date of the official opening of the Legation. Mr. Phillips's first day in Ottawa was crowded with ceremonial and official business. At a luncheon at Laurier House given by Premier King, the American Minister met most of the Canadian Ministers of the Crown. At night the Governor-General gave a dinner to Mr. Phillips and the members of his staff accompanying him. In presenting his credentials to the Governor-General, Mr. Phillips said: "My Government seeks, in the establishment of my mission, to strengthen the cordial sentiments which have ever animated the people of Canada and the United States, confident that their association in everything that touches peaceful and orderly progress will bring new benefits to both." The Governor-General expressed himself as "very sensible of the remarks to which you have given expression with regard to the cordial and friendly relations which have long existed between the countries, and can assure you that both I and my Government will give you every assistance in promoting our mutual progress and prosperity." The letter of credence from President Coolidge, presented by Mr. Phillips, was dated March 5; it read as follows, according to the Montreal "Gazette":

Calvin Coolidge, President of the United States of America—To His Majesty George V., of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the seas, King, Emperor of India, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Etc., Etc., Etc.
Great and Good Friend: I have conferred the rank of Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary upon Mr. William Phillips, a distinguished citizen of the United States, with the special object of representing in the Dominion of Canada the interests of the United States of America. He is well informed of the desire of this Government to cultivate to the fullest extent the friendship which has so long existed between Your Majesty's Dominion of Canada and this country.

I, therefore, request Your Majesty to receive him favorably and to commend him to the officials of the Dominion of Canada in order that full credence may be given to what he shall say on the part of the United States of America. I have charged him to convey to you and to the Government of the Dominion of Canada the best wishes of this Government for

the prosperity of the British Empire.

May God have Your Majesty in His wise keeping.

Your good friend,

riend, CALVIN COOLIDGE.

By the President, JOSEPH C. GREW, Acting Secretary of State. Washington, March 5 1927. Mr. Phillips, in addressing the Governor-General, spoke

Your Excellency: The President having charged me with the agreeable task of representing the Government of the United States as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at the capital of the Dominion of Canada, I have the honor to place in the hands of Your Excellency, in your capacity as representative of His Britannic Majesty,

the Letters of Credence appertaining to my office.

In so doing, I am happy to convey to Your Excellency, on behalf of the President, his assurances of friendship and carnest solicitude for the con-

tinued welfare and prosperity of this great neighboring Dominion.

My Government seeks, in the establishment of my mission, to strengthen the cordial sentiments which have ever animated the people of Canada and the United States, confident that their association in everything that touches peaceful and orderly progress will bring new benefits to both. It will be my constant effort to assist in the achievement of this purpose, and to interpret the feelings of friendship and admiration that are felt in my country toward Canada and toward the British Empire, of which the Dominion is so distinguished a part.

I am deeply sensible, Sir, of the high privilege of being the first envoy of my Government to be accredited to Canada.

performance of my duties is lightened already in prospect in the conviction that I shall receive the sympathetic co-operation of Your Ex-cellency and that of the Dominion Government.

In reply Viscount Willingdon said:

Mr. Phillips: May I, as His Majesty's representative in Canada, beg you to convey to His Excellency, the President of the United States of America, my sincere thanks for his assurances of friendship and earnest solicitude for the continued welfare and prosperity of this country and of the British Empire, sentiments which I cordially reciprocate towards the great counover which he presides.

Allow me, too, on behalf of the Government and people of Canada, to extend to you a very warm welcome on your appointment here as the first Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the United States, and to express our keen appreciation that an officer with such a distinguished record of service should have been entrusted with this important

am very sensible of the remarks to which you have given expression with regard to the cordial and friendly relations which have long existed between our two countries, and can assure you that both I and my Government will give you every assistance in promoting our mutual progress and prosperity. We in Canada recognize the many advantages we have and prosperity. We in Canada recognize the many advantages we have obtained from the fact that we live in close association with a great and powerful friendly neighbor, and trust that these relations may be confirmed

and strengthened during your term of service amongst us.

You may rest assured that in the performance of your responsible duties you can always rely on sympathetic co-operation from myself and from the

Government of the Dominion of Canada.

In the same issue of our paper in which reference was made to Mr. Phillips's appointment (Feb. 26, page 1152), we referred to the presentation to President Coolidge of the credentials of Vincent Massey, Canada's first Minister to Washington.

Directors of Havana Stock Exchange Seek Presidential Decree Penalyzing Trading from Cuba by Foreign Houses.

Under a decree sought by the directors of the Havana Stock Exchange, no member of the New York Stock Exchange or bank would be permitted to operate from Cuba on the New York Stock Exchange, except through the medium of a Cuban broker who is a member of the Havana Stock Exchange, unless such member of the New York Stock Exchange or bank pays to the Havana Stock Exchange an amount equivalent to the commissions charged under the rules of the New York Exchange, which is prohibitive. This is learned from a cablegram June 2 from Havana to the New York "Journal of Commerce," which in referring to the adoption of a resolution by directors of the Havana Exchange requesting the issuance of such a decree by the Cuban President said:

Acting upon the suggestion of the firm of Mendoza & Co., stock brokers, Acting upon the suggestion of the firm of Mendoza & Co., stock brokers, with offices here, who were members of the New York Stock Exchange and who now operate through Thompson & McKinnon, members of the New York Stock Exchange, the board of directors of the Havana Stock Exchange to-day passed a resolution to petition the President to issue a decree ordering that on all operations covering the purchase or sale of stocks and grains made from the Republic of Cuba to be executed on foreign exchanges, by-laws of which prohibit admission of Cuban citizens as members, an amount should be paid to the Havana Stock Exchange not less than that which the foreign exchanges, by-laws of which prohibit the admission of Cuban citizens as members, authorize their members to charge.

Those transactions would be exempted made through nationals who are

Those transactions would be exempted made through nationals who are members of the Havana Stock Exchange or by concerns totally composed of Cuban citizens and organized under the Cuban laws, one of whose managers or directors is a member of the Havana Stock Exchange.

It was also urged that all companies operating in Cuba, such as United Railways of Havana, should be obliged to open an office for the transfer of stock, and further to make compulsory the registration in the Havana Stock Exchange of all corporations operating in Cuba with more than \$1,000,000 capital.

A. M. Elias, Consul-General, of Mexicar Decree Affecting Purchases in United States.

Arturo M. Elias, Consul-General and Financial Agent of the Government of Mexico in New York, announces under date of June 3 receipt of the following message from Mexico

The Department of Foreign Relations officially declares that the decree which the President of the Republic issued a few days ago relative to the uspension of purchases in the United States by the dependencies of the

Federal Government, was based among other considerations on the injury caused by the important disbursement of money which represents the pu chases already made not only in respect to merchandise bought in the United States, but also in regard to those purchased in Europe, which have been detained in transit by the United States, causing, thereby, consequent in-

American merchandise, for this disposition refers specifically to prevent that the dependencies of (he Federal Government make purchases in the United States which could be made in Mexico, without taking into consideration whether American or not. Consequently, the Presidential decree referred whether American or not. Consequently, the Presidential decree referred to tends to safeguard the financial interests of the Government, and to avoid delays on goods which are necessary to same, without cause or motive in the least to affect the cordial relations existing between Mexico and the

The decree was referred to in these columns June 4, page

Spain Imposes Charge on Bank Payments.

The New York office of the Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd., at 49 Broadway, has received the following cable from Madrid, Spain:

Royal order published May 31 makes obligatory charge of half per 10,000 minimum 25 cents on all payments made by banks or bankers to other banks bankers in same town unless cover provided at least one day previously. This to commence June 1 1927.

Offering of \$20,000,000 State of Bavaria Treasury Notes (Participation Certificates).

The Equitable Trust Co. of New York and Harris, Forbes & Co. have purchased a \$20,000,000 Free State of Bavaria one-year external dollar Treasury note against which they offered on June 6 participation certificates of the Equitable Trust Co. at a price to yield 53/8%. Date June 10 1927 and due June 10 1928, bearer certificates will be issued in denominations of \$25,000, \$10,000, \$5,000 and \$1,000, not interchangeable. They will be payable in United States Gold dollars of the present standard of weight and fineness, without deduction for any duties or taxes imposed or collected by or within the Free State of Bavaria or the German Reich, at the principal office of the Equitable Trust Co. of New York. Dr. Wilhelm Krausneck, Minister of Finance of the Free State of Bavaria, has the following to say in part in advices to the bankers:

The \$20,000,000 one-year dollar Treasury note of the Free State o Bayaria against which the Equitable Trust Co. of New York is to issue its certificates of participation, is the direct and unconditional external obligation of the Free State of Bavaria, and is payable in New York in United States gold dollars without deduction for any duties or taxes imposed or collected by or within the State or the German Reich. It is issued in anti-

collected by or within the State or the German Reich. It is issued in anti-cipation of tax collections and revenues and the proceeds of its sale will be used for the purpose of refunding floating indebtedness of the State and (or) temporarily increasing the working capital of the State. The State's total funded and floating debt, as of March 31 1927, including the estimated revalued principal amount of the internal paper mark debt, was \$75,702,857.15, or approximately \$10.23 per capita. The State estimates the value of its revenue producing properties, the most important of which are the State hydro-electric systems and the State forests, at over \$500,000,000. As of March 31 1927, contingent liabilities of the State, arising from guarantees of various self-supporting obligations, amounted to \$22,638,270. The budget for the current fiscal year, now under discussion in the Landtag, shows net ordinary revenues and expenditures balanced at \$107,817,976.19.

Article 248 of the Versailles Treaty reads in part "... a first charge upon all the assets and revenues of the German Empire and its constituent States shall be the cost of reparation and all other costs arising under the present Treaty or any treaties or agreements supplementary thereto or under arrangements concluded between Germany and the Allied and Associated Powers during the Armistice or its extensions." The Dawes plan provides that payments shall be made by Germany to the Reichsbank for account of the Agent General for Reparation Payments and to secure

the payments specific revenues are especially pledged.

State property and State revenues from taxes and duties are not subject to any changes for the payments required by the Dawes plan. By Reich legislation certain of the State enterprises or properties may be required to make certain unsecured yearly payments to the Reich in place of the secured yearly payments imposed under the Dawes plan on privately owned enterprises and properties of like character. It is believed these unsecured payments will in no event exceed \$80,000 per annum.

All conversions from German to United States currency in the foregoing have been made at the rate of 4.20 gold marks to the dollar

The Treasury note will be issued payable to the order of the Equitable Trust Co. of New York and will be held by it for the benefit of the holders of these participation certificates. It is expected that the participation certificates will be ready for delivery about June 15.

Offering of \$15,000,000 City of Copenhagen (Denmark) Bonds-Books Closed.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and the International Acceptance Bank, Inc., purchased \$15,000,000 principal amount of City of Copenhagen (Denmark) 25-year 5% gold bonds due June 1 1952, which they offered on June 9 for subscription subject to allotment at 971/4% and accrued interest to date of delivery, to yield about 5.20% to maturity. The books were closed on the same day at 11:30 a. m. The proceeds of this issue will be used in part to pay the Internal 5% Loan maturing in 1928, amounting to \$6,700,000, and the balance will be used for additions and betterments to public works and buildings. The bonds are redeemable, at the option of the city, in whole, or in part by lot, on June 1 1937, or on any interest date thereafter, at 100% and accrued interest, on sixty days' published notice. They will be in coupon form in denominations of \$1,000 and \$500. Principal and interest (June 1 and Dec. 1) will be payable in New York City in United States gold coin of or equal to the standard of weight and fineness existing June 1 1927, without deduction for any Danish Government or municipal or other Danish taxes, imposts, levies or duties, present or future. The International Acceptance Securities & Trust Co. are fiscal agents.

Regarding the country's finances and the security behind the bonds, J. Schaarup, Director-General of Accounts and Audits of the City of Copenhagen, says:

Finances.

For the fiscal year 1926-27, ordinary budget receipts of the city are estimated at \$29,319,000 and expenditures at \$28,676,000. For the past three years ordinary receipts have exceeded expenditures and during this period the city has made capital expenditures totaling \$28,106,000, which were provided for out of cash balances in the Treasury, proceeds of loans and sales of municipal property.

As of March 31 1927 the total funded debt of the city amounted to \$107,280,000 and there was no floating debt. The assessed valuation of real estate in the city is approximately \$804,000,000 and on March 31 1926 the value of city-owned property was estimated at \$141,450,000, of which productive property (tramways, water, gas and electric works, markets, &c.) to the estimated value of \$101,840,000 yielded a net income of \$6,700,000 for the fiscal year 1925-26.

Security.

The bonds will be the direct obligation of the City of Copenhagen and will contain a covenant that if, while any of the bonds are outstanding, it shall create or issue or guarantee any loan or bonds secured by lien on any of its revenues or assets or assign any of its revenues or assets as security for any guaranty of any obligation, the present issue of bonds will be secured equally and ratably with such other loan or bonds or such guaranty. No loan of the city is specifically secured and the city has never defaulted on any of its debts.

Application will be made to list the bonds on the New York Stock Exchange. Conversions of Danish kroner into United States currency have been made at gold parity of \$.268 per kroner.

Interim certificates, exchangeable for definitive bonds when prepared, will be delivered in the first instance against payment in New York funds. The Copenhagen loan was awarded after close bidding to the International Acceptance Bank and Kuhn, Loeb & Co., says the New York "Times," which states that other bidders were Brown Brothers & Co., the Bankers Trust Co. and the Guaranty Trust Co., each representing a syndicate.

"American Shares" of Hungarian Discount Bank to be Placed on Market Next Week.

Ames, Emerich & Co., Inc. and Bauer, Pond & Vivian have purchased a block of stock of the Hungarian Discount and Exchange Bank (Ungarische Escompte und Wechslerbank) and will shortly make an offering in the form of American shares. The American shares will be issued under a deposit agreement in the proportion of one American share for each two shares of the Bank which have a par value of 50 pengos each. This will be the first time, it is stated, that stock of a banking institution in Hungary has been placed on the American market in the form of "American shares." The Hungarian Discount and Exchange Bank was organized as a private institution nearly 100 years ago and was incorporated under its present name in 1869. It is the fourth largest bank in Hungary. The principal office and eight branches are operated in the City of Budapest, with two branches in the Provinces, and the institution is also affiliated with fifteen provincial banks throughout the country. Activities of the institution embrace all phases of the banking business and it also is interested in more than fifty leading industrial and public utility enterprises in Hungary. The Bank has an unbroken dividend record since 1875, having paid dividends all through the War.

Offering of \$500,000 Bonds of National Central Savings Bank of Hungary.

Formal offering was made June 6 of an additional issue of \$500,000 7½% 35-year secured sinking fund gold bonds, series A, of the National Central Savings Bank of Hungary by F. J. Lisman & Co. and the First Federal Foreign Investment Trust. The bonds were offered at 100 and accrued interest, to yield 7.50%. A previous offering of \$1,500,000 bonds of the bank by the same banking houses was noted in these columns May 7, page 2676. The bonds are part of a total authorized issue of \$3,000,000. As in the case of the \$1,500,000 issue, the additional \$500,000 bonds will be dated

Feb. 1 1927 and will become due Feb. 1 1962. The bonds will be in denominations of \$1,000 and \$500. A cumulative sinking fund, commencing Aug. 1 1927, operating semiannually, is calculated to retire the entire issue by maturity through purchase in the open market below par or, if not so obtainable, by drawings by lot for redemption at par. Loan redemption payments received in advance of the regular schedule on account of mortgage loans securing these bonds will also be applied to the redemption of bonds. will be redeemable (otherwise than through the sinking fund) as a whole or in part at six months' notice at par and accrued interest. Principal and interest (Feb. 1 and Aug. 1) will be payable in New York City at the office of F. J. Lisman & Co., fiscal agents, in United States gold coin of the present standard of weight and fineness without dcduction for any taxes, present or future, levied or imposed by the Kingdom of Hungary or by any taxing authority therein or thereof. The purpose of this issue is to provide the bank with funds against mortgage loans already made, but for which the mortgage bonds have not yet been issued, and to effect additional mortgage loans. Information as to the history and business of the bank was contained in our May 7 item.

Republic of Salvador Customs Collections and Debt Service.

The following information comes from F. J. Lisman & Co.:

May collections	1927. \$554,541 87,494
Available for series C bonds	\$467,047 70,000 3,017,423 437,470
Available for C bonds	\$2,579,953 350,000

Collections for the first five months of 1927, after deducting service requirements for the period on the A and B bonds, were equivalent to over 7.37 times interest and sinking fund requirements on the series C bonds.

The bankers' representative collects 100% of the import and export duties, all of which is available for bond service, if needed, and 70% of which is specially pledged for that purpose.

Bank Credit to the City of Genoa.

Messrs. Dillon, Read & Co. and Marshall Field, Glore, Ward & Co. have concluded the negotiation of a short-term credit of \$5,500,000 to the city of Genoa, Italy. It is understood that the proceeds are to be used in meeting the cost of certain municipal improvements. The rate of interest is 5%. Genoa has a population of approximately 600,000. During the past year 18,000,000 tons of shipping entered or cleared through the harbor, and it is planned to create a free port of zone beginning Jan. 1 1928, which should add to Genoa's importance as a shipping centre. The city has no external debt other than the credit now arranged.

New Issue of \$1,500,000 Province of Callao, Peru, 7½% Gold Bonds Sold Privately.

A new issue of \$1,500,00 Province of Callao, Peru, guaranteed and secured sinking fund 71/2% gold bonds has been sold privately by J. & W. Seligman & Co., Hunter, Dulin & Co. and Alvin H. Frank & Co. An announcement of this was made on May 18. The bonds, which will bear date January 1 1927, were priced at 99 and interest, to yield 7.60% to maturity January 1 1944. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds, it is stated, will be used in part to retire outstanding debts amounting to approximately \$192,500, after which these bonds will constitute the only funded debt of the Province, external or internal. The remainder of the proceeds will be devoted to specified municipal purposes, including water supply, drainage, housing, street paving and sanitary improvements. The issue is redeemable in whole or in part at 1071/2 and interest. A cumulative sinking fund, which is provided, it is calculated, will be sufficient to retire at least \$1,465,000 of these bonds before maturity through purchases in the market up to 1071/2 and interest, or by drawings at the call price. The bonds are a direct obligation of the Province of Callao, but the Republic of Peru is guarantor and joint and several obligor with the Province. The bonds will be in coupon bearer form in interchangeable denominations of \$1,000 and \$500 and will be redeemable on any interest date upon prior notice. Principal and interest (Jan. 1 and July 1) will be payable in United States gold of the present standard of weight and finness, in New York City at the office of J. & W. Seligman & Co., fiscal agent, free from any Peruvian taxes present or future. The Central Union Trust Co. of New York is trustee.

German-Austrian Credit Bank to Issue New Stock in Exchange for Old Stock.

J. Henry Schroder Banking Corporation announces that in accordance with the resolution approved by stockholders, the Allgemeine Oesterreichische Boden-Credit-Anstalt has decided to exchange six old shares of kronen 3,000 nominal for one new share of shillings 50 nominal. Holders of the stock are requested to deposit their kronen share certificates with J. Henry Schroder Banking Corporation for exchange for the new shares. The privilege for making the exchange in New York expires Nov. 16 1927. Dividends for 1926 on the shilling shares issued in exchange for the kronen shares will be paid by J. Henry Schroder Banking Corporation at the rate of 7.20 shillings per new share.

Visiting Bavarian Delegation Leaves Good-WillMessage with Their Departure for Europe-Signing of Bavarian Bonds.

The Bavarian Minister of Finance, Dr. Wilhelm Krausneck, Ministerialrat August Mader, Oberfinanzdirektor Friedrich Moroff, and Dr. Fritz Belke, comprising the Bavarian delegation, which has been in this country for two weeks, recently sailed for Europe, leaving a farewell message of good-will in which the Minister of Finance, Dr. Krausneck, the party's spokesman, said:

It is difficult to describe in short terms the many impressions which can be gained from a country, such as America, during a short period of two weeks only. The special matter which brought us here, the signing can be gained from a country, such as America, during a short period of two weeks only. The special matter which brought us here, the signing of the Bavarian bonds, was settled in the first days, then the application for the listing of the bonds at the Stock Exchange had to be attended to, after which followed a visit to Chicago, Detroit, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Washington. Much of what I have seen is without doubt of interest to Germany and would be worth a more thorough study with regard to the question of practicability in Germany. Of course, not all American conditions would be applicable in Germany without corresponding adjustments. The interview I had the pleasure of having with leading American bankers was of great importance for me, and I certainly welcomed the conversation of great importance for me, and I certainly welcomed the conversation I had with President Coolidge and General Dawes. With General Dawes I conversed at length on the general economic questions and especially about the Dawes Plan.

It was very agreeably impressing to notice the friendly and sincere reception which was accorded to me and my friends everywhere, especially by the leading men of the two banking institutions: Equitable Trust Co. of New York and Harris, Forbes & Co. On various occasions I could refer to the steady, however slow, upward trend in the development of the economic conditions in Gemany, although one must beware of over-estimation, and that this gradual reconstruction is due to a great extent to the American

I leave this country with the best of wishes for the American nation and I leave this country with the best of wishes for the American nation and in the hope for a further profitable economic co-operation with the German people. My particular wish is that many Americans would visit the German Fatherland and especially my own Bavarian country and take back with them to America the most pleasant memories of its beauty.

National City Bank of New York Designated as Depositary for Exchange of Wiener Bank Verein Stock.

The National City Bank of New York has been designated as a depositary for exchange of old Wiener Bank Verein stock certificates for new 20-schilling par value stock certificates. Dividend coupons for the year 1926 are payable at the National City Bank of New York at the rate of 1.80 schillings per share on the new Wiener Bank Verein stock.

Visit of Agricultural Experts from Various Countries to New York Produce Exchange.

Upwards of fifty agricultural experts, representing fifteen different nations, visited the New York Produce Exchange on June 7 to observe the workings of the Grain Futures Market, the Cotton Seed Oil Market and other departments of the Exchange. The visitors who are delegates to the First International Congress of Soil Science to be held at Washington, were in charge of A. E. Albrecht, director of the New York office of the State Department of Agriculture. The delegation was met by President B. H. Wunder and President-elect William Beatty and a committee of members who showed them about the Exchange and explained the various activities.

Produce Exchange Annual Election-William Beatty, President.

William Beatty, Treasurer of the Barnes-Ames Co., was on June 6 elected President of the New York Produce Exchange, to succeed B. H. Wunder, whose term expired this week. Axel Hansen, of the Hansen Produce Co., who organized the Grain Futures Market on the Exchange, was | year ago, follow:

elected Vice-President and Walter B. Pollock was re-elected Treasurer for a fourth term. Four new members were also elected to the Board of Managers and two of the present members re-elected, all to serve two years. The new members of the board are: Samuel Knighton, Robert McVickar, James J. O'Donohue and Robert F. Straub. Winchester Noyes and John E. Seaver were re-elected board members. Welding Ring was re-elected trustee of the Gratuity Fund for three years. The new officials were inducted into office on Thursday. Mr. Beatty, the newly elected President, was born in Montreal and has been affiliated for over twenty years with the Barnes-Ames Co., of which Julius H. Barnes, former Chairman of the United States Food Administration Grain Corporation, is the head. Mr. Beatty was Comptroller of Funds of the Grain Corporation and in charge of grain and flour shipments during the war, serving in that capacity from 1917 to 1920. He has been a member of the New York Produce Exchange since 1899 and served on the Board of Managers and various important committees. Mr. Beatty, as President, has, it is stated, plans for the further development of the Grain Futures Market. The following inspectors of election were also elected at this week's meeting: John Bohnet Jr., Judson B. Bonnell, Mario Liebman, Edwin Selvage, Charles Spear and William Guin-

Constitution of New York Curb Exchange Amended with View to Increasing Membership of Committee on Listing.

The Board of Governors of the New York Curb Exchange has adopted an amendment to the Constitution, providing for an increase in the personnel of the Committee on Listing to ten members from five as heretofore. The Curb's announcement, June 9, says:

Since the first of the year and particularly during the past several weeks. there has been appreciable influx of securities desiring admission to the trading list, and owing to the great amount of research work necessary in connection with companies making application, the Board deemed the amendment as essential to facilitate the increased work coming under the jurisdiction of the Committee.

From Jan. 1 1927 to date, approximately 375 new issues habe been admitted to trading privileges on the Curb Exchange. The addition have brought the grand total of stocks and bonds up to about 1,600. This is a new high record. On June 2 last, a record was made in the number of stock admitted on a single day, viz.: 21 securities as against a previous high mark in July 1926, of 12 issues.

The daily number of stocks and bonds now being dealt in is far in excess of a year ago. For instance, June 3 last, 501 stocks and bonds were traded in, thereby making for the largest number of issues dealt in for any one session in the history of the Exchange. It is estimated that the total par value of securities now enjoying trading privileges is more than \$14,000,000. 000 in addition to 250,000,000 shares without par value.

Brokers' Loans as Reported to New York Stock Exchange May 31, \$3,459,869,029-Highest Since February 1926.

New high figures for the current year of brokers' loans outstanding were disclosed this week in the monthly figures of the New York Stock Exchange and the weekly figures of the Federal Reserve Board, the latter showing loans on stocks and bonds to brokers and dealers by reporting member Federal Reserve banks in New York City on June 1 of \$3,061,891,000, as against \$2,964,650,000 the previous week, and comparing with \$3,141,125,000 on Jan. 6 1926-the record total so far as the Federal Reserve figures are concerned.

In the case of the Stock Exchange figures made public this week, the combined time and demand loans outstanding on May 31 are shown to have reached \$3,457,869,029, this comparing with \$3,341,209,847 at the end of April. The May 31 figures are the largest Stock Exchange totals reported since Feb. 27 1926, when the loans aggregated \$3,535,-590,321. Of the May 31 totals \$2,673,993,079 represent demand loans and \$783,875,950 time loans. The following is the statement issued by the Stock Exchange on June 6:

Total net loans by New York Stock Exchange members on collateral contracted for and carried in New York as of the close of business May 31 1927 aggregated \$3,457,869,029.

The detailed tabulation follows:.

\$2,673,993,079 \$783,875,950

Combined total of time and demand loans, \$3,457,869,029. The scope of the above compilation is exactly the same as in the loan report issued by the Exchange a month ago.

The monthly figures of the Stock Exchange since the issuance of the monthly figures by it, beginning in January of a

1926-	Demand Loans,	Time Loans.	Total Loans.
Jan. 30	\$2,516,960,599	\$996.213.555	\$3,513,174,154
Feb. 27	2.494,846,264	1,040,744,057	3,535,590,321
Mar. ol	2,033,483,760	966,612,407	3,000.096.167
April 30	1,969,869.852	865.848.657	2,835,718,509
May 28	1.987,316,403	780.084.111	2,767,400,514
June 30		700.844.512	2,926,298,345
July 31		714,782,807	2,996,759.527
Aug. 31		778.286.686	3,142,148,068
Sept. 30	2,419,206,724	799,730,286	3.218,937.010
Oct. 31	2,289,430,450	821,746,475	3,111,176,925
Nov. 30		799.625.125	3,129,161,675
Dec. 31		751.178.370	3,292,850,255
1927—			
Jan. 31	2,328,340,338	810,446,000	3,138,786,338
Feb. 28		780.961.250	3,256,459,379
Mar. 31		785,093,500	3,289,781,174
Apr. 30		799,903,950	3,341,209,847
May 31		783,875,950	3,457,869,029

Appellate Division of New York Supreme Court Holds Investment House Liable for Representations of Agents-Findings Against A. B. Leach & Co.

In a decision handed down on June 3 the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn sustained judgments of the Municipal Court and the Special Term of the Supreme Court, holding that an investment house may be held liable in the distribution of a bond issue for the representations of its agents to customers in the event of loss. The case was that of Henry S. Hotaling against A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., of 57 William Street, it is noted in the New York "Times" of June 3, which further says:

Suits aggregating \$100,000 by other buyers of these bonds are pending in the courts and an entire \$5,000,000 issue is affected by the decision.

Mr. Hotaling sued in the Municipal Court to recover \$995.56 which he had paid for a \$1,000 bond of the National Oil Co. in 1920, which he alleged a salesman for Leach & Co. had induced him to buy by certain representatations as to the assets of the oil company. He got a judgment, including costs and interest, of \$1,329. This was upheld by the Special Term.

In the Municipal Court Mr. Hotaling testified that a salesman for the defendants told him the oil company was producing 30,000 barrels of oil a day and had vessels and tanks valued at \$4,000,000. He said the comday and had vessels and tanks valued at \$4,000,000. He said the company defaulted its interest payments in 1922 and went into receivership, and finally its assets were found to be equivalent to \$5.30 on a \$1,000 bond.

Justice William J. Borgenshutz of the Municipal Court said in his decigion that the oil company in 1919 sent a communication to Arthur B. Leach, marked "personal and confidential." stating that it had large property holdings in Mexico, Texas and Louisiana, consisting of high-producing oil wells, refineries, pump stations and pipe lines; operated shipping, and had ships and tanks, built or in construction, valued at nearly \$5,000,000; that its other property was valued at more than \$8,000,000, and that cash on hand amounted to \$3,000,000. He said further that Leach & Co. took over a bond issue of \$5,000,000 of the oil company, together with \$3,750,000 of its stock, paying \$4,400,000, and issued thereafter a prospectus for the sale of the bonds to the public.

The Appellate Division affirmed the judgments of the lower courts in a memorandum signed by Presiding Justice William J. Kelly and Justices J. Addison Young, Edward Lazansky and William F. Hagerty. Justice David F. Manning dissented. The majority's memorandum read:
"In our opinion, under the peculiar circumstances of this case, the principle as to the measure of damages stated was not violated."

ciple as to the measure of damages stated was not violated."

Justice Manning dissented on the ground that "an incorrect measure of

damages was adopted."

As the decision was not unanimous it was said the way was open for the fendants to seek a review by the Court of Appeals. Charles G. Kelby, defendants to seek a review by the Court of Appeals. A. Gordon Murray and John B. Doyle were attorneys for the plaintiff, and Max Steuer and Harold A. Corbin for the defense.

Kansas Bank Guaranty Law Dead Letter, According to State Bank Commissioner Bone-Filing of Mandamus Proceedings to Permit Sale of Bonds to Pay Depositors in Liquidated Banks.

What in effect is a receivership for the State Bank Guaranty Fund of Kansas is asked in friendly mandamus proceedings filed in the Supreme Court on June 4 by Will A. Smith, Attorney-General, against Roy L. Bone, State Bank Commissioner. Both the mandamus action and Bone's answer were filed at the same time, says the Topeka "Daily Capital" of June 5, from which we also take the following:

The court allowed an alternative writ, answerable June 15, at which time the case will be set for hearing on its merits, if not finally argued. In asking for the mandamus writ, the Attorney-General asks that the Bank Commissioner be directed to sell some \$897,964.50 worth of bonds put up by the banks, and pay outstanding certificates to the depositors in 23 banks practically liquidated or liquidated. He points out that the Supreme Court already has directed the Bank Commissioner to pay off certificates as fast as the failed banks under the fund are liquidated.

Wants Order of Payment.

In his answer Bone politicly asks the court to point out to him just what banks are liquidated, so he can tell which one is entitled to be paid off first, and in what order the depositors in other banks should be paid.

Furthermore, Bone said, the court should take cognizance of the fact that the fund has or will have certificates outstanding—owes depositors of failed banks, in other words—about six million dollars more than possibly can be realized from the assets of these banks; that with only 93 banks left in the fund, the assessments authorized to pay off this indebtedness will not even pay interest on it. So Bone asks the court to appoint a commissioner to make findings and recommendations as to which depositors shall be paid off first, and in what order the rest shall be paid off.

Law is a Dead Letter.

In effect Bone's answer says: The Bank Guaranty law is a dead letter.

The Bank Guaranty Fund owes depositors in failed banks six million dollars.

The fund can raise less than one million dollars from the sale of the bonds put up by the banks, if these are directed by the court to be sold

for the benefit of the depositors of liquidated failed banks, as far as the

funds will go.

There will be a five million dollar loss absorbed by the depositors in failed banks not completely liquidated until after the million dollars, or something less than that, is exhausted.

Can Pay But Sixth of It.

In other words, Bone has approximately one million dollars with which to pay six million dollars of claims against the State Bank Guaranty Fund held by depositors in failed banks. He wants the court to tell him what depositors will get the million dollars, and which ones will get to hold the little scraps of paper that represent the promise of the banks that used to belong to the Guaranty Fund to "pay to depositor" the losses caused them when their guaranteed banks failed.

Bone lists the following defunct banks on which final dividends from

assets of the bank have been paid, and are eligible to participate in the fund while it lasts—if the court will just tell him which ones to pay first: Citizens State Bank, Manhattan; Lake State Bank, Lake City; Citizens State Bank, Harper; Olivet State Bank, Olivet; Farlington State Bank, Farlington; Runnymede State Bank, Runnymede; State Bank of Eudora, Eudora; Farmers State Bank, Washington; Halls Summit State Bank, Halls Summit; American State Bank, Cherryvale; State Savings Bank, Leavenworth; State Bank of Scottsville; Peoples State Bank, Hanover; Citizens State Bank, Lane; Dwight State Bank, Lane; Farmers State Bank, Smith Center; Gridley State Bank, Gridley; Osawatomie State Bank, Osawatomie; Traders State Bank, Arkansas City; Farmers State Bank, Larned; Farmers State Bank, Zenda; Farmers State Bank, Quenemo (suits pending on some deposits); Citizens State Bank, Gueda Springs (suits pending).

These Haven't a Chance.

As for the fifty or more other failed banks, where final dividends from assets have not been paid, their depositors haven't a chance in the world at the Guaranty Fund, according to Bone's answer. The obligations of the Guaranty Fund to them, and to the depositors in such of the banks named as are placed last in the list to be paid, if the Supreme Court appoints a commissioner to make that decision for Bone, are to be written off the books.

The agreed suit between the Attorney-General and the Bank Commissioner, as to which depositors are to get the "insurance" through the bonds on the State Guaranty Fund, is the official announcement that the Bank Guaranty is dead, the fund busted, and the depositors who throught their banks were in a guaranty fund that guaranteed deposits—well, the depositors lose five million dollars.

Bank Deposits Held to Be Confidential by Ohio Supreme Court in Denying Tax Listing Officers Right to Obtain Information as to Accounts.

The Ohio Supreme Court on June 1 held that officers of State and national banks and trust companies in Ohio have the right to withhold information to tax listing officers or other persons as to the amount of deposits held in a bank by an individual, firm or corporation. Giving an account of the decision, a Columbus dispatch to the Cincinnati "Enquirer" June 1 says:

In affirming the Common Pleas and Appellate Courts of Hamilton County, the Ohio Supreme Court to-day held that County Auditors, as tax-

County, the Onio Supreme Court to-day held that County Auditors, as tax-listing officers, have no right to inquire of bankers as to deposits in their institutions. The opinion was written by Judge T. A. Jones and con-curred in by Judges Robert H. Day, R. R. Kinkade and E. S. Matthias. R. Cliff Smith, Cashier of the Citizens' National Bank & Trust Co., was called by Auditor William F. Hess to testify as to bank balances of a person then dead between the years 1919 and 1924. Smith refused. The Probate Court issued a citation in contempt and ordered him to be committed to jail. He prosecuted error and sued for release on habeas corpus. winning both suits.

The Court says that two sections of the law are to be read together. One gives the Auditor authority to inquire, and the other exempts financial institutions. By applying them in this fashion, the Court says that both may be given effect

The New York "Journal of Commerce" in Cincinnati advices June 1 stated that the case has attracted national attention among bankers, as it was the first time that this question has been decided by the court of final resort in the State. It further noted that it is also said to be a decision which will govern similar circumstances in other States, since it creates a precedent.

Per Capita Money Circulation Lower in Buying Power According to H. H. Heimann in Address Before National Association of Credit Men.

In spite of the enormous increase in the wealth of the United States in the past quarter century, the per capita money circulation today has only four-fifths of the buying power it had in 1900. This statement was made by Henry H. Heimann, Treasurer of the Kawneer Company, Niles, Mich., in an address delivered at Louisville on June 7, before the convention of the National Association of Credit Men. Mr. Heimann said that although the per capita circulation of money in 1900 was \$26.93 and on July 1 1926, had increased to \$41.85, by taking into consideration the greater purchasing power of the dollar in 1900 and its diminished value last year, and reducing its buying power to a 1913 average, it is found that the 1900 per capita circulation. in terms of purchasing power, was \$33.66 and that in 1926 it was \$27.90, or \$5.76 less. He explained the decrease by saying that the general use of credit in place of cash transactions has made it unnecessary to keep in circulation sums of money commensurate with the increased national and per capita wealth. Still keeping in mind the 1913 buying power average, Mr. Heimann said:

While the Nation's wealth and industrial and agricultural production have more than doubled since 1900, and while bank deposits in this period have increased over three-fold, the money in circulation to serve this expansion has decreased 20% in power.

Speaking of the part played by credit in American com-

merce, he said:

Our credit system has stabilized business. It has assembled our enlight-ened industrial credit profession whose work has practically sounded the death knell of violent panics. It has prevented the inflation of inventories and unnatural business expansion. It has developed for the first time in the history of the Nation a working credit organization, in the form of the Federal Reserve System. For more than a century before the establishment of a sound credit technique, American commerce had been struggling under the handicap of inadequate credit facilities. Each disastrous collapse of hydroges disclosed with Ulicont about the same control of the control of of business disclosed unintelligent administration of credits as the primary cause, and drove home to American business men the realization that sane and scientific regulation of credit was a vital need.

During our early business life many disasters were brought about by unhealthy expansion and inflation. Business expended more rapidly than wealth increased; and the abuses of credit caused a succession of panics in which much that had been gained was lost. Faced by the collapse of business expended to the collapse of the collapse o ness enterprises and resulting periods of depression, the astute American business man sought to remedy the constantly recurring mischief; and in order to do so effectively he established the sound and scientific regulation of credit. Reaction will take place, the tides of business will ebb and flow as long as business men scramble for the prizes of trade, but the headlong panics of history will not be possible while our commercial structure rests

on its present solid credit foundation.

Guy Huston, President of Chicago Joint Stock Land Bank, Indicted-Indictments Against Other Officials of Joint Stock Land Banks.

At Toledo, Ohio, on June 7 Guy Huston, President of the Chicago Joint Stock Land Bank, and seven of his associates were charged by the Federal Grand Jury with using the mails to defraud in an indictment of 17 counts, according to Associated Press accounts from Toledo, which added:

Those charged with Huston in the alleged scheme, said to have caused the loss of \$5,000,000 to individuals and companies interested in farms

companies and banks of the Huston group, are:
Walter Cravens, President of the Kansas City Joint Stock Land Bank.
Harold A. Smith, President of the Southern Minnesota Joint Stock Land

Oran F. Schee, President of the Des Moines Joint Stock Land Bank. John E. Huston, Vice-President of the Chicago Joint Stock Land Bank.

John L. Boyles, Secretary of the Chicago Joint Stock Land Bank Vernon U. Sigler, member of the incorporation committee of the Farmers Fund of Illinois

Glen W. Gold, former officer of the Minnesota Joint Stock Land Bank. The indictment charges that Dec. 3 1925 these men "devised a scheme

for obtaining money and property by false and fraudulent pretenses."

Three companies, the Farmers' Fund Company of Iowa, connected with the Des Moines Joint Stock Land Bank and the Chicago Joint Stock Land Bank; the Farmers' Fund, Inc., of Missouri, connected with the Kansas City Joint Stock Land Bank and the Farmers' Fund, Inc., of Minne-, sota, connected with the Southern Minnesota Jeint Stock Land Bank, were organized, according to the indictment.

The secondary companies were the Missouri Kansas Farms Company.of Kansas City, Mo.; the Farmers' Land Fund of Illinois, and the Farms Company of Massachusetts.

Special advices from Toledo to the New York "Journal of Commerce" on June 8 said:

The indictment alleged that when stock in the three companies, Farmers' Fund of Illinois; Farms Company of Massachusetts, and the Missouri-Kansas Company, was offered to the public for sale, the companies were claimed to be for financing farmers through the growing season until the crops were harvested.

Instead of operating at a profit from rentals and sales of farms held by the

companies, they operated mostly at a loss, it was charged.

Promises were made to prospective purchasers through the circulars and letters sent through the mails and by advertisements that dividends would be paid in from one to three years and that within five years the companies expected to pay back their stockholders, according to the indictment.

The indictment also charged that the pretense was made that because the

officials of the banks and of the companies were in many cases identical, and because the banks were under Government supervision, the stockholders would be secured against loss.

It was charged that on Dec. 14 1925 it was represented to the Department of Public Utilities of Massachusetts, known as the "Blue Sky Commission," that all of the stock in the Massachusetts company was sold and paid for in cash, which is alleged to be not true.

Guy Huston was arrested May 19 while on the Twentieth Century Limited en route to New York from Chicago. He is at liberty under \$25,000 bond imposed by United States Commissioner F. W. Gaines.

Virgil Jordan of National Industrial Conference Board Before New York Bankers Convention Says Federal Reserve Cycles Lock Consistency-Danger of Inflation in Business Boom Feared.

Reliance on the "old-fashioned quantity theory of money" in the management of its gold reserves was charged to the Federal Reserve System by Virgil Jordan, chief economist of the National Industrial Conference Board, on June 7, speaking in Washington, before the convention of the New York State Bankers' Association. The New York "Journal of Commerce" from which the foregoing is quoted also gives the following account of his remarks:

Mr. Jordan spoke on the "Prospects and Problems of Business Prosperity." and it was in speaking on the current declining price levels in this country that he made reference to the Reserve System. Reserve circles," Mr. Jordan asserted, "a very great lack of consistency."

Characterizing the policy as being based on the classical theory that the

gold reserves are the most important factor in the price declining situation, Mr. Jordan called attention to the recent bulletin issued by the Federal Reserve. He pointed out the entirely new explanation of declining price levels which seemed to throw over entirely this significance of gold reserves in the whole situation and offered to explain the decline in prices on the ground of the increased efficiency in industrial production.

Boom Period Feared.

Such a policy, Mr. Jordan said, is a very wide departure from the point of view of economic theory in the whole scheme of price stabilization. He added that "whatever may have been the explanation of declining prices in this country, it seems to me unquestionably a type of attitude that some of my colleagues in the economic profession have adopted, which is that the Federal Reserve system has done this and it can continue to do it in the

Mr. Jordan declared that a real danger, if there is any, lies in the possibility that a real boom period may take place in the near future, with a rising price level and all of the ordinary symptoms of the unusual kind of

Mr. Jordan described the prevalent attitude of the business world toward the future as a kind of "barbaric religion based on ignorance and fear," and declared that the American business man, particularly, is so obsessed with that strange combination of economic puritanism and supersti-tion which is called the business cycle that he has "lost his ability to believe in or work for stable economic progress." As a result, he pointed out, the business world to a large extent has misinterpreted the true characteristics of the last five year period.

Depression Discounted.

"The business man," he said, "is afraid and the business foreca hopeful of a good, old fashioned depression next year, because both of them imagine that since 1924 we have been enjoying an old fashioned boom and that in punishment for a little prosperity we must have a great deal of depression. In the course of time it is likely to become evident that we have not been enjoying an eld fashioned boom. The only real inflation that has taken place has been an inflation of language and to some extent of the

"In fact," he added, "the outstanding features of the past five years in our business life are more characteristic of subnormal general business than they are of boom or inflation conditions."

F. H. Warder, New York Superintendent of Banks, Says Saturation Point on New Banks and Branches Has Been Reached.

Addressing the annual convention at Washington on June 8 of the New York State Bankers' Association, Frank H. Warder, New York State Superintendent of Banks, stated that "branches in outlying communities undoubtedly are serving an excellent purpose, but in congested parts of the State it does seem as if we have almost reached the saturation point on new banks and branches. My concluding words on the subject of bank mergers is that a merger to be sound and therefore desirable should have apparent logical and proper results." Mr. Warder also said:
In my own State they are going very slow on new bank organizations.

would prefer, where it is doubtful if a new institution would serve the public convenience and advantage and where there is a possibility that institutions cannot through all periods survive the strain that we know all banking institutions must endure, to authorize the establishment of a branch of a strong institution. Branches, of course, in some parts of our city and up-State, have been overdone. High rentals and other fixed charges make it difficult for a branch to pay its way for several years after its opening. Branches have led to bitter competition. On this subject, and from the standpoint of the Bank Supervisor, we must proceed cautiously.

John McHugh, of Chase National Bank of New York, Elected President of New York State Bankers Association.

John McHugh, President of the Chase National Bank of New York, was elected President of the New York State Bankers Association, to succeed Carleton A. Chase, of Syracuse, at the closing session of the thirty-fourth annual convention at Washington on June 8. Mr. McHugh, as Vice-President of the Association, presided at the sessions of the convention, owing to the absence, because of illness, of President Chase.

Michael J. Cahill, President of the Utica National Bank & Trust Co., was chosen Vice-President of the Association, and J. M. Kinney, Vice-President of the Liberty Bank of Buffalo, was chosen Treasurer. Edward J. Gallien, Secretary of the Association for many years, was continued in office. According to the Washington dispatch, June 8, to the New York "World," the Association voted to approve changes in the New York State Banking Law to permit legalization of power and light and equipment trust bonds for investments by savings banks.

C. W. Collins, Deputy Comptroller of Currency, Says Fundamental Purpose of McFadden Bank Act Was to Strengthen and Perpetuate Federal Reserve System.

The inception of the McFadden Bank Bill and the determination to perpetuate the Federal Reserve System as its controlling purpose were among the points touched upon by Charles W. Collins, Deputy Comptroller of the Currency, in addressing the New York State Bankers Association in annual convention at Washington on June 7. Mr. Collins's

remarks were introduced under the head of "Beneficial Effects of the McFadden Bank Act." He referred to the task undertaken by Comptroller Dawes, after assuming office, in bringing under way steps toward gathering facts and opinions for banking legislation, and the selection by the Comptroller of a committee of three bankers (one of whom was John McHugh of the Mechanics & Metals National Bank of New York, now consolidated with the Chase National Bank of New York) to sit with Mr. Dawes and his staff for the purpose of working out a preliminary draft of recommendations for a bill. When the material was finally brought together, said Mr. Collins, it was introduced in the House by Chairman McFadden. In full Mr. Collins's address follows:

Occasion for the Legislation.

The fundamental purpose of the so-called McFadden Bank Act was to The fundamental purpose of the so-called McFadden Bank Act was to strengthen and perpetuate the Federal Reserve System and it is by its ultimate effect upon that System that it will be judged. Post-war economic conditions had brought into being a great variety of changes in the procedure of corporate financing and in business methods and organization. The period of peace beginning with the year 1919, as compared with the pre-war period ending in 1914, marks a new economic era in the affairs of this country and of the world. The World War had shaken the entire social fabric of civilization and we emerged with new ideas and new desires. It therefore became necessary for the business of banking to adjust itself to these new conditions in order thereby to render a banking service commensurate with these modern demands. mensurate with these modern demands.

mensurate with these modern demands.

We have in the United States two systems of banks indeed, but we have only one theory of banking. The State banks and the national banks enter potentially the same field. They serve the same class of customers and co-operate in harmony in the same clearing houses. The qualifications for a good banker are the same for the national and State and the banking business of a sound State bank is not different from that of a sound national bank. The State banks, however, in the industrial and commercial states very early after the war secured enabling legislation from the State Legislature which broadened their charter powers. They were able to enter the post-war field with a new equipment. The national banks were not so fortunate in securing immediate relief from Congress, and as a consequence there were in the Federal Reserve System two groups of banks, one with modern charters and the other operating under pre-war powers.

with modern charters and the other operating under pre-war powers.

In order to remedy this condition the Federal Reserve Board and the Comptroller of the Currency had year by year recommended national legislation, but Congress was conservative and preferred to wait until some of these new State laws had been demonstrated to be sound and effective. It was nearly nine years after the armistice before Congress finally took

In addition to the great need for national bank legislation, the attention of the business world was directed also to the fact that the Federal Reserve Bank charters were set for expiration in 1934. The Federal Reserve System almost immediately upon being established had passed through a baptism of fire and had inspired the respect and confidence of every element in our business community. For the first time in our history a war had been financed with the efficient support of a system of banks acting under the inspiration of a sound national financial policy, and the first trying years of peace had passed without a fundamental disturbance to finance. The question of the renewal of the Federal Reserve charters was being widely discussed in financial circles and it seemed eminently desirable that these charter renewals should be made without subjecting the Federal Reserve Act to any further amendments. In addition to the great need for national bank legislation, the attention Act to any further amendments.

Inception of the Bill.

It was under these circumstances that Comptroller Henry M. Dawes took The duty devolved upon him to recommend legislation to Congress and he proceeded at once to work out a definite program. During the entire summer of 1923 all of the national bank experts and technicians in the Comptroller's office, including the Chief Examiner of the twelve Fedthe Comptroller's office, including the Chief Examiner of the twelve Federal Reserve districts, were gathering facts and opinions and making recommendations for banking legislation. Bankers of all classes were consulted, both national and State. In the early fall, Comptroller Dawes selected a committee of three bankers and asked them to come to Washington to sit with him and his staff for a period of two weeks for the purpose of working out a preliminary draft of recommendations for a bill. One of these was a national banker, one a State banker and one a prominent official of the Federal Reserve System. All three of them had in their early careers been country bankers and had had almost every variety of banking experience. And I wish here to announce as a bit of legislative history that one of your distinguished members, John McHugh, headed this committee. He of your distinguished members, John McHugh, headed this committee. He left his business in New York and came down here at a personal sacrifice and gave the Government the benefit of his ripe experience and sound

Following the work of this committee, and further conferences with bankers and members of Congress, the material for a bill was finally brought together and was introduced in the House by Chairman McFadden on Feb. 11 1924.

You are all familiar with the ups and downs of this bill during the three years it was before Congress. The branch banking features alone were subject to extended debate and the bill became known as the "Branch Banking Bill." The other provisions were largely technical but not less important. Now that the bill has become a law and is in actual operation the branch banking provisions have assumed their proper proportions. The fact that this bill had the support of the rank and file of State banks is evidence enough of its inherent merit and fairness.

Reserve Charter Renewals.

I shall not attempt here to analyze the provisions of the Act. from the enlargement of the charter powers of national banks along the lines of previous State bank experience, there is one great outstanding feature of the Act of universal interest and importance. That is the renewal of the charters of the Federal Reserve banks.

Permanence and stability are essential to a system of banking. Banking abhors uncertainty as nature abhors a vacuum. As a nation we have been slow to realize this truth. In the past we have been inclined to take many A striking example was the failure to renew the liberties with banking. charter of the first Bank of the United States. The Secretary of the Treasury urgently recommended the renewal but even in the face of an impending war with Great Britain and with the certain need of a financial instrumentality of the Federal Government for national finance, Congress allowed the last day to pass by and the charter of the bank expired. It may be true that the failure to renew was due to a display of petty poli-

tics, but the fact remains that it almost wrecked the Treasury of the United States. As a consequence, the War of 1912-14 was the worst financed

of any war in which we have been engaged.

It is a tribute to the inherent vitality of our people and to our vast natural resources that we have in the past been able to survive such costly financial errors. Our peculiar national genius supplemented by the bounty of Providence postponed the day of reckoning, for in the long run the acid test of a democratic form of government is its ability to comprehend the laws of timence and to wange a financial system. After suffering the laws of finance and to manage a financial system. After adverse effects of many financial disturbances and panics adverse effects of many financial disturbances and panics—the natural outcome of an unco-ordinated system of banking—we met this test with the establishment of the Federal Reserve System in 1913. Our of our own experience and that of other Governments we established a scientific co-ordination of our system of banking under the guidance of a definite and sound nattonal policy. That system having thoroughly demonstrated its essential usefulness to business and a safeguard to the public and having challenged the admiration of the world, the question of the expiration of its charter became a matter of great concern. its charter became a matter of great concern.

Danger in Delay of Renewal.

It was within the realm of possibility that further delay to renew the the whole question of charter renewal would be thrown into the political arena to become a subject of bitter partisan controversy. Proponents of new and untried banking policies were already organizing for the purpose of exacting their adoption as amendments to the Federal Reserve Act as or exacting their adoption as amendments to the rederal Reserve Act as the price of support for charter renewal. There was in prospect, not immediately but in the near future, the question of charter renewal facing a hostile minority in Congress, and the picture was not comfortable to contemplate. The American Bankers Association had adopted a resolution urging upon Congress the renewal of the charters by means of a separate bill to which there would be no amendment and this may be taken as the

bill to which there would be no amendment and this may be taken as the general view of bankers that the charters should be renewed without having to subject the Federal Reserve System to unsound innovations.

The 69th Congress took a far-sighted view of the situation. They had before them the McFadden bill, which gave to national banks an indefinite extension of their charters, thus putting them upon the same charter basis as the State banks and trust companies in most States. What more appropriate time and occasion to remove all doubt and question as to the extension of the life of the Federal Reserve System? Statesmanlike leadership in Congress, regardless of party affiliation, seized upon this opportunity to in Congress, regardless of party affiliation, seized upon this opportunity to remove the question of charter renewal entirely from politics to the end that there never would be a time when the Federal Reserve System would come to an end by the automatic operation of the law.

come to an end by the automatic operation of the law.

In the face of our traditional opposition to perpetual charters of corporations it was a courageous thing to propose that our entire banking system should continue in operation without a term of years. At one time during the negotiations between the House and the Senate it is of record that an agreement was virtually reached to extend the charters of the Federal Reserve banks for a period of 30 years from their expiration. Friends of the charter renewals thought it better to accept a term of years rather than see the renewal fail altogether. Later developments in the legislative situation (the history of which will some day make interesting reading) made it possible to provide that the charters should continue indefinitely subject to the right of Congress to bring the system to an end at such time as may to the right of Congress to bring the system to an end at such time as may be determined by statutory enactment approved by the President. The Federal Reserve charters and the national bank charters were, therefore, put upon exactly the same temporal basis. They are not perpetual, but they are the nearest approach to perpetual charters as our traditions and form of government will tolerate.

Advantage of Indeterminate Charter.

Permit me for a moment to compare the advantages from a legislative point of view of this form of charter with a charter having a definite term of years. No matter how long such a term of years may be, there would come a time when the country would be directly faced with the question "shall the charters be renewed? This would require affirmative action by Congress and the President as a condition precedent to the continuation of our banking system. A bill would have to be introduced and go through the various legislative stages in the House and in the Senate and would have to be approved by the President. This procedure would put into the hands of an organized minority—assuming that the majority of both Houses are in favor of renewal—the power to obstruct the passage of the bill. There would be an opportunity for the opposition to bargain and to force undesirable changes in the banking system. It naturally follows that under a Federal Reserve System operating under charters for a term of years the time would inevitably come, as the charter period approached its end, when there would be a period of uncertainty and speculation over what would be the national banking policy. This exact situation was in prospect when the McFadden bill was under consideration.

No such situation is possible with respect to indeterminate charters. In

fact, the legislative situation is exactly the reverse of that of the charter for a term of years. With the charters of the Federal Reserve banks now perpetuated indefinitely by the McFadden Act it will take a majority of both Houses of Congress and the approval of the President to bring the Federal Reserve System to an end. And if the President does not approve of the revocation it will take two-thirds of both Houses to revoke the charters. This means that so long as our system of banking has the general support of public opinion its existence will not be disturbed by an Act of Congress. It is not now within the power of any organized minority to force an issue, because no such minority can be in a position to take an affirmative action. We may now, therefore, rest assured that the foundations of our national banking policy are as firm and secure as it is possible to make them, and that there never can come a time when the question of its perpetuation will be subjected to the expediency of partisan politics.

I shall now read the language of these two provisions for charter re-

newals as they occur in the Act itself:

(As to National Banks.)

Second. To have succession from the date of the approval of this Act, or from the date of its organization if organized after such date of approval until such time as it be dissolved by the act of its shareholders owing two-thirds of its stock, or until its franchise becomes forfeited by reason of violation of law, or until terminated by either a general or a special Act of Congress of until its affairs be placed in the hands of a receiver and finally wound up by him.

(As to the Federal Reserve Banks.)

Second. To have succession after the approval of this Act until dissolved by Act of Congress or until forfeiture of franchise for violation of law.

By these provisions Congress has placed the cap-stone upon our system-banking. As a basic constituency for the Federal Reserve System we have a system of national banks, upon a fair basis of competition in their private operations with the State banks, and now holding their charters without specific limit as to time. These banks are peculiarly subject to use as instrumentalities for the furtherance of national financial policies and it is therefore fitting that they constitute the compulsory membershipof the Federal Reserve System.

Most of the State bank members of the Federal Reserve System also hold their charter powers from the State Legislatures without a term of years. As a consequence practically the entire membership of the Federal Reserve System is protected from collateral attack so far as the term of their charters is concerned.

Above these two groups of members is the co-ordinating force of the great Federal Reserve System, the existence and perpetuation of which has now also been placed by Congress beyond the reach of partisan politics.

We have, therefore, passed the experimental stage with our systems of banking. We have definitely affirmed our faith in our existing institutions. The huminers and financial interprets of the country may now move banking. We have definitely affirmed our rates in our may now move tions. The business and financial interests of the country may now move tions. forward with the assurance of the support of a system of banking practically permanent in its corporate existence.

F. G. Awalt Named as Deputy Comptroller of Currency Succeeding C. W. Collins Resigned.

It was announced on June 5 that Secretary of the Treasury Mellon had appointed F. G. Awalt, as Deputy Comptroller of the Currency, to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Charles W. Collins. The appoint-

ment will become effective July 1. Mr. Awalt, who is a native of Maryland, is a lawyer, and for the past six years has been special advisor to the Secretary of the Treasury in legal financial and legislative matters. Mr. Awalt received his early Treasury training under S. Parker Gilbert, formerly Under Secretary of the Treasury and now Agent General of Reparations, and has served with the latter's successor, Under Secretary Garrard B. Winston and Under Secretary Ogden L. Mills. Mr. Collins resignation was noted in our issue of May 28, page

Gold Shipment to United States from Holland.

A shipment of \$1,000,000 of gold, consigned to the American Exchange Irving Trust Co., arrived on June 4 from Holland on the steamship Volendam. The transfer, which was the result of exchange conditions, followed the shipment of \$734,000 of gold from Holland reported earlier in the week by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, according to the New York "Times," which said;

These shipments were the first to this country from Holland in several

The Dutch guilder, the parity of which is 40.20 cents, developed weakne more than a week ago and the rate went fractionally below 40 cents. This fitted in with money rates, shipping costs, insurance and the current price of gold to make a shipment to this country profitable. The guilder has strengthened since the shipment of gold, and was quoted yesterday at 40.02

The transaction with Holland marked one of the few times this year that gold has come here as a straight exchange transaction, though there have been heavy special movements of the metal for French account.

In its issue of June 9 the same paper carried the following item:

Holland Takes British Gold.

Further speculation regarding the unusual conditions in the international gold market was caused by the announcement that the Bank of England was exporting £100,000 in sovereigns to Holland. At various times recently Holland has taken gold from London, but on the other hand Dutch gold has come to New York. In less than two weeks Holland has sent \$1,750,000 of gold to this country. Those transfers, however, were the result of special conditions under which conditions under which exchange rates, shipping charges and insurance invited gold shipments on a profitable basis. The financial world is now watching to see if France will take any additional gold directly from the

Comptroller of Currency McIntosh Warns National Banks Against "Window Dressing" In Anticipation of June and December Calls For Report.

In intimating that the next call for a report of condition of national banks will come about June 30, Comptroller of the Currency McIntosh in an address before the District of Columbia Bankers' Association at Washington yesterday (June 10) warned that too great a tendency toward advance preparations by the banks might result in a change in the future regarding the policy of issuing calls on June 30 and December 31. The "Wall Street Journal" account of this quotes Comptroller McIntosh as follows:

The financial columns of the press at various times, he said, have undertaken to furnish information regarding dates for the call reports of the Comptroller. I'm not blaming them at all for venturing forecasts in this respect any more than in others but these forecasts should always be swallowed with the same feeling of uncertainty which one would entertain with respect to a forecast: for instance, on the discount rate.

Call Sometimes Anticipated.

The purpose of the call is, of course, to ascertain the normal condition of the banks at a given time and as to how truly this has been reflected is sometimes open to question for the reason that banks, being guided by the newsoapers, or acting on the result of their own calculations, anticipate the date on which the call is to be made and shape their affairs accordingly. I have sometimes wondered what the figures would develop should a com parison be made between the date of the call and, say, ten days or two weeks

The law in some States, I believe, makes it incumbent upon the authorities to ask for a report on June 30 and December 31, and since June 30 is the close of the government fiscal year, I think without exception for the last eight years the comptroller has called on June 30, for purposes of his

statistical report to Congress, and I think perhaps there has never been but one exception to the December 31 call.

Custom May Be Disrupted.

The reason actuating the Bureau of the Comptroller in making a bank call almost uniformly on June 30, is the desire to have banks statistics conform to the fiscal year period for government statistics. The reports to Congress of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Federal Reserve Board and the Comptroller of the Currency are all based upon statistics gathered from the

While I am not making this in the form of an announcement, I may say that I expect to follow the precedent of this office in making the next call. If the figures should indicate that the so-called "window dressing" is indulged in unduly, it may in the future necessitate a breaking away from well established practice, which I trust will not be necessary.

Cash Subscriptions of \$610,000,000 Received to Offering of \$200,000,000 33/8% Treasury Bonds.

Announcement was made by Secretary Mellon on June 3 that total cash subscriptions of over \$610,000,000 had been received to the cash offering of \$200,000,000 or thereaboute of 33/8% Treasury bonds. As indicated in our issue of June 4, page 3295, the new financing of the Treasury Department represented a combined offer for cash and in exchange for outstanding Second Liberty Loan bonds. The exchange offering still continues open. The subscription books to the cash offering were closed on June 2. The statement issued by Secretary Mellon on June 3 said:

The total cash subscriptions received for the issue of 3 ½% Treasury bonds of 1943-47 aggregate over \$610,000,000. The subscription books for the cash offering, which was for \$200,000,000 or thereabouts, closed at the

close of business on June 2.

Allotments on the cash subscriptions will be made within a few days at which time full details as to the basis of allotment and the aggregate subscriptions and allotments for the respective Federal Reserve bank districts will be announced.

The Secretary pointed out that the above announcement relates only to the cash subscriptions. The privilege of exchanging Second Liberty Loan 4% bonds or Second Liberty Loan Converted 4¼% bonds at par for the new 3¾% Treasury bonds of 1943-47 will continue to be available until June 15 or such later date as the Treasury may decide for the closing of the books. upon the exchange offering.

Under Secretary of Treasury Mills in Radio Talk Explains Offer for Conversion of Second Liberty Loan Bonds Into New Treasury Bonds.

In a radio talk, broadcast from Washington, June 8, Under Secretary of the Treasury Ogden L. Mills called attention to the Treasury Department's offering for the exchange of Second Liberty Loan bonds for New Treasury Bonds, which offering was noted in these columns last Saturday, page 3295, stating that he was addressing his remarks "in particular to those of you who subscribed to Second Liberty Loan bonds at the time or who have since acquired them." Mr. Mills added:

The first important fact that you should know is that your Second Liberty Loan bonds have been called for redemption on November 15' next. This means that they will no longer bear interest after that date and that on November 15 you can turn them in and the United States Government will redeem them at par.

But there is something more that you Second Liberty Loan bondholders ought to know. The Secretary of the Treasury has announced that he will exchange at par your Second Liberty Loan bonds, bond for bond, for a new issue of United States bonds maturing in 20 years, callable not earlier than 16 years from June 15, and bearing 34% interest. interest.

This offer will remain open until on or about June 15, next. If you decide to exchange, interest from May 15 to June 15 on your Second

Liberty Loan bonds will be paid in cash.

As the situation now stands, you may turn in your Second Liberty
Loan bonds at the present time and receive in their place new 20-year
336% United States Government bonds. Or you may hold your Second
Liberty Loan bonds until November, and then turn them in for re-

It is not, of course, my function to advise you. But there are certain facts which I can call to your attention.

The Second Liberty Loan bonds and the Second Liberty Loan Converted bonds, carrying as they do, respectively, a 4% and a 4¼% rate are selling at a premium. That is to say, you can sell today a \$100 4¼% Second Liberty Loan Converted bond for \$100.37, and a \$1,000 bond for \$1,003.75, more or less. You may feel, therefore, that in exchanging this bond at par for the new Government bond recently offered, you may be sacrificing the premium. In this connection, two things should be called to your attention: In the first place, the pre-mium value will gradually disappear during the course of the next five months, for when the Government redeems the bonds on November 15, it will, of course, redeem them at par.

it will, of course, redeem them at par.

In the second place, in offering you a new bond in exchange for your Second Liberty Loan bond, the Treasury Department took into consideration the fact that your Second Libertys are selling at a premium. Accordingly, a date of maturity and rate of interest on the new bond were determined as would, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Treasury, enable that bond to command a premium in the market. Two hundred million dollars of these same 16-20 year 33% bonds were last week offered for each subscription at par and one-half per cent preweek offered for cash subscription at par and one-half per cent pre mium, and no less than \$610,000,000, or three times the amount asked for, were subscribed. This means that the new \$100 bonds of the issue offered to you in exchange have already been solf for \$100.50, and the \$1,000 bonds for \$1,005, or an excess of 121/2 cents in the case of the \$100 bonds and of \$1.25 in that of the \$1,000 bond over the premium at which Second 41/4's are selling.

United States bonds are unquestionably the safest security in the They command at all times a ready market and have proved to be one of the most popular and convenient forms of investment, not

be one of the most popular and convenient forms of investment, not only for banks, insurance companies, and other large corporations, but for thousands of individuals to whom safety is the prime consideration. The volume of outstanding securities of the United States Government is, however, constantly diminishing. For instance, last year the Treasury Department retired \$873,000,000 of debt, and in the fiscal year which ends on June 30, next, debt retirement will aggregate over \$1,000,000,000. In a few years Government bonds will be available only in limited amounts. These are all facts which you should take into consideration in determining what to do with your Second Libertys. sideration in determining what to do with your Second Libertys.

The point I want to emphasize tonight is that the time has come when you should do something, and that if you think you want to avail yourself of the Government's exchange offering, the time is limited. All Second Liberty Loan bondholders should, therefore, consult the officers of their banks at their earliest possible convenience.

Secretary Mellon Forecasts Treasury Surplus of \$600,000,000.

A Treasury surplus in excess of \$600,000,000 at the end of the current fiscal year, June 30, is forecast by Secretary of the Treasury Mellon, who at the same time indicated that the public debt reduction for the year will reach \$1,200,-000,000. According to the advices from Washington June 6 to the New York "Journal of Commerce" Secretary Mellon refused to concede that this record-breaking surplus is at all indicative of what may be expected for the ensuing fiscal year. The dispatch continued in part:

He stressed the fact that many of the receipts of the present year are of a temporary nature and will not recur in subsequent years. The payment received by the railroad administration yesterday from the Boston & Maine Railroad amounting to \$27,000,000 is an example of the unexpected receipts

which have swelled the Treasury's surplus this year, Secretary Mellon said.

Secretary Mellon denied that the statement of Senator David A. Reed of Pennsylvania that a \$300,000,000 tax cut may be expected represents the Treasury's views. He said that Senator Reed and he had not discussed the surplus and possible tax reduction, and although the Treasury and tor Reed are very much in accord on such matters the Senator's statement was not prompted by any commitment of Secretary Mellon.

Should the Treasury's surplus this year reach \$600,000,000, it will not only

exceed the most optimistic previous estimates but will also set a new high

record for the Government.

Noting that various business organizations, among them the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, have asked that the corporation tax be reduced to as low as 10% from the present level of 131/2%, The New York "Times" account from Washington June 6 said:

Secretary Mellon and other close Administration financial experts do not ve this can safely be done.

The Government experts figure that each reduction of 1% in the corpora-tion taxes will cut about \$100,000,000 from the revenues and they feel that if there were to be a 3 or 31/2% reduction there would be no room for other tax relief.

Would Spread Out Tax Relief.

It appears probable that the Administration's attitude will be in favor of a reduction of the corporation income tax by 1 or 11/2%. would permit of abandoning more of the so-called nuisance taxes, a further reduction or repeal of the estate taxes, and another cut in the surtax rate

on personal incomes, now at a maximum of 20%.

The Treasury indicated that the job of changing the tax laws would again be left in the hands of Congress, with the Treasury experts offering their suggestions only when called upon by the Ways and Means Committee of the House or the Senate Finance Committee.

Under-Secretary of Treasury Ogden L. Mills, Before New York State Bankers' Association, Discusses Government Financing and Refunding Operations-Retiring Second Liberty Loan Bonds.

"Some Problems in Treasury Financing" were discussed by Under-Secretary of the Treasury Ogden L. Mills at the annual banquet in Washington on June 7 of the New York State Bankers' Association. Speaking of the principles governing the Treasury refunding and retirement operations, Mr. Mills said, "The general program is two-fold in character. It contemplates, in the first place, a steady reduction of debt by retirement, and secondly, a reduction of the burden by refunding as rapidly as possible securities bearing high rates of interest with those bearing a lower rate." Mr. Mills observed that "last year the Treasury Department retired \$873,000,000 of debt, and in the fiscal year which ends on June 30 debt retirement will aggregate over \$1,000,000, 000. This means, to be sure," he added, "fewer Government securities for the investor, but it spells an enormous saving in interest charges and consequent relief to the taxpaver. How great the relief is, is strikingly illustrated by the fact that interest payments next year will be less by \$63,000,000 than they are during the current fiscal year, due entirely to debt reduction and refunding operations." The proceedings with regard to the retirement of the Second Liberty Loan bonds were detailed in the address, which we quote herewith:

It is a very great honor indeed to be invited to address this representative gathering of business men and, in addition, from a more personal standpoint, a great pleasure for me to be with you and to have the opportunity to say a word of greeting to my friends and neighbors of the Empire State.

I assume, however, that you have invited me not in my capacity as a fellow New Yorker but as the Undersecretary of the Treasury to talk to you about some of our financial and fiscal problems.

The outstanding fact to be noted in considering them is the magnitude of the operations conducted by the Treasury Department. We become so used in this country to doing things in a big way, and on the whole these opera-tions have been so smoothly conducted, that in spite of their size they have

been almost taken for granted. Yet in any other period or country they would arouse the most widespread interest.

Consider what happened last March for instance. As a result of the various operations of the Treasury Department the total volume of transactions at the New York Federal Reserve Bank on the single day of March 15 reached the stupendous total of \$2,000,000,000. The adjective is hardly necessary, for the figures speak for themselves. The net result of these transactions was to reduce the public debt by about \$185,000,000 and the annual interest charges by about \$25,000,000.

Retiring Second Liberty Loan Bonds.

This was but the first step in what is probably the largest financial transaction undertaken by this or any other Government in time of peace. It was the initial move in a program looking to the conversion or retirement of over \$3,000,000,000,000 of Second Liberty Loan 4% and 41% bonds, callable on November 15, next, and which have since been called.

The Second Liberty Loan, which was issued in November 1917, was the remember—for doubtless many of you participated—how a nation-wide campaign was conducted to sell these bonds, how Liberty Loan Committees were formed in every community throughout the land, and how, spurred on by a great national crisis, every patriotic impulse was appealed to in order to place these bonds in every home in the land.

Let me give you a brief summary of the history of this issue. Liberty Loan was offered for subscription on Oct. 1 1917. Subscriptions amounting to \$4,617,532,300 were received from 9,400,000 subscribers. A total of \$3,807,865,000 was allotted. The bonds, issued were dated Nov. 15 1917, bore interest at 4%, were payable in 25 years, but were subject to redemption on and after 10 years from the date of issue. They carried a conversion privilege which might be exercised in the contingency of the first subsequent issue of bonds carrying a higher rate. This contingency arose when the Third Liberty Loan was issued on May 9 1918, and thereafter \$3,707,933,850 of the 4% bonds were converted into 4¼% bonds.

Stated in terms of pieces, 14,938,073 bonds were originally delivered.

Nineteen million eight hundred and one thousand and one hundred and two bonds have since been delivered on conversion, exchange, &c., against the cancellation of a like amount of other bonds. Althougher 34,739,175 bonds have been delivered to owners. These bonds would weigh 222 tons, and if spread out would cover almost exactly one square mile of the earth's

During this period 31,114,759 bonds have been canceled on all accounts. leaving now outstanding 3,624,416 bonds. Since 1917 interest aggregating \$1,327,600.885 accrued and became payable on this loan to May 15 1927, involving the issue and payment of some 7,750,000 interest checks and the payment of more than 130,000,000 interest coupons.

On March 8 1927, the Secretary of the Treasury announced in offering of 3½% Treasury notes, maturing in five years, but callable on six months' notice on and after March 15 1930. These notes were offered only to holders of Second Liberty Loan $4\frac{1}{2}$ % bonds, to be exchanged at par for their Libertys' interest on the bonds surrendered to be paid to May 15 1927. The offering was well received and exchanges fully came up to our expectations. No less than \$1,360,456,450 of Second Liberty bonds were exchanged for

Of the original issue of this loan, bonds amounting to \$790,461,800 have sen redeemed from time to time on various accounts, and, as just stated. \$1,360,456,450 have been refunded into Treasury notes. There remains

outstanding a balance of \$1,656,946,750.

On May 9, last, Secretary Mellon called for payment on Nov. 15 1927, the tenth anniversary of the issue, all outstanding Second Liberty Loan This means that interest on these bonds will cease on Nov. 15, next; and that holders are definitely confronted with the decision of what they ought to do. They may, of course, hold their bonds until maturity and receive cash for them—which incidentally involves the problem of how to invest the proceeds—or in view of the announcement made a week ago by the Treasury they may on or before June 15 exchange their Second Libertys for new long-term United States bonds.

New 3 1/2 % Treasury Bonds.

On May 31 the Secretary announced an offering of 20-year bonds callable at the end of 16 years, bearing 3%% interest and to be exchanged at par for each, bond for bond, for Second Liberty Loan 4% and 4%% bonds.

accrued interest on Seconds up to June 15 to be paid in cash.

Two hundred million dollars of the new issue were offered for cash subscriptions at a premium of one-half of 1%. This cash offering was largely oversubscribed, subscriptions aggregating over \$610,000,000, though only approximately \$200,000,000 of subscriptions were invited.

The yield of the new bond to the cash subscriber is approximately 3.33%; to the holder of a Second Liberty bond who makes the exchange at par about 37% , through the latter of course sacrifices the premium which the Second Liberty bonds now command but which will gradually disappear during the course of the next five months. The closing market prices of Second 4½s during the last two weeks in May was on an average of 100 10-32 or \$1.003.12 $\frac{1}{2}$ % thousand dollar bond. On exchange a holder receives a bond which has been largely oversubscribed at a premium of \$5 per bond, showing an apparent gain of \$1.871/2 per thousand-dollar bond.

I am going into these details not with a view to advising holders as to what burse they should pursue, but because I know that before you came here and after you return to your homes you are going to be asked by your many customers what to do, and it occurred to me that it would be of interest to analyze the proposal from the standpoint of the bondholder. I recognize of course that the decision must be largely governed by the circumstances in each particular case, by the character of the investment desired and by your own judgment as to the long-time trend of interest

Such a discussion is all the more valuable because I am satisfied that a great majority of the Second Liberty Loan bonds still outstanding are in the hands of investors, using that term in the narrowest sense, and that many, many of them are held by persons of moderate means having but limited knowledge of security values or investment possibilities. I base that conclusion upon the widespread distribution of the original issue and

upon the facts disclosed by the results of our March exchange offering.

The Treasury Department feels itself to be under a real obligation to these holders to acquaint them with all the facts because of the conditions under which the original subscriptions were made, a feeling which I have

no doubt you gentlemen share.

Of some \$59,000,000 of \$50 coupon bonds only \$1,739,000 were exchanged for 31/2 % notes in March; of approximately \$116,000,000 of \$100 bonds only \$4,167,000; of approximately \$141,000,000 of \$500 bonds only about \$11,-000,000; of \$605,000,000 of \$1,000 bonds only about \$115,000,000, while of \$1,366,000,000 of \$10,000 bonds no less than \$1,026,000,000 were exchanged The figures relating to the registered bonds are if anything more conclusive.

It is not unreasonable to conclude from these figures that the banks, insurance companies and other big holders of Government securities were the ones to whom the March exchange offering appealed and that the individual investor whose holdings of Governments are of moderate amount and who generally favors a long-term bond rather than a security of comparatively short maturity either took no particular notice of the Treasury offering or else decided to hold on to a bond that did not mature until 1942 and which might conceivably not be called prior to that date.

As to those who failed to learn of the Treasury program, we have made every effort to reach them, both on the occasion of the notice of the call of the Seconds and, more recently, when the announcement was made of the new issue of the 1943-47 bonds. And I trust that you gentlemen will cooperate in the future as you have in the past with a view to bringing this information to the attention of every holder of a Second Liberty bond.

As to those investors who are loath to part with a security of possibly long maturity for one of comparatively short life, their Seconds are now definitely called and are five months' paper. Moreover, the Treasury, in reaching the decision to offer a 20-year bond in exchange, took into consideration their apparent preference for a long-time security. I do not say that this was the only consideration. I do say that it was an important one.

Refunding and Retirement Operations.

May I now, speaking from a limited experience, say a word or two about the rather simple principles which govern Treasury refunding and retirement operations. There is no reason why they should be shrouded in mystery, and yet in reading discussions and prophecies as to our financial transactions, present and future, I frequently notice a tendency to surround a necessarily technical problem with an excessive amount of—shall I say—professional atmosphere.

The general program is two-fold in character. It contemplates, in the first place, a steady reduction of debt by retirement, and, secondly, a reduction of the burden by refunding as rapidly as possible securities bearing high rates of interest with those bearing a lower rate. To date the Treasury has been singularly successful in both operations.

We have to start with a definite amount of outstanding obligations extending over a period of 20 years or more, with varying maturities, some of which the Treasury controls by means of call provisions. We know, then, certain fixed dates on which certain obligations have to be met; and there are, in addition, a number of open dates which may be filled either by making use of the call provision of a particular issue or by the issue of a new maturity through a refunding operation. It is these open dates that give the Treasury a very considerable measure of freedom as to the maturities of Government obligations.

obligations.

But these are limitations. For instance, we must be careful in preparing our schedule to see that enough securities either mature or are callable every year to enable us to effect the retirements from the sinking fund required by law.

Sinking fund retirements must be effected at an average cost not in excess of par, and the great majority of retirements from this source from now on must be at par.

This means that unless there are adequate maturities in each year, the Treasury Department might find itself unable to make any retirements from the sinking fund, for United States Government securities have a tendency to mount to a premium. Thus our present Treasury 1947-52 bonds are now selling at 113.28, our Treasury 1944-54 bonds at 108.29, and our Treasury 1946-56 bonds at 105.30.

It is not unreasonable to suppose that history will repeat itself and that in the future as in the past United States Government bonds will command a premium. Therefore, even if Congress should change the sinking fund provisions—which I am not suggesting Congress either should or would do—so as to enable the Treasury Department to retire bonds at above par, it would prove to be an expensive proposition. This was done in the case of our Civil War bonds, which the Government, in pursuance of a policy of debt retirement, purchased in the open market at a price as high as 129. As Noyes says in his "Forty Years of American Finance"—

A very extraordinary chapter in American finance now opened. During 1888, the Government four per cents ranged on the open market from 123 to 129; yet at these high prices the Treasury bought, within seven months, upwards of \$50,000,000. . . . During 1888 and the two ensuing years, \$45,000,000 was actually paid out in premiums

We know, in the second place, though not quite as accurately, what funds will be available for debt retirement from the sinking fund and foreign repayments, and we must estimate as best we can what sums may be expected by way of surplus, for it is obvious that this last item is susceptible to very great, veriations.

great variations.

With this information on hand, we are enabled to prepare what may be called a timetable of payments which, in so far as the aggregate amount of years is concerned, is probably fairly accurate. But should it prove otherwise no difficulty need be experienced, since it would always be possible if necessary in the later years to extend the life of the debt by refunding obligations.

Within the limits thus staked out, the Treasury, as stated above, retains considerable liberty of action, having as it has the option of filling the earlier open dates with short-term maturities or the later ones with securities of a longer life. In reaching a decision on this question from time to time and as occasion arises, the Treasury must be governed, both as to rates and maturities, by current conditions, and these conditions very rapidly. They do not permit a detailed program to be mapped out in advance but only a general one, embodying a number of alternative propositions, the most appropriate one of which to be selected when the time for action has come.

The problem of refunding the Second Liberty Loan bonds illustrates as well as anything could the nature of the problem. It is obvious that with its long-term Government bonds selling on a basis to yield less than $3\frac{1}{2}$ and its short-term maturities on a basis to yield $3\frac{1}{2}$ and less, the Treasury Department could not permit over three billion of $4\frac{1}{2}$ bonds to remain outstanding once the time arrived when, under the law, they could be retired by call. Every consideration of sound financial management demanded that they should be refunded at as early a date as possible. Such was the situation in the early part of this year. The question to be answered was what form or forms the refunding operation should take.

what form or forms the refunding operation should take.

During the first week in March, Treasury short-term certificates and notes were selling on a basis to yield approximately 3.12%, whereas long-term Treasury bonds were selling on about a 3.45% basis.

At that time it was not unreasonable to conclude that conditions favored a note of limited maturity rather than an offering of long-term bonds. Accordingly the Treasury offered a 3-5-year 3½% note in exchange for Second Libertys, with certain concessions as to interest, intended to compensate for the premium which the Libertys then commanded. The response was most gratifying. No less than 44% of the amount outstanding was exchanged

Two months later the situation was reversed. United States Government securities maturing within a year were selling on a basis to yield from 3.25% to 3.45%, while, on the other hand, the three long-term Treasury issues were selling on a basis to yield approximately 3.30%. It seemed probable that the conversion of about \$1,350,000,000 of Seconds into five-

year notes and the subsequent calling of \$1,700,000,000 of those remaining outstanding had resulted in an over-supply of short-term issues, accentuated by the early maturity of the Third Liberty bonds.

In addition, as I have already mentioned, we believed that our appeal should be directed to the many thousands of small holders who had not been attracted by our note offering and who rather obviously seemed to prefer a long-term bond to one with an early maturity with the consequent necessity of early reinvestment.

So much then for the conditions which determine the character and maturity of an issue. The question of interest rates is one requiring a greater degree of judgment, but here again current rates for different maturities offer a fairly reliable guide, always, taking into consideration what the long-time trend is likely to be and never forgetting that the volume of United States Government securities is constantly and rapidly diminishing, and that not many more years will elapse before this most convenient and safe form of investment which we have become so thoroughly accustomed to during the last decade will be available only in limited amounts, and that their scarcity value is a consideration which cannot be neglected.

\$873,000,000 of Debt Retired Last Year.

This program of steady debt retirement is in accordance with the historic policy of the National Government. It has been steadfastly adhered to by the Administrations of Presidents Harding and Coolidge, and, helped by the large surpluses which have come from the prosperity of the country and the business-like administration of our National Government, has resulted in reducing our gross national debt from \$25,484,000,000 on June 30, 1919, to \$18,873,000,000 on May 31 1927, or a reduction of \$6,611,000,000. Last year the Treasury Department retired \$873,000,000 of debt, and in the fiscal year which ends on June 30 debt retirement will aggregate over \$1,000,000,000. This means, to be sure, fewer Government securities for the investor, but it spells an enormous saving in interest charges and consequent relief to the taxpayer.

How great the relief is strikingly illustrated by the fact that interest payments next year will be less by \$63,000,000 than they are during the current fiscal year, due entirely to debt reduction and refunding operations. So, when you read the surplus figures for this present fiscal year, do not be regretful that Congress might have given you the benefit of greater tax reduction, but rather realize that, this entire surplus having been applied to the reduction of the National debt, the reduced interest charges will represent a permanent annual saving which will inure to your benefit in reduced taxes with just as much certainty as would the more direct method

I trust I have not wearied you with this somewhat long and technical discussion, but the subject of what the investor is to do with his Second Liberty Loan bonds is a pertinent and to him an important question at this time, while the magnitude of the operations conducted by the Treasury Department merit the attention of the many thoughtful citizens who are ever interested in the sound and efficient administration of their Governments in the financial as well as in other fields.

Three-Power Naval Conference at Geneva June 20— United States Delegates Ambassador Hugh S. Gibson and Rear Admiral Hilary P. Jones.

At the three-power naval conference, which is to be held at Geneva June 20, the United States will have as delegates Hugh S. Gibson, Ambassador to Belgium, and Read-Admiral Hilary P. Jones, of the General Board of the Navy. Both were passengers on the "Leviathan", which sailed for Europe on June 4. In making known the appointment of the delegates the State Department at Washington on June 6 also announced that the following had been named as advisers to the American delegates:

For the State Department—Frederic R. Delbeare, Counselor of Legation at Berne; George A. Gordon, Secretary of Legation at Budapest; S. Pinckney Tuck, Consul at Geneva; Allen W. Dulles, Legal Adviser, and David A. Salmon, Chief Archivist.

For the Navy Department—Rear Admiral Andrew T. Long, Rear Admiral Frank R. Schoffeld, Captain J. M. Reeves, Captain Arthur J. Hepburn, Captain Adolphus Andrews, Captain W. W. Smyth, Commander H. C. Train and Lieutenant-Commander H. H. Frost.

Ambassador Gibson, who was at the head of the American delegation to the recent League of Nations Preparatory Limitations Conference at Geneva, will be Chairman of the American delegation to the coming naval conference. According to the White House announcement June 6, Hugh R. Wilson, American Minister to Switzerland, has been designated, in agreement with the British and Japanese Governments, as Secretary-General of the conference. The date chosen for the conference (June 20) was announced by Secretary Kellogg on May 24, when he made public the following duplicate of identic notes sent to the British and Japanese Ambassadors in Washington:

In accordance with informal conversations on this subject, I now have the honor to confirm the arrangement that the Three-Power Naval Conference at Geneva will open at 4 o'clock on Monday, June 20 1927.

Great Britain, Japan and the United States are to be the participants in the conference. Both France and Italy had been invited to join the conference, making it a five-Power parley, but had declined. They were later invited to send representatives to the three-Power conference. The decision of the Italian Government to follow the conference was conveyed last month to the State Department by Ambassador Henry P. Fletcher, his message being reported as follows in a dispatch from Washington May 18 to the New York "Times":

Secretary of State, Washington:

Rome, May 17 1927.

I have just received a memorandum from the Foreign Office in reply to our memorandum of March 14, which, after referring to the antecedents, states, "The Royal Government deeply appreciates this attention of the American Government and, while thanking it, has to state that the negotiations at Geneva will be followed with the greatest attention by the Italian Government and public opinion even if an official observer shall not be sent to participate in the conference.

"Nevertheless, the Royal Government, depending upon the development of the negotiations, and the probable results thereof, reserves the right to send one or more naval experts to follow closely these negotiations, not excluding that these experts may, at a given moment, assume the specific character of observers at the conference itself."

FLETCHER.

France in a note on April 4, replying to the second invitation by President Coolidge, deferred its decision "regarding participation in the disarmament discussions, even to the extent of a simple observer." Under date of June 2 it was stated in Associated Press cablegrams from Paris that "France still may decide to send an observer to the forthcoming tri-partite naval limitation conference in Geneva, but there has been no decision in the matter, officials said to-day." The cablegram added:

The question, however, was recently revived and there is a distinct possibility that the American invitation will be accepted.

From Paris, June 4, the New York "Times" announced the following copyright advices:

It was officially announced to-day that the French Government would be represented at the naval conference at Geneva by observers. Count de Clauzel, the permanent representative of France at Geneva, will be the chief observer and he will be assisted by Captain de Leuze of the French

This represents a change of the French position taken in reply to President Coolidge's invitation, in which the French, while leaving open their final decision, indicated a desire to have nothing to do with the naval con-

Frankly speaking, the French have an idea that the conference will not accomplish much. Their decision to send observers, as they were invited to do by Mr. Coolidge, is actuated by two motives: First, the desire to please the United States, and, secondly, by the idea put forward by the British that without endangering the total tonnage available for cruiser and submarine building they can participate in the negotiations for limiting the size of ships, both cruisers and submarines.

The British delegates, it is understood, will be the Right Hon. William Clive Bridgeman, First Lord of the Admiralty; the Right Hon. Viscount Cecil of Chelwood, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, and Vice-Admiral Sir Frederick Laurence Field, Deputy Chief of the Naval Staff. Mr. Bridgeman will be the head of the British delegation.

The Japanese delegation will be headed by Admiral Viscount Makato Saito, who served as Minister of Marine and who is now Governor-General of Korea. Viscount Kikujiro Ishi, Ambassador at Paris, will also be a delegate.

On May 28 Wellington (New Zealand) Associated Press advices stated:

The Government has decided the Dominion of New Zealand will be rep-

resented at the forthcoming naval disarmament conference at Geneva.

Arrangements are to be made for Earl Jellicoe, Governor-General of New Zealand, and Sir James Parr, High Commissioner for New Zealand in London, to represent New Zealand at the conference. A third delegate may be

(Lord Jellicoe commanded the British Grand Fleet in the World War from 1914 to 1916. Later he was First Sea Lord of the Admiralty.)

Japan's acceptance of President Coolidge's invitation to the tri-partite conference on the limitation of naval armaments was inspired by a genuine love of peace and a sincere wish to co-operate constructively with the other Powers, said Admiral Okada, Minister of the Navy, in a statement to the Associated Press on June 2, according to a cablegram from Tokio (Associated Press), which reports him as stating:

He emphasized that his country was ready to reduce its navy "to the minimum of defense requirements," and with this end in view would engage in a frank discussion with the delegates of the United States and Great

"If anybody thinks we simply jumped at this opportunity to limit armaments for financial reasons," he declared, "he has never learned to appreciate our true feelings. Our naval institution, actually far from being of aggressive proportions, was never intended to extend beyond the measure justified by defense. Even without this armament parley we never thought of building beyond this. So we are looking forward to the forthcoming conference as something in the way of a formal occasion to confirm this fundamental idea.

"We will reduce our navy to the minimum of defense requirements. What this minimum is must be gauged by Japan's peculiar geographical, economical and political circumstances. We are going to discuss this point frankly with the American and British delegates."

Mississippi Floods Diminish in Lower Valley-Fresh Inundation in Arkansas.

The flooded area in the Mississippi Valley diminished steadily in the past week and refugees by the hundreds made their way back to their farms and townsites. Water is slowly continuing to fall in the Tensas Basin, west of the main stream in Arkansas and Louisiana, and rehabilitation there is said to be making good progress. In the Atchafalaya Basin, the famous "Sugar Bowl" of Louisiana contrasting conditions prevail. The water fell generally in the western part of the basin, where St. Martinsville, New Iberia and other towns were flooded, while south of Pointe

Coupee Parish, on the eastern side of the river, the flood rose slowly as far south as the main line of the Southern Pacific Ry. Morgan City, La., is still to receive several additional feet of flood water and practically all inhabitants, reports said, had been evacuated by last Saturday. Statements issued by railways in the inundated area said that trains were running everywhere despite the flood and were maintaining scheduled time. The Missouri Pacific in particular insisted on this point in the following notice by W. G. Vollmer, Assistant to the President:

There has been so much publicity regarding the Missouri Pacific's flood difficulties, including the loss of a bridge at Little Rock, Ark., that I fear there may be a misunderstanding of our situation in the minds of many people, and the impression may be prevalent that our freight and passenger

ryice is not being adequately operated, which is not a fact.

It is true that we experienced considerable difficulty, losing one of our two bridges at Little Rock, Ark., but all of our main lines to the West, South, Southwest, and, with one detour beyond Missouri Pacific rails, to New Orleans, are open. Our passenger and freight trains are operating adequately and on schedule, except to and from New Orleans, as affected Our passenger and freight businesses are being and will by this detour. be handled with expedition and regularity.

Some apprehension was caused in the lower part of the Mississippi Valley by heavy rains and flood stages in the vicinity of Cairo, Ill., last week. Dr. I. M. Cline, Chief of the New Orleans Weather Bureau, declared, however, that the new flood would not affect the districts from which the water is now receding. It will, he said, affect the nundated area only to the extent of delaying the final draining away of all the waters. No further rise was to be expected, Dr. Cline added.

In Arkansas the flood problem again appeared early in the week with heavy rains general over the State. Refugees in Crittenden County who but recently returned to their homes were again forced to leave and it was estimated that between 15,000 and 20,000 persons in the eastern part of the State would be homeless again as a result of the new flood. At New Orleans it was said that this flood also would tend to prolong the inundation in the Tensas Basin though no rise was predicted in the flooded portions of

The flood control conference which met in Chicago last week at the behest of the Mayors of Chicago, St. Loius and New Orleans, continued its deliberations last Saturday. Nicholas Longworth, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and Senators Pat Harrison of Mississippi and James E. Watson of Indiana were in attendance. Resolutions were adopted characterizing flood control as a national problem, calling on governmental agencies to supply immediate relief for sufferers, requesting President Coolidge to appoint a committee to arrive at definite conclusions for permanent protection and demanding that Congress press the matter to a solution. Permanent organization was effected and the conference was adjourned.

Furthermore, it became known Thursday that President Coolidge intends to call a special session of Congress, to meet in October about six weeks previous to the regular session. One of the reasons said to have influenced the President in this decision is the problem of flood relief and prevention which the new Congress will be expected to take up.

Flood Destroys 10,000 Acres of Rice in Louisiana.

About 10,000 acres of rice have been destroyed by flood waters in Louisiana, according to preliminary information just received by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, United States Department of Agriculture. Under date of June 7 the Department says:

Three-fourths of this acreage was in St. Martin and Iberia parishes, which are in the Teche country. The other losses were mostly in Pointe Coupee Parish west of the Mississippi River, above Baton Rouge.

About 1,500 acres of rice along Bayou Lafourche are also in danger and some other rice acreage may be flooded before the crest of the flood reaches the Gulf of Mexico. Since damage to rice from flood water varies with the depth and duration of submergence, the exact extent of losses to the rice crop will not be known until the water recedes from the rice areas.

In 1926 5,145 acres of rice were harvested in St. Martin Parish, 9,900 acres in liberia and 700 acres in Pointe Coupee. Most of the rice in Louisiana is farther west and not in the path of the Mississippi flood waters.

Mississippi Flood Conditions Chief Influencing Factors in Decreased Business Activity In St. Louis Federal Reserve District.

The fact that the St. Louis Federal Reserve District was more seriously affected by the Mississippi floods than any other general area is noted in the May 31 Business Conditions Review, issued by the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis. The Bank thus reviews the business situation.

Business in this district during the past thirty days has developed declining tendencies as contrasted with earlier months this year, and in a large

majority of the lines investigated, the volume of sales fell below that of the corresponding veriod last year. The chief influencing factors in the decreased activity were the unprecedented flood conditions along the Missispipi River and its tributaries and the unseasonable weather. Low temperatures and almost continuous heavy rains held down the distribution of merchandise of all descriptions, but more particularly seasonal goods. Throughout the important trade territory directly affected by the overflows great property damage was suffered, and agricultural operations were brought to a standstill or seriously delayed. The result has been a substantial reduction of purchasing power in these areas and the development of a policy or extreme caution on the part of merchants in the matter of commitments. In turn these conditions have reacted on manufacturers, who in many instances have revised their operating schedules in preparation for any adverse change which may occur in the demand for their products.

The Eighth Federal Reserve District, which includes within its borders the entire state of Arkansas, all but the western tier of counties of Missouri, southern Illinois, western Kentucky, Tennessee and northwestern Missosippi, was more seriously affected by the floods than any other general area. This territory is traversed by the Mississippi River and its confluents, and on their borders is situated much of its productive agricultural land. Early estimates place the area overflowed at from 7,000 to 8,000 square miles, of which above 4,500,000 acres consisted of arable land. Greater damage occurred in Arkansas and next in order, Mississippi. In the former state unindation was general along the rivers, and the unusually heavy rains caused small creeks to overflow their banks and created near-flood conditions in sections where there are no rivers or small streams.

At the crest periods of the flood communications were disrupted to a considerable extent, and in some sections delays are still being experienced in delivery of commodities. Generally, however, this phase of the sitution has passed, and with recession of the waters normal conditions are being rapidly restored. Due to the continued rains very little progress has been made in preparation of the soil for planting crops and repairing building and farm equipment damaged by high water. Farm work is from six weeks behind the usual seasonal schedule, and sunshine is badly needed in order

that the deficiency in this respect be made up.

Activities at the large industrial centers exhibited more unevenness and irregularity than in a number of months. Wholesalers dealing in lines for ordinary consumption report a further shrinkage in order for future delivery, the one exception being boots and shoes. Losses in sales as compared with a year ago were most pronounced in goods consumed chiefly in the rural districts, such as farm implements, stoves, fertilizers and insecticides, poultry and dairy supplies and certain building materials. Retail trade in both city and country was disappointing, with clearance of merchandise less complete than at this time last year or in 1925. Retailers report good shopping response to the few days of clear weather, but there were not enough such days to change the decreasing trend of sales volume. Department store sales in the five largest cities of the district recorded a small fractional increase over the same month in 1926, but debits to individual accounts in the reporting cities in April were 5.8% below those of March and 3.4% under the April 1926 total.

The dollar value of building permits issued in the five largest cities was higher in April than March, but was 13.2% smaller than in the same month last year. In the iron and steel industry activity was below the rate of the month before, and there were more complaints of keen competition and narrowing profits on certain groups of commodities. General employment showed little change as contrasted with thirty days earlier. Seasonal gains in certain activities about counterbalanced losses in industries where curtailment of production was in progress. In some sections a surplus of farm labor is reported, but resumption of highway construction work and extensive repair operations by railroads and on levees in the flooded areas served to substantially reduce the surplus of common labor.

With reserve stock of coal the largest on record, consumers are exhibiting little interest in future supplies and generally the feeling prevails that it will be possible to obtain sufficient for all requirements when the fuel is needed. Mines in the district are moving out large quantities of steaming coal, but there are still complaints of heavy accumulations of loaded cars of domestic sizes for which no orders have been received. Thus far coal from the nonunion fields has not been entering the trade territory of the Illinois and Indiana mines to any great extent, consumers depending largely upon their storage stocks. In the immediate past tonnage from the Kentucky mines has been moving in larger volume to the lakes, and generally there is a slightly firmer tone in prices. Dealers report that householders are ordering their fall and winter fuel somewhat earlier than has been the case during the past several years. According to the U. S. Bureau of Mines case during the past several years. According to the U. S. Bureau of Mines case during the past several years. According to the U. S. Bureau of Mines case during the case took in the history of the country. The previous maximum of 63,000,000 tons was reached in November, 1918. Production of bituminous coal for the country as a whole during the present calendar year to May 14, approximately 114 working days, amounted to 221,193,000 tons, against 203,959,000 tons for the corresponding period last year and 176,116,000 tons in 1925.

In spite of interruptions due to the floods, railroads operating in this district continue to report the heaviest freight traffic on record for this season of the year. For the country as a whole loadings of revenue freight for the first nineteen weeks this year, or to May 7, totaled 18,280,000 cars, against 17,770,207 cars for the corresponding period last year and 17,476,346 cars in 1925. The St. Louis Terminal Railway Association, which handles interchanges for 28 connecting lines, interchanged 189,951 loads in April, against 243,282 oads in March and 219,246 loads in April, 1926. During the first 9 days of May the interchange amounted to 64,234 loads, against 64,693 loads during the same period in April and 65,113 loads during the first 9 days of May, 1926. Passenger traffic of the reporting lines decreased 5% during April as compared with the same month last year. Estimated tonnage of the Federal Barge Line between St. Louis and New Orleans for April was 122,000 tons, the highest on record, and comparing with 104,301 tons (revised figures) in March, and 72,682 tons in April, 1926.

Formation of Flood Credits Corporation as Holding Company for Stock of Agricultural Credit Corporations in Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi—Measures to Aid Agriculture in Flood Area Taken by United States Chamber of Commerce at Instance of President Coolidge.

At a meeting in Washington on June 3 the organization was effected of the Flood Credits Corporation, which will make available the sum of \$1,750,000 to be used in the purchase of stock in the Arkansas Farm Credit Corporation,

the Mississippi Rehabilitation Corporation and the Louisiana Farm Credit Corporation. The organization of the holding company results from the request by President Coolidge on May 30 that the United States Chamber of Commerce, through its President, Lewis S. Pierson, take the lead in calling a conference of various leaders in business to develop plans for the re-establishment of industries which suffered in the Mississippi flood—particularly agriculture. At the conference on June 3, held at the Washington head-quarters of the Chamber of Commerce, Secretary of Commerce Hoover and Eugene Meyer, Chairman of the Federal Farm Loan Board, were present, along with representations of industrial and financial interests. In a statement regarding the plans agreed upon, President Pierson of the Chamber said:

There have been formed in the three flooded States three agricultural finance corporations—the Arkansas Farm Credit Co., with a capital locally subscribed of \$500,000; the Mississippi Rehabilitation Corporation, with a capital of \$500,000, and the Louisiana Farm Credit Co., with a capital of \$750,000.

Thus, to match these combined amounts, the country's business men are subscribing to a total of \$1.750,000 in stock of the newly created Flood Credits Corporation. This money will be used for purchase by the holding corporation of stock in the three existing local corporations, the holding corporation issuing debentures to the subscribers against the stock.

The Intermediate Credit Banks probably will lend from three to four to one on the assets of the combined corporations, thus insuring a considerable fund for making agricultural and other loans. Credits will be advanced through the local corporations on recommendation of local committees of business men organized under the plan of Secretary Hoover.

It must be remembered that the banking system in the affected States is sound and that the banks and other established credit agencies themselves will accomplish much in the way of relieving the situation. Then, too, merchant credit is being liberally extended, and in many instances manuacturers and wholesalers are replacing without cost damaged stocks of goods which were manufactured or sold by them and also are reconditioning their own goods which can be salvaged.

It is the extra credit needed that the present machinery is intended to supply. The loans will be made largely for agricultural purposes. There as ome manufacturing and other industrial concerns in these regions which will need assistance, but for the most part the cities and towns in the three States are largely dependent on agriculture.

The response on the part of business men to the appeal which has been made has been remarkable. In cities like New York, Chicago, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Detroit, Boston, San Francisco and Los Angeles expectations are being met. The smaller cities also will do their part.

In general, the response has been as excellent as it was from the business interests when large funds were required three years ago for economic agricultural assistance in the Northwest. One cannot praise too highly the spirit which has animated business leaders throughout the country in meeting the need for agricultural assistance as it has been placed before them.

This response is another indication of the sympathetic interest of the industrial and commercial interests of the country in constructive and sound efforts to assist critical agricultural conditions when they arise. The business man is always ready to join in any practical plan for aid when such plan can be made to work out.

At the same time there was made public the letter of President Coolidge (dated May 30), to Mr. Pierson, enlisting the aid of the country's business men; this letter follows:

My Dear Mr. Pierson,—I am advised that the citizens of the States involved in the recent floods are making earnest and effective efforts to reestablish to the utmost of their ability their damaged industries, particulary agriculture. In several of those States this has taken the form of capital subscription to special finance corporations under the direction of their leading bankers and business men to assist by loans the re-establishment of those farmers who, normally dependent upon credit to produce their crops, are unable in consequence of the flood to obtain such credit from normal sources. The purpose is also, I understand, generally to support the rehabilitation of business and industry through loans. The intermediate credit banks have undertaken to extend to those corporations limited rediscount privileges.

I understand also that the citizens of the South are seeking to increase the strength of these loan corporations through securing substantial subscriptions to their capital from States outside the flood area. It would be of great assistance, as well as a demonstration of national solidarity and sympathy, if the business interests of America, under the leadership of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, could now undertake to comply with the request of those leaders to secure to their loan corporations subscriptions of capital, say dollar for dollar, with that provided from the flooded States.

I, therefore, ask if you will not take the lead in calling a conference of various leaders in business which would develop the early assurance of such help, and that you would, under my direct request, thus expressed, in such a manner as your own judgment should decide, then proceed to make effective this evidence of the great sympathy of the rest of the country for that section which is now under such need.

Very truly yours, CALVIN COOLIDGE.

Mr. Pierson's reply of June 3 said:

My Dear Mr. President.—It is a pleasure to advise you that your request of May 30 for business aid to agriculture in the flood area has been promptly met by the large industries and the banks of the country.

Upon the basis of quotas assigned and accepted by the larger cities; returns so far received justify the assurance that the amount required, \$1.750,000, will be available for subscriptions to the capital stock of the agricultural credit corporations in Mississippi, Louisiana and Arkansas in amounts equal to local subscriptions for such stock.

You may be assured that this action is simply another evidence of the sympathy which the business interests of the country extend to the people of the Mississippi Valley, as well as a testimonial of confidence in their ability and integrity.

Sincerely,

LEWIS E. PIERSON.

President Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

Secretary Hoover, Chairman Meyer and W. A. Hicks, President of the Arkansas Farm Credit Co., addressed the

meeting. Secretary Hoover, it is stated, estimated the economic loss due to the flood at from \$200,000,000 to \$400,000,000. Both relief and credits must be advanced, however, he said, on the basis of actual need, instead of on loss. "Economic shock and disaster of this character," Secretary Hoover is quoted as saying, "no longer can be confined to localities. The effects are felt throughout the country. Whatever we can do to relieve the situation will be of service, therefore, to the entire country." The conference was assured the fullest support by the Farm Loan Board by Chairman Meyer. The Flood Credits Corporation will be under the direction of the following:

President, M. N. Buckner, Chairman of the Board, New York Trust Co. Vice-President, Samuel W. Reyburn, President of Lord & Taylor, New

York City.

Directors—George A. Ranney, Treasurer of the International Harvester Co., Chicago; O. H. P. LaFarge, Assistant to the Vice-President of the General Motors Corporation, New York City; Charles W. Apoleton, Vice-President of the General Electric Co., New York City; W. S. Linderman, President of the Duquesne National Bank of Pittsburgh; George A. Coulton, Senior Vice-President of the Union Trust Co., Cleveland

The New York Trust Co. will act as depositary and the headquarters of the corporation will be in New York. According to the Washington dispatch to the New York "Times," those at the conference included H. L. Perkins, Vice-President of the International Harvester Co., Chicago; O. H. P. LaFarge, Assistant to the Vice-President of the General Motors Corporation, New York; Charles W. Appleton, Vice-President of the General Electric Co., New York; W. S. Linderman, President of the Duquesne National Bank of Pittsburgh; M. N. Buckner, Chairman of the Board, New York Trust Co., New York; Samuel W. Reyburn, President of Lord & Taylor, New York; George A. Coulton, Senior Vice-President of the Union Trust Co., Cleveland; W. J. Filbert, Comptroller of the United States Steel Corporation, New York; James B. Bonner, Manager of Sales of the United States Steel Products Co., Philadelphia; Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of the Board of the American Exchange Irving Trust Co., New York; Joseph H. Defrees, of Defrees, Buckingham & Eaton, Chicago; Stanley H. Bullard, Vice-President of the Bullard Machine-Tool Works, Bridgeport, Conn.; A. J. Brosseau, President of Mack Trucks, Inc., New York; M. S. Sloan, President of the Brooklyn Edison Co.; John Joy Edson, Chairman of the Board of the Washington Loan & Trust Co.; Judge Edwin B. Parker, Chairman of the Board of the Chamber of Commerce, and Robert P. Lamont, President of the American Steel Foundries, Chicago.

Proclamation of Governor Smith of New York, Naming Period from June 8-14 as Flag Week-Washington Celebration of 150th Anniversary of Adoption of Flag.

The observance of the 150th anniversary of the adoption of the country's flag is requested by Governor Smith of New York not only on Flag Day, June 14, but he has also designated the period from June 8-14 as Flag Week, and has asked that "special exercises of a patriotic character be conducted by our schools and patriotic societies." The Governor's proclamation, issued May 23, follows:

Whereas, The present year 1927 is the 150th anniversary of the adoption of the American flag; and

Whereas, The origin of that flag was simultaneous with the conception of

the principle of American independence; and
Whereas, Old Glory tended to inspire the founders of this great Republic
and at the same time fire the souls of the patriots who armed in the glorious cause of freedom, ready for any sacrifice and prepared to stake their all upon the altar of a righteous cause; and

Whereas, It falls to each and every one of us who share the blessings of this great confederation of liberty, which finds its truest and finest expressions in the fraternity of the numerous States composing that great

confederation; and

Whereas, The people of New York and all the other States of the Union, conscious of the magnificent sacrifices that have been made by the men and women of every generation for that flag, symbol of justice, liberty, contentment, prosperity and above all providential indulgence, are eager and zealous to show their devotion and love for this emblem and what it represents:

Now, therefore, I, Alfred E. Smith, Governor of the State of New York, do hereby appoint the week of June 8-14 1927

FLAG WEEK :

And do proclaim June 14 1927

FLAG DAY;

And at the same time urge a universal display of the flag from public buildings, places of private enterprise, and especially from the homes, so that the children may sense the augmented inspiration that must come from the evidences of appreciation of American ideals by their elders and be impressed thereby; and I do further urge that on this day set apart special exercises of a patriotic character be conducted by our schools and patriotic societies to the end that the mighty meaning, the impressive lessons, the splendid historic traditions that cluster around Old Glory may be given the completest expression in this sesqui-centennial of its adoption ALFRED E. SMITH.

Regarding the commemorative exercises of the anniversary which will be held in Washington, the New York "Times" of June 5 said :

Outstanding in the nation-wide celebration will be the Vesper Flag Service, which will take place on the west steps of the Capitol in Washington, Dr. C., on June 12, in commemoration of the sesqui-centennial of the adoption of the flag.

The service will be held under the auspices of the United States Fla Association, of which President Coolidge is Honorary President, and with the co-operation of Washington Lodge, No. 15, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. Elihu Root is President of the association; Otto H. Kahn, Treasurer; James A. Moss, Director-General, and J. H. Heckman, Executive Secretary.

The program will consist of the massing of the colors, sacred and patriotic music by the United States Marine Band, with John Philip Sousa, leading when the band plays his "Stars and Stripes Forever"; the singing of hymns by a vested choir of a thousand voices, and of patrotic songs by the audience. Several ministers of different denominations will participate in the service, and there will be an address on "The Religion of the Flag."

First Service of Its Kind.

This will be the first service of its kind in the annals of the nation. The

This will be the first service of its kind in the annals of the nation. The President, the members of the Cabinet, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House, the Justices of the Supreme Court and other Government officials have been invited to be present.

Among the guests of honor will be Ben Altheimer of this city, known as "the father of the popular and religious observance of Flag Day." Mr. Altheimer's portrait appears in the sesqui-centennial living flag with other noted Americans, which the association is sending out by the thousands throughout the country in commemoration of the one hundred and fiftieth throughout the country in commemoration of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the adoption of the flag.

Mr. Altheimer, who resides at Park Chambers, 68 West 58th Street, is credited with having extended the observance of Flag Day from the army

and navy to the country at large.

Flag Day Proclamation of President Coolidge.

A proclamation calling for the observance throughout the Nation of Flag Day, on June 14, was issued as follows on June 7 by President Coolidge:

My Fellow Americans,
Flag Day on June 14 will mark the 150th anniversary of the adoption by Congress of the Stars and Stripes as the emblem of our nation. It is fitting that we should recall all that our flag means, what it represents to our citi-

zens and to the nations of the earth.

There should be no more appropriate time to give thanks for the blessings that have descended upon our people in this century and a half and to rededicate ourselves to the high principles for which our ensign stands. Liberty and union, freedom of thought and speech under the rule of reason and righteousness as expressed in our Constitution and laws, the protection of life and property, the continuation of justice in our domestic and foreign relations—these are among the high ideals of which our flag is the visible symbol.

It will be futile merely to show outward respect for our national emblem if we do not cherish in our hearts an unquenchable love of and devotion to

the unseen things which it represents.

To the end that we may direct our attention to these things, I suggest that Flag Day be observed in the display of the stars and stripes in public places and upon public and private buildings and by patriotic exercises in our schools and community centres throughout the land.

C. E. Mitchell of National City Bank of New York on 'Capital Market"-Investment of Surplus Funds in Foreign Issues Only When Home Needs are Lacking.

Before the annual convention of the National Electric Light Association in Atlantic City on June 9, Charles E. Mitchell, President of the National City Bank of New York, spoke on "The Capital Market" and in referring to loans abroad by American bankers stated that "the surplus investment funds pass on into foreign issues only when there is an absence of home issues." He said that "the capital market holds a warm welcome for the sound securities that come from our public utilities, our manufacturers and our railroads. 'America first' is the slogan that the prevailing values tell." He further stated:

The capital market and in fact the continuation of American prosperity at its present level are calling for the use of imagination on the part of America's business leaders for skill and science to find new channels for profitable investment, for a quickening of thought and action in taking advantage of our present liquid wealth to build for the future to the end that there may be a new perfection in our machinery of production and distribution. The efficient speeding up of the business machine means the production of goods on a larger scale and power production and railway transportation on a larger scale and the larger scale speels business con-solidations and larger business units. The power industry has been in the van of this movement and as your now great units function, it is well to

realize that your results are being analyzed by the court of public opinion.

If you can succeed in proving to the investor who has followed you so enthusiastically that your larger units spell greater security and sounder business methods, to the customers whom you serve, that they spell more efficient and lower cost service and to the public that the monopolistic danger is a bug-a-boo, then you will ease the way for others to follow, the railroads assuredly, the trades and even the banking business where in spite of the distress that has followed the failure of thousands of small banks the country over in recent years the public are still doubtful of a branch system wherein a few large units will serve. responsibility in which, knowing you as I do, I have a faith supreme that you will give a good accounting.

Mr. Mitchell also said in part:

We have been hearing a good deal lately about the flow of American capital abroad through the medium of foreign financing in our markets and there has been a disposition to criticize the bankers for the part they have taken in guiding this flow.

Now it is true that the volume of foreign financing has been heavy. Foreign issues have come into our markets at the rate of about a billion dollars a year in recent years, the list of issues traded in on our exchanges, instead of being measurable on the fingers of two hands as before the war now runs into hundreds. Moreover, the movement is continuing. In the first quarter of this year the volume of these issues reached over 360 millions, substantially more than the first quarter of last year and the second quarter is keeping pace with the first. But why? Because the bankers are guiding the capital flow abroad. No. Because excess capital seeks investment where an opening occurs as inevitably as the Mississippi River when swollen beyond the carrying capacity of its natural boundaries seeks and is overpoweringly insistent upon an outlet. breaking the levees where it may.

But I am getting ahead of the argument I would develop. Let us examine for a moment the meaning of this great foreign investment, for it is a new experience and over it many are beginning to feel some concern. High authorities complain that the emigration of capital is unpatriotic and question as to how as time goes on the interest and capital retirement of these capital retirement of these rapily mounting debts can be transferred from another currency to dollar currency for remission, even though accumulated for that purpose in good faith in the debtor country. Still other caution against the excessive competition of American bankers for loans abroad that tends both to extravagance of borrowers and a lowering of investment standards in our own country. And again others tell us that loans abroad that are not strictly for productive purposes are as unjustified from the standpoint of the American lender as they are dangerous to the foreign borrowers. That the general public is interested, is evidenced by the fact that these questions, criticisms and cautions are headlined in our daily

We must remember that by and large the money that has been borrowed here has not been taken out of the country. It has been spent here in the purchase of the products of our fields, our mines and our factories. So heavy indeed has been the balance of payments this way that not only have foreign merchants been forced to expand all the proceeds of foreign loans here, but above and beyond that, they have had to ship large quantities of gold to discharge their obligations. Had we not loaned abroad, our foreign customers would have been face to face with the alternative of curtailing their purchases from us or of shipping us more gold, the one course meaning the loss of the foreign markets to American production, the other threatening us with a most dangerous inflation. Foreign lending therefor has served and is serving a patriotic purpose as well as assisting our good customers abroad to bridge the gap of the reconstruction period.

It is true that serious questions arise as to how these debit balances created by our loans will be ultimately adjusted and especially so as the situation is complicated by tariffs and by the need of huge and unnatural transfers of funds incident to reparations and international war debt payments. The problem is an unavoidable consequence of the change in our national and international status caused by the war and in time it must be faced boldly even though it necessitates some revision of our ideas with respect to trade balances, tariffs and international finance. We are now a creditor nation and in the long run balances of creditors have to be settled in goods and services. A portion of what is due may be refunded by new loans or reinvested directly or indirectly in foreign productive enterprise and possibly in equity ownership position but that only postpones the day of reckoning. The process of piling up credits abroad cannot go on forever. Already the annual interest and sinking fund requirements on our foreign lendings are estimated to amount to close to a billion dollars and the time is certainly approaching when the new lending will do little more than cover such charges. And then what. Inevitably the American people will have to accustom themselves to an import balance of trade—a condition where we will import more of foreign goods and services than we export of our own. In other words, to maintain our present rate of exports, we must not raise obstruction to a material increase in our imports. Some say that we can avoid this by following England's example of constantly reinvesting the eds of our foreign loans, the principal and perhaps part of the inte but let us be mindful that England from the time she became a creditor nation always had a balance of trade on the side of imports.

The excessive competition of American bankers to-day for loans abroad is to be deplored, but in reality our American investor is in complete control of the situation. If he shows a disposition to buy indiscriminately, then will be bankers in number, who, to obtain his trade, will likewise buy indiscriminately and compete with one another to so buy even though it means the relinquishment of essential standards of soundness, the value of which they should well know. If with care in the selection of those upon whom he relies for investment information and advice, the investor uses his best judgment in measuring foreign credits, then the dangers in excessive competition of bankers in the purchase of foreign loans will naturally

With regard to the suggestion that our foreign loans should be re to those for productive purposes only, all will agree in principle. In practice, however, it is almost meaningless in the case of government borrowing. Every government, whether national, state or municipal (ours included), is constantly making non-productive expenditures and political expediency demands it. The direct uses of the money we lend may be controlled but the indirect cannot be. We may lend, for instance, to construct a railroad, but the effect may be to release a like amount of funds for the building of a

Possibly in the light of what I want most to emphasize in my talk with you today, I have already spoken too much at length regarding this foreign lending but I am solicitous that all should be thinking about it and thinking clearly, for such lending is essential and cannot be stopped by criticism. It will bring new problems and commercial and financial readjustments in its wake the nature of which should be understood and anticipated.

I denied rather emphatically a little earlier in my discussion that the banker is subject to criticism for the flow of capital abroad and declared it to be the result of excess capital here as compared with other parts of the world. Due principally to the great flow of gold imports, investment funds have been accumulating in this country more rapidly than domestic industry would absorb them. So long as this condition exists they will flow where capital is scarce and where it will earn a satisfactory return. They will not be idle. They go abroad regardless of the banker who could not possibly keep them at home, so long as the domestic supply of investments is out of balance with the supply of funds.

The fault then, if there be such, is not with the banker but rather with America's business and political leaders who under existing circumstances should be thinking constructively and in bigger terms than ever before in our history as to how this American capital can be induced to stay at home by opportunity to earn and at the same time to serve.

The public utility industry, and especially the power and lighting companies, have been in the lead in this movement with a vision, intelligence and courage which has stimulated the confidence of the investor, and the movement continues at an undiminished pace. From 1919 to 1926, inclusive, out of over more than 28 billions of dollars of new corporate financing of all types, the public utility issues aggregated nearly nine billions or about 32%. In 1919 the percentage was 17%, in 1926 it was 37%, and in the first

quarter of this year it rose to the unprecedented figure of 46%. Certainly

no charge that this industry is a laggard can be justified.

In manufacturing lines we all recognize that the building of plants during the war days gave us excess producing capacity for peace times. The oppor-tunities for the use of capital have occurred since then, rather in the way of greater efficiency in production and distribution. No one who has watched the ideas and methods of the past give way to still newer ideas and methods, will have the temerity to say that we have exhausted the openings for the use of capital which lie in this direction. The possibilities for further investment in labor saving plant and equipment are still unlimited and if pursued we may be assured that the resulting higher standard of living for the American people will maintain consumption at the level with the insed production.

It is in the railroad field, however, that it seems to me lie at the moment as greatest opportunities for the use of American excess investment funds. To be sure, the United States has never possessed better and more efficient transportation than it has to-day. Since the properties were handed back from Federal control seven years ago, the managements showing courage and determination, have made a record of amazing accomplishment. During the past five years the roads have spent an average of about three quarters of a billion dollars per annum for capital improvements and the efficiency and reliability of railroad service to-day is the result of the intelligent application of that money. It was raised in part by the sale of securities and largely by the application of earnings and depreciation

But granted that the roads are giving efficient service to the commerce of to-day, the question seems opportune as to whether their plans provide adequately for the demands that, with the inevitable growth of the country, will be upon them five or ten years hence. We should and must have the most modern, efficient and flexible transportation plant in the world and it is not in sight. Yet never in our history has there been a more favorable period for rapid progress toward that goal. By and large, railroad credit is excellent, railroad securities are popular and in increasing demand the capital supply is abundant.

The roads should take advantage of this conjunction. they have done. In the last five-year period, while the public utilities sold over seven billions of securities with nearly $30\,\%$ in stock, and the industrials close to ten billions with 26% in stock the railroads issued only three billions of securities of which only 5½% was stock. What is more, their record on the issuance of securities for the upbuilding of their system is getting on the issuance of sicurities for the upbuilding of their system is getting worse instead of better. In the four years ending in 1924 the roads received on the average \$20 out of every \$100 raised for capital investment by all domestic industry from the sale of securities to the public. In 1925 they took only \$10.50 out of every \$100, and in 1926 only \$7.50. For many years analyists have deplored the growing preponderance of funded debt to equity capital in our railroad structures, yet with an abundance of roads in position to issue common stocks and with conditions increasingly favorable for stock financing how many in the last five years have a vailed themselves of this condition? Only three.

selves of this condition? Only three.

Now I think you will agree that the time to obtain investment funds is when there is an excess of such funds. The greatest railroad man America has produced followed the principle of obtaining money for properties under control when money was readily obtainable and sometimes long before he had determined precisely when and how it was to be spent. This, regrettably, seems for the moment impossible, since the Inter-State Commerce Commission insists that before it will approve an issue of securities the carrier must show in fullest detail exactly how the money is to be used. The roads should be permitted to obtain their equity capital when conditions

are propitious, and a restrictive course is a mistake in policy.

Just as the larger unit in industry and in the public utility field is an increasingly important element in American progress, just so I believe we should look to the development of larger and more comprehensive railroad systems to serve our growing commerce. The Interstate Commerce Commission is not helpful in this development. It recently went so far as to declare that a single unit should not acquire another except as it first advertised its intention of so doing, a pronouncement behind which I do not believe it has the backing of the business or public opinion of the country. May we not hope that this governmental body will show a co-operative and far more constructive attitude in suggesting and fostering railroad consolidation having due regard for the geographical and economic necessities, and in permitting the railroads to finance by the issue of equity capital for this development as well as for their other requirements as the capital market presents opportunities.

you may ask, if the railroads were to raise greater amounts of new capital for general purposes, where it could be advantageously employed.

I will not attempt to cover so broad a field. Two or three instances will

suffice to answer.

The automatic signal is not a new device. Its usefulness in protecting life and attaining greater dispatch of traffic over a given stretch of track is amply demonstrated. Now what are the facts? Last year 5,000 miles of road were equipped with automatic block signals, the largest mileage ever equipped in a single year. Yet with that addition there were only about 50,000 miles of road protected by automatic signals out of a total in Class 1 railroads alone of 235,000 miles. Even if we include manual signals, Class 1 railroads alone of 235,000 miles. Even if we include manual signals, it is a fact that more than half of the Class 1 mileage has no block signal protection whatsoever.

Again there is the freight terminal situation. In the New York district, where I have a more intimate knowledge, the conditions are deplorable. With as many as 500 cars of perishable food arriving a day in certain seasons, I understand that at times as many as 150 a day are unable to reach the consumers' market. The Port of New York Authority are planning for some inland freight stations in Manhattan Island to cost \$65,000,000 from which a saving is estimated to shippers and receivers of \$12,000,000 annually and to the railroads of \$4,000,000 annually. The indictment of present facilities is obvious.

Then there is the question of modernizing rolling stock. The wooden car is disappearing to be sure but 36% of the passenger cars still in use are of wooden construction. The progress made in locomotive construction and use is outstanding. There are a thousand fewer locomotives in service to-day than 5 years ago but the present number are doing 10% more work than the former. And yet I have been told that locomotives 35 years old are still in use. Financing to bring about their retirement would doubtless show measurable returns.

Of course there is another ph se of this modernizing of the transportation system that you men in the public utility industry above all others will appreciate. It can't be done to the interest of investors unless the public are willing to pay for it and only too often the public stand in their own light by an unwillingness to pay for improved service. You well know that in rapid transit there are many localities that are getting inferior service because the public are unwilling to pay for better. Even New York Ci may eventually learn that the intolerable congestion of its transit lines Even New York City only the inevitable concomitant of the five cent fare. Just so it is with rail-roads. Take the Long Island Railroad, for instance. That property represents an investment of \$115,000.000. It needs in the next five y ver \$63,000,000 for equipment, betterments and improvements or half or half as much as it has spent in the last 45 years if it is to give proper service to its rapidly growing passenger traffic, but to pay returns on this investment it must have higher fares. Such an appeal deserves sympathetic public consideration instead of unreasoning opposition. Give the railroads a chance to build for public service at such a profit I say as will enable them to offer their securities in volume and compete successfully in the capital market for the excess of investment funds.

But enough said for the railroads. They can and should use large sums for their wise development but they need courageous leadership, a cooperative attitude among themselves, a less inelastic Inter-State Commerce Commission and a well deserved sympathetic attitude from the public

whom they serve.

Foreign Trade Convention at Detroit-Declarations of Convention.

The Detroit National Foreign Trade Convention, four-teenth in the series of American Foreign Traders' nation-wide gatherings which have been held annually since 1914, with a registration of 1,425 delegates, thoroughly justified, it is stated, the council's decision to meet for the first time in six years away from the seaboard. The convention attracted a greater attendance from the country at large than at any time since the boom year of 1920. The delegates came from 34 States as well as from Hawaii and Porto Rico and from 21 foreign countries besides Canada. The Detroit gathering was thus, it is noted, the most widely representative meeting of the countries with which the United States carries on commerce than any yet sponsored by the Council.

One of the addresses at the convention arousing the wide public interest was that of Ira A. Campbell of New York, who warned of the danger of the present transitional Government policy in our shipping in an address, "Dont' Give up the Ships." This address will shortly be published by the Counsil as a pamphlet and circulated among the large section of the public vitally interest in the shipping problem. Mr. Farrell's statement on "The Foreign Trade Balance" put the case for the economic balance of world exports and imports as distinct from the geographical balance of trade between separate countries and solidly met the contentions of the "trade with those who trade with us" policy which has been given considerable publicity in recent months in Australia, Argentina, Canada, South Africa and other countries.

Other addresses at the convention which evoked comment were C. C. Martin's address, "The Oncoming Wave of Foreign Combinations," an analysis of international cartel systems; ex-Governor James P. Goodrich's statement of the farming situation, "Some Hopeful Aspects of Agriculture"; R. A. Medina's paper at the Export Methods Group Session on "Securing, Retaining and Expanding Export Business"; ex-Governor Eugene N. Foss's address at the convention's luncheon session in place of Secretary Hoover on "Reciprocal Trade Treaties," and J. A. H. Kerr's address at the Banking Group Session recommending the extension of the Federal Reserve System in branches abroad in his speech, "Banking Service for Foreign Trade."

The final declaration of the convention, which was drafted by the General Convention Committee of 75 members representing the industrial, banking, shipping, agricultural and other elements of foreign trade, and all sections of the

country, was as follows:

Flood Control.

This convention reiterates the recommendation of previous National Foreign Trade Conventions that the inland waterways of the United States should be brought under effective control and use. The unprecedented flood in the lower Mississippi Valley has caused untold disaster and forced the problem of flood control and the utilization of inland water ways upon the attention of the entire country. Control should be accomplished in a manner that will carry with it the development of a scientific system which will enable the stored flood waters to be utilized in the service of commerce and transportation.

More Foreign Trade with Our Competitors.

For the fourth consecutive year, 1926 showed an increase in our foreign trade, both in value and in volume. As in former years the greater part of our trade was with countries which are among our most active competitors in all the markets of the world. Increased industrial and commercial activity in these countries does not necessarily mean keener competition with us. It always means greater purchasing power in such countries and often leads to larger exports of our products both crude and manufactured.

Balanced Exchange of Goods Between Countries Impracticable.

At a time when the trading nations of the world are in economic conference at Geneva, one of the purposes of which is to lessen trade restrictions that hamper the easy flow of commerce, suggestions have come from several countries of their readiness to invoke restrictive measures in the effort to force a more nearly even balance in the exchange of goods with other countries. To enforce a balanced exchange of merchandise between two nations is impracticable. We bought from Asia last year \$800,000,000 more than Asia bought from us. We sold to Europe last year a billion dollars more than Europe sold to us. That trade benefited all. Asia's excess of sales to us helped to pay for Europe's excess of purchases from us. The world's trade has now become one great composite whole.

Promoting Export Trade in Loan Negotiations.

The accumulation in the United States of available capital seeking investment has resulted in recent years in the absorption of approximately

\$5,000,000,000 of foreign securities. It is important that the possibilities of promoting our export trade be not overlooked in the progress of loan negotiations.

Revision of Customs Regulations.

Our customs regulations and the delays incident to their administration constitute a serious barrier to commerce and impose undue annoyance and expense upon importers and consumers. Measures providing for revisions of our customs administrative procedure will be submitted at the coming session of Congress. This revision should also provide a thorough clarification of the cumbersome and complicated drawback law and regulations. We strongly urge prompt action.

A Business Program for the Merchant Marine.

It is now seven years since Congress in the Merchant Marine Act of 1920 directed that the war-built Government fleet should be transferred to private ownership and operation. Considerable progress has been made, and the privately owned merchant marine has been substantially increased by establishment of new lines consisting of Shipping Board vessels sold at low prices on favorable terms. The traditional policy of encouraging fast and direct sailings of American lines by means of mail contracts has been wisely revived. A large part of the privately owned marine, however, still bears the full force of foreign competition.

Continued operation of Government lines at heavy loss and frequently in competition with privately owned American lines creates an atmosphere of uncertainty discouraging to private investment in shipping. We urge an immediate survey by the Government in assocition with steamship interests and shippers for the purpose of determining in accordance with the Merchant Marine Act what lines are essential to the national interest and what is necessary to assure their successful operation by private enterprise. Lines not found to be essential or susceptible of profitable development should be discontinued as required by the Merchant Marine Act.

If American business men and the U. S. Government will give American

If American business men and the U. S. Government will give American ships a preference in routing their freight a long step will be taken towards a successful American merchant fleet. Suggestions that the Shipping Board build a large number of new ships are disquieting, as this would tend to perpetuate Government ownership and operation. Replacement of tonnage will be necessary in time but if the privately owned and operated lines are freed of uneconomic restrictions and given reasonable encouragement by public and Government they will themselves provide the new tonnage.

Permanent Parcels Post with Cuta.

This convention again urges upon Congress prompt action to preserve the parcel post service to Cuba. That country has served notice upon our Post Office Department abrogating the present temporary parcel post convention and unless Congress acts the service will end on March 1 next. American industry generally will suffer substantial loss unless Congress acts favorably before that date.

The Foreign Mail Service.

The foreign mail service is an important agency in maintaining and extending our overseas commercial relations. The progress made by the Post Office Department in recent years in improving this service, especially the international parcel post, is commendable, and further extension should continue to receive all possible encouragement.

Foreign Trade Zones.

We renew the recommendation of previous national foreign trade conventions in favor of legislation permitting the establishment of foreign trade zones at American ports. Such zones are effective and economical means of trade promotion and do not in any way interfere with the tariff policy of the country.

Advantages of the Webb-Pomerene Law.

Inasmuch as Europe is organizing combinations on a larger scale than ever before for the purpose of strengthening its competitive power, we again call the attention of our manufacturers and exporters to the advantages available to them through organization under the Webb-Pomerene Law which exempts combinations of competitors engaged solely in export from the operation of the anti-trust laws. A substantial number of export associations are now operating advantageously under this law.

Agricultural Exports.

Surplus farm production finds its necessary outlet not only in export of grain, cotton and fruits as such, but also in the form of foodstuffs and textiles for which manufacturers, merchants and American steamship services are constantly seeking wider markets. The export of American package foodstuffs is steadily increasing with resultant benefits to agriculture. The growing use of farm products as raw materials for manufactures other than foodstuffs is developing new export outlets.

Training for Foreign Ttade.

The training of young men for foreign trade and foreign service should be steadily encouraged and supported. The constant growth of our international commerse has proved the wisdom of this course.

Co-operation Between Foreign Trade Associations.

The growth and increasing activities of various foreign trade organizations throughout the country have been noted with satisfaction. It is recognized that each of these serves the particular requirements of its members with, however, the common purpose of fostering American business with other countries. There is a growing and commendable tendency among such organizations towards co-operative effort. This tendency should be encouraged. It is recommended that there be frequent and frank exchange of views and that whenever possible joint meetings be held which will promote a more general interchange of experience, assist the stabilization of methods and discourage such trade practices as might be detrimental to American export trade.

Improving Trade Relations with Canada.

This convention has noted, with pleasure, the participation in its sessions of representatives of many other countries. We welcome the presence of them all and particularly appreciate the co-operation of our Canadian neighbor. While each has problems of its own, all have other problems in common, and it is a promise of continued friendship and improveing trade relations that we can meet together as we have done here for joint discussion of these common interests.

The foreign trade of the United States will continue to grow but its growth will not be fortuitous or gratuitous. It will be the result of our own intelligent effort. Its development is essential to our national growth. It is a problem which calls for the co-operation of all concerned.

It is pointed out that one of the encouraging factors of the meeting was the large attendance and keen interest shown by delegates from the great Michigan manufacturing district. The Convention, in fact, included a record number of manufacturers; 568 out of the 1,425 delegates present

being manufacturers who sought this direct means of extending their markets abroad. The Canadian Session was again an event of outstanding importance. It was sponsored this year by the Canadian Chamber of Commerce, whose President, S. B. Gundy, acted as its Chairman. About one hundred leading business executives from all parts of Canada attended the Convention and laid the basis both in informal discussion and through their spokesman at the Canada Session for increased reciprocal business understanding across the border.

A marked extension of interest and participation in these gatherings by spokesmen from other countries was a further notwrorthy feature. Spokesmen from the United Kingdom, the Union of South Africa, Argentina and the Irish Free State, as well as from the American Chamber of Commerce at Shanghai, addressed the Convention on concrete problems of world trade pertaining to their relations with the United States

Representatives of the transportation field of foreign trade were second to manufacturers in their total personnel at the convention with 181 delegates; the automotive industry sent 156 delegates and there were 153 bankers, 147 officers of trade associations and chambers of commerce, 78 Government officials and professional representatives and 75 iron and steel men. About three-quarters of the delegates at the convention were executives of business houses directly connected with foreign trade and about one-quarter were presidents of companies or chairmen of boards, a characteristically high proportion of executive attendance.

Next year the Council looks forward with keen anticipation toward making its first descent on the Southwest, where Houston has been chosen for the 1928 meeting. It was also decided to hold the 1929 convention in Baltimore, subject to final ratification next year, and an invitation from Los Angeles was definitely considered for 1930. The decision of a convention city two years in advance, it is anticipated, will give a greatly increased opportunity for developing public interest in foreign trade well in advance of the meeting.

Labor and the Consuming Public the Beneficiaries of Increased Efficiency in Railroad Transportation and Production According to Samuel O. Dunn.

"Labor and the consuming public, and not the owners of capital, receive under the modern industrial system the great bulk of all the benefits derived from increased efficiency in transportation and production", said Samuel O. Dunn, editor of the Railway Age, in an address at Montreal on June 7 before the Mechanical Division of the American Railway "These increases in efficiency are, however, Association. mainly made possible by the effect of the investment of capital in increasing the average output per person employed, and, therefore, labor and the consuming public should in their own interest be more anxious to see large enough returns earned to cause a rapid investment of capital in the railroad industry than the owners of capital themselves." Mr. Dunn presented statistics regarding developments in the railroad industry during the last twenty years in support of his contention that "it is the employee and not the employer class who should be most anxious to see efficiency in every branch of production increased by every means possible. He said:

Between 1906 and 1926 the transportation output of the railways of the United States per person employed by them increased 58% These increases in output were due both to enlargements and improvements in the physical plant and to the work of the entire personnel. The best available measures of the physical capacity of the railways are the tractive power of their locomotives and the tonnage capacity of their freight cars. The average amount of locomotive tractive power per employee increased during these years 77% and the average amount of freight car capacity per employee 51%. These increases in the physical capacity of the plant were, of course, accomplished by the investment of capital. The average investment per employee in 1906 was \$8,088 and in 1926 was \$12,991, an increase of almost \$5,000, or 61%. In addition to getting an increase in output per employee of 58%, the railways during these two decades got an average advance in their freight and passenger rates of 47% and, therefore, their total earnings for each person employed by them increased 132%.

Now, how did the employees of the railways and the capital invested in them share between them the benefits resulting from the increase in total earnings due to both increased output and advances in rates. If labor and capital had shared in the same proportion the increase in total earnings, the increase in the average wage would have been 132%, and likewise the increase in net operating income for each person employed would have been 132%. In fact, the average annual compensation per employee increased from \$596 in 1906 to \$1,655 in 1926, or 177%. Net operating income is the return earned on the capital invested in the industry, and it amounted in 1906 to \$480 for each person employed while in 1926 it was \$682 per employee, an increase in twenty years of only 42%. Since the increase in investment per employee was 61% and the increase in net operating income per employee only 42%, it follows that there was an actual decline in the average return upon investment in 1906 was 5.9% and twenty years later, in 1926, only 5.3%.

These facts show beyond all question that during the last twenty years the employees have received far greater benefits in proportion from the improvements in the properties and in their operation than those who, by the investment of capital in them, have made these improvements possible. Twenty years ago the employees as a whole received a total income from the railroad industry 24% greater than that received by the capital invested in it, while in 1926 the employees received a total income from the industry 140% greater than that received by the capital invested in it.

During most of the period reviewed the difficulty of raising capital for the railroad industry constantly increased because of excessively restrictive

regulation of the return upon it. Unquestionably if the average percentage of return allowed to be earned had been larger, the amount of capital invested in the railroads would have been greater, and this would have resulted in many more improvements in physical facilities that would have effected still greater savings in labor, fuel and materials, thereby making possible even higher average wages for employees or lower return for the public.

higher average wages for employees or lower rates for the public.

Running through most of the literature disseminated by labor organizations is the implication that under our present industrial system most invested capital gets excessive returns and that it is plainly to the interest of labor at all times to try to improve its working conditions and wages at the cost of a reduction of the return received by capital. But a reduction of the return received by capital in any industry will necessarily tend to reduce investment in that industry. I believe it can be shown by incontrovertible evidence that in the long run on the railroads and in every other large scale industry it always has been and always will be those who work for wages who have got and will get the great bulk of all the tangible and intangible benefits resulting from every increase in the output of industry per man employed, and that, therefore, it is the employee and not the employer class who should be most anxious to see efficiency in every branch of industry increased by adequate investment of capital and every other means possible.

What Has Been Done to Modernize the Equipment of the Railroads—The Large Capital Expenditures That Have Been Necessary.

The program adopted by the railroads to provide adequate transportation service has been fulfilled in its entirety and "no doubt the results obtained are far beyond the fondest dreams of the railroads at the time of its adoption," according to Mr. M. J. Gormley, Chairman of the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association. "The railroads," said Mr. Gormley, addressing the annual convention of the Mechanical Division of the American Railway Association in Montreal on Wednesday, June 8, "recognized that adequacy of transportation at all times, regardless of conditions, is their duty."

The addition of 608,777 modern, high capacity cars, new or rebuilt; the retirement from service of 552,458 low capacity, inefficient cars; the placing in service of 11,049 locomotives since January 1, 1923; the cooperation of the shippers through the medium of the Regional Advisory Boards and the important part they have played in reducing the time required for loading and unloading of equipment, as indicated by the decreased demurrage assessments; and, to some extent, an increase in the loading per car, were the main factors that made it possible for the carriers to handle the greatest traffic in their history, and, at its peak, have available a large surplus of equipment.

In a recent report approved by the Board of Directors of the American Railway Association, the Car Service Division stated that it believes it is possible to handle the traffic of the country for some time to come with a total decrease in the ownership of open top and box cars of at least 100,000 provided there is a continuation of the present efficient use of freight cars; a continuation of the present policy of replacing obsolete equipment with cars of modern type, and an increase of one ton in the average load per car and an increase of one mile in the average movement per freight car per day.

This suggestion, if carried out, will be a complete fulfillment of the aims of the railroads, with the assistance and co-operation of the shippers, to handle an increased traffic with a decreased expense for overhead in car ownership.

The year 1920 was one of heavy traffic, congestion and car shortage, with general dissatisfaction on the part of shippers, and in fact it has been estimented by Governmental authorities that the car shortages and congestions in 1920 and 1922 would aggregate a billion dollars in cost per year to the public of this country. 1926, on the other hand, was a year of the heaviest traffic ever handled, without car shortage, congestion, or transportation difficulty of any kind, and also with statements from Governmental and other authorities that such transportation service has meant a saving of untold millions in the reduction of inventories, tying up of capital in goods in transit, and various other related factors.

Mr. Gormley went on to say that "the addition of large numbers of modern cars and locomotives, in addition to improvements in terminals, reduction in grades, and so forth, has meant the expenditure of large sums of money to provide the adequate transportation service now being rendered. During the past six years, the railroads have made an expenditure of \$2,450,751,648 for equipment and \$2,102,726,-104 for other improvements, a total of \$4,553,477,752. The other side of the story is that the operating expenses for 1926, when the heaviest traffic on record was handled, were \$1,112,-600,000 less than 1920. True, this reduction was not all due to the improvements made in the physical plant but certainly the largest part of it was due to that fact. These results not only prove the wisdom of what the railroads have done to provide more adequate transportation but also point the way to what they must continue to do in the future to provide for the constantly growing traffic demands of the country." Mr. Gormley added:

This brings us to the inevitable question and challenge as to the ability of the railroads to handle the traffic that will be offered in the future. Unless a railroad can earn a reasonable and safe margin above expenses, it is very definitely limited in its ability to furnish transportation service. We believe this is now fully understood by not only the Governmental regulatory authorities, but also by the public.

The greatly increased car efficiency in the past few years is due in a considerable measure to the very active co-operation of the shippers with the railroads through the Regional Advisory Boards. With the continuation of that co-operation and a better knowledge on the part of shippers and receivers of freight of their responsibility in bringing about a more economical operation, through better utilization of the plant available, and with the financial ability of the railroads assured, there need never be any question in the mind of anyone as to the ability of the railroads to meet the transportation demands of the future, regardless of what they may be.

Degree of Doctor of Laws to Be Conferred on Howard Elliott of Northern Pacific Railway Company By Carleton College, Minnesota.

The degree of Doctor of Laws is to be conferred by Carleton College, at Northfield, Minn., on Howard Elliott, Chairman of the Board of the Northern Pacific Railway Company, on Commencement day, June 13. The occasion will also be marked by the delivery of an address by Mr. Elliott to the graduates. Mr. Elliott has previously been honored by having received honorary degrees from Middlebury College, Vermont, in 1916 and from Trinity College, at Hartford, in 1924. It is worth recording that action like this from the colleges shows that the profession of business and railroading is taking its rightful place in our economic and educational life. Mr. Elliott graduated from Harvard in 1881, and is now President of the Board of Overseers of Harvard. Carleton College, which is one of the best of the endowed colleges west of the Mississippi River, is today almost as large as Harvard was fifty years

Tenth Anniversary of National Thrift Movement.

The tenth anniversary celebration of the National Thrift Movement, will be formally brought to a climax to-day (June 11) with a "thrift birthday party" to be held at the home of Adolph Lewisohn, Ardsley, New York. Leaders in the financial world are expected to be present. E. C. Delafield, B. H. Fancher and Irving T. Bush are among those who are sponsoring the celebration. The date, June 11, marks the tenth anniversary of the actual day when the work of the National Thrift Committee first began. It also is the tenth mile-stone, in years, of Mr. Lewisohn's active participation as Chairman of this enterprise. Sociability and celebration will be the "key-note" of this affair according to announcements received. Business will have only a small part in the proceedings and there will be no financial solicitation. Mr. Lewisohn has long been axnious to meet, on more intimate terms, with the men and women who have been his co-workers, and his Westchester home will be thrown open to them on June 11th. The assemblage will include leaders in the social, civil, religious and industrial life of the entire country.

One of the projects to be discussed, however, and one toward which banking men will look forward with interest is the proposal for a thrift research bureau which will be submitted by Dr. Frederick Howe of Pratt Institute on behalf of a special Committee of which Dr. B. R. Andrews is Chairman. "Education in thrift should no longer be an experiment," according to B. H. Fancher who has been much interested in this phase of the thrift endeavor. National Thrift Committee has had ten years of background. There is a wealth of source material and practical experience. All that is needed is the time and machinery to gather it into usable shape. If this were done we would have a real foundation upon which to base our future progress." Another feature will be a review of the Unit plan; a new system of thrift education already under way. In it there is a banking section which was prepared under the helpful guidance of the American Bankers Association. J. Robert Stout, prominent member of the National Thrift Committee and President of the Educational Thrift Service, New York City, is Chairman of the "thrift birthday party" arrangements Committee. Other members of the Committee are: E. C. Delafield, B. H. Fancher, John Sherman Hoyt, B. C. Forbes, Haley Fiske, H. C. Richard, H. H. Westinghouse, Edwin Bird Wilson, Louis Wiley, Irving T. Bush.

ITEMS ABOUT BANKS, TRUST COMPANIES, ETC .

New York Stock Exchange membership I made a new high record this week when two seats were reported posted for transfer each at \$220,000 the highest point ever reached. The membership was that of Leonard D. Newbord sold to Paul R. Bosten and that of the late R. Townsend McKeever sold to Oliver J. Anderson. The above is an advance of \$3,000 over the last preceding sale. The New York Cotton Exchange membership of Richard H. Hooper was sold this week to Richard T. Harriss for another for \$30,000. The last preceding sale was at \$29,000. Membership on the Chicago Board of Trade was reported sold at \$7.500. The last preceding sale was at \$7.300.

Owing to the celebrations incident to the arrival next Monday of Charles A. Lindbergh the New York Stock Exchange will be closed all day, as will also the New York Coffee & Sugar Exchange and the New York Curb Exchange. The New York Cotton Exchange will open as usual Monday morning, but will close at 12 o'clock for a half holiday. The following is the notice issued by the New York Stock Exchange on June 9:

Whereas, in connection with the arrival of Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh in this city on Monday next, the movement of troops incident to the parade and the tremendous number of visitors which will be assembled in the financial district to greet him, the transferring and delivery of securities will be

surrounded with considerable difficulty and risk;

B: it resolved, That the New York Stock Exchange remain closed on Monday, June 13.

The National Bank of Commerce in New York announces the appointment of Beverley Duer and Melville W. Terry, heretofore Assistant Trust Officers, to be Trust Officers, and Robert J. Upson and Thomas Zabriskie to be Assistant Trust Officers.

One hundred and forty-three years ago (June 9) the Bank of New York & Trust Co., the oldest bank in New York, first opened its doors for business. At that time, there being no Government in existence-State or national-to which it could apply for a charter, Alexander Hamilton drew up the Articles of Association. The leading men of New York subscribed to the stock, and five years before the United States came into being, the Bank of New York, long known simply as "The Bank," was formally launched. In 1922 the Bank of New York was merged with the New York Life Insurance & Trust Co. and the quarters at 52 Wall Street, occupied by the latter company, were remodeled for the use of the combined institution and the offices at 48 Wall Street became the headquarters of its foreign department. To-day the main office of the bank is temporarily located at 76 William Street during the construction of the new skyscraper, which will bring the institution back to its original location at the northeast corner of Wall and William streets.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Chase National Bank of New York this week the following were appointed Assistant Managers of the Credit Department: Malcolm Coduan, Arthur B. Murray, Richard Griffiths, Andrew S. Ross, Edward Bartsch and Ernest C. Schwarz. At the same meeting Walter E. Sullivan and Edmund M. Ellerich were appointed Assistant Managers of the Foreign Department.

Charles H. Platner, Vice-President of the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, died on June 6 at his home, in South Orange, following a brief illness from pneumonia. Mr. Platner was born March 21 1884 in New York City. In 1900 he became associated with Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., and remained with that company eight years, becoming Cashier at the main office. His next business connection was with the Wells-Fargo Express Co., where he served from 1908 to 1911. In 1911 Mr. Platner went to the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, entering the Trust Department. He was made an Assistant Trust Officer in 1916 and Corporate Trust Officer in 1919. His appointment as a Vice-President of the company was made in February 1926.

The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York announces the appointments, effective June 9, of Rowland E. Cocks and Henry A. Theis as Vice-Presidents; Arthur E. Burke, Corporate Trust Officer, and A. Nye Van Vleck, Personal Trust Officer. All have previously been associated in official capacities with the company's fiduciary departments. Mr. Cocks was formerly Personal Trust Officer, and his successor in that capacity, Mr. Van Vleck, was formerly an Assistant Trust Officer. Mr. Theis was formerly Assistant Vice-President and Mr. Burke an Assistant Trust Officer.

Negotiations for merger of National Park Bank and Hamilton National Bank have been definitely abandoned, A. C. Emery, President of the latter institution, states, according to the "Wall Street Journal" of June 1. An item referring to reports regarding a possible consolidation of the two institutions appeared in our issue of May 14, page 2859.

Edward J. Gafney, appointed Auditor of the Longacre Bank, New York City, on May 31 1927, was formerly Assistant Treasurer of Park & Tilford, New York City, and resigned from that company in 1918 to go with the Equitable Trust Co. of New York as Assistant Manager of their Foreign Department. From 1922 to 1924 he was Manager of the Mexico City office of the Equitable Trust Co. He has also served in various capacities with the Equitable Trust Co. at its main office, 37 Wall Street, New York City.

The Bowery & East River National Bank of New York announces the opening of its Williamsbridge branch, located at 3550 White Plains Road (212th Street), the Bronx, under the management of A. Reale. This new office, the sixteenth now operated by the institution in Greater New York, is equipped with complete banking facilities, including modern safe deposit vaults.

The stockholders of the Security State Bank of Brooklyn will meet on June 15 to act on the proposal to merge the institutions with the Banco di Sicilia Trust Co. of this city. A meeting of the latter will also be held on June 15 to ratify the merger. With the ratification of the plans the Security State Bank will become a branch of the Banco di Sicilia Trust Co. The operations of the branch will be under the direction of Pietro Dinella, President of the Security State Bank.

The directors of the Aquidneck National Exchange Bank & Savings Co. of Newport, R. I., announce the death on May 14 of Thomas B. Congdon, Vice-President and Executive Officer.

As reported in a special dispatch from Trenton, N. J., on June 7 to the New York "Times," William E. Green, heretofore First Vice-President of the Trenton Banking Co., Trenton, was on that day elected President of the institution to succeed John A. Campbell (President of the bank for 22 years), who resigned, effective July 1, and was made Chairman of the board of directors. Robert W. Howell, formerly a Vice-President, was promoted to First Vice-President in lieu of Mr. Green, and C. Herbert Fetter and Samuel H. Bullock were elected Vice-Presidents. Ira Frost was re-elected Cashier. A new post, it was said, that of Comptroller-Auditor, was created and Caleb S. Green, a brother of the new President, was named for the place. At the same meeting the directors voted to recommend to the stockholders that the capital and surplus of the institution each be increased from \$750,000 to \$1,000,000, and furthermore, decided to immediately begin the erection of an addition to the bank's main building. A branch office of the institution, it was said, is soon to be opened in the western section of Trenton. According to a dispatch from Trenton on the same day (June 7) appearing in the New York "Herald Tribune" of June 8, Mr. Campbell's retirement is due to a desire to relinquish some of his many business responsibilities. He is now, the advices stated, President of the Trenton Potteries Co., Manager and Vice-President of the Trenton Savings Fund Society, a director of the Prudential Insurance Co., and is associated with other enterprises.

The First National Bank of Jersey City announces the appointment of Edwin Spoerl and Norman Dixon, as Assistant Vice-Presidents, in charge of two new branches to be opened by the institution about June 15. Mr. Dixon, formerly with the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York and recently engaged in banking in Jersey City, will manage the Hudson City branch of the First National, located at 286 Central Avenue, Jersey City. Mr. Spoerl will be manager of the Old Bergen branch of the First National, located at 89 Monticello Avenue. Kelley Graham, President of the bank and formerly a Vice-President of the Irving National Bank, states that the First National Bank of Jersey City is the first institution in the United States to secure branch banking privileges under the McFadden Banking Act. The two new branches of the bank, he said, are the first steps in a program of extension of the service which has been rendered from the main office of the bank at 1 Exchange Place. for the past 63 years.

On May 31 Henry Kohl was elected a director of the Commercial Trust Co. of New Jersey. Mr. Kohl is President of the National Grocery Co., a director of the Jersey City Chamber of Commerce and trustee of the Fifth Ward Savings Bank, Jersey City, N. J.

The stockholders of the Industrial Trust Co. of Newark, N. J., voted on May 18 to change the name of the institution

to the Colonial Trust Co. The change became effective June 2. The trust company has a capital of \$300,000 and a surplus of \$150,000. The officers are: President, Samuel I. Kessler; First Vice-President, J. Horace Shale; Second Vice-President, Harry T. Davimos; Trust Officer, John O. Bigelo; Secretary and Treasurer, Roger W. Hill; Assistant Secretary, Frederick L. Braun.

That the Broad & Market National Bank of Newark, N. J., will go on a 12% dividend basis on July 1, was reported in the Newark "News" of June 1, which went on to say:

The directors to-day (June 1) declared a dividend on \$1,000,000 of the \$1,200,000 capital at the rate of 12% to be calculated from the date when the stock was paid for in full. A dividend of 6% was declared on all the outstanding original stock of \$200,000.

The dividends will be paid to stockholders of record June 15.

Approval of the proposed merger of the Mitten Men & Management Bank & Trust Co. of Philadelphia and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers' Title & Trust Co. of that city under the title of the former was announced by the Pennsylvania Corporation Bureau on June 2, according to the Philadelphia "Ledger" of the following day. The capitalization of the consolidated bank is \$3,500,000. Thomas E. Mitten is President; A. A. Chapman, Secretary, and W. A. Welch, Treasurer of the institution. Reference to the proposed consolidation of these labor banks appeared in the "Chronicle" of May 14, page 2860.

Referring to the proposed consolidation of the German town Trust Co. of Philadelphia and the Pelham Trust Co. of that city, noted in our issue of May 21, page 3021, the Philadelphia "Ledger" of June 3 stated that the merger had been approved by the stockholders of both banks. The new company, which will continue the name of the Germantown Trust Co., will be capitalized at \$1,120,000, with surplus of \$2,280,000. Clarence C. Brinton, President of the Germantown Trust Co., will head the new institution, with Paul L. Taggart and James A. Kell as Secretary and Treasurer, respectively.

The Bankers Trust Co. of Philadelphia has made Henry M. Keller Assistant Title and Trust Officer. Previously Mr. Keller served two trust companies in Philadelphia in that capacity for several years. He is a member of the Philadelphia bar. Since Jan. 1 deposits of the Bankers Trust Co. have increased 61% and total resources 110%.

Formal opening of the new 14-story bank and office building of the National Bank of North Philadelphia, Philadelphia, took place on June 6 and was attended by several thousand persons, according to the Philadelphia "Ledger" of the following day. Charles E. Beury, President of the bank, headed the reception committee, other members being Alfred Wolstenholme, A. Theodore Abbott and Edward Bains, Vice-Presidents of the institution; J. L. Williamson, Cashier; Miss Margaret Parke, Assistant to the President, and Robert M. Flood and J. Warren Vautier, Assistant Cashiers.

We are advised that a meeting of the stockholders of the Liberty State Bank & Trust Co. of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., will be held on Aug. 1 1927 to ratify a proposed increase in the capital from \$150,000 to \$250,000, giving the institution, we are informed, combined capital, surplus and undivided profits of \$560,000.

Robert B. Anderson, Superintendent of the Keasbey & Mattison Co., at Ambler, Pa., has been elected President of the Ambler Trust Co. to succeed Richard V. Mattison Jr., whose death occurred recently, according to the Philadelphia "Ledger" of June 6.

The directors and officers of the First National Bank and the Northampton Trust Co. of Easton, Pa., invite inspection of their new banking quarters on Wednesday, Thursday or Friday evenings, June 15, 16 and 17, from 7 to 10 p. m.

The Comptroller of the Currency has issued a charter to the Union National Bank of New Kensington, Pa., formerly the Peoples' State Bank, according to the Philadelphia "Ledger" of June 6. The new organization is capitalized at \$100,000. E. B. Rowe is President and W. K. Cooper, Cashier.

The Temple State Bank, Temple, Pa., a newly-organized institution, with an authorized capital of \$75,000 and authorized surplus of \$15,000, has joined the Federal Reserve

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System as a member of the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, according to the Philadelphia "Ledger" of June 6.

A special dispatch from Butler, Pa., on June 6 to the Pittsburgh "Gazette" stated that announcement was made on that day of the consolidation of the Butler County National Bank of Butler and the Farmers' National Bank of that city, with combined resources of \$13,500,000.

The Washington "Post" of June 3 stated that according to an announcement by R. Golden Donaldson, President of the Commercial National Bank of Washington, Washington D. C., the following promotions in the personnel of the institution were made the previous day (June 2) by the board of directors: Walter J. Harrison, heretofore an Assistant Cashier, was elected a Vice-President; Frederick H. Cox, formerly an Assistant Cashier, was made Cashier, and Aubrey O. Dooley, who has been connected with the Trust Department of the bank for the past two years, was elected an Assistant Trust Officer. James H. Baden, who had held the dual office of Vice-President and Cashier for several years, relinquished the cashiership in order that he could devote his entire attention to the duties of Vice-President. In announcing the changes President Donaldson was reported in the "Post" as saying:

The growth of the business of Commercial National necessitated the addistions to the official roster and it was gratifying to the board of director-that it was able to recognize long and highly efficient services rendered to the institution by making these promotions."

The Monumental City Bank—the latest addition to Baltimore's financial institutions—opened for business on Monday, June 6 "In the Heart of Old Town" at the corner of Gay and Exeter streets. The bank is capitalized at \$200,000, with surplus of \$50,000. Its officers are as follows: Henry O. Redue, formerly Chairman of the Board of the Old Town National Bank of Baltimore, President; Henry Wm. Hofferbert, Vice-President& Thomas R. Cornelius, Cashier, and Edwin H. Brownley, General Counsel. An item referring to the organization of the Monumental City Bank appeared in the "Chronicle" of April 19, page 1932.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Pearl-Market Bank of Cincinnati will be held on June 14 to vote on a proposed increase in the bank's capital from \$400,000 to \$500,000, recommended by the board of directors, according to the Cincinnati "Enquirer" of June 3.

The proposed consolidation of the Second National Bank of Warren, Ohlo, and the Western Reserve National Bank of that city, under the title of the Second National Bank of Warren (noted in our issue of May 28, page 3166) took place on May 24. The new institution is capitalized at \$350,000. S. C. Iddings is Chairman of the board of directors and E. J. Boyd, President of the enlarged bank.

The election of Richard R. Deupree, General Manager and a director of the Proctor & Gamble Co., as a director of the First National Bank of Cincinnati to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Joseph Rawson, was reported in the Cincinnati "Enquirer" of June 3. Mr. Deupree has been connected with the Proctor & Gamble Co. for 22 years.

Copies of all Chicago newspapers for May 21, which contained an account of Captain Lindbergh's flight to Paris, and those for June 6, reporting the Chamberlin-Levine flight to Berlin, were sealed June 7 in the cornerstone of the New State Bank Building at Monroe and La Salle streets, Chicago. Leroy A. Goddard, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the State Bank of Chicago, and officials of the bank took part in the ceremony of laying the cornerstone. A history of the bank since its inception nearly 48 years ago and photographs of all the bank's officers also were sealed in the metal container. "We believe that these newspapers will have a tremendous historical value when the cornerstone eventually is opened up by future generations," said Gaylord S. Morse, one of the officials. have been sealed up air tight and should remain in perfect condition." The State Bank Building will be opened for occupancy March 1 1928, and in addition to the Chicago Stock Exchange, a number of important financial firms will be housed there.

On June 6 the First Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago, opened its new section, providing space for the savings, loan, real estate loan departments and foreign travel bureau. This is the third operating unit opened since the

erection in 1925 of the new Clark Street building by the First National and First Trust & Savings Bank, the trust department having been permanently located on the fourth floor and the new vaults opened earlier this year. The unification of the old Fort Dearborn Bank Building with the First National is progressing and it is expected that the alterations will be completed early next year.

On the occasion of its twenty-fifth anniversary last month, the Chicago Trust Co., Chicago, issued an attractively illustrated brochure giving "an account of the growth and development of a modern financial institution under conditions which make it a typical product of an inspiring age." The institution, whose growth has indeed been phenomenal, and especially so in the period from 1922 to the present time, opened for business on May 1 1902, as the Chicago Savings Bank with capital of \$250,000. In 1904, in response to the needs and demands of its customers to establish a trust department, the name of the institution was changed to the Chicago Savings Bank & Trust Co. and its capital increased to \$500,000. The following year (1905) a real estate loan department was added and three years later (1908) a bond department was established and the present organization was completed. In 1911, with all the departments active, it became necessary to increase the bank's capital to \$1,000,000. It was not until eight years later (1919), however, that the board of directors decided to change the company's name, at which time it was agreed that Chicago Trust Co. was a title that better fitted an institution exercising the inclusive functions of a modern trust company. So rapid was the growth of the institution that in 1921 the increase of its capital to \$1,500,000 was authorized and in 1925 the directors again increased the amount to \$2,000,000, at which figure it stands to-day. The bank's present surplus is \$1,678,180 and its deposits aggregate \$30,175,420. Lucius Teter is President.

The Union Trust Co. of Chicago announces the completion of its new safe deposit vaults. The week of June 1 to June 8 was designated as opening week and the public was invited to visit and inspect the new vaults. The vaults are identical in construction with those found in nine Federal Reserve banks. They contain over 500 tons of concrete and steel and embody every feature of modern vault construction. The walls, floor and ceiling are 30 inches thick and are constructed of a special hard mixture of concrete reinforced with steel beams. Sixty private coupon booths and conference rooms enable patrons to refer to the contents of boxes in absolute privacy. The booths and conference rooms are equipped with annunciators to summon attendants. Safe deposit boxes are provided in 18 sizes to meet varying requirements. There is also a large trunk vault for the storage of trunks, silverware and other bulky but valuable articles. Each renter of a box chooses a key, which is then fitted to his box, 50,000 variations in key combinations being possible for each box. The renter is given a duplicate key and these two keys are the only keys which will fit his box. Some of the boxes are fitted with combination locks, each of which has 100,000 possible variations. Electrically operated registers, one a cash register and the other an access register, contain special features which facilitate prompt handling of customers' business.

The Chicago "Journal of Commerce" of June 4 stated that Norman B. Collins, formerly a Vice-President of the Security Bank of Chicago, had been elected President of the institution and of its affiliated institution, the Second Security Bank. A. L. Schmidt, heretofore Cashier of the Security Bank, it was furthermore stated, had been elected Vice-President, and E. Stenersen promoted from an Assistant Cashier to Cashier.

The Directors of the Detroit Ttust Co., Detroit, Mich., at a meeting on June 7, created the office of Chairman of the Board and elected its President, Ralph Stone, to that position. McPherson Browning, Vice President of the Company was elected President to succeed Mr. Stone. Sidney T. Miller, Senior Vice President, of the Company, in announcing these changes states they were made by the Directors because of the increase in the business of the Company, making it necessary to relieve its chief executive officer from duties in connection with administrative supervision in order that he may devote more time to questions relating to the policies of the Company with reference to operation, management, extension of business, and in other respects. Mr. Stone

has been an officer of the Detroit Trust Company since May 1901, shortly after the Company began business, being appointed at that time Assistant Secretary. He has since served successively as Secretary and Director since 1903, as Vice President since 1912, and as President since 1915. He has been active in civic affairs in the city and state and is now a Regent of the University of Michigan. Mr. Browning received his early banking training with Alexander McPherson & Co., Bankers of Howell, Michigan, later going with the National Bank of the Republic, of Chicago. In 1906 he entered the employ of the Detroit Trust Co. as teller and later became auditor. In 1913 he was elected Vice President in charge of the Bond Department, and in 1915 a Director. Mr. Browning has a wide acquaintance with bankers throughout the country, having served for four years as a member of the Board of Governors of the Investment Bankers Association and as its Treasurer for two years

Advices from Jefferson City, Mo., on June 4, printed in the St. Louis "Globe-Democrat" of June 5, reported the closing on that day by its directors of the Merchants' & Farmers' Bank of Meta, Osage County, Mo. The State Bank Commissioner, it was stated, had directed O. C. Bremmer, a State bank examiner, to take charge of the institution's assets until it is determined whether the bank is to be reopened or liquidated. The institution, it was stated according to its last statement (April 14) had combined capital and surplus of \$20,000; deposits of \$205,000 and resources of \$240,000. It was furthermore stated that the bank's failure was the twenth-eighth in the State of Missouri since the beginning of the year and the first in Osage County in many years.

According to the St. Louis "Globe-Democrat" of May 29, the Citizens' State Bank of Alhambra, Ill., a small institution capitalized at \$25,000, was closed on May 26 and subsequently a shortage of \$16,000 in the accounts of W. H. Beckman, the President of the institution, was reported by W. R. Rodenberger, an Illinois State bank examiner, who had taken charge of the institution. No criminal charges, it was stated, had been brought against Mr. Beckman. The bank, which was organized 20 years ago, at the time of the failure had deposits of approximately \$150,000, it was said. Mr. Rodenberger pointed out, it was furthermore stated, that under the double indemnity provision of the Illinois banking laws, the \$16,000 shortage would not wipe out the bank's capital stock.

Proposed consolidation of the American Trust & Savings Bank and the Traders' National Bank, both of Birmingham, Ala., to form a new institution under the title of the American-Traders' National Bank, with combined capital, surplus and undivided profits of \$4,900,000 and deposits of approximately \$20,000,000, was announced on June 3, following separate meetings of the respective directors of the institutions, according to the Birmingham "Age-Herald" of June 4. The merger is subject to the approval of the respective stockholders of the involved banks and to the consent of the Comptroller of the Currency. The enlarged institution will occupy the present quarters of the American Trust & Savings Bank in the American Trust Building at the corner of First Avenue, North, and 20th Street. Webb W. Crawford, the present head of the American Trust & Savings Bank, will be Chairman of the Board and President of the new bank, while J. C. Persons, now President of the Traders' National Bank, will be in immediate charge of its affairs as Executive Vice-President. A joint statement in regard to the proposed merger issued by Mr. Crawford and Mr. Persons (as printed in the paper mentioned) reads as follows:

The boards of directors of American Trust & Savings Bank and Traders National Bank, at separate meetings held Friday, have authorized and there has been executed, subject to approval by the stockholders of the two banks and by the Comptroller of the Currency, a contract for the consolidation of the two institutions as a national bank under the name of American-Traders National Bank. It is expected that the consolidation will become

The board of directors of the consolidated bank will include all present directors of the two banks, and except as may hereafter be required in working out a sound program of efficiency and economy, it is expected that the

officers and staffs of both banks will continue with the merged institution.
W. W. Crawford, Chairman and President of the American Trust, will serve the new bank as active Chairman of the board and President, and J. C. Persons, President of Traders National, will become executive Vice-President, in immediate charge of the details of the consolidation and management.

Both banks have recently brought in new stockholders with definitely enlarged functions in view. It was found by the managements that their programs were largely identical and could be worked out admirably by

consolidation as a national bank under the provisions of the McFadden Act recently adopted by Congress.

The Traders National will increase its capital and surplus to \$800,000 on an agreed basis so that the consolidated institution will, at the outset, have a combined capital, surplus and undivided profits of \$4,900,000, and deposits of approximately \$20,000,000, thus assuring an enlarged capacity

for serving its customers and the Birmingham public.

The following press dispatch from Jacksonville, Fla. on June 4, stating that 25 Florida banks had resumed operations since Aug. 1 1926, after suspensions, is reprinted from the New York "Evening Post" of that date:

Reopening of the First American Bank & Trust Co. of West Palm Beach and the Bank of Orange & Trust Co. of Orlando emphasized the rapid succession of bank reopenings taking place recently in all parts of Florida. Depositors in a large majority of instances have made the reopenings

Since Aug. 1926, 25 banks which had previously suspended have re-pened, according to a revised list compiled by the Florida State Chamber of Commerce. Two other institutions reopened and were closed again

Following is the list of reopened banks, their location and dates of re-

Citizens Bank of Bushnell, Bushnell, Feb. 1; Delray Bank & Trust Co.,

Delray, Nov. 1; People's Bank & Trust Co., St. Petersburg, Oct. 5; Bank of Osceola County, Kissimmee, Sept. 14; Bank of Dade City, Sept. 11.

Palatka Bank & Trust Co., Oct. 4; Bank of Groveland, Dec. 18; Bank of Umatilia, Oct. 7; First State Bank of Clermont, Sept. 28; Citizens Bank of Eustis, Oct. 27; Bank of Mount Dora, Sept. 7; Bank of Tavares, Aug.

24; Bank of Oakland, Oct. 4. Commercial Bank of Live Oak, Sept. 11; Bank of Jennings, Sept. 13; Lake Butler Bank, Dec. 3; Bank of Monticello, Sept. 14; Polk C Trust Co., Lakeland, Sept. 28; State Exchange Bank, Lake City, Oct. 16; East Florida Savings & Trust Co., Palatka, March 3.

Stuart Bank & Trust Co., Oct. 27; Palmetto State Bank, May 19; Bank of Orange & Trust Co., Orlando, May 21; Trust Co., West Palm Beach, and First American Bank & Trust Co., West Palm Beach, May 25.

According to the Palm Beach "Post" of May 26, the reopening on May 25 of the First American Bank & Trust Co. of West Palm Beach (which had been closed since March 8 last) assumed the form of a reception, large numbers visiting the institution not only to felicitate the management, but to enter deposits as an expression of good-will and an evidence of their faith in the rehabilitated institution. Late in the afternoon Edward Cornish, the new President of the institution, stated that the deposits exceeded the withdrawals and added: "We feel highly gratified and appreciative of the spirit manifested by the people and for the hosts of good wishes we have received." Other officers of the bank who assisted Mr. Cornish in receiving the visitors were H. L. Donald, F. E. Decker and J. Warren Smith, Vice-Presidents; C. Z. Walker, Cashier, and J. Wilbur Harwell and J. K. Wilson, Assistant Cashiers.

As stated in our item in regard to the opening of the bank in our issue of May 28, page 3166, the bank's capital has been increased from \$300,000 to \$500,000. Its surplus is \$100,000. A statement issued with regard to the reopening of the institution says:

With the reopening of the First American Bank & Trust Co. of Palmeach, after a two months' halt in its operations, leading bankers and financiers of Florida look for a rapid recovery and restoration of business in that entire section.

The fact that the bank reopened without restrictions, meeting its obligations in full and having no 'frozen' or depreciated assets, as well as paying all interest on deposits, is of significance. This is the first time such a complete bank recovery has occurred in the history of Florida. Local leaders in finance, as well as bankers of prominence over the entire country, who have been interviewed on the event, regard it as a veritable indication that Florida is on the read to complete restriction.

indication that Florida is on the road to complete restoration.

The bank opening attracted wide interest. Congratulatory letters and telegrams have been received and are still arriving from all parts of the nation. Many requests were received for greater details on the event from leading financial and business publications interested in the stabilization of Florida industry.

The officers of the bank remain unchanged, except for the presidency, which office is now being held by Edward Cornish, formerly an important inancial figure of Little Rock, Ark. Mr. Cornish states that the bank's deposits since the reopening have far exceeded withdrawals. A further indication of the confidence with which the bank's position is regarded is found in the fact that the City Commission of Palm Beach has already voted the First American Bank & Trust Co. as a city depository. The institution is new realizable to continue the substitution is new realizable to continue the substitution is new realizable. tution is now enabled to continue its splendid record of 34 years of sound banking in the State of Florida.

The San Francisco "Chronicle" of June 1 stated that, according to an announcement made the previous day, the Bank of Italy (Bank of Italy National Trust & Savings Association), San Francisco, has acquired two more banks in California—the Farmers' & Merchants' Bank of Los Palos and the Reedley National Bank of Reedley-with combined assets in excess of \$1,625,000. The Farmers' & Merchants' Bank, the resources of which are \$400,000, will be merged into the Los Palos branch of the Bank of Italy, while the Reedley National Bank, with resources of \$1,250,-000, will be merged with the Bank of Italy branch in Reedley. Commenting on the taking over of these banks, the local paper went on to say:

The acquisition of the two banks, the Farmers' and Merchants' National Bank of Los Palos and the Reedley National Bank of Reedley, brings an interesting interpretations of the new McFadden banking law sanctioning such a move. The McFadden Act prohibits the opening of any new branches by a bank with headquarters in another city and limits the branches that may be established within any city. It does not prohibit the purchase of a bank in an outside city and merging it with an existing branch bank in that city.

Consequently the Bank of Italy or any other institution may purchase an independent bank and merge it with a branch provided that no additional branches or locations are established. It is understood that the independent bank must be the aggressor in such a move.

This is particularly interesting because the existing branch banks may absorb strong local institutions and strengthen their branches as well as their entire system. It will permit branch banking systems to continue to grow by absorption rather than by natural growth.

In its issue of June 2 the Portland "Oregonian" stated that at a meeting the previous day (June 1) of the shareholders of the West Coast National Bank of Portland, Portland, it was unanimously voted to increase the capital of the institution and also that of its subsidiary, the Western Securities Co., as recently proposed by the respective directors. It was furthermore voted to increase the number of directors of both the bank and the company to eight members and to this end Ross McIntyre, President of the Interstate Sales Corp., and owner of the Twentieth Century chain stores, was elected the additional member in each case. By the addition of the new stock the capital of the West Coast National Bank of Portland will be increased from \$300,000 to \$500,000 and its surplus from \$100,000 to \$200,-000, giving the institution combined capital and surplus of \$700,000. The capital of the Western Securities Co. will be raised from \$75,000 to \$125,000. Present stockholders of the bank, the "Oregonian" went on to say, have the right to subscribe for the new shares (par value \$100 a share) at \$150 a share, while stockholders of the subsidiary may subscribe for the new stock of that company at \$25 a share. Furthermore it was stated that Edgar H. Sensenich, the President of both the bank and the company, had announced that the exclusive right of the stockholders to obtain these shares will expire on July 5 and between that date and July 15 any remaining shares may be sold to other investors. The new capital is to be fully paid in on or before July 15.

The 50th semi-annual report of the Industrial Bank of Japan (head office Tokyo), submitted to the shareholders at their general meeting on Feb. 5, has just recently come to hand. The statement, which covers the six months ended Dec. 31, 1926, shows total resources of 468,052,845 yen, of which cash on hand and at bankers amounts to 2,339,-642 yen. Gross earnings of the bank for the period under review aggregated 14,149,091 yen, making with a balance of 1,001,851 yen brought forward from the preceding half year, a total of 15,150,943 yen. After deducting 11,473,175 yen for gross expenses, net profits were found to be 3,677,768 From this amount the following allocations were made: 2,000,000 yen to take care of dividends at the rate of 8% per annum; 550,000 yen added to reserve funds, and 100,000 yen contributed to officers' renumeration fund leaving a balance of 1,027,768 yen to be carried forward to the current year's profit and loss account. The bank, which was organized in 1902, has a paid-up capital of 50,000,-000 yen. In addition to its head office in Tokyo, branches are maintained in Tokyo, Osaka and Kobe (Japan) and an office in Peking, China.

THE CURB MARKET.

After a strong opening this week, in which many issues made substantial advances, the Curb Market became reactionary and prices moved to lower levels. There was also considerable irregularity. Bancitaly Corporation sold up from 1201/8 to 1253/4, down to 1241/2 and at 1245/8 finally. Financial & Industrial Securities Corp. com. jumped from $96\frac{5}{8}$ to $106\frac{5}{8}$, fell back to $101\frac{1}{2}$ and closed to-day at $102\frac{3}{4}$. Aluminum Co. com. rose from 69 to 7834. Amer. Arch. dropped from 98 to 951/2. Celanese Co. of America old com. advanced from 260 to 287 and the new com. from 651/4 to 731/2. The former closed to-day at 2861/4 while the latter dropped to 66 1/8, recovering finally to 71 5/8. Celluloid Co. com. moved up from 31 to 45 with 43 as the final transaction. Davega, Inc., fell from 563/4 to 49 but recovered almost all the loss to-day, the close being at 55. Dunhill, International was conspicuous for an advance of almost 15 points to 49%, the close to-day being at 48. Fulton Sylphon improved from 44 to 50%, finishing to-day at 49%. Singer Manufacturing rose from 362 to 376, sold finally at 373. An extra dividend of \$5.50 was declared this week. U.S.L. Battery common sold up from 32% to 38%. Among the oil shares Vacuum Oil was a feature. After an early advance from 125 to 134 it reacted to 1261/2, closing to-day at 1271/4.

Chesebrough Mfg. sold up from $104\frac{3}{4}$ to 115, with the final transaction to-day at $110\frac{3}{4}$, ex-dividend. Humble Oil & Refining advanced from $56\frac{1}{2}$ to $60\frac{1}{4}$, the close to-day being at $58\frac{1}{2}$, ex-dividend. Illinois Pipe Line gained $9\frac{1}{2}$ points to $149\frac{1}{2}$, but reacted finally to 143. Penn-Mex. Fuel sold up from $23\frac{1}{4}$ to 30 and ends the week at 28. Prairie Pipe Line was up from 164 to 175 with the final transaction to-day at 170. Gulf Oil of Pa. gained seven points to 95, the close to-day being at $92\frac{1}{2}$.

A complete record of Curb Market transactions for the week will be found on page 3485.

DAILY TRANSACTIONS AT THE NEW YORK CURB MARKET.

West Period Francis	STOCK	S (No. She	BONDS (Par Value).			
Week Ended June 10.	Ind & Misc	ou.	Mining.	Domestic.	Foreign Gott.	
Saturday	126,120 213,640	27,825 65,725	24,900 31,600	\$1,315,000 1,850,000		
Monday	217,905	93,020	29,350	2,391,000	496,000	
Wednesday	214,510 130,320	97,730 95,700	48,771 29,800	1,956,000 $2,360,000$	478,000	
Friday	209,160	65,875	43,880	2,539,000	349,000	
Total	1.111.655	445,875	208,301	\$12,411,000	\$2,150,000	

THE WEEK ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Under the leadership of the railroad and industrial shares, the stock market this week has continued to move upward. and except for an occasional period of recession, prices for many issues have gone to materially higher levels. Oil stocks attracted considerable attention and several of the more active issues in the public utility group have made substantial gains. Except in a few isolated instances, stocks generally displayed good rallying power during the two-hour session on Saturday, though there was some degree of irregularity and the market was somewhat nervous. The spectacular feature of the day was the strength of Houston Oil, which soared 93/4 points to 159, its highest point since 1919. Railroad shares were in strong demand at times, Delaware & Hudson and New York Central leading the forward movement in this group. Baldwin Locomotive closed nearly 2 points up and American Water Works sold as high as 961/8. Brooklyn Edison reached 1663/8 and Laclede Gas com. made a net gain of 5 points.

on Monday interest centred largely in the so-called merger stocks, Western Maryland rising nearly 10 points and crossing 65, followed by such issues as Peoria & Eastern and Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Delaware Lackawanna & Western and Delaware & Hudson, the latter selling up to 229¾ and closing with a net gain of 7 points. Public Utility stocks continued to move forward with considerable vigor, Brooklyn Edison advancing 8 points to a new high record at 173¾ and Brooklyn Union Gas shooting upward more than 3 points. General Motors continued for a short time to hold a prominent place in the trading and moved briskly forward to a new top at 202½. Baldwin Locomotive advanced 3 points; National Distillers maintained its advance with a further gain of 5 points to 51; Houston Oil made a further gain of 2 points, followed by Marland Oil, Phillips Petroleum and At-

lantic Refining, with substantial advances. The market was somewhat erratic on Tuesday, wide changes, both upward and downward, occurring in a number of the more active speculative stocks and specialties. The outstanding feature of the day was the spectacular rise of Texas Pacific Land Trust, which shot upward 10 points to a new high record at 40, followed by a sharp drop of 5 points. General Motors moved into new high ground at 2031/2 and Chrysler advanced 2 points to a record high at 49%. Western Maryland spurted forward to a new high record at 67, Westfollowed by a quick drop of 3 points to 64. Later in the day Texas & Pacific had a loss of 3 points from its early high, and Pere Marquette slipped back nearly 2 points, followed by most of the active stocks in the group, with losses ranging from 1 to 2 points. Under the leadership of the oil shares the market moved briskly upward during the greater part of the day on Wednesday. Atlantic Refining was particularly prominent and made a net gain of 101/2 points, followed by Houston Oil, which spurted upward 3½ points and Independent Oil & Gas, which rose 2 points. Marland Oil and Phillips Petroleum also improved. Merger stocks wer, again in demand, Meading moving up 2 points to 1211/8 New York Central shooting ahead more than a point and Lehigh Valley reaching a new high with an 8-point advance to 133.

Stock prices continued uneven on Thursday, some issues moving sharply forward, while other stocks, equally prominent, moved slowly to lower levels. Railroad stocks practically overshadowed everything else in speculative buying.

Wabash common moved briskly forward 3 points to 81; at this figure it reached its highest peak since the formation of the present company. Texas & Pacific sold at its highest in all time above 101, and Rock Island at 110 was at its top for the reorganized company. Lehigh Valley spurted forward 4 points to 1371/2. Reading worked into new high ground on an advance of 3 points to 123¼, and Atlantic Coast Line closed with a gain of 5 points. United States Rubber was extremely weak, both the common and the preferred slipping down to new low levels for the year. Hudson moved to the front as the leader of the motor group and made a net gain of 11/4 points. Mack Truck was higher also and at its top for the day sold at 113. In the final hour, Atlantic Coast Line moved to the front as the feature of the rails and closed with a gain of nearly 8 points for the day. Substantial advances were also recorded by such stocks as Federal Mining & Smelting, International Silver and Atlas Powder. Price movements were again confused on Friday, and the trend of the market was, on the whole, toward lower levels, though in one or two of the so-called specialties substantial advances were scored. The strong stocks of the day included Houston Oil, American Can, Wright Aero, Texas Gulf Sulphur, Colorado Fuel & Iron, Atlantic Refining and Bangor & Aroostook.

TRANSACTIONS AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE DAILY, WEEKLY AND YEARLY.

Week Ended June 10.	Stocks,	Railroad,	State,	United
	Number of	&c.,	Municipal and	States
	Shares.	Bonds.	Foreign Bonds	Bonds.
Saturday	982,211	\$3,562,000	\$926,000	\$2,171,050
Monday	2,236,950	6,835,500	2,067,500	971,650
	2,445,735	7,593,500	2,359,000	1,025,300
WednesdayThursday	2.6 3.186	7,954.000	2,765,500	1,124,900
	2.422.885	6,862,000	4,041,000	1,460,850
Friday	2,032,800	5,581,000	1,725,000	657,000
Total	12,793,767	\$38,388,000	\$13,884,000	\$7,409,750

Sales at New York Stock	Week Ended	June 10.	Jan. 1 to June 10.		
Exchange.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	
Stocks-No. of shares.	12,793,767	7,998,064	244,883,387	194,411,924	
Government bonds	\$7,409,750	\$4,807,950	\$159,045,850	\$136,618,250	
State and foreign bonds Railroad & mise, bonds	13,884,000 38,388,000	14,437,500 44,119,500	413,020,200 1,065,651,050	293,317,350 1.025,273,700	
Total bonds	\$59.681.750	\$63,364,950	\$1,637,717,100	\$1,455,209,30	

DAILY TRANSACTIONS AT THE BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE EXCHANGES.

Week Ended	Boston.		Philad	ielphia.	Baltimore.	
June 10 1927.	Shares.	Bond Sales.	Shares.	Bond Sales.	Shares.	Bond Sales
Saturday Monday	*22,619 *24,491	\$29,500 40,018	16,867 33,619	\$9,200 29,000	595 2,529	
Tuesday Wednesday	*30,301 *29,371	31,800	24,762 19,003	20,700	3,092 3,673	16,400
Thursday Friday	*29,264 13,418		23,177 10,617	41,900 20,000	6,493 4,899	
Total	149.464	\$132,163	128,045	\$147,100	21,281	\$217,900
Prev. wk. revised.	126,169	\$106,350	146,652	\$190,300	7,741	\$230,000

* In addition, sales of rights were: Saturday, 3,706; Monday, 4,709; Tuesday, 5,979; Wednesday, 4,789; Thursday, 4,424.

THE ENGLISH GOLD AND SILVER MARKETS.

We reprint the following from the weekly circular of Samuel Montagu & Co. of London, written under date of Jan. 25 1927:

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £153,768,775 on the 19th inst., as compared with £152,300,265 on the previou

Bar Gold amounting to £454,000 was available yesterday in the open market, and was disposed of as follows: £40,000 for India, £58,000 for the Continent, £36,000 for the Trade, and the balance, £320,000, for a destination not disclosed.

The following movements of gold to and from the Bank of England have been announced:

May 19. May 20. May 21. May 23. May 24. May 25. £300,000 £1,500,000 Withdrawn ___ £1505000 8,000 £190,000 £43,000

The receipt of £300,000 on the 23rd inst. was in sovereigns, £50,000 of which was from Germany and the balance, £250,000, was released from "set aside on account of the South African Reserve Bank." Of the withdrawals, £2,580,000 has been in bar gold and the destinations have not The £666,000 sovereigns withdrawn were destined as been disclosed. follows: £500,000 set aside on account of the South African Reserve Bank, £100,000 Uruguay, £36,000 India, £20,000 Germany and £10,000 Holland During the week under review the net withdrawal from the Bank of England has been £2,946,000, reducing the net influx this year to £714,000, and increasing the net efflux since the resumption of an effective gold standard to £4,610,000, as set out in the daily bulletins at the Bank.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold

registered in the weel	k ended the 18th	inst.:	
Imports— British South Africa Other countries		Exports— Germany. Switzerland. Egypt. Spain Austria United States of America Argentina British India. Other countries.	113,600 34,000 5,100 8,200 4 2,452,811 10,000 63,647
FR-4-3	61 100 700	Total	60 700 000

Details relating to India's foreign trade for April 1927 are given below in lacs of rupees:	W.
Imports of merchandise on private account	
Net imports of currency notes Total visible balance of trade in favour of India	38 21

SILVER The market has been rather uneven during the week. On some days sluggish, but on others, as to-day, breaking into unexpected activity. India has almost left this market alone, but America has figured as seller or buyer, sometimes doing both operations on the same day. Bear covering to-day on an ill-supplied market brought about an unusually sharp rise in quotations. The tone, however, is uncertain, as there does not seem much to warrant permanent improvement in the price level.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver

registered in the week ended the 18t	
United States of America £88,505	Exports— British India£212.869
Other countries 14,307	Other countries 3,308
Total£102,812	Total£216,177

INDIAN CURRENCY RE'	rurns.		
(In lacs of rupees.)	Apr. 30. 1	May 7. A	fay 15.
Notes in circulation	17371	17112	17075
Silver coin and bullion in India	10439	10380	10343
Silver coin and bullion out of India			
Gold coin and bullion in India	2976	2976	2976
Gold coin and bullion out of India			
Securities (Indian Government)	3746	3546	3546
Securities (British Government)	210	210	210
No silver coinage was reported during the wee	ek ended th	ne 15th in	st.

The stock in Shanghai on the 21st inst. consisted of about 74,400,000 ounces in sycee, 77,500,000 dollars, and 6,620 silver bars, as compared with about 72,200,000 ounces in sycee, 78,100,000 dollars, and 6,240 silver bars on the 14th inst.

	-Bar Silver,	Per Oz. Std	Bar Gold,
Quotations—	Cash.	2 Mos.	Per Oz. Fine.
May 19	26d.	25 1/4	84s. 111/4d.
20	26 3-16d.	26 1-16d.	84s. 111/d.
21	26 lad.	26d.	84s. 1134d.
23	26 1/4 d.	26d.	84s. 1114d.
24	26 1-16	25 15-16d.	84s. 11d.
25	26 %d.	26 5-16d.	84s. 111/4d.
Average	26.145d.	26.031d.	84s. 11.4d.

The silver quotations to-day for cash and two months' delivery are respectively 1/2d. and 9-16d. above those fixed a week ago.

COURSE OF BANK CLEARINGS.

Bank clearings the present week will again show a satisfactory increase compared with a year ago. Preliminary figures compiled by us, based upon telegraphic advices from the chief cities of the country, indicate that for the week ending to-day (Saturday, June 11), bank exchanges for all the cities of the United States from which it is possible to obtain weekly returns will be 7.4% larger than those for the corresponding week last year. The total stands at \$10,164,-730,228, against \$9,460,370,568 for the same week in 1926. At this centre there is a gain for the five days of 18.9%. Our comparative summary for the week is as follows:

Clearings—Returns by Telegraph. Week Ended June 11.	1927.	1926.	Per Cent.
New York	\$5,004,000,000	\$4,207,000,000	+18.9
Chicago	597,677,778	602,904,476	-0.8
Philadelphia	432,000,000	435,000,000	-0.7
Boston	426,000,000	377,000,000	+13.0
Kansas City	118,882,443	112,458,051	+5.7
St. Louis	111,800,000	120,600,000	-7.3
San Francisco	145,655,000	146,511,000	-0.6
Los Angeles	143.741.000	144,780,000	-0.7
Pittsburgh	153,222,208	145,413,330	+5.4
Detroit	132,610,906	137.652,769	-3.7
Cleveland	96.531.876	99,107,947	-2.6
Baltimore	89,066,305	101,157,403	-12.0
New Orleans	46,236,253	59,667,266	-22.5
Thirteen cities, 5 days	\$7,497,423,769	\$6,689,252,242	+12.1
Other cities, 5 days	903,709,060	1,106,017,995	-18.3
Total all cities, 5 days	\$8,401,132,829	87,795,270,237	+7.8
All cities, 1 day	1,763,597,399	1,665,100,331	+5.9
Total all cities for week	\$10,164,730,228	\$9,460,370,568	+7.4

Complete and exact details for the week covered by the foregoing will appear in our issue of next week. We cannot furnish them to-day, inasmuch as the week ends to-day (Saturday) and the Saturday figures will not be available until noon to-day. Accordingly, in the above the last day of the week has in all cases had to be estimated.

In the elaborate detailed statement, however, which we present further below, we are able to give final and complete results for the week previous—the week ended June 4. For that week there is an increase of 13.2%, the 1927 aggregate of clearings being \$10,581,584,391, and the 1926 aggregate \$9,344,023,982. Outside of New York City, the increase is only 0.6%, the bank exchanges at this centre having increased 22.6%. We group the cities now according to the Federal Reserve districts in which they are located, and from this it appears that in the Boston Reserve District there is an improvement of 3.7%, in the New York Reserve District (including this city) of 22.4% and in the Philadelphia Reserve District of 1.4%. The Cleveland Reserve District has a gain of 3.7% but the Richmond Reserve District a loss of 5.9% and the Atlanta Reserve District a loss of 43.8%, the

greater part of which is due to the falling off at the Florida points, Miami showing a decrease of 65.6% and Jacksonville of 36.3%. In the Chicago Reserve District the totals are larger by 5.8%, in the St. Louis Reserve District by 1.1%, and in the Kansas City Reserve District by 4.4%. The Minneapolis Reserve District falls 7.7% behind, the Dallas Reserve District 8.9% and the San Francisco Reserve District 7.1%.

In the following we furnish a summary by Federal Reserve

Week Ended June 4 1927.	1927.	1926.	Inc.or Dec.	1925.	1924.
Federal Reserve Dists.	8	8	9%	8	8
1st Boston12 cities	525,412,915	506,752,888		514,450,976	459,231,081
2nd New York.11 "	6,733,595,012	5,502,247,385	+22.4	6,657,255,571	5,443,272,629
3rd Philadelphia10 "	556,241,143	548,697,542	+1.4	659,187,457	536,202,867
4th Cleveland 8 "	364,327,374	351,485,005	+3.7	405,226,912	344,682,454
5th Richmond . 6 "	178,979,398	190,154,330	-5.9	222,156,815	178,765,417
6th Atlanta 13 "	140,006,717	185,507,773	-43.8	183,047,366	161,222,136
7th Chicago 20 "	1,044,186,288	986,899,488	+5.8	1,171,397,641	952,728,092
8th St. Louis 8 "	210,569,952	208,339,451	+1.1	193,797,112	208,968,844
9th Minneapolis 7 "	106,035,295	114,904,780	-7.7	138,063,823	110,047,724
10th Kansas City12 "	224,829,344	215,265,914	+4.4	255,592,431	212,891,338
11th Dallas 5 "	55,459,063	60,860,547	-8.9	65,383,900	55,441,567
12th San Fran 17 "	441,940,885	475,909,879	-7.1	522,960,999	455,552,877
Total129 cities	10,581,584,391	9,344,023,982	+13.2	10,988,521,003	9,119,107.026
Outside N. Y. City	3,990,181,417	3,966,462,980	+0.6	4,460,647,727	3,787,104,675
Canada 29 cities	443,260,514	312,748,593	+41.7	282,496,165	289,920,502

We now add our detailed statement, showing last week's figures for each city separately, for the four years:

Clearings at-	Week Ended June 4.						
Clearings at—	1927.	1926.	Inc. or Dec.	1925.	1924.		
	8	8	%	8	8		
First Federal	Reserve Dist	rict-Boston	_				
Maine—Bangor	929,282	770,698 4,308,329	+20.6 -14.3	711,455	987,80 3,636,06		
Portland Mass.—Boston	3,691,318 473,000,000	449,000,000	+5.3	4,517,290 452,000,000	404,000,00		
Fall River	1,791,608	1,851,298	-2.2	1,810,686	1,828,41		
Holyoke	8	28	2	9			
Lynn	1,041,222	991,341	+5.0	1,342,081	1,122.03		
New Bedford	1.142.548	1,150,899	-0.7	1,589,831	1,218,17		
Springfield	1,142,548 5,721,709	6,505,730	-12.1	7.516,113	6,158,43		
Worcester	3,414,331	3,809,572	-10.4	4,248,690	4,042,17		
Conn.—Hartford New Haven	7 732 398	19,080,861 6,897,156	$\frac{-21.8}{+12.1}$	16,187,171 8,779,484	$15,213,89 \\ 8,161,27$		
R.I.—Providence	7,732,398 11,251,700	11,681,600	-3.7	14,828,000	12,009,20		
N. H.—Manch'r_	769,873	705,404	+9.1	920,175	853,60		
Total (12 cities)	525,412,915	506,752,888	+3.7	514,450,976	459,231,08		
Second Feder			1 ork-				
N. Y.—Albany Binghamton	5,696,953 1,396,000	6,002,139 1,201,800	-5.1 + 16.1	7,182,357 1,318,600	7,173,92		
Buffalo	49,406,283	47,675,026	+3.6	49,437,412	1,198,70 36,391,27		
Elmira	968,065	1,111,624	-12.9	1,244,628	1.027.48		
Jamestown	1,381,648	1,303,992	+5.9	1,479,872	1,101,17		
New York	6,591,402,974 19,250,991	5,377,561,002 17,524,698	$+22.6 \\ +9.8$	6,527,873,276 19,549,346	5,332,002,35 $18,375,99$		
Syracuse	9,772,640	6.358,103	+53.7	7,413,712	6.807.35		
ConnStamford	c3,787,824	54,355,326 1,331,022	-13.1	7,413,712 4,358,354	4,079,04		
N. J.—Montclair	1,461,659	1,331,022	+9.8	1,232,669	1.386,10		
Northern N. J.	49,070,975	37,822,653	+29.7	36,165,345	33,729,22		
Total (11 cities) Third Federal				6,657,255,571	5,443,272,62		
Pa.—Altoona	1,795,379	1,858,815	-3.5	1,708,298	1,649,97		
Bethlehem	4,182,912	3,856,405	+8.5	4,074,817	3,871,82		
Chester Lancaster	1,399,959	1,186,419	+17.9	1,680,089	1,278,21		
Philadelphia	1,977,753	2,078,222 517,000,000	$\frac{-4.8}{+1.7}$	3,181,746 $625,000,000$	3,287,82 $505,000,00$		
Reading		4.168,967	-2.3	4,079,851	3,804,32		
Scranton	5,318,757	4,952,057	-10.7	7,126,328	6,185,07		
Wilkes-Barre York	d3,739,886 1,753,370	4,253,118 1,897,688	$\frac{-12.1}{-7.6}$	3,673,172 $2,200,531$	3,372,02 $2,527,13$		
N. J.—'Trenton Del.—Wilmingt'n	5.996.027	6,445,851	-6.0	6,462,625	5,226,49		
Total (10 cities)		548,697,542		659,187,457	536,202,86		
Fourth Feder	al Pasarva D	letelet _ Cle	ratand				
Ohio-Akron		6,523,000	-8.7	5,335,000	6,115,00		
Canton	3,179,697	3,361,375	-5.4	4,567,068	4,500,93		
Cleveland	62,829,382 109,952,652	67,201,407	-6.5	74,286,376	60,375,17		
Columbus	16,054,500	98,420,870 14,470,400	$+11.7 \\ +10.9$	129,189,313 15,125,600	106,330,88 14,630,80		
Dayton		a	a	8	8		
Lima Mansfield			a	9	я		
Springfield	d1,660,687	1,788,988	-7.2	1,948,931	2,037,18		
Toledo	a	9	8	9	a		
Youngstown	4,223,392	5,745,531	-26.5	4,169,234	3,710,3		
Pa.—Erie Pittsburgh	160,471,064	a 153,973,434	+4.2	170,605,390	146,982,12		
Total (8 cities)				405,226,912	344,682,4		
Fifth Federal		,		405,220,512	344,002,4		
W.Va.—Hunt'g'r	1,281,865	1,435,193	-10.7	2,008,021	2,317,7		
Va.—Norfolk	d5,907,173			6,773,752	7,011,0		
Richmond 8.C.—Charleston			-7.6 + 2.3				
MdBaltimore.			-8.2	129,938,351	2,237,3 97,090,2		
D.C.—Washing'r	30,079,911	28,541,454	+5.3	34,650,096	22,986,0		
Total (6 cities)				222,156,815	178,765,4		
Sixth Federal Tenn.—Chatt'ga		rict — Atlan	ta-	5 500 200	4 400 0		
Knoxville			-5.0 $+8.6$				
Nashville	16,524,543	16,427,344	+0.6	21,856,637	18,400,2		
Ga.—Atlanta		49,759,599	-18.2	47,580,008	42,031,0		
Augusta Macon	1,754,222			1,956,844 1,450,825			
Savannah	. a		9	1,100,820	1,404,2		
Fla.—Jack'nville	15,596,347	24,491,947	-36.3				
Miami	3,889,768	11,296,258			4,665,7		
Ala.—Birming'm Mobile					31,321,7 1,996,3		
Miss.—Jackson	1,322,000	1,300,000	+2.7	1,660,000	1,143,2		
Vicksburg	304,510	388,798	-21.7	385,179	468,1		
I s.—NewOrlean	8 28,252,966	46,168,654	-38.8	49,979,198	47,264,3		
Total (13 cities	140,006,717	185,507,773	-43.8	183,047,366	161,222,1		

1	Clearings at-	Week Ended June 4.							
	Cital says as	1927.	1926.	Inc. or Dec.	1925.	1924.			
	Seventh Feder	al Reserve D	strict—Chi	%	8	\$			
	Mich.—Adrian Ann Arbor	291,181 957,395	225,020 1,158,300	-17.4 -17.4	248,098 1,213,069	245,608 1,083,444			
	Detroit	148,919,782 7,561,886	145,432,128 7,701,023	+2.4 -1.8	165,197,705 8,827,832	149,928,014 7,317,468 2,796,679			
	Ind.—Ft. Wayne	2,344,901 2,909,852 21,317,000	2,839,164 3,254,391 21,752,000	-17.4 -10.6 -2.0	3,085,929 3,722,097 18,223,000	2,629,633			
	Indianapolis South Bend Terre Haute	2,869,400 4,460,423	3,009,300 4,367,331	$\frac{-2.0}{-4.7}$	3,263,700 5,258,509	20,656,000 2,345,100 4,599,017			
	Wis.—Milwaukee Iowa—Ced. Rap.	40,436,546 2,675,922	39,543,280 2,585,353	$^{+2.3}_{+3.5}$	46,132,432 3,059,386	39,255,970 2,815,296			
	Des Moines Sioux City	11,036,196 6,540,795	10,558,466 6,650,473	$\frac{+4.5}{-1.7}$	13,588,625 7,628,519	13,136,591 4,932,737			
1	Waterloo Ill.—Bloom'ton	1,504,883 1,500,193	1,438,484 1,836,240	+4.6 -18.4	1,557,193 1,948,050	1,637,581 1,684,301			
	Chicago Danville Decatur	779,317,174 a 1,364,000	721,419,481 a 1,382,846	+8.0 a -1.4	873,678,533 a 1,820,230	684,728,708 a 2,035,818			
	Peoria Rockford	4,677,539 3,620,465	5,552,341 3,297,988	$-15.8 \\ +9.7$	6,457,485 3,340,757	5,259,302 2,848,643			
	Springfield	2,790,607	2,915,879	-4.3	•3,173,500	2,792,182			
	Total (20 cities) Eighth Federa	1,044,186,288 1 Reserve Dis 6,181,172	986,899,488 trict—St. Lo 4,943,082		5,810,910	952,728,092 4,529,175			
	Ind.—Evansville. Mo.—St. Louis Ky.—Louisville	143,700,000 30,917,560	139,000,000 31,871,578	$+3.4 \\ -3.0$	120,700,000 32,812,182	144.700,000 30,362,409			
	Owensboro Tenn.—Memphis	324,249 16,602,950	331,252 18,215,591	-2.2 -8.9	446,186 19,860,112	401,313 16,544,057			
	Ark.—Little Rock Ill.—Jacksonville	11,499,354 416,119	11,740,388 433,665	$-2.1 \\ -4.1$	11,955,419 473,240	10,168,738 451,379			
	Quiney	1,483,785	1,803,895	-17.7	1,939,063	1,811,773			
	Ninth Federal Minn.—Duluth	210,569,957 Reserve Dis d8,198,216	208,339,451 trict—Minn 9,701,451	-15.5	193,797,112	208,968,844 8,672,122			
	Minneapolis St. Paul	66,900,065 24,916,995	$\begin{array}{c} 70,995,953 \\ 27,863,714 \end{array}$	$\frac{-6.8}{-10.6}$	88,944,120 $32,291,541$	66,940,198 28,333,140			
	No. Dak.—Fargo S. D.—Aberdeen.	1,083,371	1,952,748 $1,329,672$	-8.5 -18.5	1,862,630 1,407,917	1,795,536 1,188,475			
	Mont.—Billings . Helena	480,682 2,670,000	455,163 2,606,079	$^{+5.6}_{+2.5}$	2,821,771	560,842 2,557,411			
	Total (7 cities) Tenth Federal		114,904,780 trict—Kans		138,063,823	110,047,724			
	Neb.—Fremont Hastings	d407,964 443,869	310,616 554,064	$+31.3 \\ -19.9$	454,970 811,310	397,118 601,422			
	· Lincoln	5,109,398 38,087,655	4,859,388 35,553,669	$+5.1 \\ +7.1 \\ -5.2$	6,168,133 47,437,625	4,789,271 37,291,112			
	Kan.— Topeka Wichita No.—KansasCity	2,607,195 d6,933,976 122,516,544	2,753,991 $6,820,547$ $114,202,645$	-5.3 + 1.6 + 7.3	3,290,540 $7,216,500$ $135,361,587$	2,693,357 $6,021,298$ $113,424,692$			
	St. Joseph Okla.—Muskogee	d6,403,487	7,624,336		6,948,685	6,485,199			
	Oklahoma City Tulsa	d20,576,874	21,900,000 a	-6.1	22,257,933 a	18,088,380 a			
	Colo.—Col. Spgs. Denver	906,019 19,638,640	1,168,786 18,478,608	$-22.5 \\ +6.3 \\ -15.0$	1,461,841 22,975,865	1,145,209 20,972,076			
,	Total (12 cities)	1,197,723	1,033,264 215,265,914	+15.9	1,207,442 255,592,431	982,104			
	Eleventh Fede Texas—Austin	ral Reserve 1,364,401	District—Da 1,450,584		2,860,586	1,911,177			
•	Fort Worth	35,266,431 d9,560,576	37,657,351 8,801,583	$\frac{-6.4}{+8.6}$	42,618,929 8,035,046	35,408,687 8,607,959			
	Galveston		8,449,000 a 4,502,029	a	7,747,000 a 4,122,339	5,193,275 a 4,320,469			
	La.—Shreveport. Total (5 cities).		60,860,547	-8.9	65,383,900	55,441,567			
	Twelfth Feder Wash.—Seattle	al Reserve D 21,888,756	istrict—San 38,932,737	Franci -47.8	45,439,910	41,813,936			
	Spokane	11,062,000	12,600,000	-12.3	13,959,000	11,636,000			
	Yakima Ore.—Portland Utah—Salt L. C'y	1,424,378 31,221,399 14,955,408	1,584,270 37,505,596 14,926,437	$-10.1 \\ -16.8 \\ +0.2$	1,931,714 40,838,294 17,356,295	1,294,480 35,953,109 16,211,519			
,	Nev.—Reno Ariz.—Phoenix	8	2 8	2 2	8	9			
,	Cal.—Fresno Long Beach	3,034,374 6,002,640	3,162,876 8,825,603	$-4.1 \\ -32.0$	3,034,709 6,748,001	3,206,891 7,087,148			
	Los Angeles Oakland	15.875.516	17,082,291	+0.5 -7.1 +10.6	156,916,000 24,977,181 6,605,279	132,604,000 16,757,918 5,721,550			
-	Pasadena Sacramento San Diego	d6,817,403	5,140,575 9,504,098 5,109,541	$^{+19.6}_{-28.3}$ $^{-5.1}$	6,695,279 8,433,894 5,369,626	5,721,550 7,004,937 4,052,919			
,	San Francisco. San Jose	160,613,000 2,524,565	163,660,000 2,489,600	-1.9 + 1.4	182,618,200 2,718,655	164,700,000 2,258,858			
	Santa Barbara. Santa Monica.	1,260,156 1,931,931	1,305,517 2,120,538	-3.5 8.9	1,473,713 $2,062,028$	1,218,149 2,135,363			
	Stockton Total (17 cities)			$\frac{-16.5}{-7.1}$	2,388,500 522,960,999	1,896,100			
1	Grand total (129 cities)		9,344,023,982			9,119,107,026			
)	Outside N. Y	-				3,787,104,675			
3	Clearings at-		Week	Ended J	une 2.				
)		1927.	1926.	Inc. or Dec.	1925.	1924.			
,	Canada-	8	8	% 2	\$ 05 550 010	8 905 905			
	Toronto Winnipeg	137,707,089	98,088,379	+40.4	85,558,610 86,951,785 42, 605,438	83,464,104			
2	Vancouver Ottawa	17,796,511	14,195,818	+25.4	15,684,214 5,907.020	13,442,347 6,467,187			
4	Quebec	10,043,345 3,442,349	6.191.845	+62.1	4,847,899 2,792,529	5,703,540 2,878,683			
4	Hamilton	6,982,251	4,992,900	+18.9 +39.8	4,844,276 5,111,172 2,267,357	5,121,144			
0	St. John Victoria London	2.734.662	1.805,231	+51.4	2,267,357 1,836,274 2,724,741	2,635,717 1,783,794 2,742,544			
30	Edmonton	5,440,326 3,761,702	4,153,630 3,720,190	$+30.9 \\ +1.1$	4,726,442	3,969,323 2,821,021			
7	Brandon Lethbridge	538,684 488,329	467,221 671,022	+15.3 -27.3	522,919 503,665	536,041 493,657			
•	Saskatoon Moose Jaw	1,751,554 1,166,296	1,473,866	$\begin{vmatrix} +18.8 \\ +23.6 \end{vmatrix}$	1,321,402 943,717	1,543,529 1,062,595			
19	Fort William New Westminste	978,123	909,241	+7.6	1,010,739	905,069			
7	Medicine Hat	267,050 838,025	231,148 669,524	+15.5	265,375	331,170			
4	Sherbrooke Kitchener	1,082,168 2,277,330	789,616 904,693	3 + 37.0 $3 + 151.7$	868,467 861,077	919,546 897,310			
06	Windsor	4,982,630	3,568,271	+39.6 $+11.2$ $+23.1$	288,528	323,514			
9	Kingston Chatham	807.03	753,848 670,470 589,833	+20.4	584,099	946,335 815,886			
98	Sarnia			+8.9	*******				
8	Total (31 cities	1 443,260,514	312,748,593	3 + 41.7	282,496,165	289,920,502			

a No longer report clearings. b Do not respond to requests for figures. c Week ended June 1. d Week ended June 2. c Week ended June 3. * Estimated.

ENGLISH FINANCIAL MARKETS-PER CABLE.

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London, as reported by cable, have been as follows the past week:

London,	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Frt.
Week Ended June 10-	June 4.	June 6.	June 7.	June 8.	June 9.	June 10.
Silver, per osd.	2636		26 3-16	26 3-16	2634	26 5-16
Gold, per fine ounces.	84.111/		84.1136	84.111%	84.1136	84.111%
Consols, 23/2 per cents			54%	5434	5434	5434
British, 5 per cents			10016	10036	1001/2	100 1/2
British, 41/2 per cents		HOLI-	95%	95%	95%	95%
French Rentes (in Paris, fr		DAY	59.10	59.50	59.50	58.10
French War Loan(in Paris), fr.			76.35	76.85	76.95	75.40

Commercial and Miscellaneous News

Breadstuffs figures brought from page 3522.—All the statements below regarding the movement of grain—receipts, exports, visible supply, &c., are prepared by us from figures collected by the New York Produce Exchange. First we give the receipts at Western lake and river ports for the week ending last Saturday and since Aug. 1 for each of the last three years.

Receipts at-	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
	bbls.195lbs.	bush. 60 lbs	bush. 56 lbs.	bush. 32 lbs.	bush.48lbs.	bush 56lbs.
Chicago	205,000		1.038.000			
Minneapolls		1.272.000	364,000	153,000	117,000	
Duluth		724.000	8,000	1.000	56,000	
Milwaukee	53,000		99,000	226,000		
Toledo		333,000	68,000			3,000
Detroit		29,000	22,000			14,000
Indianapolis		65,000	272,000			
St. Louis	107.000		508,000			
Peoria	49,000		516,000			
Kansas City		000 000	413,000			
Omaha	******		1,440,000			
St. Joseph		200,004	566,000			
Wichita		237,000				
Sioux City		8,000				
Total wk. '27	414.000	4.934.000	5,452,000	2,078,000	353,000	502,000
Same wk. '26						
Same wk. '25						
Since Aug. 1—						
1926		306.930.000	193,673,000	129.101.000	19.192.000	29.016.000
1925			205,701,000			
1924			220,101,000			

Total receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended Saturday, June 4, follow:

Receipts at-	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
	Barrels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.
New York	255,000	1,250,000	10,000	79,000	122,000	76,000
Philadelphia	34,000	224,000	15,000	34,000	*****	
Baltimore	20,000	151,000	11,000	26,000		2.000
Norfolk	6,000	307,000				
New Orleans *	60,000	86,000	102,000	27,000		
Galveston		36,000				
Montreal	70,000	5,020,000	8,000	944,000	24,000	17,000
Boston	27,000	11,000		16,000		
Total wk. '27	472,000	7.085.000	146,000	1.126.000	146,000	95,000
Since Jan.1'27	9,587,000	108,160,000	5,037,000	9,637,000	15,408,000	9,919,000
Week 1926	412,000	2.932.000	235,000	525,000	199,000	331.000
Since Jan.1'26	10,312,000	66,499,000	8,269,000		11,021,000	5,228,000

* Receipts do not include grain passing through New Orleans for foreign ports on through bills of lading.

The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ending Saturday, June 4 1927, are shown in the annexed statement:

Exports from-	Wheat.	Corn.	Flour.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley.
	Bushels.	Bushels.	Barrels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.
New York	1,142,191		40,955	120,012	240,016	701,502
Boston	48,000		13,000			
Philadelphia	279,000		*****			
Baltimore	440,000		8,000	20,000	******	*****
Norfolk	307,000		6,000			
New Orleans	182,000	146,000	37.000	25,000	34,000	
Galveston	40,000		10,000	*****		32,000
Montreal	3,671,000		92,000	692,000	1,959,000	
Total week 1927	6,109,191	146,000	206,955	857.012	2,233,016	2,907,502
Same week 1926	7.422.542	66,000		1.238,920		1.078.250

The destination of these exports for the week and since July 1 1926 is as below:

	F	lour.	W	heat.	Corn.		
Exports for Week and Since July 1 to—	Week June 4 1927.	June 4 July 1		Since July 1 1926.	Week June 4 1927.	Since July 1 1926.	
United Kingdom	Barrels. 131.526	Barrels. 4,191,745	Bushels. 2,250,020	Bushels. 101,705,861	Bushels.	Bushels. 1,107,329	
Continent	46,429	5,394,535		173,147,717	******	1,076,424	
So. & Cent. Amer.			3,000	4,009,467	64,000 82,000	1,711,000	
West Indies Brit.No.Am.Cols.	14,000	*****	*****		82,000	1,537,000	
Other countries	2,000	804,565	*****	1,620,950		*****	
Total 1927		11,443,825		280,512,995		5,431,753	
Total 1926	195,081	10,411,860	7,422,542	206,268,608	66,000	12,364,713	

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports Saturday, June 4, were as follows:

	GRA	IN STOCK	8.		Turse
	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	· Rue.	Barley.
United States-	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
New York	223,000	115,000	739,000	53,000	114,000
Boston	3,000	2,000	21,000	3.000	,
Philadelphia	298,000	57,000	109,000	9,000	
Baltimore	358,000	138,000	72,000	17,000	3,000
New Orleans	374,000	114,000	129,000	9,000	0,000
Galveston	895,000	,000	220,000	37,000	80,000
Fort Worth	695,000	262,000	260,000	1.000	6,000
Buffalo	1,888,000	3,179,000	2,677,000	711,000	281,000
Toledo	1,348,000	129,000	556,000	8,000	3,000
Detroit	177,000	64,000	102,000	13,000	0,000
Chicago	2,707,000	17,304,000	3.906.000	540,000	65,000
Milwaukee	82,000	443,000	1,229,000	90,000	55,000
Duluth	3.404.000	4,000	3,229,000	622,000	121,000
Minneapolis	7.033,000	158,000	5,708,900	272,000	155,000
Sloux City	193,000	262,000	43,000	1,000	5,000
St. Louis	969,000	1,266,000	357,000	8,000	12,000
Kansas City	3,599,000	2,846,000	315,000	104,000	2,090
Wichita				101,000	2,000
St. Joseph, Mo			*****		
Peoria		130,000	242,000		
Indianapolis			235,000	*****	
Omaha				22 000	*****
On Lakes			347,000	23,000	
On canal and river			52,000	152,000	
On canal and river	427,000	*****	174,000	154,000	
Total June 4 1097	97 999 000	90 751 000	90 509 000	9 697 000	000 000

Total June 4 1927....27,222,000 29,751,000 20,502,000 2,827,000 902,000 Total May 28 1927....28,291,000 29,639,000 21,843,000 4,090,000 320,000 Total June 5 1926....16,814,000 26,569,000 38,713,000 11,244,000 3,160,000 Note.—Bonded grain not included above: Oats, New York, 15,000 bushels; Buffalo, 163,000: Duluth, 29,000; total, 207,000 bushels, against 422,000 bushels; in 1926. Barley, New York, 503,000 bushels; Boston, 38,000: Buffalo, 433,000; Duluth, 2,000; on canal, 63,000; total, 1,039,000 bushels, against 901,000 bushels in 1926. Wheat, New York, 2,944,000 bushels; Boston, 242,000; Philadelphia, 1,355,000; Baltimore, 1,266,000; Buffalo, 7,596,000; Buffalo affoat, 842,000; Duluth, 77,000; on canal, 482,000; total, 14,804,000 bushels, against 5,878,000 bushels

in 1926.				
Canadian-				
Montreal 993,000		1,137,000	92,000	659,000
Ft William & Pt. Arthur_23,527,000		1,740,000	828,000	1,123,000
Other Canadian 3,032,000		1,620,000	205,000	317,000
Total June 4 1927 27,552,000		4,497,000	1,125,000	2,099,000
Total May 28 1927 30,150,000		5,160,000	1,153,000	2,980,000
Total June 5 1926 36,738,000		7,953,000	2,174,000	7,584,000
Summary-				
American27,222,000	29,751,000	20,502,000	2,827,000	902,000
Canadian 27,552,000		4,497,000	1,125,000	2,099,000
Total June 4 1927 54.774.000	29.751.000	24,999,000	3,952,000	3,001,000
		27,003,000		3,912,000
		46 666 000		10 744 000

The world's shipments of wheat and corn, as furnished by Broomhall to the New York Produce Exchange, for the week ending Friday, June 3, and since July 1 1926 and 1925, are shown in the following:

		Wheat.		Corn.				
i	192	6-27.	1925-26.	192	1925-26.			
	Week June 3.	Since July 1.	Since July 1.	Week June 3.	Since July 1.	Since July 1.		
North Amer.			Bushels. 360,235,000					
Black Sea Argentina Australia		44,116,000 122,814,000 89,840,000	91,981,000			32,671,000 135,970,000		
India Oth. countr's	720,000	4,464,000 23,393,000			4,650,000	33,850,000		
Total	16 664 000	750 335 000	557 647 000	11,463,000	290.037.000	213.066.000		

BANK NOTES—CHANGES IN TOTALS OF, AND IN DEPOSITED BONDS, &c.—We give below tables which show all the monthly changes in national bank notes and in bonds and legal tenders on deposit therefor:

	Amount Bonds on Deposit to	National Bank Circulation. Aftoat on—					
	Secure Circula- ion for National Bank Notes.	Bonds.	Legal Tenders.	Total.			
	8	3	8	8			
May 31 1927	667.095.680	663,156,720	42,777,217	705,933,937			
April 30 1927	665,724,930	662,238,833	39,074,404	701,313,237			
Mar. 31 1927	665,641,990	661,673,603	38,251,364	699,924,967			
Feb. 28 1927	666,138,640	660,366,240	36,825,184	697,191,424			
Jan. 31 1927	664,503,940	657,364,790	37,856,759	695,221,549			
Dec. 31 1926	666,211,440	661,046,465	36,721,464	697,767,929			
Nov. 30 1926	666,278,180	662,764,613	37,927,974	700,692,587			
Oct. 31 1926	665,492,880	661,742,830	38,971,702	700,714,532			
Sept. 30 1926	665,830,440	660,555,797	39,178,467	699,734,264			
Aug. 31 1926	665,889,940	659,760,467	39,768,777	699,529,244			
July 31 1926	665,941,890	661,434,195	40,714,779	702,148,974			
June 30 1926	665,616,390	660,986,560	41,682,684	702,669,244			
May 31 1926	665.465.140	660,677,175	42,697,987	703,375,162			
April 30 1926	665,686,140	661,664,478	42,519,201	704, 183,679			
Mar. 31 1926	665,568,140	661,016,470	44,211,319	705,227,789			
Feb. 27 1926	665,235,640	661,244,347	45,059,372	706,303,719			
Jan. 31 1926	665,363,590	661,298,333	45,050,979	706,349,312			
Dec. 31 1925	666,273,130	658,362,223	46,194,204	704,556,42			
Nov. 30 1925	660,087,630	662,622,888	48,127,556	710,750,444			
Oct. 31 1925	666,185,130	662,538,483	51,264,261	713,802,744			
Sept. 30 1925	665,542,630	661,380,320	56,543,569	717,923,889			
Aug. 31 1925	665,810,130	662,186,083	61.476.914	723,662,99			
July 31 1925	665,227,130	660,341,413	66,214,271	726,555,684			
June 30 1925	665,061,330	660,501,393	72.864.681	733,366,074			

4.854.238 Federal Reserve bank notes outstanding June 1 1927, secured by lawful money, against 5.808,578 June 1 1926.

The following shows the amount of each class of United States bonds and certificates on deposit to secure Federal Reserve bank nots and national bank notes on May 31.

	U. S. Bonds Held May 31 1927 to Secure-					
Bonds on Deposit May 31 1927.	Secure Federal	On Deposit to Secure National Bank Notes.	Total Held.			
2s, U. S. Consols of 1930 2s, U. S. Panama of 1936 2s, U. S. Panama of 1938	\$	\$ 592,640,800 48,665,000 25,789,880	\$ 592,640,800 48,665,000 25,789,880			
Totals		667,095,680	667,095,680			

The following shows the amount of national bank notes afloat and the amount of legal tender deposits May 1 1927

and June 1 1027 and			
month of May:	their increase or decrease during the	Shares, Stocks, & per sh	. Shares. Stocks. S mer sh
National Rank Notes Total	Afloat		5 Orpin Desk Co., pref., par \$50 114
		5-8 Peppereil Mfg. Co	25 Central Pow. & Lt. Co., 7% prf. 101 % 1 George E. Keith Co., 1st pf. 99% & int. 5 units First Peoples Trust.
Legal Tender Notes-	t June 1\$705,933,937 ational bank notes May 1 1927\$39,074,404	1 Davol Milis 23 15 Pepperell Mfg. Co 116 5 Boston Mfg. Co., pref. 654 35 Edison Elec. Illum. Co. of Brock-	5 units First Peoples Trust
Net amount of bank notes issu	ed in May	ton, undep., par \$25	176 Mam IIII Inv Trust pref
Amount on deposit to redeer	n national bank notes June 1 1927 \$42,777,217	6 Mass, Ltg. Cos., 8% pref., undep.135%	1 unit Commercial Finance Corp.,
National Banks	The following information regarding	10 Graton & Knight Co., com	3 Municipal Real Estate Trust115
national banks is from Currency, Treasury I	the office of the Comptroller of the	8 units First Peoples Trust58-681/2	4 Eastern Mig. Co., pref
.,	N TO ORGANIZE APPROVED.	50 Florence Stove Co., com	5 Mass. Ltg. Cos., com
June 4-First National Ban	k in Palm Beach, Fla	100 Lamson & Hubbard Canadian	com., par \$50117
	hn F. Harris, Palm Beach, Fla. HARTERS ISSUED.	Co., Ltd., com	No. Rights. \$ per right 490 J. R. Whippie Corp. 25c
President Frank I	onal Bank of Olivia, Minn	By R. L. Day & Co., Bos	ston:
President, M. Ma	k of Covington, Inda	Shares. Stocks. \$ per sh. 25 National Shawmut Bank279	Shares. Stocks. \$ per sh 7 E. E. Taylor Co., 1st pref 77 %
President, S. M. M. Mune 2—The Union Nation	mal Bank, Nevada, Iowa 40,000 McHose; Cashier, Howard F. Sones. al Bank of New Kensington, Pa 100,000	25 Atlantic Nat. Bank288 ex-div. 6 First National Bank438 14 Atlantic Nat. Bank288 ex-div.	50 Florence Stove Co., 7% pref 99 10 Mass. Ltg. Cos., 6% pref 115 6 units First Peoples Trust 68 14
Conversion of the Pa. President, E.	Peoples State Bank of New Kensington, B. Rowe; Cashier, W. K. Cooper.	25 National Shawmut Bank	
VOLUNTA	ARY LIQUIDATIONS.	1 Merchants National Bank New	33 Mass. Ltg. Cos., com., undep. 143/4 2 Boston Wharf Co
Effective March 26	Bank of Crawford, Neb	par \$7513034	Dur 620
Une 1 The Union Nation	al Bank of San Diogo Calif	3 Somerville Trust Co., Somerville 200	deposited, par \$25203
Effective March 1' Aldwell, San Fran	7 1927. Liquidating Agent, Edw. C. ncisco, Calif. Absorbed by Bank of	41 Lancaster Mills, common 25 8 Naumkeag Steam Cotton Co 1934 50 Ludlow Mig. Associates 1884	50 Blackstone Valley Gas & Elec. Co. common, par \$50
America, Los Ange solidated with the	an Bank of san Diego, Cain. 7 1927. Liquidating Agent, Edw. C. hcisco, Calif. Absorbed by Bank of eles, Calif. which association was con- Liberty Bank, San Francisco, under ank of America of San Francisco. The ensolidated with the Bank of Italy, San	50 Arlington Mills	3 Lynn Gas & Elec. Co., undepos., par \$25
latter association co	ank of America of San Francisco. The onsolidated with the Bank of Italy. San	95 Salmon Falls Mfg. Co	18 New Eng. Pr. Assoc., pref. 9314-9314 10 Western Mass. Cos., par \$25 5734
bank under the tit	le "Bank of Italy National Trust and		
une 1—The San Leandro M Effective May 12	National Bank, San Leandro, Calif 100,000 1927. Liquidating Agent, Edw. C. isco, Calif. Absorbed by Liberty Bank,		DENDS.
Aldwell, San Franc San Francisco, Cal	isco, Calif. Absorbed by Liberty Bank, if., which association was consolidated		two separate tables. In the
With the Bank of A Liberty Bank of A	isco, Calif., Absorbed by Liberty Bank, iff., which association was consolidated America, Los Angeles, under the title America of San Francisco. The latter onsolidated with the Bank of Italy,		llow with a second table, in
		which we show the dividence	ds previously announced, but
June 2-The First National	le "Bank of Italy National Trust and 1." Bank of Sheridan, Inda. 1. 75,000	which have not yet been paid	
Effective May 16 Bell, D. F. Hutch	1927. Liquidating Committee, A. M. ens and E. J. Mendenhall, Sheridan, y the Sheridan Nat'l Bank, No. 13050.	The dividends announced t	this week are:
June 2—The National Bank	y the Sheridan Nat'l Bank, No. 13050. c of Jersey Shore, Pa. 125,000	Name of Company.	Per When Books Closed. Cent. Payable. Days Inclusive.
baugh, Jersey Sho	of Jersey Shore, Pa. 125,000 927. Liquidating Agent, H. G. Rora- pre, Pa. Absorbed by Jersey Shore Shore, Pa.	Railroads (Steam).	
(CONSOLIDATION.	Atch. Topeka & Santa Fe, pref	21/4 Aug. 1 Holders of rec. June 24a
	Bank of Springfield, Ohio	Beech Creek (quar.)	2½ July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 2½ July 1 Holders of rec. June 20
Consolidated under	t & Savings Bank of Springfield, Ohio. 200,000 r the Act of Nov. 7 1918, as amended	Chicago Indianap. & Louisville, com	2 1/4 July 11 Holders of rec. June 25
reb. 20 1921, unc		Professor	2 July 11 Holders of rec. June 25
Bank of Springfiel	d, No. 238, and under the corporate	Preferred Great Northern, pref. (quar.) Little Schuvikill Nav. RR. & Coal.	2 July 11 Holders of rec. June 25- 2½ Aug. 1 Holders or rec. June 25- *\$1.25.July 15.*Holders of rec. June 17
Bank of Springfiel title of "the First N field," with capital	t & Savings Bank of Springfield, Ohio. 200,000 r the Act of Nov. 7 1918, as amended ler the charter of the First National d, No. 238, and under the corporate ational Bank and Trust Co. of Springlistock of \$800,000.	Preferred Great Northern, pref. (quar.) Little Schujikill Nav. RR. & Coal Mobile & Ohio Morris & Essex	2 July 11 Holders of rec. June 25 2½ Aug. 1 Holders of rec. June 25 2½ Aug. 1 Holders of rec. June 17 *31½ June 28 *Holders of rec. June 17 \$1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 7a
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. lonal Bank of Waltham, Mass.	New York & Harlem, com. & pref N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.)	2 July 11 Holders of rec. June 25 2 July 11 Holders of rec. June 25 2 1/4 Aug. 1 Holders of rec. June 17 *31/5 July 15 *Holders of rec. June 17 \$1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 17 \$2.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 18 11/4 July 1 Holders of rec. June 144
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927.	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Northern Pacific (quar.) Pittsb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.)	*\$1.25 July 15 *Holders of rec. June 17 *3\% June 28 *Holders of rec. June 17 \$1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 7a \$2.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15a 1\% July 1 Holders of rec. June 14a \$1\% Aug. 1 Holders of rec. June 25 \$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 25
June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—A	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. , vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. mong other securities, the following.	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Northern Pacific (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Renssalaer & Saratoga. Southern Railway, com. (quar.)	\$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15a 4½ July 1 June 16 to June 30 1¾ Aug. 1 Holders of rec. July 1
June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—Anot actually dealt in at the	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. , vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. mong other securities, the following, he Stock Exchange, were sold at auction	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Northern Pacific (quar.) Pittsb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Renssalaer & Saratoga. Southern Railway, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.)	\$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15a 4½ July 1 June 16 to June 30 1¾ Aug. 1 Holders of rec. July 1
June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—Annot actually dealt in at the lin New York, Boston	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. , vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. mong other securities, the following.	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Northern Pacific (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Renssalaer & Saratoga. Southern Railway, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power, \$7 pref. (quar.)	31.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 159 4½ July 1 June 16 to June 30 1½ Aug. 1 Holders of rec. July 1 1¼ July 15 Holders of rec. June 21 *1¼ Aug. 25 *Holders of rec. July 23 \$1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15
June 1—The Waltham Nati-Location of branch Auction Sales.—Annot actually dealt in at thin New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. lonal Bank of Waltham, Mass. vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. mong other securities, the following, the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of er & Sons, New York:	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Northern Pacific (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Renssalaer & Saratoga Southern Rallway, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power. \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.)	\$1.50 July 1 4½ July 1 4½ July 1 134 Aug. 1 14½ July 15 *1¼ Aug. 25 *Holders of rec. June 15a *Holders of rec. June 21 *Holders of rec. June 21 *Holders of rec. June 23 \$1.75 July 1 \$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. June 15
Auction Sales.—Annot actually dealt in at thin New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., p.	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. lonal Bank of Waltham, Mass. vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. mong other securities, the following, the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of er & Sons, New York: \$ per sh. Shares. Stocks. \$ per sh. Shares. Stocks. 144 shs. com, as bonus, no par.	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Northern Pacific (quar.) Pittsb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Renssalaer & Saratoga. Southern Railway, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power, \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Amer. Public Utilities, prior pf. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.)	\$1.50 July 1 4½ July 1 134 Aug. 1 134 July 15 *1½ Aug. 25 *Holders of rec. June 15a *1½ Aug. 25 *Holders of rec. June 21 *1½ Aug. 25 *Holders of rec. June 23 \$1.75 July 1 *Holders of rec. June 15 1½ Aug. 1 1½ Aug. 1 1½ Aug. 1 1½ July 1 Holders of rec. June 15
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—An not actually dealt in at the in New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., p. par \$10. 227 Arrow Film Corp. 7½% c	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. lonal Bank of Waltham, Mass. vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. mong other securities, the following, the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of er & Sons, New York: \$ per sh. Shares. Stocks. ref., 144 shs. com. as bonus, no par	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Northern Pacific (quar.) Pittsb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Renssalaer & Saratoga. Southern Railway, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power. \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec. \$7 pref. (quar.)	\$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 150 4 ½ July 1 June 16 to June 30 1 ¼ Aug. 1 Holders of rec. June 21 2 1¼ July 15 Holders of rec. June 21 3 1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 23 \$1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 1 ¼ Aug. 1 Holders of rec. June 15 1 ¼ July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 1 ¼ July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 1 ¼ July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 1 ¼ July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 1 ¾ July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 1 ¾ July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 1 ¾ July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 1 ¾ July 1 Holders of rec. June 21 8 1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 21 8 1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 21 8 1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 21 8 1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 21 8 1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 21
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—An not actually dealt in at the In New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., pp par \$10. 527 Arrow Film Corp. 7½% c pref. 537 Oreoples Trust & Savings Ban 50 Peoples Trust & Savings Ban	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. Ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. I, vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. Imong other securities, the following, the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Output Output S per sh. Shares. Stocks. ref., 144 shs. com. as bonus, no par	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Northern Pacific (quar.) Pittsb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Renssalaer & Saratoga. Southern Railway, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power. \$7 pref. (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Amer. Public Utilities, prior pf. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) Preferred (extra) Binchamton L., H. & P. \$6 pref. (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.)	\$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 150 \$\frac{4}{9} \text{ July 1 June 16 to June 30} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Aug. 1} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 21} \\ \$\frac{2}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 21} \\ \$\frac{2}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 21} \\ \$\frac{2}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 15} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Aug. 1} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 15} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ July 1} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 15} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ July 1} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 15} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ July 1} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 15} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ July 1} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 15} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ July 1} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 216} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ June 30} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 216} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 15} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 216} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 15} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 16} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 216} \\ \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ Holders of rec. June 16} \\ \$\frac{1}{2}
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—An not actually dealt in at the New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., p par \$10. 527 Arrow Film Corp. 73% c pref. 527 Arrow Film Corp. 73% c pref. 53 Peoples Trust & Savings Ban Streator.	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. Ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. I, vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. Imong other securities, the following, the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Output By per sh. Shares. Stocks. Sper sh. Sper sh. Stocks. Sp	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Northern Pacific (quar.). Pittsb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Renssalaer & Saratoga. Southern Railway, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power. \$7 pref. (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Amer. Public Utilities, prior pf. (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Preferred (extra) Binghamton L., H. & P. \$6 pref. (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Central States Elec. Corp., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	\$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 154 Aug. 1 Holders of rec. June 154 Aug. 1 Holders of rec. June 20 144 Aug. 25 *Holders of rec. June 21 *14 Aug. 25 *Holders of rec. June 21 *Holders of rec. July 15 Holders of rec. June 15 144 Aug. 1 Holders of rec. June 15 144 Aug. 1 Holders of rec. June 15 145 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 184 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 185 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 185 July 1 Holders of rec. June 21 185 July 1 Holders of rec. June 16 185 July 1 Holders of rec. June 10 185 July 1 Holders July 1 185 July 1
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—An not actually dealt in at the in New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., p par \$10	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. Ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. I, vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. Imong other securities, the following, the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Output Output Sper sh. Shares. Stocks. ref., 144 shs. com. as bonus, no par	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Renssalaer & Saratoga. Southern Railway, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power, \$7 pref. (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Amer. Public Utilities, prior pf. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) Preferred (extra) Binchamton L., H. & P. \$6 pref. (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Central States Elec. Corp., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Chic., No. Shore & Milw., pref. (quar.) Prior lien stock (quar.)	\$1.50 July 1 4\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 15 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 15 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 15 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 12 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 15 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 15 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 15 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 15 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 15 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 15 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 15 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 12 2\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 12 2\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 10 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 10 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 10 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 10 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 10 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 10 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 10 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 10 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) July 1 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) Holders of rec. June 15
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—An not actually dealt in at the lin New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., pp par \$10. 527 Arrow Film Corp. 7½% c pref. 30 Peoples Trust & Savings Ban Streator 15 University State Bank, Chiece 15 Texas Electric Ry., 1st pref. 10 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre 20 shs. com. as bonus, no par., 62 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. lonal Bank of Waltham, Mass. I, vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. mong other securities, the following, the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of er & Sons, New York: \$ per sh. Shares. Stocks. \$ per sh.	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Pittsb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Pittsb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Preferred & Saratoga. Southern Railway, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power, \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) Binghamton L., H. & P. \$6 pref. (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Preferred (quar.) Central States Elec. Corp., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Chic., No. Shore & Milw., pref. (quar.) Prior lien stock (quar.) Chic. R. T., prior pref. class A (mothly) Prior preferred class A (mothly)	\$1.50 July 1 4\(\) July 1 4\(\) July 1 4\(\) July 1 1\(\) July 1 1\(\) July 1 1\(\) July 15 4\(\) July 1 5\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) July 1 6\(\) Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) Full Holders of rec. June 15 6\(\) Holders of
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—An not actually dealt in at the in New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., p par \$10	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. Ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. I, vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. Imong other securities, the following, the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Ional Philadelphia on Wedn	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Renssalaer & Saratoga. Southern Railway, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power, \$7 pref. (quar.) & preferred (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec. \$7 pref. (quar.) Preferred (extra) Binchamton L., H. & P. \$6 pref. (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Chic., No. Shore & Milw., pref. (quar.) Prior preferred class A (monthly) Prior preferred, class B (monthly) Prior preferred, class B (monthly) Prior preferred, class B (monthly)	\$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 153 \$1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 21 \$1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 23 \$1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 23 \$1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 23 \$1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.4 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. June 21 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. June 21 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. June 21 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. June 16 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. June 10 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. June 10 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. June 16 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. June 17 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. June 18 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. June 19 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. June 21 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. Jule 21 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. Jule 21 \$1.5 July 1 Holders of rec. Jule 21 \$1.5 Jule 2 Jule
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—An not actually dealt in at the lin New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., p. par \$10. 227 Arrow Film Corp. 7½% c pref. 30 Peoples Trust & Savings Ban Streator 15 University State Bank, Chice 15 Texas Electric Ry., 1st pref. 10 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre 20 shs. com. as bonus, no par., 22 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre By Barnes & Lofla Shares. Stocks. 37 The Winchester Co., 1st pre 5 Philadelphia Rapid Transit	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. Ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. I, vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. Imong other securities, the following, the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Ional Bank of Waltham. In Stock Exchange, were sold at auction In And Philadelphia on Wednesday of Ional Bank of Waltham. In Stock Exchange, were sold at auction In Ashestos Corp. of Amer., pref. \$1 lot Ional Bank of Waltham. In Stock Exchange, were sold at auction In Ashestos Corp. of Amer., pref. \$1 lot Ional Bank of Waltham. In Stock Exchange, were sold at auction In Ashestos Corp. of Amer., pref. \$1 lot Ional Bank of Waltham. In In Stock Exchange, were sold at auction In Ashestos Corp. of Amer., pref. \$1 lot Ional Bank of Waltham. In I	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Pittsb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Pittsb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Pittsb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power, \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) Preferred (extra) Binghamton L., H. & P. \$6 pref. (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Preferred (quar.) Chic., No. Shore & Milw., pref. (quar.) Prior lien stock (quar.) Prior preferred class A (monthly) Prior preferred, class B (monthly)	31.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15a
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—An not actually dealt in at the sale of the sale o	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. Ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. I, vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. Imong other securities, the following, the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Ional Bank of Wednesday of of Wedne	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Northern Pacific (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) **Public Utilities. Alabama Power. \$7 pref. (quar.) **Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Amer. Public Utilities, prior pf. (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) **Participating preferred (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Central States Elec. Corp., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Chic., No. Shore & Milw., pref. (quar.) Prior preferred. class A (monthly) Prior preferred., class A (monthly) Prior preferred., class B (monthly)	\$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 156 \$1.4 Aug. 1 Holders of rec. June 156 *1 July 15 Holders of rec. June 21 \$1.4 July 15 Holders of rec. June 21 \$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.4 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.51 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.52 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.53 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.54 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.55 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.56 July 1 Holders of rec. June 216 \$1.56 July 1 Holders of rec. June 16 \$1.56 July 1 Holders of rec. June 16 *66. Sept. 1 Holders of rec. June 15 *660. Sept. 1 Holders of rec. June 15 *600. Sept. 1 Holders of rec. June 21 *Holders of rec. June 15 *600. Sept. 1 Holders of rec. June 15 *600. Sept. 1 Holders of rec. June 21 *Holders of rec. June 15 *600. Sept. 1 Holders of rec. June 21 *Holders of rec. June 16 *Holders of rec. June 15 *600. Sept. 1 Holders of rec. June 21 *Holders of rec. June 16 *Holders of rec. June 17 *Holders of rec. June 18 *Holders of rec. June 19
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—An not actually dealt in at the line New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., p. par \$10. 227 Arrow Film Corp. 7½% c pref. 30 Peoples Trust & Savings Ban Streator. 15 University State Bank, Chica 15 Texas Electric Ry., 1st pref. 10 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre 20 shs. com. as bonus, no par., 22 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre By Barnes & Lofla Shares. Stocks. 37 The Winchester Co., 1st pre 6 Philadelphia Rapid Transit com. 20 Keystone Telep. Co. of N. J. 7 Fidelity Philadelphia Trust (20 Union National Bank 20 Union National Bank 10 Overbrook Nat. Bank, ex-rig	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. Ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. I, vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. Imong other securities, the following, the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Ional Bank of Waltham. In Stock Exchange, were sold at auction	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Northern Pacific (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power. \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Amer. Public Utilities, prior pf. (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) dBarcelona Tr. Light & Pow., pref. (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Central States Elec. Corp., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Chic., No. Shore & Milw., pref. (quar.) Prior preferred class A (monthly) Prior preferred, class A (monthly) Prior preferred, class B (monthly) Prior preferred (dar.) Second preferred (quar.) Second preferred (quar.)	31.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15a
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—An not actually dealt in at the line New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., p par \$10	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. Ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. I, vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. Imong other securities, the following, the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Output Sper sh. Shares. Stocks. ref., 144 shs. com. as bonus, no par	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Pittsb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Pittsb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power, \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Binghamton L., H. & P. \$6 pref. (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Preferred (quar.) Chic., No. Shore & Milw., pref. (quar.) Prior lien stock (quar.) Chic. No. Shore & Milw., pref. (quar.) Prior preferred, class A (monthly) Prior preferred, class B (monthly) Prior preferred C (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.)	31.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 154
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—An not actually dealt in at the lin New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., p par \$10. 327 Arrow Film Corp. 7½% c pref. 30 Peoples Trust & Savings Ban Streator. 15 University State Bank, Chica 15 Texas Electric Ry., 1st pref. 10 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre 20 shs. com. as bonus, no par. 22 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre By Barnes & Lofla Shares. Stocks. 37 The Winchester Co., 1st pre 5 Philadelphia Rapid Transit com. 20 Keystone Telep. Co. of N. J 7 Hollity Philadelphia Trust C 20 Union National Bank 10 Overbrook Nat. Bank, ex-rig 2 First National Bank 5 Central National Bank 5 Central National Bank 5 Central National Bank	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. Ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. I, vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. Imong other securities, the following, the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Bresser Stocks. Sper sh. Shares. Stocks. Sper sh. 144 shs. com. as bonus, no par. 10 asbestos Corp. of Amer., pref. 31 lot toum. 20 shs. com. as bonus, no par. 10 shsetos Corp., com., no par. 10 shsetos Corp., com.	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power, \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Preferred (extra) Binchamton L., H. & P. 86 pref. (quar.) Preferred (extra) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Preferred (quar.) Chic., No. Shore & Milw., pref. (quar.) Prior preferred class A (monthly) Prior preferred class A (monthly) Prior preferred, class B (monthly) Prior preferred (quar.) Second prefered (quar.) Second prefered (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.)	\$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.4 July 15 *114 July 15 *114 July 15 *114 Aug. 25 \$1.75 July 1 Holders of rec. June 21 \$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.51 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.52 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.53 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.54 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.55 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.55 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.51 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.52 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.53 July 1 Holders of rec. June 15 \$1.54 July 1 Holders of rec. June 16 \$1.55 July 1 Holders of rec. June 16 \$1.56 July 1 Holders of rec. June 16 *65c. Sept. 1 *Holders of rec. June 15 *65c. Sept. 1 *Holders of rec. June 16 *66c. July 1 Holders of rec. June 16 *66c. July 1 Holders of rec. June 17 *65c. Sept. 1 *Holders of rec. June 19 *65c. July 1 Holders of rec. June 19 *65c. Ju
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—An not actually dealt in at the line New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., pp par \$10. 327 Arrow Film Corp. 7½% c pref. 327 Arrow Film Corp. 7½% c pref. 33 Peoples Trust & Savings Ban Streator. 15 University State Bank, Chies 15 Texas Electric Ry., 1st pref. 10 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre 22 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre 23 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre 24 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre 25 Philadelphia Rapid Transit com. 26 Weystone Telep. Co. of N. J 7 Fidelity Philadelphia Trust (26 Union National Bank 10 Overbrook Nat. Bank ex-rig 24 First National Bank 25 Central National Bank 26 Central National Bank 27 Central National Bank 28 Delaware County Nat. Ban Cheter, Pa. 26 Mitten Men & Management E	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. Ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. I, vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. mong other securities, the following, the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of er & Sons, New York: **per sh. Shares. Stocks. *per sh.	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Renssalaer & Saratoga. Southern Railway, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power, \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec. \$7 pref. (quar.) Binchamton L., H. & P. \$6 pref. (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Preferred (quar.) Chic., No. Shore & Milw., pref. (quar.) Prior lien stock (quar.) Chic. R. T., prior pref. class A (monthly) Prior preferred. class B (monthly) Prior preferred, class B (monthly) Prior preferred (quar.) Columbus Elec. & Power, com. (quar.) Common (1-40 share in com. stock) Preferred C (quar.) Second prefered (quar.) Second prefered (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Penver Tramway Corp., pref. (quar.)	31.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 154
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BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—An not actually dealt in at the in New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., p par \$10. 527 Arrow Film Corp. 7½% c pref. 30 Peoples Trust & Savings Ban Streator. 15 University State Bank, Chica 15 Texas Electric Ry., 1st pref. 16 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre 20 shs. com. as bonus, no par. 22 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre 23 Stocks. 37 The Winchester Co., 1st pref. 24 Philadelphia Rapid Transit com. 25 Keystone Telep. Co. of N. J. 26 Tidelity Philadelphia Trust Co. 27 Fidelity Philadelphia Bank. 28 First National Bank. 29 Greytone Telep. Co. of N. J. 29 Keystone Telep. Co. of N. J. 20 Keystone Telep. Co. of N. J. 20 Union National Bank. 30 Delaware County Nat. Bank 51 Central National Bank. 52 Central National Bank. 53 Delaware County Nat. Ban Cheter, Pa. 54 Mitten Men & Management E 55 Tust Co., par \$50 Brotherhood of Locomotive gineers Title & Trust Co., par 35 follows: 10 at 70, 10 at 6 25 at 64, 25 at 62. 100 Mutual Trust Co., par \$50 Sorth. Cent. Tr. Co., par \$50 Sorth. Cent. Tr. Co., par \$50 Sorth. Cent. Tr. Co., par \$50 Sa Metropolitan Trust Co., par 18 Bankers Trust Co., par 18 Bank of North Amer. & Tr. 18 Lancaster Ave. Title & Trust Lancaster Ave. Title & Trust Lancaster Ave. Title & Trust Lancaster Ave. Title & Tr. 18 Bank of North Amer. & Tr. 18 Lancaster Ave. Title & Trust Lancaster Ave. Title & Trust Lancaster Ave. Title & Tr.	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. Ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. I, vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. mong other securities, the following, he Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Briston	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Northern Pacific (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power. \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Amer. Public Utilities, prior pf. (quar.) Amer. Public Utilities, prior pf. (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Preferred (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Central States Elec. Corp., com. (quar.) Prior lien stock (quar.) Chic., No. Shore & Milw., pref. (quar.) Prior preferred class A (monthly) Prior preferred, class A (monthly) Prior preferred, class B (monthly) Columbus Elec. & Power, com. (quar.) Common (1-40 share in com. stock) Preferred B (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Empire Power Corp., partic. pref. (quar.) Empire Power Corp., partic. pref. (quar.) Hackensack Water, pref., class A (qu.) Illinois Power, & Epreferred (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) 1. Henkensack Water, pref., class A (qu.) Illinois Power & Light, 7% pf. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) Kentucky Securities Corp., com. (quar.) Freferred (quar.)	31.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 154
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—Al not actually dealt in at the in New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., p. par \$10	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. Ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. I, vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. mong other securities, the following, he Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of British and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of British and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Stocks. Sper sh. Shares. Stocks. Sper sh. 10 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pref. \$1 lot 10 Asbestos Corp., com., no par 10 Asbestos Corp., com., par \$50 lot 10 Asbestos Corp., par \$10 20 lot 10 Commonwealth Casualty Co., par \$10 20 lot 10 Commonwealth Casualty Co., par \$10 20 lot 25 Manufacturers Casualty Insurance Co., par \$10 25 Manufacturers Cas	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power, \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Preferred (extra) Binghamton L., H. & P. \$6 pref. (quar.) Prior lien stock (quar.) Chic., No. Shore & Milw., pref. (quar.) Prior preferred class A (monthly) Prior preferred. class A (monthly) Prior preferred. class B (monthly) Prior preferred (quar.) Columbus Elec. & Power, com. (quar.) Common (1-40 share in com. stock) Preferred B (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Continental Gas & Elec. Corp., com. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Continental Gas & Elec. Corp., com. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating Preferred (quar.) Lone Stock Telegraph (quar.) Hackensack Water, pref. (class A (qu.) Illinois Power & Light, 7% pf. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) 1. Empire Power Corp., partic. pref. (quar.) 1. Georgia Power, \$6 preferred (qua	31.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 154
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—An not actually dealt in at the in New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., p par \$10. 527 Arrow Film Corp. 7½% c pref. 30 Peoples Trust & Savings Ban Streator. 15 University State Bank, Chica 15 Texas Electric Ry., 1st pref. 10 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre 20 shs. com. as bonus, no par. 22 Asbestos Corp. of Amer., pre 23 Stocks. 37 The Winchester Co., 1st pref. 24 Philadelphia Rapid Transit com. 25 Keystone Flepp. Co. of N. J. 26 Titlelity Philadelphia Trust C 27 Union National Bank. 28 Overbrook Nat. Bank, ex-rig 29 Prist National Bank of Phila 4 Broad Street National Bank. 25 Central National Bank. 25 Central National Bank. 26 Central National Bank. 27 Central National Bank. 28 Delaware County Nat. Ban Cheter, Pa. 29 Mitten Men & Management F 20 Tust Co., par \$50. 20 Mitten Men & Management F 30 Tust Co., par \$50. 31 Bank of North Amer. & Tr. 32 Metropolitan Trust Co., par \$50. 33 Metropolitan Trust Co., par \$50. 44 Bank of North Amer. & Tr. 45 Manheim Trust Co., par \$50. 46 Manheim Trust Co., par \$50. 47 Manheim Trust Co., par \$50. 48 Mares. Stocks.	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. Ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. I, vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. mong other securities, the following, he Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Briston and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Stock St	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Pittsb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Pittsb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power. \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Amer. Public Utilities, prior pf. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Preferred (extra) Binghamton L., H. & P. \$6 pref. (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Preferred (quar.) Chic., No. Shore & Milw., pref. (quar.) Prior lien stock (quar.) Chic. R. T., prior pref. class A (monthly) Prior preferred, class A (monthly) Prior preferred, class B (monthly) Prior preferred (quar.) Common (1-40 share in com. stock) Preferred B (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) Preferred C (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Conver Tramway Corp., pref. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Participating Preferred (quar.) Cooke Stock Telegraph (quar.) Hackensack Water, pref., class A (qu.) Illinois Power & Light, 7% pf. (quar.) 6% partic. pref. (quar.) 6% partic. pref. (quar.) 1. (quar.) 6% partic. pref. (quar.) 1. (quar	31.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 154
BRANCH AUTHORIZE June 1—The Waltham Nati Location of branch Auction Sales.—Al not actually dealt in at the in New York, Boston this week: By Adrian H. Mulle Sharek. Stocks. 346 Holland Machine Co., p. par \$10	D UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927. Ional Bank of Waltham, Mass. I, vicinity of 318 Moody St., Waltham. mong other securities, the following, he Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Briston and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Stock Exchange, were sold at auction and Philadelphia on Wednesday of Stock St	New York & Harlem, com. & pref. N. Y. Lackawanna & Western (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Pitusb. McKeesp. & Yough. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash Ry., preferred A (quar.) Public Utilities. Alabama Power. \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Amer. Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Amer. Public Utilities, prior pf. (quar.) Amer. Public Utilities, prior pf. (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) Associated Gas & Elec., \$7 pref. (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Preferred (extra) Binghamton L., H. & P. \$6 pref. (quar.) Capital Trac. (Washington, D. C.) (qu.) Central States Elec. Corp., com. (quar.) Prior lien stock (quar.) Chic., No. Shore & Milw., pref. (quar.) Prior preferred class A (monthly) Prior preferred, class A (monthly) Prior preferred, class B (monthly) Prior preferred, class B (monthly) Prior preferred, class B (monthly) Columbus Elec. & Power, com. (quar.) Common (1-40 share in com. stock) Preferred B (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.) Penover Tramway Corp., pref. (quar.) Empire Power Corp., partic. pref. \$6 preferred (quar.) Empire Power Corp., partic. pref. \$6 preferred (quar.) Empire Power Corp., partic. pref. \$6 preferred (quar.) Hackensack Water, pref., class A (qu.) Illinois Power & Light, 7% pf. (quar.) 6% partic. pref. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) Hackensack Water, pref., class A (qu.) Illinois Power & Light, 7% pf. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) Laurentide Power (quar.) Lone Star Gas Corp. (quar.)	31.50 July 1 Holders of rec. June 134 134 July 15 Holders of rec. June 21 134 July 15 Holders of rec. June 21 134 July 15 Holders of rec. June 22 134 July 15 Holders of rec. June 15 134 July 1 Holders of rec. June 16 135 July 1 Holders of rec. June 16 136 Holders of rec. June 16 136 July 1 Holders of rec. June 16 136 Holders of rec. June 16 137 Holders of rec. June 16 138 Holders of rec. June 16 139 Holders of rec. June 16 130 Holders of rec. June 16 131 Holders of rec. June 16 131 Holders of rec. June 16 131 Holders of rec. June 10 132 July Holders of rec. June 10 134 July Holders of rec. June 10 135 July Holders of rec. June 10 134 July Holders of rec. June 10 135 July Holders of rec. June 10 136 Holders of rec. June 10 137 Holders of rec. June 10 138 Holders of rec. June 10 139 Holders of rec. June 10 130 Holders of rec. June 10 131 Holders of rec. June 10 134 Holders of rec. June 10 135 Holders of rec. June 10 136 Holders of rec. June 10 137 Holders of rec. June

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed. Days Inclusive.	Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed. Days Inclusiers
Public Utilities (Concluded). Midland Utilities, 7% prior lien (quar.). Seven per cent pref., class A (quar.)	*1%	July 6 July 6	*Holders of rec. June 22 *Holders of rec. June 22	Wiscellaneous (Concluded). Evans Auto Loading, A & B (quar.)	*75e.		*Holders of rec. June 20
Six per cent prior lien (quar.) Six per cent pref., class A (quar.)	*13/4	July 6	*Holders of rec. June 22 *Holders of rec. June 22	Classes A & B (extra) Fauitless Rubber, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	*50c.	July 1 July 1	*Holders of rec. June 20 *Holders of rec. June 16 *Holders of rec. June 16
Nassau & Suffolk Ltg., pref. (quar.) National Electric Power, pref. (quar.) New Jersey Pow. & Lt., \$6 pref. (quar.)	*134 *134 *81.50	July 1 July 1 July 1	*Holders of rec. June 17 *Holders of rec. June 20 *Holders of rec. June 15	Financial & Industrial Securities (quar.) Extra	*75c.	July 1	*Holders of rec. June 1 *Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. June 15
New York Central Elec. Corp., pref. (qu) New England Investment & Security, pf New England Power Assoc., com. (qu.).	134 *2 *37 1/4e	July 1	Holders of rec. June 17 *Holders of rec. June 20 *Holders of rec. June 30	Garfield Safe Deposit	* \$1.50	June 27	
Preferred (quar.) New York Steam Corp., \$6 pref. (quar.). \$7 preferred (quar.)	*1½ \$1.50 \$1.78	July 1	*Holders of rec. June 18 Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a	Preferred (quar.) General Baking Corp., class A (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Ginter Co., 8% pref. (quar.)		July 1 June 30 July 1	*Holders of rec. June 16 Holders of rec. June 18a
North Amer. Light & Power, pref. (qu.) North Amer. Utility Sec. Corp. allot ctts. Northern Mexico Power & Devel., com.	134	July 1 June 18 June 30	Holders of rec. June 20 Holders of rec. May 31	Glen Alden Coal (quar.) Goodyear Tire & Rub., Canada, pf. (qu.) Goulds Pump, Inc., com. (quar.)	134		Holders of rec. June 9a
Preferred (quar.) Northern Penna. Pow. Co., \$7 pf. (qu.).	136	June 30 July	Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. June 15	Preferred (quar.) Great Lakes Towing, com. (quar.)	*\$1.25	July 1 June 30	*Holders of rec. June 20 *Holders of rec. June 15
\$6 preferred (quar.) Six per cent preferred Northern States Pow., com., cl. A (qu.)	*3	July 1	*Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 30	Preferred (quar.) Handon Boiler Corp., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Heath (D. C.) & Co. (quar.)	250	July 1	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15
Six per cent preferred (quar.) Seven per cent preferred (quar.) Northport Water Works, pref. (quar.)	134	July 20 July 20 July	Holders of rec. June 30 - Holders of rec. June 17	Hibernia Securities, common	5	June 28 June 18	Holders of rec. June 10
Northwest Utilities, prior lien (quar.) Ottawa Light, Heat & Power, com. (qu.) Preferred (quar.)	134	July June 30 July	Holders of rec. June 15a	Home Service, common (quar.) First & second preferred (quar.)	*11/2	July 20	Holders of rec. June 25 *Holders of rec. Aug. 1 *Holders of rec. June 30
Ottawa Traction (quar.) Panama Power & Light Corp., pref. (qu.) Penna. Pow. & Light, \$7 pref. (quar.)	\$1.7	July July July	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15	Homestake Mining (monthly) Honolulu Consolidated Oil Horn & Hardart Baking, Phila. (quar.)	*\$1.25	June 13	Holders of rec. June 24 Holders of rec. June 5 *Holders of rec. June 20
\$6 preferred (quar.) Pennsylvania Power & Light, 6% pf.(qu) 7% preferred (quar.)	*134	July July July	Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. June 15	Humble Oil & Refining (quar.) Extra Independent Pneumatic Tool (quar.)	*20c.	July July July	Helders of rec. June 11 Holders of rec. June 11 Holders of rec. June 20
Portland Electric Power, 6% 1st pf.(qu. Prior preference (quar.) Porto Rico Railways, 7% pref. (quar.)	136	July July July	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15	Inter ontinental Rubber (quar.) International Nickel, com. (quar.) International Shoe, com. (quar.)	. 50c.	June 30	Holders of rec. June 18a
Public Serv. Corp. of Long Isl., pf. (qu., Quebec Power (quar.)	134 134 •75c.	July July 1 July	Holders of rec. June 17 Holders of rec. June 30	Preferred (monthly) Intertype Corporation, 1st pref. (quar.)	50c.	July July July	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15
Reading Traction Savannah Elec. & Power, deb. A (quar.) Debentures series B (quar.)	\$2	July July	Holders of rec. June 20a Holders of rec. June 20a	Johns-Manville, Inc., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	. 1%	July 1. July	1 Holders of rec. June 15
Southeastern Power & Light, com. (qu. \$7 preferred (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.)	\$1.7	July 20 July July	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15	Kaufman Department Stores, pf. (quar.) Keith (Geo. E.) Co., 1st & 2nd pf. (qu.) King Philip Mills (quar.)	136	July July July	Holders of rec. June 20 Holders of rec. June 15 +Holders of rec. June 20
Southwestern Bell Telep., pref. (quar.) Southwestern Pow. & Lt., com., cl.A(qu Springfield Rallway & Light, pref. (qu.	234	July July July	Holders of rec. June 30 Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15	King Royalty Co., pref. (quar.) Laclede-Christy Clay Prod., pref. (qu.) Lambert Company, com. (quar.)	*\$1.2	July 5 July	Holders of rec. June 20 1 *Holders of rec. June 20
Standard Gas & Electric, com. (quar.) Prior preference (quar.) Superior Water, Light & Pow., pref.(qu.	134	July 2 July 2 July		Laurentide Company (quar.) Lawyers Title & Guaranty (quar.) Liberty Baking Corp., pref. (quar.)	134	July	2 Holders of rec. June 17 1 Holders of rec. June 18a 1 Holders of rec. June 20
Toledo Edison, prior preferred (quar.) United Gas Improvement (quar.) Utah Gas & Coke. pref. & part. pref. (qu.	*81	July July 1	1 Holders of rec. June 15	Loose-Wiles Biscuit, 1st pref. (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) Ludlum Steel, com. (quar.)	134	July Aug. July	Holders of rec. June 176 Holders of rec. July 186 +Holders of rec. June 18
Western States Gas & Electric, pref.(qu. Banks.			Holders of rec. June 30	Mack Tru ks, Inc., com. (quar.) First and second preferred (quar.) Macy (R. H.) & Co., (quar.)	\$1.5 134	0 June 3	0 Holders of rec. June 17
America (Bank of) (quar.)	234	July June 3 July	1 *Holders of rec. June 15 0 Holders of rec. June 15 1 Holders of rec. June 17a	Manhattan Electrical Supply (quar.) Manhattan Shirt, pref. (quar.)	. \$1.2	5 July	Holders of rec. June 20 Holders of rec. June 18 Holders of rec. June 20
National City (quar.)	*3	July	Holders of rec. June 18a 1 *Holders of rec. June 18	Margay Oil (quar.) Marion Steam Shovel, com. (qu.) (No. 1 7% preferred (quar.) (No. 1)	75c.	July	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15
State (quar.)United States (Bank of) (quar.)	3	July	Holders of rec. June 17 Holders of rec. June 20a	Merchants & Miners Transportation (qu Merrimac Chemical (quar.) Midland Steel Products, com. (quar.)	- *\$1	July	0 *Holders of rec. June 15 0 Holders of rec. June 11 1 *Holders of rec. June 18
Trust Companies. Bankers (quar.) Europe (Bank of) Trust Co. (quar.)	5 234	July July	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 20	Common (extra) Preferred (quar.) Preferred (extra)	- 82	July	1 *Holders of rec. June 18 1 *Holders of rec. June 18 1 *Holders of rec. June 18
Fire Insurance.	- \$1.5	July	1 *Holders of rec. June 14	Mill Factors Corporation (quar.) Extra Morgan Lithograph, com. (quar.)	*\$1.2	5 July	Holders of rec. June 20 Holders of rec. June 20 *Holders of rec. June 20
Miscellaneous. Acme Road Machinery, pref. (quar.)	. 2	July	June 9 to June 30	Mount Vernon-Woodberry Mills, pref. Nat Dairy Prod Corp., n.stk. (qu.) (No.1 National Supply, pref. (quar.)	134	July June 3	*Holders of rec. June 15 1 *Holders of rec. June 22 0 Holders of rec. June 20
Aetna Rubber, common (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Air Reduction (quar.)	\$1.2	July July 5 July 1	1 *Holders of rec. June 15 1 *Holders of rec. June 15 5 Holders of rec. June 30	Nevada Consolidated Copper (quar.) Novade: Process Co., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	*25e. *50e.	July	1 *Holders of rec. June 20 1 *Holders of rec. June 20
Alberta Pacific Grain Co., Ltd., pf. (qu. Aloe (A. S.) Co., com. (quar.)	- 63c.	July	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 18 Holders of rec. June 18	Nunnally Company Oklahoma Natural Gas, pref. (quar.) Overman Cushion Tire, com. A & B (qu.	134 371/2	July July	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 24
Aluminum Co. of Amer., pret. (quar.) American Car & Foundry, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	\$1.5	0 July	1 *Holders of rec. June 15 1 Holders of rec. June 16 1 Holders of rec. June 16	Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Ovington Bros. Co., partic. preferred	134 40c.	July Oct. July	Holders of rec. June 24 Holders of rec. Sept. 24 Holders of rec. June 15
Amer. Cyanamid, com. A & B (quar.) Common A & B (extra) Preferred (quar.)	- 30c. 10c.	July July	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15	Parke Brothers (quar.) Penick & Ford, Ltd., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	25c.	June 3 July July	
American Express (quar.) Amer. La France Fire Eng., pref. (quar Amer. Wholesale Corp., pref. (quar.)	\$1.5	O July July	Holders of rec. June 16a Holders of rec. June 17 *Holders of rec. June 20	Penney (J. E.) Company, pref	- 31/2 75c.	June 3 July July	
Atlas Plywood (quar.)	- *\$1 *\$1	July 1	5 *Holders of rec. July 1 1 *Holders of rec. June 20 1 *Holders of rec. June 20	Pillsbury Flour Mills, com. (No. 1) Pittsburgh Plate Glass (quar.)	- 40c.	Sept. July July	*Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. June 15
Beatrice Creamery, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Berry Motor (quar.)	. 000.	July	1 *Holders of rec. June 20 1 Holders of rec. June 20	Price Bros. & Co., Ltd., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Reo Motor Car (quar.)	*156 *20c.	July	2 *Holders of rec. June 15 1 *Holders of rec. June 15
Brewers & Distillers (Canada) com Brunswick-Balke-Collender, pf. (quar.)	5	July J	*Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 30 Holders of rec. June 20	Richardson & Boynton Co., part. pf.(qu Royal Baking Powder, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	*2	June :	Holders of rec. June 15 30 *Holders of rec. June 15 30 *Holders of rec. June 15
Buckeye Incubator, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Budd Wheel, 7% 1st pref. (quar.)	134	July June 3	*Holders of rec. June 20 *Holders of rec. June 20 Holders of rec. June 10	Preferred (quar.) Safety Cable (quar.) Safeway Stores, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Safety Car Heat & Ltg. (quar.)	\$2.1 134	July July	16 Holders of rec. June 30a 1 Holders of rec. June 17 1 Holders of rec. June 17
Butte & Superior Mining (quar.) Canada Bread, preferred (quar.) Preferred B (quar.)	- *1% - *1%	July July	Holders of rec. June 17a *Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. June 15	St. Louis Rocky Mt. & Pac.Co., ccm.(qu Preferred (quar.)	1 1 1	June	1 *Holders of rec. June 15 30 Holders of rec. June 15 30 Holders of rec. June 15 4
Canada Steamship Lines, 6% pref. (qu Canadian General Electric, pref. (quar Canadian Locomotive, pref. (quar.)	134	July	2 Holders of rec. June 15 1 Holders of rec. June 15 1 Holders of rec. June 20	Salt Creek Consolidated Oil (quar.)	1 1 34	July July	1 Holders of rec. June 15 1 Holders of rec. June 15 1 Holders of rec. June 15
Central Aguirre Sugar (quar.) Extra Chandler-Cleveland Motors, pref. (qu	- \$1.d	July July c. July	Holders of rec. June 20 Holders of rec. June 20 Holders of rec. June 20	Convertible preferred (quar.)	-1 -1 24	July	1 *Holders of rec. June 24 1 Holders of rec. June 15 25 *Holders of rec. June 30
Chicago Electric Mfg., class A (quar.). Cluett, Peabody & Co., pref. (quar.). Commercial Credit, com. (quar.)	- 134	July	Holders of rec. June 21 Holders of rec. June 20 *Holders of rec. June 20	Singer Manufacturing (quar.) Extra Spicer Manufacturing, pref. (quar.)	*53		30 *Holders of rec. June 10 30 *Holders of rec. June 10 1 *Holders of rec. June 20
Seven per cent preferred (quar.) Preferred class B (quar.) 61/4% first preferred (quar.)	*43¾	June	*Holders of rec. June 20 *Holders of rec. June 20 *Holders of rec. June 20 *Holders of rec. June 20	Sprague-Selis Corp., class A (quar.) Swedish-Am. Inv. Corp., com. (qu.) (No.1) Participating preferred (quar.)	\$ 1.62	July	1 *Holders of rec. June 20 1 Holders of rec. June 15a 1 Holders of rec. June 15a
First preferred (quar.)	134	July	1 Holders of rec. June 15a 1 Holders of rec. June 15a 1 Holders of rec. June 15a	Timken Detroit Axle (quar.)	15c.	July	1 Holders of rec. June 20 1 Holders of rec. June 20 15 Holders of rec. June 24
6 % % first preferred (quar.)	.) \$1.	5 July 25 July	1 Holders of rec. June 150 5 Holders of rec. June 30	Torrington Co. (quar.)	- 700	25 July	1 *Holders of rec. June 17 1 *Holders of rec. June 17 1 Holders of rec. June 15
Crown Finance Corporation, com Preferred (quar.)	- 84	July	2 Holders of rec. June 15 2 Holders of rec. June 15	Traveler Shoe, com. (quar.) Truscon Steel, com. (quar.) U. S. Bobbin & Shuttle, com. (quar.)	\$1	June	15 *Holders of rec. July 5 30 Holders of rec. June 8
Crown-Willamette Paper, 1st pref. (qu Cuban Tobacco, com. (No. 1) Cuban Tobacco, Inc., preferred Devoe & Raynolds, com. A & B (quar.	- 151.	o June	Holders of rec. June 15	Preferred (quar.) United Shoe Machinery, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Utah Copper Co. (quar.)	3/2	c July	5 Holders of rec. June 14 5 Holders of rec. June 14
First and second preferred (quar.) Dome Mines, Ltd. (quar.)	25e.	July :	1 *Holders of rec. June 20 1 *Holders of rec. June 20 20 Holders of rec. June 30	Van Dorn Iron Works, pref. (quar.) Wahl Company, pref. (account accum.	*h13	50 June July July	1 *Holders of rec. June 23
		July June : July	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 20 Holders of rec. June 15	First preferred (quar.)	*75c	July Sc July	1 *Holders of rec. June 20 1 *Holders of rec. June 20 1 *Holders of rec. June 20
Dominion Stores (quar.) Donner Steel, Inc., prior preference Douglas (W. L.) Shoe, pref. (quar.) Dunham (Jas. H.) & Co., com. (quar.). First preferred (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) Eastern Steamship, pref. (quar.)	*13 *13 *13	July July July	1 *Holders of rec. June 17 1 *Holders of rec. June 17 1 *Holders of rec. June 17	Wesson Oil & Snowdrift Co., Inc., com. White Eagle Oil & Refining (quar.) Will & Baumer Candle, pref. (quar.)	*50c	July July July	1 Holders of rec. June 15 20 *Holders of rec. June 30 1 *Holders of rec. June 15
Second preferred (quar.) Eastern Steamship, pref. (quar.) First preferred (quar.) Electric Controller & Mfg., com. (qu.) Common (extra)	*871 *13	July July July	1 *Holders of rec. June 24 16 *Holders of rec. July 6 1 *Holders of rec. June 20	Willys-Overland Co., pref. (quar.) Wrigley (Wm.) Jr. Co. (monthly)	*1 % *25c.	Aug.	1 *Holders of rec. June 22 1 *Holders of rec. July 20 1 *Holders of rec. Aug. 20
Common (extra) Emerson Electric Mfg., pref. (quar.) Endicott-Johnson Corp., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	*25c	July July 25 July	1 *Holders of rec. June 20 1 Holders of rec. June 20 1 *Holders of rec. June 20	Monthly	*25c	Nov.	1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 1 *Holders of rec. Oct. 20 1 *Holders of rec. Nov. 20
Preferred (quar.)	-1 *13	July	1 *Holders of rec. June 20	Yellow Truck & Coach, pref. (quar.)	*13	July	1 *Holders of rec. June 20

Below we give the dividends announced in previous weeks and not yet paid. This list does not include dividends announced this week, these being given in the preceding table.

	Per	When	Books Closed.	PreferredLouisville Gas & Elec.
Name of Company.	Cent.	Payable.	Days Inclusive.	Mackay Companies, cor
Railroads (Steam). Alabama Great Southern, ordinary	314	June 28	Holders of rec. May 24	Preferred (quar.) Manhattan Ry., mod. s Memphis Power & Light
Ordinary (extra)	3 14	June 28 Aug. 15	Holders of rec. May 24 Holders of rec. July 11	Milwaukee El. Ry. & Lt
Preferred (extra)	3	Aug. 15 June 30	Holders of rec. July 11 Holders of rec. June 20	Montana Power Co., ec
Atlantic Coast Line RR., com	316	July 11 July 11	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a	*Preferred (quar.) Mountain States Power National Electric Power
Preferred (quar.)	1 %	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 3a Holders of rec. June 3a	National Power & Light National Public Service
Boston & Albany (quar.) Boston Revere Beach & Lynn (quar.)		June 30 July 1	Holders of rec. May 31a Holders of rec. June 15a	New England Pub. Serv Prior lien preferred (q
Buffalo & Susquehanna, pref Canadian Pacific, com (quar.)	215	June 30 June 30	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 1a	New England Telep. & New York Telephone, p
Chesapeake & Ohlo, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	314	July 1 July 1 June 25	Holders of rec. June 8a Holders of rec. June 8a	New York Water Service Niagara Falls Power, co
Chicago Burlington & Quincy	5 4 2	June 25 June 30	Holders of rec. June 18a Holders of rec. June 11	Preferred (quar.) Niagara Lockp. & Ont.
Chicago & North Western, common Preferred	316	June 30 June 30	Holders of rec. June 1a Holders of rec. June 1a	North American Co., co
Chic. R. I. & Pacific, common (quar.) Seven per cent preferred Six per cent preferred		June 30 June 30	Holders of rec. June 3a Holders of rec. June 3a Holders of rec. June 3a	Six per cent preferred Nor. Am. Util. Sec. Cor
Colorado Southern, first preferred Consolidated RRs. of Cuba, pref. (quar.)	2	June 30 July 1	June 19 to June 30 Holders of rec. June 10a	Northeastern Power Cor Class A (quar.)
Cuba Railroad, common		June 28 June 20	Holders of rec. June 28a Holders of rec. May 28a	Northern Ohio Pr. & Lt. Seven per cent prefern Northern Ontario Light
Fonda Johnstown & Gloversv., pf. (qu.) Gulf Mobile & Northern, pref. (quar.)	11/2	June 15 July 1	Holders of rec. June 10a Holders of rec. June 15a	Northwestern Telegraph Oklahoma Gas & Elec.,
Hocking Valley, com. (quar.)		June 30 June 30	Holders of rec. June 8a June 19 to June 30	Ottawa & Hull Power,
Lehigh Valley, common (quar.)	87 1/2 C	July 1	Holders of rec. June 11a Holders of rec. June 11a	Penn Central Light & P PennOhio Pow. & Lt.,
Maine Central, com. (quar.) Mobile & Birmingham, preferred	1 2	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15 June 2 to June 30	Seven per cent prefer 7.2% preferred (mont
N. Y. Chicago & St. Louis, com. (quar.) Common (in Chesapea e Corp. stock)	23/4	July 1	Holders of rec. May 16a Holders of rec. May (†)31	7.2% preferred (mont 6.6% preferred (mont
Preferred (quar.)	1 1/2	July 1 June 18	Holders of rec. May 16a Holders of rec. May 31a	6.6% preferred (mont
Northern Securities	11/2	July 11 July 1	June 25 to July 11 Holders of rec. June 14a	Penna. Water & Pow., r Peoples Gas Co., (N. J. Philadelphia Electric (c
yCommon (in common stock) Prior preference (quar.)	f20 114	Oct. 1 Aug. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 7a Holders of rec. July 14a	Philadelphia Electric (or Power Corporation of Corpublic Serv. Corp. of N
Five per cent preferred (quar.)	1 1/4	Aug. 1 July 1	Holders of rec. July 14a Holders of rec. June 10a	Six per cent preferred Seven per cent prefer
Preferred (quar.)	50c.	July 5 July 14	Holders of rec. June 20a	Eight per cent prefer Pub. Serv. Elec. & Gas,
Common (extra)	25c.	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 8a Holders of rec. June 8a	Six per cent preferred Radio Corp. of America,
Preferred (quar.)	136	Aug. 1 Nov. 1	Holders of rec. July 15a Holders of rec. Oct. 15a	Preferred A (quar.) Roanoke Gas Light, pre
St. Louis Southwestern, pref. (quar.) Southern Pacific Co. (quar.)	1 136	June 30 July 1	Holders of rec. June 11a Holders of rec. May 27a	San Joaquin Light & Po Preferred series B (qu
Union Pacific, common (quar.)	1 1 1	July 1 June 30	Holders of rec. June 1a Holders of rec. June 20	Prior preferred (quar.) Prior preferred series
Public Utilities.				Second & 3d Sts. Pass. I Shawinigan Water & Po
Amer. & Foreign Power—	43%c	Tuly 1	Holders of see June 15	Southern Calif. Edison, a Series B preferred (qu
Preferred allot. ctfs. 25% paid (qu.) Preferred (quar.)	134 25c.	July 1	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 11	Southern Canada Power Southern Colorado Power
Amer. Gas & Elec., common (quar.) Common (payable in common stock)	(l) \$1.50	July 1 July 1 Aug. 1	Holders of rec. June 11 Holders of rec. July 9	Southern Gas & Power. Southern N. E. Telep.,
Amer. Light & Trac., com.(pay.in.com.). Amer. Public Service Co., pref. (quar.).	/50 134	June 20 July 1	June 19 to June 30 Holders of rec. June 15	Southwestern Gas & Ele Eight per cent prefer
Am. Superpower Corp., com. A & B (qu.) First preferred (quar.)	30c. \$1.50	July 1	Holders of rec. June 1 Holders of rec. June 1	Standard Gas & Electric Standard Gas Light, Ne
American Telep. & Teleg. (quar.) Arkansas Natural Gas (quar.)	214	July 15	Holders of rec. June 20a Holders of rec. June 15a	Tennessee Elec. Power
Arkansas Power & Light, \$7 pref. (qu.) . Associated Telep. Util., prior pref. (qu.)	\$1.75	July 1 June 15	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. May 31	Seven per cent first p 7.2 per cent first pref Six per cent first pref.
Sangor Hydro-Elec., 7% pref. (quar.) Six per cent preferred (quar.)	134	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 10 Holders of rec. June 10	7.2 per cent first pref. Twin City Rap. Tran.,
Barcelona Tr., L. & Pow., ordinary Bell Telephone of Canada (quar.)	50c.	June 30 July 15	Holders of rec. June 21a Holders of rec. June 23	Preferred (quar.)
Bell Telep. of Penna., pref. (quar.) Birmingham Electric Co., \$7 pref. (qu.).	\$1.75	July 15 July 1	Holders of rec. June 20a Holders of rec. June 15	Union Traction, Philade United Light & Power,
\$6 preferred (quar.) Boston Elevated Ry., com. (quar.)	11/2	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 10a	Preferred A (quar.) Preferred B (quar.)
Preferred	3 1/2	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 10a Holders of rec. June 10a	Utah Power & Light, \$7 \$6 preferred (quar.)
Brazilian Trac., Lt. & Pow., pref. (qu.). Brooklyn Union Gas (quar.	\$1.25		Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 9a	Utilities Power & Light, Class B (quar.)
Canada Northern Power, pref. (quar.) Central III. Public Serv., pref. (quar.)	\$1.50	July 15 July 15	Holders of rec. June 30 Holders of rec. June 30a	Preferred (quar.) Virginia Electric & Powe
Cleveland Railway, com. (var.)	134	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 13 Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15	Seven per cent prefer Washington Water Pr
Six per cent preferred (quar.)	\$1.25	July 1 Aug. 15	Holders of rec. July 20a	West Penn Electric Co., West Penn Power Co., 7
Preferred (quar.)	62 15c		Holders of rec. June 15a	West Penn Rys., pref.
Eight per cent pref., series A (quar.) Seven per cent pref., series B (quar.)	134	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a	(2) West Philadelphia P Winnipeg Electric Co.,
61/4 % preferred, series C (quar.) Six per cent preferred, series D (quar.)		July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a	Wisconsin Power & Ligh Wisconsin Public Serv. 6
Consolidated Gas, New York, com. (qu.) Preferred (quar.) Consumers Power, 6% pref. (quar.)	\$1.25	Aug. 1 July 1	Holders of rec. May 10a Holders of rec. June 30a Holders of rec. June 16	Seven per cent pref. (
6.6% preferred (quar.) Seven per cent preferred (quar.)	1.65 1.65	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15	Chase National (quar.)
Six per cent preferred (monthly) 6.6% preferred (monthly)	50c.	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15	Chase Securities Corp. (Chatham & Phenix Bank
(2) Continental Passenger Ry., Phila Detroit Edison Co. (quar.)	\$3	June 30 July 15	Holders of rec. May 31a Holders of rec. June 20a	Chelsea Exchange (quar Commerce (National Ba
Diamond State Telep., pref. (quar.) Duquesne Light, 1st pref., series A (qu.) _	156	July 15 June 15	Holders of rec. June 20a Holders of rec. May 14a	Public Nat. Bank & Tr Seaboard National (qua
East Kootenay Power, pref. (quar.) Eastern Texas Electric Co., pref. (quar.)	134	June 15 July 1	Holders of rec. May 31 Holders of rec. June 64	Standard Bank (quar.). Standard National Corp
Electric Light & Pow. Co. of Abington & Rockland (quar.)	50c.	July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a	Preferred (quar.)
Elec. Pow. & Lt. aliot. ctfs. full pd. (qu.) Allotment ctfs. 40% paid (quar.)	134 70c.	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15	Denver
Preferred (quar.) Empire Gas & Fuel, 8% pf. (m'thly)	\$1.75 66 2-3c	July 1 July 1	*Holders of rec. June 15a *Holders of rec. June 15	Equitable (quar.)
Seven per cent preferred (quar.) Engineers Public Service, pref. (quar.)	58 1-3c \$1.75	July 1	*Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 6a	Guaranty (quar.) United States (quar.)
Federal Light & Traction, com.(quar.) Com. (in com. stk. [1-100 of a share])	20c.	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 13a Holders of rec. June 13a	Extra
Foshay (W. B.) Co., com. (monthly) Seven per cent preferred (monthly)	58c.	June 10 June 10	Holders of rec. May 31 Holders of rec. May 31	North River
Eight per cent preferred (monthly) Frankford & Southwark Pass. Ry. (qu.)			Holders of rec. May 31 June 2 to June 30	Miscellane
General Gas & Elec. Corp., com. A (qu.) \$8 preferred class A (quar.)	371/20 \$2	July 1	Holders of rec. June 11a Holders of rec. June 11a	Adams Express (quar.)
\$7 preferred class A (quar.)	\$1.75	July 1	Holders of rec. June 11a Holders of rec. June 11a	Adams Royalty (quar.) Allied Chemical & Dye
illinois Bell Telephone (quar.) Illinois Power, 6% preferred (quar.)	11/2	June 30 July 1	Holders of rec. June 29a Holders of rec. June 15	Aluminum Manufacture Common (quar.)
Seven per cent preferred (quar.)	1 1 24	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 6a	Amalgamated Laundrie
Interstate Power Co., pref. (quar.)	\$1.70	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 6	Preferred (monthly)
Jamaica Public Service, ; ref. (quar.) Kansas City Pow. & Lt. 1st pf. A (quar.)	\$1.75	July 1	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 14a	Preferred (monthly)
Kentucky Hydro-Elec Co., pref. (quar.)		June 20	Holders of rec. May 31a	Preferred (monthly)

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable	Books Closed. Days Inclusive
Public Utilities (Concluded). Laclede Gas Light, com. (quar.)	3	June 1	Holders of rec. June 1s
PreferredLouisville Gas & Elec., class A (quar.)	214	June 1. June 2.	Holders of rec. June 1a
Mackey Companies common (quar.)	1%	July July	Holders of rec. June 4a
Preferred (quar.) Manhattan Ry., mod. guar. (quar.) Memphis Power & Light, pref. (quar.).	1 1/4 \$1.75	July 1	Holders of rec. June 10s Holders of rec. June 18
Middle West Utilities, prior lien (qu.) Milwaukee El. Ry. & Lt., 6% pref. (qu.)	136	June 14	Holders of rec. May 31 Holders of rec. July 20s
Montana Power Co., com. (quar.)	134	July 1	Holders of rec. June 10a Holders of rec. June 30a
Mountain States Power, pref. (quar.) National Electric Power, pref. (quar.)	*134	July 20 July 1	*Holders of rec. June 20
National Power & Light, pref. (quar.) National Public Service Corp., cl. A(qu.)	\$1.75 40c.	June 15	Holders of rec. May 27a
New England Pub. Serv., com. (quar.) Prior lien preferred (quar.)		June 30	Holders of rec. May 31s
New England Telep. & Teleg. (quar.) New York Telephone, pref. (quar.) New York Water Service Corp., pf. (qu.)	2 1% \$1.50	June 30 July 15 June 15	Holders of rec. June 200
Niagara Falls Power, com. (quar.)	60c 43%c	June 30	Holders of rec June 15a
Preferred (quar.)	75c.	June 30 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15
Seven per cent preferred (quar.) North American Co., com. (quar.) Six per cent preferred (quar.)	12½ 75c.	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 6a
Nor. Am. Util. Sec. Corp., 1st pf. (qu.). Northeastern Power Corp., com. (No. 1)	\$1.50 15c.	June 15 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a
Northern Ohio Pr. & Lt., 6% pref. (qu.).	\$1.50	July 1	Holders of rec. June 15
Seven per cent preferred (quar.) Northern Ontario Light & Power, pref.	*3	July 25	*Holders of rec. June 30
Northwestern Telegraph Co. Oklahoma Gas & Elec., pref. (quar.)	134	July 1 June 15	Holders of rec. May 31
Ottawa & Hull Power, pref. (quar.) Ottawa Montreal Power, pref. (quar.)	1¾ 1¾ \$1.25	June 15 July 15 July 1	
Penn Central Light & Pow., pref. (qu.)_ PennOhio Pow. & Lt., 8% pref. (qu.)_ Seven per cent preferred (quar.)	2	Aug. 2 Aug. 1	Holders of rec. July 20
7.2% preferred (monthly)	60c.	July 1 Aug. 1	Holders of ree Tune 90
6.6% preferred (monthly)	55c. 55c.	July 1 Aug. 1	Holders of rec. June 20 Holders of rec. July 28
Penna. Water & Pow., new stock (quar.) Peoples Gas Co., (N. J.) preferred	50c.	July 1	Holders of rec. June 17a Holders of rec. June 15
Philadelphia Electric (quar.) Power Corporation of Canada, pref.(qu.)	50c. 1⅓	June 15 July 15	
Public Serv. Corp. of N. J., com. (quar.) Six per cent preferred (monthly)	50c.	June 30 June 30	
Seven per cent preferred (quar.) Eight per cent preferred (quar.)	11/4	June 30 June 30	Holders of rec. June 3a Holders of rec. June 3a
Pub. Serv. Elec. & Gas, 7% pref. (quar.) Six per cent preferred (quar.)		June 30	Holders of rec. June 3a
Radio Corp. of America, pref. A (quar.). Preferred A (quar.)	87 1/4 c 87 1/4 c	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 1
Roanoke Gas Light, preferred	31/4	July 1 June 15	Holders of rec. May 31a
Prior preferred (quar.) Prior preferred series A (quar.)	1 1/4 1 1/4 1 1/4	June 15	Holders of rec. May 31a
Second & 3d Sts. Pass. Ry., Phila. (qu.) Shawinigan Water & Power (quar.)	\$3 50c.	June 15 July 1 July 11	June 2 to June 30
Southern Calif. Edison, ser A pref. (qu.) - Series B preferred (quar.)	43%c.	June 15 June 15	Holders of rec. May 20
Southern Canada Power, pref. (quar.) Southern Colorado Power, pref. (quar.)	136	July 15 June 15	Holders of rec. June 25a
Southern Gas & Power. class A (quar.) Southern N. E. Telep., com. (quar.)	k43 ¾ c 2	June 15 July 15	*Holders of rec. May 25
Southwestern Gas & Elec., pref. (quar.) Eight per cent preferred (quar.)	*134	July 1 July 1	*Holders of rec. June 15
Standard Gas & Electric, 8% pref. (qu.) - Standard Gas Light, New York, com	\$1 2	June 30	Holders of rec. June 18
Preferred Tennessee Elec. Power 6% 1st pf. (qu.) Seven per cent first pref. quar.)	11/2	June 30 July 1	Holders of rec. June 18 Holders of rec. June 15
7.2 per cent first pref. (quar.)	1.80 50c	July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1	
7.2 per cent first pref. (quar.) Six per cent first pref. (monthly) 7.2 per cent first pref. (monthly) Twin City Rap. Tran., Minneap. (qu.)	60c.	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15
Preferred (quar.) (2) Union Passenger Railway, Phila		July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a
United Light & Power, com. A & B (qu.)	12c.	July 1 Aug. 1	Holders of rec. June 9a Holders of rec. July 15
Preferred A (quar.)	\$1.62 \$1	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15
S6 preferred (quar.)	\$1.75	July 1 July 1	
Utilities Power & Light, class A (quar.). Class B (quar.)	z25c.	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 46a Holders of rec. June 46a
Preferred (quar.) Virginia Electric & Power, 6% pref. (qu.) Seven per cent preferred (quar.)	134	July 1 June 20	Holders of rec. May 31a
Washington Water Pr. Snokane (on)	1 5 6	June 20 June 15 June 30	Holders of rec. May 31d Holders of rec. May 25c
West Penn Electric Co., class A (quar.). West Penn Power Co., 7% pref. (quar.). Six per cent preferred (quar.).	1% 1% 1%		Holders of rec. July 5a
West Penn Rys., pref. (quar.)	136	June 15 July 1	. Holders of rec. May 25
Winnipeg Electric Co., pref. (quar.) —— Wisconsin Power & Light, pref. (quar.) ——	134	July 1 June 15	Holders of rec. June 6
Wisconsin Public Serv. 6 1/2% pref. (qu.). Seven per cent pref. (quar.)	1%	June 20 June 20	Holders of rec. May 31
Banks.			
Chase National (quar.) Chase Securities Corp. (quar.)	\$1	July 1 July 1	Traldens of mer Tune 19a
Chatham & Phenix Bank & Trust (quar.) Chelsea Exchange (quar.) Commerce (National Bank of) (quar.)	2	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 17a
Public Nat. Bank & Trust Co. (quar.) Seaboard National (quar.)	4	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 176 Holders of rec. June 26
Standard Bank (quar.) Standard National Corp., com. (quar.)	3 3	July 1 July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 25a
Preferred (quar.)	1%	July 1	Holders of rec. June_25a
Joint Stock Land Bank. Denver		July 1	Holders of rec. June 25a
Trust Companies			
Equitable (quar.) Guaranty (quar.) United States (quar.)	3	June 30 June 30	Holders of rec. June 17
United States (quar.)	12½ \$10	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 200
Fire Insurance.	e1 0*	Turne 11	
Miscellaneous,	\$1.25	June 15	June 11 to June 14
Adams Evares (quer)	\$1.50	June 30	Holders of rec. June 15a
Allied Chemical & Dye Corp., pref. (qu.)	50c.	July I	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 10a *Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Aluminum Manufactures, com. (quar.) - Common (quar.) - Common (quar.) -	*50c.	June 30 Sept. 30	*Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Amagamated Lamdries aref (mthly)	580	July	Holders of rec. June 15
Preferred (monthly) Preferred (monthly) Preferred (monthly)	*58c.	Clamb 1	*Holders of rec. July 15 *Holders of rec. Aug. 1
Preferred (monthly) Preferred (monthly) Preferred (monthly)	*58c.	Nov.	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Freierred (monthly)	*58c.	Dec.	*Holders of rec. Nov. 15

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed. Days Inclusive.	Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable,	Books Closed, Days Inclusies,
Miscellaneous (Continued). Amaigamated Laundries (Concluded)— Preferred (monthly)	*58c.	Jan 2'28	*Holders of rec. Dec. 15	Miscellaneous (Continued). Chicago Mill & Lumber, pref. (quar.) Chicago Yellow Cab Co. (monthly)	1%	July 1	Holders of rec. June 22a
Preferred (monthly)	*58c. *58c.	Feb 1'28 M'r1'28	*Holders of rec.Jan.15'28 *Hold. of rec. Feb. 15'28	Monthly	33 1-3c	Aug 1	Holders of rec. June 30s Holders of rec. July 20s Holders of rec. Aug. 19s
Preferred (monthly) Preferred (monthly) Preferred (monthly)	*58c. *58c. *58c.	M'y1'28	*Hold. of rec. Mar.15 '28 *Hold. of rec. Apr.15'28 *Hold. of rec. May 15 '28	Common (payable in no par com. stk.)	n	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. May 27a Holders of rec. Aug. 26a
American Art Works, com. & pref. (qu.). American Bank Note, com. (quar.)	1 1/2 50c.	July 15 July 1	Holders of rec. June 30 Holders of rec. June 13a	Common (payable in no par com. stk.) Chile Copper Co. (quar.) Chrysler Corporation, com. (quar.)	62 1/5 c 75 c	June 30 June 30	Holders of rec. Nov 25c Holders of rec. June 3c Holders of rec. June 15c
Preferred (quar.) American Can, pref. (quar.) American Chain, preferred (quar.)	75c. 134	July 1 July 1 dJul 1	Holders of rec. June 13a Holders of rec. June 16a June 21 to June 30-	Preferred A (quar.) Preferred A (quar.) Preferred A (,uar.)	\$2 \$2	June 30 Sept. 30	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a
American Chicle, common (quar.)	75c.	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a	Common (payable in common stock).	*14	Jan 3'28 July 1 July 1	*Holders of rec. Dec. 156 *Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. June 15
Prior preferred (quar.) Six per cent preferred (quar.) American Cigar, preferred (quar.) American Druggista Syndicate.		July 1 July 1 June 30	*Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15a	Preferred and preferred BB (monthly) Preferred B (monthly) City Ice & Fuel (quar)	*16 *5c.	July 1 July 1	*Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. June 15
American Home Products (monthly) American Locomotive, common (quar.)	20c.	July 1 June 30	Holders of rec. June 14a Holders of rec. June 13a	Preferred (quar.)	50e. 21/4 13/4	Sept. 1 July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. Aug 10a Holders of rec. June 27a Holders of rec. June 27
Preferred (quar.) American Mig. Co., com. (quar.) Common (quar.)	156	June 30 July 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. June 13a Holders of rec. June 16a Holders of rec. Sept. 16a	Cleveland Stone (quar.) Extra Quarterly	50c. 25c.	June 15 June 15	Holders of rec. June 50 Holders of rec. June 50
Preferred (quar.)	11%	Dec. 31 July 1	Holders of rec. Dec. 16a Holders of rec. June 16a	Coca-Cola International (quar.)	\$1.25 \$2.50	Sept. 15 July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 5a Holders of rec. June 11a Holders of rec. June 11a
Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) American Piano, new com. (quar.)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Oct. 1 Dec. 31 July 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 16a Holders of rec. Dec. 16a Holders of rec. June 15	Coit's Patent Fire Arms Mfg. (quar.) Commercial Solvents class B (quar.) Conde Nast Publications, Inc. (No. 1)	50c. \$2 *50c.	June 30 July 1	Holders of rec. June 11a Holders of rec. June 20a *Holders of rec. June 17
American Radiator, com. (quar.)	\$1.25	July 1 June 30	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a	Congress Cigar (quar.)	*134		Holders of rec. June 14a *Holders of rec. July 20
Amer Railway Express (quar.) Amer. Rolling Mill, com. (quar.) Common (payable in common stock).	50c.	June 30 July 15 July 30	Holders of ree June 30a	Continental Baking, com., class A (qu.) Preferred (quar.) Continental Can, Inc., pref. (quar.)	\$1 2 134	July 1 July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 13a Holders of rec. June 13a Holders of rec. June 20a
American Safety Razor, com. (quar.)	1 % 75c.	July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 10a	Continental Oil (quar.) Cooksville Shale Brick, pref. (quar.)	25c.	June 15 June 15	Holders of rec. May 14a Holders of rec. May 31a
American Seating, com. (quar.)	75c	July 1 July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 10a Holders of rec. June 20a Holders of rec. June 20a	Cooper Corporation, common (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Cosgrave Export Brewery (quar.)	\$1.871	July 15 June 15 June 15	June 2 to June 15
American Snuff, com. (quar.)	25c	Oct. I	Holders of rec. Sept 20a Holders of rec. June 10a	Preferred (quar.)	1%	July 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. June 27a Holders of rec. Sept. 28a
Preferred (quar.) Amer. Steel Foundries, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	. 75c.	July 13 June 30		Coty Inc. (quar.) Crane Company, common (quar.)	\$1.25	June 30 June 15	Holders of rec. June 15a
American Stores (quar.)	50c	July 1	June 16 to July 1 Holders of rec. June 1a	Preferred (quar.) Crucible Steel, pref. (quar.)	134	June 15 June 30	Holders of rec. June 1a Holders of rec. June 15a
Preferred (quar.) American Thread, preferred American Tobacco, pref. (quar.)	12 1/2 C	July 1 July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 1a Holders of rec. May 31a Holders of rec. June 10a	Cuban-American Sugar, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Cumberland Pipe Line (quar.)	134	July 1 July 1 June 18	Holders of rec. June 40
Armour & Co. (III.), pref. (quar.) Armour & Co. of Delaware, pref. (quar.)	134	July July	Holders of rec. June 10a Holders of rec. June 10a	Curie Clothing, pref. (quar.)	. 81	June 18	Holders of rec. June 1
Armstrong Cork, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Arthom Corporation, co n. (quar.)	134	July July July	June 19 to July 1 June 19 to July 1 Holders of rec. June 17a	Cushman's Sons, Inc.— Common (payable in \$8 pref. stock) Davis Mills (quar.)	151.5	Sept. 1	
Associated Dry Goods, com. (quar.)	11/2	Aug. Sept.	Holders of rec. July 9a Holders of rec. Aug. 13	Decker (Alfred) & Cohn, com. (quar.) Derk Manufacturing, pref. (quar.)	. 2	June 18	Holders of rec. June 4a June 2 to June 14
Associated Oil (quar.) Extra	50c.	Sept. June 2: June 2:		Detroit & Cleveland Navigation (quar.) Ulamond Match (quar.) Dominion Glass, com. and pref. (quar.)	. 2	July June 18	Holders of rec. May 31a
Atlantic Refining, common Atlantic Terra Cotta, pref. (quar.) Autocar Co., preferred (quar.)	1 1%	June 1	Holders of rec. May 21a Holders of rec. June 6	Preferred (quar.)	\$1.25	July 1	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 30
Autosales Corp., pref. (quar.)	\$1.50	June 1. June 30 July	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 20a	Douglas-Pectin Corp. (quar.) Extra Draper Corporation (quar.)	25c.	June 30 July	
Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	134	Oct. Jani '2 Apri'2		Du Pont (E. I.) de Nem. & Co.,com.(qu	*31/2	July June 18	Holders of rec. June 1a
Preferred (quar.)	25e.	July July	Holders of rec. June 20 Holders of rec. June 20a	Common (extra) Debenture stock (quar.) Eagle-Picher Lead, com. (quar.)	11/2	July 25	Holders of rec. July 9a
Baldwin Locomotive, com. and pref Bamberger (L.) & Co., pref. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	3 156 1 156	Sept.	Holders of rec. June 4a Holders of rec. Aug. 13a Holders of rec. Nov. 12a	Preferred (quar.)	40c.	July 13	Holders of rec. Nov. 15a Holders of rec. June 30a Holders of rec. Sept. 30a
Bankers Capital Corp., pref. (quar.)	\$2	July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 30	Eagle-Picher Lead, com. (quar.) Common (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Early & Daniels, common (quar.) Common (extra) Common (extra) Common (quar.) Common (quar.) Common (quar.) Common (quar.)	6236	Jan15'2	8 Holders of rec. Dec. 31 Holders of rec. June 20s Holders of rec. June 20s
Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Barnsdall Corp., class A and B (quar.)	- \$2	Oct. 1. Jani6'2 July 1.	8 Holders of rec. Dec. 31	Common (extra) Common (extra)	25c.	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 20s
Beech-Nut Packing, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Belding Corticelli, preferred (quar.)	600	July 1	Holders of rec. June 25a Holders of rec. July 1a	Common (quar.)	62 14 25c.	Jan 1'28 Jan 1'28	Holders of rec. Dec. 20s Holders of rec. Dec. 20s
Belding Heminway Co., common (quar.) Belgo Canadian Paper, common (quar.)	50c.	June 1. July July 1:	Holders of rcc. June 20a	Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	\$1.7	5 July 5 Oct. 5 Jan 1'28	Holders of rec. June 20a Holders of rec. Sept. 20a Holders of rec. Dec. 20a
Preferred (quar.) Bendix Corporation, class A (quar.)	_ 50c.	July	Holders of rec. June 3 Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 3a	Eastman Kodak, com. (quar.)	- 31.2. 75e.	July July July	Holders of rec. May 31a Holders of rec. May 31a Holders of rec. May 31a
Bethlehem Steel, preferred (quar.) Block Bros. Tobacco, common (quar.) Common (quar.)	- 37 360	Nov. 1	5 Holders of rec. Aug. 10 5 Holders of rec. Nov. 10	Preferred (quar.) Elsenlohr (Otto) & Bros., Inc., pf. (qu. Electric Storage Batt., com. & pf. (qu.) Electric Vacuum Cleaner, com. (quar.)	134	July July	Holders of rec. June 20a Holders of rec. June 6a
Preferred (quar.)	11%	Sept. 3 Dec. 3	0 Holders of rec. Sept. 25	Electric Vacuum Cleaner, com. (quar.) Common (extra)	- \$1	June 30 July June 30	Holders of rec. June 20
Preferred (quar.) Bon Ami Co., com. "A" (quar.) Common "B" Borg & Beck (quar.)	\$1 50c.	July 3 July	Holders of rec. July 15 Holders of rec. June 15	Second preferred	3 1/2	July 1	5 July 4 to July 14 5 July 4 to July 14
Boston Wharf	- 0	June 3		Emporium Corporation (quar.) Equitable Office Bidg., common (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	- \$1.7	June 24 July July	Holders of rec. June 15
Preferred Brandram-Henderson Ltd., pref. (quar.	3	June 1	5 Holders of rec. June 1 2 Holders of rec. June 1	Eureka Vacuum Cleaner— Common (payable in common stock)	- 18	Aug.	Holders of ree. July 20a
Brill Mfg., class "A" (quar.) British American Oll (quar.) British-Amer. Tob., ordinary (interim)	_ 20c.	July July June 3	Holders of rec. June 15a June 12 to July 3 Holders of coup.No. 118	Ewa Piantation Co. (extra) Fairbanks, Morse & Co., com. (quar.) Fair (The), common (monthly)	_ 75c.	June 3	O Holders of rec. June 15a
British Columbia Fishing, com. (quar.) Common (quar.) Common (quar.)	. \$1.2	5 Sept. 1 5 Dec. 1 5 3-10-'2	0 Holders of rec. Aug. 31 0 Holders of rec. Nov. 30	Common (monthly) Preferred (quar.) Fanny Farmer Candy Shops, pf. (qu.)	_ 20c.	Aug.	Holders of rec. July 21a Holders of rec. July 21a Holders of rec. June 15
Preferred (quar.)	1 1 1	Sept. 1 Dec. 1	0 Holders of rec. Aug. 31 0 Holders of rec. Nov. 30	Federal Mining & Smelt., pref. (quar.) Federal Motor Truck (quar.)	200.	June 1 July	5 Holders of rec. May 25a 1 Holders of rec. June 18
Preferred (quar.) Buckeye Pipe Line (quar.) Bucyrus Company, com. (quar.)	- 1% - \$1 - 75c.	3-10-'2 June 1 July		Stock dividend. Fidelity & Financial Corp., com. (quar.	*10c.	June 1	5 *Holders of rec. June 18 5 *Holders of rec. May 31 5 *Holders of rec. May 31
Preferred (quar.) Burns Brothers, preferred (quar.) Prior preferred (quar.) Burroughs Adding Machine, special	134	July	Holders of rec. June 20 Holders of rec. June 13a	Preferred (quar.) Fifth Avenue Bus Securities (quar.) Financial Invest. Co. of N.Y., com.(qu.) 30c.	July 1 July	6 Holders of rec. July 2a 1 Holders of rec. June 4
Burroughs Adding Machine, special Bush Terminal, preferred	- \$1 \$1 3		Holders of rec. July 15a 0 Holders of rec. May 27a 5 Holders of rec. June 30a	First Nat. Pictures, 1st pref. (quar.) First National Stores, com. (quar.) First preferred (quar.)	- 37 1/2		1 Holders of rec. June 13a 1 Holders of rec. June 11a 1 Holders of rec. June 11
Debenture preferred (quar.)	134	July 1 July	5 Holders of rec. June 30a 1 Holders of rec. June 17a	Preferred (quar.)	- *20c. - 75c.	July	1 *Holders of rec. June 11 Holders of rec. June 13a
Byers (A. M.) Co., preferred (quar.) By-Products Coke Corp., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	_ 50c.	June 2	1 Holders of rec. July 15a 0 Holders of rec. June 6a 1 *Holders of rec. June 20	Foote Bros. Gear & Machcom. (qu.). Common (quar.)	_ 30c.	July Oct. Jan 1'2	1 June 21 to June 30 1 Sept. 21 to Sept. 30 8 Dec. 21 to Dec. 30
California Packing (quar.)Calumet & Arizona Mining (quar.)	- \$1 - \$1.5	June 1 June 2	5 Holders of rec. May 314 0 Holders of rec. June 34	Preferred (quar.)	134	Oct.	1 June 21 to June 30 1 Sept. 21 to Sept. 30 8 Dec. 21 to Dec. 30
Calumet & Hecla Consol. Copper (quar Canadian Westinghouse	_ e30c.	June 3		Forhan Company, com, (quar.)	_ 25	c. July	1 Holders of rec. June 15a 1 Holders of rec. June 15a
Common (quar.)	136	Sept. 3 Dec. 3 June 3	0 Sept. 21 to Oct. 4 1 Dec. 21 to Jan. 4	Class A (quar.) Formica Insulation (quar.) Extra Quarterly Extra	25c. 10c. 25c.	July July	1 Holders of rec. June 15 1 Holders of rec. June 15 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Carter (William) Co., preferred (quar.)	- 174	Sept. 3 Dec. 3	0 Sept. 21 to Oct. 4 1 Dec. 21 to Jan. 4	Qual telly		Oct. Jan1'2	1 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 8 Holders of rec. Dec. 15
Case (J. I.) Thresh. Mach., com. (qu.).	- 1 159	July		Foundation Co. (quar.)	- 10c.	25 June 1	5 Holders of rec. June 1a 5 Holders of rec. May 31
Preferred (quar.) Celanese Corp. of Amer., 1st partic. pre First partic. pf. (acct. accum. div.)	- h31/2	June 3 June 3	0 Holders of rec. June 15 0 Holders of rec. June 15	French (Fred F.) Security Co., pref Gabriel Snubber Mfg., com. A & B (qu	.) 87 1/2	June 1 c July	5 Holders of rec. May 31 1 Holders of rec. June 13a
Celotex Co.,com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Central Alloy Steel, com. (quar.)	*75c. *134 50c.	July	1 *Holders of rec. June 15 1 *Holders of rec. June 15 0 Holders of rec. June 25a	Gamewell Company, common (quar.). General Cigar, debenture pref. (quar.). General Electric (quar.).	- 1%	July July 2	1 Holders of rec. June 24a 9 Holders of rec. June 17a
Century Electric Co., com. (quar.)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	July June 2	1 Holders of rec. June 13a 2 Holders of rec. June 15a	Extra. Special stock (quar.)	- \$1 - 15c.	July 2 July 2 June 1	9 Holders of rec. June 17a 9 Holders of rec. June 17a
Preferred (quar.) Certain-teed Products Corp., com. (qu First and second preferred (quar.)) 81	July	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a	General Motors Corp., common (quar.) Common (extra) Six per cent preferred (quar.)	\$2 114	July Aug.	5 Holders of rec. May 21a 1 Holders of rec. July 5a
First and second preferred (quar.) Chesebrough Mfg. Cons. (quar.) Chicago Fuse Manufacturing (quar.)	621/2	June 3 e July	Holders of rec. June 10a Holders of rec. June 16a	Six per cent debenture stock (quar.) -	- 1 1/2	Aug.	Holders of rec. July 5a Holders of rec. July 5a

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed. Days Inclusive.	Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed. Days Inclusive.
Miscellaneous (Continued). General Railway Signal, com. (quar.)	\$1.25		Holders of rec. June 10a	Miscellaneous (Continued), National Sugar Refining (quar.)	1%	July 1	Holders of rec. June 6
Preferred (quar.)		July 1 June 15	Holders of rec. June 10a Holders of rec. June 4a	National Surety (quar.) National Tea, common (quar.) National Transit (quar.)	2½ 31 25e.	July 1 July 1 June 15	Holders of rec. June 17a Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. May 31a
C. G. Spring & Bumper, pref. (qu.) Glidden Company, pref. (quar.) Globe Soap, 1st, 2nd & special pref. (qu.)	1%	July 1 July 1 June 15	Holders of rec. June 10 Holders of rec. June 16a June 1 to June 15	Neison (Herman) Corp. (quar.) Stock dividend	30c.	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 20 Holders of rec. June 20
Gooderham & Worts (Canada) (qu) Goodrich (B. F.) Co., pref. (quar.)	25e.	June 15 July 1	Holders of rec. May 31 Holders of rec. June 15a	Stock dividend	30c.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 4 Holders of rec. Sept. 19
Goodyear Tire & Rubber, prior pref.(qu.) Seven per cent preferred (quar.)	1%	July 1	Holders of rec. June 13a Holders of rec. June 1a Holders of rec. June 20a	New England Fuel Oil (quar.) New Jersey Zinc (extra)	50c. 25c. 2	June 15 July 1 July 9	Holders of rec. June 1a Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 20a
Gossard (H. W.) Co., com. (mthiy.) Gotham Silk Hosiery (quar.) Granby Consol. Min., Sm. & Pow. (qu.)	02 350	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a	New York Auction Co. (quar.)	37 ½e. 50e.	June 15 July 15	Holders of rec. June 1 Holders of rec. July 1a
Great Western Sugar, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	1%	July 2 July 2	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a	Nichols Copper, 7% pref. (quar.) North American Provision, pref. (qu.)	*1% 3	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 20 *Holders of rec. June 10
Greenfield Tap & Die Corp., 6% pf.(qu.) 8% preferred (quar.)	2	July 1 July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. June 15	Northern Pipe Line O-Cedar Corp., class A com. (quar.) Ohio Oil (quar.)	*45c. 50c.	July 1 July 1 June 15	*Holders of rec. June 10g *Holders of rec. June 20 May 15 to June 5
Greif Bros. Cooperage, class A (qu.) Guantanamo Sugar, preferred (quar.) Guenther Publishing Co.—	2	July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a	Oil Well Supply, com. (quar.)	25e. 50e.	June 15 July 1	May 15 to June 5 Holders of rec. June 11a
Preferred (quar.)	5	Aug. 20 Nov. 20	Holders of rec. Jan. 20c Holders of rec. Jan. 20c	Omnibus Corporation, pref. (quar.)	1% 2	Aug. 1 July 1	Holders of rec. July 12a Holders of rec. June 17a *Holders of rec. May 31
Gulf States Steel, com. (quar.) First preferred (quar.)	154	July 1 July 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	Oneida Community, Ltd., com. & pfd Orpheum Circuit, Inc., com. (mthly.)* Preferred (quar.)	16 2-3	July 1	*Holders of rec. June 20 *Holders of rec. June 17
First preferred (quar.) First preferred (quar.) Hamilton Bank Note	1%	Jan.3'28 Aug. 15	Holders of rec. Dec. 15a	Otis Elevator, preferred (quar.)	136	July 15 Oct. 15	Holders of rec. June 30c Holders of rec. Sept. 30c
Hammermill Paper, pref. (quar.) Hanes (P. H.) Knitting, pref. (quar.)	134	July 1 July 1	*Holders of rec. June 20 Holders of rec. Juned20	Preferred (quar.) Otis Steel, preferred (quar.) Overman Cushion Tire, Inc., com. (qu.)	134	Jani5*28 July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. Dec. 316 Holders of rec. June 15a
Harbison-Walker Refrac., pref (quar.). Hathaway Baking, class A. pref. (quar.)	32 1%	July 20 July 14 June 15	Holders of rec. July 9a Holders of rec. July 1a Holders of rec. June 1a	Owens Bottle, common (quar.)	75c.	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a
7% pref. (quar.) Hayes Wheei, pref. (quar.) Hecla Mining (quar.)	136		Called for paym't June 11	Package Machinery, 1st pref. (quar.) First preferred (quar.) Packard Motor Car, monthly	1 % 1 %	Aug. 1 Nov. 1	Holders of rec. July 20 Holders of rec. Oct. 20a
Helme (George W.) Co., common (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	1%	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 11a Holders of rec. June 11a	Monthly	20e. 20e.	June 30 July 30 Aug. 30	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. July 15a
Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett Co.(monthly) Hollinger Consol. Gold Mines	30c. 2 871/3c	June 24 June 17	Holders of rec. June 17 Holders of rec. June 1 Holders of rec. June 11a	Monthly Page-Hershey Tubes, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	20e. 75e. 1%	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. Aug. 156 Holders of rec. June 18 Holders of rec. June 18
Hudson Motor Car (quar.) Hydraulic Press Brick, pref. (quar.) (w) Illinois Brick (quar.)	1½ 60e.	July 1 July 15	Holders of rec. June 23	Paige-Detroit Motor, pref. (quar.) Paraffine Cos., new stock (No. 1)	*134 75c.	July 1	*Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 17a
Payable in stock (w) Quarterly	f25 60c.	June 15 Oct. 15	June 5 to June 15 Oct. 5 to Oct. 16	Paramount Famous Lasky Corp.— Common (quar.)	\$2	July 1	Holders of rec. June 15s
Illinois Pipe Line	50e.	June 15 July 1 June 29	May 17 to June 13 Holders of rec. June 15s	Park-Utah Consol. Mines Co. (quar.) Parke, Davis & Co. (quar.) Extra	20c. *25c. *10c.		*Holders of rec. June 25a *Holders of rec. June 18 *Holders of rec. June 18
Imperial Tobacco of Can., ord. (interim) Industrial Acceptance Corp., common First preferred (quar.)	50c.	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 17 Holders of rec. June 17	Pennok Oil, common (quar.) Pennsylvania Dixle Cement com. (qu.).	25c. 80c.	June 25 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a
Second preferred (quar.) Second preferred (extra)	50c.	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 17 Holders of rec. June 17	Preferred "A" (quar.) Peoples Drug Stores, Inc., com. (quar.)	1 34 25c.	June 15 July 1	Holders of rec. May 31a Holders of rec. June 8
Ingersoll-Rand Co., common (extra) Preferred	\$1 \$3 1%	July 1 July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 10a Holders of rec. June 10a Holders of rec. June 15a	Pettibone Mulliken Co. 1st & 2d pf. (qu.) Phillips Petroleum (quar.) Pick (Albert) & Co., preferred (quar.)	75c.	July 1 July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 20a Holders of rec. June 14a *Holders of rec. June 20
Inland Steel, pref. (quar.) Internat. Business Machines (quar.) Internat. Buttonhole Sew. Mach. (qu.)_	81	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 23a Holders of rec. June 15	Pierce-Arrow Motor Car, pref. (quar.) Pittsburgh Steel Foundry, pref. (quar.)	*114	July 1	Holders of rec. June 13a *Holders of rec. June 15
International Cement, common (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	114	June 30 June 30	Holders of rec. June 11a Holders of rec. June 11a	Plymouth Plan Finance Corp. (annual). Port Alfred Pulp & Paper, pref. (quar.).	134	July 1 June 15	Holders of rec. May 31 Holders of rec. June 1
International Harvester, common (qu.) _ Common (payable in common stock) _		July 15 July 25	Holders of rec. June 25a	Proto Rican Am. Tob., el. A (qu.) (No.1) Pratt & Lambert Inc., common (quar.) Pressed Steel Car, preferred (quar.)	•75e.		*Holders of rec. June 20a *Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 1a
Internat. Paper, 7% pref. (quar.) Six per cent preferred (quar.) International Petroleum (quar.)	11/2	July 15 July 15 June 15		Procter & Gamble, 6% pref. (quar.) Pro-phy-lac-tic Brush, pref. (quar.)	11/2	June 15 June 15	Holders of rec. May 25g Holders of rec. May 31g
International Salt (quar.) International Silver, pref. (quar.) Interstate Iron & Steel, common (quar.)	136	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 13a	Pure Oil, 8% preferred (quar.)		July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 10a Holders of rec. June 10
Interstate Iron & Steel, common (quar.)	\$1 \$1	July 15 Oct. 15 Jan.16'28	Holders of rec. Oct. 8	5¼% preferred (quar.)			Holders of rec. June 10 Holders of rec. July 1a Holders of rec. Aug. 1a
Common (quar.) Common (quar.) Jewei Tea, pref. (quar.) Preferred (acct. accum. dividends)	1%	July 1 July 1		Preferred (quar.) Q. R. S. Music (monthly) Monthly	15c.	June 15	Holders of rec. Aug. 1a Holders of rec. June 1a *Holders of rec. July 1
Jones & Laughlin Steel, pref. (quar.) Kelsey Wheel, Inc., com. (quar.)	\$1.50	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 6a	Preferred (quar.)	134	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a
Kennecott Copper Corp. (quar.) Keystone Watch Case (quar.)	1	July 1 July 1 June 15	Holders of rec. June 3a Holders of rec. June 4s Holders of rec. May 31a	Realty Associates, 1st preferred Reece Button Hole Machine (quar.) Reece Folding Machine (quar.)	3 35e. 5e.	July 15 July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. July 5 Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15
Kiburn Mill (quar.) Kirby Lumber, common (quar.) Common (quar.)	134	Sept. 10 Dec. 10	Holders of rec. Aug. 31	Reid Ice Cream Co., com. (quar.) Reis (Robert) Co., first pref. (quar.)		July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 20a Holders of rec. June 15a
Prior preferred (quar.)	\$1.75 \$1.75	July 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Reliance Manufacturing, pref. (quar.) Remington Noiseless Typewr., pf. (qu.) -	1%	July 1 July 15	Holders of rec. June 20a Holders of rec. July 1a
Kraft Cheese, com. (quar.)	\$3.50 371/40 f11/4		Holders of rec. July 15 Holders of rec. June 10a Holders of rec. June 10a	Remington-Rand Co., com. (quar.)	40c.	July 1 July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 10a Holders of rec. June 10a Holders of rec. June 10a
Kresge (S. S.) Co., com. (quar.)	30c.	June 30 June 30	Holders of rec. June 11a Holders of rec. June 11a	Second preferred (quar.)	\$1.25	July 1	Holders of rec. June 10g Holders of rec. June 15
Kuppenheimer (B.) & Co., Inc., com Lake Shore Mines, Ltd. (quar.)	10c.	July 1 June 15	Holders of rec. June 24a Holders of rec. June 1	First preferred (quar.)	2	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 15
Bonus. Lehigh Valley Coal Sales (quar.). Libby, McNeil & Libby, preferred	\$2	June 15 July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 1 Holders of rec. June 116 Holders of rec. June 176	Republic Iron & Steel, pref. (quar.) Reynolds (R. J.) Tobacco— Common and Common B (quar.)	1¾ \$1.25	July 1	Holders of rec. June 14a Holders of rec. June 18a
Life Savers, Inc. (quar.) Liggett & Myers Tobacco, pref. (quar.)	40c.	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 14a Holders of rec. June 10a	St. Joseph Lead (quar.)	50e. 25e.	June 20 June 20	June 10 to June 20 June 10 to June 20
Loew's Boston Theatres, pref. (quar.) Loew's, Incorporated (quar.)		July 1 June 30	*Holders of rec. June 18 Holders of rec. June 17a	Extra Quarterly Extra Quarterly	50c. 25c.	Sept. 20 Sept. 20	Sept. 10 to Sept. 20 Sept. 10 to Sept. 20
Long Bell Lumber, com. cl. A (qu.) Loose-Wiles Biscuit— Old com. (one share of new no par com)		June 30 July 1	Holders of rec. June 10a Holders of rec. June 21s	Extra St. Louis National Stock Yards (quar.)	50c. 25c.	Dec. 20 Dec. 20 July 1	Dec. 10 to Dec. 20 Dec. 10 to Dec. 20 *Holders of rec. June 20
New no par common (quar) (No. 1) Lord & Taylor, common (quar.)	40c.	Aug. 1 July 1	Holders of rec. July 11a Holders of rec. June 17a	St. Maurice Valley Corp., pref. (quar.)	*136	July 2 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. J_ne 15
Lorillard (P.) Co., pref. (quar.) Madison Square Garden Co. (quar.)		July 15 July 15 Oct. 15		Second preferred (quar.)	*136 8736 8736	Sept. 1	*Holders of rec. Aug. 1 Holders of rec Aug. 15a
Quarterly Malson Blanche (New Orleans), pref Mallinson (H. R.) & Co., Inc., pref.(qu.)	314	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 29 Holders of rec. June 20a	Common (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Shattuck (Frank G.) Co. (quar.)	2 50e.	July 1 July 10	Holders of rec. Nov 15a Holders of rec. June 11a Holders of rec. June 20
Mandel Brothers, Inc. (No. 1) (quar.) Marvel Carburetor Co	62 1/2 c 80c.	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 1a Holders of rec. June 20	Sheffield Steel (quar.)	50c.	July 1 June 30	Holders of rec. June 20 Holders of rec. June 2a
Mathleson Alkall Works, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) May Department Stores, com. (quar.)	134	July 1 July 1 Sept. 1	Holders of rec. June 17a Holders of rec. June 17a Holders of rec. Aug. 15a	Sherwin-Williams of Canada, com.(qu.)_ Preferred (quar.)_ Shreveport Eldorado Pipe Line (quar.)_	134 134 50c.	June 30 June 30 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a
McCrory Stores Corp., pref. (quar.)	134	July 1 Aug. 1	*Holders of rec. June 10 Holders of rec. July 20a	Shubert Theatre Corp., common (quar.)		June 15 July 1	Holders of rec. June 1a Holders of rec. June 1a
Preferred (quar.) McLellan Stores, com. A and B (quar.)	250.	Nov. 1 July 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 206 Holders of rec. June 20	Skeily Oil Co. (quar.) Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron, com. (qu.)	50c.	June 15 June 20	Holders of rec. May 16a Holders of rec. June 10a
Common A and B (quar.) Common A and B (quar.) Mergenthaler Linotype (quar.)	25e. 25e.	Oct. 1 Jan 2'28 June 30	Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Dec. 20 Holders of rec. June 4s	Preferred (quar.) Smallwood Stone (quar.) Smith (Howard) Paper Mills, pref. (qu.)	1% 62% 2	July 1 June 15 July 11	Holders of rec. June 20a Holders of rec. June 5 Holders of rec. June 30
Metro-Goldwyn Pictures, pref. (quar.)	25c.	June 30 June 15	Holders of rec. June 46 Holders of rec. May 28	Solar Refining. South Penn Oil (quar.)	5 50c.	June 20 June 30	June 1 to June 10 June 16 to June 30
Metropolitan Paving Brick, pref. (quar.) Midvale Company	134 25c.	July 1 July 1	June 16 to June 30 Holders of rec. June 18a	South Porto Rico Sugar Co., com. (qu.) Preferred (quar.)	11/2	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 15a Holders of rec. June 15a
Miller Rubber, common (quar.) Montgomery Ward & Co., com. (quar.) Class A (quar.)	\$1	July 25 Aug. 15 July 1		South West Penna. Pipe Line (quar.) Standard Milling, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	134	July 1 June 30 June 30	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June 17a Holders of rec. June 17
Montreal Cottons, Ltd., com. (quar.)	\$1.78 136	Oct. 1 June 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 20a Holders of rec. May 31a	Standard Oil (California) (quar.)	62 140	June 15 June 15	Holders of rec. May 16a Holders of rec. May 16a
Preferred (quar.) Mother Lode Coalition Mines	25c.	June 15 June 30	Holders of rec. May 31a Holders of rec. June 10a	Standard Oil (Kentucky) (quar.)	25c.	June 15 June 30	*Holders of rec. May 16a *Holders of rec. June 15
Motion Picture Capital Corp., com	. 2	June 15 July 15 July 1	Holders of rec. July 1a	Standard Oil (Neb.) (quar.) Standard Oil (N. J.), com., par \$100(qu.)	1	June 20 June 15	May 29 to June 30 Holders of rec. May 26
Moto Meter Co., Inc., class A (quar.) Motor Wheel Corp., com. (quar.) Mountain Producers Corp. (quar.)	. 50c.	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 10a	Common (par \$100) (extra) Common (\$25 par) (quar.) Common (\$25 par) (quar.) Standard Oil of N. Y. (quar.)	25c	June 15 June 15 June 15	Holders of rec. May 26 Holders of rec. May 26 Holders of rec. May 26
Munyon Remedy (quar.) National Biscuit, com. (quar.)	15c \$1.2	June 15	Holders of rec. June 1a Holders of rec. June 30a	Standard Oil (Onio), common (quar.)	62 340	June 15 July 1	Holders of rec. May 27a Holders of rec. May 27a
National Breweries, com. (quar.)	136		Holders of rec. June 15	Stanley Co. of America (quar	\$1 \$1	July 1 July 1	Holders of rec. June 18a Holders of rec. June 18a
National Cash Register, class A (quar.). National Dairy Products, com National Enamel & Stamping, pf. (qu.)	f33 1-3	July 15 June 17 June 30	Holders of rec. June 30a Holders of rec. June †7a Holders of rec. June 15a	Stromberg Carburetor (quar.) Sun Oil (quar.) Swift & Co. (quar.)	980	July 1 June 15 July 1	Holders of rec. June 13a Holders of rec. May 25a Holders of rec. June 10
National Dairy Products, com. National Enamel & Stamping, pf. (qu.) National Lead, new com. (quar.) Class B com. (quar.) (No. 1)	11/6	June 30 Aug. 1	Holders of rec. June 10a Holders of rec. July 8a	Swift & Co. (quar.) Tennessee Copper & Chem. (quar.) Texas Corporation (quar.)		july 1	Holders of rec. May 31a Holders of rec. June 3a
Seven per cent preferred (quar.) National Standard Co. (quar.)	75c.	July 1	Holders of rec. May 20a Holders of rec. June 20a	Texas Gulf Sulphur (quar.) Texas Pacific Coal & Oil (quar.)	\$1	June 15	Holders of rec. June 3a Holders of rec. June 1a Holders of rec. June 10a

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payabl		Books Closed. Days Inclusive.
Miscellaneous (Concluded).			-	
hompson Products common (quar)	\$3	July	1	Holders of rec. June 200
hompson-Starrett Co., new stock	\$2.40		1	Holders of rec. June 186
ide-Water Associated Oil, pref. (quar.)		July	1	Holders of rec. June 100
odd Shipyards Corp. (quar.)	20c.	June :		Holders of rec. June 116 Holders of rec. June 66
ubize Artificial Silk, common (quar.)		June :	1	Holders of rec. June 66
uckett Tobacco, com. (quar.)	1		15	Holders of rec. June 30c
Preferred (quar.)			15	Holders of rec. June 300
len & Company, 8% preferred	4	July	1	Holders of rec. June 20
7 1/2 % preferred	334	July	1	Holders of rec. June 20
nderwood Comput. Mach., pref. (qu.)	134	July	1	Holders of rec. June 22 Holders of rec. June 4
nderwood Typewriter, common (qu.)	81	July	1	Holders of rec. June 4
Common (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	\$1	Oct.	1	Holders of rec. Sept. 3
Preferred (quar.)	134	July	1	Holders of rec. June 4
nion Carbide & Carbon (quar.)	134	Oct.	1	Holders of rec. Sept. 3
nion Storage (quar.)	\$1.50	July	1	Holders of rec. June 4 Holders of rec. Aug. 1
Quarterly	62140	Aug. Nov.	10	Holders of rec. Aug. 1 Holders of rec. Nov. 1
nited Art's Theatre Circ., pf. allot. ctf.	\$1.75	June	15	Holders of rec. June 1
nited Cigar Stores, com. (quar.)		June		Holders of rec. June 10
Common (payable in common stock)	1114	June		Holders of rec. June 10
nited Drug, 1st preferred (quar.)	134	Aug.	1	Holders of rec. July 15
nited Dyewood, preferred (quar.)	134	July	1	Holders of rec. June 13
nited Fruit (quar.)	\$1	July	1	Holders of rec. June 4
miled Paper Board, pref. (quar.)	136	July		Holders of rec. July 1
Preferred (quar.)	136	Oct.	15	Holders of rec. Oct. 1
Preferred (quar.)	136	Jan16		Holders of rec.Jan.2 '28
Preferred (quar.) nited Profit-Sharing, com. (in stock)	136	Apr16		Holders of rec.Apr.2 '28
.S. Cast Iron Pipe & Fdy., com. (qu.).	f5	July	10	Holders of rec. June 15 Holders of rec. June
Common (quar.)	216	June Sept.	15	Holders of rec. Sept. 1
Common (quar.)	236	Dec.	15	Holders of rec. Dec.
	184	June		Holders of rec. June
Preferred (quar.)	134	Sept.	15	Holders of rec. Sept. 1
Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) S. Distributing Corp., old pref	134	Dec.	15	Holders of rec. Dec.
J. S. Distributing Corp., old pref	316	July	1	Holders of rec. June 11
New preferred (No. 1)	25 5 6	July	11	Holders of rec. June 11
J. S. Freight (quar.)	* \$1.25	June	10	*Holders of rec. May 16
J. S. Gypsum, com. (quar.)	40c	. June	30	June 16 to June 30
Preferred (quar.)	1%	June	30	June 16 to June 30
J. S. Industrial Alcohol, pref. (quar.)	*1%	July		*Holders of rec. June 30
Preferred B (quar.)	*25c.	July	1	*Holders of rec. June 13
Preferred B (quar.)	*1716	c July		*Holders of rec. June 13
J. S. Realty & Development (quar.)		June		Holders of rec. May 24
United States Steel Corp., com. (quar.)_ United States Tobacco, common (quar.)_	75c.	June		Holders of rec. June
Preferred (quar.)	134	July	1	Holders of rec. June 13
Preferred (quar.) Universal Chain Theatres, pref. (quar.)	2	July		Holders of rec. June 1
Universal Pipe & Radiator, com. (quar.)	30c.	July	1	Holders of rec. June 1
Common (extra)	25c.	July	i	Holders of rec. June 1: Holders of rec. July 1: Holders of rec. Oct. 1
Preferred (quar.)	136	Aug.		Holders of rec. July 1.
Preferred (quar.)	1%	Nov.		Trouders or ree: Con.
Vacuum Oil (quar.)		June		Holders of rec. May 3
Extra	50c.	June		Holders of rec. May 3
Valvoline Oil, com. (quar.)	136	June		Holders of rec. June 1
V. Vivaudou, Inc., com. (quar.)	75c.	July	1	Holders of rec. June 2
Preferred (quar.)	134	July Aug.	15	Holders of rec. July Holders of rec. July 1.
Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke, preferred	216	July.	1	Holders of rec. July 1. Holders of rec. June 1
Vulcan Detinning, preferred (quar.)	136	July		Traldone of one Toler
Preferred (account accumulated divs.)	2	July	20	Holders of rec. July Holders of rec. July Holders of rec. June 1 Holders of rec. June 1 Holders of rec. June 2 Holders of rec. June 2 Holders of rec. June 2
Preferred (account accumulated divs.) Preferred A (quar.)	134	July	20	Holders of rec. July
Wabasso Cotton, Ltd. (quar.)	\$1	July	2	Holders of rec. June 1
Bonus	50c	July.	2	Holders of rec. June 1
Waldorf System, com. (quar.)	37 1/2	c July	1	Holders of rec. June 2
Preferred (quar.)		. July	1	Holders of rec. June 2
Walworth Company, com. (quar.)	300	. June	15	Littletta of rec. adne
Preferred (quar.)	750	. June		
whiledthe Mills (quar.)	1 1	June		
Ward Baking Corp., com. cl. A (quar.)	\$2	July	1	
Preferred (quar.) Warner-Quinlan Co. (quar.)	1 % 50c.			
Waukesha Motor, common (quar.)	*6216	c July	2	*Holders of rec. June 1
Weber & Heilbroner, common (quar.)	31	June	30	Holders of rec. June 1
Preferred (quar.)		Sept	- 1	Holders of rec. Aug. 1
Welsbach Company, commen	•2	June	30	
Preferred	. *31/2			
West Point Manufacturing (quar.)	. 2	July	1	Holders of rec. June 1
Western Canada Flour Mills com (on)	#25a	June	15	*Holders of rec. May 3
Western Exploration (quar.) Westinghouse Elec. & Mig., com. (qu.)	*156	June	15	Holders of rec. June 1 *Holders of rec. May 3 June 16 to June 2 Holders of rec. June 3 Holders of rec. June 3 Holders of rec. June 1 Holders of rec. June 2 Holders of rec. June 2 Holders of rec. June 2
Western Exploration (quar.)	21/2	c. June	20	June 16 to June 2
westinghouse Elec. & Mfg., com. (qu.)	- 81	c. June July	30	Holders of rec. June 3
rreterred (quar.)	- DT	July	15	Holders of rec. June 3
wheeling Steel Corp., pref. A (quar.)	- 2	July	1	Holders of rec. June
Preferred B	81	July	20	Holders of rec. June
White Rock Mineral Sper com (au.)		June	30	Holders of rec. June
White Rock Mineral Spgs., com. (qu.) .	134	July	1	Holders of rec. June 2
First preferred (quar.)				
service prostated (qualiforniones	\$3	50 July		
Wire Wheel Curporation preferred			e 30	
Wire Wheel Corporation, preferred Woodley Petroleum (quar.)	150		495	
Woodley Petroleum (quar.)	15c.			Holders of rec. June
Woodley Petroleum (quar.)	25c.	July	1	Holders of rec. June
	_ 25c.	July July 25 June	1	Holders of rec. June :

- * From unofficial sources. † The New York Stock Exchange has ruled that stock will not be quoted ex-dividend on this date and not until further notice. ‡ The New York Curb Market Association has ruled that stock will not be quoted exdividend on this date and not until further notice.
- a Transfer books not closed for this dividend. d Correction. e Payable in stock. f Payable in common stock. g Payable in scrip. h On account of accumulated dividends. m Payable in preferred stock.
- 4 Cushman & Sons common stock dividend is payable in \$8 preferred stock on the valuation of \$100 for preferred stock.
 - 1 Declared at meeting on May 19.
 - k In lieu of cash, one share of class A stock for each 40 shares held.
- I American Gas & Electric stock dividend is one-fiftieth of a share of common stock for each share of common held.
- n Payable in cash or class A stock at rate of 4 67-100 of a share of class A stock for each share held.
 - o Declared at meeting held May 31 1927.
 - p Payable to holders of coupon No. 14.
 - q Called for redemption June 30 at \$110.
- s N. Y. Chicago & St. Louis dividend is 17-10 shares of Chesapeake Corp. stock, subject to approval of Inter-State Commerce Commission.
- t North American Co. dividend is payable in stock at rate of 1-40 of a share of common stock for each share held.
- * Called for redemption July 1.
- w Payable also on increased car
- z New York Stock Exchange rules ex-dividend on July 1.
- y Subject to approval of Inter-State Commerce Commission.
- z Payable in cash or class A stock at rate of one-fortieth share of class A for each share held and on class B stock one-fortieth of a share of class B for each share held. (1) Dividend is ten pence per share. All transfers received in order in London on or before June 8 will be in time for payment of dividend to transferees.
- (2) Less following amounts to cover legal expenses and first and second installments of 1926 noome tax; Continental Pass. Ry., 50c.; Union Pass. Ry., 75c.; West Phila. Pass. Ry., 75c.

Weekly Returns of New York City Clearing House Banks and Trust Companies.

The following shows the condition of the New York City Clearing House members for the week ending June 4. The figures for the separate banks are the averages of the daily results. In the case of the grand totals, we also show the actual figures of condition at the end of the week.

NEW YORK WEEKLY CLEARING HOUSE RETURNS. (Stated in thousands of dollars—that is, three ciphers (000) emitted.)

New Capttal.	Profits.	Loans,					
Nat'l, State, Tr.Cos.	Mar. 23 Mar. 23	Invest- ments,	in	Legal Depost-	Demand	Do-	Bank Ciren- lation.
d. Res.		Average.	Aperage		Average.	Average	Ange.
6,000	12,401	77,155	447	7.028	54,003	8,169	
10,700	16,204	171,072	3,072	17,924	130,425	26,661	
75,000	5,412			12,225	92,188	4,169	
5.000	18,919				119 430	3 776	96
25,000	42,881			45.398		23,450	347
13,500	13.655	223,478	2,813	22,942	164,216	44,846	6,127
5,000	26,811	139,821	1,816	17,000	126,264	2,764	
	24 088		5,515	25,046		31,144	4 070
						21 631	$\frac{4,670}{2,989}$
10,000		301,782	566	26.862	202.810	15.576	6,570
	29,170	437,698	4,001	52,427	394,278	37,047	0,010
	1,286	8,499			6.064	460	
	38,701	97 052	601	2 476		43,361	
	1.887	16.848	459		15 863	669	
6,000		137,373	679	17,126	130.329		47
20,000	36,945		844	37,136	*314.459	39,155	
3,000	5,053	58,525	791	7,027	52,718	6,094	
4,000	31,854	490,960			*477,296		
10,000	22.550	179.080	628				
10.000	20,260		509		*111,216	24.965	
			1,665	5. 30,296	*323,941	48,691	
368,200	554,974	5.625,792	42,879	618,129	c4,574,654	639,057	23,302
ndition	June 4	5.656.023	43.045	613 995	c4 609 623	641 401	23 314
			42.500				
ndition	May 21	5,534,253	43,736				
Not Me	mbers	of Fed'I	Res've	Bank.			
	5,817	106,179	4,738	2,093	37,324	63,518	
1,400	3,270	35,337	3,633	1,882		6,076	
6,400	9,088	141,516	8,37	3,975	66,979	69,594	
ndition	Tuna	140 120	8 47	3 900	65 519	60 625	
ndition	May 28			3,996	68.342	69.614	
			8,68	4,243	69,591		
les No	Membe	rs of Fed	'I Res'	e Rank			
		68,268	1,85	4,540	42,515	1,288	3
3,000	3,463	25,122		2,225	20,050	1,078	3
13,00	23,70	93,396	2,78	6 6,765	62,565	2,366	3
ndition	Tune	91 26	2 72	6 6 785	60 726	2 350	
ndition	May 28			6 6.781	62.433		
			8 2,74	0 6,377		2,36	2
207.00	EP7 78	5 980 80	8 54 03	8 898 886	4 704 106	711 01	7 92 209
			8 -48				
cond'n	May 2				4,629,10	8717,10	5 23,250
leond'n	May 2	10,768,46	0 50,10		4,554,62	714,00	3 23,451
Loondin	3/ Car 1.	4 5 794 96	6 55 49	4 183 364 554		N 71985 MIS	
leond'n	May 1	4 5,724,26 7 5,775,36		1 573,68			
	Capital. Nat'l, State. Tr.Cos. d. Res. \$ 6,000 10,700 6,500 75,000 13,500 5,000 11,000 3,000 11,000 3,000 10,000 30,000 10,000 30,000 10,000	Nat'l, Mar. 23 State, Mar. 23 Tr.Cos. Mar. 23 Tr.Cos. Mar. 23 d. Res. Bank. 3 6.000 12.401 10.700 16.204 5.500 5.412 75.000 66.126 5.000 24.881 11.000 24.881 11.000 24.988 3.000 3.685 10.000 29.170 1.000 38.761 500 32.15 1.000 38.761 500 3.15 1.000 3.215 1.000 3.215 1.000 3.25 1.000 3.25 1.000 22.55 1.000 23.927 368.200 54.94 1.000 3.25 1.000 3.27 1.000 1.000 3.27 1.000 1.000 3.27 1.000 1.000 3.27 1.000 1.000 3.27 1.000 1.000 3.27 1.000 1.000 3.27 1.000 1.000 3.27 1.000 1.000 3.27 1.000 1.000 3.27 1.000 1.000 3.27 1.000 1.0	Nat'l, Mar. 23 Marest- Nat'l, Mar. 23 Marest- Nat'l, Mar. 23 Marest- Mar. 24 Mar. 25 Mar. 25 Mar. 25 Mar. 25 Mar. 25 Mar. 27 Mar. 27 Mar. 27 Mar. 27 Mar. 27 Mar. 27 Mar. 28 Mar. 28 Mar. 28 Mar.	Nat'l, Mar. 23 Tr.Coe. Mar. 23 Mar. 23 Tr.Coe. Mar. 23 Mar. 24 Mar. 25 Mar. 26 Mar. 26 Mar. 26 Mar. 27 Mar.	Nat'l, Mar. 23 mest-state, Mar. 24 Mar. 25 Mar. 25	Nat'l, Mar. 23 State, Mar. 23 ments, web. we	Nat'l, Mar. 23 State, Mar. 23 State, Mar. 23 Mar. 24 Mar. 25 Mar. 25 Mar. 25 Mar. 26 Mar. 26 Mar. 26 Mar. 26 Mar. 26 Mar. 26 Mar. 27 Mar. 27

Note.—U. S. deposits deducted from net demand deposits in the general total above were as follows: Average total June 4, \$19,645,000. Actual totals, June 4, \$17,346,000; May 28, \$16,273,000; May 21, \$23,703,000; May 14, \$29,299,000; May 73,3717,000; April 30, \$43,026,000. Bills payable, rediscounts, acceptances and other liabilities, average for week June 4, \$635,454,000; May 28, \$638,911,000; May 21, \$652,373,000; May 14, \$689,822,000; May 7, \$665,761,000; April 30, \$636,518,000. Actual totals June 4, \$627,598,000; May 28, \$730,366,000; May 21, \$634,280,000; May 14, \$712,175,000; May 7, \$691,596,000; April 30, \$655,976,000.

*Includes deposits in foreign branches not included in total footings, as follows: National City Bank, \$250,027,000; Chase National Bank, \$12,675,000; Bankers Trust Co., \$38,635,000; Guaranty Trust Co., \$81,290,000; Farmers' Loan & Trust Co., \$2,171,000; Equitable Trust Co., \$97,949,000. Balances carried in banks in foreign countries as reserve for such deposits were: National City Bank, \$39,746,000; Chase National Bank, \$1,257,000; Bankers Trust Co., \$1,601,000; Guaranty Trust Co., \$2,929,000; Farmers' Loan & Trust Co., \$2,171,000; Equitable Trust Co., \$8,957,000.

c Deposits in foreign branches not included.

The reserve position of the different groups of institutions on the basis of both the averages for the week and the actual condition at the end of the week is shown in the following two tables:

STATEMENT OF RESERVE POSITION OF CLEARING HOUSE BANKS
AND TRUST COMPANIES.

		Averages.									
	Cash Reserve in Vauit.	Reserve in Depositaries	Total Reserve.	Reserve Required.	Surpius Reservs.						
Members Federal Reserve Bank State banks* Trust companies	\$ 8,371,000 2,786,000	3,975,000	12,346,000		\$ 4,252,270 289,780 166,250						
Total June 4 Total May 28 Total May 21 Total May 14	11,327,000	611,870,000 609,318,000	623,197,000 $620,695,000$	635,317,700 619,615,860 615,274,900 609,008,170	4,708,300 3,581,140 5,420,100 5,118,830						

Not members of Federal Reserve Bank.
b This is the reserve required on net demand deposits in the case of State banks and trust companies, but in the case of members of the Federal Reserve Bank includes also amount of reserve required on net time deposits, which was as follows: June 4, \$19,171,710; May 28, \$19,097,070; May 21, \$19,192,560; May 14, \$18,763,-410; May 7, \$18,642,510; April 30, \$18,684,600.

Actual Figures.

	Cash Reserve in Vault.	Reserve in Depositaries	Total Reserve.	Reserve Required.	Surplus Reserve.	
Members Federal Reserve Bank State banks* Trust companies	\$ 8,471,000 2,726,000	3,906,000		11,792,160		
Total June 4 Total May 28 Total May 21 Total May 14	11,169,000 11,425,000	685,039,000 583,045,000	696,208,000 594,470,000	639,394,080 625,803,970 616,038,780 607,184,290	70,404,030	

• Not members of Federal Reserve Bank.

Not members of Federal Reserve Bank.

a This is the reserve required on net demand deposits in the case of State banks and trust companies, but in the case of members of the Federal Reserve Bank includes also the amount of reserve required on net time deposits, which was as follows: June 4, \$19,242,030; May 28, \$19,354,170; May 21, \$19,261,620; May 14, \$19,051,−500; May 7, \$18,576,780; April 30, \$18,583,260.

State Banks and Trust Companies Not in Clearing House.—The State Banking Department reports weekly figures showing the condition of State banks and trust companies in New York City not in the Clearing House as follows:

SUMMARY OF STATE BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES IN GREATER NEW YORK, NOT INCLUDED IN CLEARING HOUSE STATEMENT.

(Figures Furnished by State Banking Department.)

Differences from Previous Week. Inc. \$880,000 Dec. 65,100 Dec. 1,191,600 Inc. 5,381,500 Inc. 11,387,100

RESERVE.			
State Bo	inks	-Trust Con	pantes-
Cash in vault*\$39,898,200 Deposits in banks and trust cos 12,109,500	$\frac{15.96\%}{04.84\%}$	\$101,690,200 34,902,300	
Total\$52,007,700	20.80%	\$136,592,500	21.35%

Includes deposits with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, which for the State banks and trust companies combined on June 4 was \$112,528,600.

Banks and Trust Companies in New York City.—The averages of the New York City Clearing House banks and trust companies combined with those for the State banks and trust companies in Greater New York City outside of the Clearing House are as follows:

COMBINED RESULTS OF BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES IN GREATER NEW YORK.

	Loans and Investments.	Demand Deposits.	Total Cash in Vaults.	Reserve in Depositaries.
Week Ended-			8	
Feb. 5	6,728,899,400	5,721,854,900	83,192,800	731,203,500
Feb. 11	6,670,129,400	5,642,353,800	86,676,800	721,361,700
Feb. 19	6,657,735,000	5,545,046,000	84,366,800	726,327,800
Feb. 26	6,682,585,900	5,549,193,800	86,470,300	715,260,100
Mar. 5	6,770,284,900	5,645,318,300	83,732,500	732,128,700
Mar. 12	6,769,161,600	5,635,476,400	83,956,400	731,343,200
Mar. 19	6,932,195,300	5,793,224,500	82,581,000	757,650,300
Mar. 26	6,947,733,100	5,788,391,100	82,657,800	751,432,100
Apr. 2	6,954,724,700	5,799,657,600	83,196,200	755,811,600
Apr. 9	6,981,549,800	5,757,598,200	83,475,800	750,173,400
Apr. 16	6,921,592,500	5,691,228,400	83,546,900	745,625,300
Apr. 23	6,938,221,200	5,748,649,000	83,285,000	743,109,500
Apr. 30	6,997,642,400	5,795,187,800	83,996,400	752,031,000
May 7	7,073,334,000	5,841,843,700	82,302,800	753,215,80
May 14	7,061,639,900	5,795,647,000	89,252,700	752,785,90
May 21	7,081,208,600	5,849,461,000	84,400,900	763,161,100
May 28	7,104,398,300	5,883,509,200	84,839,100	761,432,000
June 4	7,193,666,300	6,000,106,000	83,095,800	788,409,400

New York City Non-Member Banks and Trust Companies.—The following are the returns to the Clearing House by clearing non-member institutions and which are not included in the "Clearing House Returns" in the foregoing:

RETURN OF NON-MEMBER INSTITUTIONS OF NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE.

(Stated in thousands of dollars, that is, three ciphers [000] omitted.)

CLEARING NON-MEMBERS Week Ending June 4 1927.	Capttal.	Net Profits.	Loans, Dis- counts, Invest- ments, &c.	Cash in Vault.	Reserve with Legal Deposi- tories.	Net Demand Deposits.	
Members of Fed'l Res've Bank.				Average.	Average.	Average.	Avezage.
Grace Nat'l Bank State Banks.	1,000	1,940	15,085	50	1,288	8,712	4,019
Not Members of the Federal Reserve Bank. Bank of Wash. H'ts. Trust Company. Not Member of the		1,060	11,376	963	428	7,916	3,557
Federal Reserve Bank. Mech. Tr., Bayonne		693	9,622	294	212	4,240	5,826
Gr'd aggr., Jnne 4 Comparison with pr		3,693	36,083 +170				
Gr'd aggr., May 28 Gr'd aggr., May 21 Gr'd aggr., May 14 Gr'd aggr., May 7	1,900 1,900	3,693 3,693	35,913 35,770 35,351 34,381	1,335 1,412	1.854 1,763	19,950 19,674	13,328 13,284

a United States deposits deducted, \$14,000.

Bills payable, rediscounts, acceptances and other liabilities, \$2,434,000. Deficit n reserve, \$104,490 decrease.

Boston Clearing House Weekly Returns .- In the following we furnish a summary of all the items in the Boston Clearing House weekly statement for a series of weeks:

BOSTON CLEARING HOUSE MEMBERS.

	June 8 1927.	Changes from Previous Week.	June 1 1927.	May 25 1927.
	3	3	3	
Capital	76,900,000	Unchanged	76,900,000	71,900,000
Surplus and profits	99,316,000	Unchanged	99,316,000	96,062,000
Loans, disc'ts & invest.	1.031.389.000	Inc. 839,000	1,030,550,000	1.015.921.000
Individual deposits	679,738,000	Inc. 10,640,000	669,098,000	666,372,000
Due to banks	150,151,000	Inc. 8,883,000	141,268,000	140,533,000
Time deposits	236,804,000	Inc. 649,000	236,155,000	236,098,000
United States deposits.	6,558,000	Dec. 1,957,000	8,515,000	9,699,000
Exchanges for Cl'g H'se	38,540,000	Inc. 6,390,000	32,150,000	29,587,000
Due from other banks	83,968,000	Inc. 2,462,000	81,506,000	83,393,000
Res've in legal depos'ies	80,697,000	Inc. 1,142,000	79,555,000	79,672,000
Cash in bank	9,485,000			8,944,000
Res've excess in F.R.Bk	494,000	Inc. 361,000	133,000	541,000

Philadelphia Banks.—The Philadelphia Clearing House return for the week ending June 4, with comparative figures for the two weeks preceding, is given below. Reserve requirements for members of the Federal Reserve System are 10% on demand deposits and 3% on time deposits, all to be kept with the Federal Reserve Bank. "Cash in vaults" is not a part of legal reserve. For trust companies not members of the Federal Reserve System the reserve required is 10% on demand deposits and includes "Reserve with legal depositaries" and "Cash in vaults."

m (W-1 (DO))	Week E	nded June 4	16 00	16 01		
Two Ciphers (00) omitted.	Members of F.R. System	Trust Companies	1927 Total.	May 28 1927.	May 21 1927.	
Capital	\$50,225,0	\$5,000,0	\$55,225,0	\$55,225,0	55,225,0	
Surplus and profits	154,878,0	17,849,0	172,727.0	172,727.0	172,727,0	
Loans, disc'ts & investm'ts	939,877,0	47,234,0	987,201.0	986,726.0	983,752,0	
Exchanges for Clear. House	40,734,0	619.0	41,353.0	34,709,0	40,180,0	
Due from banks	105,442,0	19,0	105,461,0	96,635.0	106,032,0	
Bank deposits	139,821,0	1,191,0	141,012.0	137,937.0	141,897.0	
Individual deposits	628,731,0	27,105,0	655,836,0	644.644.0	656,111,0	
Time deposits	152,041,0	2,447,0	154,488,0	154.092.0	153,375.0	
Total deposits	920,593,0	30,743,0	951,336,0	936,673.0	951,383,0	
Res've with legal deposits.		4,565,0	4,565,0	3,325,0	3,955,0	
Reserve with F. R. Bank	69,020,0		69,020,0	68,330.0	68,818,0	
Cash in vault*	954,0	1,343,0	10,883,0	11,326,0	11,091,0	
Total reserve & cash held	78.560,0	5,908,0	84,468,0	82,981,0	83,864,0	
Reserve required	68,407,0	4,270.0	72,677,0	72,256.0	72,536,0	
Excess res. & cash in vault.	10,153,0	1,638,0	11,791,0	10,725,0	11,398,0	

• Cash in vault not counted as reserve for Federal Reserve members.

Condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

The following shows the condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York at the close of business June 8 1927 in comparison with the previous week and the corresponding

date last year:			
Resources—	June 8 1927.	June 1 1927.	June 9 1926
Gold with Federal Reserve Agent Gold redemp. fund with U. S. Treasury.	411,944,000 11,649,000	372,027,000 13,009,000	368,264,000 9,294,000
Gold held exclusively agst. F. R. notes_	423,593,000	385,036,000	377,558,000
Gold settlement fund with F. R. Board	208,979,000	251,929,000	226,462,000
Gold and gold certificates held by bank	485,704,000	477,442,000	398,353,000
Total gold reserves			
Reserves other than gold	35,324,000	33,175,000	44,160,000
Total reserves	1,153,600,000		
Non-reserve cash	16,020,000	12,404,000	16,206,000
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	54,379,000	79,622,000	74,650,000
Other bills discounted	33,834,000	37,505,000	39,363,000
Total blils discounted		117,127,000	114,013,000
Bills bought in open market	64,489,000	75,302,000	65,898,000
Bonds.	23,536,000	19,116,000	11,762,000
Treasury notes	30,605,000		44,008,000
Certificates of indebtedness	35,241,000		
Total U. S. Government securities	89,382,000	74,773,000	83,859,000
Foreign loans on gold			2,302,000
Total bills and securities (See Note)	242,084,000	267,202,000	266,072,000
Gold held abroad	16,495,000		
Due from foreign banks (See Note)			
Uncollected items			
Bank premises All other resources	. 16,276,000 4,594,000		
Total resources			
		2,001,001,000	
Labilities— Fed'l Reserve notes in actual circulation.	408,274,000	421,326,000	401,771,000
Deposits-Member bank, reserve acc't			
Government			
Foreign bank (See Note)	2,206,000		
Other deposits			
Total deposits	961,211,000		874,734,000
Deferred availability items.	. 130.927.000	174,683,000	126,073,000
Capital paid in	. 38,832,000	38,827,000	
Surplus	. 61,614,000	61,614,000	59,964,000
All other liabilities	3,595,000	3,481,000	3,517,000
Total liabilities	1,604,453,000	1,654,864,000	1,501,394,000
Ratio of total reserves to deposit and Fed'l Res've note liabilities combined. Contingent liability on bills purchase	84.2%	83.4%	82.0%
for foreign correspondence	41,695,000	44,150,000	15,520,000

NOTE.—Beginning with the statement of Oct. 7 1925, two new items were added n order to show separately the amount of balances held abroad and amounts due to foreign correspondents. In addition, the caption, "All other carning assets," pre-sviously made of Federal intermediate credit bank debentures, was changed to "Other ecurities," and the caption "Total earning assets" to "Total bills and securities." The latter term was adopted as a more accurate description of the total of the discounts, assectances and securities acquired under the provisions of Sections 13 and 14 of the Federal Reserve Act, which it was stated, are the only items included therein

Weekly Return of the Federal Reserve Board.

The following is the return issued by the Federal Reserve Board Thursday afternoon, June 9 and showing the condition of the twelve Reserve banks at the close of business on Wednesday. In the first table we present the results for the system as a whole in comparison with the figures for the seven preceding weeks and with those of the corresponding week last year. The second table shows the resources and liabilities separately for each of the twelve banks. The Federal Reserve Agents' Accounts (third table following) gives details regarding transactions in Federal Reserve notes between the Comptroller and Reserve Agents and between the latter and Federal Reserve banks. The Reserve Board's comment upon the returns for the latest week appears on page 3432 being the first item in our department of "Current Events and Discussions."

COMBINED RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS JUNE 8 1927.

							or Beautipo	5 TO 112 O 17	
	June 8 1927.	June 1 1927.	May 25 1927.	May 18 1927.	May 11 1927.	May 4 1927.	Apr. 27 1927.	Apr. 20 1927.	June 9 1926.
RESOURCES. Gold with Federal Reserve agentsGold redemption fund with U. S. Treas.	\$ 1,634,388,000 46,765,000	\$ 1,610,437,000 54,626,000	\$ 1,651,246,000 47,130,000	\$ 1,637,863,000 50,294,000	\$ 1,631,543,000 49,235,000	\$ 1,571,158,000 50,456,000	\$ 1,628,235,000 40,618,000	1,658,165,000 51,299,000	\$ 1,472,698,000 56,536,000
Gold held exclusively agst. F. R. notes Gold settlement fund with F. R. Board Gold and gold certificates held by banks.	1,683,153,000 579,600,000 743,138,000	$\begin{array}{c} 1,665,063,000 \\ 601,472,000 \\ 726,503,000 \end{array}$	1,698,376,000 552,216,000 761,385,000	1,688,157,000 628,496,000 740,217,000	$1,680,778,000 \\ 640,522,000 \\ 748,854,000$	1,621,614,000 694,657,000 727,632,000	1,668,853,000 638,802,000 733,202,000	598,325,000	1,529,234,000 649,124,600 654,830,000
Total gold reserves Reserves other than gold	3,005,891,000 164,010,000	2,993,038,000 160,747,000	3,011,977,000 165,848,000	3,056,870,000 166,281,000	3,070,154,000 164,199,000	3,043,903,000 162,728,000	3,040,857,000 166,501,000		
Total reserves	3,169,901,000 61,276,000	3,153,785,000 53,222,000	3,177,825,000 60,197,000	3,223,151,000 63,724,000	3,234,353,000 63,106,000	3,206,631,000 60,430,000	3,207,358,000 65,769,000		2,982,529,000 57,227,000
Bills discounted: Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations Other bills discounted		262,819,000 233,688,000	228,715,000 199,905,000	249,203,000 209,032,000	257,083,000 184,894,000	308,583,000 199,059,000	256,588,000 186,965,000		213,484,000 234,679,000
Total bills discounted	399,283,000 221,635,000	496,507,000 228,993,000	428,620,000 236,170,000	458,235,000 225,493,000	441,977,000 233,051,000	507,642,000 244,220,000	443,553,000 241,899,000		448,163,000 249,821,000
Bonds Treasury notes Certificates of indebtedness	139,031,000	$\begin{array}{c} 116,862,000 \\ 120,953,000 \\ 124,682,000 \end{array}$	105,173,000 93,978,000 122,769,000	75,871,000 90,789,000 102,391,000	71,214,000 90,369,000 92,313,000	90,957,000	70,673,000 89,311,000 158,341,000	93,626,000	180,147,000
Total U. S. evernment securities Other securities (see note)	1,800,000		321,920,000 1,800,000		253,896,000 1,800,000				
Total bills and securities (see note)	. 59,548,000	59,548,000	988,510,000 59,548,000	59,548,000	59,548,000		1,005,577,000		1,128,578,000
Due from oreign banks (see note)	653,969,000 59,094,000 15,007,000	702,734,000 58,882,000 13,898,000	660,000 639,383,000 58,882,000 13,509,000	742,211,000 58,883,000 13,520,000	656,512,000 58,883,000 12,743,000	676,857,000 58,614,000 12,954,000	653,714,000 58,588,000 12,998,000	725,306,000 58,567,000 12,753,000	654,385,000 59,665,000 18,691,000
Total resources	5,080,237,000	5,132,526,000	4,998,514,000	5,116,276,000	5,016,529,000	5,086,087,000	5,004,664,000	5,062,722,000	4,901,784,000
F. R. notes in actual circulation Deposits— Member banks—reserve account									
Government Foreign banks (see nots) Other deposits	27,591,000 5,453,000	25,895,000 4,687,000	24,185,000 5,757,000	25,373,000 5,188,000	17,432,000 4,494,000	13,445,000 4,945,000	24,138,000 4,913,000	29,360,000 6,013,000	4,113,000 6,200,000
Total deposits. Deferred availability items. Capital paid in. Surplus. All other liabilities.	600,724,000 129,108,000 228,775,000	653,689,000 129,036,000 228,775,000	595,189,000 129,030,000 228,775,000	680,228,000 128,878,000 228,775,000	601,162,000 128,888,000 228,775,000	0 605,250,000 128,962,000 228,775,000	$0 \mid 601,649,000 \ 128,806,000 \ 228,775,000$	$egin{array}{cccc} 0 & 663,162,000 \\ 0 & 128,410,000 \\ 0 & 228,775,000 \end{array}$	596,619,000 122,713,000 220,310,000
Total liabilitiesRatio of gold reserves to deposit an	5,080,237,000	5,132,526,000	4,998,514,000	5,116,276,000	5,016,529,000	5,086,087,000	5,004,664,000	5,062,722,000	4,901,784,000
F. R. note liabilities combined	đ								
F. R. note liabilities combined Contingent liability on bills purchase for foreign correspondents			78.8% 159,674,000						
Distribution by Maturities— 1-15 days bills bought in open market 1-15 days bills discounted 1-15 days U.S. certif, of indebtedness	304,393,000	381,040,000	329,889,000	364,381,000	352,486,000	416,986,000	351,538,00	0 324,707,000	313,665,000
1-15 days municipal warrants 16-30 days bills bought in open market 16-30 days bills discounted 16-30 days U. S. certif. of indebtedness	47,147,000 23,463,000	50,757,000 26,053,000	58,539,000 24,429,000	48,906,000 22,044,000	52,939,000 21,260,000	59,553,000 20,942,000	68,003,000	68,368,00 20,360,00	53,419,000 33,502,000
16-30 days municipal warrants	38,072,000 33,729,000	34,021,000 43,438,000	32,390,000	36,401,000	43,831,000	41,594,000 35,094,000	38,412,00 36,778,00	0 43,282,00 0 35,084,00	53,373,000 43,770,000
81-60 days municipal warrants	10,046,000 18,484,000	11,379,000			9,424,000	10,906,000 19,205,000	10,815,00 21,561,00	0 12,263,00 0 21,930,00	34,524,00 0 26,237,00
61-90 days municipal warrants Over 90 days bills bought in open marke Over 90 days bills discounted Over 90 days certif. of indebtedness Over 90 days municipal warrants	4,119,000 19,214,000 57,962,000	19,413,000 67,686,000	16,903,000	17,342,000	3,656,000 15,202,000	2,860,000 0 15,415,000 111,847,000	3,522,00 0 12,639,00 107,954,00	3,652,00 0 12,362,00 107,931,00	0 30,989,00 73,767,00
F. R. notes received from Comptroller. F. R. notes held by F. R. Agent		2,954,669,000			2,962,273,00	0 2,967,460,000	0 2,978,801,00	0 2,975,025,00	0 2,872,284,00
Issued to Federal Reserve Banks	2,107,085,000	2,105,774,000	2,099,295,000	2,096,740,000	2,101,295,00	0 2,110,072,00	0 2,119,018,00	0 2,136,367,00	0 2,012,406,00
How Secured— By gold and gold certificates————————————————————————————————————	101,422,000	99,663,000 0 1,120,473,000	99,284,000 1,161,562,000	100,416,000	$\begin{array}{c c} 107,624,00 \\ 01,112,315,00 \end{array}$	92,139,00 0 1,069,414,00	$\begin{array}{c c} 0 & 101,375,00 \\ 0 & 1,117,255,00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 96,986,00 \\ 0 1,154,573,00 \end{array}$	0 104,928,00 0 1,063,530,00
By eligible paper		703,210,000							

NOTE.—Beginning with the statement of Oct. 7 1925, two new items were added in order to show separately the amount of balances held abroad and amounts due to foreign correspondents. In addition, the caption, "All other earning assets," previously made up of Foreign Intermediate Credit Bank debentures, was changed to "Other securities, and the caption," "Total earning assets" to "Total bills and securities." The latter item was adopted as a more accurate description of the total of the discounts, acceptances and securities acquired under the provisions of Sections 13 and 14 of the Federal Reserve Act, which, it was stated, are the only items included.

WERELY STATEMENT OF RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF EACH OF THE 12 PEDEDAL DESERVE RANKS AT CLOSE OF RUSINESS JUNE 8 1927

Two ciphers (00) omitted. Federal Reserve Bank of—	Boston.	New York.	PhGs.	Cleveland.	Richmond	Atlanta.	Chicago.	St. Louis.	Minneap.	Kan. Ctty	Dallas.	San Fran.	Total.
RESOURCES. Gold with Federal Reserve Agents Gold red'n fund with U.S. Treas.		\$ 411,944,0 11,649,0	\$ 118,639,0 12,365,0				\$ 244,050,0 1,745,0						\$ 1,634,388,0 48,765,0
Gold held excl. agst. F.R. notes Gold settle't fund with F.R.Board Gold and gold certificates	123,395,0 49,762,0 31,988,0	208,979,0	41,784,0		24,909,0	9,733,0	245,795,0 113,685,0 54,513,0	17,913,0	12,462,0	20,438,0	13,318,0	192,205,0 32,826,0 31,332,0	
Total gold reserves	205,145,0 19,961,0	1.118,276,0 35,324,0					413,993,0 24,660,0						3,005,891,0 164,010,0
Non-reserve cash	225,106,0 6,480,0	1,153,600,0 16,020,0		303,425,0 3,675,0		184,187,0 4,986,0	438,653,0 8,468,0						3,169,901,0 61,276,0
Bills discounted: Sec. by U. S. Govt. obligations Other bills discounted	14.030,0 14,623,0			45,532,0 12,362,0								14,053,0 23,401,0	203,461,0 195,822,0
Total bills discounted	28.653,0 24,066,0			57,894,0 17,721,0								37.454.0 17,117,0	
U. S. Government securities: Bonds. Treasury notes. Cert *cates of indebtedness	5,532,0 5,309,0 7,589,0	30,605,0	8,215,0	16,893,0 21,238,0 11,128,0	3,593,0	2.017.0	13,412,0	10,147,0	7,299,0	8,665,0	7.417.0	21,114,0	139,031,0
Tetal U. S. Gov., securities	18,430.0	89.382.0	30.480.0	49.259.0	13.417.0	11.584.0	64.424.0	25,235,0	21,408.0	35,833,0	30,211,0	48,400,0	438,063,

RESOURCES (Concluded)— Two ciphers (00) omitted.	Boston.	New York.	Phila.	Cleveland.	Richmond	Atlanta.	Chicago.	St. Louis.	Minneap.	Kan. City	Dallas.	San Fran.	Total.
Other securities	8	\$	1,500,0	8	\$	8 300.0	8	8	8	\$	8	\$	3 1,800,0
Total bilis and securities Gold held abroad	71,149,0 4,466,0	242,084.0 16,495,0 661.0	5,717,0	124,874,0 6,312.0									1,060,781,0 59,548,0 661,0
Uncollected items	62,995.0 3,946.0 34.0	154,723,0 16,276,0	56,270,0 1,738,0	7,118,0	2,302,0	2,898,0	8,297,0	3,957.0		4,459,0	1,827.0	36,883,0 3,502,0 1,236,0	653,969,0 59,094,0 15,00,10
Total resources		1,604,453,0											
F. R. notes in actual circulation. Deposits:				214,052,0 193,754,0		163,830,0 67,670,0			59,981,0 51,372.0				1,716,779,0 2,331,460,0
Member bank—reserve acc't Government Foreign bank Other deposits	2,186,0 337,0	3,478.0 2,206.0	3,027,0 431,0	1,577,0 476,0	2,922,0 234,0	2,328,0 184,0	3,908.0 620.0	1,474.0 193.0	1,684.0 135.0	1,069.0 166.0	1,471,0 157.0	2,467,0 314,0	27,591.0 5.453.0
Total deposits	17,606,0	130,927.0 38,832.0 61,614.0	51,398,0 13,064,0 21,267,0	13,856.0 23,746.0	54,391,0 6,206,0 12,198.0	28,359,0 5,102,0 9,632,0	16,995,0 31,881,0	33,121,0 5,289,0 9,939,0	11,158,0 3,006,0 7,527,0	35,605,0 4,221,0 9,029,0	31,880,0 4,247,0 8,215.0	36,959,0 9,151,0 16,121,0	129,108.0 228,775.0
Total liabilities	374,176,0	1,604,453,0	355,552,0	506,562,0	209,238,0	277,974,0	682,747,0	174,735,0	136,104,0	200,794,0	139,096,0	418,806,0	5,080,237,0
Reserve ratio (per cent) Contingent liability on bills pur-					1		78.3		69.4	57.4	59.8		
R. notes on hand (notes rec'd from F. R. Agent less notes in		41,695,0	14,320,0	15,811,0	7,756,0	6,116,0	20,584,0	6,414,0	4,475.0	5,519,0	5,221,0	10,441,0	149,539,0
circulation)	25,142,0	128,952,0	38,400,0	24,683,0	15,047,0	29.788,0	56,838,0	3,769 0	5,385,0	10,131,0	4,500,0	47,671.0	390,306,0

FEDERAL RESERVE NOTE ACCOUNTS OF FEDERAL RESERVE AGENTS AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JUNE 8 1927

- Federal Reserve Agent at—	Boston.	New York.	Phila.	Cleveland.	Richmond	Atlanta.	Chicago.	St. Louis.	Minneap.	Kan. City	Dallas.	San Fran	Total.
(Two ciphers (00) omitted.) F.R.notes rec'd from Comptroller F.R.notes held by F. R. Agent												\$ 268,846,0 44,400,0	\$ 2,951.128,0 844,043,0
F.R.notes issued to F. R. Bank Cellateral held as security for F. R. notes issued to F. R. Bk.:		537,226,0	163,639,0	238,735,0	77,921,0	193,618,0	281,690,0	45,213,0	65,366,0	74,122,0	40,494,0	224,446,0	2,107,085,0
Gold and gold certificates Gold redemption fund Gold fundF. R. Board Eligible paper.	35,300,0 18,328,0 64,000,0 52,719,0	21,794,0 175,000.0	8,962,0 109,677,0	8,780,0 12,162,0 175,000,0 74,456,0	5,217,0 14,000,0	132,500,0		849,0 7,800,0	40,000,0	3,785,0	3,227,0 3,500,0	40,000,0 18,775,0 131,728,0 54,124,0	101,422,0 1,142,065,0
Total collateral	170,347.0												2,241,948,0

Weekly Return for the Member Banks of the Federal Reserve System.

Following is the weekly statement issued by the Federal Reserve Board, giving the principal items of the resources and liabilities of the 668 member banks from which weekly returns are obtained. These figures are always a week behind those for the Reserve banks themselves. Definitions of the different items in the statement were given in the statement of Dec. 12 1917, published in the "Chronicle" of Dec. 29 1917, page 2523. The comment of the Reserve Board upon the figures for the latest week appears in our department of "Current Events and Discussions," on page 3433.

1. Data for all reporting member banks in each Federal Reserve District at close of business June 1 1927 (Three ciphers (606) omitted.)

Federal Reserve District.	Boston.	New York	Phila.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta.	Chicago.	St. Louis.	Minneap.	Kan. City	Dallas.	San Fran.	Total.
Number of reporting banks Leans and discounts, gross: Secured by U.S.Gov't obligations Secured by stocks and bonds All other loans and discounts		8	49 \$ 9,768 396,130 386,512		67 \$ 4,4 22 155,676 355,514	34 \$ 5,255 109,671 381,025	8	31 \$ 4,492 189,943 285,276	76,648	113,631	45 3 2,900 80,224 229,044	3	5,831,177 8,659,026
Total loans and discounts Investments: U. S. Government securities Other bonds, stocks and securities	148,561	5,482,957 1,016,702 1,296,018	792,410 100,779 282,794		515,612 68,138 75,943	495,951 56,521 60,237	2,174,437 319,703 465,811		232,317 63,646 58,142	408,557 107,481 101,544	312,168 61,309 27,690	259,571	14,625,185 2,529,239 3,448,067
Total investments	432,697	2,312,720	383,573	668,344	144,081	116,758	785,514	219,504	121,788	209,025	88,999	494,303	5,977,306
Total loans and investments Reserve balances with F. R. Bank Cash in vault Net demand deposits Time deposits Government deposits Due from banks Due to banks Bills pay, & redis, with F. R. Bk.:	99,730 19,102 921,402 436,177 7,465 58,120 151,466	70,247 $6,031,810$ $1,424,131$ $22,626$ $147,391$ $1,275,145$	78,638 14,848 757,895 259,731 8,645 68,217	131,132 28,742 1,066,451 913,679 5,803 108,232	13,296 377,397 224,975 2,763	39,985 11,326 332,224	45,559 1,791,492 1,090,725	8,227 380,021 233,763 2,071 53,820	21,619 5,914 209,996 127,018 538 52,861	53,753 11,571 482,996 151,457 524 112,342	401,167 30,114 9,502 273,468 108,178 2,436 60,264 91,782	114,965 21,865 788,788 949,944 8,949 156,529	260,199 13,413,940 6,156,447 73,537 1,200,761
Secured by U.S.Gov't obligations			18,265 9,580			1,064 14,511	27,892 29,907	5,746 16,244		4,512 5,771	1,710		190,775 139,296
Total borrowings from F.R.Bank			27,845								2,825		330,071

2. Data of reporting member banks in New York City, Chicago, and for the whole country.

	All Rez	orting Member	Banks.	Reporting M	ember Banks in	N. Y. Ctty.	Reporting M	Tember Banks	in Chicago.
	June 1 1927.	May 25 1927.	June 2 1926.	June 1 1927.	May 25 1927.	June 2 1926.	June 1 1927.	May 25 1927.	June 2 1926
Number of reporting banksLoans and discounts, gross: Secured by U. S. Gov't obligations Secured by stocks and bonds All other loans and discounts	668 \$ 134,982,000 5,831,177,000 8,659,026,000	\$ 142,293,000 5,629,429,000	703 \$ 158,876,000 5,408,849,000 8,394,273,000	\$ 41,798,000 2,189,798,000	\$ 47,089,000 2,014,867,000	\$ 52,295,000	\$ 13,529,000 681,115,000	45 \$ 13,843,000 667,851,000 702,134,000	\$ 15,532,00 603,581,00 710,648,00
Total loans and discounts	14,625,185,000 2,529,239,000 3,448,067,000	2.639.302.000	2,586,988,000	920,808,000	964,120,000	945,335,000	184,203,000	1,383,828,000 191,201,000 227,571,000	1,329,761,00 170,700,00 206,887,00
Total investments	5,977,306,000	6,044,091,000	5,716,014,000	1,884,351,000	1,921,013,000	1,844,059,000	401,395,000	418,772,000	377,587,00
Total loans and investments	1,725,229,000 260,199,000 13,413,940,000 6,156,447,000 73,537,000 1,200,761,000 3,297,140,000	260,179,000 13,191,854,000 6,150,363,000 90,619,000 1,095,277,000	1,660,098,000 282,039,000 13,075,701,000 5,604,206,000 188,914,000	757,996,000 56,498,000 5,414,640,000 970,813,000 21,357,000 105,945,000	701,906,000 58,424,000 5,193,166,000 956,999,000 26,370,000 89,976,000	729,631,000 63,354,000 5,161,428,000 826,898,000	176,157,000 19,774,000 1,195,256,000 532,818,000 4,604,000 160,537,000	177,995,000 18,766,000 1,234,852,000 532,165,000 5,527,000 163,662,000	151,168,00 21,965,00 1,175,075,00 500,378,00 7,060,00 174,025,00
Becured by U. S. Gov't obligations All other	190,775,000 139,296,000							14,800,000 6,789,000	
Total borrowings from F. R. bks	330,071,000	259,677,000	305,271,000	83,670,000	53,234,000	106,955,000	34,598,000	21,589,000	8,158,00
Leans to brokers and dealers (secur member banks in New York City: For own account. For account of out-of-town bank for account of others.	ka			1,076,332,000 1,134,018,000 851,541,000 3,061,891,000	859,900,000 2.964,650,000	587,653,000 2,492,849,000	•Revised	figures.	

Bankers' Gazette.

Wall Street, Friday Night, June 10 1927.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.-The review of the Stock Market is given this week on page 3456.

The following are sales made at the Stock Exchange this week of shares not represented in our detailed list on the pages which follow:

STOCKS. Week Ended June 10.	Sales for		lange fo		-			ce Jan	
	Week.		est.		hest.	Low		High	
Railroads-	Shares		_			-		\$ per s	
Preferred v t c100	200 100	5514	June 8 June 8	57	June 6	40	Apr	58	May June
Caro Clinch & Ohio. 100 Chie Ind & Louisv pf. 100	20 20		June 6 June 9	90 14 75	June 6 June 9	83%	Jan Jan		June
Chie St P Min & O. 100 Celve & Pittsburgh50	10	7814	June 7 June 4	7816	June 7 June 4	55 73	Jan Feb		Feb
Cuba RR pref100 Gt Northern pf ctfs100	3,700	8234	June 4	82 34	June 4	7934	Apr	8434	Apr
Havana Elec & Ry	200	22	June 4 June 7	22	June 6 June 7	853%	Mar May	2634	Jan
Preferred100	300 190	79¾ 275	June 10 June 4	80 1/4 290 1/4	June 6 June 7	79¾ 200		8234 29034	June
Hocking Valley 100 Ill Cent Leased Line 100	200 350	8014	June 10 June 4	80 1/2	June 7 June 10	76%		83%	May
Iowa Central 100 Morris & Essex 50	100	83	June 9	83	June 9	80	Feb	85	May
Nat Rys Mex 2d pref.100 N Y & Harlem50	400 50	175	June 9	177	June 9 June 8	16814	June		Apr
N Y State Rys100 Northern Central50	100		June 8 June10	14	June 8 June10	14 81	May	22	Feb
Northern Pacific ctfs. 100	2,600	8636	June 6	88%	June 7	8434	Apr	89	June
Pitts Ft W & Chic100 Twin City Rap Tran.100	300	145% 51	June 10 June 7	53	June10 June10	49%		145¾ 65¾	June
Vicks Shr & Pac pref. 100 Industrial & Misc.—	60		June 7	99%	June 7	9834			May
Albany Perf Wrap Pap.*	560		June 6		June 9	18	Apr	23	Fet
America Ice rights	4,300	4	June 4 June 10	436	June 4 June 7	96	June	100 16	Jan
Am-LaFr Fi En 7% pf100 American Piano		6216	June 7 June 9	74%	June 8		June	90%	Jan
Preferred100	430	104	June 9	107	June 9 June 10	101 36	Jan	11014	Mai
Am Radiator pref100 American Snuff pref_100	20 30	137	June 6 June 9	101 16	June 6 June 7	9416	Mai		June
Am Type Fdrs pref100		11114	June 6 June10	113	June 9 June 7		Fet	11316	May
Am Writ Pap pf ctfs. 100	12,900	35	June 6	523%	June 10	2534	Api	4236	June
Autocales* Barnet Leather pref. 100	100		June 6 June 7	5	June 6 June 7	95%	Mai	101	June
Bayuk Bros 1st pref. 100	30	10736	June 6	1081/2	June 6	101	Jar	10135	Jun
Beech Nut Pack pref. 100 Blumenthal & Co pf. 100	180	60	June 6	63	June 6 June 10	44		1119	Ma
British Empire Steel 100 1st preferred 100	100	34	June 6	34	June 6	34	Apr	136	
2d preferred 100	600	136	June 9	2	June 8	1	Ap	334	Fe
Brown Shoe pref100 Byers & Co rts	110.200	17	June 8		June 8		June	0 120	Jun
Chesaneake Corn	2 400	7516	June10	76%	June10	7516	Jun	e 76%	Jun
City Stores cl A	300	4914		4914	June 9	41	May	4914	
Chicago Yellow Cab City Stores cl A Class B Coca-Cola Internat	28,200	4514	June 9		June 8			r 48 %	Jun
Colo Fuel & Iron pref 100	40	12614	June 9	12614	June 9	116	Jan	n 132 1/2	Ma
Continental Can pref 100 Crown Wmtte 1st pref.	100	126 881/2	June 7	8814	June 7	8714		n 126	Jun
Cushman's Sons pf 8% Deere & Co pref 100	30	110	June 7	11034	June 6	103	Fel	b 111 n 11834	Ma
Devoe & Rey 1st pref 100	10	10436	June 6	10436	June 6	101	Ja	n 108	Ap
Eastman Kodak pref. 100 Elk Horn Coal Corp	H 30	124	June 7	14%	June 7	119%	Ja	n 124 n 15%	Ma
Preferred50	540	191/2	June10	26	June 7 June 7 June 1	1934	Jun	n 15% e 27% e 37%	Ma
Franklin-Simon pref 100	270	113	June10	11314	June 6	190 1/2	Ja	n 11434	Fc
Gen Baking pref	200	126	June 4	130	June 9	11834	Ja	n 130 n 128	Ma
Gen Gas & El cl B Glidden Co prior pref	400	41 16	June10	4214	June 4	3516	Ap	r 43	Ma
Guantanamo Sug pref 100	30	104	June 4	1104	June 10	95%	Ja	y 99 n 104	Jun
Gulf States St'l 1st pf 100 Hackensack Wat Pr A 25	100	2614	June 8	263	June 4	2514	Ma	n 108 %	
Harbison-Walk Refr. 100	316	107	June 7	1108	June10	107	Jun	e 108	Jun
Helme (G W) pref100 Indian Refining pref. 100	800	10214	June 2	110%	June10	102	Fe	n 128 b 112	Ma
Intrnat Paper rights International Salt 100	29,500	683	June 4	6834	June 8 June 9 June 9 June 10	6434	Ma	y 1314 r 72	Jun
Internat Sliver prei 100	7 20	N118	June 8	1118	June 8	109	IVI B	r118	Jun
Kress Co new Kuppenheimer	100	3814	June 9	3814	June 9	34	Ja	n 74 %	Ma
Kuppenheimer100 Laclede Gas pref100 McCrary Stores C A	300	6574	June 6	657	June 6 June 6 June 7 June 7 June 6 June 6 June 10 June 8	95	Ja	n 130	Ma
McCrory Stores pref. 100	700	101 %	June 4	1023	June 9	97	Ma	r 75	Ja
Macy Co	300	70	June 7	7014	June 7	69	An	n 182	Ma Fe
Mandel Bros	300	4434	June 9	45	Junel	4434	Jun	r 77 e 45	Jun
Mexican Petroleum 100 Montana Power pref. 100	800	250 121 1/6	June 8	12114	June 8	11814	Ja	r 250 n 123	Jun
Montana Power pref. 100 Mullins Body pref. 100 Nat Dalry Prod new Nat Lead pref B 100	20.200	96	June 1	963	June10	5914	Ja	n 97	Ma
Nat Lead pref B100	3,300	104%	June '	106	June10	104%	Jun	e 109 14	Ma
Pref A	P. 441H	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	-F1117102 2	11/3/2/39	June C	111251 44	Jun	e 132 14 n 120	Ma
Nat Surety rights	4,040	321/2	June 6	3814	June 8 June 10 June 10 June 10	32 14	Jun	e 3814 b 9814	Jun
Preferred (7)	100	108	June10	108	Junel	105	Ja	n 110	Ma
Preferred (7) Niag Lockp & Ont pf 10 Northwest Telegraph 5	340	5034	Junel	5234	June S June S June S June S June S June S	4734	Ja	n 116 n 62 14	Ma
Oil Well Supply pref. 10	70	108	June '	110	June 1	1023	Ma	r 110	Jun
Omnibus pref A10 Outlet Co	400	96 59	June	59%	June 8	5234	Ja	n 61	Fe
Preferred10	0 2,600	0 132 14	June June				Ma	r 145	Jun
Paige Det Mot Car right	54,400	0 36	June 4	\$ 54	Junei	34	Ma	У 34	Ma
Preferred rights Penick & Ford pref10	0 6	0 104 14	June (1047	June 6	100 3	AI	or 106	Ma
Pettibone-Mull 1st pf 10	0 1	0 90 0 43	June !	8 90	June !	90	Ma	y 100 ¼	
Phila Co 5% pref5 Phillips Jones pref10	0 10	0 83	Junel	83	Junel	83	Jun	e 85 %	Mi
Pitts Term Coal10	0 8,90	0 45	June !	824	June 1	74	AT	or 55 or 83	Jur - Ma
Preferred 10 Port-Am Tob "A" 10 Class "B"	0 20	755	Junel	76	June16	75	A	or 913	5 Ja
Pullman Co ctfs10	0 1,80	0 184 1/4	Junel	0.188	June (6 175	Ma	e 25 y 1931	Ma Ma
Pullman Co ctfs10 Reid Ice Cream pref. 10 Shattuck (F G) rights	0 10	00110	June	6 100	June (97	Ma	y 1931 y 100	F
Sherwin-W'ms pref10							(TO 10	b 110	Js
Sloss-ShefSt'l&Iron pf10	0 10	0 107 3	June	7 481	June	8 47	Ma	ir 108	Ja
So Porto Rico Sug ew	4,10	0 47 0 39	Junel	0 40%	June June June June June	4 39	Jur	ie 425	√ Ma
Rights		0 3 M			June June		Jur Ma		C Ma
MINING A HOLD CHASS PL. 10		2 2601	June	4 3650	June	7 1500	Ja	n 3650	Jui
Texas Pac L'd Trust.10									-
Texas Pac L'd Trust.10 United Dyewood10 Preferred10	0 10	0 5	Junel	0 5		0 5	A	DF 10	Fe

STOCKS. Week Ended June 10.	Sales	Range j	or Week.	Range St	nce Jan. 1.
The Lines out to.	Week.	Lowest.	Highest.	Lowest.	Highest.
U S Distributing—Par. Preferred 100 U S Express 100 Van Raalte 1st pf. 100 Vulcan De tinning 100 Preferred 100 Warren Fdy & Pipe. * Washburn Cro-by pf. 100 West Penn Pf 6% pf. 100 Western Elec 1st pf. 50	10,300 1,500 400 60 2,850 60 3,900 20 440	16½ June 1 88½ June 1 2¾ June 1 57 June 1 22¾ June 1 104 June 1	3 25% June 6 7 109 June 7 107 June 4	14¼ May 81 May 234 Fet 50 Api 16% Jar 90 Jar 23½ June 107½ Jar 100¾ Jar	18¼ May 93¼ May 3¼ June 67½ Jan 29¼ Apr

* No par value.

For New York City Banks and Trust Companies see page 3340.

New York City Realty and Surety Companies. All prices dollars per share.

Alliance R'ity Amer Surety. Bond & M G. Lawyers Mige	240 348 300	50	Mtge Bond Nat Surety N Y Title & Mortgage	160 262 454	267 458	Realty Assoc's (Bklyn) com 1st pref 2d pref	
& Guarantee		303	U S Casualty.		340	Westchester Title & Tr.	

Quotations for U. S. Treas. Ctfs. of Indebtedness, &c.

Maturtty.	Int. Rate.	Bid.	Asked.	Maturtly.	Int. Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
June 15 1927 Sept. 15 1927 Dec. 15 1927	314% 314% 414%	9981 22	100121	Sept. 15 1927 Mar. 15 1928 Mar. 15 1930-'32	314 %	993133	1001as

United States Liberty Loan Bonds and Treasury Certificates on the New York Stock Exchange. -Below we furnish a daily record of the transactions in Liberty Loan bonds and Treasury certificates on the New York Stock Exchange. The transactions in registered bonds are given in a footnote at the end of the tabulation.

June 4	June 6	June 7	June 8	June 9	June 10
100 33	101 100 ³⁰ 33 100 ³⁰ 33	100 ³¹ 32 100 ²⁹ 32 100 ²⁹ 33	100 ³¹ 33 100 ²⁶ 33 100 ²⁶ 33	100 30 33 100 30 33 100 30 33	100 ³⁶ 23 100 ²⁶ 23 100 ²⁶ 23
	-			-	

					1023
					103***
					1033
		109-11	109.88	109-11	103-81
		- 4		9	10017-
					1021789
					1021789
					1021788
			1007	1000	
100788					
				100*22	
				9	
					1001898
					1001338
					1001811
					463
	100 30 33	1003133			1002032
	1002933	1002932			1002898
1002931	100 30 33	1003133	100 30 33	1003138	1002933
	22	68	71	80	24
104	104	1033133	1033182	1032932	1032999
1032789	1032028	1032732	1032833		1032728
1033133	1632033	10328 32	1032822	1032922	1039799
130	71	247	227	227	79
	114639	1133133	1133138	1132833	
	1132839	1132789	1132322	1132233	
	1133039	1132739	1133338	1132232	
	33	16	24	6	
	109	1081021	1083031	1082432	108232
	1082522	1081639	1081731	1081888	1082681
					108101
		46			
		1052849	1052829	1052824	
	100 ³¹ s ₃ 100 ³¹ s ₃ 31 1 103 ¹ s ₃ 103 ¹ s ₃ 103 ¹ s ₃ 100 ⁷ s ₃ 100 ⁷ s ₃ 100 ⁷ s ₃ 100 ¹ s ₃	103 ¹ 31 83 1 83 1 83 1 83 1 83 103 ¹ 31 103 ³ 31 103 ¹ 31 100 ¹ 32 100 ¹ 31 100 ¹ 31 100 ¹ 31 1100 ¹ 31 100 ¹ 3	103 ¹ 31 103 ² 31 103 ² 31 103 ³ 31 100	31 83 116 39 31 83 116 39 1011432 103132 103323 103323 103132 103132 103313 103323 103323 103323 103133 10333 10332 10332 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 100323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 103323 113323 1	3 1 8 3 116 39 25 1011432

Note.—The above table includes only sales of coupon bonds. Transactions in registered bonds were:

Foreign Exchange.—

To-day's (Friday's) actual rates for sterling exchange were 4.85 \(\) \

To-day's (Friday's) actual rates for Paris bankers' francs were 3.91% for short. Amsterdam bankers' guilders were 40.03 for short. Exchange at Paris on London, 124.02; week's range, 124.02 high and 124.02 low.

The range for foreign exchange for the week follows:	
Sterling, Actual— Checks.	Cables.
High for the week 4.85 5-16	4.85 11-16 4.85 10-16
Low for the week 4.85 1/4	4.85 10-16
Paris Bankers' Francs—	
High for the week 3.9114	$\frac{3.91\%}{3.91\%}$
High for the week	3.91%
Germany Bankers' Marks—	
High for the week	23.70
Low for the week23.68	23.691
Amsterdam Bankers' Guilders—	
High for the week	40.06
Low for the week40.02	40.04

The Curb Market .- The review of the Curb Market is given this week on page 3456.

A complete record of Curb Market transactions for the week will be found on page 3485.

New York Stock Exchange—Stock Record, Daily, Weekly and Yearly

OCCUPYING SIT PAGES

For sales during the week of stocks usually inactive, see preceding page

HIGH AND LOW 8A	LE PRICES-P			1	Sales	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK	PER 8 Range Since	Jan. 1 1927	PER SE Range for I Year 1	Previous
Saturday, Monday, June 4. June 6.		Vednesday, June 8.	Thursday, June 9.	Friday, June 10.	for the Week.	EXCHANGE	On basis of 1 Lowest	Highest	Loncest	Highest
	June 7.	### STANT ### ST	June 9. \$ per share 182 1827s 102 102 18934 19614 1211s 1227s 818 8212 97 971 111 111 6012 611s 8578 86 1012 102 10607s 63 1775s 17812 336 338 18212 18434 81s 812 1234 1335 42 44 671s 693s 18212 18434 81s 812 1234 1335 42 44 671s 693s 199 197s 4034 431s 4124 1344 1434 1434 267s 2714 267s 267s 801s 9012 136 139 10834 1109s 10934 1994 128 1291 27712 80 773 84 128 1291 27712 80 773 84 128 1291 27712 80 6734 1707s 6534 6734 5412 555 60 6034 191s 1914 1918 1914 191	Series Series	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	Rafiroads. Par Atch Topeka & Santa Fe. 100 Preferred. 100 Atlantic Coast Line RR. 100 Baltimore & Ohio. 100 Preferred. 100 Bangor & Acostook. 50 Preferred. 100 Bangor & Acostook. 50 Preferred. 100 Bikin-Manh Trac v t c. No par Brunswick Term & Ry Sec. 100 Buffalo Rochester & Pitts. 100 Canada Southern. 100 Canadian Pacific. 100 Central RR of New Jersey. 100 Chicago & Alton. 100 Chicago & Alton. 100 Chicago & Alton. 100 Preferred. 100 Chicago Great Western. 100 Preferred. 100 Chicago Milw & St Paul. 100 Certificates. 100 Cretificates. 100 Cretific	## 194	\$ per shars 1863s Apr 23 103 Apr 26 205 Jan 3 1247gMay 31 1247gMay 31 1247gMay 31 1247gMay 27 707s Jan 20 88 Jan 4 154s Jan 7 115s Mar 10 624gMay 11 19212 Feb 28 348 June 1 190 May 26 103s Feb 9 15 May 27 457gJune 7 69/sJune 7 69/sJune 7 69/sJune 7 69/sJune 7 69/sJune 7 69/sJune 6 173 June 6 173 June 6 173 June 6 173 June 2 135 June 2 137 June 6 139 May 23 1104 June 9 1114 June 2 1037gJune 9 1114 Apr 26 1124 Apr 27 167s May 26 1124 Apr 27 167s May 26 1124 Apr 27 167s May 10 167s June 9 180 Apr 12 234 Feb 4 167s June 9 180 Apr 12 232 June 3 173 June 2 185 June 3 187 June 9 184 June 9 187	122 Mar 9418 Mar 18112 Mar 18112 Mar 18112 Mar 6712 Jab 33 Mar 9778 Feb 5418 Mar 7812 Mar 6934 Mar 1812 Mar 6934 Mar 112 Mar 14612 Jan 2400 Mar 1112 Mar 14612 Jan 2400 Mar 1112 Mar 1414 Mar 1614 Mar 1615 Mar 1614 Mar 1612 Mar 1614 Mar 1615 Mar 1614 Mar 1616 Mar 1617 Mar 1618 Mar 1618 Mar 1619 Mar 16	
*80 90 *80 90 *7834 91 *86 92 9412 9412 94 94	95 9614 17212 7514 11112 112 11 136 139 11 11112 13 13 11112 13 13 1112 13	*80 90 *86 90 95 95 ¹ ₂ *72 ¹ ₂ 75 ¹ ₄ 112 112 ¹ ₂ 136 139 *11 ¹ ₂ 13 *33 35 ⁷ ₈ 2 ³ ₄ 3	*80 90 *80 88 9512 9658 *7212 75	*80 90 *86 90 95 96 72 7312 *112 11212 *13712 13912 *12 1284 *33 3512 278 3 1688 17278 8 84	6,100 200 30 200 400 7,000 17,900 16,200	Wheeling & Lake Erie Ry 100 Preferred 100 Industrial & Miscellaneous Abitibi Power & Paper No pai Abraham & Straus No pai Preferred 100 Adams Express 100 Advance Rumely 100 Advance Rumely pref 100	2712 Jan 2 4712 Jan 2 83 Jan 27 6214 Mar 22 1012 Feb 1 1012 Feb 1 1012 Jan 2 3014 Jan 2 234 June 2 13412 Jan 2 8 June 2 8 June 2	3 130 Feb 8 97 May 13 974May 27 8214 Apr 20 11312 Feb 9 1394 May 23 154 Feb 9 5 12 Mar 5 172's June 10 134 Mar 25	18 Mar 37 Mar 70¼ May 43 May 104½ Mar 99% Mar 8 Dec 28% Dec 4% Nov 107¼ May 7½ Oct	98 Sept 72 Dec 112 Dec 112 Dec 116 Sept 22 Sept 654 Sept 91s Jan 1464 Dec 16 Feb

Bid and asked prices. s Ex dividend. a Ex-rights.

aturday, June 4.	Monday,	Tuesda	v. W	'ednesda	, Thur	day,	Frida	v.	Sales for the	NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	PRR S. Range Since On basis of 16	Jan. 1 1927 00-share loss	PER S. Range for Year	Previous 1926
per share	\$ per share	\$ per sh	are \$	June 8. per share		share	\$ per si		Week.	Indus. & Miscel. (Con.) Par	Lowest S per share	# Highest	Lowest \$ per share	Highest 2 per abo
221 ₄ 1221 ₄ 91 ₄ 110 11 ₂ 1111 ₂	*122 1097 ₈ 1097 ₈ 1111 ₂ 1111 ₂	122 ¹ 4 12 109 10 111 ¹ 2 11	0912 10	2214 0812 1083 1112 1111	8 10834	122^{1}_{4} 108^{7}_{8} 111^{1}_{2}	*12084 10758 1 11112 1		3,000	Allied Chemical & Dye pref 100 Allie-Chalmers Mfg 100 Preferred 100	88 Jan 25	12214June 4 11134May 31 11212 Apr 21	1184 Mar 784 Mar	1224 D 9458 J 11112 D
161 ₈ 171 ₈ 321 ₂ 321 ₂ 10 10	161 ₂ 161 ₂ 321 ₄	161 ₂ 1 321 ₄ 3	16 ¹ 2 *1	16 17 32 33	1584 3214	17 33	16 ⁵ 8 32	$\frac{17^{1}4}{32^{7}8}$	3.600	Amaigamated Leather No par Amerada CorpNo par Amer Agricultura Chem100	1558May 20 2758 Apr 28	2418 Feb 11 3758 Feb 7	144 Oct 244 May	21 Se 3278 A
0 10 27 ₈ 333 ₈ 8 49	934 10 33 331 ₂ *4814 49	3258 3	3284 3	91 ₂ 10 325 ₈ 325 49 49	8 3258	9 ¹ 2 33 ³ 8 49 ¹ 8		$ \begin{array}{c} 9^{3_4} \\ 32^{7_8} \\ 49 \end{array} $	2,000	Preferred100 Amer Bank Note10	818 Apr 6 2814 Apr 6 41 Jan 6	14% Feb 14 51% Jan 10 50% May 4	9 Oct 35% Oct 34% Mar	343g J 961g J 46 C
9 59 1 21	5912 5912 2118 2118	59 •21	59 *8	59 591 21 23	2 591 ₂ 211 ₈	$\frac{59^{1}2}{21^{1}8}$	59 21	59 211 ₂	130 800	American Beet Sugar No par	5612 Jan 4 1818 Apr 28	60 May 7 2334 Mar 14	55 Jan 201 ₂ Sept	581 ₂ Ju 384 F
3 131 ₄ 78 ₄ 377 ₈	*51 56 13 13 38 38 ¹ 2	13 1	1318 *1	53 531 13 131 415 ₈ 431	2 1318	54 1318 4278	1318	531 ₂ 133 ₄ 42	3,000 35,500	Preferred	48 May 4 13 Jan 20 3512May 2	601 ₈ Jan 3 183 ₈ Feb 28 431 ₄ June 8	55 Nov 16 May	83 F
014 125 958 20 514 80	*124 125 1984 2012	*124 12 193 ₈ 2	25 *12 20 1	24 125 19 ¹ 2 20	*124	125 1938	*124 1 1634	25	22.500	Amer Brown Boyert El No nor	1174 Feb 7 1634June 10	128 Mar 12 391 ₂ Jan 5	3014 Mar	12814 F 50 A
0 51 28 ₄ 1328 ₄	79 ¹ 2 80 50 ¹ 4 51 ⁵ 8 132 ¹ 2 132 ¹ 2	80 8 5058 8 133 13	5138 5	791 ₂ 80 501 ₂ 513 33 133		80 52 135	5018	531 ₈ 1	800	Preferred	78 June 10 4358 Mar 31 126 Jan 14	98 Feb 1 521 ₂ June 2 133 June 7	8612 Mar 3878 Mar 121 Jan	9718 Ja 6318 A 13018 D
B14 10612	106 107	105¼ 10 •133¼ 13	0612 10		8 10514	106	105 1 1331 ₂ 1	3312	7,900	American Car & Fdy_No par Preferred100 American ChicleNo par	9912 Jan 28	109 ¹ 4May 27 ¹ 134 ³ 4June 8	9112 Mar	11478 J
49 ¹ 2 14 ¹ 8 140 ³ 4	491 ₂ 498 ₄ 14 147 ₈ 139 1393 ₈	4918 4 1434 1 13714 13	15 1	481 ₂ 49 143 ₄ 15 351 ₄ 137	481 ₄ 143 ₄ 1351 ₂	151 ₄	1412	48 15 ¹ 4 138	95,500	American Chicle	938 Apr 20	52 Mar 17 15 ¹ 4June 9 144 June 1	31 Oct 414 Jan 10578 Mar	51 J 10% A 140 J
384 2478 10018	24 2514 10014 10184	24 2 100 10	247 ₈ 2 011 ₂ 10	23% 24° 00 100	8 2358 10012	24 1001 ₂	231 ₄ 1001 ₂ 1	237 ₈ 1001 ₂	1,700	Amer & For'n PowerNo par PreferredNo par	1878 Feb 17 8612 Feb 15	2512 Mar 29 10184June 6	1414 Nov 79 Oct	423 J 98 F
10 5 56 ¹ 2 7 38 ³ 8	*912 10 5712 5812 38 3918	98 ₄ 1 601 ₈ 6 381 ₈ 3	6158	10 10 61 ¹ 4 62 38 39	2 62	10 621 ₄ 391 ₈	6118	$ \begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 62^{1}8 \\ 38^{3}4 \end{array} $	7,100	American Hide & Leather 100 Preferred 100 Amer Home Products No par	738 Apr 26 48 Mar 1 3038 Jan 3	1012 Feb 8 6212June 8 3914June 8	7 May 3312 May 2358 Oct	1712 E 6714 E 3058 I
21 ₂ 1321 ₂ 18 ₄ 95	132 1328 95 95	131 13 *941 ₂ 5	31 *13 95 *1	31 132 941 ₂ 95	131 941 ₂	131 941 ₂	130 1 941 ₂	131 941 ₂	1,600 500	American Ice	11418 Jan 26 84 Jan 7	13714 May 10 96 May 7	109 Mar 8112 Oct	136 Ju 864 Ju
12 5118 438 5 25	491 ₂ 54 41 ₈ 41 ₂ *25 251 ₄	531 ₄ 1 41 ₈ 251 ₈ 2	434	53 55 4 ¹ 2 4 26 ¹ 4 28	78 434	54°8 634 33	614	678 34	20,800 38,400	American La France F E10 American Linseed100	2018 Apr 5	5512June 7 10 Jan 3 34 June 10	31% July 9% Dec 25% Oct	
61 ¹ 8 284 113 ¹ 2 184 122	62 62 11314 11312	63 1127 ₈ 1	64 1	631 ₂ 68 13 113	8 113	731 ₂ 1138 ₄	71 x11078 1	74^{7}_{8} 111^{3}_{4} 124	9,300	American Locomotive No par Preferred 100	46% Mar 19 105% Jan 19	7478June 10 116 May 18	67% Oct 90% Mar	87 11978
11 ₂ 85 1 145	*841 ₂ 843 ₄ *1411 ₄ 1443 ₄			$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		8614	8638 *14084 1	8658	1,500	Preferred 100	7314 Jan 3 1251 ₅ Jan 6	865 ₈ June 10 149 Mar 29	114 July	12414 I 8012 A 125 I
41 ¹ 4 3 110 384 65 ⁷ 8	*41 4114 *108 110 65 67	*108 1	10 110	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	108	10818	*108	110 64	400	Amer Metal Co LtdNo par Preferred100 Am Power & LightNo par	404June 9	11212May 17	43 ¹ 4 Dec 113 ¹ 2 Apr 50 ⁸ 4 May	57% 1 120 1 721 ₂ 8
12 1261 ₂ 14 961 ₂	126 12684 *95 96	12512 12	2612 12	25 125 95 97			123 1	97		American Radiator25 Amer Railway Express100	11012 Jan 21	67 June 3 131 May 26 97 ¹ 4May 23	11	1228
51	44 44 51 511 ₂	451g 51	52 51	51 54 501 ₂ 51	507 ₈ 50	5178 5012	5078 *4714	621 ₂ 481 ₂	2,400	American RepublicsNo per American Safety Rasor100	351s Jan 4 48 Jan 28	6212June 10 6112 Mar 28	3978 Nov 42 Apr	74
58 4534 514 16218	4538 4534 434 5 16158 16234	4538 4 *5 1601 ₂ 10	512	4558 45 *5 5 5984 161	12 518	4578 518 16414	45 478 1601 ₄ 1	46 ¹ 2 4 ⁷ 8 163 ¹ 8	700	Am Seating v t cNo par Amer Ship & CommNo par Amer Smelting & Refining_100	312 Mar 23	684 Jan 7 16718June 2	58 Dec 1098 Apr	117 ₈ 1
125 128	*1241 ₂ 125 *128 129	*1243 ₈ 13 128 13	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 24^{1} & 12 \\ 28 & *12 \end{array} $	243 ₄ 124 27 129	84 12484 12884	$\frac{124^{7}8}{129^{1}2}$	1241 ₂ 1 *125 1	125	1,400	American Snuff	119 ¹ 4 Mar 16 119 ³ 8 Jan 17	12678 May 4 13078 Mar 10	11278 Mar 12184 Oct	122%
178 4478 314 114 9212	*11314 114 9212 93	*11314 1	14 1	44 ¹ 8 44 13 ¹ 4 113 90 ¹ 2 91	4 *11314	4458 114 8984	*11314 1	114 8918	7,400	Amer Steel FoundriesNo par Preferred100 Amer Sugar Refining100	79 Jan 25	115 Jan 13 9534 May 26	11014 Sept 6514 Apr	115 874 1
314 114 178 5214	*1131 ₄ 114 521 ₄ 535 ₈	113 1 53	14 1 537 ₈	90½ 91 12¼ 112 517 ₈ 53	14 5258	$\frac{1121_8}{525_8}$	*112 1 52	52 ¹ 8	6,800	Am Sum Tob v t cNo par Amer Telegraph & Cable100	10778 Mar 3 4112 Jan 3 26 Apr 1	11612 May 26 5838 Apr 16 34 May 9	100 June 29 ¹ 4 Aug 25 ¹ 2 July	
$73_4 1681_4 \\ 1331_2$	*30 32 16758 168 13334 135	*29 ¹ 2 167 ⁵ 8 1 134 ¹ 4 1	6812 16	291_2 32 671_2 168 348_4 136	78 16712	16814	167 1 135 1	$167^{7}8$ 135	2,700	Amer Telep & Teleg100 American Tobacco com50	149 ¹ 4 Jan 3 120 Jan 7	172% Apr 8 13912 May 20	13958 June 11138 Mar	151
2 133 ¹ 2 5 115 ¹ 2	13384 13488 11512 11512	133 13 1157 ₈ 1	34 13 15 ⁷ 8 •1	34 136 15 ¹ 2 116	*134 ¹ 2 115 ¹ 2	136 1151 ₂	1348 ₄ 1 *1141 ₂ 1	135 ¹ 2 115 133 ³ 4	5,300 300	Common Class B50 Preferred100 American Type Founders100	11914 Jan 5 11018 Jan 4 125 Jan 7	11578 Mar 9	10618 Jan	118 M
5 ¹ 4 135 ¹ 2 9 ¹ 2 96 9 ¹ 2 110	941 ₂ 98 *1091 ₂ 110	135 8 13 92 4 *109 4 1	95 ¹ 2 10 1	343 ₄ 135 93 95 10 110	93 1091 ₂	$\frac{951_8}{110}$	921 ₂ 1091 ₄ 1	93 109 ¹ 4	500	1st preferred (7%)100	6214 Jan 3 10412 Mar 1	98 June 6 1107 Jan 21	4384 Apr 10112 Mar	1084
81 ₈ 187 ₈ 0 505 ₈	51 51	4758	4914	4712 49	14 4718	48	17 ¹ 8 47	4712	10,800	Preferred 100	4678June 1	8612 Jan 7		
184 1278 8 812 518 46	125 ₈ 131 ₈ 83 ₈ 83 ₈ 46 467 ₈	8	8	121 ₃ 12 *8 8 461 ₈ 46	12 *8	128 ₄ 81 ₂ 471 ₂	12 ⁷ 8 *8 *46	81 ₂	400	Am Writing Paper ctfs. No par Amer Zinc, Lead & Smelt28 Preferred25	712 Apr 28		51, May 20 May	1218 54
514 4538 012 4114	45 45% *41 4114	4518 41	45%	45 45 401 ₂ 41	12 4012	453 ₄ 401 ₂	45 401 ₂ 107	45 ¹ 2 40 ¹ 2 107 ¹ 2	400	Anaconda Copper Mining_50 Archer, Dan'is, Midi'd_No par	38 Mar 12	4912 Jan 12 42 Jan 18 10812 May 10	3478 June	4484
7 1 9184 018 1014	*107 109 *8912 9112 1014 1012	*8912	9112	$\begin{array}{ccc} 07 & 108 \\ 91 & 91 \\ 10 & 10 \end{array}$	*90	$ \begin{array}{r} 107^{1}2 \\ 91 \\ 10^{1}4 \end{array} $	*90 978	91 978	5,800	Armour & Co (Del) pref100 Armour of Illinois Class A25	814May 4	96 ¹ 8 Feb 16 15 ⁷ 8 Jan 7	9014 May 1318 May	9778 2512
$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6 618 *70 74 27 28			638 6 7114 72 2712 28	34 7012		*66 ¹ 2 27	612 69 2714	1,800 600 5.100		60 Apr 13	91 ₈ Jan 6 861 ₄ Jan 27 291 ₈ June 3	80 Apr 18 Apr	93
41 ₂ 25 9 50	*241 ₂ 25 *49 50	*24 ¹ 2 *49	25 50 *	241 ₂ 25 49 50	*241 ₂	25 49	25 49	25 49	500	Art Metal Construction 10 Artloom Corp No par	22 Jan 11 49 Apr 4			6312
2 1128 ₄ 15 ₈ 417 ₈ 4 1061 ₂	4158 4214	4218	$123_4 *1$ 421_8 $07 *1$	4112 41		112 421 ₂ 106	4112	11234 4158 106	4,600	Preferred	3912 Feb 9	4478 Apr 11 104 May 23	3714 Mar 96 Mar	5478 10212
7 110 318 4912	*107 111 *42 49	*42	49 *	05 111 43 ¹ 4 49 38 ¹ 2 40	*44	109 491 ₂	*43	110 49 391 ₂	7 100	Associated Oil 28 Atl G & W I S S Line No par	44 8 May 24	5014 Feb 19		60
784 3778 718 3718 1 11184	38 3818	11384 1	4114	4012 40 1414 124	12 4058		*40 119	$\frac{41}{125^{5}8}$	2,200 41,400	Atlantic Refining	29% Mar 25 107 Jan 28	4114June 7 12558June 10	3314 Oct 97 Mai	5614 12838 1
338 6412		65	6512	65 65	1		67	68 ¹ 4	4,200	Atlas Powder No pa	6612 Mar 17	1	54 Mai	64
314 1031 ₂ 884 9 484 5	*1031 ₄ 1031 ₂ *88 ₄ 9 5 5	1031 ₂ 1 *88 ₄ 48 ₄		0314 103 *884 9				103 ¹ 2 10 5	130 100 1.300	Atlas TackNo pa	73g Mar 14	1218 Apr 7	94 Jan 8 Oct 718 Oct	171 ₂
0 32 9 2223 ₈	*30 31 22278 22714	301 ₄ 2211 ₈ 2	301 ₄ * 251 ₂ 2	31 32 20 223	78 2221	311 ₂ 225	222	$\frac{31^{1}2}{224^{5}8}$	128,800	Austin, Nichols&Co vtc No par Preferred	140'8 Jan 18	61 Jan 8 22884June 1	9278 Mai	167%
8 ¹ 4 124 8 109 3 53	*11814 12412 *10838 109 *5314 54	*1083 ₈ 1	53 *1	18 ¹ 4 121 108 ¹ 2 108 50 ¹ 2 52		1081 ₂ 521 ₄	52	10878 52	2,200	Bamberger (L) & Co pref 100 Barnett LeatherNo pa	10634 Mar 30 40 Jan 6	11012May 10 5978 Feb 9		
$ \begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 26^{1}4 \\ 5 & 25^{8}4 \end{array} $	255 ₈ 261 ₈ •25 251 ₂ 718 ₄ 73	*25		253 ₄ 26 253 ₈ 25 723 ₄ 72	12 251	2578	*25	$ \begin{array}{r} 2678 \\ 26 \\ 7214 \end{array} $	1,300	Barnsdall Corp class A20 Class B	22 Apr 30	3212 Feb 28	2212 Oc	t 3912
$\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 71^{1}2 \\ 6^{1}4 & 16^{1}4 \\ 2 & 53^{8}4 \end{array}$	161 ₄ 161 ₂ 531 ₂ 531 ₂	161 ₂ *52	18 ¹ 4 53	1784 17 53 53	78 17 *52	$\frac{175}{5284}$	17 5218	$\frac{17}{52^{1}8}$	4,700	Beacon OilNo pa Beach Nut Packing20	1514May 31 5014 Apr 29	1814June 7 6078 Feb 18	5214 Oc	7178
012 2112 012 5012 0 11018	5012 5112	5058	51	20 ¹ 4 20 50 ³ 8 51 110 ¹ 4 110		5078	50 1108 ₄	$\begin{array}{c} 20^{1}2 \\ 51 \\ 110^{8}4 \end{array}$	17,600	Belding Hem way CoNo pa Bethlehem Steel Corp10 Preferred (7%)10	104% Jan 2	5614 Apr 1	26 Dec 3714 May 99 June	5118 e 10578
512 3712 112 11178	36 36 1117 ₈ 1117 ₈	357 ₈ 1111 ₂ 1	36 1111 ₂ *1	35 ¹ 8 35 110 ¹ 2 111	18 *351 78 *1111	351 ₂ 1115 ₈	351 ₄ *1111 ₂	$\frac{351_4}{1117_8}$	500	Preferred10	10912 Jan 20	41% Jan 1		e 110
$ \begin{array}{ccc} 7 & 591_2 \\ 7 & 8 \\ 1 & 56 \end{array} $	*51 57	*51		714 7 51 57		73 ₈	*51	58 71 ₄ 57	1,100	Booth FisheriesNo pa 1st preferredNo pa	614 Jan 28	88 Apr 14 5714 May 27	418 Ma 344 Oc	t 511g
$0 20^{5}8$ $8^{5}8$ $28^{5}8$	*20 21 285 ₈ 285 ₈	2834	2884	2884 28	11 ₂ *20 281 ₂		2812	1978 2878	3,500	Botany Cons Mills class A_56 Briggs Manufacturing_Ne pa	2814 Apr 23	3638 Feb 23	24 Oc	t 3712
512 16638 212 11384 212 33	16584 17314 11384 118 3312 3414	1731 ₄ 1 1151 ₄ 1 34		17034 173 11512 116 34 34	314 z1141		168 ¹ 2 114 35 ¹ 2	1703 ₄ 114 365 ₈	13,900	Brooklyn Edison, Inc	8958 Apr	118 June 1	68 Ma 291 ₂ Jun	r 98 e 485a
878 2878 212 9212	29 303 ₈ 923 ₄ 93	2988 9318	291 ₂ 931 ₈	285 ₈ 29 921 ₂ 93	38 281 93	281 ₂ 93	*2884 9212	29 931 ₈	2,800 1,600	Brunsw-Balke-Collan'r_No po Burns Bros new clAcom No po	27 May 14 92 June	3878 Jan 10 125% Jan 20	24% Ma 121 Ma	r 394
11 ₂ 21 ₁ 5 96 ₁ 3 94		*94 9318	96 931 ₈	22 22 •941 ₂ 97 •93 94	*94 93	961 ₂	*921 ₂ *928 ₄	$ \begin{array}{r} 213_4 \\ 961_2 \\ 931_2 \end{array} $		Burroughs Add Mach. No po	94'8 Apr 10	100 Jan 12634 Feb 2	97 Ma 7712 Ap	r 10312.
518 5614 2 102	57% 60% 102 102	593 ₄ 102 1	6284	601 ₂ 62 1021 ₄ 103	212 60 312 1021	611 1021	59 1028 ₄	6178 103	47,700 490	Bush Terminal newNo pa Debenture100 Bush Term Bldgs, pref100	294 Jan 13 914 Jan	62 June 104 May 3	16% Ma 86 Ap	r 93
012 113 412 43 112 541	11284 11284 412 412 5114 5112	41 ₂ *515 ₈	41 ₂ 531 ₂		34 41 338 +52	53	*438	1121 ₄ 41 ₂ 53	600 200	Butte Copper & Zine	334 Mar 19 5012 Jan	518 May 18 61% Feb 1	4 De	71
9 9 155 ₈ 89	9 93g 28634 9034	91 ₂ 861 ₄	9 ⁷ 8 89 ¹ 4 87	*914 9 851 ₂ 86	91 ₂ 91 ₄ 31 ₂ 857 ₆ 51 ₄ 831 ₄	86	8484	988 85 84	4.300	Butte & Superior Mining 10 By-Products CokeNo pa Byers & Co (A M)No pa	66 Jan 29	9212June 2	718 May 63 June 28 May	90 r 4478
12 845 121 ₂ 631 141 ₈ 241 ₁	621 ₂ 633 ₆ 241 ₄ 241 ₂	63 2414	63 2484	62 62 24 ¹ 4 23	27 ₈ 62 53 ₈ 245	62	613 ₄ 243 ₈	$\frac{63}{2412}$	3,700	California PackingNo pa California Petroleum 2	6014 Apr 5 2112 Apr 28	70 Jan 1	6614 Oct	1791 ₂ 1 381 ₈
158 15	15 ₈ 15 ₈ *67 68	67 11 ₂	1 ¹ 2 67 15 ¹ 2	112 6634 66	11 ₂ 11 ₃ 33 ₄ 663 51 ₂ 153	663	6614	1 ¹ 2 66 ¹ 2 15 ³ 8	1,500	Calianan Zine-Lead	0 641g Apr 1	70 Apr 21	13% Ma	734 ₈
6 66 5 15%	1518 1518			4334 4	114 424	435	40%	4278		Canada Dry Ginger Ale.No pa				

HIGH AND LOW SALE PRICES	S-PER SHARE, NO	OT PER CENT.	Sales or the	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	PER SHARE Range Since Jan. 1 On basis of 100-sha	1927	PER SHA Range for Pr Year 193	26
Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, June 4. June 6. June 7. Sper share 8 per share 8 per share 8 per share 8 per share 1921 1421 1132 1142 1143 1144 1159		9. June 10.	Week.	Indus. & Miscell. (Con.) Par Preferred100	\$ per share \$ per	ohest share May 21	per share \$: 96 Jan 1	1812 Aug
*118 123 *1144 118 *114 120 *264 27 27 2718 2718 2718 284 *13 1512 1412 1412 15 1512 1312 1334 *1312 1412 1334 14	2778 2878 2814 1 *14 16 *1412 1 *14 1418 1418	29 ¹ 4 29 29 ¹ 4 15 14 ¹ 2 14 ¹ 2 14 ¹ 2 14 14	10,000 800 1,700	Central Alloy SteelNo par Central Leather100 Certificates100	24 Apr 1 31 83 ₈ Jan 3 177 ₈ 71 ₄ Jan 3 151 ₂	Apr 14 May 25 May 26	7 Nov 7 Dec	3314 Aug 2012 Jan 834 Nov 6834 Jan
***	651 ₂ 658 ₄ *655 ₈	76 67 13 ¹ 2 13 13 13 13	1,500 1,000	Preferred	54 Jan 3 67% 10½ Jan 26 16½ 70 Jan 24 83	May 26 Mar 18 Apr 22	50 Nov 1014 Oct 7814 Dec	541 ₂ Dec 327 ₈ Jap 90 Jap
5934 60 5978 60 5912 60 5358 5414 54 55 54 5512 •112 11458 •112 115 •112 11458	593 ₄ 597 ₈ 597 ₈ 543 ₄ 551 ₂ 541 ₂ *112 1145 ₈ *112	5978 60 60 5512 54 55 11458 *112 11458	93,700	Cerro de Pasco Copper No par Certain-Teed Products No par 1st preferred 100 Chandier Cleveland Mot No par	59 Apr 28 6312 42 Jan 25 5584 106 Feb 1 11034 818 Jan 6 14	May 11 Mar 7 Mar 22	5712 Jan 3618 May 100 May 812 Nov	731 ₂ Aug 491 ₂ Jan 061 ₄ Nov 26 Feb
*934 10 978 10 10 10 2138 22 2228 *22 2218 13112 13434 135 13512 133 13313 *6012 61 6014 61 60 6112	*132 ¹ 2 134 *132 ¹ 2 60 ¹ 2 62 ¹ 2 61 ¹ 4	134 13212 13212 628 6012 6184	3,100 3,300 7,500	Chicago Pneumatic Tool100 Childs Co	2118 Jan 25 2614 12012 Jan 3 13714 4858 Mar 31 6234	May 6 Mar 2 May 24	204 Dec 9412 Apr 1 4518 May	454 Feb 1284 Dec 663 Jan
3518 3512 3514 3538 3514 3512 *2214 26 *2214 26 *2214 26 5818 6012 5818 60 5712 59	35 35 ¹ 2 35 *22 ¹ 4 25 *22 ¹ 4 58 58 ⁷ 8 57 ¹ 2	35% 35% 35% 25 *22¼ 25 57½ 57½ 57½	8,600	Chile Copper 25 Chino Copper 5 Christie-Brown tem ctfs No par Chrysler Corp No par	2218 Jan 7 24 3478 Jan 5 6178	Mar 21 Apr 11 May 20 June 8	16 Mar 291 ₂ Oct	36% Jan 26 Nov 63% Jan 54% Jan
45½ 45¾ 45¾ 47¼ 46¾ 49¾ •108¼ 110 109 109 109 109 58½ 58½ 58½ 58½ 58½ 58½ 17½ 117½ 117½ 117½ 117½ 117½ 117½	1 110 110 *11018 *5818 59 *5818 11712 11712 118	110 ¹ 2 110 ¹ 2 110 ¹ 2 58 ¹ 2 57 58 118 *117 ¹ 2 119	800 1,100 80	PreferredNo par Cluett Peabody & CoNo par Preferred100	1023 Apr 11 11012 663 Mar 17 11114 Jan 6 120	May 23 Jan 24 May 4	93 Mar 1 60 Dec 1034 Jan 1	108 Jan 681 ₂ Jan 116 Sept
116 11738 11718 119 11614 1187 99 10112 10134 105 10534 1081 8714 89 88 8914 8718 891	8 117 ¹ 2 118 ¹ 2 117 ¹ 8 2 105 ¹ 8 107 ³ 4 104 ¹ 2 2 86 ¹ 4 88 ¹ 4 86	11858 x11612 118 10612 10112 10412 8778 8758 8818	14,800 34,100 88,200 1,200	Coea Coia Co	63 Jan 4 1081 42% Jan 4 911 66% Jan 3 85	2 Apr 22 2June 7 2June 2 2 Mar 18	128 Mar 1 344 May 278 Mar 558 Jan	174% Dec 6913 Dec 49% Oct 70% Dec
76 76 75 7578 7374 75 958 9612 958 978 9618 978 •1068 10684 1068 1068 106 106 51 5214 5212 5418 5318 548	10638 10638 10614 8 5284 5358 5218	10614 106 106 5314 5118 5212	23,100 500 56,100	Preferred new100 Commonwealth Power.No par	827s Feb 11 983 9912 Jan 24 1071 485s May 25 543	4May 27 2May 16 SJune 7 8 Feb 21	85% Nov 98% Nov 1	91 Dec 1015 Nov
16 16 16 16 16 1584 1584 1584 1584 2012 2112 2013 22 2018 22 2018 22 2018 22 2018 22 2018 2018	*15\bar{1}2 16 14\bar{7}8 20\bar{1}2 20\bar{1}2 20\bar{2}2 20\bar{2}0 8 20\bar{2}75\bar{1}2 78 75\bar{1}2	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	840 340 400	Preferred B 25	17 June 10 23 19 June 10 23 74 May 9 851	Mar 10 Jan 7 s Jan 12	21 ¹ 4 Nov 20 Nov 85 ¹ 2 Dec	2614 Jan 274 Jan 991 ₂ Feb
5238 5378 5278 5338 5178 523 •9512 98 •9512 •9512 1001 •8838 90 9014 9014 •8838 901	8 4912 5112 4912 8 *9512 *9512 4 *8838 9012 *8838	5012 *47 50 98 *9512 9012 *8838 9038	3,800	Comm Invest TrustNo par 7% preferred100 Preferred (6 %)100 Commercial Solvents B No par	4118May 4 563 95 Apr 21 981 8812May 17 95 223 Jan 3 383	4 Mar 14 2 Jan 27 Mar 14 June 3	97 June 1 89 May 1 1184 Jan 2	72 Jan 104 Jan 100 Jan 237 Nov
37034 37312 37412 37514 36912 373 1912 20 1978 2014 1912 20 6078 61 6118 6312 62 631	4 *18 14 *18	6338 6214 64 14 *18 14	12,600 20,600	Congoleum-Nairn IncNo par Congress CigarNo par Conley Tin Foli stpdNo par	17 ¹ 4 Jan 26 22 ³ 47 Mar 11 64 14 Feb 1	June 10	1212 May 4012 May 8 Dec	29% Sept 57 Dec 1 Mar
7824 7912 7978 8058 7918 804 97 101 9624 100 9624 100 *138 112 114 114 114 114 114	7812 7914 *7812 *9612 101 *9634 14 114 138 138	79 79 79 101 *96% 101 1% 1 14	6,900	Consolidated CigarNo par Preferred100	75% Apr 30 851 99 Mar 22 1021 1 June 10 21	2 Feb 17 2 Feb 2	112 Aug	874 Dec 1078 July 612 Jan 1158 Aug
103 10378 10384 10484 103 104 9788 9789 9718 9728 97 971 584 6 584 6 588 6 38 38 38 3814 3778 38	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1047 ₈ 1035 ₈ 1041 ₂ 97 963 ₄ 97 55 ₈ 51 ₂ 55 ₈ 377 ₈ 2363 ₄ 37	28,200 11,200 13,500 3,300	Consolidated Gas (NY) No par Preferred	318 Mar 14 7 3312 Apr 30 747	Jan 10 June 1 May 7 Jan 6	114 May 5012 Oct	414 Nov 9378 Aug
45 ₈ 43 ₄ 41 ₂ 43 ₄ 41 ₂ 4 827 ₈ 827 ₈ *821 ₂ 84 823 ₄ 82 661 ₄ 671 ₂ 67 67 661 ₄ 67	58 412 458 438 78 8212 8212 8278 67 68 6714	4 ¹ 2 4 ¹ 4 4 ¹ 2 8 82 ⁷ 8 281 81 6 67 ¹ 8 69	9,200 1,100 11,100	Class B	4 May 19 101 72 Apr 1 971 584 Apr 9 731	4 Jan 5 4 Jan 13 12 Jan 3 May 25	75 Oct 87 Oct 70 Mar	1518 Sept 9612 Aug 9212 Jan 14434 Jan
1701 ₂ 1701 ₂ 1721 ₄ 1721 ₄ 1701 ₂ 171 115 ₈ 12 117 ₈ 125 ₈ 541 ₈ 547 ₈ 541 ₈ 551 ₂ 541 ₈ 55 •1301 ₂ 1321 ₂ *132 133 *132	18 1134 12 12 5458 5478 5434 13214 13214 13214	1324 *132	22,400 23,573 200	O Continental MotorsNo par 5 Corn Products Refining25 0 Preferred100	1138 Jan 28 133 4678 Jan 12 631 128 Jan 11 1321	4 Jan 6 8 May 14 4 June 3	978 May 3558 Mar 12212 Jan	137 ₈ Dec 515 ₈ Dec 1301 ₄ Dec
827 ₈ 827 ₈ 82 821 ₈ 80 80 *86 871 ₂ 873 ₄ 873 ₄ 861 ₄ 86 *110 1121 ₂ *110 120 *110 113 *291 ₄ 291 ₄ 291 ₂ 30 295 ₈ 30	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 80 ¹ 2 81 ⁵ 8 81 ⁵ 86 ¹ 4 86 ¹ 4 86 ³ 113 *110 113	2,400 1,000 4 3,100	0 Coty, Inc	77 Jan 4 964 103 Jan 18 1104 264 Feb 2 344	78June 2 34 Mar 4 18May 31 14 Jan 8	2814 O t	62 Dec 824 Dec 104 Dec 5328 June
9 9 *9 918 9 9 *41 4112 40 41 38 39 24 243 24 24 2312 231	*87 ₈ 9 87 ₄ 12 371 ₄ 381 ₂ 38 3 ₄ 227 ₈ 24 *23	8 878 878 879 3838 3634 3834 2312 23 23	8 9,900 3,900	0 Cuba Cane Sugar	8 Apr 11 104 3634June 10 504 2238 Apr 6 28	A Jan 5 A Jan 4 12 Jan 3	858 May 3512 June 2014 Aug	1112 Jan 50% Dec 30% Jan 105 Nov
10514 10514 *102 10512 *102 105 1434 1434 1434 1434 1413 141 48 48 48 48 48 •107 114 *107 113 113 113	12 *102 10512 *102 12 *1414 1478 *1414 48 4812 *4614	4 1478 14 1414	1,600	0 Preferred	13 8 Apr 29 18 43 2 Apr 8 52 103 Apr 4 118	Jan 21 7a Feb 23 12May 10	151 ₂ Sept 511 ₈ Nov 771 ₂ Mar	2014 June 55 Dec 198 Dec
*35 361 ₂ *351 ₂ 36 36 36 30 31 301 ₄ 303 ₈ 30 32 154 1541 ₂ 1521 ₂ 153 1521 ₄ 153	36 36 36 36 3015 12 314 3212 3015 12 15112 15214 150	36 ¹ 2 *35 ¹ 2 36 2 31 ¹ 4 30 ¹ 2 32 151 149 ¹ 4 150 ¹ 6	5.90 5.90 3,10	0 Cuyamel Fruit	30 Apr 28 36 26 ¹ 4 Apr 28 34 ¹ 133 ¹ 2 Jan 21 157	May 16 12May 24 June 2 3 Feb 2	32 Nov 23 8 Oct 123 2 Mar	51 Jan 464 Feb 14112 Dec 10418 Feb
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 27 8 38,90 4 5,40	0 Devoe & Raynolds ANo per 0 Diamond Match	115 Feb 28 133 1758 Apr 22 27 70 Apr 28 85	May 12 12 Jan 5 Feb 14	21 ¹ 4 May 79 ¹ 2 May	47 ¹ 4 Jan 90 July
712 712 712 712 718 798 7 •64 65 65 65 65 65 6514 65 •115 116 *115 116 *1151 115 1474 148 14714 14918 14612 148	12 78 78 78 78 14 6512 6812 67 84 *115 116 1151		1,90 8 3,60 4 30	00 Dome Mines, LtdNo par 00 Douglas PectinNo par 00 Duquesne Light 1st pref100 00 Eastman Kodak CoNo par	7 ¹ 4June 10 11 7 46 Jan 3 72 114 ¹ 4 Mar 2 116 7 126 ¹ 4 Jan 28 150	June 9 June 1 June 1 June 1	8 Oct 19 Mar 1111 ₂ Mar 1065 ₈ Mar	20 Mar 46 Nov 11634 Aug 13634 Dec
25\(\frac{1}{4}\) 25\(\frac{1}{2}\) 25\(\frac{1}{8}\) 25\(\frac{1}\) 25\(\frac{1}{8}\) 25\(\frac{1}{8}\) 25\(\frac{1}\) 25\(\frac{1}\) 25\(\frac{1}\) 25\(\frac{1}\) 25\(\frac{1}\) 25\(\frac{1}	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 27 ⁷ 8 27 27 ⁸ 4 245 243 ⁸ 8 245 ⁷ 4 111 ⁷ 8 *111 ¹ 2 111 ⁷	$\begin{bmatrix} 18,40 \\ 8 & 20,10 \\ 2,00 \end{bmatrix}$	00 Eaton Axie & SpringNo par 00 E I du Pont de Nem new.No par 00 6% non-vot deb100	24\8 Mar 21 28 168 Jan 25 253 0 105\2 Feb 5 112	12 Mar 28 78 Apr 22 18 May 10	23 Oct 154 ³ 4 Nov 100 ³ 4 Apr 10 ³ 4 Oct	324 Feb 18112 Dec 11018 Dec 2012 Feb
811 ₂ 82 821 ₄ 821 ₄ 81 81 191 ₄ 191 ₂ 19 195 ₈ 185 ₈ 19 227 ₈ 231 ₄ 227 ₈ 231 ₂ 221 ₂ 23	38 2214 2278 221	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3,20 29,50 4 33,50	10 Electric Autolite	7 6312 Jan 13 85 7 1312 Mar 2 21 7 16 2 Jan 27 23	12 Feb 15 18 May 17 1 May 21 13 May 23	61% Mar 4 Mar 15% Oct	82 Feb 16 Dec 3412 Feb
*115 *115 *115 *114½ *105½ 106 *104½ 107 *123½ 24 *23½ 24 *23% 23	*114 105 105 105	114 115 115 1058 1061 1061	1,20 1,20 1,4 1,70	Allot ctfs for pref 40% pd Preferred No pa 00 Electric Refrigeration No pa 10 Elec Storage Battery No pa	103% Jan 28 115 96 Jan 14 106 1912June 9 37 634 May 3 79	May 21 314June 10 78 Jan 3 312 Jan 6	9912 Mar 8912 Mar 3338 Dec 7118 Mar	98 ¹ 4 Sept 78 ¹ 2 June 94 ¹ 8 Aug
*8 10 *8 9½ *8 10 6934 71½ 71¼ 72¼ 70¼ 70 120 120 *120 *120 *120 *120	10 *8 10 *8 10 70 8 71 70 8 10 12 70 8 71 70 8 10 12 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	10 *8 10 4 7178 7078 723 12114 *120	38 19.00	Emerson-Brant Class A. No pa 00 Endicott-Johnson Corp. 5 00 Preferred. 10	7 5 Jan 4 13 0 644 Jan 28 72 0 1163 Jan 5 121	3 Apr 14 23 June 10 1 2 Mar 28	6512 Mar 114 Jan	725 Feb 120 Sept
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$784 \atop 514 \atop 958 \atop 2912 \atop 2012 \atop 3038 \atop 301$	27 ¹ 4 27 ¹ 4 27 ¹ 105 104 ¹ 8 104 ¹ 12 31 ⁵ 8 30 ¹ 4 30 ¹	$\begin{bmatrix} 1_2 & 7.60 \\ 3_4 & 1.60 \\ 7_8 & 42.10 \end{bmatrix}$	00 Engineers Public Serv No pa	934 Jan 8 106 5 244 Jan 3 31	878 May 24 812 June 2 158 June 9 712 Jan 17	1914 Oct 9214 Nov 2112 Oct 100 Oct	2412 July 9612 Aug 255 Nov 102 Nov
*166 167 *164 169 170 170 7112 7212 7212 7234 72 73 *19 1912 *19 1912 *19 1913 *19	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	34 72 7134 72 20 *19 20	14 5,40	00 Equitable Office Bldg pfd_10 00 Eureka Vacuum Clean_No pa Exchange Buffet Corp_No pa	0 1184 Feb 5 172 or 60% Jan 25 74 or 15% Jan 25 19	214June 10 4 June 2 934May 21	99% June 43 May 14% July	13214 July 683 Dec 17 Apr 594 Feb
*110 113 *110 113 *110 113 107 ¹ 8 107 ⁵ 8 107 ³ 8 107 ³ 8 107 ³ 4 105 ⁵ 8 10 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	112 *110 112 10478 10458 106 14 119 *11812 119	65,60	00 Fairbanks MorseNo pa Preferred10 00 Famous Players-Lasky No pa 00 Preferred (8%)10	0 10718 Feb 7 115 17 10212June 8 114 10 116 Apr 25 124	312May 11 2 Mar 2 434 Feb 24 435 Jan 12	115 Mar	115 Feb 12712 June 12412 Dec
431 ₂ 437 ₈ 437 ₈ 441 ₂ 437 ₈ 4 •971 ₂ 98 •971 ₂ 98 •971 ₂ 98 •971 ₂ 98 120 140 •120 13 •95 953 ₄ 951 ₂ 951 ₂ 951 ₈ 9	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	43 ¹ 2 241 ⁷ 8 43 97 98 98 154 150 150 95 *93 94	6.00 19 1,90	00 Federal Light & Trac 1 90 Preferred	3712 Jan 17 47 9112 Feb 23 91 00 60 Feb 9 156	7 May 3 91 ₂ Mar 31 4 June 9 7 Mar 12	28 Mar 86 June 41 May 61 Mar	4712 Dec 94 Dec 11114 Jan 105 Jan
22 23 23 ⁸ 23 ⁸ 23 ¹ 2 2 •117 118 118 118 117 ⁸ 117 ⁸ 11 103 103 •103 104 ¹ 2 •103 10	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	231 ₄ 227 ₈ 23 117 *116 117 1041 ₂ *103 104	12 10	00 Preferred	27 22 June 4 30 15 931 ₂ Feb 23 193 90 971 ₂ Jan 13 103	078 Jan 10 3 Jan 6 3 Mar 4	23 Oct 160 Apr 98 May	34% Aug 200¼ Jan 107 Feb
8712 8712 8712 8712 8784 8	55 ₄ 24 ¹ ₂ 24 ³ ₄ 23 55 ₄ 15 ¹ ₂ 15 ³ ₄ 15 7 ¹ ₂ 87 ¹ ₂ 87 ¹ ₂ 87 7 ¹ ₄ *97 ¹ ₂ 98 *97	14 1578 1514 15 12 8712 8712 87	32,60 12 1,70 7 70	00 First Nat'l StoresNo pa 00 Fisk RubberNo pa 00 1st preferred stamped10 00 1st preferred conv10	37 1514June 9 20 00 81 Jan 5 8 00 97 Jan 24 10	0 Feb 7 0 Apr 20 1938June 2 11 Apr 21	14 ¹ 4 May 76 ⁷ 8 Apr 94 June	2614 Jan 8414 Mar 107 Mar
5614 5634 5614 5718 5618 5 5634 5818 57 5812 5612 5 58 5814 5814 5834 5812 5	571 ₂ 56 567 ₈ 56 581 ₄ 551 ₄ 571 ₂ 55 593 ₈ 561 ₂ 583 ₄ 56	518 5514 5584 58 518 5514 5584 58 518 584 58 58	42,66 31 ₂ 8.06 31 ₂ 16.16	00 Fleischman Co newNo po 00 Foundation CoNo po 00 Fox Film Class ANo po	5818June 9 8 5418 Apr 25 7	9 May 19 18 a Apr 1 14 2 Jan 6	3214 Mar 7314 Dec 5518 Mar	561g Feb 1794 Jan 85 Jan
4284 4358 43 4478 44 4 1018 1018 958 1014 978 5278 5378 5312 5484 5278 5	46 45 47 46 978 958 10 9 54 5212 54 53	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 ¹ 2 73.8 95 ₈ 2.2 33 ₄ 15.3	100 Freeport Texas CoNo po 100 Gabriel Snubber ANo po 100 Gardner MotorNo po 100 Gen Amer Tank CarNo p	ar 2918 Jan 3 4 ar 612 Jan 27 1 ar 46 Jan 3 5	434 Apr 9 17 June 8 138 Apr 22 55 June 9	25% Nov 5% Nov 39 Mar	42 Feb 94 Jan 55% Jan
*110 111 *110 111 *110 11 76 7714 76 7812 7612 7 *114 117 *115 12212 *115 12 624 6212 62 64% 6318 6	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 *111 774 78 6 121 *115 126 64 64	91 ₈ 38,6 0 9,9	100 Preferred	00 106% Mar 1 11 00 72½ Apr 28 9 00 113 Apr 28 14 00 52 Jan 26 8	101 ₂ June 8 16 ³ 4 Mar 2 14 ⁷ 8 Mar 2 189 ⁷ 8 Feb 24	50 Mar 947 Mar 46 Mar	94 ¹ 4 Aug 140 ¹ 8 Aug 59 ¹ 2 Feb
*120 121 *120 121 *120 12 5738 5712 5714 5712 5712 5712 8 4814 50 5014 5138 4918 8	21 *120 121 *120 571 ₂ 571 ₂ 571 ₂ 57 501 ₂ 498 ₈ 501 ₄ 49	0 121 *120 121 712 5778 5712 57 934 5012 48 49	7 ¹ 2 2.7 9 ⁷ 8 17.0	700 Gen Outdoor Adv ANo p Trust certificatesNo p	00 116 Jan 5 13 our 545 Apr 11 5 our 37 Jan 18 5	34 Feb 24 58½ Feb 9 55 May 31 08½ June 2	109 Jan 51 Mar 26% Mar 79 June	118 Dec 56% Aug 39% Dec 95% Aug
1118 1114 1118 1114 1118 1 *41 4184 4158 4158 40 4 107 107 *107 10784 *107 10	1114 1118 1114 1 41 40 4014 40 0734 108 108 109	118 1114 1118 1 012 4012 x4018 40 934 10934 *10612 110	114 8.6 014 2,5 0 3	500 General Electric New_Nep 500 General Electric special 500 General Gas & Elec A_Nep 300 Gen Gas & Elec pf A (7) No p	10 111sJune 2 1	1158 Jan 4 4712 Feb 2 0934 June 9	11 Jan 34 Mar 95 May	114 Dec 59 Jan 100 Dec
*103\bar{1}2 \ 104\bar{1}2 \ 104\bar{1}2 \ 104\bar{1}2 \ 104\bar{1}2 \ 104\bar{1}2 \ 103\bar{1}2 \ 100\bar{1}2 \ 200\bar{1}8 \ 202\bar{1}2 \ 200\bar{3}8 \ 202\bar{1}2 \ 123 \ 123\bar{1}4 \ *123 \ 123\bar{1}4 \ *123\bar{1}4 \ *12	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	400 7% preferred1		2) June 04 ¹ 2June (04 ¹ 2June (24 ¹ 4June	9214 Apr	96 Jan 2254 Au
				• Ex-dividend 100% in stock.				

PER SHARE Range Since Jan. 1 1927 On basis of 100-share lots PER SHARE HIGH AND LOW SALE PRICES-PER SHARE, NOT PER CENT. NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE Range for Presto Year 1926 Wednesday, Thursday, June 8. June 9. Highest \$ per share 1084 11112 68 6984 4214 4212 1712 1884 569a 5712 5478 5614 10312 10312 11412 11474 11178 112 6314 6378 6318 6318 107 107 8814 812 3984 4018 118 11914 112012 122 45512 4554 10 1012 per share! per share! per share! 9814 Apr 6012 Mar 36 May 114 Nov 100 Nov 1158 June 4112 Mar 3912 Nov 9412 Dec 9612 Dec 10414 Dec 3314 Mar 4712 July \$ per share *106 1107₈ 113 68 69 *42 421₂ \$ per share \$ per share *106 x109 110 68 687 42 42 *1041-1051 \$ per share | 10518-May 4 | 102014-May 4 | 102014-May 1059-May 4 | 1059-May 4 | 1059-May 1059 *106 11234 11378 69 71 43 43 10538 10538 17 1738 57 5838 55 5758 103 103 11412 115 11178 112 6312 6334 113 69 421₂ 051 1125₈ 113 70 71 •43 431 3 43 43 105 5 105 5 105 5 105 5 5 5 7 3 103 103 103 114 2 115 111 63 2 63 2 64 40 40 8 118 119 121 12 122 46 4 4 7 14 10 10 10 14 *42 42!2 *104!2 105!2 *17% 18!4 56% 57'3 *1024 103% 1134 114!4 111'7 111'8 63% 634 63!2 634 1074 1074 814 8!4 39!2 40 118'8 119!2 *26 46 46!2 *104 17 5634 *102 115 11134 6358 6378 10714 *812 3934 11812 120 4614 10412 1051 17% 57% 5418 103 115 111% 6358 6378 10714 9 40 119 122 4612 18 1812 566 5778 5214 5418 102 102 11212 11312 *10978 10978 6318 6312 *10612 10784 *838 812 39 3958 117 118 *12112 12134 *4538 4578 978 10 *51 5112 *5734 5812 255 25 2412 2512 *26 2612 *2100 101 3718 3884 *333 34 *5412 5434 *6114 16612 3712 3812 *28134 84 1978 20 1984 2078 *20 208 *8 812 *8 812 *90 94 50 5134 *11514 *15 8 Oct 161a Mar 89 Apr 1081₂ Mar 94 Apr 51a Oct 25 Oct 245 Oct 245 Dec 171a Dec 68 Mar 171₂ May 211₂ 367₈ 1131₂ 1181₄ 343₄ 104s 51 •59 •2412 26 24 •94 •31 322s •59 •5212 •14912 •3712 •805s 20 •1712 88 •93 4912 •11514 1012 51 60 2618 24 97 31 3258 6012 5478 159 38 8178 2018 1834 18 58 94 11634 1518 1012 5112 59 2612 25 97 31 3438 61 5578 16212 20 1814 858 814 94 5178 1012 511 599 26 2558 26 9712 3234 61 5458 164 3718 8278 1978 2138 198 812 94 5218 117 15 13 658 8664 10 51 *57³4 25 25¹2 26 98 32¹2 *33¹2 61 54³4 160 37 81⁵8 20⁵8 19⁷8 20⁵8 14 *90 50¹2 *115¹4 14⁷8 10 51¹2 59 25 26¹2 36⁷8 34¹4 61 54⁷8 166¹2 38¹2 20 21³8 20 21³8 8³4 8³4 8³4 8³4 8³4 8³4 10 51 59 *25 25¹2 97 32 33¹2 61 54¹8 156¹4 36¹2 81¹4 19⁷8 8³4 8 *90 50¹2 117 107a 933s 6012 2812 30 46 88 3512 1712 May 4712 Jan 40 Mar 27 Jan 4084 Oct 17 Mar 1958 Mar 1412 Dec 714 Oct 715 Oct 712 Oct 714 Oct 714 May 1054 Mar 2054 Mar 2054 Mar Oct Jan Jan Sept Jan Jan Jan Feb Jen Dee Feb 1478 2034 Mar 12 Dec 918 Dec 5638 Dec 3816 Mar 4498 Oct 10178 Oct 10178 Oct 11214 Mar 118 Jan 118 Jan 127 Mar 3238 Mar 3238 Mar 3248 Mar 4418 Apr 4418 Apr 449 May 135 May 1278 1278 4684 7 3414 35 8442 85 6158 6178 10914 10914 461 18084 182 1712 8 5084 5134 7358 7358 69 7014 3954 3952 185 163 168 141 14212 3318 3414 59 6014 6412 1912 132 185 13 6 3 86⁵8 63³8 109¹2 49³8 187 130 7¹2 51¹4 77³8 68 41³4 99 182 170 146 33¹2 60¹4 64¹4 124 13 Feb Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Dec Feb Feb Jan Aug Dec Jan 633 *3412 8478 62 10918 4814 18318 130 738 48 7514 4114 *9812 *180 166 144 3212 *59 111 Mar 181₂ July 25 Jan 1151₂ Jan 114 Jan 9 Dec 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New York Stock Record—Continued—Page 5 For sales during the week of stocks usually inactive, see fifth page preceding

Saturday.		LE PRICES	Wednesday			Sales for the	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	PER SH. Range Stace Ja On basis of 100	m. 1 1927	PER SH Range for F Year 1s	Tertone
June 4.	Monday, June 6.	June 7.	June 8.	June 9.	June 10.	Week.		Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest
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$\begin{array}{cccc} 101 & 104 \\ 131 & 1321_2 \\ 221_4 & 228_4 \\ 78 & 797_8 \\ 259 & 2601_2 \\ 132 & 133 \end{array}$	$103 105 $ $1321_2 1321_2 $ $227_8 233_8 $ $791_8 80 $ $258 258 $ $1343_4 135 $	10184 1021 ₂ 2284 2314 7984 801 ₂ 254 2591 ₂ 131 1321 ₂	225 ₈ 227 ₈ 80 801 ₂ 259 2593 ₄	101% 102 22% 22 8012 80 255 268 13314 133	34 22 ¹ 8 22 1 ₂ 79 ¹ 2 80 1 ₄ 260 264	14 44,900 14 6,700 34 670 1,600	National Pr & Lt etfs_No par National Supply50 National Surety100 National Tea CoNo par	1174 Feb 3 1 195 Jan 28 76 May 11 238 Feb 19 2 108 Apr 18	202 ³ 4May 16 135 May 14 23 ⁷ 8 Mar 24 95 ³ 4 Feb 18 269 May 13 139 June 2	116 Jan 1634 Mar 551 ₂ Jan 208 Mar	181 Dec 120 May 383 Jan 88 Dec 237 Dec 238 Jan
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*5112 5151 *4358 4611 1518 1518 31 31 *89 90 *4514 4634 *7 711	2 *43% 46¹ 15¹8 15¹ 29 30³ 89 89 8 45 45¹	2 *4358 461 8 1518 151 4 2812 30 *89 90 4 *4238 421	43 43 8 *15 151 30 32 92 92 44 ³ 4 46	*43 4 15 1 32 3 89 8 463 4	612 *4278 4 5 15 1 278 3018 3 9 *89 9 788 4618 4	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 70 \\ 3 & 8,00 \\ 2 & 10 \\ 7 & 2,10 \end{bmatrix}$	0 Rand Mines, LtdNo po 0 Ray Consolidated Copper1 0 Real Silk Hostery	40 Jan 5 0 1412 Feb 7 0 2812 June 7 0 80 June 1 3812 Jan 24	53 Feb 28 46% Apr 25 15½ Mar 1 49 Apr 20 99 Mar 2 47% May 27	3284 Apr 1012 Mar 3712 Nov 9314 Dec 3984 Dec	4184 1684 1 5014 100 1 56
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66¹8 66¹8 •105¹2 106 7 75, 137 137¹, •93¹2 947,	66 ¹ 2 67 105 ¹ 2 105 ¹ 7 7 ² 137 138 ¹	66 ¹ 2 67 12 105 ¹ 2 105 7 7 4 137 ⁵ 8 138	78 66 ¹ 2 67 12 105 ¹ 2 105 ¹ 6 ¹ 2 7 12 137 ¹ 2 138 ¹	67 ¹ ₈ 6 105 ¹ ₂ 10 *6 ³ ₄ 138 13	1734 6738 6 1512 105 16 1678 678 1814 13712 13	73 ₄ 2,40 53 ₈ 60 8 8,90 77 ₈ 7,20	Republic Iron & Steel 10 Preferred 10	0 5612 Jan 4 0 9658 Jan 3 7 4 Feb 21 5 9818 Feb 24	131 ₂ Jan 10 757 ₈ Mar 11 106 May 26 8 June 10	8 Oct 44 May 91 ¹ 4 Mar 4 ¹ 4 Oct 90 Mar	1578 6358 99 1058 12178
49 49 3884 388 6658 69 5758 578 3 3 458 581	4814 491 4 3884 39 69 717 4 5612 573 3 3	44 *487 ₈ 49 387 ₈ 39 7 ₈ 671 ₂ 69 5 ₈ 55 56 3 3	12 49 49 14 3914 391 6784 69 12 *5212 54 38 318 31	49% 4 39% 3 68 6 511 ₂ 5 31 ₈	938 4914 4 918 3878 3 938 68 6 178 5112 3 338 318	1914 50 1878 1,50 1878 37,70 12 2,00 1314 7,40	00 Royal Dutch Co (N Y shares) 00 St Joseph Lead	48 ¹ 2 Apr 27 0 36 May 23 b 52 ⁸ 4 Jan 3 0 48 May 16 17 Mar 30	541 ₂ Feb 6 437 ₈ Mar 4 717 ₈ June 6 721 ₂ Mar 8 33 ₄ Jan 10	4738 Oct 3658 May 4218 Mar 6714 Nov 212 Dec	5738 4818 5512 10212 1014
5112 518 117 130 1114 111 5584 565	515 ₈ 52 ¹ *117 130 2 *11 113 8 56 ¹ 4 56	5214 53 *119	58 5284 531 *11984	5212 5 *11984 - 1118 1 5618 5	35 ₈ 521 ₂ *1173 ₄ *11 581 ₄ 571 ₂	134 29,20 134 40 5838 62,90	00 Shubert Theatre Corp_No po Schulte Retail StoresNo po PreferredNo po Sears, Roebuck & Co newNopp Shatuck (F G)No po Shell Transport & Trading £	47 Jan 18 0 11614 Jan 22 17 1078 Apr 25 17 51 Jan 17	5458May	52 Mar 42½ Mar 112½ Jan 12½ Mar 44¼ Mar	1381 ₂ 120 148 ₄ 588 ₈

Bid and asked prices: no sales on this day. s Ex-dividend. s Ex-rights. s Ex-dividend one share of Standard Oil of California new. b Distributed one-half share common stock an i one-half share preferred B stock.

PER SHARE Range Since Jan. 1 1927 On basis of 100-share lots PER SHARE HIGH AND LOW SALE PRICES-PER SHARE, NOT PER CENT. STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE Wednesday, Thursday, June 9. June 4. \$ per share 1614 163 4834 491 109 110 167s 17 19912 100 2714 27 129 128 1312 11 173 17 126 13 3618 3 1958 3 1958 4 1812 1018 80 2612 108 80 2612 108 854 8544 \$\text{June 7.}\$ \$\text{per share}\$ \$16\text{163}\$ \$50 \times 51\$ \$109 \times 110\$ \$16\tau_8 \times 17\$ \$99\text{12}\$ \$99\text{12}\$ \$27\tau_4 \times 27\tau_4 \times 126\$ \$13\tau_4 \times 13\tau_4 \times 175\$ \$12\tau_6 \times 130\$ \$36\tau_8 \times 36\tau_4 \times 197\tau_8 \times 197\tau_8 \times 197\tau_8 \times 126\$ \$10\tau_8 \times 12\$ \$10\t Highest \$ per share 163s 171s 49 50 110 110 167s 173s 2 997s 997s 4 277 288t 4 127 130 13 131s 1733s 1733s 128 129 4 353s 361s 191s 193s 2 81z 81z 4 1014 12 779 80 \$ per share 16¹4 16³8 48¹2 49¹4 110 110 17¹4 17⁷8 99³4 99³4 27¹8 27⁷8 *124 127 125, 123, \$ per share 16⁷8 17¹4 49¹8 49⁷8 109 109¹2 17¹8 18¹4 100 100 27¹2 28¹8 *127 129³4 127 1214 \$ per 1614 4958 *109 1678 9978 2738 *128 \$ per ehere \$ 15\(^{\text{s}}\) May 26 33\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 4 16\(^{\text{s}}\) Apr 29 97 Jan 6 25 Apr 29 123\(^{\text{s}}\) Apr 29 123\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 20 12\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 20 12\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 3 15 May 20 7 May 18 8\(^{\text{s}}\) May 13 73 Feb 24 20\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 57\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 57\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 57\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 3 70\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 57\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 50\(^{\text{s}}\) Apr 28 29\(^{\text{s}}\) May 2 2 2 Mar 29 29\(^{\text{s}}\) May 2 2 2 Mar 29 29\(^{\text{s}}\) May 2 2 2 Mar 29 29\(^{\text{s}}\) May 2 2 2 14\(^{\text{s}}\) May 13 18 Feb 10 21\(^{\text{s}}\) Apr 29 29\(^{\text{s}}\) May 2 2 2 Mar 29 30\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 4 54\(^{\text{s}}\) Mar 15 26\(^{\text{s}}\) Jun 25 7 Apr 27 312 Apr 12 8\(^{\text{s}}\) Mar 3 112 Apr 12 8\(^{\text{s}}\) Mar 11 11\(^{\text{s}}\) Mar 29 15\(^{\text{s}}\) Jun 20 15\(^{\text{s}}\) Jun 20 15\(^{\text{s}}\) Jun 20 15\(^{\text{s}}\) Jun 20 10 May 17 223\(^{\text{s}}\) May 17 223\(^{\text{s}}\) May 17 223\(^{\text{s}}\) May 17 223\(^{\text{s}}\) Apr 11 108 Apr 16 33\(^{\text{s}}\) Apr 26 3012 Apr 16 312 Apr 16 313\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 26 59\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 58\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 59\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 59\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 59\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 58\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 58\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 58\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 59\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 59\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 58\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 58\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 59\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 59\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 58\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 58\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 59\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 58\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 59\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 58\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 58\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 59\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 25 58\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 26 59\(^{\text{s}}\) Jan 26 59\(^{\ 1518 Aug 2838 Oct 10512 Nov 1634 Oct 90 Mar 2658 Mar 103 Apr 2244 Feb 16 51 June 7 110 Feb 10 2238 Jan 20 10314 Jan 31 3738 Feb 21 1344 Apr 6 1418 May 23 19712 May 2 13678 June 3 4588 Jan 13 20 Jan 7 13 Jan 20 80 Feb 14 2878 May 25 110 May 21 3678 June 6 64 May 16 8938 June 2 6034 Jan 19 4138 Feb 5 3418 Jan 18 438 June 9 10712 June 7 6814 Apr 20 6542 Mar 1 57 Apr 8 122 Feb 23 818 May 12 3478 Jan 17 612 Feb 18 28 May 18 1358 Feb 3 1318 Jan 14 1378 Jan 16 14074 Apr 9 1578 Jan 13 1678 Jan 18 1798 Jan 13 1798 1678 5058 110 1718 100 2758 130 163g 4912 110 17 100 273g 129 1312 174 13034 367g 2014 9 1018 80 265g 10934 6312 28¹8 129³4 13¹8 173 129 36 20²8 8¹2 12 80 26¹2 109³4 63³4 63 *126¹⁴ *173 *126 36¹8 19¹8 *8¹⁴ *10¹8 *79 26 109 621 *124 1284 16514 *12612 3512 1914 *813 *80 2678 *109 6058 63 127 1278 1721₂ *1261₂ 3578 1978 81₂ *101₄ 80 261₈ 109 613₄ 623₄ 92 Apr 110 Oct 30 Dec 41 Oct 17½ Oct 10 Dec 72 Apr 101 Jan 51 Mar 534 Mar 1691₂ 121 33 551₂ 358₄ 178₄ 821₂ 318₈ 1071₄ 69 575₈ 126¹4 36¹8 19¹2 8³8 10¹2 129 $36^{1}8$ $19^{3}4$ $8^{1}2$ 12 80 $26^{1}4$ $109^{1}2$ 64 $63^{1}8$ 1261_4 368_4 20 9 101_2 80 27 1098_4 651_4 638_6 129 36 19¹2 9 12 81¹4 27⁸4 109³4 62 63 *10 *79 26 *109 63¹8 63¹8 80 26¹2 109²4 63¹4 63²8 87 96¹2 53¹2 368₄ 30¹4 3¹8 106¹4 86 96¹2 54¹2 37³8 30¹2 67's Oct 80 Mar 52's May 37's Dec 32's Nov 75 Mar 61 Nov 47's Dec 47 May 114's Feb 1's July 30's Mar 1 July 19's Apr 8's Apr 4 Nov 105's Oct 111 Apr 105's Dec 53's Nov 39 Oct 12 Oct 8514 96 5312 3658 3038 3018 103 6258 30018 *11814 *3034 4 25 *918 *1284 *1118 *1284 *5878 5878 1214 861₂ 96 533₄ 367₈ 301₂ 31₅ 106 631₄ 303₄ 507₈ 1211₂ 61₂ 31 41₈ 25 10 41₄ 12 131₂ 81₂ 48 593₈ 121₂ 8812 97 5312 37 3014 378 10714 6484 3078 51 12112 638 31 425 10 414 1234 812 4888 59 1238 86¹2 96¹2 53¹2 36⁵8 30³8 *3¹8 106⁸4 63¹4 27¹2 50¹2 8712 97 54 37 3012 314 10712 6434 30 5112 12112 638 31 4 2434 1112 1314 812 4812 5912 1528 8484 9612 5484 3788 3084 388 10684 6478 2712 5114 12112 678 3238 4 10 4 1119 1314 812 4858 5884 1878 84% 96 54% 37'4 30'4 31'2 106 63 28 50'58 614 32% 411'6 *3% *11'8 *12% 48% 57% 416'8 86 9612 5478 3712 3058 438 10618 6378 2934 51 12112 638 3238 518 2314 10 4 1112 1314 835 4834 5818 1712 Feb Feb Sept Jan Dec Feb Nov Jan Sept June Feb Jan Dec Sept Jan Feb Dec Nov Jan 8412 9612 5338 3678 3014 314 106 6358 2614 5012 *118 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*32¹4 53¹8 16¹8 *90¹2 23 88 101 100³8 114 *13⁸4 57 67 265₈ Dec 421₄ May 27 Nov 8714 Nov 4478 Mar 103 Mar 3 Mar 15 Aug 4314 Nov 7712 Mar 3714 Jan 93 Dec 8318 Feb 11478 Mar 134 Mar 5512 Mar 90 Mar 39¹4 103 85³8 116⁵8 118³8 5¹2 27 63³4 71¹4 100³4 109³4 125 174 59 126 1181₄ 421₄ •1071₂ 86 8612 170 591₂ 131 104 167 59 1293₄ $\begin{array}{c} 168 \\ 59 \\ 130^{1}4 \\ 104^{1}2 \end{array}$ 16614 102 102 103 158 32 5812 9084 2304 23344 112 114 6012 6012 661 62 7514 7618 109 111 5714 578 4458 47 10018 101 488 488 4888 4888 3078 3112 *89 9014 232 234 115 115 *6012 62 *61 62 7514 7638 *109 11112 5614 5738 4378 4478 9912 1001 *3614 3612 4878 4878 $32^{1}8$ 91 $235^{3}4$ $114^{1}2$ $61^{3}8$ $62^{1}4$ $76^{1}2$ 111 $57^{5}8$ $44^{7}8$ 102 37 $48^{1}2$ 30⁵8 *87 233 *115 *60 60⁷8 74¹2 110⁷8 56¹8 *43¹8 97¹4 35³4 *48¹2 271₂ Jan 25 814 Jan 27 202 Jan 25 814 Jan 27 202 Jan 25 112 Mar 14 5114 Feb 14 515₈ Feb 1 69 Mar 30 1074 Apr 4 54 Apr 6 4012June 10 9512June 10 97 Jan 20 97 Feb 5 712May 23 2518 Apr 4 73 June 8 43 Feb 9 772May 23 2518 Apr 4 73 June 8 43 Feb 9 2612May 14 18 Jan 14 8918 Apr 13 1765June 10 84 Apr 9 24 June 6 2612May 17 65 Jan 14 8918 Apr 13 1765June 10 84 Apr 9 24 June 6 2612May 17 65 Jan 14 8918 Jan 14 8918 Jan 14 8918 Jan 14 3714 Mar 29 96 May 7 246 May 20 11512May 21 64 May 27 63°8,May 19 89 Feb 28 11112June 9 66°8 Feb 7 66°8 Feb 7 66°8 Feb 7 113°8 June 1 133°12June 7 85 June 10 125 Feb 16 133°12June 7 85 June 10 125 Feb 16 1518 Apr 20 34 May 19 52¹2 Mar 30 63°8 June 6 41 Apr 12 96°14 Apr 13 100°12 Apr 13 100°12 Apr 13 100°12 Apr 13 10°14 Feb 18 87°34 Feb 14 86°34 June 10 110°2 June 8 173°8 June 6 173°4 May 31 18°3 Feb 13 34°4 Apr 20 110 May 4 13*8 Mar 52 Mar 150 May 100'4 Mar 39 Mar 45*8 Mar 99'4 Apr 48'8 Mar 50'4 May 10'12 May 10'12 May 11'7 Apr 11'7 Apr 11'7 Apr 12'42 Mar 56'2 Jan 11'2 Mar 56'2 Jan 11'2 Mar 56'2 Mar 93 Apr 27'8 Dec 29 Mar $31^{1}4$ 91 233 $114^{1}2$ 61 $62^{1}8$ $75^{1}2$ *109 $^{1}2$ $57^{1}4$ $42^{3}4$ $99^{3}8$ *36 $^{1}4$ $48^{1}2$ 3058 *89 232 *115 6012 6114 7478 *109 5614 4212 99 3614 *48 $\frac{31}{9178}$ Dec Aug Dec Feb Dec Nov Jan Jan Dec Dec Dec Nov Feb Aug Aug 3078 9078 23314 1116 62 6114 7812 11112 5612 4334 9978 36 4914 2914 305 *88 229 115 62 59 77 109¹2 56¹8 40¹2 95¹12 35⁵8 48¹2 232 116 601_2 611_4 761_2 111 561_4 438_4 100 365_8 491_4 115 62 608 79 114 561₄ 415₈ 968₄ 355₈ 481₂ 611₂ 593₈ 841₂ 1147₈ 717₈ 881₄ 109 497₈ 50 1601₂ 117 1303₄ 67 123 1225₈ 1231₄ 1323₄ 133 80 80 *125 1263₄ *115 125 313₄ 32 483₈ 483₈ 593₄ 511₄ 351₄ 361₄ 122¹2 123¹2 132¹4 133 282 85 1258 126³4 115 120 31 31³4 47¹4 48 60¹8 60⁷8 35¹2 36¹4 1238 1331₂ 12158 12318 $1248_{4} \\ 1328_{4} \\ 80$ 12414 12234 1247_{8} 1333_{8} 80 1268_{4} 125 331_{4} 49 635_{8} 358_{4} 1233 132⁸4 *78⁵8 *125 *115 32 481 61¹4 35⁷8 13284 *7858 *125 *115 133 80 126³4 125 13284 *7858 80 1268 *125 *115 32 48¹4 60³4 35¹4 125 115 232 1268_4 125 33 487_8 617_8 338_4 1268_4 1201_8 325_8 481_2 627_8 361_4 120 3134 48 6078 3614 $32^{5}8$ $48^{7}8$ $59^{1}8$ $33^{1}2$ 32^{1}_{2} 48^{1}_{2} 62^{3}_{8} 3748 615 3312 35¹2 36¹4 90 90 98 98¹2 *7¹2 778 27⁸4 2776 73 73 *45 47 35⁵4 36³4 110¹2 110¹2 *19 20 18⁵8 18⁵8 *92 98 17⁸8 19 85 86¹2 29³4 30³8 *26 27 903_8 98 73_4 281_2 76 451_4 341_2 1071_8 90 98 8 •27 •75 •45 34¹8 90 98 778 2758 *75 *45 3338 10612 21 901₂ 98 81₈ 271₂ 751₂ 485₈ 353₈ 90 98 734 *2712 73 *45 90 98 784 28 73 47 36¹2 110¹4 *90 98 784 2812 *75 4514 3334 105 2034 2012 *00 90 981 8 28 76 50 341 1071 $90^{3}8$ 98 8 $27^{5}8$ $75^{1}2$ 47 34 $106^{1}2$ 21 $19^{7}8$ *90 98 8¹8 27¹2 73 48¹8 33¹2 106 21 *10 9 Oct 318 Oct 83 Oct 40 May 26 Mar 944 Jan 17 Jan 121 June 211 Oct 8812 Oct 12 June 251₂ 69 981₈ 601₂ 1 361₂ 1161₂ 23 231₄ 195 853₈ 1101₂ 691₄ 35% 110 20% 199 *92 1918 *87 2912 *2614 *8218 *7012 16612 17314 7518 *15 3112 *10512 1081 21 18⁵8 *98 19³8 *86 32 25 21 191₄ 21 208 105 $\frac{21}{20}$ 10421 203 211₂ 19 98 19³4 87¹3 27 86 71³4 169¹3 175³4 75³4 15¹8 31¹2 20 18⁵8 98 19 86¹2 30³8 27 86 71 165 173³4 75³8 15¹4 31¹2 107 *10 20 *98 104 1984 2018 *87 8712 2915 3118 27 27 84 84 7012 7012 166 17012 17414 178 7518 7578 *32 33 10678 10678 104 2018 8712 3212 2512 8214 7112 16712 17838 76 1518 33 107 *92 *20 *87 3114 *2638 *80 7012 *16012 17112 7512 *1518 *3214 10612 21 88 32¹8 26¹2 82⁵8 71 163 175 76³8 15¹2 33 106¹2 201₄ 871₂ 313₄ 24 *821₈ 71 1613₄ 175 753₄ 151₈ 21 87! 32! 25! 84 72⁴ 165 179⁴ 76! 15! 33 29⁵4 *26 *80 71 165 172¹2 74⁵8 15¹8 31¹2 *105³4 4378 Apr 53 Apr 13412 Mar 10514 Mar 65 May 1334 May 2714 Jan 8812 Jan *82¹8 70¹2 164³4 175³4 75¹4 15¹8 *32 105¹2 *32 107 9512 May 108 Mar 2518 Apr 5118 Apr 22 Oct 102 Jan 4 111 Jan 15 22 Apr 25 45% Mar 31 26 Jan 26 21½ Mar 24 46 Feb 18 ½ Jan 26 18½ June 8 88 Mar 26 10 May 5 16¼ May 5 58 Apr 7 11734 Jan 11 20½ Jan 27 46 Jan 22 24½ Apr 5 50% Jan 4 110 Apr 28 118 May 27 27¹2 Feb 15 58³5 Feb 28 36¹2 Apr 2 46³4June 2 59 Jan 17 1¹2 Feb 13 27⁴8 Feb 23 38⁴4 Feb 23 145³4 May 24 130¹4 Apr 19 99 Jan 3 99¹4 Mar 24 1021₂ 115 293₄ 90 383₈ 108*s 116 *23*12 46*3 *33 41*4 *52*12 *58 19 *89 12*14 22*3 66*18 141*5 *37*5 *57*12 *77*12 27*3 *94*12 *88*18 109 116 10914 116 *2334 4612 3234 41 5318 58 1812 *88 1112 2118 6112 54 3834 42 6112 54 3834 *79 2758 *9212 8718 109 116 *32 46¹2 3378 41¹4 5384 18⁵8 90 11¹4 21 142⁵8 41¹2 *16 60¹2 142⁵8 41¹2 *16 60²2 142⁵8 41²2 *16 87¹8 94¹2 87¹8 10978 116 33 4658 3414 4278 58 1884 90 1112 21 14358 4278 64 53 4178 5334 80 2818 9512 10914 10912 108 116 2312 47 3378 43 5312 58 116 231₂ 461₄ 337₈ 42 116 24 47 3358 43 53¹2 58 91 12¹4 22⁷8 66³4 142 38 59 52 39⁵8 54 82 28¹8 95 116 24 47 3478 43 5312 58 1834 90 1112 2134 63 14374 6112 54 4038 81 2814 9412 8734 2312 4612 3414 42 5312 **8 1218 *2212 66 14084 4153 5912 5284 3912 54 *77 28 95 2312 47 3438 4378 5378 84 1878 91 1218 23 66 14384 46 60 5412 41 82 2812 95 8884 46¹2 58 18 88¹2 Oct Dec May Oct 6414 38 34 99 *53!4 58 18!2 90 12 21!2 65 142!8 42!2 *60!4 54 3834 *53 79!2 2758 94 87!2 19 90 12¹8 22¹2 65 143¹4 44³4 64 54¹2 40¹4 54 80 28¹4 94¹2 87¹2 6 14 42 12014 19 44 3714 2412 47 6012 20 9112 May May May Dec Nov Nov Nov Mar Apr Mar May Apr 1438 3058 8138 128 4434 80 65 3934 5984 7212 3958 10712

New York Stock Exchange—Bond Record, Friday, Weekly and Yearly Jan. 1 1909 the Exchange method of quoting bonds roas changed and prices are note "and interest"—except for income and defaulted bonds.

BONDS B.Y.STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended June 10.	Interest	Price Friday, June 10.	Week's Range or Last Sale	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1.	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended June 10.	Interest	Price Friday, June 10.	Week's Range or Last Sale	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1.
U. S. Government. First Liberty Loan— 814% of 1932-1947	, D		Low High 10028 pg 101		Low High 100**n101*1n	Japanese Govi £ loan 4s1931 30-year s f 6 ½s1954	FA	90 Sale 99% Sale	90 9014 9912 100	No 38 175	Low High 8814 9219 9878 102
814% of 1932-1947	DO	1011611 103311 Sale 1021711 Sale	10114 ₃₂ 10114 ₃₂ 103 1033 ₂₃ 10217 ₃₂ 10217 ₂₃	123 1	10017 ss 102 10229 ss 10329 ss 10216 m 103	Celpsis (Germany) 8 f 781947 Lower Austria (Prov) 7 1/281950	FA	941 ₄ Sale 1007 ₈ Sale 981 ₂ Sale	94 9458 10012 101 974 99	55 21	9212 98 10014 10278 974 100
4s of 1927-1942 Conv 416 % of 1927-1942					100 101 100 ⁷ 22 101 425	Lyons (City of) 15-year 6s1934 Marseilles (City of) 15-yr 6s1934 Mexican Irrigation 41/81943	M N	9778 Sale 9778 Sale	9758 9812 98 9812 30 Mar'26	33	931 ₂ 981 ₂ 931 ₄ 981 ₂
Third Liberty Loan— 414 % of 1928 Fourth Liberty Loan—	M S	10020 Sale	100**21 101	282	100202101212	Mexico (U S) extl 5s of 1899 £ '45 Assenting 5s of 1899	QJ	37 ¹ 4 38 46 39 ³ 8 Sale	3478 3634 50 Feb'27 3712 3934	32	30 41 50 50 39 50
Treasury 4 % 6 1947-1952	A O		11323 11443	89	106 4-10010-	Gold deb 4s of 19041954 Assenting 4s of 19041954		27 271 ₂ 273 ₈ Sale	2612 273	17	244 344
State and City Securities. N Y City—4 1/8 Corp stock 1960	M 8	103*1103*11	1007- 1007-	2424	100% 101%	Assenting 4s of 1904 large Assenting 4s of 1904 small Assenting 4 of 1910	3 3	2658 2712			27% 27%
434 s Corporate stock1964 434 s Corporate stock1972	A O	104 ³ 8	104 8 May'27 102 Mar'27 104 June'27		10212 10512 10258 10258 10258 10514	Assenting 4s of 1910 large Assenting 4s of 1910 small Treas 6s of '13 assent (large) '33		27 Sale 24 ¹ 4 Sale 42 45	26% 27 23% 24% 41% 41%	10	261 ₈ 811 ₉ 223 ₈ 271 ₄ 40 461 ₈
4 %s Corporate stock1971 4 %s Corporate stock_July 1967 4 %s Corporate stock	j j	109 110 10834 1091 ₂	10918 10918 10938 May'27 10914 May'27	3	10712 10912 10658 10912 10658 10914	Small Milan (City, Italy) ext'l 61/s '52 Montevideo (City of) 7s1952	A O	421 ₂ Sale 913 ₄ Sale 1027 ₈ Sale	9178 921 10184 103		91 921s 997s 103
4% Corporate stock 1959 4% Corporate stock 1958	MN	101 1011	109 May'27 10114 May'27 10084 Apr'27		106% 109 99 101% 99 100%	Netherlands 68 (flat prices) = 1972 30-year external 68 (flat) = 1954 Norway 20-year extl 68 = = 1943	A O	1075 Sale 1031 Sale 1021 Sale	107 1075 1038 1035 10284 1031	67	10512 10814 10314 10376 10114 104
4% Corporate stock 1957 4% Corporate stock 1956	MN	100 1011	101 May'27 9812 Nov'26 9478 Oct'26		987 10114	20-year external 6s194/ 30-year external 6s195/ 40-year s f 5 1/4s196/	A ô	103 Sale 1021 ₂ Sale 100 Sale	102 ¹ 4 103 102 ³ 4 102 ⁷ 99 ⁷ 8 100 ¹	12	1014 104 100 1034 984 1014
4 14% Corporate stock 1957 4 14% Corporate stock 1957 3 14% Corporate stock 1954	DVA I	1 10704 1080	10812 10812	1	105% 108% 105% 108% 89% 93	Oslo (City) 30-year s f 6s1951 Sinking fund 5 1/5s1944 Panama (Rep) extl 5 1/5s1953	FA	998 ₄ 102 987 ₈ 991 ₂ 1021 ₂ 103	102 1021	2 11	97 100 100 103
31/2 Corporate stk. Nov 1954 31/2 Corporate stock	EVA D	94			8978 914	Peru (Rep of) extl 8s (of '24) 194 Extl 8s (ser of 1926) 194 Extl sink fd 7 1/28 194	AO	104 Sale 1033 Sale 1018 Sale	103 ¹ 4 104 103 ¹ 2 103 ³ 100 ¹ 2 101 ¹	13	10314 107
4s Canal	j ;		10258 Mar'27 102 Apr'26		10258 10258	Extl s f sec 73/s (of 1926) . 1950 Poland (Rep of) gold 6s 1940	AO	1001 ₂ Sale 823 ₄ Sale 971 ₂ Sale	1001 ₄ 1005 821 ₂ 821	88 54	
Highway improv't 414s1963 Foreign Gev't and Municipal's Antioquia (Dept) Col 7s A1945	3 3	9512 Sale		24		Extl sink fd g Ss	A O	105 1051, 1131 ₄ Sale	10514 1051, 113 1131	1 9	103¼ 106 111 114
External s f 7s ser B 1945 Argentine Govt Pub Wks 6s. 1960 Argentine Nation (Govt of)—	A C		9884 9914	1	9758 100	25-year external 68	AO	1051 ₈ Sale 1051 ₂ Sale 105 Sale	1051 ₈ 106 1051 ₄ 1058 105 105	111	104 10614 1031 ₅ 1061 ₁ 1021 ₈ 106
Bink fund 6s of June 1925_1959 Extl s f 6s of Oct 1925_1959 Bink fund 6s Series A. 1957	M	99 Sale 100 Sale	99 991 993 ₈ 100	30	97% 100 97% 100%	25-yr extl 8s	MN	1047 ₈ Sale 897 ₈ Sale 1041 ₄ Sale	104 ¹ 4 104 ⁷ 89 ¹ 2 90 ³ 104 ¹ 4 104 ³	4 404 23	891 ₂ 924 1035 ₈ 106
External 6s series BDec 1958 Extl s f 6s of May 19261960 Extl 6s Sanitary Works 1961	MA	9918 Sale 99 Sale 99 Sale	9834 993 9834 991	83	974 100 98 100	Sao Paulo (City) s f Ss. Mar 195: San Paulo (State) extl s f Ss. 193: External sec s f Ss	1 1	112 Sale 1051 ₂ Sale 1043 ₄ Sale	10434 1067	8 25	1044 108
Extl 6s Pub wks (May '27) _'61 Argentine Treasury &s £1945 Australia 30-yr 5sJuly 15 1955	M	993 ₈ Sale	2 9012 91	121	89 9284 9714 9812	Santa Fe (Prov. Arg Rep) 78 1942 Seine, Dept of (France) extl 78 '42	MS	102 8 Sale	99 997 94 ¹ 4 947 102 ¹ 8 103	8 81 235	
Austrian (Govt) # f 7#1943 Bavaria (Free State) 61481945 Belgium 25-vr ext # f 7148 g 1945	FA	99 Sale	9813 991	67	9818 10014 111 114	Serbs, Croats & Slovenes 8s.196; Solssons (City of) exti 6s193; Sweden 20-year 6s193;	MN	1007 ₈ Sale 953 ₄ Sale 1041 ₄ Sale	100 ¹ 4 101 ¹ 95 ³ 4 96 ¹ 104 104 ⁵	2 98 8 18	9114 97
20-year s f 8s	M S		1081g 1101g 10184 1011g	104	9684 10212	External loan 5 1/8	MM	104 ³ 4 Sale 113 Sale 105 ³ 8 Sale	10434 1047 11214 1131 10334 1053	8 7	10258 1051 11114 1137 10258 106
External 30-year s f 7s1955 Stabilisation loan 7s1956 Bergen (Norway) s f 8s1945	MA	10434 Sale	10458 1055	1160	1018 10418	Tokyo City 58 loan of 1912195: Extl s f 534 s guar196 Trondhjem (City) extl 6348.194	MS	75 758 861 ₂ Sale 997 ₈ 100	4 7514 761	2 19 8 98	75 797 861 ₈ 90%
25-year sinking fund 6s1949 Berlin (Germany) 634s1950 Bogota (City) ext'l s f 8s1945	AC	100 Sale	100 100	1	9914 10188 9712 10034	Upper Austria (Prov) 78194: Uruguay (Republic) extl 88194:	FA		2 96 961 1107 ₈ 111	2 14 8	94 975 1085 112
Bolivia (Republic of) 881947 Extl sec 7s tem1958 Bordeaux (City of) 15-yr 6s. 1934	J	951g Sale	104 1041	103	10312 10513 9438 98	Yokobama (City) extl 6s196	la p			4 62	
Brasil (U S of) external 8s 1941 External s f 6 \(\frac{1}{2} \) s of 1926 1957 7s (Central Railway) 1952	A O	1057 ₈ Sale 918 ₄ Sale	10578 1063 91 921	38	104 1081 ₂ 89 96	Ala Mid 1st guar gold 5s192	MN	1001 ₄ 1003 995 ₈ 871 ₂		7 5	10014 1004 878 898 8478 85
71/28 (coffee secur) £ (flat) _1952 Bremen (State of) ext'l 78 1935	M S	951 ₂ Sale 105 105 ³ , 1021 ₄ 103	104 ¹ 4 June'27	8	10278 107 10218 105	Alleg & West 1st g gu 4s199 Alleg Val gen guar g 4s194 Ann Arbor 1st g 4sJuly 199	M B	961 ₂ Sale 811 ₈ 82	9618 961 8112 811	2 5 2	9514 97 791 ₂ 82
Buenos Aires (City) extl 6 1/2 1955 Bulgaria (Kingdom) e f 7s_1967 Caldas Dept of (Colombia) 7 1/2 8 46	3 3	100 ¹ 4 Sale 91 ¹ 4 Sale 98 Sale	917 ₈ 917 ₈ 968 ₄ 98	17	91 9414 984	Atch Top & S Fe—Gen g 4a.199. Registered Adjustment gold 4s. July 199	A O	95% Sale 89% Sale	941 ₄ 941 883 ₄ 893	4 1 4	92 96 874 914
Canada (Dominion of) 5s1931 10-year 5 1/3s	MN	102 Sale 10614 Sale	1017 ₈ 102 1057 ₈ 1061 ₅	33 84	101% 10278 104 1061 ₂	Registered	JD	893 ₄ Sale 871 ₈ 883 ₄ 893	85 May'2 4 89 891	7 12	85 884 85 897
Carlsbad (City) s f 8s 1954 Cauca Val (Dept) Colom 7 1/4 s 1/46	A	993 ₈ Sale 105 106 98 Sale	1051 ₂ 106 97 98	26 8 14	97 9912	Conv 4s of 1905	8 M 8	99% 100	8984 Apr'2 9978 100	7 4	86 894 9914 100
Caile (Republic) ext'l s f 8s_1941 20-year external s f 7s_1942 25-year external s f 8s_1946	M	108 Sale	9984 1005 10784 1081	51 21	9912 10114 10614 109	Trans-Con Short L 1st 4s_195 Cal-Ariz 1st & ref 4 \(\) A 196	8 J J 2 M 8	901 ₈ 92 92 921 901 ₄ 997		4 12	9718 958
External sinking fund 5s_1960 External s f 6s_1961 Caile Mtge Bk 634s June 30 1957	JI	901 ₂ Sale 93 Sale	9012 91	79	9012 933	Atl & Charl A L 1st A 4168 194	4 J 3	106 ¹ 2 98 ¹ 4 105 106	- 107% June'2 - 98 99 10512 May'2	8 9	10434 1075 98 100 10314 106
8 f 6 4/s of 1926June 30 1961 Chinese (Hukuang Ry) 5s1951 Christiania (Oslo) 30-yr sf 6s1954	M	26 Sale 10214 Sale	2512 26	17	24 30	Atlantic City 1st cons 4s195 Atl Coast Line 1st cons 4s July '5	1 J J 2 M 8	961 ₄ Sale 97 98	86 ⁵ 4 Dec'2 96 ¹ 4 96 ¹ 98 98 ²	2 27	934 971 97 100
Colombia (Republic) 6 1/48 - 1927 Colombia (Republic) 6 1/48 - 1927 Colombia (Republic) 6 1/48 - 1944	A	9778 Sale	101 101	1	9912 1013		83 3	921 ₂ 923 811 ₂ Sale 73 Sale	8112 81	84 11	7878 818
Cordoba (Prov) Argentina 7s1942 Cuba 5s of 1904 External 5s of 1914 ser A 1949	M	9812 Sale 10114 1011 101 1013	981 ₈ 983 2 1011 ₄ 1011	1 1	9712 9912	Atl & Yad 1st g guar 4s194 Austin & N W 1st gu g 5s194 Balt & Oblo 1st g 4s194	J J	841 ₂ 851 1018 ₄ 104 948 ₄ Sale	8 8512 May'2 10214 June'2	7	821s 86 10214 1051 935s 971
External loan 414s ser C_1948 Sinking fund 514s1953 Cundinamarca (Dept-Col) 7s '46	F	95 96 102 Sale 93 94	95 95	1 16	93% 96 101% 103%	Registered July 194 20-year conv 41/4 193 Registered	3 M 8	985 ₈ Sale	_ 93 June'2	197	92 947
Csechoslovakia (Rep of) 8s1951 Sinking gund 8s ser B1952 External s f 7 1/4s series A1946	A		4 10714 1085 14 107 1081	8 6	5 105 110 5 1044 109	Refund & gen 5s series A199	5 J D	102 Sale 10634 Sale 10314 Sale	1017 ₈ 102 1065 ₈ 107	78 103 84 37	100% 104 104% 108
Danish Cons Municip 8s A. 1946 Beries B s f 8s. 1946 Denmark 20-year 6s. 1943	F .	111 Sale 11084 Sale 10514 Sale	11084 1118	4 1	5 109% 1118 4 1094 1118	Ref & gen 6s series C196 P L E & W Va Sys ref 4s194	MN	11084 Bale	1101 ₂ 110 1 ₄ 941 ₄ 95	78 39 14 41	1075 111 925 96
Dominican Rep Cust Ad 0 1/8 44 1st sec 5 1/3 of 1926 1946 Dreeden (City) external 7s 1946	A	991 ₄ Sale 981 ₂ 98	9834 983 78 9914 991	2 1	985 ₈ 1001 981 ₂ 110	Ref & gen 5s series D200	0 M E	851 ₂ Sale 102 Sale 1023 ₈	85 85	12 20 34 131	82 86
O-year 6s external 196	M	J 10234 Sale 10258 Sale 1014 101	10258 1025 10258 1025	34 1 34 2	8 10214 1047 8 10214 1035	Con ref 4s	1 J .	843 ₈ 84 651 ₂ 69 931 ₂	7 ₈ 847 ₈ 86	3 ₈ 14	
30-year external 51/8 195: 30-year external 51/8 195: El Balvador (Repub) 88 194: Finland (Republic) extl 68 194:	3 M	10118 Sale 10812 108	1011 ₈ 1013 3 ₄ 1083 ₄ June'2	8 1	1 10058 103 10614 1091	Registered	36 J	100	941 ₂ Mar's	27	9412 95
External sink fund 7s1950 External s f 6 ½s1950	M	941 ₂ Sale 1003 ₄ Sale 973 ₄ Sale 0 973 ₅ Sale	9784 98	34 3 4 4	5 9814 102 96 1007		58 F	921 ₈ 92 821 ₂ Sale	9214 June': 8 8212 83	27	91 93 785 84
Finnish Mun Loan 634s A 195 External 634s series B 195 French Repub 25-yr ext'l 8s 194	A M	9734 Sale 9734 98 11014 Sale	14 98 June'2 e 110 111	7 -20	9578 991 3 10814 1111	Buffalo R & P gen gold 5s19:	37 M 1		e 9612 97	27 58 2	101 103 941 99
20-year external loan 734s.194 External 7s of 1924194 German Republic ext'l 7s194	9 J 9 A	D 10434 Sale 0 10612 Sale	e 10414 105 e 106 106	14 65 34 41	8 99 1051 4 106 1091	Burl C R & Nor 1st 5s 190 Canada Sou cons gu A 5s 190	34 A C		10678 106	27	95 95 101 102 1 105 107
German Cent Agrie Bank 78. 1956 Gras (Municipality) 88195 Gt Brit & Irel (UK of) 51/6. 193	4 M	N 10318 103 A 105 Sale	12 10318 103 e 10484 105	12 12		5-year gold 4 148_Feb 15 19: 4 Canadian North deb s f 78_19	10 J		e 9934 100 e 11514 115	614 1	991 ₈ 100 1 1143 ₄ 116
Greater Prague (City) 71/8-195 Greek Government 78-196	2 M	A 11818 Sale N 10418 105 N 9634 97	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	38	7 116% 1191 2 1035 107 3 934 99	8 25-year s f deb 61/4s 19 10-yr gold 41/4s Feb 15 19 Canadian Pac Ry 4% deb stock	46 J 35 F	119 ¹ 4 119 98 ¹ 4 98 1 85 ³ 8 Sal	11 ₂ 1191 ₈ 119 13 ₈ 981 ₈ 98 e 85 85	114 1 1318 512 3	5 971s 99 5 831s 86
Haiti (Republic) s t 6s195 Heidelberg (Germany) ext 7 1/4 s 5 Hungarian Munic Loan 7 1/4 s . 194	2 A	0 100 Sale	e 9978 100 12 104 104	12 2	1 99 100 4 103 12 106 1 97 8 101	Carb & Shaw 1st gold 4s19 (a Caro Cent 1st cons g 4s19	16 M 32 M	9712 Sal 9712 99 J 8534 87	e 9634 97 9812 May' 86 May	7 ¹ 2 8 27 27	3 96 98 95% 98 831 ₅ 86
External s f 7s Sept 1 194 Hungary (Kingd of) s f 7 1/4s. 194 Ind Bank of Japan 6% notes. 192	6 J	J 96 Sale A 10234 Sale A 100 100	e 96 96 e 1023 102	58 2 12 1	9514 99 1 10014 105 1 991 ₂ 100	Caro Clinch & O 1st 30-yr 5s19 1st & con g 6s series A19	38 J I	1024 103	18 10212 102	21 ₂ 31 ₂ 1	2 102% 103 1 107% 109 9012 92
Italy (Kingdom of) ext'l 79 198 Italian Cred Consortium 78 A 193	1 J	95 Sale 8 9318 Sale	e 95 95 e 92% 94	78 64 5	8 9284 97 4 9284 96	8 Central of Ga let g 5s_Nov 19	45 F	8558 86 A 106	14 8614 May' 10534 May'	27 27	83 86 1041 ₂ 105 5 .021 ₄ 106
Extl sec s f 7s ser B 194 Italian Public Pettire art 7s 105	7 M	8 93 Sal 95 Sal	e 92 93	34 4	7 92 97	Consol gold 5s19	45 M		512 10514 105		5 .0214

BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended June 10.	Interes	Price Friday, June 10.	Week's Range or Last Sale	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1.	BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended June 19.	Interes	Price Priday, June 10.	Week's Range or Last Sale	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1.
Central of Georgia (Concluded) — 10-year secured 6s. June 1920 Ref 4 gen 5 ks series B1959	J D	10214 Sale 10534 10614	10178 10214 10584 10614	13	Low High 10178 1024 1041, 10814	onsol Ry deb 4s	5 4	9438 7234 7512	82% Dec'26 7412 June'27		7012 7818
Ref & gen 5s series C1959 Chatt Div pur money g 4s. 1951 Mac & Nor Div 1st g 5e1946	1 D	102 103 9038 1011 ₂ Sale	92 June'27	15	10214 10312 8858 2 10118 105	Non-conv debenture 4s1955 Non-conv debenture 4s1956 Cuba at a 1st 50-year 58 g1952	3 3	73 Sale 7212 76 95 9578	73 73 7512 June'27 9578 9638		6916 7714 6916 77 2 9412 98
Mobile Division 581946 Cent New Eng 1st gu 481961 Central Ohio reorg 41/481930	3 3	1031 ₂ 843 ₄ Sale 991 ₄ 991 ₂	104 Apr'27 841 ₂ 85 991 ₂ May'27	7	781 ₉ 86 991 ₄ 1004 ₄	lat ref 7 %s ser A	JD	1091 ₂ Sale 99 100 1047 ₈ Sale	10818 10912 10014 May'27 10478 10478	7	107 10912 9988 10212 994 10478
Central RR of Ga coil g 5s 1937 Central of N J gen gold 5s 1987 Registered	MN	1005 ₈ Sale 1155 ₈ Sale 1155 ₈		3 7	99 ¹ 2 101 ¹ 2 112 118 ⁷ 8 112 ¹ 8 116	Day & Mich 1st cons 4 1/8 1931 Dei & Hudson 1st & ref 4s 1943 30-year conv 5s 1935	MN	9838 9918 9412 Sale	9918 May 27 9418 9458		984 994 931 97
Cent Pac 1st ref gu g 4s1949 Registered	FA	93 937 ₈ 913 ₄ 98	9234 9314 9218 May'27	33	9114 9358 9038 9212	15-year 5 %s	JD	10484 10512 10658 Sale	10638 10658	5 9	1141 ₂ 153 103 1071 ₄ 1062 ₈ 1077 ₈
Mtge guar gold 3 14s Aug 1929 Through St L 1st gu 4s 1954 Guaranteed g 5s 1960	A O	981 ₂ Sale 891 ₂ 91 1031 ₂ Sale	981 ₂ 981 ₂ 91 91 1023 ₄ 1031 ₂	8 35	97% 9×% 9×% 93 101 2 10378	DRR & Bdge let gu 4s g 1936 Den & R G let cons g 4s 1936 Consol gold 4 / s 1936	1 1	96 91 Sale 9434 9578	9614 Apr'27 91 9134 9412 9415	62	96 96 ¹ 4 91 93 94 97
Charleston & Savn'h 1st 7s1936 Ches & Ohio fund & impt 5s1929 1st consol gold 5s	3 J	118 ¹ 4 100 ⁵ 8 Sale 106 ³ 4 Sale	1181 ₂ Oct 25 1005 ₈ 101 1063 ₄ 107	32 14	1001s 10112 1032s 108	Den & R G West gen 5s.Aug 1955 Des M.& Ft D 1st gu 4s1938	MN	99% Sale 87½ Sale 35½ 36½	9958 9978 8712 8818 35 Apr'27	170	9912 10014 7358 8978 34 36
Registered 1939 General gold 41/4 1992 Registered	MN	105 107 98 Sale	105 May'27 98 98% 96% ay'27	50	1021 ₂ 105 971 ₈ 993 ₄ 963 ₄ 963 ₄	Temporary cts of deposit Des Plaines Val 1st gu 434s.1947 Det & Mack 1st lien g 4s1998	M B	998 ₄ 748 ₄	34 34 96% Aug'26	2	7014 7534
20-year conv 4 1/48	3 3	1001 ₄ Sale 101 893 ₈ 903 ₄	1001 ₄ 1001 ₂ 1007 ₈ Feb'27	132	99'8 101'2 10034 101 9138 92	Gold 4s 1998 Detroit River Tunnel 4 4s 1961 Dul Missabe & Nor gen 5s 1941	MN	62 65 991 ₂ Sale 104	65 May'27 9912 100 10434 Apr'27	25	9718 100
2d consol gold 4s1989	1 1	8678	8678 May'27 8614 May'27		8678 9018 854 87 12 9978 10018	Dul & Iron Range 1st 5s1937 Dul Sou Shore & Atl g 5s1937	A O	10214 103 831 ₂ Sale	10214 1021 8312 847	1 12	10334 10444 1014 103 7518 86
Chesap Corp conv 5s May 15 '47 Chie & Alton RR ref g 34	MN	951 ₈ Sale 71 73	10018 Feb'27 9518 96 72 72	1232 93	9518 97 8 71 7338	East Ry Minn Nor Div 1st 4s. 48 East T Va & Ga Div g 5s1936 Cons 1st gold 5s1956	JJ	107	9418 June 27 10112 June 27 107 107	3	94 94 ¹ 8 100 ¹ 4 102 ¹ 2 106 107
Ctf dep stpd Apr 1926 int		71 73 641 ₄ 647 ₈ 631 ₄ Sale		92	71 ¹ 2 72 61 ¹ 4 68 ¹ 4 60 67	Eigin Joliet & East 1st g 5s. 1941 El Paso & S W 1st 5s. 1963 Erie 1st consol gold 7s ext. 1930	M S	10384 10484 10514 106 10688 10684	10614 Apr'2	7	102 1044 1044 1061 106 1071
Chie Burl & Q—III Div 3 1/2 s. 1949 Registered Illinois Division 4s1949	1 1	8778 Sale 7584 9612 98	8778 8818 8612 Dec'26 9612 9718		86% 89¼ 94% 98	1st cons g 4s prior	7 3 3	841 ₂ Sale 751 ₈ Sale		7	8118 86 79 79 7319 7919
General 4s	M S	951 ₂ 961 ₄ 971 ₂ Sale	96 96 971 ₂ 983 1065 ₈ Jun '27	117	9312 9712 9738 9914 10512 10718	Penn coll trust gold 4s195 50-year conv 4s series A195	BJJ	1001 ₂ 102 833 ₄ Sale	75 ¹ 2 May'2' 100 June'2' 83 ³ 4 84 ⁵	7	72 7612 9814 10014 7814 8512
Chicago & East III 1st 6s1934 C & E III Ry (new co) con 5s1951	MN	106 871 ₄ Sale	106 June 27 87 871	327	106 106 803 ₈ 871 ₂	Series B	3 A O	84 ¹ 4 Sale 108 Sale	8334 841 10958 112	2 240 427	79 85% 84% 11312
Chic & Eric 1st gold 5s1982 Chicago Great West 1st 4s1959 Chic Ind & Louisv—Ref 6s.1947	MS		7134 7314 11614 May'27	286	105 10814 6914 7414 11378 11614	Ref & impt 5s w 1196' Erie & Jersey 1st s f 6s195 Genesee River 1st s f 5s195'	7 3 3	941 ₂ Sale 1137 ₈ 1141 1137 ₈ 1141	2 114 1144 4 11378 1141	8 19	9438 9434 11119 11419 11159 11414
Refunding gold 5s1947 Refunding 4s Series C1947 General 5s A1966	J J	103 ¹ 4 104 ¹ 2 90 ¹ 2 101 ⁷ 8 102 ⁸ 4	9114 May'27		91 91 ¹ 4 99 ⁷ 8 103	Erie & Pitts gu g 3 1/28 B 194 Series C 3 1/28 194 Est RR exti e f 78 195	0,7 7	891 ₄ 891 ₄ 993 ₄ Sale	89 Apr'2	7	89 89 954 1014
General 5s A	3 3	10958 9418 9514 9612	1093 ₈ 1093 96 96	4	1064 1098 9218 96 9658 9734	Fia Cent & Penn 1st ext g 5s. 193 Consol gold 5s	011	9984 10158 1021 9814 985	9978 9978 9978 10112 June'2	7	9978 1018 1018 10178 978 9818
U S Tr certifs of deposit	3 3	61 Sale 86% Sale	62 ¹ 2 May 27	<u>î</u>	55% 64 55% 64% 85 88	1st & ref 5s series A 197 Fonda Johns & Glov 4 1/5s 195 Fort St U D Co 1st g 4 1/5s 194	4 M S	961 ₂ Sale 603 ₈ Sale 951 ₈	98 96	129	9414 10116 60 68 94 9519
Ch M & St P gen g 4s Ser A .e1989 Registered	1 5	84 841; 761 ₂ 768	84 May'2' 7612 May'2'		8314 84 7558 78	Ft W & Den C 1st g 5 1/5 s 196 Ft Worth & Rio Gr 1st g 4s 192	1 J D	10718 1081 9818	2 10634 Mar'2 9858 98	7 3	106% 106% 97% 99
Gen 4 1/4 s Series CMay 1989 Gen & ref ser A 4 1/4 sJan 2014 Guar Tr certifs of deposit		9418 961 6212 6212 631	6312 641	23 80	9478 98 57 651 ₂ 567 ₈ 655 ₈	G H & S A M & P 1st 5s193	1 M N	101 Sale		1	10012 1014
Gen ref conv ser B 5s Jan 2014 Guar Tr certifs of deposit		6158 Sale 6158 Sale 10334 104		266	551g 64 554 64 s 10314 1061g	Galv Hous & Hend 1st 5s193 Ga & Ala Ry 1st cone 5s.Oct 194	3 A O	10034 102 9712 99 99 Sale	9712 98	2 2	9612 10114 98 9972
Debenture 4 1/2	J D	62 63 617 ₈ Sale	6278 631	51	5612 6434 56 6434 5612 6435	Ga Caro & Nor 1st gu g 5s192 Georgia Midiand 1st 3s194 Gr R & I ext 1st gu g 4 1/2s194	9 J J	7418 751 9814 96		7	99 1001a 721a 757a 971a 984a
U S Mtge & Tr ctfs of dep		6178 623	6178 631 6118 June'2	71		Grand Trunk of Can deb 7s. 194	0 A O	11514 Sale 10734 Sale	1154 115	4 7	1141 ₂ 116 1067 ₈ 1081 ₄
Farm L & Tr ctfs of dep. Chic & N'west gen g 31/6 - 1987 Registered General 48 - 1987	M N	8034 831	4 83% 831 7412 Jan'2	2 4	7818 84 7412 761	Great Nor gen 7s series A193 Registered	9 7 1	11418 Sale	114 8 114 114 May'2	7	114 114
Stpd 4s non-p Fed in tax '87	MN	9314	92 May'2 94'4 June'2	7	901 ₂ 968 ₄ 92 921 ₄ 901 ₂ 941 ₅	General 5 %s series B195 General 5s series C197		100 Sale 109 Sale 1041 ₂ 1043	10912 109 4 10412 105	15	
Gen 5s stpd Fed inc tax 1987 Gen 5s stpd Fed inc tax 1987 Bluking fund 6s 1879-1921	MN	10812 Sa e	11312 114	2	105 109 10814 11414 10114 103	General 4 1/28 series D197 Green Bay & West deb otts A	- Feb	9712 Sale 8518 90 2418 241	85 8 May 2 24 24	7 2	9418 9914 8318 8518 21 2519
Registered	A O	10112	1 4 chebr . M. d	7	101 1028 100 1014 10018 1021	Greenbrier Ry 1st gu 4s194 Gulf Mob & Nor 1st 5 1/8195	0 4 0	93 ¹ 2 104 ³ 8 105 ³ 100 ¹ 8 100 ³	9312 May'2 8 10512 June 2 8 10018 101	7	9312 9312 1052 10612 11018 10214
Registered 1936	MN	102 102	8 10278 102 102 June'2	8 4	101 1027 10118 102	Gulf & 3 1 ist ref & ter g 5s .5195 Hocking Val 1st cons g 4 1/2s .199	2 3	1071 ₂ Sale 1035 ₈ Sale	10712 107	12 1	1064 1074
15-year secured 6 1/8 g 1936	5 M 8	11258 1128 107 108	1125g 1125 108 109	1 22	11158 1131 10212 110	Registered	9 J J 7 M N	9812 99	9534 Mar' 9934 99	34 2	9812 994
1st & ref 4 1/2sMay 203 Chie R I & P hastway gen 4s 198 Registered	13	88	8934 90 8812 May'2	7	874 913 861 ₂ 881	Houston Belt & Term 1st 5s_193	0 M N	9958	10134 Mar'2 10012 May'2	6	991, 10114
Registered	AC	93% Sale	93 8 93 93 May 2 90 2 May 2	7	92 ¹ 4 95 92 ⁵ 8 93 ⁷ 6 89 ¹ 4 91	Hud & Manhat 5s series A 195	3 M N	101 9934 Sale	9912 100	34 44	98 101
Ch St L & P 1st cons g 5s193; Unic St P M & O cons 6s193; Cons 6s reduced to 3 1/5s193	JD	102 s 103 s 102 Sale	10234 103	52	10284 104	Illinois Central 1st gold 4s 196	113	90 Sale		27	94 9614
Obje T H & So East 1st 5s. 1969	ME	99 ¹ 2 99 99 100	8 100 June'2 100 May'2	7	991s 100 9958 1001	Extended 1st gold 3 1/58195	A	87% 90 87½	74 8 Jan': 88 Apr': 73 Jan':	27	97 901
Ohic Un Sta'n let gu 4 1/28 A 196	M E	9234 Sale 9914 Sale	923 ₄ 93 98 8 99	8 42	874 954 974 995	Collateral trust gold 48195	2 4 6	9114 92	- 8912 Mar'		8912 8912
1st 5s series B	4 J C	117 117	102 8 102 116 8 117	34 4	1011 ₈ 1053 1165 ₈ 1184	Purchased tines 3 %s 198 Collateral trust gold 4s 198	3 M N	00.8 00	8838 Apr':	27	85 884 88 901
Chic & West Ind gen g 6s p193. Consol 50-year 4s 195. 1st ref 5 1/2s ser A 196.	2 3 4	88 89		4	10512 106 8658 90 103 2 1051		55 M A	100% Sale	e 1007 ₈ 101	15	10034 10312
Choc Okla & Gulf cons 5s195 Cin H & D 2d gold 4 \(\frac{1}{2} \sigma \dots	7 3	97 8 Sale		8 1	10314 104 9738 978 9514 973	40-year 4 4s Aug 1 196	36 F	11258 113 9758 Sale 9418		164	
Registered	6 Q F	9612	- 951g Jan'2	7	951 95	Litchfield Div 1st gold 3s. 198 Louisv Div & Term g 3 1/8. 198	51 3	773 ₈ 79 833 ₈ 83		8 1	7612 7814 8314 8412
Cleve Cin Ch & St L gen 48.199	3 .		9334 June'2 9312 May'2	7	92 931	Omaha Div 1st gold 3s 198	51 J	771 ₂ 78 77 79 855 ₈ 87	76/8 June' 78/8 Apr'	27	76 7712 7612 79 88 87
20-year deb 4 %s	9 1	110 ¹ 4 102 ⁵ 8 Sale	113 Nay'2	7	10734 113 1021s 1031	Springfield Div 1st g 3 1/6.194 Western Lines 1st g 4s194	51 .	85 ¹ 4 - 93	_ 84 Sept'	26	9012 9112
6s series C	3 J .	94'8	107 May'2 103 8 104 94 8 June'2	7	9312 951	1st & ref 416s ser C196	63 J		e 9712 97	34 207	7, 9712 9784
Cin W & M Div let g 4s199 Bt L Div let coll tr g g 4s199 Registered	0 M	89 90 893 91 864	89 June'2 89 89 87'4 May'2	34	86 90 87% 91	Gold 3 1/4	51 3 1	79%	- 7812 Feb	27	933 933
W W Val Div let g 4s 194	O J	974	- 96 8 Apr'2	7	917a 961 91 971 10714 109	s Ind Bloom & West 1st ext 4s. 19	40 A (9318	93's May 94's May 86'4 86	27	84 87
OC C & I gen cons g 6s 193 Clev Lor & W con lat g 5s 193 Cleve & Mahon Val g 5s 193	8 8 .	10234 103	14 102 8 May 2 100 2 Apr 2 34 98 8 Apr 2	7	10012 1001	Gen & ref 5e series B19	65 J	J 10158 102 J 10158 103 J 10658 106	102 2 May	27	10218 10318 10218 10378
Cl & Mar 1st gu g 4 1/5 193 Oleve & P gen gu 4 1/5 s ser B . 194 Bertes A 4 1/5 194	2 1	100 ¹ 4	101 Mar's	6	100 101	Adjustment 6s ser A July 19:	52 Apr	1 951 ₂ Sal 1 85 86	85 May	27	
Beries D 3 %s	OFA	88 8 1023 104		7	8912 891 8914 8 II 1014 104	let coll tr 6% notes 19	72 0 :	9934 Sal 81 Sal 943 Sal	e 8012 81 e 9418 95	30	75 815
Cleve Union Term 5 %s 197 1st e f 5e ser B 197 Oan River Ry 1st gu 4s 194	3 A	10412 Sale	109 109 104's 104 90's May'2	12 26 34 14	10412 110	Refunding gold 4e19	51 M	51% 52 18% Sal	6 1812 18	27 2	
Colorado & Gouth 1st g 4s192 Refunding & exten 4 %s193 Col & H V 1st ext g 4s194	9 F A	9918 99 97 % Sale	8 9918 99	1 14	98 99	Ka A & O K tot gu g 50	59 J E	94 96 10234	. 103 May	27	103 103 1 86 8
Col & Tol let ext we		915 94			901, 90	21 20 year 5s	27 1	J 99 g 500		8	3 994 (00)

BONDS N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended June 10.	Interest	Price Friday, June 10.	Week's Range or Last Sale	Bonds Sold	Range Since Jan. 1.	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended June 10.	Period	Price Friday, June 10.	Week's Range or Last Sale	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1,
K C Ft S & M Ry ref g 4s1936 K.C & M R & B let gu 5s1929 Kansas City Sou 1st gold 3s1950	A O	931 ₂ Sale 1001 ₈ 731 ₂ 74	Low High 931 ₈ 931 ₂ 997 ₈ 997 ₈ 731 ₂ 741 ₂	No. 39 1 28	Low High 92 94 991 ₂ 101 ² ₈ 731 ₈ 75 ² ₉	New York Central (Concluded). Consol 4s series A1998 Ref & impt 41/2s series A2013 Ref & tmpt 5s series C2013	A 0	931 ₂ Sale 100% Sale 1061 ₄ Sale	Low High 931 ₈ 932 ₄ 1001 ₂ 101 1061 ₄ 107		Low High 90 95 ¹ 4 97 ⁷ 6 101 ⁷ 6 105 ¹ 4 108
Ref & impt &	; ;	1003 ₈ Sale 901 ₄ 911 ₄ 901 ₈	10018 10012 9078 9114 9018 9018	55 31 5	99 ¹ 4 101 88 91 ¹ 2 81 ¹ 8 90 ¹ 2	N Y Central & Hudson River— Mortgage 3 %s 1997	JJ	83 Sale	1051 ₂ Jan'27 83 83 821 ₄ May'27	6	10512 10512 8018 8512 7848 8312
Entucky & Ind Term 4 % s. 1961 Stamped	ָרָרָרָרָרָרָרָרָרָרָרָרָרָרָרָרְרָרָרְרָרָרְרָרְרָרְרָרְרָרְרָרְרָרְרְרָרְרְרָרְרְרָרְרְרָרְרְרָרְרְרָרְרְרָר	85 ¹ 4 90 ¹ 8 101 ⁵ 8 102 102 ¹ 2 103	9458 9458 9014 Mar'27 10114 June'27 102 June'27	5	8518 9458 8812 9012 101 10234 1001a 102	Registered	J	97 Sale 9414 971 ₂	97 971 ₄ 96 Feb'27 983 ₈ May'27	95	9612 9814 96 96 9412 9838
Lake Shr & Mich S g 31/81997 Registered 1997 Debenture gold 481928 35-year gold 481931	J D M S	995 ₈ Sale 985 ₈ Sale	8518 8518 82 Apr'27 9958 100 9858 9834	20 57 23	801± 8518 80 8214 9814 100 9788 9912	Lake Shore coll gold 3 1/8. 1998 Registered 1998 Mich Cont coll gold 3 1/8. 1998	FAA	823 ₄ 831 ₄ 821 ₄ 85	93 Feb'27 8258 8318 81 Mar'27 8212 8213	12	791s 831s 784 81 794 851s 787s 8214
Registered	F A	1051 ₂ 106 997 ₈ Sale	96 Dec'25 10538 10538 9958 9978	1 21	1041, 106 981, 10014	Registered 1998 N Y Chic & St L 1st g 4s 1937 Registered 1937 Z5-year debenture 4s 1931	A 0	95 951 ₄ 981 ₂ Sale	82 May'27 95 9514 94 94 9814 9815	7	7878 8214 9474 96 94 9518 9618 9812
Lehigh Val (Pa) cons g 4s_2003 Registered General cons 4½s2003 Registered	MN	891 ₈ 90 99 995 ₈	887 ₈ 89 89 May'27 991 ₄ 991 ₂ 97 97	8 4 1	8614 9184 84 8912 97 100 97 97	2d 6s series A B C1931 Refunding 51/s series A1974 Refunding 51/s series B1975	MNO	10234 Bale 10578 Sale 106 Sale	10234 103 10534 10612 10578 106	22 85 12	10218 10314 10418 10678 10418 107
Lehigh Val RR gen 5s series 2003 Leh V Term Ry 1st gu g 5s 1941 Registered	A O	1051 ₈ Sale 1037 ₈ 104	1051 ₈ 106 1037 ₈ May'27 1021 ₈ Mar'27 905 ₈ Feb'27	5	103 ¹ 2 108 102 ¹ 2 105 ¹ 2 102 ¹ 8 102 ¹ 2 90 90 ⁵ 8	N Y Connect 1st gu 4 1/16 A 1953 1st guar 5s series B 1953 N Y & Erie 1st ext gold 4s 1947 2d ext gold 4 1/18	FFM	97 ¹ 4 Sale 104 ³ 8 Sale 92 98 ¹ 2	97 9714 10438 10438 9134 Oct 26 9878 Mar' 27		943 ₈ 99 1033 ₈ 105 981 ₈ 987 ₈
Leh & N Y 1st guar gold 4s 1945 Lez & East 1st 50-yr 5s gu 1965 Little Miami gen 4s Ser A 1962 Long Dock consol g 6s 1935	M N A O	11334 Sale 8758 9134 10878 110	112 11384 90 May'27 10884 May'27	12	10984 11384 8658 9012 10884 10912	4th ext gold 5s	A D N	991 ₄ 997 ₈	100% Mar'27 99 Mar'26 100 June'27		98% 1001 ₂ 991 ₂ 1081 ₄
Long Isid 1st con gold 5sJuly1931 1st consol gold 4sJuly1931 General gold 4s1938 Gold 4s1932	D D	96 ¹ 4 93 ¹ 2 95 ⁸ 4	10114 June'27 98 Feb'27 9358 June'27 9584 May'27		1004 1011 ₄ 98 98 925 ₈ 981 ₈ 931 ₈ 958 ₄	N Y & Harlem gold 3 1/28 2000 Registered. N Y Lack & W 1st & ref 5s 1973 First & ref 4 1/28 1973	MN	1031 ₈ 1041 ₈ Sale	8518 May'27 8212 Mar'27 80 July'25 10318 10418	3	8184 8588 8212 8212 102 10418
Unified gold 4s	JD	993 ₄ 991 ₄ 100	893 ₄ 893 ₄ 1001 ₂ 1001 ₂ 995 ₈ 997 ₈		89 90 99 10084 9818 10014	NYLE&Wist7sext1930 NY&Jersey 1st5s1932 NY&Long Branch gen g 4s1941 NY&NE Bost Term 4s1939	M S F A M S	1055 ₈ 1011 ₄ 901 ₄	15 Feb'27 10034 May'27 90 Dec'26 91 Apr'27		106 106 100% 101%
Nor Sh B 1st con gu 5s_Oet '32 Louisiana & Ark 1st g 5s1927	0 1	100 ¹ 2 Sale 100 100 ¹ 8		12 3	100 10084	NYNH&Hn-c deb 4s1947 Non-conv debenture 3 1/4s. 1947 Non-conv debenture 3 1/4s. 1954	M S M S	81 82 7238	8034 May'27 76 Apr'27 70 70	5	74 83 721 ₂ 76 694 731 ₂
Lou & Jeff Bdge Co gu g 4s1945 Louisville & Nashville 5s1937 Unified gold 4s1940	M N	895 ₈ 903 ₄ 1061 ₂ 951 ₄ 977 ₈	107 May'27	30	895 ₈ 921 ₂ 1061 ₈ 107 957 ₈ 981 ₂ 95 965 ₈	Non-conv debenture 481955 Non-conv debenture 481956 Conv debenture 3/481956 Conv debenture 681948	NN	78^{3}_{4} 79 78^{3}_{4} 79 68^{1}_{2} 70^{1}_{2} 107^{1}_{4} 108	79 ³ 4 May 27 78 ⁷ 8 79 ¹ 4 70 May'27 107 ³ 4 108 ¹ 5	13	76 80% 7714 80% 69% 7314 1051 109%
Registered	AO	10478 105 10718 10818	10234 May'27 10438 105 10714 10714	17 20	101 ¹ 8 102 ⁸ 4 103 ¹ 8 106 105 110	Registered	J O N	1035 ₈ 104 72 Sale	107 Apr'27 1031 ₂ 104 72 72	29	103 107 103 105 ¹ 4 69 ¹ 2 76
1st & ref & series B2003 1st & ref & series C2003 N O & M 1st gold &1930 2d gold &1930	, i	$107 107^{1}_{2} 99^{1}_{8} 102^{3}_{8} 103^{3}_{8} 103^{3}_{8} 105$	10212 10234	1 12 5	1054 10884 9984 10358 10358 10378 10358 10334	Harlem R & Pt Ches 1st 4s 1954 N Y & Northern 1st g 5s 1927 N Y O & W ref 1st g 4s.June 1992 Registered \$5,000 only	M 8 M 8	90 ¹ 4 100 78 ¹ 2 Sale	90 ¹ 4 90 ³ 6 100 May'27 78 ³ 8 78 ⁷ 6 72 ¹ 8 Dec'26	15	89 90% 99% 100 76¼ 79½
Paducah & Mem Div 4s1946 St Louis Div 2d gold 3s1980 Mob & Montg 1st g 4 ½s1945	M B M S	935 ₈ 69 1003 ₈ 103	9358 9358 69 69 10012 10012	3	9358 95 6612 69 10038 10118	N Y Providence & Boston 4s.1942 N Y & Putnam 1st con gu 4s 1993	A O	75 76 89 ³ 4 90 ¹ 2 99 ⁷ 8 100 ¹ 2	76 76 86½ Dec'26 92¼ May'27 99¾ May'27		73 783 ₄ 897 ₈ 921 ₂ 997 ₈ 100
South Ry joint Monon 4s. 1952 Atl Knoxy & Cin Div 4s. 1955 Lousy Cin & Lex Div g 4 1/26"31 Mahon Coal RR 1st 5s 1934	MN	88 ⁵ 8 90 95 96 100 ¹ 8 100 ³ 4 103 ¹ 8 104	585 ₈ 891 ₂ 96 97 1001 ₈ 1001 ₈ 1033 ₈ Apr'27	24 6	87 ¹² 90 ¹² 93 ¹² 97 ¹⁴ 100 100 ¹² 103 ¹⁸ 103 ¹⁸	N Y & R B let gold 5s1927 N Y Susq & West let ref 5s. 1937 2d gold 4½s1937 General gold 5s1940	FA	93 93 ¹ ₂ 80 ³ ₄ 85 78 ¹ ₄ Sale		2	99% 100 87½ 94½ 72% 80 71% 80
Manila RR (South Lines) 4s_1939 1st 4s1959 Manitoba S W Celoniza'n 5s 1934	MAD	0.0	70 ¹ 2 70 ¹ 2 84 May'27 100 100 83 ¹ 2 Feb'27	<u>i</u>	66 70 ¹ 2 73 ¹ 2 84 100 101	Terminal 1st gold 5s1943 N Y W'ches & B 1st ser I 4½s '46 Nord Ry ext'l s f 6½s1950	N N	1001 ₂ 1021 ₄ 82 Sale 975 ₈ Sale	101 June'27 8138 82 9758 981	72	9818 101 7813 8314 9314 9834
Man G B & N W 1st 3 1/2s 1941 Mich Cent Det & Bay City 5s . '31 Registered Mich Air Line 4s 1940	QM	10112	10134 May'27 101 Dec'26		10158 10134 9514 9578	Norfolk South 1st & ref A 5s. 1961 Norfolk & South 1st gold 5s. 1941 Norfolk & West gen gold 6s. 1931	F A M N M N	9258 93 10112 10212 10512	9278 9358 10158 June 27 10558 10558	19	90% 93% 100½ 101% 105½ 106%
Registered J L & S let gold 3 14 = 1951 1st gold 3 19 = 1952 20-year debenture 4s 1929	MS	858 ₄ 883 ₈ 891 ₂ 991 ₂ 995 ₈		 1	85% 90 98% 9978	Improvement & ext 6s1934 New River 1st gold 6s1932 N & W Ry 1st cons g 4s1996 Registered1996	A O	106 ¹ 2 95 ⁷ 8 Sale 95	110 May'27 107 May'27 95 ¹ 4 97 95 May'27	33	1081 ₂ 110 1063 ₄ 107 921 ₂ 97 927 ₈ 95
Mild of N J 1st ext 5s1940 Milw L S & West imp g 5s1929 Mil & Nor 1st ext4 \(\sigma (1880) 1934	FA	$\begin{array}{ccc} 96^{1}8 & 99 \\ 100^{3}4 & \\ 97 & 98 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 96^{3}4 & 96^{3}4 \\ 101^{3}4 & 101 \\ 95^{1}2 & \mathbf{Dec'}26 \end{array}$	3 6	95 98 8 100 8 101 8	Div'l 1st lien & gen g 4s. 1944 10-yr conv. 6s	M S	94 ¹ 4 94 ⁵ 8 183 Sale 95 Sale	94% 9478 183 185 95 9518	32 3 16	93 9538 158 185 9278 96
Cons ext 4 1/18 (1884)1934 Mii Spar & N W 1st gu 4s1947 Miiw & State L 1st gu 3 1/48_1941	M S	961 ₈ 97 941 ₄	97 97 945 ₈ 945 ₈ 831 ₈ Dec'25	2	95½ 97 92¼ 95⅓	North Cent gen & ref 5s A1974 Gen & ref 4 ½s series A1975 North Ohio 1st guar g 5s1945 North Pacific prior lien 4s1997	M S	991 ₈ Sale 97 977 ₈ 933 ₄ Sale	106 Jan'27 99 993 981 ₄ June'27 931 ₂ 941 ₄	8	10558 106 99 9984 9412 100 9114 97
Minn & St Louis 1st cons 5s.1934 Temp ctfs of deposit	MA	541 ₈ 571 ₂ 535 ₈ 56 201 ₂ Sale	5614 5638 55 June 27 2012 2012	15 	5114 57 5114 55 1712 23 13 1514	Registered 1997 Gen'l lien gold 3s Jan 2047 Registered Jan2047	GOQ.	92 93 67 ¹ 2 Sale 66 ¹ 2 Sale 100 Sale	921 ₂ 93 67 681 ₃ 661 ₂ 661 ₃ 991 ₄ 100	20 73 3 63	9058 9454 6558 6912 6358 6758 96 10114
M St P & S M con g 4s int gu'38 1st cons 5s1938 1st cons 5s gu as to int1938	נננ	131_4 15 871_4 Sale 97 971_4 961_4 981_8	131 ₂ June'27 871 ₈ 881 ₈ 971 ₂ May'27 97 971 ₄	17 7	87 8878 96 9838 961 ₂ 98	Ref & impt 4 1/28 series A2047 Registered	1 1 1	95 ¹ ₄ 113 ³ ₈ Sale 112 ⁵ ₈	98 May'27 1133 114 1104 Mar'26	50	98 98 113 116
10-year coll trust 6 1/48 1931 lat & ref 6s series A 1948 35-year 5 1/48 1949 lat Chicago Term s 7 4a 1941	J J M B	99 ¹ 8 Sale 98 ³ 4 Sale 83 ¹ 4 Sale 97 ⁵ 8	991 ₈ 993 ₄ 981 ₂ 987 ₈ 831 ₄ 831 ₄ 973 ₄ Jan'27	43 5 1	98 ¹ 4 102 98 ¹ 2 102 82 ¹ 2 89 97 ³ 4 97 ³ 4	Ref & impt 5s series C2047 Ref & impt 5s series D2047 Nor Pac Term Co 1st g 6s_1933 Nor Ry of Calif guar g 5s_1938	1 1	106 Sale 10934	107 June'27 106 1065 1097 ₈ May'27 106 June'27	3	10318 10718 10318 10714 1094 10978 10518 10614
Mississippi Central 1st 5s1949 Mo Kan & Tex 1st gold 4s1990 Mo-K-T RR prlien 5s ser A.1962	ם י	96 Sale 88 ³ 4 Sale 103 ¹ 4 Sale	96 96 88 ³ 8 89 ¹ 8 103 ¹ 8 103 ¹ 2	10 30 78	951 ₂ 971 ₂ 863 ₈ 897 ₈ 101 1031 ₂	North Wisconsin 1st 6s1930 Og & L Cham 1st gu 4s g1948	1 1	102 ¹ 2 83 84 ³ 4	10318 Mar'27 8338 8315	10	10278 10318 8158 8634
40-year 4s series B 1962 10-year 6s series C 1932 Cum adjust 5s ser A Jan 1967 Missouri Pacific	7 7	87 ³ 4 Sale 103 Sale 104 ¹ 8 Sale	87 ³ 4 88 ¹ 8 102 ³ 4 103 104 ¹ 8 105	25 7 102	85 ¹ 2 88 ³ 4 102 ⁵ 8 104 96 106	Ohio Connecting Ry 1st 4s1943 Ohio River RR 1st g 5s1936 General gold 5s1937 Oregon & Cal 1st guar g 5s1927	J D	95 ¹ 4 103 ³ 4 104 ¹ 8 103 ¹ 8 99 ⁷ 8 Sale	9458 Mar'27 10418 10418 103 May'27 9978 9978	1	9458 9458 102 10418 1014 103 9978 10012
1st & refunding 5s ser A1965 1st & refunding 6s ser D1949 General 4s	M B	991 ₄ Sale 1071 ₂ Sale 763 ₄ Sale	991 ₄ 100 1071 ₂ 1071 ₂ 761 ₄ 77	37 43 126	983 ₈ 101 1061 ₂ 109 76 791 ₄ 981 ₈ 1001 ₂	Oregon RR & Nav con g 4s.1946 Ore Short Line 1st cons g 5s.1946 Guar cons 5s	3 3	93^{1}_{2} 93^{3}_{4} 108^{1}_{8} 109 108^{1}_{4} 109^{1}_{4}	931 ₂ 933 1071 ₂ 108 1091 ₂ June 27	15 7	88 ⁵ 8 94 ¹ 2 107 109 ¹ 4 107 ¹ 8 110 98 ¹ 4 99 ¹ 2
1st & ref 5s ser F1977 Mo Pac 3d 7s ext at 4 % July 1938 Mob & Bir prior lien g 5s1945	JJ	981 ₈ Sale 931 ₂ 95	9818 9834 9312 May'27 9734 9734	495	9278 95 9714 99	Guar refunding 4s1929 Oregon-Wash 1st & ref 4s1961 Pacific Coast Co 1st g 5s1946 Pac RR of Mo 1st ext g 4s1938	J D F A	99 ¹ 8 Sale 90 ¹ 2 Sale 88 90 ¹ 2 92 ¹ 4 94 ¹ 2			8678 91 90 93 934 95
1st m gold 4s	ם נ	87 ¹ 8 83 100 ⁸ 4 101 997e 10014	881 ₄ 881 ₄ 821 ₂ Apr'27 1008 ₄ 1007 ₈ 1001 ₈ May'27	3	8618 8814 82 8212 10014 10184 9984 10012	2d extended gold 5s1938 Paducah & Ills 1st s f 4 48s1955 Paris-Lyons-Med RR 6s1958 Sinking fund external 7s1958	JA	991 ₂ 941 ₄ Sale 1007 ₈ Sale	1021 ₂ May'27 991 ₂ 991 ₃ 941 ₈ 95 1001 ₂ 1011 ₈	123	102 10212 98 9912 8712 95% 9612 10212
General gold 4s	FAJD	9412 95	941 ₂ May'27 1005 ₈ Mar'27 997 ₈ June'27		93 95 ¹ 8 100 ³ 8 101 ¹ 4 99 ⁷ 8 100 ¹ 4	Paris-Orieans RR s f 7s1954 Paulista Ry 1st & ref s f 7s1942 Pennsylvania RR cons g4s1943	MB	100 ¹ 4 Sale 102 ¹ 4 102 ³ 4 97 ¹ 4 98	100 1001 1027 ₈ June'27 97 May'27	58	9514 10114 10112 10312 9512 98
Mob & Mar 1st gu gold 4s_1991 Mort C 1st gu g 6s1937 Registered 1st guar gold 5s1937	1 1	113 1131 ₄	9418 Apr'27 11314 June'27 11112 Mar'27 104 Mar'27		9114 971 ₂ 1111 ₂ 1131 ₂ 1111 ₂ 1111 ₂ 1031 ₈ 104	Consol gold 4s1948 4s steri stpd dollar May 1 1948 Consolidated 4½s1960 General 4½s series A1965	FA	98 96 ¹ 4 Sale 103 ³ 4 104 ³ 8 100 ³ 4 Sale	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11	9414 98 9458 9758 102 10518 9914 10218
Morris & Essex 1st gu 3½s2000 Nashv Chatt & St L 1st 5s1928 N Fla & 8 1st gu 5 5s1937 Nat Ry of Mex pr lien 4½s1957	A O		831 ₂ June'27 1003 ₈ 1003 ₄ 1031 ₂ Apr'27	2	8012 85 10014 10112 10258 10312	General 5s series B1968 10-year secured 7s1930 15-year secured 6 ½s1936	J D	107 ³ 4 Sale 106 ³ 8 Sale 112 ⁸ 4 Sale	107 ¹ 2 108 ⁵ 106 ³ 8 106 ¹ 112 ¹ 2 112 ⁷ 111 ³ 4 June'2 ⁷	24 29 57	10678 111 10614 10758 1114 11314
Guar 70-year s f 4s1977 Assent cash war rct No 5 on	A O	15 Sale 18 20	30 Sept'24 15 15 ³ 4 87 ¹ 2 Aug'25 19 19	<u>i</u>	14 20 181 ₂ 26	Registered	FA	11118 10312 Sale 8718 8684 89	10314 104 89 Mar'27 8678 May'27	53	1111 ₂ 1118 ₄ 102 1041 ₂ 89 89 86 891 ₂
Nat RR Mex pr 1 4 1/2 Oct _ 1926 July 1914 coupon on Assent cash war ret No 4 on_ 18t consol 4s1951	1 1	22 2212	381 ₂ Ju y'25 24 Sept'25 21 21 28 Apr'26	3	21 2612	Guar 3½s trust ctfs C1942 Guar 3½s trust ctfs D1944 Guar 15-25-year gold 4s1931 Guar 4s series E1952	JDAO	86 ¹ 4 85 ⁸ 4 98 ¹ 2 98 ⁵ 8 90 ³ 8	86% May'2' 85% June 2' 98% 98% 9014 90		85 861 ₂ 843 ₄ 861 ₂ 971 ₂ 991 ₄ 88 901 ₄
April 1914 coupon on Assent cash war rot No 4 on.	A 0	13 13%	18 ¹ 2 June'26 13 ³ 8 May'27		1284 1612	Pa Ohio & Det 1st & ref 4 1/4s A'77 Peoria & Eastern 1st cons 4s_1940 Income 4sApril 1990	A O	9658 Sale 9018 Sale 4412 47	9658 971 9018 901 4614 48	9 45	9628 9824 8514 9114 4178 4812
New England cons 5s1945 Consol guar 4s1945 N J June RR guar 1st 4s1986 N O & N E 1st ref&imp 4½s A 52	FA	1001 ₄ 1011 ₂ 87 ⁷ ₈ 84 ³ ₄ 97 98	10038 June 27 8878 Apr'27 8512 Jan'27 9712 9712		991 ₂ 1003 ₄ 877 ₈ 89 851 ₂ 851 ₂ 961 ₂ 973 ₄	Peoria & Pekin Un 1st 5 1/28-1974 Pere Marquette 1st ser A 5s-1956 1st 4s series B	FA	10512 106 10412 Sale 9012 98 100	106 May'2' 104 ¹ 2 104 ⁵ 91 ¹ 2 June'2' 98 ¹ 8 June'2'	58	104 10614 10358 105 89 9218 9538 9818
New Orleans Term 1st 4s1953 N O Texas & Mex n-c inc 5s.1935 1st 5s series B	A O	881 ₄ Sale 1001 ₄ 1 100 101	88 ¹ 4 88 ¹ 4 00 ¹ 4 June'27 101 101 ³ 8	3 50	8718 8914 100 101 10018 10112	General 5s series B1974 Philippine Ry 1st 30-yr s f 4s 1937 Pine Creek registered 1st 6s_1932	JJD	11078 Sale 4214 4212 10658	1107 ₈ 1107 42 421 1065 ₈ Mar'2	63	1101 ₂ 1121 ₄ 42 431 ₂ 1061 ₂ 1068 ₄
1st 5s series C	AOJ	103 ¹ 4 103 ¹ 2 105 ⁵ 8 Sale 97 ⁸ 4 101 102	103 ¹ 2 103 ³ 4 104 ⁷ 8 105 ¹ 2 97 ¹ 4 Mar'27 101 June'27	11	10312 10458 10444 10534 9714 9834 10044 102	P C C & St L gu 4 1/18 A 1940 Beries B 4 1/18 guar 1942 Series C 4 1/18 guar 1942 Series D 4s guar 1945	M N	10084 10278 10084	101 ¹ 4 May'2' 100 ³ 4 May'2' 101 ¹ 8 May'2' 97 97	i	995 ₈ 1011 ₂ 1001 ₄ 1011 ₂ 1011 ₈ 1011 ₄ 96 971 ₄
N Y Cent RR conv deb 6s1936 Registered	MN	107% Sale	19784 10814 11614 Mar'27	11	1063 10878	Series D 4s guar	IJ D	96	9658 May'2' 9714 Apr '2'	7	9658 9658 9714 1004

N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended June 10.	Price Friday. June 10.	Week's Range or Last Sale	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1.	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended June 10.	Interest	Price Friday, June 10.	Week's Range or Last Sale	Bouds	Range Bince Jan. 1:
Pitts Cin Chic & St L (Concluded) Series H con guar 4s1960 F A Series I cons guar 414s1963 F A Series J cons guar 4 44s1964 Rs N	10014 102 1 10284 10312 1	0012 Jan'27 - 0158 10158 0258 May'27 -	3	Low High 10012 10012 995 10314 100 10312	U N J RR & Can gen 4s 1944 Utah & Nor 1st ext 4s 1933 Vandalla cons g 4s series A 1955 Consol 4s series B 1957	M B J J F A	941 ₂ 961 ₄ 971 ₂ 923 ₈ 971 ₂ 923 ₈ 971 ₂	96 ¹ 4 May'27 98 Apr'27 96 May'27		Low Htph 941s 9814 97 98 s 921g 9714
Registered	109 10914 1 10858 Sale 1 100 10014 1 10418 10612 1	102 Oct'26 - 108 109 100 May'27 - 106 May'27 -	18	1064 1104 1064 111 99 1007 ₈ 1057 ₈ 106	Vera Crus & P 1st gu 4 1/s 1934 July 1914 coupon on Assenting 1st 4/s 1934 Virginia Mid 5s series F 1931 General 5s 1936 Va & Southw'n 1st gu 5s 2003	J J M B	221 ₂ 248 ₄	24 Apr'26 24 ¹ 4 May'27 100 ⁸ 4 May'27 102 ³ 8 102 ³ 8	4	28 27% 100% 100% 102% 102%
2nd guar 6e	102 1001 ₂ 1 933 ₈ 997 ₈ 1001 ₈ 1	10012 Apr'27 - 9114 May'25 - 10014 Dec'26 -		10112 10212 10012 10012	1st cons 50-year 5s 1958 Virginian 1st 5s series A 1962 Wabash 1st gold 5s 1939 2d gold 5s 1939 Ref s f 5 1/4s series A 1975 Ref & gen 5s series B 1976	MN		10258 June'27 96 9614 105 106 10312 104 10212 10212 10418 10458	7 49 10 5	102 1025 945 98 10212 1075 103 10412 1005 1034 10314 10514
Providence Secur deb 4s1957 M N Providence Term 1st 4s1956 M S Beading Co Jersey Cent coll 4sA O	10618 108 70 72 8414	106 May'27 - 711 ₂ 718 ₄ 845 ₈ Aug'26 - 95	2	1045 107 71 75	1st lien 50-yr g term 4s1954 Det & Chi ext 1st g 5s1941 Des Moines Div 1st g 4s1939	1 1 1	99 ³ 4 Sale 99 87 ¹ 2 88 ¹ 2 103 ⁵ 8 105 ¹ 4 92 ¹ 2	9984 10084 8314 Feb'25 8784 May'27 10412 May'27 9258 June'27	176	99% 101% 85½ 88% 103½ 105 88½ 93%
Registered. Gen & ref 4 1/5 series A 1997 J J Bioh & Meck 1st g 4s 1948 M M Richm Term Ry 1st gu 5s 1952 J J Bio Grande June 1st gu 5s 1939 J D Bio Grande Sou 1st gold 4s 1940 J J	79 ¹ / ₄ 102 103 1 100 ¹ / ₂ 1	99 1001 ₈ 801 ₄ May'27 1025 ₈ Apr'27 101 May'27 71 ₈ Dec'26		96 1001 ₂ 791 ₂ 823 ₈ 102 103 1005 ₈ 1011 ₄	Om Div 1st g 3½s	M A A	861 ₂ Sale 911 ₄ 78 831 ₄ 881 ₂ 891 ₂ 871 ₈ 90 823 ₈	8612 87 9012 Feb'27 8212 8314 8814 Apr'27 87 May'27 8714 May'27	10	834 87 90 91 80 8314 8714 8814 8558 87 8714 9219
Guaranteed (Jan 1922 coup on) J Rio Grande West 1st gold 4s_1939 J Mtge & coll trust 4s A1949 A O R I Ark & Louis 1st 4 (s1934 Ms 8)	78 ₄ 92 Sale 865 ₈ Sale	0 34	5 8 22 1	901 ₂ 931 ₄ 84 875 ₈ 945 ₈ 971 ₂ 821 ₂ 853 ₄	1940 W Min W & N W 1st gu 5s. 1930 West Maryland 1st g 4s. 1952 West N Y & Pa 1st g 5s. 1937 Gen gold 4s. 1943 Income g 5s. Apr 1 1943	FAOJAO	987 ₈ 100 821 ₂ Sale 1013 ₄ 1023 ₄ 891 ₂ Sale	9914 May 27 8214 83 10214 June 27 8914 891 45 Feb 25	171	9814 9946 7614 8414 10112 10215 88 90
Rut-Canada 1st gu g 4s 1949 J J Rutiand 1st con g 45s 1941 J J St Jos & Grand 1sl 1st g 4s 1947 J J St Lawr & Adir 1st g 5s 1996 J J 2d gold 6s 1996 A O St L & Caire guar g 4s 1931 J J St L Ir Mt & S gen con g 5s 1931 A O	8812 1 10018 1 106 1 9718 9712	973 June'27 -	57	9118 9512 8634 8914 100 10018 10518 10714 9614 9712 10014 10184	Western Pac 1st ser A 5s 1946 1st gold 6s series B 1946 West Shore 1st 4s guar 2361 Registered 2361 Wheeling & Lake Erle West Shore 1st related for 1998 19	1 1 1 1	9938 Sale 10212 Sale 8834 89 88	99 991 1021 ₂ 1033 8834 89 88 881	14 3 8	99 1001a 10212 10413 861a 90 86 89
Btamped guar 5s	9834 Sale 9414 Sale	$\begin{array}{ccc} 101 & 101^{1}_{2} \\ 100^{3}_{8} & \text{Sept'26} \\ 98^{3}_{4} & 98^{3}_{4} \\ 94^{1}_{4} & 94^{1}_{2} \\ 100^{1}_{2} & 100^{1}_{2} \\ 86^{1}_{2} & 87^{1}_{2} \end{array}$	49 86 1 238	97% 99 9318 95 100 101 8418 9812	Wheeling Div 1st gold 5s. 1928 Ext'n & Impt gold 5s	M S M S M S	923 ₈ 931 ₂ 1001 ₄ 101 89 893 ₁ 781 ₄ 79		7 8 7 	9912 10014 9018 94 10012 10018 8714 9014 7214 8084
Registered J J Prior lien series B 5s1950 J Prior lien series C 6s1928 J J Prior lien 5½s series D1942 J J Cum adjust ser A 6sJuly 1955 A O	100 ¹ 4 Sale 1 101 ¹ 2 Sale 1 102 ³ 8 Sale 1 100 ³ 8 Sale 1	87 May'27 100 ¹ 4 100 ¹ 2 101 ¹ 4 101 ⁷ 8 102 ¹ 8 102 ¹ 2 100 100 ⁵ 8	48 37 45 125 133	87 87 994 102 100 10258 10112 103 99 102	Will & S F 1st gold 5s1938 Winston-Salem B B 1st 4s1960 Wis Cent 50-yr 1st gen 4s1949 Sup & Dul div & term 1st 4s'36 Wor & Con East 1st 4 1/8s1943	N N	10334 89 90 82 Sale 91 913 92	1045 Mar'2' 89 89 82 827 4 913 June'2	7 8 21	86% 90 82 864 8878 92 89 89
Income series A 6s_July 1960 Oct. 8t Louis & San Fr Ry gen 6s_1931 J J General gold 5s1931 J J 8t L Peor & N W 1st gu 5s1948 J J 8t Louis Sou 1st gu 2 4s1931 M S	10114 10214	971 ₂ 973 ₄ 105 May'27 1011 ₄ 1013 ₄ 1041 ₂ June'27 981 ₂ Apr'27	7	95 ¹ 4 99 ¹ 4 105 105 ⁷ 8 100 ¹ 2 101 ⁷ 8 104 ¹ 2 105 ¹ 2 96 ¹ 8 98 ¹ 2	INDUSTRIALS Adams Express coll tr g 4s1948 Ajax Rubber 1st 15-yr s f 8s.1936 Alaska Gold M deb 6s A1926 Conv deb 6s series B1926 Alpine-Montan Steel 7s1955	J D M S M S	$\begin{array}{cccc} 901_2 & 907_1 \\ 1061_2 & \text{Sale} \\ 31_4 & 51_2 \\ 3 & 5 \\ 94 & \text{Sale} \end{array}$	106 ¹ 2 107 ¹ 3 ¹ 2 Feb'2 3 ¹ 2 Apr'2	7	89 9212 10578 10938 3 312 318 312 9212 9713
8t Louis Sou 1st gu g 4s	8784 8878 83	8778 8834 8312 May'27 9514 9558 98 9834 9414 9414	16 52 24 2	861 ₂ 89 81 831 ₂ 941 ₈ 963 ₈ 95 993 ₄ 927 ₈ 96	Am Agric Chem 1st ref s f 7½s '41 Amer Beet Sug conv deb 6s.1933 American Chain deb s f 6s.1933 Am Cot Oil debenture 5s1933 Am Dock & Impt gu 6s1936	FASAO	1001 ₂ Sale 93 Sale 1023 ₄ Sale 971 ₄ 971 1053 ₄ 1061	100 1003 93 93 10234 1033 9714 973 10534 June'2	84 51 9 25 12 7	95 984 1051 ₂ 1054
8t Paul & Duluth 1st 5s	92 Sale 96 971 ₄ 981 ₄ 1073 ₄ 1081 ₄	10134 Apr'27 92 92 98 Jan'27 9714 971 ₂ 10814 May'27 10714 Apr'27		101 ³ 4 102 92 93 98 98 97 ¹ 4 98 ¹ 2 107 ⁷ 8 108 ³ 8 107 ¹ 4 107 ¹ 4	Am Mach & Fdy 8 68	AO	9958 100 10134 Sale 10734 Sale 10434 Sale 9938 Sale	10784 108 10484 105	78 48 18 37	10312 104 99 9984 10012 10284 10758 109 104 10584 9814 9912
6s reduced to gold 4 1/2s 1933 J J Mont ext 1st gold 4s 1937 J D Registered J D Pacific ext guar 4s (sterling) '40 J J 8t Paul Union Depot 5s 1972 J J	10018 Sale 9612 97 9112 91	1001 ₈ 1001 ₈ 963 ₄ June'27 951 ₂ Jan'27 921 ₂ May'27 1071 ₈ 1071 ₈	8	9984 10059	Convertible 4s	8 M 8 B J D D D J J S M N	9534 96 9918 997 10418 Sale 10212 Sale 10612 Sale	95 96 99 ¹ 4 99 ¹ 104 105 102 ¹ 2 103 106 ¹ 4 107	2 6 78 12 144 18 95	9314 97 9818 10019 10284 10484 101 10358 10584 10784 10318 10618
B A & Ar Pass 1st gu g 4s 1943 J J Banta Fe Pres & Phen 5s 1942 M S Bav Fla & West 1st g 6s 1934 A O 1st gold 5s 1934 A O Beloto V & N E 1st gu g 4s 1989 M N	10858	905 ₈ 911 ₄ 1031 ₄ June'27 1091 ₂ May'27 104 May'27 94 94	34	888 9258 10218 10314 1088 10912 10234 104 91 95	Am Type Found deb 6s194 Am Wat Wks & El col tr 5s. 193 Deb g 6s ser A197 Am Writ Pap 1st g 6s194 Anaconda Cop Min 1st 6s195 15-year conv deb 7s193	A O 5 M N 7 J J 8 F A	1051 ₂ 1053 991 ₂ Sale 103 Sale 87 Sale 104 Sale 1081 ₂ Sale	991 ₈ 994 1023 ₈ 103 853 ₄ 88 1033 ₄ 104	$\begin{bmatrix} 3_4 & 20 \\ 4_4 & 41 \\ 452 \\ 1_4 & 115 \end{bmatrix}$	98 10114 1004 10319 83 88 10358 10478 10618 10919
Seaboard Air Line g 4s 1950 A O Gold 4s stamped 1950 A O Adjustment 5s Oct 1949 F A Refunding 4s 1959 A O lat & cons 6s series A 1945 M S	827 ₈ 807 ₈ Sale 845 ₈ Sale 703 ₄ Sale 953 ₄ Sale	821g 821g 807g 811g 835g 847g 701g 711g 951g 957g 931g 931g	25 179 63 162	81 ¹ s 84 80 ⁷ s 87 ⁷ s 83 ¹ s 88 ¹ z 70 ¹ z 76 ³ 4 94 ³ 4 99 ³ s 91 ¹ 4 94	Andes Cop Min conv deb 7s.194; Anglo-Chilean 7s without war. '4 Antilia (Comp (Asuc) 7 1/8s.193; Ark & Mem Bridge & Ter 5s.196; Armour & Co 1st real est 4 1/5s '3;	3 J J 5 J J 4 M 8 9 J D	104 ¹ 4 Sale 95 Sale 99 Sale 101 ¹ 4 90 Sale 88 ⁷ 8 Sale	94 95 98 ¹ 8 99 101 ¹ 4 101 89 ¹ 2 90	244 1 ₂ 29 3 ₈ 2 7 ₈ 143	10312 10878 8612 9512 9312 9912 10014 10214 8812 9318 8758 9544
Atl & Birm 30-yr 1st g 4s.41933 M S Seaboard All Fla 1st gu 6s A.1935 F A Series B	921 ₂ 951 ₂ Sale 951 ₂ Sale 1001 ₂ 1003 ₄ 101 1011 ₂	958 9584 9512 9584 100 Apr'27	55 10 12	94 9858 94 9612 100 10058 10084 10158 10378 105	Armour & Co of Del 5½s194 Associated Oll 6½ gold notes 193 Atlanta Gas L 1st 5s194 Atlantic Fruit 7s ctfs dep193 Stamped ctfs of deposit Atl Gulf & W I SS L col tr 5s.195	5 M S 7 J D 4 J D	102 ³ 4 Sale 103 15 ⁵ 8 21 ¹ 8 73 ⁵ 8 Sale	102 ¹ 2 102 102 ⁵ 8 May'2 15 ⁵ 8 June'2 18 Jan'2 73 74	84 6 27 27 27 43	100 ³ 4 104 102 103 ⁵ 8 15 ⁵ 8 15 ⁵ 8 18 18 70 ¹ 2 76 ⁷ 8
6 & N Ala cons gu g 5s	911 ₂ Sale 87 89 991 ₈ Sale	1117 ₈ May'27 901 ₈ 913 ₄ 88 May'27 991 ₈ 993 ₈ 1021 ₈ 1021 ₂ 1007 ₈ 101	122	110 ¹ 4 112 ¹ 4 88 ¹ 4 93 86 88 98 ⁸ 8 99 ¹ 2 100 ¹ 4 103	Atlantic Refg deb 5s	0 M N 7 J J 0 J D 0 J D	1007 ₈ Sale 107 ⁸ 4 1071 ₂ 99 ³ 4 Sale 901 ₂ Sale 951 ₄ Sale	1073 ₄ 107 1071 ₂ 107 983 ₄ 100 901 ₄ 91	34 3 12 5 18 212 89	106 108 1061 ₂ 1081 ₄ 961 ₄ 1063 ₄ 893 ₈ 941 ₂
Registered	88 8934	9118 9112 90 90 107 May'27 9512 Mar'27 9458 9512	4	9018 9414 87 93 10412 107 9514 951 938 977	Belding-Hemingway 6s	8 J J 0 A O 6 A O 2 M N 6 J J	104 ¹ ₂ Sale 105 ¹ ₈ Sale 95 ⁸ ₄ Sale 100 100 ¹ 100 ¹ ₄ Sale	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 42 12 50 14 48 14 38	102% 106% 102% 105% 95 97% 100 102% 98% 101
Registered J J S Southern—1st cons g 5s 1994 J J Registered J J J Devel & gen 4s series A 1956 A O Develop & gen 6s 1956 A O	105 107 ¹ 2 86 ¹ 2 Sale 115 ⁵ 8 Sale	9618 May'27 10718 10814 106 106 8612 8814 11514 11578 12118 12212	122 29	10358 106	Cons 30 year 5 1/2 s series B_195 Bing & Bing deb 6 1/2 s195 Booth Fisheries deb s f 6s192	3 F A 0 M E 8 A O	103 Sale 100 ³ 4 Sale 94 Sale 102 ¹ 4 81 ⁵ 8 Sale 104 ⁷ 8 Sale	94 94 10118 Feb': 8158 82	18 14 27	974 102 92 944 1014 1014 80 92
Devel & gen 6 1/2		107% Mar'27 91% June'27 94 Apr'27 93 93 ¹ 4 85% 85%	54	10614 108 8984 928 94 94 92 935 8412 891	B'way & 7th Av 1st c g 5s194 Ctfs of dep stmpd Dec. '26 in Brooklyn City RR 5s194 Bklyn Edison inc gen 5s A194 General 6s series B193	3 J 6	741 ₂ Sale 731 ₄ 74 931 ₂ Sale 1051 ₄ Sale 1033 ₄	73 74 May' 9312 94 10312 104 105	112 27 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	7288 76 9278 95 10318 10544 7 1024 105
Bunbury & Lewiston 1st 4s. 1936 J J Buperior Short Line 1st 5s. \$4930 M S Term Assn of St L 1st g 4 \(\) \$1 s 1934 A Gen refund \$ f g 4s. 1953 J J	99 ¹ ₈ 99 ¹ ₄ 99 ¹ ₂ 104 88 ¹ ₄ Sale	931 ₂ May'27 1001 ₂ Sept'26 991 ₄ June'27 1033 ₄ 1033 ₄ 881 ₄ 881 ₄		9212 931 9858 100 10258 1038 8778 90	Bklyn Qu Co & Sub con gtd 5s '4 1st 5s194 Brooklyn R Tr 1st conv g 4s_200	1 M N	7518 80 88	12 62 June' 12 7818 May' 8812 Aug' 13612 Nov' 12812 Nov'	27 26 25 25	62 66 781s 791s
Texarkana & Ft 8 let 5 1/28 A 1950 F A Tex & N O con gold 5s	104 ¹ ₂ Sale 99 ⁷ ₈ 107 ¹ ₄ Sale 99 Sale 100 ⁷ ₈ Sale	104 104% 10014 May'27 10714 10714 9878 9912 10014 10078	20 9 174	103 ³ 4 106 ³ 4 100 101 ³ 4 105 ³ 8 108 ³ 4 99 100 ³ 4 100 100 ⁷ 4	Bklyn Un El 1st g 4-5s195 Stamped guar 4-5s195 Bklyn Un Gas 1st cons g 5s195 List lien & ref 6s sarles &194	50 F A	94 Sale 945 Sale 106 115 197 Sale	94 94 95 94 96 94 96 106 106 115 ¹ 4 115 190 ¹ 2 196	514 5 1: 514 9 34	2 1025 106 2 1135 11514
Tex Pac-Mo Pac Ter 5 1/4s 1964 M 2 Tol & Ohio Cent 1st gu 5s 1935 J Western Div 1st g 5s 1935 A General gold 5s 1935 A Toledo Peoria & West 4s 1917 J Tol St L & W 50-yr g 4s 1950 A	10012	101 ¹ 2 101 ¹ 2 100 ¹ 2 May'27 100 ¹ 2 100 ¹ 2 15 May'27	1	1001 ₄ 102 1001 ₈ 1011 15 15		15 M	10212 Sal	9158 June 9734 98 102 103	27 31 ₂ 25 ₈ 11 ₂ 4	90% 92 9512 9912 9914 10258
Tol W V & O gu 4 1/5 A 1931 J J 1st guar 4 1/5 series B 1933 J J 1st guar 4 8, series C 1942 M 1 Tor Ham & Buff 1st g 4s 1946 J L	99 99 95 911 ₄ Sale	99 Jan'27 9658 Dec'26 9578 May'27 9114 9114		99 99 94 957 90 911	Cal Petroleum conv deb s f 5s193 Conv deb s f 5½s	39 F A 38 M F 42 A G 43 J E 81 F A	93 Sali 971 ₂ 97 998 ₄ 100 1031 ₄ 991 ₈ 99	e 9258 93 34 9712 98 34 100 100 10314 103 34 99 May	314 28 3 13 334 4 314 26 27	97 ¹ 4 102 ¹ 4 95 ³ 4 101 102 ¹ 4 103 ⁵ 8 96 ³ 4 99
Uister & Del 1st cons g 5s1928 J I ist refunding g 4s1928 J I Union Pacific 1st RR & ld gt 4s'47 J Registered	61 62 39 ³ 4 42 96 ¹ 4 Sale 99 ⁷ 8 100	9978 9978 9984 May'27	73	9378 961	Thic City & Conn Rys 5sJan192 5 Th G L & Coke 1st gu g 5s193 Chicago Rys 1st 5s	11 M F 39 M S 27 A C 37 J	1021 ₈ 102 845 ₈ Sal	12 12314 124 138 9938 100 72 72 144 10238 103 184 8318 85	1 1 2 8 1 2 8 1 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8	1188 125 984 10313 1 63 72 102 103 744 8513
Registered June 2008 M is lien & ref & June 2008 M is Due May. & Due June. & Due June.	110 1121 ₂ 1013 ₈ 1011 ₂	94 ¹ 4 94 ⁵ 8	16	914 961 1085 113	Chile Copper Co deb 5s194 Oincin Gas & Elec 1st & ref 5s '6 51/48 ser B dueJan 1 196	56 A	J 94 Sal	e 9334 94 e 102 103		9378 9614 2 101 1021 ₂ 8 104 ² 8 1051 ₄

WONDS Week Ended June 10.	Interest	Price Friday, June 10.	Week's Range or Last Sale	Bonde	Range Since Jan. 1.	N. Y STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended June 10.	Interest	Price Priday, June 10.	Week's Range or Last Sale	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1.
Cities Serv Pow & L s f ds 1944 Clearfield Bit Coal let 4s 1940 Colo F & I Co gen s f 5s 1943 Col Indus let & coll 5s gu 1943 Col & 9th Av let gu g 5s 1993 Columbus Gas ist gold 5s 1993 Columbus Gas ist gold 5s 1937 Commercial Cable let g 4s 2397 Commercial Credit s f 6s 1935 Col tr s f 5 ½ notes 1935 Commonwealth Power 6s 1947 Computing: Tab-Rec e f 6s 1941 Conn Ry & L let & ref g 4 ½s 1951	FFM SUM NIN IN	10134 Sale 10014 10112 9558 Sale 97 98 79 8012 9512 96 9212 9318 105 Sale 106 Sale 97	85½ Mar 27 100½ 100½ 95% 96% 10 Oct'25 97 June'27 82 June'27 82 June'27 92 92 104% 106 97 97	7 26	Lose H46h 978s 104 8512 8512 96 10084 9312 9512 9688 9714 77 82 9012 92 10448 10512 10618 97 0414 0612	Kings County Lighting 5s 1954 First & ref 6 1/5s 1954 Kinney (GR) & Co 7 1/5 % notes 36 Kresse Found'n coll tr 6s 1936 Lac Gas L. of St. Lrefdext 5s 1936 Coll & ref 5 1/5s series C 1963 Lehigh C & Nav s f 4 1/5s A 1954 Lehigh Valley Coal ist g 5s 1933 1st 40-yr gu int red to 4 % 1931 1st & ref s f 5s 1944	J J D D S O A J J J A A	1041 ₂ Sale 118	118 118 10484 105 10312 10384 10184 10184 10114 10112 10412 105 9912 June'27	4 2 5 16 1 17 19 	Low H49h 40112 10414 11214 118 1007a 10512 102 104 994 102 10012 10214 10334 106 9712 9972 101 102 9558 97 101 104 9972 10112 9084 10112
Blamped guar 4 1/58	A JUFFUMLAMEL	9714 Sale 9934 Sale 9934 100 8112 Sale 10618 Sale 75 7518 10112	102 May'27 10234 10314 9712 98 100 100 102 102 102 10212 10088 10114	8 6 16 82 1 22 22 22 1 7 30 23	944, 981-8 98-8 101-8 99 101 76 83-8 105-2 106-2 75 81-9 101-4 102-4 102 103-4 97 98-8 99-1 10-1 101-8 103-9 99-8 101-4	1st & ref 5s 1954 1st & ref 5s 1964 1st & ref s 5s 1974 1st & ref s f 5s 1974 Lex Ave & P F 1st gu g 5s 1993 Liggett & Myers Tobacco 7s 1944 5s 1951 Liquid Carbonic Corp 6s 1941 Loew's Inc deb 6s with warr 1941 Lorillard (P) Co 7s 1944 5s 1951 Registered. Louisville Gas & Elec (Ky) 5s 52 Louisville Gas & Elec (Ky) 5s 52	FAMSAO FAA O FAA MN	997s Sale 12134 Sale 103 1031g 1061g Sale 1041g Sale 9714 Sale 11538 Sale 971g 983s 1011s 10114	$\begin{array}{c} 100^{1}_{4} & 100^{1}_{4} \\ 99^{7}_{8} & 101 \\ 37 & \text{May}^{2}7 \\ 121^{1}_{2} & 122 \\ 103^{1}_{2} & 103^{7}_{8} \\ 101 & \text{Feb}^{2}7 \\ 106 & 107 \\ 104 & 104^{3}_{4} \\ 97^{1}_{8} & 98^{1}_{1} \\ 115^{1}_{4} & 115^{7}_{8} \\ 97^{1}_{2} & 98^{1}_{2} \\ 197^{1}_{2} & Apr^{2}7 \\ 101^{1}_{8} & 107^{7}_{8} \end{array}$	1 2 6 27 47 91 60 14 14	99% 1011s 99% 1011s 99% 101 37 37 120 1231s 1024 1064 1014 1014 104 112 101 108% 96 99 115 120 96% 1001s 96% 102
Cuba Cane Sugar conv 7s1930 Conv deben stamped 8%1930 Duban Am Sugar 1st coll 8s1931 Cuban Dom Sug 1st 7\(\frac{1}{2}\)ss1944 Cumb T & T 1st & gen 5s1940 Davison Chemical deb 6\(\frac{1}{2}\)ss1931 Oen Cas & E L 1st & ref s f g 5s*51 Stamped as to Pa tax Dery Corp (D G) 1st s f 7s1942 Detroit Edison 1st coll tr 5s1933 1st & ref 5s series AJuly 1940 Gen & ref 5s series A1949	M S J O J N N S J S O	96 ¹ 2 97 100 Sale 108 ¹ 4 Sale 100 ¹ 8 100 ¹ 4 101 ³ 4 102 94 ¹ 2 Sa e 97 ⁵ 8 Sale 99 ¹ 2 100 ¹ 4 70 Sale 101 ⁵ 8 102 102 ⁷ 8 Sale 103 ⁸ 8 103 ¹ 2	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	17 110 7 16 11 19 3 4 5 15 9 27	95 99% 98¼ 102 107'z 108¾ 99 101 1001z 102¼ 93% 961z 90 99 98 1011z 68 81 1012s 103% 102'z 103%	Louisville Ry 1st cons 5s	F J D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	95% 96 92 9212 9712 Sale 104% Sale 7212 Sale 58% 6112 9612 98 105% Sa'e 99% Sale 108% Sale 108% Sale	9718 9713 10234 10436 70 7214 59 59 97 97 10512 10513 9912 100 1 814 10814 10114 10134	6 18 18 69 5 1 1 4 78 17 11	94 99 8976 951g 9778 9778 10284 108 674 7376 59 63 984 98 105 1051g 9614 1001g 1051g 1051g 1051g 10614 1001
1st & ref 6s series BJuly 1940 Gen & ref 5s ser B1955 Det United ist cons g 454s_1932 Dodge Bros deb 6s1940 Doid (Jacob) Pack ist 6s1942 Dominion Iron & Steel 5s_1949 Certificates of deposit	M B D J M N M M S J M N J J J M S	108 Sale 1035 ₈ Sale 931 ₄ 941 ₄ 90 Sale 83 845 ₈ 675 ₈ Sale 671 ₈ Sale 95 951 ₄ 1035 ₄ Sale 1047 ₈ 1051 ₈ 10 17 ₈ 106 107 Sale 961 ₄ 963 ₄	1047 ₈ 1047 ₈ 107 1071 ₂		107'p 108'z 101's 103's 92'z 95'z 89 96 84'z 89's 48 68'z 49'4 67'z 95 98 103's 105'z 105'z 106'z 105'z 108'z 105'z 108' 94's 96'4	Metropolitan Power 1st 6s A1953 Metr Wes' Side Ei (Chic) 4s. 1938 Ming Mill Mach 7s with war. 1956 Mid-Cont Petrol 1st 6 ½s 1940 Midvale Steel & O conv s f 5s 1936 Milw Elec Ry≪ ref&ext 4 ½s' 31 General & ref 5s 8	F D B B J D D J J D D J J A	$\begin{array}{cccc} 106^14 & 107 \\ 78^12 & 79^{78} \\ 99 & Sale \\ 104 & Sale \\ 99 & Sale \\ 100^34 & Sale \\ 100^14 & Sale \\ 102^{1}2 & Sale \\ 99^{1}2 & Sale \\ 98^{5}8 & 99 \\ 9 & 96^{1}4 \end{array}$	105 May 27 104 1041, 9834 991, 9838 99 10034 1003, 100 1003, 10214 1027, 99 1003, 9858 987, 9818 June 27	3 1 3 84 14 5 33 42 99 3	105¼ 10.7g 76 80 103¼ 105 103½ 106¼ 97¼ 997g 98¼ 997g 98¼ 1017g 98 101 % 101½ 103 % 100¼ 1017g 95-9 99% 96% 100¾
Ede Elet III lat cons g 5s	M S M S M S M S M S M S M S M S M S M S	99 Sale	9654 97 9538 97 104 104 101 101 89 89 9912 10258		1067a 1045a 967a 9912 98 100 95 9934 1051a 11012 98 11034 9934 101 95 97 103 10414 97 101 89 91 9912 10812	Morris & Co let s f 4½s	MINE WALLY	60 Sale 102 Sale 103 Sale 102 104 100 104	10178 May 2: 102 May 2: 5958 603 101 102 10212 103 10212 May 2: 9978 997 10434 105	12 10 9 15 33 7 8	83 8944 9×12 9534 9812 10112 102 102 1014 102 5918 6212 184 102 100 10314 1013 104 994 10018 10334 1054
Without stock purch warrants. Fish Rubber 1st ef 8s	M S N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	117 Sale 88 89 ¹ 2 103 ¹ 4 Sale 107 ³ 8 Sale 99 Sale 102 ⁵ 8	8918 8918 10314 104 10738 10738 99 9989 10258 10258 10712 108 9212 June 27 103 10414 12534 12	1 11 20 35 8	115 11718 8712 9014 9812 10584 106 10912	Newark Consol Gas cons 5s. 1948 New England Tel & Tel 5s A 1952 1st g 4 ½s series B	MADE AOD AND	104 ¹ 4 104 ¹ 2 98 ¹ 4 ale 95 ¹ 2 Sale 95 ¹ 2 Sale 102 ³ 4 Sa ¹ e 86 ¹ 2 87 ¹ 2 115 ¹ 2 Sale 104 Sale 1 7 ⁵ 8 108 94 Sa ¹ e 103 104 ¹ 2 1017 ₈	104 104 97 ³ 4 981 95 ¹ 2 95 ³ 95 ³ 8 95 ⁷ 101 ¹ 4 102 ³ 2 86 ¹ 2 86 ¹ 115 ¹ 2 116 ¹ 103 ⁷ 8 104 ¹ 108 June'2 93 ¹ 2 94 2 101 July'2 101 ⁷ 8 May'2	12 150 7 8 8 35 4 22 2 8 62 4 47 7 	1025 1031 103 1047 9532 9814 93'8 98 93'8 97 10012 10224 844 87 11618 1164 10258 10412 106 108 9214 94 10112 10178 10012 10112
Gen[Mot Accept deb 6s. 1937 Geni Petrol 1st s f 5s. 1940 Gen Refr 1st s f g 6s ser A. 1952 Good Hope Steel & I see 7s. 1945 Goodyear Tire & Rub 1st 8s. 1941 10-year s f deb g 8s Max 1931 1st M coll tr 5s. 1975 Gotham Slik Hostery deb 6s 1938 Gould Coupler 1st s f 6s. 1940 Granby Cons M & P con 6s A 28 Stamped . 1928 Couv deb 7s. 1930 Registered . 1930	F A O J J N A N N F A N N M N N	1005 Sale 1033 10478 10114 Sale 10718 Sale 1205 Sale 1103 Sale 97 Sale 9912 Sale 82 S3 101 1015	$ \begin{vmatrix} 101 & 102 \\ 107 & 107^{14} \\ 120^{5}8 & 121 \\ 110^{14} & 110^{12} \\ 97 & 97^{18} \\ 99^{12} & 993 \\ 82 & 83 \end{vmatrix} $	40 1 21 30 109 173 218 20 3	10012 1002 10112 105 9912 103 1057s 108 1215s 1221s 1101s 111 97 971s 9834 1001s 82 87 101 102 101 102 127 175 143 143	N Y Rys 1st R E & ref 4s, 981942 Certificates of deposit	ADP ADP BA	101 103 56 63 57 2212 Sale 84 Sale 10438 105 5618 Sale 7334 Sale 107 Sale 9934 Sale 110 Sale 108 Sale	6712 Dec 2 62 Mar'2 7 Dec'2 8 512 Mar'2 2212 23 82 84 105 105 5618 561 7318 733 10534 107 9914 993	7 7 7 7 1 2 9 4 2 21 4 31 2 42	62 63 512 512 2212 8078 81 8514 102 105 5384 514 71 82 10514 107 989 10012 110 1118 1077, 109
Gt Cone El Power(Japan)78 1944 18t & gen s f 6½s 1956 Great Fails Power 1st s f 5s 1940 Backensack Water 1st 4s 1952 Bartford St Ry 1st 4s 1930 Havana Elec consol g 5s 1952 Deb 5½s series of 1926 1951 Bershey Choe 1st & coll 5½s 1940 Hoe (R) & Co 1st 6½s ser A 1933 Rolland-Amer Line 6s (ftat) 1947 Hudson Coal 1st s f 5s A 1962 Hudson Co Gas 1st g 5s 1944 Bumble Oil & Refning 5½s 1953	M N S F A O N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	88 881; 95 Sale 8812 883; 10258 Sale 10012 Sale 9812 985; 9858 Sale	96 963, 924, 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	42 19 2 1 33 58 15 9 46	9458 9913 92 9444 10284 10612 8613 8858 9312 95 9512 98 8858 9058 10184 1034 98 10112 9812 9884 102 103 101 1012 9810 1012	NY Trap Rock 1st 6s	6 J D 2 J J 2 A O 5 A O 6 M S 7 M S 7 M S 1 A O 4 J J 6 A O 7 F A	9814 Sale 10112 Sale 10478 106 10278 Sale 9214 923 9738 Sale 97 Sale 10114 Sale 10512 Sale 974 995 11578 Sale 11434 Sale	98 98 10142 1621 10428 105 10238 103 4 9212 93 971 97 10078 101 10518 10518 8 10012 Apr'2 11442 114	2 10 2 1 2 22 8 11 4 179 4 39 2 4 7	9712 984 10014 10314 10311 106 10014 10234 90 9514 9714 9814 95-2 984 100 1014 1042 106 98 1001 114 110 1134 11512 10512 1074
Deb gold 5s when issued. 1937 Illinois Steet deb 4 kgs. 1956 Illinois Steet deb 4 kgs. 1940 Illinois Steet deb 4 kgs. 1940 Illinois Steet deb 4 kgs. 1940 Illinois Steet lat 5s. 1935 Indiana Steet lat 5s. 1935 Indiana Steet deb 5 kgs. 1947 Inspiration Con Copper 6 kgs 1931 Interboro Metrop coil 4 kgs. 1956 Guaranty Tr Co ctfs dep Interboro Rap Tran lat 5s. 1966	A OONNI M N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	97/ ₈ Sale 104/ ₈ Sale 98/ ₂ Sale 101/ ₄ Sale 101/ ₄ Sale 101/ ₄ Sale 100 103 Sale 1003/ ₄ 1007/ ₆ 18 77/ ₄ Sale	10012 May 27 10234 103 101 101 11 Apr 27 13 Nov 26 7718 781	123 25 25 25 21 41 43 15	97 10014 10284 10484 9634 9178 100 103 98 98 103 10514 10012 10012 10118 10414 10014 10128	Old Ben Coal 1st 6s	4 F A 3 F A 5 M N 8 2 J J J D F A 7 J J J D F A 9 N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	9.2½ 95 10.2¼ 10.2% 10.1% 10.2% 95½ Sale 10.0% Sale 10.1 Sale 10.2 Sale 10.3 10.3½ 10.5¼ Sale 10.5¼ Sale 9.4 Sa'e 9.9¼ Sale	93 93 4 10284 10.2 2 1018 1019 95 95 1008 1011 1002 102 4 1028 103 103 103 1058 105 938 94 9912 100	2 6 2 2 8 4 74 62 5 4 92 4 20 8 6 15 6 15 40	90 931 ₂ 101 103 1004 ₄ 10+4 ₄ 931 ₂ 961 ₂ 994 ₄ 1017 ₄ 1011 ₄ 1027 ₂ 1011 ₂ 1031 ₄ 1027 ₈ 1061 ₉ 1041 ₂ 1051 ₂ 92 1001 ₈ 98 101
Stamped	M N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	9634 Sale 8212 834 8212 831 100 Sale 9712 Sale 9712 Sale 10134 Sale 116 Sale 116 Sale 1044 1043 10538 Sale	100 1001 971 ₂ 983 975 ₈ 981 1011 ₂ 102 1155 ₈ 118 1091 ₂ 110 8 1041 ₈ 1043 105	198 8 1 139 70 136 73 982 82 82 845	104 ¹ 4 111 ¹ 4 103 105 ¹ - 103 ³ 4 105 ³ 4	15-year conv deb 5½s 193 Phila & Reading C & I ref 5s. 194 Pierce Arrow Mot Car deb 8s194 Pierce Oli deb sf 8s. Dec 15 193 Pilisbury Fl Mills 20-yr 6s. 194 Pleasant Vai Coai 1st g sf 5s. 192	5 M S A O S	105 105 99 100	- 103 June ² 99 ¹ 2 100 113 ³ 8 113 102 ¹ 8 102 ² 199 ¹ 4 Apr ² 103 ¹ 2 104 102 ¹ 8 103 100 ³ 8 101 ² 99 ¹ 4 100 4 102 ¹ 2 102 4 105 15 100 May ²	32 11 58 28 7 29 18 19 42 52 12 22 12 18	9912 10218 9112 10714 9912 10378 10214 10518 9912 100
Rayser (Julius) & Co let s f 7s' 4: Conv deb 5½s 1944 Reits (B F) Corp let 6s 1944 Reits (B F) Corp let 6s 1948 Reilly-Springf Tire 8% notes 1931 a. ton Telep Co let 5s 193; chase money 6s 193; chase money 6s 1944 st mped guar 4s 1944	MAN	10758 Sale 9614 Sale 9834 Sale 10514 Sale 9514 951 104 12634 Sale 8214 84	1075 1073 96	1 17 8 69 8 12 8 13 7 4 2 3	106% 10° 96 97% 98 99% 99 106% 93 96 103½ 103 124% 126% 82 80	Pocah Con Collieries 1st s f 5s195 Port Arthur Can & Dh 6s A. 195 1st M 6s series B	7 J A F A S	9212 94 10434 1051 10434 101 Sale 10034 Sale 9612 Sale 9618 961	92 8 92 104 34 104 104 34 June 2 101 101 100 34 100 96 12 97 12 95 8 96 14 100 4 100	12 17 34 5 7 6 34 1 9 18 46	911s 921s 103 % 1054s 1044s 105 1001s 102 100 101 941s 97 914s 961s 1001s 102

New York Bond Record - Concluded - Page 6

BONDS R. Y STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended June 10.	Interest	Price Friday, June 10.	Week's Range or Last Sale	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1.
Pressed Steel Car conv g 5s1933 Prod & Ref s f 8s (with war'ts) '31	3 3	9712 Sale	Low H(q) 941 ₂ 95	Ne 16	Low High 9412 9738 11118 11312
Without warrants attached Pub Serv Corp of N J sec 6s. 1944	J D F A	111 1111 ₂ 1063 ₈ Sale 1025 ₈ 1023 ₄	1131 ₂ June'27 1111 ₄ June'27 105 1067 ₈	63	110 1111 ₂ 1034 106
Sec g 5½s	A O	1025 1024 1054 Sale 1024 Sale	102 ¹ 4 103 105 ¹ 2 105 ⁵ 8 105 105 ¹ 2	35 7 26	102 ¹ 8 103 104 ² 4 106 104 106 ² 4
let & ref 5½s	1 1	108 Sale 160	107 ¹ 4 108 109 May'27	22	107 1111 ₂ 1021 ₂ 1901 ₈
Repub I & 8 10-30-yr 5s s f _ 1940	M N A O	102 Sale 9714 Sale 1001 ₂ Sale	$\begin{array}{ccc} 102 & 102 \\ 961_2 & 971_4 \\ 1001_2 & 1011_8 \end{array}$	22 39	9518 98 10018 10312
Ref & gen 5 1/2 series A1953 Rheinelbe Union 7s with war 1946 Without stk purch war'ts.1946	1 1		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	34 46 52	985 ₈ 1021 ₄ 1133 ₄ 1263 ₄ 993 ₄ 1041 ₂
Rhine-Main-Danube 7s A1950 Rhine-Westphalia Elec Pow 7s'50 Rima Steel 1st s f 7s1955	M N	10284 Sale 10314 10312 97 9712	10238 103 10314 10312	97	102 104 ¹ 2 1014 105 934 98
Robbins & Myers 1st sf 7s1952 Rochester Gas & El 7s ser B1946 Gen mtge 51/2s series C1948	M S	5934 Sale 11118 Sale 10512 106	5934 5984 11118 11114	7	59 ¹ 2 65 111 112 ¹ 4 105 106 ¹ 4
Roch & Pitts C & I p m 5s1946 Rogers-Brown Iron gendref 7s '42	MN	90 921 ₂ 22 277 ₈	90 May'27 38 May'27		90 9212 3712 4978
8tamped	M N M N J J	241 ₄ 277 ₈ 961 ₂ Sale 973 ₄	9612 9612 9734 May'27	2	24 50 9558 9712 9784 9784
Bt Paul City Cable cons 5s1937 San Antonio Pub Serv 1st 6s.1952	1 1	79 Sale 961 ₄ 1081 ₂	79 79 9634 June'27 10712 June'27		7558 8114 9514 9634 10512 10758
Gen ref guar 6 1/8 1946 Schulco Co guar 6 1/8 1946	MN	1011 ₂ Sale 971 ₄ Sale 1013 ₈ Sale	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	38	101 104 9714 9912 9938 10112
Guar s f 6½s Series B1946 Sharon Steel Hoop 1st Ss ser A '41 Sheffield Farms 1st & ref 6½s '42	M B	101 Sale 1081 ₂ 1088 ₄ 1071 ₂ 198	10012 1013	21	98 10138 10712 10912 107 10838
Biemens & Halske s f 7s1935 B f 6 1/8 allot ctfs 5% pd1951	J J M S	103 1031 ₄ 1021 ₂ Sale	1021 ₂ 1031 ₃ 1031 ₄ 1038	34 99	10212 10312 10258 106
Silesia Elec Corp s f 6 1/2 - 1946 Silesia Elec Corp s f 6 1/2 - 1946 Silesian-Am Exp col tr 7 s - 1941	FA	981 ₂ Sale 96 Sale 98 Sale	95 9784 981		95 9814 9784 10112
Simms Petrol 6% notes1929 Sinclair Cons Oil 15-year 7s. 1937 1st i'n col tr 6s C with war. 1927		981 ₂ 991 ₄ 997 ₈ Sale 997 ₈ Sale	9978 1001	151 241	9814 105 9784 10284 9918 10214
ist lien 6 % s series B 1938 Sinclair Crude Oil 3-yr 6s A. 1928 Sinclair Pipe Line s f 5s 1942	FA	9614 Sale 100 10016 9314 Sale	9314 938	75	9214 10238 9978 10118 9112 9538
Smith (A O) Corp 1st 6 1/2 - 1933 South Porto Rico Sugar 7s - 1941 South Bell Tel & Tel 1st s 1 5s1941	JD	10134 10858 110 10314 1031	1017 ₈ 102 108 1084	27	1015 1024 107 1094 1021 1044
Southern Colo Power 6s A 1947 S'west Bell Tel 1st & ref 5s 1956 Spring Val Water 1st g 5s 1943	J J	104 1043 10414 Sale 9934 Sale	1037 ₈ 104 1041 ₄ 1041 998 ₄ 998	83	10018 10412 1024 10412 9812 10038
1st & ref 5 1/2	MN	1011 ₂ 1031 ₄ Sale	. 102 102 10314 1031	1 9	100 102 ¹ 4 101 ⁷ 8 103 ² 4
Stand Oil of N J deb 5s.Dec 15 '46 Stand Oil of N Y deb 4 1/2 - 195 Stevens Hotel 1st 6s ser A - 194	1 5	102 Sale 94 Sale 1011 ₄ Sale	102 1021 94 941 101 1011	2 238	94 96 99 102
Bugar Estates (Oriente) 7s194: Buperior Oil 1st s f 7s192: Byracuse Lighting 1st g 5s195:	I D	9934 Sale 10184 105 10418	99% 1008 103 103 10418 1041	8 2	98 ¹ 2 100 ¹ 2 99 ³ 4 103 102 ⁸ 4 104 ¹ 8
Tenn Coal Iron & RR gen 5s. 195 Tenn Copp & Chem deb 6s. 194 Tennessee Elec Powlst 6s. 194	I A O	104 1041 9958 Sale 10684 Sale	2 105 May'2' 995 ₈ 100 1057 ₈ 106 ³	1-10	103 10558 9814 10114 10518 10712
Third Ave 1st ref 4s	AO	691 ₄ 697 583 ₈ 59		4 52 45	63 71 561 ₂ 621 ₂
Tobo Elec Pow 1st 7s195. 6% gold notesJuly 15 192: Tokyo Elec Light 6% notes_192:	M A	961 ₂ Sale 977 ₈ Sale	961 ₂ 97 961 ₈ 981	8 40	945 ₈ 993 ₄ 96 991 ₄ 971 ₄ 100
Toledo Edison 1st 7s194 Toledo Tr L & P 51/2 notes 193	DJ	10812 Sale	108 1081 997 ₈ 1001	2 20 2 63	107% 108% 1001 ₂
Trenton G & El 1st g 5s194 Trumbull Steel 1st e f 6s194 Twenty-third St Ry ref 5s196	2 3 3	04	991 ₂ 1001 641 ₂ 641	2 30	102% 102% 9712 10114 6412 6712
Tyrol Hydro-Elec Pow 7 1/28-195 Ujigawa El Pow 8 f 78194 Undergr'd of London 4 1/28193	5 M 8	98% Sale	9784 981 4 9584 Mar'2	2 24	951 ₂ 100 953 ₄ 96
Income 6s	2 M S 3 M N	9718 991 102 1021 10214 103	4 102 102 1017 ₈ 102	4 7	10114 10212
Union Edgy RV (Chic) on	DIA U	1 2012 DME	85 ¹ 4 103 ¹ 4 103 ¹ 4 85 ¹ 4 101 ¹ 2 June'2	in 5	1014 105 81 8558
Union Oil 1st lien s f 5s193 30-yr 6s series AMay 194 1st lien s f 5s series C Feb. 193 United Drug 20-yr 6s. Oct 15 194	2 F A	1071 ₂ 108 978 ₄ Sale 1071 ₄ Sale	108 June'2 9734 98	2 10	978 ₄ 997 ₈
United Fuel Gas ist s f 6s193 United Rys St L lst g 4s193 United 88 Co 15-yr 6s193		111447g 25516	1047 ₈ 105 8 80 80	12	1021 ₂ 105 76 81
			4 9678 97	8 5	1021 ₂ 1051 ₄ 967 ₈ 973 ₈
Without stock pur warrants Series C with warrants Without stock pur warrants United Steel Wis (Germany)78'5 United Stores Realty 20-yr 68'4 U 8 Rubber 1st & ref 5s ser A 194	I A C	98 Sale 101 Sale	97 98 100 ¹ 4 101	19	97 9878 100 10214
United Stores Realty 20-yr 6s '4 U S Rubber 1st & ref 5s ser A 194 Registered	7 3 3	1051 ₈ Sale 901 ₂ Sale	901 ₂ 94 943 ₈ Feb'2	4 162	9012 9678
10-yr 7½% secured notes. 193 U B Steel Corp [coupon Apr 196 s f 10-60-yr 56 [regist Apr 196 Universal Pipe & Rad 6s 193 Universal Pipe & Rad 6s 193	OFA 3MN	1051 ₄ Sale 1073 ₈ Sale 1063 ₄ Sale	10718 107	8 170	10334 10684 10618 10812
		891 ₈ Sale 341 ₄ Sale 99 Sale	891 ₈ 89 94 95	52	8714 90 9358 9558
Utah Power & Lt 1st & 194 Utica Elec L & P 1st & 195 Utica Gas & Elec ref & ext & 195 Vertientes Sugar 1st ref 7s 194	0 J J 7 J J 2 J D	104 Sale	- 10278 Oct'2 10378 104	7	10218 104
Victor Fuel 1st s f 5s	3 J J	63 70 934 95	65 65 4 941 ₂ 94	12 1	5614 65 9458 9534
Va Ry Pow 1st & ref 5s 193 Walworth deb 6 1/2s(with war) '8 1st sink fund 6s series A 194	5 A 0		931 ₂ 93 941 ₂ 95	12 1	92 9612
Warner Sugar Refin 1st 7s194 Warner Sugar Corp 1st 7s193 Wash Water Power s f 5s193 Westches Ltg g 5s stmpd gtd 195		93 Sale 103	93 94 103 Apr'2	7 23	7818 9814
West Ly Cont int /s	2 20 4	1 1024 103	10318 June'2 10214 102 10214 102	12 11	10112 10284
west Penn Power ser A 58 - 194 1st 58 series E	3 M 6	105 105	10218 102 14 105 105 10112 102	18 20 14 13	100 ¹ 4 103 ¹ 2 104 ¹ 2 105 ⁵ 8
Western Electric deb 5s 194	4 A C	771 ₂ 78 1025 ₈ Sale	7712 78 10214 102	34 24	77 ¹ 2 80 101 ¹ 8 103
Fund & real est g 4 1/28 195 15-year 6 1/28 g 195	OM N	981 ₂ 99 1115 ₈ 112	99 99 1 ₂ 112 112	12 3	971 ₂ 100 1111 ₄ 1137 ₈
Westphalia Un El Pow 6 1/28.196	6 M	1021 ₂ Sale 957 ₈ Sale	1021 ₈ 102 943 ₄ 96	34 120 13	101 1031 ₄ 948 ₄ 991 ₂
Wheeling Steel Corp 1st 5 1/s 194 White Sew Mach 6s(with war) '3 Wickwire Spen St'l 1st 7s	8 J 6 J	99 Sale 1 120 Sale 1 44 46	99 99 117 ¹ 4 119 44 May'2	12 121	96% 100 97% 12012 40 58
Wickwire Sp St'l Co 7e Jan 193 Willys-Overland 8 f 6 1/20 193 Wilson & Co 1st 25-yr 8 f 68 194	3 M	9912 Sale	9914 102	38 8 78 66	34 52 1014 10378 9734 10278
Winchester Arms 7 1/8 194 Young'n Sheet & T 20-yr 6s 194	1 A C	106 Sale 1041 ₂ Sale	106 106	4 21	10412 10612

Quotations of Sundry Securities

Quotation	s of	Su	Indry Securities
Standard Oil Stocks Par Anglo-Amer Oil vot stock . £1		4sk	Public Utilities Per Ct. Basts
Non-voting stock£1 Atlantic Refining100	*181 ₂ 1221 ₂ 1	185 ₈	6% preferred
Borne Scrymser Co25	11612 1	17 58	Amer Light & Trac com 100 257 259 Preferred 100 115 119 Amer Pow & Light pref 100 10412 10512
Chesebrough Mfg Cons. 25	*56	58	Amer Pow & Light pref100 10412 10512 Deb 6s 2016M&S 10434 105
Cumberland Pipe Line 100	*1734 91	93	7% prior preferred100 57 72 93 96
Eureka Pipe Line Co100 Galena Signal Oll com100	56	58 834	Partic preferred100 87 88 Associated Elec 5 3/48 46 A&O 99 9912
Preferred old	35	37	Associated Gas & Elec com. 7 19 20
Humble Off & Refining25 Illinois Pipe Line100	14412 1	5884 45	Original preferred *5112 53 \$6 preferred *492 94 \$6½ preferred *98 10012
Imperial Oil † Indiana Pipe Line Co50	*431 ₄ *681 ₂	433 ₄ 70	\$6\(\) preferred
International Petroleum † National Transit Co 12.50	*303 ₄	311 ₈ 16	Com'w'lth Pr Corp pref_100 994 100 Elec Bond & Share pref_100 10812 10884
New York Transit Co100 Northern Pipe Line Co100	341 ₂ 85	36 87	Length Fower Securities 1 104 15
Ohio Oil 25 Penn Mex Fuel Co25	571 ₂ *27	58 28	Mississippi Riv Pow pref.100 10112 10212 10212
Prairie Oil & Gas new25 Prairie Pipe Line new100	*481 ₄ 1681 ₂	488 ₄	First mtge 5s 1951J&J 10112 10212 Deb 5s 1947M&N 96 97 National Pow & Light pref. † *106 107
Solar Refining100 Southern Pipe Line Co50 South Penn Oil25	180 *18 *351 ₂	19	North States Pow com 100
Southwest Pa Pipe Lines. 100 Standard Oil (California)†	*72 *5412	$\frac{361_2}{77}$ 547_8	Nor Texas Elec Co com. 100 22 26 Preferred 100 66 70 Cohlo Pub Serv. 7% pref. 100 d108 109 Pacific Gas & El 1st pref. 25 *26 263s
Ottondand Oll (Indiana) Of	*671 ₂	6758 1638	Pacific Gas & El 1st pref. 25 *26 2638
Standard Oil (Kansas) 25 Standard Oil (Kentucky) . 25 Standard Oil (Neb) 25 Standard Oil of New Jer 25		113	Second preferred † *27 31
	*371 ₂ *301 ₂	3758	Incomes June 1949 F&A 85 87
Standard Oil (Ohio)	*7512 119	77 120	6% preferred 100 87 89 7% preferred 100 *108 110
Swan & Finch 100 Union Tank Car Co 100	16 114	$\frac{20}{1147_8}$	1st & ref 51/s 1949J&D 10012 10112 South Cal Edison 8% pf_25 *37
Vacuum Oii	12658	12712	Stand G & E 7% pr pf_ 100 10914 10984
Other Oli Stecks			Total Land 1/6 president
Atlantic Lobos Oil	*75e *258	11 ₈	Western Pow Corp pref_100 10012 102
Mountain Producers10	*9214 *2478	$\frac{931_{2}}{25}$	Chic Jt Stk Ld Bk Bends 5/48 Nov 1 1951 opt 1931
National Fuel Gas100 New wi	*2478	25	58 May 1 1952 opt 1932 100 4 4 8 Nov 1 1952 opt 1932 100
Salt Creek Consol Oil10 Salt Creek Producers10	*61 ₂ 293 ₈	$\frac{63_4}{293_4}$	4 % Nov 1 1952 opt 1932 98
Railread Equipments			58 Nov 1 1963 opt 1933 100 4 1/18 Nov 1 1964 opt 1934 98
Atlantic Coast Line 68 Equipment 6 1/48	4.65		
Equipment 4 1/48 & 5a	5.00 4.60	4.50	58 1955 opt 1935M&N 10114 103 58 1954 opt 1934M&N 10118 10258
Buff Roch & Pitts equip 6s. Canadian Pacific 4 1/8 & 6s. Central RR of N J 6s	4.70		Sugar Stocks
Chesapeake & Ohio 6s	5.00 5.00	4.90	Caracas Sugar
Equipment 6 148. Equipment 58. Chicago Buri & Quincy 68.	4.70	4.60 4.45	Federal Sugar Ref com100 30 37
Chicago & North West 68	5.00 5.00	4.90	Preferred
Equipment 6 1/48 & 58 Chic R I & Pac 4 1/48 & 58 Equipment 68 Colorado & Southern 68	4.70	4.65	Holly Sugar Corp com † *36 38 Preferred 100 82 87
Colorado & Southern 6s Delaware & Hudson 6s	0.10	0.00	Mew Middero Bugar 100
Erie 4 1/38 & 58	5.00		Santa Cecilia Sug Corp pf100 1 3
Great Northern 6s	5.15	4.90	Sugar Estates Oriente pf. 100 74 77
Hocking Valley 5a	4.70	4.55	Tobacco Stocks
Equipment 6s Hilinois Central 4 1/48 & 58 Equipment 6s	4.50	4.90 4.40 4.90	American Cigar com100 114 119 Preferred100 100 British-Amer Tobac ord£1 *245s 2514
Equipment 7s & 6 1/4s Kanawha & Michigan 6s	4.70	4.60 4.90	Bearer
Kansas City Southern 5148. Louisville & Nashville 68	5.10	4.85	Int Cigar Machinery New100 *50 53
Michigan Central 58 & 68	4.65	4.60	MacAndrews & Forbes100 4112 4212 Preferred
Minn St P & S S M 4 1/8 & 58 Equipment 6 1/8 & 79	5.10	4 85	Mangel Co 100 24 27
Missouri Pacific 68 & 6 1/8 Mobile & Ohio 58	4.90	4.80 4.75 4.60 4.40	Preferred1001 108 1111
New York Central 4 1/58 & 58 Equipment 68	4.00	4.00	SERIOD SEND (Criese of Smorey m)
Norfolk & Western 4 1/5	4.65	4.60	Falls Rubber comT
Northern Pacific 7s	4.70	4.40 4.60 4.60	6% preferred100 106
Pennsylvania RR eq 5s & 6s Pittsb & Lake Erie 6 1/8	4.95	4.50	100 1021:104
Reading Co 4 1/18 & 58 St Louis & San Francisco 58	4.50	4.40	Preferred
Seaboard Air Line 51/48 & 68 Southern Pacific Co 41/48	5.15 4.50	4.90	IIMason Tire & Rubber com_T *2'2 3
Equipment 7s. Southern Ry 4 1/48 & &s Equipment 6s	4.65	4.60	Miller Rubber preferred 100 1011 1015
Toledo & Ohio Central 68	5.05	4.90	
Othon Pacific / B	4.65	4.60	Preferred
Anaconda Cop Min 68'29J&J	10178	1021 ₄ 1007 ₈	HATERD WAS INCOME OD A. ACCUI 30 1 301
Chie R I & Pac 5s 1929_J&J 5% notes 1929M&S	10014	E(M)/a	11 18t M 58 1954 ser H _ Jacto 100 11004
4½% notes 1928J&D Federal Sug Ref 6s '33.M&N Missouri Pacific 5s '27J&J Sloss-Sheff S & I 6s'29.F&A	86	1001 ₈ 90 1001 ₄ 1031 ₄	Butler Wat Co s 1 58 '27.J&J
Bloss-Sheff S & I 68'29.F&A	10012	10314	City W (Chatt) 5 16 54 A J&D 103 14 104 1st M 5s 1954 J&D 98 99 City of New Castle Water
Indus. & Miscellaneous			5e Dec 2 1941 J&D 1 93 95
American Hardware 25 Babcock & Wilcox 100 Bliss (E W) Co 1	119	82 122	Com'w'th Wat 1st 5 4sA '47 103 104
Preferred50 Borden Company com 50	*58	23	E St L & Int Wat 56 '42.J&J 96 97
Celluloid Company	40	116 43	Huntington 1st 68'54 M&S 104
Preferred 100 Childs Company pref 100 Fink (8) & Sons, Inc—	85 119	121	1 2 4 4 CO. A STEVET C-196 3 4 4 84 101
1st s f 6½s May 2'42M&N	983	9914	Monm Val Wt 51/8 '50 J&J 9912 100
Internat Silver 7% pref 100	117	120 1171 ₂	Shenango ValWat 5e 56A&O 94 9412
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales 50 Phelps Dodge Corp 100	*921; 115	93	80 Pitta Wat 1st 5s 1960 J&J 97 98 1st M 5s 1955 F&A 98 99
Royal Baking Pow com_100	210	215	Ter H WW 68 '49 A. J&D 102

HIGH A	ND LOW SALE PRI	ICES-PER SHARE, N	OT PER CENT.	Sales for	STOCKS BOSTON STOCK	Range Since Jan. 1.	PER SHARE Range for Prestons Year 1926
Saturday, June 4.	Monday, Tuesdo June 6. June		rsday, Friday, June 10.	the Week.	EXCHANGE	Lowest Highest	Lawest Highest
*200 31 31 ¹ 4 *66 70 *63 65 44 ¹ 2 44 ¹ 2 *70 71 50 ¹ 8 50 ³ 4 *102	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	105 105	2 197 2 20 2 25 2 396 1,170 - 73 2 26 - 367 56 55 4 600 4 181 4 2,062	lat preferred	81 May 10 94 Jan 9812 Apr 27 10313 June 109 Mar 30 118 May 101 Jan 20 10712 Feb 2 56 Jan 22 65 Apr 2 56 Jan 12 65 Apr 116 May 116 Jan 18 18 May 104 Feb 15 116 May 1155 Jan 15 165 Apr 10412 May 6 113 May 1196 Jan 18 205 Mar 12 5 Feb 4 3114 June 60 Mar 14 67 Jan 14 14 Jan 6 14 Jan 14 14 Jan 14 14 Jan 15 10114 Mar	15
*143 145 13514 13514 *113	*13514 140 137 1	145 *142 145 *142 137 114 *113 114 *113 *113	4 136 114	32	Norwich & Worcester pref. 100 Old Colony	122 Jan 4 137 June	7 111 Jan 125 Sept
*31s 31s 31s 1912 1675s 1681s 6014 6012 415s *54 55 55 55 575 79 55 571 72 *41 42 *955 96 *1112 1212 253 255	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 16812 16634 16818 8 6012 60 6012 4 4114 41 4114 1715 8 1712 8 1	2 216 8 1.883 4 1.813 22 4 820 10 2 50 - 15 105 - 105 - 105 - 105		1 1512 Jan 12 21 Mar 1 14912 Jan 3 172 Apr 4 8 Jan 10 85 Mar 3684 Jan 20 59 Feb 8 Jan 22 12 Apr 1 534 Apr 5 2012 Jan 7 7 Feb 17 8612 Jan 5 7 Feb 17 8612 Jan 6 7 Jan 26 84 Apr 1 12 Jan 26 84 Apr 1 12 Jan 26 34 Feb 1 312 Jan 11 74 Mar 4 5 Jan 4 74 May 3 5 Feb 15 43 May 10 June 1 484 Jan 2 17 Feb 18 267 May	18 Dec 2414 June 15014 Feb 15014
2912 3014 *2212 24 *1412 15 *19 1912 3434 35 89 *10 1012 *12 14 41 41 *94 41 *94 74 *74 74 *21151411534 *101 3 3 3 *2958 2934 *20 .27 *98	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 20 3512 3484 34' 8994 8812 88' 10 14 12 12 4 3812 37 38 4 984 8 68 68 92 9112 91 2 7312 7314 73 4 11314 *112 113 314 2994 3296 29' 8 298 29'	2 278 40 41 322 1,804 2 1,804 2 133 133 12 700 2 131 2 314 4 1,366 5 500	Mergenthaler Linotype_Ne par Miss Riv Pow stpd pref100 National Leather10 Nelson (Herman) Corp & New Eng Oil Ref Co tr otis Preferred tr ctis100 New England Pub Serv 37 pref	114 Jan 11 144June 19 Feb 2 21½ Jan 19 Feb 2 21½ Jan 19 Feb 2 21½ Jan 21½ Jan 22 95¼ Jan 10 May 27 12½ Mar 12 Jan 17 13 Mar 13 May 5 47 Jan 10 4A pr 26 95½ Feb 10 9 June 3 10½ Jan 10 Jan 10 84 Mar 25 92½ May 10 70 Jan 3 75 Jan 108 Feb 18 z115¾ June 10 95 Jan 22 101 May 10 21½ Mar 24 44 Jan 23½ Feb 14 31½ Apr 20 Feb 1 .25 May 10 13½ Jan 11 5 Mar 10 11 Jan 18 98 Apr	31 14 June 27 Oct 17 Jan 1 1 1 Dec 17 Jan 16 16 17 Jan 17 Jan 18812 Mar 11312 Feb 2 10 May 14 Sept 14 Sept 16 6 12 Aug 10 Juny 10 June 18 6 July 10 June 18 6 July 10 June 11 80 Apr 96 Jan 170 June 11 80 Apr 96 Jan 10 June 11 80 Apr 96 Jan 10 June 11 80 Apr 96 Jan 18 Apr 20 Jan 96 Jan 17 Jan 18 Jan 18 Jan 18 Jan 18 July 10 Jan 18 July 10 Jan 18 July 10 Jan 18 July 10 Jan
100 101 *.25 1 *31 ₂ 5 1301 ₄ 1311 ₂ *2923 ₄ *39 391 ₄ *30 391 ₄ *30 120 *11 ₈ 11 ₈ *117 118 120 120 71 71 6 6 6 18 18 10 10 581 ₂ 583 ₄ *29 291 ₂ *51 ₄ 6 203 ₄ 21 *501 ₂ 53 *71 *5118	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	256 644 216 216 467 577 91 314 315 3,413 188 12 833 107 8 600	New Eng South Mills_No pair Preferred	2 Apr 1 878 Feb 2 1512 Jan 4 132 June 90 Jan 5 95 Feb 40 Jan 28 4312 Jan 20 Feb 5 428 Jan 20 Feb 5 428 Jan 20 15 Mar 17 1612 Feb 20 10512 Jan 5 119 May 20 115 Jan 3 120 Feb 20 66 Jan 3 72 May 4 Mar 3 988 Jan 20 1658 Jan 4 1812 Mar 21 10 June 1 1812 Mar 22 8 Jan 3 2934 Apr 23 May 3 89 Jan 24 Apr 30 82 Feb 25 Jan 26 11 Apr 20 20 34 June 3 2712 Feb 27 34 Jan 26 17 Apr 30 61 Jan 37 May	23
20 20 831 ₂ 831 ₂ *46 48 *	*46 48 *50 51 *1678 1714 **1614 6*	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		150 25 50 920 78 2,660 350	0 Walworth Company 26 0 Warren Bros 56 1st preferred 56 2d preferred 56 Will & Baumer Candle com 40 Mining 60 Adventure Consolidated 26 0 Arcadian Consolidated 26 0 Arisona Commercial 60 Bligham Mines 16	0 1784 Jan 18 2484 Apr 0 6518 Jan 13 91 Feb 0 44 Jan 5 50 Feb 0 45 Jan 17 52 Apr 14 Jan 12 1714 Mar 5 .05 Jan 14 .20 Feb 5 .25 May 5 .89 Jan 5 512 May 19 1014 Jan 0 30 Jan 3 49 Apr	18
15 15½ *30 .5 12½ 13¼ *1½ 2 *a.25 .60 .30 .31 16¾ 17¼ *.60 15 *105 107 10 10 *1¾ 2½ *.90 1 *.75 1 *1 1 *.28 .3½ *.70 .8 *39½ 40 21¼ 2½ *.05 .1½ *16 187 *63 6 *1 11 *.99 1 *12 12 *12½ 13¼ *16 17	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50 12 1,588 30 30 30 14 3,07 1 1,32 38 93 18 12 12 12 12 12 12 13 14 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	2 Calumet & Hecia. 2 Carson Hill Gold. 0 Copper Range Co. 2 0 East Butte Copper Mining. 1 0 Franklin. 2 0 Hancock Consolidated. 2 0 Hardy Coal Co. 4 1 Helvetia. 2 1 Island Creek Coal. 2 1 Preferred. 2 1 Isle Royale Copper. 2 1 Lake Copper Co. 2 1 Lake Copper Co. 2 1 Lake Copper Co. 2 1 Mason Valley Mine. 2 1 Mayllower-Old Colony. 2 2 2 Mohawk. 2 2 3 Mohawk. 3 3 New Cornelia Copper. 2 4 Mayllower-Old Colony. 2 5 New River Company. 1 6 6 6 7 New River Company. 1 7 New River Company. 1 8 8 North Butte Mining. 1 8 8 Olibway Mining. 2 8 8 Olibway Mining. 2 8 Olibray Column Co. 2 8 Olibra	11 10 Jan 7 60 Apr 5 1178 May 20 1444 Jan 6 5 25 Apr 16 75 Jan 6 75 Jan 6 1105 Feb 16 107 Apr 5 1105 Feb 16 107 Apr 5 112 Jan 6 278 Feb 13 Mar 28 12 Jan 6 278 Feb 13 Mar 28 12 Jan 6 278 Feb 13 Mar 28 12 Jan 6 15 Apr 28 15 Apr 8 8 5 Jan 7 7 Feb 18 4112 Apr 20 34 Jan 6 17 May 14 1978 May 26 15 Apr 17 May 14 1978 May 26 15 Apr 7 5 Feb 5 58 June 3 104 Feb 5 58 June 3	29
22 221; 3 33; .35 .38; .25 .26; 5 .5; 118 13; *.85 1 *.10 .15;	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	221 ₂ 221 ₂ 221 ₂ *22 33 ₈ 33 ₈ *2 38 *.35 .38 *.3 26 *.25 .30 *.3 43 ₄ 4 ⁵ / ₆ 4	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{bmatrix} 3_8 \\ 3_8 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1,31 \\ 35 \\ 1,60 \\ 30 \\ 17 \\ 7_8 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 2,20 \\ 1_8 \end{bmatrix}$	5 Quiney 2 5 St Mary's Mineral Land 2 0 Seneca Mining 0 Shannon 1 5 Superior & Boston Copper 1 0 Utah-Apex Mining 5 Utah Metal & Tunnel 0 Victoria 2 Winona 2	5 2014 Feb 17 2544 Jan 178 Apr 1 312 Jan 0 .15 May 9 .40 Jan 0 .15 Mar 23 .40 Feb 5 41 June 7 778 Feb 1 1 Jan 3 2 Feb 5 .51 Feb 10 114 May	6 25 Dec 381s Fet 14 24 Dec 95 Jar 12 15 Dec 80 Jar 23 20 Nov 114 Mas 24 44 Oct 114 Fet 2 25 Dec 2 4 Fet 3 40 May 75 Fet

^{* 10 .15 * .10 .20 * .10 .20 * .10 .15 * .10 .15 * .10 .20} Winons 25 .03 Mar 9 .70 June 3 10 Sept 40 J

* Bid and asked prices; no sales on this day. 4 Assessment paid. 5 Ex-stock dividend. 1 New stock 5 Ex-dividend. 5 Ex-dividend and rights.

Outside Stock Exchanges

Boston Bond Record.—Transactions in bonds at Boston Stock Exchange June 4 to June. 10, both inclusive:

	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for	Range Since Jan. 1.					
Bonds-		Low.	High.	Week.	Lou	7.	Hig	h.		
Chic Jet Ry & U S Y 58 '40		10214	1021/4	\$5,000	100 1/4	Jan	102 5%	May		
East Mass Street RR—	70			** ***			**	3600		
4 1/4s series A 1948		70	70	11,000	65	Jan	70	May		
5s series B1948		76 1/2		15,600	69	Jan	7814	May		
6s series C1948		88	89 1/2	1,150	83	Apr	8914			
_ 6s series C1928		9934	9934	10,000	99%	June	99%	June		
European Invest 7 1/48_1966		9936	9934	1.000	99	Feb	100 14	Apr		
First Bohemian 7s1957		93	94	7,000	93	June	9736	Feb		
Hood Rubber 7s 1937	102 14				101	Apr	104	Jar		
Koppers Gas & Coke 5s '47		96	96 34		96	June	96 34	June		
Mass Gas 41/48 1929	99	99	9914		99	June	100 14	Jan		
4 1/28 1931					97 14		100 34	June		
51/481946					103 14	Mar	104	June		
New Eng Tel & Tel 5s. 1932		101	101	1,000	100 16	Jan	10136	Jan		
Miss River Power 5s. 1951	10156		10156		100 %	Apr	10134	Jar		
P C Pocah Co 7s deb_ 1935	108	105	108	25,000	102	Jan	110	May		
Swift & Co 58 1944	100				101		10236			
Western Tel & Tel 5s_1932			10214	6,000		Feb				
			10114	10,000	100	May	101 1/2			
Wickwire Spencer St 7s '30		21%	21%	1,000	20	May	36	Fel		

Chicago Stock Exchange.—Record of transactions at Chicago Stock Exchange June 4 to June 10, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists:

		Friday Last Sale	Week's of Pri		Sales for Week.	Rang	e Stnce	Jan. 1	1.
Stocks-	Par.	Price.	Low.		Shares.	Low		High	1.
Adams Royalty C All America Radi	o com*	23 1/2	23 7	2314	795 270	2034	Apr	32 1/4	Fel
Am Fur Mart Bld	g pf. 100	9734	97	97 14	230	93	Apr	10 % 97 %	Jun
Amer Multigraph American Pub Ser	v pref 100	100%	221/8	23 16	575 130	1914	Mar	23 /2	June
Am Pub Util Co p	ar pfd 100	8814	99¾ 88	100 ¾ 88 ¼	182	94 73	Jan Jan	104 88¼	
Prior lien	100		95	95	35	93	May	96	Jun
Class B	*	3 1/2	314	3 1/2	1,450 1,360	3%	Apr	434	Jai
Warrants		3%	36	36	410	34	Mar	1	Jai
Armour & Co (De Armour & Co pre	f 100	6814	90 681/2	9136	1,910	86 59 14	Apr	96 ¾ 86 ⅓	Fel
Common cl A v	t c 25	10	10	10	100	814	May	16	Jai
Associated Invest Auburn Auto Co		1111%	35 186	35% 111%	9,570	35 68¾	Jan	38 1/4	Fei May
Balaban & Katz	r t c 25		61	6116	125	60	Mar	63	Jai
Beaver Board v to Voting trust ce	rtifs B *	4 1/6	216	436	550 700	2 2	Apr		Jun Jun
Pref voting trus	st ctfs_100	46	41	46	220	3514	May	46	Jun
Bendix Corp class Borg & Beck com.	10	52 59¾	58 1/2	52 1/6 60 1/6	3,950 3,350	36 1/4 53	Jan	6314	Ap
Brach & Sons (E.	J) com*	24 34	2334	25	660	23%	June	35 16	Ja
Butler Brothers. Celotex Co com.	*	19¾ 82	1914	21¼ 82	4,900 15,790	17 691/4	Jan Apr	23 1/4	Fe Ja
Preferred	100	90	8934	90	180	87	Apr	9116	Ma
Cent Dairy Pa Ce Central III Pub S	erv pref. *	26 91	26 90 1/2	26¾ 91	795 85	26 88 14	May Jan	27 1/4 95 1/4	Ma
Central Ind Powe	r pref. 100	92	90 36	92 14	115	85 16	Jan	93	Ma
Certifs of depor Central Pub Serv	(Del) *	18	91	9214	143 922	85 36	Jan Jan	921/4	Jun Ma
Central S W Util	com*	6136	60	62	1,200	5614	Jan	67 16	Fe
Preferred Prior lien pref_	********	97 100	96 % 100	97 100 ¼	490 265	93 3/8	Jan Jan	971	A
Chie City & Con	Ry pt sh *	236	15%	234	5,990	9814	Jan	103 25%	Jui
Participation 1	pref*	18	16	1914	8,750	3 1/2	Jan	1914	Jui
Certifs of depo Chicago Elec Mf	g A*		23	17 34 24	400 100	17 23	June	26	Jui
Chicago Elec Ma Chic N S & M pr	In pf 100	100 1/4	99 7/8	100 34	159	99	Jan	101%	M
Chic Rap Tr pr p Chic Rys part tf	ser 1 _100		102 1/2	103	20 350	102	May	104 1/2	Ju
Part ctfs series	2 100	5	3	5	1,800	34	Feb	5	Ju
Part ctfs series Part ctfs series	4100		1/6	34	15 25	3/8 3/8	Apr		Ma
Commonwealth F	Edison_100	153%	153 1/2	154 %	1,340	138	Jan	155	Ju
Consumers Co co Preferred	om5	634	78	78	970 40	5¾ 69¾	Apr	81/8	A
Continental Mot	ors com *	1 12	1134	12	1,485	1134	Feb Mar	78¾ 13⅓	Ma
Crane Co com	25	475	47%		274	47	Apr	52	J
Crane Co com Preferred Cuneo Press A p	ref50			$\frac{118}{52}$	85 10	117	Feb Mar	121 54	M
Decker (AII) & C	conn inc.		_ 27	28	435	25	Mar	28 16	M
Diamond Match Eddy Paper Corp	p (The)*		126	127 28	150	116 20	Jan Apr	133 30	M
El Household IIt	11 Corn 16	123	1334	14 34	1,001	11	Jan	1534	M
Elec Research La Empire G&F Co	7% pf. 100	98	97	14 98	671	92 1/2	Apr Mar	15 98	M Ju
8% preferred. Evans & Co Inc	100	1053	105 14	105 3	735	100 1/2	Mar	107	M
Class B		393	3914	41	3,315		Jan Jan	41	M
Fair Co (The) co	om		32 1/4	3234	502	22 14	Mar	34 34	M
Preferred Fitz Simons & C	connel.		109	109	30		Feb	110	M
Dk & Dredge	Co com 20	27	27	27	75		Apr	29	
Foote Bros (G & Gossard Co (H	M) Co	133	1 133	13 34	1,055 1,655	12	Jan May	14 34	
Great Lakes D	& D 100		- 100	165	345	140	May	56 172	Ň
Greif Bros Coop	ge A com		_ 39	41	274	38 14	Jan	41	J
Hart Schaffner & Hibbard Spencer	Bartlett		110%	1163	100	110	Jan	116 1/2	i Ji
& Co com	2	5	- 60	60	125			70	
Illinois Brick Co	0 2	5 52	51 95	52 953	635		Jan	55 % 97	, N
Indep Pneum To	ool v t c	* 57	55	58	320	51	Mar	58	J
Kellogg Switchb Preferred	d com 10	0 13	12%	13 95	385		May June	191/2	i N
Ky Hydro-Elec	pref10	0 95	95 3	953	5 18	94%	Jan	973	6 1
Kentucky Util J Keystone St & W	r cum pf.5	0	- 51	51 63	180	50 1/	Apr	513	6 .
Kraft Cheese Co				50 1	1 200	41	Mar Feb		M
La Salle Ext U	niv com_l	0	6	7 93	111	5%	Mar	9	
Libby, McNeill Marvel Carbure	tor (Ind) 1	0 9	41	413	9,469 1,610	87	May May	10%	N
McCord Radiat	or Mfg A	* 39	39	39	100	37	Apr	40	,
McQuay-Norris Merch & Mfrs I	oart pref. 2	* 18	173	18 24	110		May		
Middle West U	tilities	112	1123	§ 113	1,730	108	Apr	117 3	5 N
Preferred Prior lien pre	ferred 10	$\begin{array}{c c} 0 & 110 \\ 0 & 120 \end{array}$	110 120 3	1103 121	1,220				á 1
Midland Steel P	rod com	* 43	1/2 40	44	782	38	Apr	473	6 1
Midland Util pr	ior lien_10		105	105	143		Jan	105	N
6% prior lien Preferred A	10	0 102	100	102	198				J
Morgan Lithog	raph com_	* 65	623	4 65	2,800	58	Jan	681/4	N
Mosser Leather Nat Elec Power	Corp com	*	15	15 4 243	4 170		Jan Feb		
National Leathe	er com1	0	23	4 33	690	23	Apr	43	6 .
National Stand	ard com	* 33		6 34	1,000		Jan	36	
North American Nor West Util p	r in pref 10	* 28	100	100	8 203		Jan Mar	30 101	
7% preferred Novadel Process	10	0	963	4 973 243	4 235		Mar Apr		1

	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week.	Range Since Jan. 1.					
Stocks (Continued) Par.	Price.	Low.	Yigh.	Shares.	Low	. 1	Yigh			
Omnibus voting trust ctfs_*	17	1536	17	7,800	1134	Mar	17	June		
Pick, Barth & Co part pf.*		2434	28	14,730	1934	Jan	28	June		
Common v t c1		1434	1434	200	123%	Jan	1436	May		
Pines Winterfront A com_5	******	42	42	143	40	May	5136	Jan		
Pub Serv of Nor Ill com.	14136		142	124	130 1/4	Jan	143	May		
6% preferred100			141	15	132	Jan	142	May		
7% preferred 100	11516	103 1/4	11536	20	102 1121/4	Jan	105%	Apr		
Q-R-S Music Co com *	36 34	36 16	37	650	32 %	Apr	39%	Apr		
Quaker Oats Co, com*	0074		183	60	180	Jan	190	Mar		
Preferred100			110	10	107	Jan		May		
Real Silk Hos Mills com 100		30	3014	110	30	June	48%	Feb		
Reo Motor Car Co10	2216	22	2234	2,000	19%	Mar	24	May		
So Colo Pr Elec A com _ 25	27	20 16	2714	810	25%	Jan	28	Mar		
So'w G & El Co 7% pf _ 100	9714		97 16	75	94 16	Jan	98	Feb		
Stewart-Warner Speedom.* Swift & Co100	6234		65	4,115	5434	Mar	68%	Apr		
Swift International15	2234	118	120 14	942	11514	May	120 %	Mar		
Thompson (J R) com25	2279	22 14 52 14	23 1/4 53 1/4	5,300 787	1814	Mar		May May		
United Biscuit class A*		4434	47	3,895	3936	Apr	47	June		
United Light & Power-		**/*	**	0,000	0079	Jan		June		
Class "A" preferred* Class "B" preferred*	97	9634	97	422	87	Jan	97	May		
Class "B" preferred *	53	53	53 14	726	50	Jan		June		
Common class A new *		14	14 36	130	1214	Mar	. 1514	Jan		
Common class B new *		1734	18	290	15	May	18	Apr		
United Pap Board pref_100		60	60	10	60	Jan	60	Jan		
U S Gypsum20 Preferred100	98	96 16		1,013	9234	Jan	109	Jan		
Vesta Pattery Company 10		122	122	20	115	Mar	122	Apr		
Vesta Battery Corp com_10 Wahl Co com*	14	27 16	29%	1 660	2714	June	37	Feb		
Ward (Montgomery) & Co	14	14	141/4	1,660	834	Jan	1514	May		
Class A	116	116	116	10	11234	Mar	11736	May		
Waukesha Motor Co com.		45	46	215	34 16	Mar	46	May		
Williams Oil O Mat com*	125		1414	3,660	11	Apr	16 %	Feb		
Wolff Mfg Corp com*	5	4 36	514	650	416	Mar	7	Jan		
Wolverine Portl Cement.10		614	714	765	5	Feb	734	June		
Wrigley (Wm Jr) Co com. *	53 1	53 14	54	1,297	51	Jan	541/4	June		
Yates Machine part pref.		1736	18%	880	16%	May	2734	Mar		
Yellow Tr&Coach Mfg B10		2736			251/8	Mar	30 1/6	Apr		
Yellow Cab Co Inc (Chic) * Bonds—	403	40	40 16	760	38	Mar	55 1/8	Jan		
Chicago City Rys 5s. 1927	88	88	88 14	\$30,000	75	Jan	88	June		
Certifs of deposits _ 1927		87	88	8,000	86	June		June		
Chie City & Con Rys 5s '27		72	7334	47,000	52 16	Jan	73%	June		
Chicago Rys 58 1927		. 84	84	1,000	7436	Jan	8614	May		
5s series A1927	70 %	6934	7014	36,000	62	Jan	71	May		
5s series B 1927	50	50	5114	70,000	35	Jan	511/4	June		
Adjust income 4s1927	30	30	30	3,000	14 16	Apr	30	June		
Purchase money 5s_1927		- 51	51%	16,000	29	Jan	51%	June		
Commonw Edison 5s_1943		104 %	104 %			Jan	105%	Apr		
1st M 6s1943	1117	8 11178	1117/	1,000	102 1/8	Jan	11214	May		
Great Lakes Util Corp F L C T 51/48 g b 1942	953	95%	95%	3,000	95%	June	9586	June		
Hous G G Co s f g 6 1/28 1931		1063		25,000	96	Jan		May		
Loew's T&R 1st 16s s f 1947	100%	100	100	20,000		Mar		Mar		
Metr W Side El 1st 4s. 1938	783					Apr		Apr		
Northwestern Elev 5s_194		88%	88%	3,000				May		
Sou United Gas 1st 16%								-		
gold bonds A 1937		- 98	98	17,000		May		May		
gold bonds A 1937 Swift & Co 1st s f g 5s. 1944		102	102	2,000	101 %	Jan	102 14	May		
U P S Co 15-yr 6% C T G B "A" 1945				0 000	0.00		0.			
G B "A" 1945	973	9734	9734	25,000	9714	Apr	9714	Apr		
2-yr 6% G L 1929	999		99%	22,000				Apr		
UPLF16% A1947	993			27,000		June		May		
3-yr gold notes 5 1/4 s. 1930 Westvaco Ch Prov 5 1/4 %	993	00%	9974	27,000	00%	Apr	0074	May		
s f gold debs1937	100	100	100	5,000	9914	Apr	100	Ap		
D 1 KOIG GEDS 1994	100		400	. 0,000	. 2074		*****	14.57		

* No par value. z Ex-dividend.

Cincinnati Stock Exchange.—Record of transactions at Cincinnati Stock Exchange June 4 to June 10, both inclusive, compiled from official lists:

	1	Friday Last	Week's	Range	Sales for	Range Since Jan. 1.				
		Sale	of Pri		Week.			-		
Stocks-	Par.	Price.	Low.	High.	Shares.	Low		Hig	h.	
m Laundry Ma	ch com 25	125	12434	12634	1,941	110	Jan	134	Ma	
mer Products p	ef*	251/2	24 1/4	251/2	976	2136	Feb	2516	Ap	
mer Rolling Mi	1 com25	5514	55	56	4,846	44	Jan	56	Jun	
Preferred	100	113	1111/2		253	110%	Mar	113	Jun	
m Thermos Bot	tle pref. 50	4014	391/2	4014	313	34	Feb	401/4	Jun	
Baldwin com	100	190	189	190	108	182	Jan	198	Ap	
Buckeye Incubat	or	51 %	48	52	1,315	44	Jan	51	AD	
Burger Bros			211/2	21 % 58	500 363	12	Feb	22 58	Ma	
Preferred	50	58	58		35	501/2	Apr	262	Ma	
Central Trust	100		261 113¾	261	53	255	May Jan	114	Jun	
Champ Coated P	aper pilou				38	111114			Jun	
Champ Fibre pro	1100	901/		10714		103	Jan	10714		
Churngold Corp.		3614	38	38 26	125 1,654	3414	Jan	45	M	
Cincinnati Car C	050	25%	25¾ 96¾	97%	739	211/2	Feb Jan	26%	M	
Cincin Gas & Ele	etric100	97%	121	131	8	9614		9714		
Cin Gas Transpo	rtation 100	131	961/2	9714	44	1121/6	Jan Mar	136	Ms	
CN&CLt&Tr	ac com 100	96%	7334	73 34	10	91 70		99 78	F	
Preferred	100	7334		423			Jan Jan	45	A	
Cincinnati Street	Ry50	41 %	41		35	3814	Jan	106		
Cincinnati & Su		103	1011/2	281/2		901/4			Jui	
City Ice & Fuel.		281/6	28 34	34 34	176	22 /8	Jan	291/2		
Coca Cola series	A	34		70		2734	Apr	3434		
Cooper Corp nev	100	70	70	70	65	63	May	73	Ji	
New preferred	1100	0027		101 14	50	100	Apr	103	M	
Eagle-Picher Lea	d com20	2634	27	27%		26	May	31	M	
Early & Daniel p			104	104	5	102	Jan	105	M	
Fay & Egan pre	1100	0001	501/2		27	501/2	June	661/2		
Fifth-Third-Unio	on Tr100	3261/2		3261/2		3021/2	Apr	330	M	
First National.	100	346	345	346	66 50	338	Feb	346	Ju	
Giant Tire				47		4314	Jan	55	A	
Gibson Art com					843	39%	Mar	44	F	
Globe Wernicke	com100		8734	90	100	85	May	91 9334	A	
Preferred	100			47	5	86	Jan Feb			
Gruen Watch co	m		47			4414		561/2		
Preferred	100		11334			10914	Jan	114	Ju	
Hobart Mfg		341/	331/	341/		261/	Feb	331/2	Ju	
Jaeger Machine				102	42 58	28 100	Apr	34 ¼ 102	Ju	
Jaeger Machine Johnston Paint p	rer100		101	441			Jan	441/	J	
			44			40	Apr	2314		
Kodel Radio seri	es A	181				91/2	May	23	M	
Preferred	20	221/2		121 1		201/2	June	13314		
Kroger com	10	1201/4	009		7	941/2	June Feb	98%		
Little Miami gu	ar0		98%	29	220	2634	Apr	30	A	
Lunkenheimer		100	281	1201		98%	Jan	129	A	
Nash series A		120	120		55 65	9914		109	F	
Mead Pulp spec			101 1	1125		11014	Apr Jam	114	M	
Ohio Bell Tel pr	er100	1121/4	112	73		6	Apr	71/2		
Paragon Refinir	g comza	72	72	72	2	65	Feb	731/2	A	
Preferred	100		201	2021		177	Feb	204	M	
Procter & Gamb	ie com20	1141				112	Feb	116	M	
6% preferred Pure Oil 6% pre	100	1141/4			197	97	Feb	101	Ju	
Pure Oil 6% pre	1		100 1/4	114		112	May	11414		
8% preferred	100			15	50		241.003	111/4	-	
Putnam Candy	com	201	381/		152	38	Apr	42	F	
U S Can com		381/2	991			97 1/4	Feb	12	M	
Preferred	100		98	981	170		Jan	100	A	
U S Playing Car				64	75	63	May	781		
U S Print & Litl	10 com 100		63			991/2	Jan	1013		
Vulcan Last pre	1100		101 3	59	110		Jan		A	
Whitaker Paper	com	100	59	100	56	981				
Preferred	100	100	- nn	100	00	00 23	743 10/	100%	- AVI	

Philadelphia Stock Exchange.—Record of transactions at Philadelphia Stock Exchange, June. 4 to June 10, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists:

	Friday Last Sale	Week's	tces.	Week.	Range Since Jan. 1.			
Stocks— Par.	Price.	Low.	High.	Shares.	Lo	w.	Hi	nh.
Almar Stores		. 12 34	13	950	10	May	1734	Jan
Alliance Insurance10 American Stores*	5414	53	53 1/4	126	48	Feb	55	Apr
American Stores	67.78	64 %	68 1/4	8,722	6234	May		Jan
Bell Tel Co of Pa pref Consol Trac of N J100 Cramp Ship & Engine		5814	114 1/2	126 400	112 1/2 35 1/2	Jan Jan		May
Cramp Ship & Engine		917	416	105	314	June	5	May
Curtis Publishing pref		115	115	100	115	June		Feb
East Shore G & E 8% pf_25		26 %	27	45	26	Jan		Mar
Eisenlohr (Otto)100		13	1314	300	121/6	Feb	16	Feb
Cramp Snip & Engine Curtis Publishing pref East Shore G & E 8 % pf .25 Elseniohr (Otto) 100 Elee Storage Batt'y 100 Fairm't Pk Trans Co com * Fire Association new 10 Capperal Refractories **		69%	13¼ 69¾ 8¼ 55	960 960	63 1/2	May Mar	7914	Jan Apr
Fire Association new10	54	53 1/2	55	319	51	Mar	55	Jan
			6936	25	5734	May	70	May
Giant Portl'd Cem pid50		44	44 36	360	34	Jan	4814	Jan
Horn & Hardart (Phila) com		238	240	15	208	May	261	Jan
Horn & Hardart (NY) com Insurance Co of N A10 Keystone Watch Case* Lake Superior Corp100	50	52 ¼ 59	52 %	230 640	5014	Apr	55 61	Jan
Keystone Watch Case *	33	90	59 14 90	11	51 1/2 76	Jan	90	Apr
Lake Superior Corp 100		136	136	20	114	Jan	236	Mar
Lenigh Navigation	107	107	108	1,150	10536	Apr	11956	Jan
Lehigh Pr Sec Corp com *	18 %	18%	19%	11,275	10%	Jan	20 1/4	Apr
Lehigh Valley		127 16	134 ¾ 23 ¾	1,057	100	Jan	134 34	June
Little Schuylkill50	*****	23 1/4 42 1/4	493/8	495 30	23	May	28 42%	Jan
Mark Shoes Inc com*	16	15%	4234	2,150	1234	Jan Mar	16%	May May
Minehill & Schuyl Hav 50		54	5434	81	53	Mar	54 16	June
Northern Central50		84	84	16	8134	Mar	. 84	June
Penn Cent L & P cum pf. *		74 16	74 1/6	35	7136	Jan	75	Mar
Pennsylvania RR		631/6	65	26,375	36 24	Jan	68%	Jan
Pennsylvania Salt Mfg50 Philadelphia Co (Pitts)—		76	76 1/2	99	75%	Jan	7936	Apr
Preferred (cumul 6%) 50		52	52 14	45	49 16	Jan	5244	May
Philadelphia Co (Pitts)— Preferred (cumul 6%) _50 Phila Electric of Pa25	49%	4934	50 %	14,300	46 36	Feb	54	Jan
Power receipts20	16 1/8	15%	16 %	2,605	9	Jan	16 3%	May
Phila Insulated Wire*		63	63	110	63	Jan	66	Jan
Phila Rapid Transit 50	5434	5434	55%	830 564	52 50	Apr	55%	June
7% preferred		5534	8074	510	53	June Mar	69	June Mar
Phile & Western 501		131/6	1336	12	1134	Jan		Mar
Preferred		38	38 1/2	70	36 14	Mar	39	May
Scott Paper Co. pref 100		9835	99	107	97 %	Feb	1001	Apr
Shreve El Dorado Pipe L 25		20	2016	545	20	May	24 1/4 38	Jan
South East Pr & Lt com	70%	37 ¼ 70	37 ¼ 72	18,771	30 ½ 67 ½	Mar Mar	90%	June Feb
Stanley Co of America* Tono-Belmont Develop1	1078	136	1%	2.380	116	Feb	234	Mar
Tonopah Mining1		216	256	$\frac{2,380}{1,090}$	216	Apr	21/4	Apr
Tonopah Mining	37 1/2	x36 %	38 34	2,759	36	Jan	3916	
United Cos of N J 100	100	214	214	11 005	210	Feb	214	June
United Gas Impt50	106	105%	108¼ 14¾	11,265 120	89 1 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Feb Mar	108%	May Jan
United Lt & Pr A com* Victor Talking Mach new.		3514	36 16	335	33 %	Feb	41	Apr
7 % cumul pref		98	98	100	97	Jan	100 14	Apr
Warwick Iron & Steel 10		3/6	16	222	34	June	2	Feb
West Jersey & Sea Shore. 50		42	42%	242	40	Jan	4714	Mar
West N Y & Pa		25	25	500 40	25 51	June Mar	25	June
Westmoreland Coal new_50		56	56	40	91	Mar	0874	June
Bonds-	- 1							
Amer Gas & Elec 5s2007		98	101 1/2	\$11,200	95	Feb	101 16	June
Consol Trac N J 1st 5s 1932	86 16	86 14	87 56 14	20,000	62	Jan	89	May
Elec & Peoples tr ctfs 4s '45 Inter-State Rys coll 4s 1943	551/6	55 1/4	5114	20,000 30,700 7,000	4814	Jan Jan	69 52	May May
Keystone Telep 1st 5s. 1935	9514	9514	9536	15,000	93	Feb	9614	May
Keystone Telep 1st 5s_1935 Lehigh C & N cons 4 1/2s '54	99%	99%	99%	1,000	9814	Mar	100	Jan
Phila Co cons & coll tr 5s								
stmpd sk fd & red 1951		100%	10116	6,000	9914	Jan	10214	May
Phila Elec (Pa) 1st s f 4s '66	10412	9114	91¼ 105¾	1,000 9,400	87 16 103 16	Feb Feb	911/4	June
1st 5s1966 51/4	104 1/2	106 %	105 %	8.000	105	May	10736	May
5 ½8		106 %	106 %	2,000	105	Feb	107 3	Mar
681941		107 ¾ 104 ¼	107 1/4 104 1/4	2,000 9,000	107	Jan	108 1/4	Feb
Phila Elec Pow Co 51/48 '72		104 1/4	104%	12,000	103	Jan	105 %	Feb
5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		95 1/8	9516	1,000	95	May	95%	May
Reading gen 4 1/48 1997		9916	9916	2,000		June	9916	June
United Byg gold trott 4c '40	66	66	66	5,000	63	Jan	79	Mar

^{*} No par value. # Ex-dividend.

Baltimore Stock Exchange.—Record of transactions at Baltimore Stock Exchange June 4 to June 10, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists:

	1	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week.	Ran	ge Sine	æ Jan.	1.
Stocks-	Par.	Price.	Low.	High.	Shares.	Low.		Htg	h.
Amer Wholesale new	atk 100		104 16	104 14	10	102	Jan	105	Mar
Arundel Corp new sto		36	35%	36 34	1,340	3114	Jan	36 34	
Atlan Coast L (Conn		237	235	238 14	70	230	Jan	240	Feb
Baltimore Trust Co.		136 34	136 34		72	12936	Feb	144	Apr
Baltimore Tube			9	9	125	9	June	12	Jan
Benesch (I), preferre		2734	27 14	27 16	100	26 56	May	36 34	
Central Fire Insuran			34 36		25	26	Jan	37	Feb
Century Trust			183 14	183 14	14	170	Jan	198	Feb
Ches&Pot Tel of Balt		117	117	11736	115	115	Jan	11736	
Commerce Trust			54 14	57	50	53	May	5736	Jan
Commercial Credit		15	1434	16	995	1436	Feb	29	Feb
Preferred			21	21	180	20	Apr	2234	Jan
Preferred B	25	20	1936		228		June	23	Jan
61/2% preferred	100	75	75	78	28	74	May	82	Jan
Cons Gas, E L & Por	wer *	59	5814	5914	814	51	Jan	5934	
614% preferred		11134	11114		189	110%	May	11256	Mar
7% preferred		***/3		11434	1	11234	Mar	11534	Feb
8% preferred				128 16	62	126	Jan	129	Mar
Consolidation Coal			34	35	181	3034	Mar	3734	Jan
Continental Trust		250	247	250	69	240	Mar	250	Jan
Crook (J W) Steel		200	51	51	130	51	Mar	51	Mar
Eastern Roll Mill nev		31	29	3134		21	Mar	33	May
Fidelity & Deposit.		227	215	230	1,987	135 16	Jan	230	June
Finance Service, clas		221	17	17	15	17	Apr	1814	Jan
Preferred		914	916			936	Apr	10	Jar
Hendler Creamery pr		079	100	100	10	100	eb	10136	Feb
Houston Oil pref v t			9734		102	86	an	9914	
Lorraine Pet Co. 1c			.25	.25		.25	Jan	.50	Fet
Manufacturers Fina		27	27	30	1,372	27	June	44	Jar
1st preferred			2134		175	19	Apr	2234	Fet
			183		200	16 34	Apr	22	Jan
2d preferred	70 95	11236	109	11234	1,222	98	Jan	116	Mai
Maryland Casualty C		4116	4134			37 34	Apr	43	Jai
Merch & Miners nev	0.00	31 73	24 14			23 14	Mar	25	Fel
Monon Vall Trac pre			85	87	356	7836		87	June
Mt V-Wood M pf v t		71			6,309	5234	Jan	73	June
New Amsterd'm Cas			6434	85	5	81	Jan	85	May
Northern Central			85		5	176	Jan	19134	
Penna Water & Pow			189	189				49	
New			4834		178		June		June
Silica Gel Corp		*****	17	1736		15	Jan	19	Ma
Un Porto Rico Sug c	om*	40	40	41	195		May	24	May
United Ry & Electric			23	2314		20	Jan		June
U S Fidelity & Guar.		302	273	302	694	205	Feb	302	Jun
Wash Balt & Annap.			18	1814		814		22	May
West Md Dairy Inc c	om*		49	49	15	35	Jan	52	May
Prior preferred	50	*****	52 1/2	53	39	50	Feb	531/4	Jun

^{*} No par value.

St. Louis Stock Exchange.—Record of transactions at St. Louis Stock Exchange June 4 to June 10 both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists:

	Friday Last Sale	Week's of Pr	Range	Sales for Week.	Ran	ge Sin	ce Jan.	1.
Stocks— Par.	Price.	Low.	High.	Shares.	Lou	o.	Hto	h.
Bank Stocks-		1501/			100			
Boatmen's Bank 100	275	153 1/2	275	14 19	150 251	Mar	155	Ap
First National Bank100 Nat'l Bank of Com100	210	15116		26	150	Jan May	285 163	Ma; Ja
								-
Street Ry. Stocks— St L Pub Serv Com*	24 34	24	24 14	450	1814	Mar	26	Ma
Miscellaneous-								
Amer Credit Indemnity 25	59	5234	59	151	50	May	59	Jun
A S Aloe Co com20 Preferred100	351/4	3514	36	225	32	Feb	37	Ma
Preferred		10214	102 14	10 15	100 14	Mar	102 14	Jun
Baer, St & Cohen com* Berry Motor*		22 1/2 15	22 15 15	245	15	Apr	2214	Jun
Best Clymer Co*		26	26	130	20	June	15	Jun
Brown Shoe com100	36	3314	36	335		May Mar	41 36	Ja
Preferred100		116	118	47	31 1/2 108 1/4	Feb	118	Jun
Chicago Ry Equip pref.25	**0	22	23	15	22	June		Jun
E L Bruce pref100		97	97	5	97	June	26¼ 97⅓	Ap
Ely & Walker D G com 25	32	32 14	33	155	3114	Feb	3814	Jun
Fulton Iron Works com *	9	8	9	320	8	June	12	Ap
Fulton Iron Works com* Preferred100	4736	45	4736	70	45	June	60	Ja
E Burkart Mfg units *		30 1/6	30 14	118	30	June	3114	Ja
Hamilton-Brown Shoe25		37	37	25	36	May	40	
Hussman Refr com*		3114	3114	50	31	June	36	Ma
Huttig S & D com*		24	25	165	2316	Apr	30	Ja
Preferred100		98	98	25	98	June	10136	Ja Fe
Hydr Press Brick ntd 100	74	73	74	75	69	May	813	Ja
Hydr Press Brick, pfd_100 Independent Packing com *		24	24	65	20	May	25	Fe
nternational Shoe com*	182	182	184 14	141	158	Feb	185	Jun
Preferred100	100	110	110	45	108	Feb		Ma
Johansen Shoe	26	26	27	120	26	June	30	Ma
Laciede Gas Light pref_100			11536	25	96	Jan	140	Ma
Mo-Ills Stores com*		15%	1534	100	1434	Apr	15%	
Mo Portland Cement 25	4234	42	42%	150	4034	May	54	Ap
Nat Candy com100	110	102 16	11036	935	84	Feb	11036	Jun
1st preferred 100		112	112 14	7	110	May	113	Ma
Pedigo-Weber Shoe *	35 14	3414	3534	685	30	Apr	35%	Jun
Pedigo-Weber Shoe Polar Wave I & F "A"	35 14	33	33 16	265	32	Jan	34	Ap
Rice-Stix Dry Goods, com*	1916	1916	1936	165	1936	June	2214	Ja
1st Preferred100	110	110	110	225	105 36	Jan	110	Jun
2nd Preferred 100	100	100	100	180	99	Apr	100	Jun
Seruggs-V-B D G com25		20	20	15	20	June	2214	Fe
1st Preferred 100		80	80	10	80	June	84	Ma
2nd Preferred 100		82	82	15	80	May	82	Jun
2nd Preferred100 Scullin Steel pref*		38	38	10	38	June	39	Ma
Securities Inv com*	34	34	34	20	34	June	40	Fe
sherred Steel com	24 20	2734	2814	350	2534	Feb	2834	A
Skouras Bros "A"		40	40	550	40	June	48	Ja
Southw Bell Tel pref 100	119	11814	119	167	11434	Mar	119	Jun
Southw Bell Tel pref 100 St Louis Amusement "A" *	43	43	43	65	41	Mar	46	Ma
St Louis Car com10		1834	1814	65	16	Mar	1834	Jun
Stix-Baer & Fuller com *		27	27	25	27	June	31%	Ja
Wagner Electric com*	37	33	37 14	1,399	1834	Jan	39%	Ma
Preferred100	89	8734	89	263	68	Feb	90	Jun
Wm Waltke & Co com*		75	76	110	5136	Jan	8614	M
Mining-	101/	191/	19	140	101/	Yuma	17	
Consol Lead & Zinc Co A *	1234	1216	13	140	1274	June	17	Ja
Street Railway Bonds.		0014	0034	4 000	001/	You	001/	
East St L & Sub Co 5s 1932		90 1/4	90 3/6	4,000	8614	Jan	9214	MIS
St L & Sub Ry Gen Mort 58	8316	831/	83 14	4,000	80	Feb	9514	
C-D1923 Inited Railways 4s1934	80	8314 7934	80	45,000	8534	Mar	8514	A
48 C-D1934	79%	7936	7934	34,500	7534	Mar	80 14 79 14	Ma
Miscellaneous—								
Wagner Electric Mfg 7s ser		101%		9,000	9834	Jan	102	Jui
Houston Oil 61/81935	103 14		103 36	500	103	Jan	104	A
Scullin Steel 6s1941	100	100	100	14,500	100	June	101	A

^{*} No par value.

Pittsburgh Stock Exchange.—Record of transactions at Pittsburgh Stock Exchange June 4 to June 10, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists:

		Friday Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices.		Sales for Week.	Range Since Jan. 1.					
Stocks-	Par.		Low.		Shares.	Lou	. 1	Htg	h.		
Amer Vitrified Pro			24	24	50	22	Apr	27	Jan		
Am Wind Gl Macl	n com 100	35	35	35	10	35	May	52	Jan		
Arkansas Nat Gas			734	8	15,452		Apr	834	Feb		
Bank of Pittsbur	gh50	197	197	197	20	175	Jan	200	Feb		
Byers (A M) Co p	ref100			109 16	10	106 14		10934	June		
Carnegie Metals	Co10	13	113%		1,125	1134	Jan	1316	Jan		
Colonial Trust Co	100		258	258	60	252	May	260	Jan		
Columbia Gas & F					430	8334	Feb	9816	June		
Preferred	100		106	107	226	9916	Jan	107	May		
Conley Tank Car	pref100	105			100	103	Mar	105	Jan		
Consol Ice commo	n50		43%		250	214	Jan	41/6	June		
Devonian Oil	10				585		May	15	Jan		
Duquesne Lt 7%	pref 100		116	116	20	115	Mar	116%	May		
First Nat Bank	100			290		290	June	307	Jan		
Harb-Walker Ref	com_100		150	150	500	131	Mar	150	June		
Preferred	100			110	50	105 16	Jan	110	June		
Houston Gulf Gas	*		10 1/6	10 %		6	Feb	1214	Apr		
Jones & Laugh St	l pf100	122	122	122 %	62	118		122 1/4	June		
Lone Star Gas	25	435%	431/2	44	1,458		Jan	4614	Mar		
May Drug Co			19	1916	1,260		June	20	May		
Nat Fireproofing			7	7	60	7	May		Feb		
Preferred			2634	27	120	26 34	May	30 14	Mar		

	Friday Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices.		Sales Week.	Range Since Jan. 1.					
Stocks (Continued) Par				Shares.	Lou	.	High.			
Okla Nat Gas ctfs of dep		23	231/4	865	2034	Jan		May		
Pittsburgh Coal com100		60	7236	315	37 16	May				
Preferred100		83	87	30	71	Jan	87	June		
Pitts Plate Glass com100		235	238	155	225	May	270	Jan		
Pitts Screw & Bolt	3514	35	40	10,448	35	June		June		
Pitts Steel Fdy corp*		28	28	100	27	Mar		Apr		
Salt Creek Consol Oil 10		634	6 1/4	282	6	May	8	Feb		
Stand Sanit Mfg com25	8434	84	84 14	285	81	Apr	9234	Jan		
Tidal Osage Oil100		. 1936	1936	500	17	Apr		Mar		
Union Steel Casting	3534	3534	35 36	-95	3234	Jan	40	Apr		
Union Storage	43	43	43	34	43	June	43	June		
Waverly Oll Wks cl A *		42	4216	150	4136	Mar	43	Feb		
West'house Air Brake 50	17434	171	178	715	137	Jan	178	June		
West Pa Rys pref100		90	90	50	9736	Mar	101	May		
Bonds-										
Independ Brew 6s1955		73	73	\$2,000	73	Apr	7514	Jan		
Pitts Brewing 6s 1949		97	9914		9534	Feb		May		

^{*} No par value.

San Francisco Stock and Bond Exchange.—Record of transactions at San Francisco Stock and Bond Exchange June 4 to June 10, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists:

	Friday Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices.			Range Since Jan. 1.				
Stocks-				Week. Shares.	Lou	0. 1	High.		
Alaska Packers Assn		180	180	25	165	Mar	85	May	
American Trust Co	355	353	355 1/2		300	Jan	398	Feb	
Anglo & Lond Par Nat Bk.					195	Jan	232	Feb	
Bancitaly Corporation	124 %		1251/2		8934	Jan	12536	June	
Bank of California N A		246	250	85	245	May	270	Jan	
Bank of Italy	178 1/8	17136		13,473	171	Apr	687	Apr	
Calamba Sugar common		75	75	15	68	Apr	75	June	
California Copper	234	2	214	90	2	June	5	Jan	
Callf Cotton Mills	20	20	20	150	20	June	41	Jan	
Calif-Oregon Power pref		103	103 1/4	10	102 14	Mar	105	Mar	
California Packing Corp		6214	63	1,010	61	Apr	6936	Jan	
Calif Petroleum common	24 34	24 %	25	3,339	2134	Apr	33	Jan	
Caterpillar Tractor	2734	2736	2834	7,821	26 34	Feb	30	Feb	
Coast Co Gas & El 1st pf			96 34	25	94	Jan	97	May	
Crocker First Nat Bank		315	315	20	370	Jan	320	Apr	
East Bay Water "A" pref	9634	963%	97	268	96	Jan	9836	Feb	
"B" preferred		105	106	75	10536	Jan	111	Apr	
Emporium Corp, The	32	32	32 14	313	32 14	June	39	Mar	
Federal Brandeis	153%	1436	1534		93%	Feb	18	Apr	
Fireman's Fund Insurance			8934	735	8834	June	9234	Jan	
Foster & Kleiser common		1234			12	Apr	1336	Jan	
Great Western Power pfd.	102	101	103 16		101	June	104 %	Mar	

	Last Sale	Week's		for Week.	Rang	e Stnc	e Jan. 1.		
Stocks (Concluded) Par,	Price.	Low.	High.	Shares.	Lou	.	Htg	b.	
Hale Bros Stores	32 14	3234	3234	90	31	Apr	36 14	Jan	
Hawaiian Com'l & Sugar	50	50	50 14	130	48	Apr	50	Jan	
mawanan Pineappie		503%	50 34	85	4936	Feb	5534	Feb	
Home Fire & Marine Ins		29	29	25	2534	Mar	3234	Jan	
Honokaa Sugar		55%	534	300	2	Mar	6	May	
Honolulu Cons Oil	3514	3514	3534	421	3334	Apr	4234	Feb	
Hunt Bros Pack "A" com_		2314	23 16	100	23 14	June	2634	Jan	
Hutchinson Sugar Planta		14	14	75	1234	Jan	1434	May	
Illinois Pacific Glass "A"		3314	3434	1,190	30	Apr	65	Jan	
Key System Trans, pr pfd.		30	35	295	30	Apr	65	Jan	
Preferred		7	10	168	7	June	3134	Jan	
Langendorf Baking		1214	1214	180	1234	June	123%	May	
L A Gas & Elec, pref.	100 %	100 3%	101	275	98 36	Jan	101	June	
Magnin, I, common		185%	19	562	16 %	Apr	2834	Jan	
Nor Am Investment com		102	102	50	101	Mar	102	Apr	
Preferred		95	95	5	9234	Jan	95	May	
North American Oil	36 14	3434	36 34	4,400	2834	Apr	48	Feb	
North American Oil Oahu Sugar	3714	3736	3834	225	35	Jan	39	June	
Onomea Sugar	42 14	4216	4316	110	40	Jan	44	June	
Pac Light Corp 6% pref	100	9914	100 14	715	97	Feb	100 14	June	
Pacific Lighting Corp com_		420	420	20	31	Feb	42	June	
Pacific Tel & Tel pref		111136	114	98	102	Mar	11436	Feb	
Common	140	132 1/2		1,276	123	Mar	143	June	
Paraffine Cos, Inc, com	66 14	66	66 1/8	2,740	64 34	Apr	139%	Mar	
Phillips Petroleum com		44%			40	Apr	59 %	Feb	
Piggly Wiggly W States"A"	23	2234	2314		1936	Jan	231/4	May	
Pig'n Whistle pref	16	16	16	25	15%	Jan	16 1/8	Feb	
Pioneer Mill			2914		251/6	Apr	2914	June	
Richfield Oil	20 1/2	19%	21	17,060	1434	Mar	26 1/2	Jan	
St J Lt & Pow prior pref	106 3	106 16			106 34	Jan	109 14		
"B" 6% preferred		97 1/2			97	Mar	99%		
Schlesinger, B F, pref	9134	9136		152	89%	Apr	92	Mar	
Common	23 1/2		23 34		20	Apr	23 1/4		
Shell Union Oil common	27%	2714	27 1/4		26	Apr			
Sherman & Clay 7% pref			96	20	9314		9734		
Sierra Pacific Elec pref		90	91	15	87	Jan	9234		
Southern Pacific		114%	115%		106 34		116	June	
Sperry Flour Co pref			97	45	9214	Jan		May	
Common		48	49	377	44	Jan	51	Mar	
Spring Valley Water	104 %	103	104 %		101 1/4		10834		
Standard Oil of Calif					50 %	Apr	60%	Jan	
Texas Consolidated Oil		45c	50c	2,700	40c	May	95c	Feb	
Union Oil Associates							56 1/4	Jan	
Union Oil of California			431/					Jan	
Union Sugar common		16 1/8				Jan		Jan	
U S Petroleum	1.7	5 1.7				1/2 Jan		Mar	
Waialua Agricult'l Co Ltd.				175				June	
West Amer Finance pref		81/1					914		
Western Dairy Prod "A"		4934							
Yellow & Checker Cab	. 9	874		430					
Zellerbach Paper 6% pref.	. 100	9934		135					
Zellerbach Corporation	32 }	3134	32 3/4	1 3,695	28	Jan	3234	June	

New York Curb Market—Weekly and Yearly Record

* No par value.

In the following extensive list we furnish a complete record of the transactions on the New York Curb Market for the week beginning on Saturday last (June 4) and ending the present Friday (June 10). It is compiled entirely from the daily reports of the Curb Market itself, and is intended to include every security, whether stock or bonds, in which any dealings occurred during the week covered.

Week Ended June 10.	Friday Last Sale	Week's Ran		Range St	nce Jan. 1.		Friday Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices.	for Week.	Rang	ge Sinc	e Jan.	1.
Stocks- Par.	Price.	Low. Hi		Low.	High.	Stocks (Continued) Par.	Price.	Low. High.	Shares.	Lou	0	High	١.
Indus. & Miscellaneous. Aero Supply Mfg cl A * Class B		1136 12 436 6		8 Fe 3% Ap		Cent Leath (new) cl A vtc.* Prior pref v t c100 Centrifugal Pipe Corp*	25 90 13	25 25½ 89½ 90½ 12¾ 13½	300 900 3,200	19 14 73 16 10 16	Jan Jan May		May May Jan
Ala Grt Sou RR, ord50		132 132	100	123 Ma	132 June	Checker Cab Mfg class A. *		7 7	100	3	May	14 16	Jan
Preferred50 Allied Packers common_*		131½ 131 50e 50		124% Fe 50c Ma		Chesapeake Corp* C M & St P (new co) w i	241/4	751/4 781/4	13,600	751/6	June	79 14	June
Alpha Portl Cement com.		41 41	34 500	37 Fe	4214 Jan	New preferred w i	361/2	351/2 361/2	15,600	27 1/6	Mar	3616	June
Aluminum Co com*	78	69 78		67% Ma		Chic Nipple Mfg class A.50		48 48¼ 35 35	300 300	43%	Jan Jan	49 35	June
Preferred100 American Arch Co100	9514	95 99		1011 Ma 85 Ma		Class B	121	1191/4 121	390	117	Apr		May
Am Brown Boveri El Corp						Cities Service common20	46%	45% 46%	19,400	4034	Mar	58%	Fet
Founders' shares	8		34 2,300	7 Jun 7 Jun		Preferred new	89 5%	89% 89%	2,100 600	7%	June	90 1/6	June
Founders shares v t c* Amer Cyanamid com, B_20		27 30		7 Jun 26 Ap		Preferred B10 Preferred B new	814	8¼ 8¾ 8¼ 8¼	300	814	June		June
Preferred100		8714 88	170	8514 Ap	89 Jan	Preferred BB100		831/2 85	200	81	Apr	85 16	Ma
Amer Electrice Corp v t c.			100 100	21/4 Jun 11 Fe		Coats (J & P) Ltd ord'y_£1 Cohn-Hall-Marx Co*	131/4	13¼ 14½ 22¾ 23½	1,400	181/4	June		Jun
Class A	183/8	17% 19		11 Fe 9 Ja		Colombian Syndicate*	2110		8,700	1%	Apr	3%	Jai
Amer Laund Mach com		125 126	375	111 Ja	128 May	Columbia Steel Co*		6% 6%	100	634	June	736	Ap
Amer Mfg, com100	87	82 90 85 87		82 Jun		Conde Nast Publications.* Consol Dairy Products*	314	38 1/4 39 2 1/4 3 1/4	1,200 3,500	30 1/4			June
American Mfg Co, com_100 American Meter Co	87	85 87 107 108		85 Jun 891 Ja		Consol Laundries	2014	20 2134	5,800	18	May	2234	Ap
Amer Piano new common.		4234 43	1% 4,200	4216 Ma	50 Apr	Consol'n Coal, com100		341/2 341/2	75	31	Mar	36	Jai
American Rayon Products	83%		5,100	314 Ma 2 Ja		Copeland Products, Inc-	15	14 16%	1,900	736	Apr	22	Ma
Amer Road Mach'y100 Amer Rolling Mill com28		5514 5	2,500 5,550	2 Ja 44% Fe		Class A, with warrants.* Cosgrove Meehan Coal*	1014	1014 1014	100	9	May	13	Fe
Preferred100		11114 11	20	110 Ja	113 Apr	Courtaulds Ltd£1	33 7/8	321/2 331/4	1,400	24%			Jun
Amer Solv & Chem part pf		121/2 1		11 Ma 31/4 Ja		Cuban Tobacco v t c*	421/2	45 45 4434	100 1,700	40 30	Apr	46	Fe Ma
Amer Thread preferred		2736 2		31/6 Ja 14 Fe		Cuneo Press, com10 Curtiss Aeropi & M com*	4272	21% 22%	1,500	19	Jan	2514	Ma
Arundel Corporation		35% 3		3116 Ja	n 36 June	Preferred100	92	92 9314	500	84%		94	Ma
Atlantic Fruit & Sugar			1,500	81c Ma		Curtis Pub Co, com	175	175 175¼ 113¾ 115	150 20	170 1/4	Jan	180 118	Fei
Atlas Portland Cement		107 10	7 200	40 Ja 69 Ja		\$7 preferred	114	49 5634	4.800	47	May	5734	Jun
	1					Davenport Hosiery		27 27	300	27	June	3036	AD
Babcock & Wilcox Co100		11934 12	136 50			Davies (Wm) class A* Deere & Co common100	391/2	39½ 41 167¼ 177	7,275		Jan	18634	Jun
Beaver B'd Co com A v t c			5¾ 64,200 1¾ 300	85% Ja 2% Ar		De Forest Radio Corp	114	6 6	600	3	May	1016	JR
Common class B			53/8 900	21% A	r 51% June	Dinkler Hotels class A-							
Preferred100			800			Vot trust ctfs of dep		23½ 24 18 18½	1,700	21 1/4 18	Jan Jan	22 %	Jun
Benesch (I) & Sons com A		51 5	1 100	40 Ja 41¼ Jur		Dubilier Condenser Corp.		4 4%	1,000	314		516	Ms
8% cum 1st pref2		2714 2	71/2 200		e 27 1/2 June	Dunhill International	48	35 49%	45,300	22	Jan	49%	Jun
Bliss (E W) & Co, com		22 2	2 100	20 Ja	n 24% Apr	Durant Motors, Inc	10	9% 11%	22,500 100	5%	Jan June	1436	Ma
Bohn Alum & Brass			1,200 0,4 10,800	314 Ja 13 Fe		Duz Co class A v t c* Eastern Dairies, com		4436 4436		4314		5034	
Borden Co common		115 11	1,600	101 Ja	n 117 June	Eastern Rolling Mill		30 31	200			31	Jun
Nat City rcts for new stk			23/4 1,100	102 A		Eitingon-Schild Co com.	341/	34 34 34				35 8814	Maj
Brill Corp class A	· 173	39 4	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 8,400 \\ 734 & 2,800 \end{bmatrix}$	38¼ Ma		Equitable Office Bldg com Estey-Weite Corp class A.		83½ 88½ 7½ 8¾			Apr	10%	Ap
Brillo Mfg, com	. 8	8	800	736 F	b 9% Jan	Class B	31/2	31/4 31/2	300		Apr	1814	Ja
Class A	427		23% 300	20 Ja		Fageol Motors Co com. 10			1.150	15034		16516	Ja Ma
Brit-Amer Tob ord bear £ Brockway Mot Trk com			5 2,900 014 100	2316 Fe		Fajardo Sugar100 Fanny Farmer Candy St.	162 28½				Mar	33	Ja
Bucyrus Co com2			41/2 600	50 Jui	e 59% Jan	Fedders Mfg Inc cl A	29	28 291/2	2,700	27	June	2914	Jun
Preferred10	0 110	110 11				Film Inspection Machine.			34,300	436	June	106%	Fe
Budd (Edw G) Mfg com Butler Brothers2	0	32 3	31/2 600	20 A		Financial & Indus Ser com* Preferred100					May	108 36	Ma
Canada Cement Ltd10	0	150 15		130 Fe		Firestone T & R, com10		137 150	710	115	Feb	150	Jun
Canadian Indus Alcohol		31 1/4 3	314 600	22 Ja	n 34 June		1031		1,050	99	Jan	105	Jun
Case (J I) Plow Wks—		356	534 400	3% Fe	b 13 Mar	6% preferred100 Ford Motor Co of Can 100		1 ote below. 445 450	60	339	Apr	500	Fe
Class B v t c	286		7 700	175 Ms	y 302 June	Forhan Co, class A		181/4 181/4		1736		19	Ja
New common	• 71%	64 7	31/3 36,700	44 Ms	y 761 June	Foundation Co-	1			10	June	20%	M
First preferred	. 154	148 15	8¾ 11,900 5 700			For Theatres cl A com		10 12¾ 17¾ 18	3,500	1736	Apr	21%	A
Celluloid Co, com10 Preferred10	0	90% 9				Franklin (H H) Mfg com.	16%	16% 17%	500	1214	Apr	19%	Ja
Celotex Co common	* x80 ½	75 8	1 1,900	70 A	or 83 Jan	Freshman (Chas) Co	15	131/2 151/4		9%	May	2314	Ja
Central Aguirre Sugar 5	0' 109	1071/4 11	1% 1,850	97% Ja	n' 112¼ June	Fulton Sylphon Co	49%	46% 51%	21,100	3914	Jan	5136	Jun

	Friday	Washin Damest	Sales	Dance Star	. for 1		Friday Last	Week's Range	Sales	Range Stne	e Ion 1
Stocks (Continued) Par.	Sale	of Prices. Low. High.	for Week Shares.	Low.	High.	Stocks (Continued) Par.	Sale Price.	of Prices.	Week. Shares.	Low.	High.
Garod Corporation	1 34 59 14	1% 1% 57% 59%	2,700 7,600	40e May 5214 Apr	3% Jan 63% Jan	Thatcher Mfg new com Conv preferred	14¼ 43¼	14 14¼ 43 44	400 900	14 June 41 % Apr	18 Mar 46 Mar
Gen'i Fireproofing, com	51/8 82	5 5¼ 79¾ 82	12,700 500	4% Mar 51 Jan	74 Jan 84% Mar	Preferred100	13½	13¼ 13½ 97 98 3¼ 3¼	1,200 90 700	1114 Mar 86 May	14 May 100 May
Gen'l Laundry Mach com *	20 %	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 49\frac{1}{2} & 49\frac{1}{2} \\ 20\frac{1}{2} & 21\frac{1}{4} \\ 7\frac{1}{2} & 8 \end{array} $	3,300 400	40 % Feb 20 % June 6 % May	21 ¼ June 10 ¼ Jan	Tobacco Prod Exports* Todd Shipyards Corp* Frans-Lux Day Pict Screen	50	250 50½	1,300	3 Mar 45 Apr	3% Jan 50% June
Gen'l Silk Corp com* Gillette Safety Razor* C G Spring & Bumper com*	88%	88 1 89 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1	2,900 100	8614 Mar 934 Jan	95 Jen 12 Apr	Class A common* Trumbuli Steel com25	4 1/4 12 1/2	3½ 5 12 13½	8,800 16,600	3½ June 9% Jan	8% Jan 13% June
Glen Alden Coal	x1751/2	9½ 9½ 178 180	1,800	9½ June 1595 Apr	9 1/2 June 182 Apr	Truscon Steel	233	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	400 420 14,000	24 Jan 145 Jan 17% Jan	26 1/4 Jan 255 May 24 1/4 June
Goodyear T & R com* Gorham Mfg common*	39 % 44 ½ 39	39 40½ 47½ 54 37 39	3,400 52,600 300	25¼ Jan 28¼ Jan 37 June	40½ June 58¾ May 43½ Apr	Common	11 1/6 69 1/2	11 1/4 12 1/2 69 1/2 80	1,000 1,200	816 Feb 64 May	13 May 90 Feb
Grand (F&W) 5-10-25c St * Grant (WT) Co of Del, com *		77½ 79¾ 74½ 74½	800 100	60 Feb 74½ June	79¾ June 75½ June	United Artisis Theatre Co Allot etf for com & pref.	100	100 101½ 45 47½	300 900	95½ Jan 38 Mar	101½ June 47½ June
Great A & P Tea 1st pf. 100 Great Lakes S S Inc* Greif (L) Bros pref cl X 100		116¼ 117 66 66 100 100	100 100	116 Feb 66 June 97 Apr	118 1/2 May 66 June 101 May	United Biscuit, class A Class B United Elec Coal Cos v t c	81/6 261/2	8 8% 26% 28	1,000 800	7 Jan 23 Apr	13 Feb 33½ May
Griffith (D W) class A* Habirshaw Cable & Wire.*	211/2	1 1 19 21½	$\frac{100}{2,000}$	75c Apr 15 Jan	1 Feb 21½ June	United Eng'g & Fdy_100 United Profit Shar com	11	220 220 11 11½	10 300 400	10 May 10 Jan	225 May 13% Apr
Hall (W F) Printing Co. 10 Happiness Candy St cl A.	6	33 34 5¼ 6 5¼ 6	$2,100 \\ 2,600$	31 ½ May 4½ May 4½ Apr	34 May 7 Jas 634 Jap	United Shoe Mach, com 25 USL Battery, com, new.* Preferred class B10	38%	58 59 32 1/4 38 1/4 8 1/4 8 1/4	3,100 200	51 Jan 32 June 8% May	59% May 39 May 9 May
Hazeltine Corp	*****	51/2 6	300	4% May	13 Jan	U S Gypsum common20	78	77 79 98½ 99½	1,300 75	6914 Mar 94 Jan 1 June	79% June 110 Jan
Partic pref with warr'ts.* Heyden Chemical* Hires(ChasE)Co cl A com *	*****	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	600 100 400	28 1 Jan 1 1 Jan 21 June	34 14 Apr 2 1/2 May 22 1/2 Feb	U S Stores Corp class B Univ Leaf Tobacco com Warner Bros Pictures	2 46 22	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 2 \\ 46 & 47 \\ 21 \frac{1}{4} & 23 \frac{3}{4} \end{array}$	1,200 3,700 4,200	1 June 37 % Jan 15 % Mar	5½ Jan 48 Mar 33¼ Jan
Hobart Mfg* Hood Rubber Co com*		32 1/4 34 1/4 37 1/4 39 1/4	600 550	27 1/2 Mar 37 1/2 June	34 % June 46 Feb	Wesson O&SD com vtc.		53½ 54½ 96¾ 96¾	300 100	50 16 Apr 95 May	59% Jan 99% Jan
Horn & Hardart, com* Preferred100 Imp'l Tob of G B & I£1	53	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	200 25 100	50½ Apr 107 Jan 24¾ May	55 Jan 109¾ May 30 Jan	Western Auto Supply pref * West Dairy Prod, class A. Class B v t c		24½ 24½ 50 50½ 18½ 19¾	200 400 3,100	21½ Apr 47¼ Feb 15 Feb	25% Jan 61 Mar 20% May
Industrial Rayon class A.* Insur Co of North Amer. 10	5 3/4 59 5/8	5% 6½ 59% 59%	2,300 300	51 Feb	60 Apr	West Md Ry 1st pfd100 West Va Pulp & Paper*		138½ 140 51 51¼	150 200	98 Jan 51 May	145 May 511/4 May
International Cigar Mach Jaeger Machine	53%	51 1/4 53 1/8 30 30 78 1/8 84	900 100 22,300	46 Apr 28 Jan 55 Jan	53% June 32% May 86 June	Wheel & L E pr in stk100 Williams Oil-O-Mat Heat * Wolverine Portland Cem 10		170 173 13% 14% 6% 7	120 400 1.000	163 Feb 12 May 5 Apr	16 16 Feb 7 June
Johns-Manv, new com w 1.* New preferred w 1100 Kawner Co*	79	$78\frac{1}{2}$ 84 $119\frac{1}{2}$ 120 29 $29\frac{1}{2}$	200 500	114 1 Jan 29 Jan	1191/2 May 293/4 Mar	Yellow Taxi of N Y Zellerbach Corp		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,400 425	10 May 2914 Feb	34% Jan 32 June
Keiner-Williams Stmpg* Kroger Groc'y & Bak10		17¾ 18¼ 120½ 120½	600 30	17 Mar 119¼ May 87 Mar	22 % Apr 136 Jan 106 % Apr	Rights.					
Lackawanna Securities w i* Land Co of Florida* Landay Bros Inc class A*		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	600 200 700	18 June 30 Feb	36 Jan 35 4 June	Flat. Hall (F W) Printing Co	6	1 1 2 6 6	400 100	1¾ Feb 6 June	3¾ Mar 6 June
Landover Holding Corp— Class A1		33 33	100	33 Jan 14 J an	35 Jan 1714 Apr	St Regis Paper White Sewing Mach deb rts	40c 8½	38c 50c 8 854	38,900 2,200	38c June 4 May	9½ June
Class A stamped ! Larrowe Milling	16½ 22¾ 39¾	16½ 16½ 22¼ 22⅓ 39% 40	200 700 3,300	18 Mar 38% Mar	22 % June 46 Jan	Public Utilities					
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales.50 Libby McN & Libby10	95 8¾ 123¼	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	275 200 300	9 June 116 Apr	100 Mar 10¾ Jan 159¼ Jan	Com (new ex-stk div) Preferred	288¼ 103	z88¼ 91¾ 103 103	13,200 200	6814 Jan 9514 Feb	92% June 104% June
Libby Owens Sheet Glass25 MacAndrews&Forbes com* Madison Sq Garden v t c.*	181/2	41¼ 41¼ 18¼ 18¾	100 2,300	40¼ Jan 16 Mar	43½ Mar 19 May	Common new100	259 174	255 259 173 174	575 200	222 Mar 167 May	265 June 176 June
Magin (I) & Co, com* Mandel Brothers, Inc*	******	19 19 38 44 34 45	1,000	18½ May 44¾ June 47% Jan	19¾ May 48¾ Mar 62¼ Jan	Amer Pow & Lt pref100		105 106 37 1/4 38 1/4 38 1/4 39 1/2	7,400 11,000	9714 Jan 2714 Jan 2814 Jan	38% June 38% June 39% June
Marmon Motor Car com. * Massey-Harris Ltd com. * Mead Johnson & Co com. *	54	52 54½ 49 40 47 50¼	$1,500 \\ 100 \\ 1,500$	29 Mar 39% Jan	39 May 52 May	Class B		29 29% 97 98	600	- 26 1/4 Jan 93 1/4 Jan	293/4 June 98 June
Mengel Company100 Mesabi Iron*	*****	29 29 55e 73e	1,100 1,000	28 May 55c June 30 Feb	37 Apr 99c Jan 45 May	Assoc Gas & Elec class A. Bell Tel of Pa 6 ½ % pf. 100	0	41 41 5 114 115 130 138	3,200 20 900	35 Jan 1124 Jan 198 Feb	43 Mar 115 June 1541/4 May
Met 5 & 50c St class B* Preferred100	391/2	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	100 250	1¾ Jan 30 Feb	1¾ June 41¼ May	Blackstone V G&E, com.50 Brooklyn Clty RR	0 4	4 4 ½ 32 ½ 32 ½	1,900 300	3¼ May 25¼ Mar	6 1/4 Jan 32 1/4 June
Midvale Co* National Baking com* National Candy, com100	281/4	28¼ 28¼ 7½ 7½ 102¾ 107	200 100 180	23% Jan 7½ June 102½ June	30 1/8 Apr 10 1/8 Mar 107 June	Carolina Pow & Lt pref_100 Cent Ind Pow 7% pref_100		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20	25 1 Jan 106 1 Feb 90 May	26 1 June 111 June 92 1 June
Nat Food Products cl B* National Leather10	41/8	4 1/8 5 1/2 2 3/4 2 3/4	4,400 100	4½ June 2¼ Apr	9 Apr 4¼ Jan	Central Pub Serv, comCent States Elec 8% pf_100		17½ 17½ 96¾ 98	200 40	17¼ Jan 92% Jan	18¼ Feb 98 June
Nat Sugar Refg100 Nelsner Bros, Inc., com* Preferred100		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	450 450	126 Mar 36 5 Feb 96 Jan	155 May 64½ May 100¾ May	Cinc & Suburban Telep 56 Cities Ser Pr & Lt 7% pf 106 Columbus El & Power		98 98 102 103 71 1/8 74	1,850 300	98 June 102 June 67 1 Feb	98 June 103 June 80 May
Nelson (Herman) Corp5 Newberry (J J) common*	******	29½ 29½ 104¾ 105	100 125	23 1/4 Feb 85 Jan	30¾ Apr 105 June	Com'w'th-Edison Co_100 Com'wealth Power Corp-	-	154 1551/2	120	139 Jan	1551/2 June
New Mex & Ariz Land1 New Orl Gt Nor RR100 New Process Co common.*	12¾ 35½ 34	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{r} 64,400 \\ 200 \\ 2,600 \end{array}$	9¼ Apr 19¼ Jan 31½ June	16 June 41 1/4 Apr 34 June	Conn Elec Serv conv pf Con Gas E L & P Balt com		98½ 99½ 76½ 76½ 58¾ 59¾	25	91 1/4 Jan 76 1/4 June 50 1/4 Jan	100 June 76 ½ June 59 ½ May
New York Merchandise* Nichols & Shepard Co*	261/4	31 32½ 24¾ 26½	1,000	27 Jan 21% Mar	35 Apr 30¼ Apr 23¼ Mar	Denver Tramway pref_10 Elec Bond & Share pfd_10	0 1081/2	43 43 108½ 108¾		10516 Mar	43 June 109% May 75% June
Niles-Bement-Pond com. Ovington Bros partic pref.* Pacific Steel Boller	1034	18½ 18½ 9 9 10½ 11¾	$100 \\ 100 \\ 3,200$	16% May 8% Apr 9% May	10 Jan 12¾ Jan	Elec Bond & Share Secur. Elec Invest without war. Elec Pr & Lt 2d pf A	• 38	73¼ 76% 37¼ 39¼ 97½ 97%	7,400	32% Feb 89% Mar	40 1/4 June
Preferred100	76	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	300 100 900	69 Apr 106 Mar 27 1/4 Mar	79¼ May 111 May 31 Apr	Option warrants Elec Railway Securities	•	9½ 9¾ 6¾ 7¼	500	6 Feb 104% May	
Parke, Davis & Co new* Penney (J C) Co cl A pf.100 Peoples Drug Stores*	103	103 103 31½ 32	50 300	100 Jan 28% Apr	103¼ June 34¼ May	Empire Gas & Fuel pf_10 Empire Pow Corp part stk Galv-Houst El Co com_10	•	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	300	26 Jan 22 Apr	38% May 30% Jan
Phelps-Dodge Corp100 Phillip-Morr Cons Inc com Class A25	131/2	115 115 13½ 13¾ 16 16	6,100 100	1214 Apr 1614 June	132 % Mar 2014 Jan 22 Jan	General Pub Serv com Ga Pow (new corp) \$6 pf.	• 145	66 66 14% 14% 297 97%		66 Jan 1114 Jan 94 Mar	15 June
Pick (Albert), Barth & Co- Common vot tr ctf1	141/2	14 14%	17,900	12% Jan	14¾ June	Hartford Elec Light 10 Internat Utilities, class A	0 373	373 378 37¼ 40¼	4,000	328 Apr 24 Apr	381 Apr 40¼ June
Pref cl A (partic pref) 1 Piedmont & Nor Ry100 Pilisbury Flour Mills50	48%	24 1/4 28 1/4 47 3/4 49 85 94	74,000 125 1,900	20 Apr 40 Feb 52 1/3 Jan		Class B	6 % 18 ½ 142			3 Jan 15 Jan 140¼ Mar	20 Apr
6 1/2 % com conv pref_ 100	285%	28 1 31 103 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104	26,300	28% June 103% June	31 June	Marconi Wirel Tel of Can_ Massachusetts Ltg Cos	1 -148	1¼ 1¾ 148 149½	50	79c Jan 148 June	1% June 149% June
Pitney Bowes Postage Meter Co	171	7 7	200 1,000	6 Jan 167 4 Jan		6% preferred10 8% preferred10 Mexican Lt & Pr com _ 10	00 134 1/4		30 30 100	134 ¼ June	136 June
Prittsb Plate Glass Co100 Pratt & Lambert Prudence Co 7% pref100	• 51	237 237 50 1/4 51 104 1/2 104 3/4	300 350	230 ¼ May 48 Mar 102 ¼ Jan	53 14 Jan	7% preferred 10	•	112½ 113½ 110 110¾	1,600 150	108 Feb 105% Jan	113% Feb
Pullman Co (new corp) w i Pyrene Manufacturing1	* 74	104½ 104½ 74 76½ 9¼ 9¾	3,900	69 Apr 9 Feb	78% May 14% Jan	6% preferred Mohawk & Hud Pow com 1st preferred	245	93 94 24% 25% 106 106	3,200 100	20% Jar	27 Feb
Realty Associates com Remington Arms Co com Reo Motor Car		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10 200 7,800	7 Mai 1914 Mai	17 Apr	Mohawk Valley Co	. 243	24 1/4 24 3/		2314 Feb	25% Feb
Republic Motor Truck Richmond Radiator com_	* 334	3 3% 20% 21	900 300	2 May 20 May	5¾ Jan 25¼ Mar	Nat Pub Serv com class A Common, class B	213	21 213 18 183	8 3,900	18% Jan 14 Jan	22% Mar 20% Mar
River Raisin Paper Rolls Royce of Am pf. 10 Royal Bak Powd com. 10		$\begin{bmatrix} 7\frac{3}{4} & 9\frac{1}{2} \\ 88 & 90 \\ 210 & 224 \end{bmatrix}$	\$ 500 350 300	7% June 88 June 161 Feb		New Eng Pow Assoc new. New Eng Telep & Teleg 10 N Y Telep 6 % % pref. 10	00	59% 59% 133 133 114% 114%	50	115 Jar	133 June
Preferred 10 Bafeway Stores com 10	0 104 ¼	104 104 1 269 272	200 170	232 Feb	104¼ June 301 Apr	Nor Amer Util Sec, com Northeast Power, com	171	5 34 63	500 4 4,500	5¾ June	61/4 Apr 181/4 Jan
Seeman Bros com Selfridge Prov Stores Ltd-	• 263	26½ 26½ 26½ 26½			48% May 28 Jan		00 119	10 % 11 % 124 105 % 105 % 105 %	4,300	109 % Jan	124 June
Ordinary	5 5	5 6	34,000	5 June 5 June 44 Fee	10% Feb	Ohio Bell Telep 7% pf10 Ohio PS, 7% 1st pf A_10	00 1073	111 1123	4 100	111 Jan 104 Fel	114 May 108 May
Silica Gel Corp com v t c Silver (Isaac) Bros Inc com	*	16¾ 163 31¾ 313	8 200 4 100	131/4 Ma 26 Ap	19 Feb	Penn-Ohio Edis new com.	00 102	37 383 102 102 3	4 1,70	27 Fe	40% May
Singer Manufacturing 10 Singer Mfg Ltd £ Snia Viscosa ord (200 lire	0	362 376 5¼ 5½	90 200			\$6 preferred	893	88¼ 895 16 173	55 4 1,90	80 1/4 Jan	89% May
Dep rcts Chase Nat Bk. Southern Grocery Store, A	10	9 10 31 31		30 1/4 Ma	35 14 Feb	Pac G & El cl A part stk. Penna Pow & Lt pref	12	- 1134 123 1934 193 10934 110		19 Ja	21 1/2 Feb
Sou Ice & Util cl A com Stand Com'l Tob com Stand Publishing, cl A2		18 18 28½ 29½ 3¾ 4	100 300 300	1914 Ja	n 29¼ June	Penn W & P, new com	25 483 25 50	48 3/4 48 5 49 5/6 50 5	90 4 1,40	0 45 Ma	r 48% May r 53 Jan
Stanley Co of Amer Stern Brothers class A	*	- 70 1/4 70 3 50 1/2 52	50 128	67 14 Ma 42 Fe	90 Feb 52 1/2 May	7% preferred 16% preferred 1	00 109		3	0 103 1/4 Ja 0 83 1/4 Ja	n 110 % June n 88 May
Stroock (S) & Co Stuts Motor Car Swedish-Am Invest pref10	0 133	. 118 118	1,000 100	121 Ma 109 Ap	y 21 Ma	Rochester G & E pref C 16 Sierra Pac Elec Co com 16	00	105 105 27 27	4 20	0 103¼ Ma 0 26¼ Ja	n 28% Apr
Swift & Co	0 1183 5 223	x118½ 120 22½ 23	400	115% Ma	v 120 % Mai		00 001	21 0912 091	12 19	5 82 1/4 Ma	
Teltz (Leonhard) warrant		-1 1/0 1/0	1	, 50 Ma	1, 020 Ma)	Sou Gas & Pow class A.	.•1	191/2 19	10	0 18% Mi	r 22% Apr

JUNE 11 1927.]				TH	E CHI	RONICLE			3487		
Public Utilities (Continued) Par.	Friday Last Sale Price.	Week's Range of Prices. Low. High.	Sales for Week. Shares.	Range Stne	High.	Mining Stocks (Concl.)	Friday Last Sale Price.	Week's Range of Prices. Low. High.	Sales Week. Shares.	Range Since	e Jan. 1. High.
6'eastern Pow & Lt com Common vot trust etfs \$7 preferred \$7 preferred Warrants to pur com stk \$'west Beil Tel pref100 Springfield Gas Lt new \$2 Stand Gas & Elec 7% pf 100 Stand Pow & Lt. com \$2 Preferred Tampa Electric Co United Gas Impt Common class B Preferred A Preferred A Preferred B Un Rys&El of Balt com Utilities Pr. & Lt class B Utility Shares Corp com	106 79 % 9 34 109 % 24 34 105 % 13 3%	36 38 \(\) 38 \(\) 38 \(\) 38 \(\) 35 \(\) 4 106 \(\) 106 \(\) 4 80 \(\) 9 \(\) 118 \(\) 118 \(\) 118 \(\) 118 \(\) 110 \(\) 23 \(\) 24 \(\) 4 101 \(\) 105 \(\) 108 \(\) 13 \(\) 18	1,700 700 500 2,600 50 100 50 1,000 300 13,500 28,100 300 800 700 200 3,500	29 1/4 Mar 28 Jan 101 1/4 Jan 101 1/4 Jan 8 1/4 Jan 113 1/5 Jan 76 June 104 1/5 Jan 98 1/6 Feb 12 1/6 Mar 14 Jan 85 Jan 16 Jan 17 Jan 18 Jan 19 1/4 Mar 13 1/4 Jan 13 1/4 Jan	38¼ June 35¾ June 106¾ June 80¾ June 10¼ May 118½ June 79 May 102 Apr 64 May 109 May 15¾ June 97¾ May 53½ June 23⅓ Apr 19 May 13¼ May	Pond Creek Poeahontas. ** Premier Gold Mining	274 2c 18c 734 2356 25c 256	13¾ 14 2 2 16e 16e 7½ 7½ 3 2¾ 3 14e 18e 7¾ 8 1½ 1½ 1½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 6 4½ 4¾ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 5 6 6e	200 2,300 5,000 200 1,700 15,000 5,000 900 1,400 1,000 2,500 1,000 2,000	11¼ May 11¼ Jan 15e May 1½ June 2¼ June 2½ June 12c May 5¼ Jan 1½ Feb 2 Apr 22¼ Jan 25e June 4½ June 2¼ Mar 5c Apr 3e Jan 5¼ June	14¼ May 2 ^h 16 Feb 39c Feb 8½ Jan 3¼ Jan 4c Jan 27c Feb 8½ May 2 ^h 16 Jan 3½ Jan 3½ Jan 28 Feb 50c Apr 7¼ Feb 3½ Jan 15c Mar 7c Apr 6 June
Option warrants. Waterbury Gas Light 2: Western Power, pref 10: Former Standard Oil Subsidiaries. Anglo-Amer Oil (vot sh)£	1011/2	234 276 58½ 60 100¾ 101½ 18¾ 19	1,000 150 150 150	11% Apr 55 May 98 Jan 18% June	3½ May 60 May 102 Feb	Adriatic Electric 7s 1952 Alabama Pow 1st 5s. 1956 Allied Pack deb 8s 1936 Debenture 6s 1937 Allis-Chal Mig 5s 1937 Aluminum Cosf deb 5s '52 Amer G & El 6s 2014 American Power & Light-	55½ 57 99½ 105¼	100 % 100 % 55 57 55 % 58 99 99 % 99 % 99 %	\$11,000 $16,000$ $59,000$ $30,000$ $4,000$ $257,000$ $149,000$	96 May 98¾ Mar 40¾ May 43 Mar 99 May 99 June 101¼ Jan	96¼ May 100¾ Apr 76 Jan 66 Jan 99¼ May 100¾ Mar 107. June
Non-voting stock £ Borne Serymser Co. 100 Buckeye Pipe Line 56 Chesebrough Mfg Cons 2: Continental Oil v t c. 1: Cumberland Pipe Line 100 Eureka Pipe Line 100 Rose Pipe Line 100 New preferred 100 New preferred 100 Humble Oil & Refining 2: Illinois Pipe Line 100 Imperial Oil (Canada) Indiana Pipe Line 50 National Transit 12 56 New York Transit 100 Northern Pipe Line 100 Northern Pipe Line 100 Oil 2 Penn-Mex Fuel Oil 2 Prairle Oil & Gas 2 Prairle Pipe Line 100 South Penn Oil 2 So West Pa Pipe Lines 10 Standard Oil (Indiana) 2 Standard Oil (Indiana) 2	1 18½ 1 55 57 5 110 ¾ 17¾ 1 17¾ 1 18½ 1 17¾ 1 18	140 149½ 43¼ 44 67½ 71 16 16% 36 36 87 88 55½ 58½ 23¼ 31 47% 49¼ 164 177 184 184	300 150 1,400 600 9,400 150 50 130 140 37,100 1,850 4,600 800 100 150 4,600 100 20 2,200 2,200 2,200 300 300 300 300 300 300 300	1714 Apri 50 Apri 50 Apri 76 45 Jan 776 45 Jan 1776 May 990 Mar 47 June 35 May 4334 June 64 Jan 1334 Jan 61 Jan 134 Jan 135 Apri 132 Jan 130 Apri 132 Jan 130 Apri 132 Jan 130 Apri 132 Jan 134 Apri 132 Jan 130 Apri 132 Jan 134 Apri 132 Jan 134 Apri 132 Jan 134 Apri 132 Jan 134 Apri 134 Apri 135 Jan 145 Apri 145 Apri 154 May	2014 Jan 69 Feb 78 May 115 Jan 137 May 134 Feb 5934 Jan 6024 Jan 6024 Jan 150 May 177 May 177 May 177 June 2014 Feb 4134 June 6544 Jan 6554 Jan 77 May 744 Jan 774 Jan 7744 Jan 2014 Jan 774 Jan 775 J	6s, without warr. 2016 Amer Radiator deb 4/ss '47 Amer Roll Mill 6s 1938 Amer Seating 6s 1938 Amer Seating 6s 1938 Amer Seating 6s 1938 Amer Seating 6s 1938 Anaconda Cop Min 6s. 1929 Andian National Corp 6s without warrants 1940 Appalachian Fil Pr 5s. 1956 Arkansas Pr & Lt 5s 1954 Assoc'd Sim Hardw 6/se'33 Atlantic Fruit 8s 1944 Beacon Oil 6s, with warr'34 Beacon Oil 6s, with warr'34 Beaverboard Co 8s 1933 Beil Tel of Canadia 5s. 1956 61/4 % notes 1925 61/4 % notes 1925 61/4 % notes 1925 Berlin City Elec 6/ss. 1956 61/4 % notes 1925 61/4 % notes 1925 Boston Consol Gas 5s. 1944 Boston & Maine RR 6s '33 Brunner Tur & Eq 7/se' 56 Burmeister & Wain Co Copenhagen 15-yr 6s. '44 Canadian Nat Rys 7s. 193.	104 % 102 ¼ 102 ¼ 95 % 19 92 ½ 98 ¼ 102 102 ½ 100 ½ 99 % 100 ½ 90 % 100 ½ 90 % 100 ½ 90 % 100 ½ 90 % 100	90 90½ 18¼ 19 92 92¼ 98¾ 99 96½ 99 102 102½ 102½ 102½ 96½ 97¼ 100¾ 100½	8,000 12,000 485,000 78,000 59,000 19,000 175,000 43,000 11,000 10,000 13,000	100 Mar 9534 June 103 Jan 101 14 Jan 101 15 Jan 101 15 Jan 95 Feb 9334 May 90 May 1774 May 92 May 98% June 100 16 June 100 17 Jan 96 18 June 100 18 Jan 99 19 May 100 18 Jan 90 100 18 Jan 90 May 111 Feb	107 June 96 Apr 104 June 106 May 102 Jan 102 Feb 104 May 97 Apr 97 Apr 97 Apr 97 Jan 20 Jan 103 Jan 103 Jan 103 Apr 102 May 99 Jan 101 Mar 101 Mar 101 Mar 101 Mar 103 Feb 103 Mar 99 Jan 104 Mar 105 Feb
Standard Oil (Ky)	# x112 3/4 5 773/4 0 177 177 177 177 177 177 177 177 177 1	111% 113¼ 45¼ 45¼ 45¼ 79 120 120 16½ 17 125 134 1 1½ 7½ 7½ 7½ 7½ 1 1½ 1 1½ 1 1½ 1 1½ 1	2,000 100 856 60 15; 35,400 17,500 5,900 1,000 500 2,900 20,100 4,200 21,300	111% June 45 June 45 June 73 Apr 7174 Apr 15 Jan 77e Apr 3% June 11% May 6% Apr 31% Ma. 20% Jan 15c Apr 14% May 9% June 1 May	122¼ Jan 49½ Feb 87¼ Apr 122 Feb 17 Mar 134 June 274 Jan 1½ Mar 8½ Feb 27 Mar 37c June 17¾ June 17¾ June 17¾ Jan 13¼ Jan 13¼ Jan 3 Jan	Carolina Pr & Li 5s. 1956 Chic Milw & St P (new co 50-year 5s w l. Conv adj w l. Chic Rys 5s ctf dep 1956 Cities Service 6s 1956 Cities Service 6s 1966 Cities Service 6as 5½8194 Cleve Elec III 5s, ser A. 1956 Clev Term Bidg 6s 194 Columbia G & E deb 5s. 5 Commander-Larabee 6s '4 Com' wealth Ed 4½8 195 Cons G El & P 5½8 E. 195 5s series F 196 6s, series A 194 Consol Publishers 6½8 '3 Consol Textile 8s 194 Continental Secur 5s A194	6 102 ½ 57 ½ 57 ½ 6 101 100 1 100 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	102¼ 103 91¾ 92¼ 107¾ 58¾ 81½ 83¾ 101 101¾ 104 104¾ 104¾ 104 104¾ 104¾ 109¾ 99¾ 109¾ 100 1097 97¾ 106¾ 107¾ 106¾ 103¾ 103¾ 106¾ 107¾ 103½ 103¾ 107¼ 107¾ 103½ 103¾ 109¾ 99¾	35,000 261,000 619,000 7,000 46,000 78,900 16,000 4,000 104,000 23,000 23,000 3,000 25,000 3,000 17,000	96¼ June 104 May 98¼ Mar 99¾ May 95 May 95½ Apr 106 Mar 101¾ Feb 107¼ Jan 97¾ Feb 89¼ Jan	96 May 107 May 103% May 108% Jan 101 May 99 May
Darby Petroleum Gliben Oil Corporation Guif Oil Corp of Penna Houston Guif Gas. Intercontinental Petroleum Kirby Petroleum Leonard Oil Develop't Lion Oil & Refining Lone Star Gas Corp Magdalena Syndicate Mexico-Ohio Oil Mexico Oil Corporation Mountain & Guif Oil Mountain Producers Nat Fuel Gas, new	23 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92	89 95 1034 11 1 134 6 2934 313 1 736 736 7 736 73 7 736 73 1 134 134 1 134 1	106 26,106 5,106 2,806 3,306 18,500 3,600 1,000 2,106 2,900 7,600 5,500 1,706 6,600 6,600	4% Jan 1% App 8% App 8% App 1 June 28% May 1% Jan 6% May 22 App 37 Jan 1% June 10% App 1% June 22% App 23% Ma 44% Ma	12¼ Apr 2 Mar 34¼ Feb 2¼ Jan 10¼ Feb 46¼ Mar 2¼ Jan 12½ Jan 12½ Jan 26¼ Jan 26¼ May	with warrants. Cuba Co 6% notes 192 Cuban Telephone 7 ½s 194 Cudahy Pack deb 5¾s 193 5e	1 111½ 7 -99½ 6 99½ 8	95½ 95¾ 197¾ 107¾ 100¾ 100¾ 100¾ 100¾ 97¾ 98¾ 883¾ 85⅓ 96 96⅓ 99 100¾ 99 89 99 89 99 96¾ 89 89	20,000 26,000 6,000	99½ Mar 97 Mar 83 Mar 96 May 99 May 96 May 85 Jan 93 June 97½ Jan	1001/4 Mar 1071/4 Mar 101 Apr 981/4 Apr 971/4 May 101 Mar 971/4 Mar 931/4 Feb 971/4 Mar 981/4 Mar
New Bradford Oil. New York Oil	26 11 26 10 25	7 73 18 18 18 5 19 20 200 200 4 16 63 6 64 63 18 203 19 20 19 20 19 20 44 43 43 44 43	1,900 4,000 100 6,800 8 3,406 8 100 4 1,500 1,000 8 1,000 9 1,000 3,800 9 2,200 9 1,400 2 2,300 1,400 1,100	9½ Ma 3c Jun 21½ Fel 5 Ma; 7 Jun 16 Ma; 15 Ap 20c Ap 20c Ap 15 Aa, 6 Ma; 27¼ Ap 15 Ap 16 Ap 17 Ap 18 Ap 18 Ap 18 Ap 18 Ap	13 June 2 23 May 4 9 May 5 9 May 6 13 May 7 12 Mar 13 Mar 15 Mar 15 Mar 17 27 Mar 17 32 Feb 17 32 Feb 18 3 June 18 23 Mar 18 32 Mar 18 32 Mar 18 32 Mar 18 33 Mar	Gair (Robert) Co 7s193 1st mtge 5½s194 Galena-Signal Oil 7s193 Galena-Signal Oil 7s193 Gatineau Power 5s195 6s194 Gen Amer Invest 5s195 General Petroleum 6s192 Georgia & Fla RR 6s A 194 Georgia Power ref 5s196 Goodyear T & R 5s192 Goodyear T&R 5s193 Guif Oil of Pa 5s193 Guif Oil of Pa 5s193 Guif States Utils 5s194 Guif States Utils 5s194 Hamburg Elec Co 7s195 Hood Rubb 5½s.0et 15195	77 107 97 20 33 963 11 1003 12 118 1003 16 953 17 963 18 992 11 993 11 1003 11	107 1073 4 90 97 973 4 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	2 12,000 4 12,000 4 12,000 4 12,000 168,000 8 31,000 50,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 150,000 135,000 135,000 135,000 135,000 14,000 14,000 2 20,000 14,000 2 30,000 2 30,000 3 30,000 4 39,000 4 39,000 4 39,000	10414 Jan 97 Apr 98 June 98 Jan 98 Jan 98 Jan 100 Feb 100 May 100 May 100 June 100 June	108½ Mar 97½ Mar 99½ June 114 May 101½ May 101½ May 101½ May 109% June 98 June 98 June 100½ Apr 100¾ Apr 100¾ Apr 100¾ Apr 100¾ Apr 100¾ Apr 100¾ Apr 100¾ Feb 98 May 100 May
Mining Stocks— Anier Com'l Min & Mill. American Exploration. Arisons Globe Copper. Beaver Consolidated. Bunker Hill & Sullivan. Calaveras Copper. Carnegie Metal. Consol Copper Mines. Cresson Consol G M & M Dolores Esperanza Corp. Engineer Gold Mines. Faicon Lead Mines. Faicon Lead Mines. First Thought Gold Ain Golden Centre Mines. Golden State Mining. 1 Goldfield Consol Mines. Hawthorne Mines, Inc. Heels Mining. 2 Hollinger Cons Gold Min Lucky Tiger Gold Mason Valley Mines. New Jersey Zine. 1 Newmont Mining Corp Nipissing Mines. Noranda Mines, Ltd. North Butte. Obio Copper.	1 500 1 10 97 1 10 97 1 10 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 50 88 2 2 88 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 3 1 4 1 1 50 88 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 3 1 3 1 4 1 5 1 5 1 6 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 8 1 8 1 9 1 9 1 1 9 1	4c	400 2,200 4,000 4,000 4,000 1,000 1,000 200 200 6,200,000 1,00	40c Ma 3c Ma 65c Ja 67% Fe 1 1	y 1½ Mar 8e Apr 11½ Mar 11½ Mar 11½ Mar 113½ Jan 13½ Jan 13½ Jan 13½ Jan 170c May 16c 5¼ Jan 170c May 16c 5¼ Jan 170c May 16c 5¼ Jan 170c May 16c 6¾ Apr 193½ Jan 193½ Mar 1	Int Pow Sec 7s ser E. 194 Int Rys Cent Am 6 1/2s. 194 Interstate Nat Gas 6s. 194 Without warrants Interstate Power 6s 195 Debenture 6s 196 Investment Bond & Sha Corp deb 5s with war 's Invest Equity 5s w war 's Isarco Hydr-El 7s 194 Jeddo-Highl'd Coal 6s. 194 Koppers G & C deb 5s. 194 Koppers G & C deb 5s. 194 Lehigh Pow Secur 6s 205 Leonard Tiets Inc 73-2s 's With stock purch warr's Without stk pur warran Libby, Men & Libby 7s'; Liggett Winchester 7s. 194 Lone Star Gas deb 5s. 195 Lone Star Gas deb 5s. 195 Lone Star Gas deb 5s. 195 Manifold Min & Smelth (Germany)7s with war's Without warrants Mass Gas Cos 5\forall 8s. 196 Meridionale Elec Co (Ital) Meridionale Elec Co (Ital)	57 94 1 96 36 98 98 17 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	4 94¾ 953 90¾ 91 100 1013 101 102 96¾ 983 100 1013 101 102 102 1023 96¾ 963 100 1003 101 100 1003 101 100 1003 101 101 102 103¾ 103 107¾ 1073 107¾ 1073 1074 1074 1074 107	4 9,000 81,000 4 129,000 4 129,000 4 13,000 4 13,000 4 13,000 4 13,000 4 13,000 4 10,000 4 10,000 4 10,000 4 10,000 4 10,000 4 10,000 4 10,000 4 10,000 4 10,000 4 10,000 4 10,000 4 10,000 4 10,000 4 10,000 4 7,000 4 7,000 5 7,000 6 1,000 6 1,000 6 1,000 6 1,000 6 1,000 6 1,000 6 1,000 6 1,000 6 1,000 6 1,000 6 1,000	0 93 May 0 90 June 0 96 June 0 101 May 0 101 May 0 96 June 0 101 May 0 96 June 0 101 May 0 96 June 0 96 June 0 103 May 0 98 June 0 103 May 0 98 June 0 103 May 0 98 June 0 104 June 0 105 June 0 105 June 0 106 June 0 107 Ap 0 98 June 0 108 June 0 108 June 0 108 June 0 108 June	y 97 Apr e 92½ Mar 102½ May e 98½ June e 101½ June y 102 May r 103 Jan 100½ May r 103 Jan r 94 Apr e 96½ June n 100½ May r 103½ June n 100½ May r 103½ June n 100½ June n 104½ June e 98½ June r 105½ Jan r 106½ Jan r 106½ Jan r 106½ Jan

9400	Friday		1	1	THE CHI				
Bonds (Continued)—	Last Sale Price.	Week's of Pri Low.		Sales for Week.	Rang		e Jan. 1	_	
Midwest Gas 78. A1936 Milwaukee G L 4½81967 Montana Power deb 5s1962 Montgomery Ward 5s.1946 Montreal L H & P 5s A '51 Morris & Co 7½81930 Narragansett Co col 5s 1957 Nat Dist Prod 6½81935 Nat Pow & Lt 6s A2026 Nat Pub Serv 6½81955 Netraska Power 6s2022 Nevada Cons 5s1941 Nithola Abarast Co 6s.2	98 ¼ 94 ¾ 97 ¾ 98 % 100 ½ 99 ¾ 103 100 ¼	103 1001/4	98¾ 101 99¾ 99¼ 100 105	10,000 19,000 185,000 63,000 36,000 24,000 17,000 40,000 34,000 1,000 3,000	97 ¼ 99 ¼ 95 98 ¼ 98 ¼ 97 ¼ 102 ½	Mar May Jan Jan May Mar May Feb June Jan June	99 ½ 101 ½ 104 ½ 100 ½ 100 103 102	Jan Apr May Mar May Mar Apr Jan June Mar May Jan	
Nichols & Shepard Co 6s'37 With stock purch warr'ts Nor States Pow 6 1/5 1933 6 1/5 % gold notes 1933 Ohio Power 5s ser B 1952 4 1/5 series D 1956 Ohio River Edison 5s 1951 Okla Natural Gas 6s 1931 Pathe Exch deb 7s 1937	103½ 116 103 97½ 91¾	103 9714 9114 99	119 103 98 % 91 % 99 % 105 97	9,000 393,000 3,000 28,000 53,000 12,000 51,000 3,000 13,000	98 110 102 1/4 97 1/4 89 1/4 97 99 95 1/4 100 1/6	Feb Apr Mar Feb Feb Jan Mar June	103 ¼ 99 ¾ 92 ¼ 100 105 ¼ 97 ¾	Apr June Mar Mar May Apr May Feb June	
Penn-Ohlo Edison 6s1950 Without warrants Penn Pow & Light 5s1952 5s series D	98%	98% 101 100% 104 1013	104%	33,000 15,000 17,000 60,000 14,000	95 14 99 99 14 102 14 99 14	Jan Jan Jan Feb Jan	105	May Mar May May	
Phila Sub-Countles G & E 1st & ret 4 \(\frac{1}{3} \)s	97% 98% 96% 103 103%	95 99¼ 97¼ 98¼ 96½	95 99 ¼ 99 ¾ 99 96 ½ 103 % 104	5,000 5,000 25,000 20,000 34,000 131,000 35,000 41,000 32,000	95 99 ¼ 97 ¾	May May June June Mar Mar May May June	95 1/4 99 1/4 102 1/6 100 97 103 1/4	May June Apr Mar Jan June June May Apr	
Rem'n Rand Inc 5 1/2s. 1947 with warrants	96 8814 6614 9814	66% 98% 99% 95 102% 102%	94 100 % 95 ½ 88 % 69 98 ½ 99 ½ 95 ½ 102 % 103 100 %	403,000 5,000 18,000 10,000 21,000 275,000 15,000 140,000 388,000 2,000 4,000 170,000	91% 97% 92% 85 63% 94% 99% 95 102% 101%	May Apr Jan Mar June Mar Apr June Jan Jan June	99 ¼ 100 % 96 ¼ 88 % 74 101 ¼ 99 ¼ 98 % 103 103 102 ¼	May Mar June Apr June May Feb Apr Mar May June May	
Southeast P & L 6s 2025 Without warrants 1951 Sou Calif Edison 5s 1951 Southern Gas Co 6 ½s . 1935 Sou Pac-Ore Line 4 ½s . 1977 So West'n G & E 5s A . 1957 Southwest'n P & L 6s . 2022 Stand Invest 5s with war '37 Stand Old f N Y 6 ½s . 1933	100 ¼ 99 % 101 ½	101 ½ 102 ½ 100 ½ 94 ¾ 102 ½	100 % 102 102 ½ 100 ¾ 94 ¾ 102 % 105	55,000 156,000 197,000 8,100 5,000 30,000 5,000 14,000 74,000	96 3 97 % 99 % 101 % 100 % 94 % 100 104 %	June Jan Jan Jan June May Jan Mar June	102 103	May Apr Jan Apr June Jan June May Feb	
## Reference of Hugo) Corp 7% notes Oct 1 '36 with warr 78 1946 with warrants. ## Reference of Hugo 1937	1001/4	100 100 90 9634 10034 9924 96 101 9834	100 ¼ 91 98 101 100 ¼ 96 ¾ 101	171,000 97,000 8,000 114,000 38,000 69,000 93,000 1,000 359,000	99 16 99 16 88 94 16 99 16 99 95 16 101 16 97 16	Jan Jan May May Jan Feb Apr Jan	101 100 ¼ 97 ¾ 103 ¼	Apr Mas Feb May June Mas Mas Jan June	
Co 61/48 with warr 1932 Pyrol Hydro-Elec 78 1952 Ulen & Co 61/48 1936 Union Pac RR 41/59 1967 United El Serv (Unes) 78'56 Without warrants United Industrial 61/48.1941 United Oil Prod 88 1931 U S Rubb 61/4% notes 1928 Serial 61/4% notes 1929 Serial 61/4% notes 1930 Serial 61/4% notes 1930 Serial 61/4% notes 1930	100%	97¼ 97 91½ 95¼ 75¾ 100½ 100¼ 100¼	9834 9735 101 9736 100 9234 9535 76 10034 10156	2,000 2,000 16,000 257,000 98,000 8,000 15,000 8,000 5,000 29,000 27,000 21,000	97 1/4 99 1/4 97 1/4 93 91 1/4 95 1/4 60 1/4 100 1/4	June Apr Jan May Jan June June June June June June June Jun		May Apr May Apr Apr Jan Har Feb Jan Jan	
Serial 6 1/4 % notes 1932 Serial 6 1/4 % notes 1933 Serial 6 1/4 % notes 1935 Serial 6 1/4 % notes 1935 Serial 6 1/4 % notes 1937 Serial 6 1/4 % notes 1938 Serial 6 1/4 % notes 1938 Serial 6 1/4 % notes 1938 Serial 6 1/4 % notes 1940 U S Smelt & Ref 5 1/4 s 1928 Warner Bros Pic 6 1/4 s 1928	100 ¼ 100 ¼ 100 ¼ 100 ¼ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½	100 ¼ 100 ¼ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½	102 102 ¼ 102 102 102 ¾ 102 ¾ 102 ½ 103 ¼ 103 ¼ 101 ½	16,000 33,000 35,000 19,000 46,000 32,000 14,000 39,000 25,000 29,000	100 ¼ 100 ¼ 110 ½ 100 ¾ 100 ¼ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 101 ¾	June June June June June June June June	103 1/4 103 1/4 103 1/4 103 1/4 103 103 104 104 1/4 104 1/4	Apr Apr June May Feb Jan Mar Mar Apr Feb	
Warner-Quinlan Co 6s.1942 Webster Mills 6½s	93 97 100 94 98 14	9912	99 93 12 98 100 95	5,000 23,000 104,000 38,000 88,000	99 9136 97	May Apr June Mar June	99 99 100 14 100 14	May Jan Jan Apr May	
Foreign Government and Municipalities Agricul Mtg Bk Rep of Co		97	9714	4,000	9614	Apr	99	Jan	
20-year sink fd 7s 1946 20-year 7s Jan 15 1946 Antioquia (Dépt of) Co 7s series C 1948 Baden (Germany) 7s 195	96%	96%	95%	4,000	9636	May	9716 9736	Mar Mar	
Bank of Prussia Land- owners Assn 6% notes '3 Brisbane (City) 5s195 Budapest (City) ext 6s 196 Buenos Aires(Prov) 7 198 '4 7s195	94%	92 9934 97	95 92 100 98	39,000 149,000 52,000 8,000 37,000 5,000	93% 92 97% 95%	Jan June June June Jan Jan	99 14 96 14 92 16 100 16 98 34	Mar Mar May Apr May	
78	94 95 95 97 9 93 9 99 100 9	94% 94% 97% 93% 98%	95 95% 97% 94% 99%	22,000 130,000 143,000 1,000 26,000 25,000 104,000	94 1/4 94 1/4 94 1/4 97 1/4 93 1/4 97 1/4 99 3/4	Jan	97 1/4 97 95 1/4 96 1/4 100 101 1/4	Feb Air May June Apr Mar Feb	
German Cons Munic 7s '4 Hamburg (State) Ger 6s '4 Hungarian Land Mtge Ins 7 1/2 series A196 Indus Mtge Rk of Finland	7 100 6 973	9934	9734	122.000 20,000 11,000	9934 9534 9834			Apr Jan Apr Mar	
1st mtge coll s f 7s_194 Medellin (Colombia) 8s '4 7s_195 Mendosa (Prov) Argentin 7 1/5s_195 Montevideo (City) 6s 195	1 933		97%	12,000 33,000 38,000	103 93 14	Jan Jan May	9914	Jan June Feb	
Mige Bk of Bogota 7s_194 Mige Bk of Chile 6s193 Mige Bk of Jugoslavia 7s'5	963	- 951	95%		9534	Apr	9514	Apr	

Former Standard Oil		Week's			Ran	ge Stne	ce Jan.	1.
(Concluded) Par.	Sale Price.		ices. High.	Week. Shares.	Lo	0.	Hig	h.
Neth'ds (Kingd) 6s B_1972	107 32	106 %	10714	20,000	106	Mar	109	Jan
New So Wales (State) 5s '57	93 1/8	93 14	94 12	130,000	9314	June	9636	Feb
External s f 5s 1958	94	9334	94 36	268,000	9314	June	96%	Apr
Pernambuco (State) Brazil					-			-
781947		9734	9734	39,000	97%	Apr	9936	Apr
Peru (Republic of) 7s. 1959	96%	965%	97	148,000	9534	May	9736	Mar
Prussia (Free State) 6 % s'51	9735	9734	9834	103,000	9734	June	10034	Feb
Rio Grande Do Sul (State)			-					
Brazil ext 7s1966	97	97	9734	134,000	9636	June	9834	Jun
Russian Govt 6 1/8 1919		121/4	123%	1,000	1216	Apr	15	Jan
614s certificates1919	12	12	1234	70,000	12	Apr	15	Jan
5 1/8 1921		1234	1236	1,000	1214	May	15	Jan
Santa Fe (City) Argentine								
Rep extl 7s1945	9436	9416	9436	85,000	9436	May	9536	May
Saxon State Mtge Inv 78'45	100 12	100 14	101	31,000	9936	Apr	10234	Feb
61681946		9734	99	19,000	9736	May	100	Jan
Serbs Croats & Slovenes								
(King) ext sec 7s ser B '62	921/9	9232	92 %	253,000	9234	Apr	9234	Apr
Switzerland Govt 51/4s 1929	101%	101%	102	22,000	101 1/6	Jan	102	May
Trondhjem (City) 5 1/81957	971/2	9714	97%	12,000	9714	June'	9814	June

*No par value. & Correction. I Listed on the Stock Exchange this week, where additional transactions will be found. m Sold under the rule. n Sold for cash. o New Stock. r Ex 33 1-3% stock dividends sold at 143% on Jan. 3 1927 with stock dividends on. s Option sale. t Ex rights and bonus. u Ex special dividend of 33% and regular dividend of 2%. s Ex cash and stock dividends. w When issued. s Ex dividend. y Ex-rights. s Ex stock dividend. Note.—Sales of Firestone Tire & Rubber 6% pref. stock reported in previous weeks was an error; should have been common stock.

New Yor	k Cit	ty Banks	and	Tru	st Companies	
Banks-N.Y. Bid	Ask	Banks.	Bid	Ask.	Trust Cos. Bid.	Ask
America 360	370	Harriman	665		New York.	
Amer Union* 215	225	Manhattan .	280	285	Am Ex Irv Tr. 373	377
Bowery East R 630	650	Mutual*	645		Bank of N Y	
Bronx Boro* 530	580	National City	550	553	& Trust Co.y650	656
Bronx Nat 505	520	New Neth'ds*	425	450	Bankers Trust 840	844
Bryant Park * 210	240	Park	552	557	Bronx Co Tr. 320	335
Capitol Nat 220	226	Penn Exch	167	175	Central Union 1130	1140
CentMerc.Bk.		Port Morris	375		County 325	340
& Trust Co. 310	316	Public	598	607	Empire 434	439
Central 150	158	Seaboard	835	845	Equitable Tr. 361	365
Chase z488	493	Seventh	180	190	Farm L & Tr. 630	640
Chath Phenix		Standard	815		Fidelity Trust 307	314
Nat Bk & Tr 452	454	State*	585	595	Fulton 490	510
Chelses Exch. 290	300	Trade*	225		Guaranty Tr. 480	483
Chemical 935	945	United	185	195	Interstate 235	243
Colonial* 1000		United States*	470	480	Lawyers Trust	
Commerce 482	485	Wash'n Hts*	700	900	Manufacturer 845	855
Com'nwealth 475	500	Yorktown	135	142	Murray Hill 222	230
Continental . 280		Brooklyn.			Mutual (West-	1
Corn Exch 580	585	Coney Island*	325	375	chester) 260	265
Cosmop'tan . 320	335	Dewey .	240		N Y Trust 646	654
Fifth Avenue 2250	2300	First	385	400	Terminal Tr. 195	205
First3250	3275	Mechanics'		350	Times Square. 149	153
Franklin 230	240	Montauk	425	475	Title Gu & Tr 717	725
Garfield 430	440	Municipal		345	U 8 Mtg & Tr. 475	485
Globe Exch 250		Nassau	350	375	United States 2150	2180
Grace 325		People's	750		Westchest'rTr 900	
Hamilton 107	215	- 00 pro 0	.50		Brooklyn.	
Hanover 1285	310	II.			Brooklyn 1005	
1100	.010	1			Kings Co 2250	2450
All prices doll ars p	er shar				Midwood 255	270

* Banks marked (*) are State banks. ! New stock. : Ex-div. : Ex-stock div.

Silk Men Protest Against Chinese Labor Rules Calling for Recognition of Unions, Minimum Wage and Better Conditions.

The following is from the New York "Times" of June 6:

A copy of the labor regulations for the Shanghai district issued by the moderate Chinese National Government at Nanking and opposed by the silk filature men, who have sent a protest to Nanking, has been received by the Silk Association of America from the Foreign Silk Association of Shanghai.

The protests were based on the fact that labor is of prime importance in the silk industry and that the new rules came at the busy season of the

the silk industry and that the new rules came at the busy season of the year. The regulations, as received here, are as follows:

1. Employers are to recognize labor unions as representative bodies created for the welfare and interests of the laborers, porvided such unions are registered with the local Government and the Kuomintang [Nationalist Party] headquarters.

2. A minimum wage scale is to be set, based on the current price-index of general commodities.

3. The wage scale is to be adjusted annually in conformity with fluctuations in the cost of living, as indicated by the price index of commodities.

4. Maximum hours of labor are to be fixed, based on the scale given in the constitution of Kuomintang, and with consideration for the actual requirements of old established and newly formed factories.

5. The system of contracting for labor through a foreman is to be abolished. In its place, factories are permitted to appoint labor superintendents.

5. The system of contracting for labor through a foreman is to be applished. In its place, factories are permitted to appoint labor superintendents.

6. Mill regulations and employment conditions are to be improved and a record of such regulations and conditions is to be filed at the Bureau of the Committee of Labor and appointed by the Government.

7. Usual wages are to be paid on Sundays and holidays; double wages for workmen employed on such days.

8. Workmen cannot be dismissed for having gone on strike.

9. Laborers must not be physically ill-treated by violence, nor can they be fined.

10. Laborers are to be insured and safety devices adopted.

11. Families of laborers killed in the performance of their duties are to be compensated according to a definite scale to be arranged.

12. Employers are responsible for the medical expenses of laborers invalided as a consequence of their work and shall pay at least half wages to them during illness.

13. Male and female laborers are to be treated equally, and the treatment of female and child labor is to be improved. Six weeks' absence on full pay is permitted to female laborers at childbirth. No heavy labor is to be given to children.

14. Sanitary conditions in factories must be improved; for example, there should be more windows, skylights, doors and improved lavatories.

15. Unemployed workers will be properly cared for through the cooperation of merchants, manufacturers and the Government.

The regulations were signed by General Chiang Kai-shek, head of the

The regulations were signed by General Chiang Kai-shek, head of the Government at Nanking and Commander-in-Chief of the Nanking Armies, according to the word received here

CURRENT NOTICES.

—Alfred Gordon Fahey is now associated with Goddard & Co., In c., in the sales department of their New York office.
—Schatzkin, Bernstein & Co. announce the removal of their offices to the twelfth floor of 60 Broad St., New York.
—An analysis of the Standard Oil stocks has been prepared for distribution to investors by F. J. Lisman & Co.
—Miward Crosby, formerly of Fitler & Crosby, has become associated with J. H. Hirshhorn & Co. of this city.
—Geo. Cabuis has joined the sales department of the New York firm of H. D. Williams & Co.
—Charles E. Denison has become associated with the Boston office of A. C. Allyn & Co.
—Lage & Co. have issued a special analysis of National Dairy Products Corporation.

Latest Gross Earnings by Weeks .- In the table which follows we complete our summary of the earnings for the fourth week of May:

Fourth Week of May.	1927.	1926.	Increase.	Decrease.
Duffele Deskarter & District	8 000	8	8	
Buffalo Rochester & Pittsburgh		531,369		108.360
Canadian National	7.321.875		*****	630,810
Canadian Pacific	4,577,000			198,000
Duluth South Shore & Atlantic. Georgia & Florida	132,103 45,100		965	3,177
Mineral Range	4.988			791
Minneapolis & St Louis	284,180			9,933
Mobile & Ohio	450.514			30.810
Nevada-California-Oregon	8.641			1.847
t Louis-Southwestern	651.500	586,923	64.577	
Southern Ry System	5.073.098		01,011	70.347
l'exas & Pacific	929,338		84:528	
Western Maryland	543,195	538,992	4,203	
Total (13 roads) Net decrease (4.22%)	20,444,541	21,344,342	154,273	1.054.075

For the first week of June only one road as yet has reported. The figures are as follows:

	1927.	1926.	Increase.	Decrease.
Buffalo Rochester & Pittsburgh	\$ 294,193	3 318,387	8	\$ 24,194

In the following we show the weekly earnings for a number of weeks past:

Week.	Current Year.	Previous Year.	Increase or Decrease.	%
st week Jan. (11 roads)	. 13.051.798	12.886.210	+165.498	1.28
d week Jan. (13 roads)		13.746.043	+294.828	2.14
d week Jan. (13 roads)		14.195.271	+124.534	0.87
th week Jan. (13 roads)	. 19,730,700	19.198.456	+532.244	2.77
st week Feb. (13 roads)	. 14.230.561	14.180.984	+49.577	0.34
d week Feb. (13 roads)	14.758.017	14.563.085	+194.932	1.3
d week Feb. (13 roads)	. 14.545.407	14.540.989	+4.418	0.0
th week Feb. (13 roads)	. 14,632,602	14.742.040	-109.438	0.7
st week Mar. (13 roads)	14.995,998	14,308,298	+687,700	4.8
d week Mar. (13 roads)	15.453.141	14.781.223	+671,918	4.5
3d week Mar. (13 roads)	. 15.190.382	14.973.426	+216.956	1.4
th week Mar. (13 roads)	22,052,923	22,226,451	-173.528	0.7
st week April (13 roads)	. 15.204.434	15.166.695	+37.739	1.0
d week April (13 roads)	- 14.742.573	14.402.687	+339.886	2.4
3d week April (13 roads)	14.590.611	14,241,283	+349,327	2.4
th week April (13 roads)	19.895.469	18,769,562	+1.125.906	6.0
st week May (13 roads)		14,306,734	+945.816	6.6
d week May (13 roads)		15.103.054	-230.776	1.5
3d week May (13 roads)		15,179,524	-627,007	4.1
th week May (13 roads)	20,444,541	21,344,342	-899.801	4.2

We also give the following comparisons of the monthly totals of railroad earnings, both gross and net (the net before the deduction of taxes), both being very comprehensive. They include all the Class A roads in the country, with a total mileage each month as stated in the footnote to the table.

Month	6	ross Barning	78.		Net Earnings.				
az Otpan	1926. 1925.		1925. Increaseor Decrease.		1925.	Increase or Decrease.			
	3	8		3	3				
March	528,905,183	485,236,559	+43,668,624	133.642,754	109,081,102	+24.561.652			
April	498,448,309	472,629,820	+25,818,489	114,685,151	102,920,855	+11.764.296			
			+28,515,298						
			+32.634.035						
July	555,471,276	521,596,191	+33,875,085	161,070,612	139,644,601	+21,435,011			
Aug.			+23.857.842						
Sept			+24,192,009						
			+18,043,581						
			+28,736,430						
		522,467,600				-15,267,349			
	1927.	1926.	, =,-10,012	1927.	1926.	20,201,020			
Jan		479,841,904	+6.119.441		102,281,496	-2.853.256			
	467.808.478			107.148,249		+7,748,28			
		529.467.282			134.064.291				

Note.—Percentage of increase or decrease in net for above months has been: 1926—April, 11.43% inc.; May, 13.89% inc.; June, 14.18% inc.; July, 15.35% inc.; Aug., 7.86% inc.; Sept., 8.46% inc.; Oct., 7.35% inc.; Nov., 6.79% inc.; Dec., 11.36% inc. 1927—Jan., 2.79% dec.; Feb., 7.80% inc.; Mar., 1.21% lnc. In April the length of road covered was 236.518 miles in 1926, against 236,526 miles in 1925; in May, 236.833 miles, against 236,858 miles; in June, 236.510 miles, against 236,243 miles; in July, 236.885 miles, against 235.348 miles; in Aug., 236.759 miles, against 236.092 miles; in Sept., 236,779 miles, against 235.377 miles; in Oct., 236,654 miles, against 236,898 miles; in Nov., 237,335 miles, against 236,369 miles; in Dec., 236,982 miles, against 236.373 miles. In 1927—Jan., 237,846 miles, against 236,898 miles, against 236,898 miles, against 236,890 miles, against 236,898 miles, against 236,898 miles, against 236,898 miles, against 236,898 miles in 1926; in Mar., 237,704 miles, against 236,948 miles in 1926.

Net Earnings Monthly to Latest Dates.—The table following shows the gross and net earnings for STEAM

ranroads	reported	tills we	OA.			
	—Gross from 1927.	1926.	-Net from 1927.	Railway— 1926.	-Net after 1927.	Taxes— 1926.
Chicago Rock	: Island & Gu	117-				
From Jan 1	- 626,999 - 2,548,365	452,167 1,921,951	180,437 $923,166$	42,285 354,947	154,028 187,256	24,20 282,49
				Total Net Income.	Fixed Charges.	Balance.
NYNHAB	lart (incl Cer	at New Eng	land)—			
April			1927.	2,445,202	1,766,874	678,32
4 month	s ended Apr	11 30	1927.	7,942,290	7,034,044	908,24

Electric Railway and Other Public Utility Net Earnings.—The following table gives the returns of ELECTRIC railway and other public utility gross and net earnings with charges and surplus reported this week:

Companies.		Gross Earnings.	Net after Taxes.	Fixed Charges.	Balance, Surplus.
Cities Service	Apr '2			241.730	2,409,412
Company 12 mos ended	Apr 30 '2	26 2,245,748 $27 28,604,881$	27,558,201		$\frac{1.945.314}{24.925.457}$
	15	26 20 835 048	20.016.169	2.508,000	17.508.168

Companies.		Gros: Earnin		Fixed Charges.	Balance, Surplus.
Engineers Public Apr Service Co & Subs 12 mos ended Apr 30	26	2,400,458 $2,098,121$ $27,689,528$ $24,322,677$	953,507 835,813 10,492,992 9,428,667	$\begin{array}{c} 273,883 \\ 260,395 \\ 3,209,744 \\ 3.012.612 \end{array}$	b679,624 b575,418 b7,283,248 b6,416,055
Federal Light & Apr & Traction 4 mos ended Apr 30		573,438 540,074 2,448,274 2,280,477	213,859 212,819 971,428 900,756	68,812 67,196 279,451 265,851	145,047 145,623 691,977 634,905
Idaho Power Apr Company 12 mos ended Apr 30	$^{27}_{26}$ $^{27}_{26}$	$\substack{ 229,781 \\ 230,342 \\ 2,892,629 \\ 2,868,129 }$	*132,145 *126,031 *1,599,288 *1,538,533	56,419 56,829 681,697 682,944	75,726 69,202 917,591 855,589
Company 4 mos ended Apr 30	'27 '26 '27 '26	16,473 19,031 77,374 78,008	*1,427 -1,764 *2,180 *j14,219	k3,912 k3,896 k15,661 k15,156	$ \begin{array}{r} -5,339 \\ -2,133 \\ -13,481 \\ -10,937 \end{array} $

* Includes other income. b After rentals. f Before taxes. k Includes

FINANCIAL REPORTS

Financial Reports.—An index to annual reports of steam railroads, public utility and miscellaneous companies which have been published during the preceding month will be given on the last Saturday of each month. This index will not include reports in the issue of the "Chronicle" in which it is published. The latest index will be found in the issue of June 4. The next will appear in that of June 25.

Utilities Power & Light Corp. (& Sub. Cos.).

(Annual Report-Year Ended Dec. 31 1926.)

President Harley L. Clarke reports in substance:

President Harley L. Clarke reports in substance:

Company is a holding company owning 100% of the common stock of all its subsidiary companies, which in turn, with but four exceptions, on Dec. 31 1926 owned all the common stock of their respective subsidiary companies. These exceptions have since been reduced to three, through the acquisition of all the remaining outstanding common stock of one company. The equity thus acquired since the first of the year represents 96.48% of the total number of shares of the minority interest shown on the accompanying balance sheets, and 99.02% of the minority interest in the surplus, so that the outstanding minority interest is now but nominal. This complete ownership of the common stock insures unified control of all the properties, stability of financial structure, and co-ordinated and consistent operating plans and policies.

During the years 1925 and 1926 company, through one of its subsidiary companies, interstate Power Co., acquired a large number of properties, each with several issues of outstanding securities with high rates of interest or dividends. In order to simplify the corporate and financial structure of these companies, plans for refinancing were made in Dec. 1926 and they have since been put into effect.

Growth.—Company's income has increased rapidly, partly because of the growth of the territories served, partly because of the acquisition of desirable new properties, and partly because of efficient and constructive management. The growth is shown in the following statement:

Statement of Earnings and Assets.

Statement of Earns	ings and A	ssets.	
Gross operating revenue	1924.	1925.	\$14,515,690 380,818
Gross revenue Net earnings after operating expenses,	\$5,334,542	*\$7,630,895	\$14,896,508
maintenance and taxes	2,928,463	3.725.937	7,329,429

maintenance and taxes. 2,928,463 3,725,937 7,329,429
Total assets. 35,920,308 51,513,452 122,067,146
* Includes some non-operating income of the holding company.

Territory Served.—The subsidiary and controlled companies serve consumers of electricity, gas, steam heat and water in 410 cities and towns, located in 12 States. Company's subsidiaries serve some of the best agricultural, commercial and industrial regions of the United States, and therefore their earnings will not be seriously affected by unfavorable conditions in a single locality.

Of the gross earnings, 82.4% came from the sale of electric light and power, 9.3% from the sale of gas and 8.3% from other sources.

Facilities.—The companies on Dec. 31 1926 had in operation 30 steam generating plants, 14 hydro-electric generating plants, 8 gas plants, 5 pumping stations, 3,089 miles of high-tension transmission lines, and 2 electric railway and motor bus systems. There were on this date 180,988 electric customers, 26,780 gas customers, 2,682 water customers and 446 heating customers.

customers. Financing.—For the purpose of securing additional capital, company sold during the year 36,000 shares of its preferred stock, 48,068 shares of its class B stock and 76,520 shares of its class B stock. Of these sales, 27,668 ½ shares of class A stock and 55,606 ½ shares of class B stock were taken by the holders of these respective classes of stock in partial payment of dividends during the year. The proceeds from the sale of these securities and a portion of the surplus earnings were used in the purchase of stocks of subsidiary companies and for working capital.

The securities of subsidiary companies sold during the year are as follows:

Bonds—

 Bonds—
 \$3,750,000

 Interstate Power Co. (Del.), 1st mtge. 6s, 1944
 \$3,750,000

 Indianapolis Power & Light Corp. coll. trust 6% bonds, 1936
 10,000,000

 Eastern New Jersey Power Co. 1st M. 5½s, 1949
 1,350,000

 Colonial Gas & Electric Co. 3-yr. 5½% notes, 1929
 2,000,000

 Derby Gas & Elec. Corp. 1st lien 5s, 1946
 5,500,000

...\$22,600,000 Total

Preferred Stocks—
Interstate Power Co. (Del.) \$7 div. cumul. (no par)

Eastern New Jersey Power Co. 7% cumul. (par \$100)

Derby Gas & Elec. Corp. \$7 div. cumul. (no par)

Indianapolis Power & Light Corp. 1st \$7 div. cumul. (no par)

Indianapolis Power & Light Corp. 2d \$7 div. cumul. (no par)

The increase in income accruing to company re Shares. 18,500 4,000 15,000 40,000

RESULTS FOR YEAR ENDED DEC. 31 1926. [Including subsidiary and controlled companies.] Gross oper. revenue, \$14,515,690; non-oper. rev., \$380,818\$	314,896,508
Operating expense, \$5,561,723; maintenance, \$1,283,014; taxes (exclusive of Federal income tax), \$722,341	7,567,079
Net earnings Int. on funded debt, \$2,375,182; int. on unfunded debt, rentals, &c., \$35,978; amort. debt discount & expense, \$298,283; other	\$7,329,429
charges and 2% normal tax, \$63,751	2,773,194
Net income	\$4,556,235 964,543
Net income, before other deductions	\$3,591,692 533,553 386,913 389,393
Net income of oper. cos. before deprec. & Fed. income tax Other net earnings of Utilities Power & Light Corp.: Profit on construction for outside companies Interests, discount, &c. Engineering fees and miscellaneous	\$2,281,833 148,511 37,274 811,989
Total net earningsyDepreciation Provision for Federal income tax, 1926	\$3,279,608 758,322 373,371
Net income of U. P. & L. Corp. and earnings accruing to common stocks owned by it	\$2,147,916 498,277 569,033 565,853
Balance, surplus x After allowing for proportionate part of provision for depreed federal income tax. y Deductions for depreciation have been full year on all properties in accordance with the renewals and rerequirements of all bond indentures of the subsid. & controlled companies for the entire year; but, in deriving the redeductions are made so as to reflect net earnings accruing to the stocks of the subsidiary and controlled companies only for the pthe respective dates of their acquisition.	made for a placements mpanies. sidiary and net income, he common

CONSOLIDATED	BALAN	CE SHEET DEC. 31 1926	5.
Assets-		LAabilities—	
Property, plant & equipm't_\$16	03.863.503	7% preferred stock	\$8,747,000
Sinking funds	79,423		
Special deposits	443,627		
Investments		Pref. stock of subsid. cos	
Cash	2.642.044		
Marketable securities	2,097,951	Funded debt	149,692,600
Notes receivable	131,264	Note payable (Minn. Elec.	
Accounts receivable	2,614,270	Distrib. Co.)	e2,000,000
Due from empl. on stk. subs.	400,000	Mortgage payable	1,860
Inventory	1,817,126	Contr. pay. for pur. of prop.	207,278
Cash surr. val. on policies on		Accrued int. & divs	144,349
lives of officers	60,643	Notes payable	2,252,401
Interstate Power Co. pref.		Accounts payable	1,529,081
stock (held for exchange)	101,300		307.798
Due from affil. companies	80,402		1,285,995
Deferred assets		Dividends accrued (not due)	98,294
Unamort. debt. disct. & exp.		Divs. pay. in class A stock &	
Unamort. stock disc. & exp	1,328,702		411,813
Prepayments & other items	436,045		603,829
		Deferred liabilities	638,188
		Interstate Power Co. pref.	101 000
		stock (held for exchange)	101,300
		Reserve for depreciation, re-	0.051.040
		newals & maintenance	9,851,646
		Res. for Federal income tax	580,009
		Res. for conting. & other	593,513
		Surplus applie, to stock of	
		U. P. & L. Corp Surplus applicable to minor-	6,806,267
		ity stocks of subsidiaries.	
		The second of majorana icos s	10001010

Total...\$122,067,146 | Total...\$122,067,146 a Represented by 295,764 shares (no par) and scrip representing 839 shares (\$16,772). b Represented by 412,649 shares (no par) and scrip representing 528 shares (\$5,282). c There is included in the common stock in the hands of the public 12,079 shares of common stock of the Indianapolis Light & Heat Co. at a par value of \$1,207,090, which has an interest amounting to \$7,267,770 in the surplus applicable to minority stock holdings. The Utilities Power & Light Corp. held an option at Dec. 31 1926 to purchase this stock and the stock was acquired under date of Jan. 28 1927. d Funded debt of subsidiary companies in hands of the public, since funded by Interstate Power Co.—V. 124, p. 3211.

----\$122,067,146 Total----

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

STEAM RAILROADS.

Strike on Canadian Pacific RR. Is Averted by New Agreement.—Wage dispute threatened to become serious when 5,000 employees took strike vote. Board appointed by (Canadian) Labor Department made report which was not acceptable to the company. Through efforts of Minister of Labor, basis of agreement was reached. "Journal of Commerce," June 8.

Matters Covered in "Chronicle" June 4.—(a) Examiners' report recommends denial of request to consolidate units of New York Central System; says plan is not in public interest—p. 3271. (b) Revenue car loading still running above one million cars per week—p. 3276. (c) Rates on bituminous coal from Pittsburgh district to Lake Erie ports reduced 20 cents a ton by Inter-State Commerce Commission—p. 3304.

Baltimore & Ohio RR.—To Offer \$67,985,687 Common Stock at \$107.50—To Retire \$35,000,000 Bonds.—The company announced June 9 that it has determined, subject to the approval of the I.-S. C. Commission, to issue and sell 632,425 additional shares of its common stock. Holders of preferred and common stock of record June 20 will be given preferred and common stock of record June 20, will be given the right to subscribe on or before July 21 at \$107.50 per

the right to subscribe on or before July 21 at \$107.50 per share for a number of shares of such additional common stock equal to 30% of their holdings. E. M. Devereux, in a circular to the stockholders, says:

Warrants will be issued to each stockholder as soon as possible after June 20, specifying the amount of stock in respect of which such stockholder is entitled to a subscription privilege. For each fraction of a share to which a stockholder is entitled to subscribe, a fractional warrant will be issued. Subscriptions may be made only on warrants entitling the holder to subscribe as hereinafter stated for full shares. No subscriptions may be made on a fractional warrant or warrants, but if fractional warrants are surrendered on or before July 21, at the office of the company, 2 Wall St., N. Y. City, with other fractional warrants aggregating in amountt at least one full share, a subscription warrant for an even share or shares will be issued in exchange, and if the surrendered fractional warrants or warrants will be issued for such fraction. Fractional warrants desired by stockholders to complete full shares, or fractional warrants which the stockholders desire to dispose of, must be bought or sold in the market, as the company will not sell or purchase such fractions. After July 21 1927, all fractional warrants will be void and of no effect.

On the back of the subscription warrants will be two forms. In case it is desired to subscribe, the first form is to be filled out and signed by the stockholders or by their assigns, but in case it is desired to dispose of the subscription privilege, the second form, which is an assignment, is to be filled out and signed by the stockholders.

Where a subscription warrant authorizes a subscription to two or more shares of stock, stockholders who may wish to subscribe for a portion of the shares covered by the warrant and to dispose of the balance, or who may wish to dispose of a portion of the shares covered by the warrant to one person and the balance to another, should deliver their subscription warrants on or before July 21 to the company to be exchanged for other subscription warrants, specifying in writing the number of warrants desired in exchange and the number of shares to be covered by each. In no case, however, on any such exchange will a fractional warrant be issued.

The \$107.50, payable in New York funds as follows:

Either \$106.83 on or before July 21 (which is the full subscription price less a deduction of interest on the par value at the rate of 6% per annum from July 21 to Spet. 1). Full paid transferable receipts will be issued upon such payment, exchangeable for certificates for common stock as promptly as possible thereafter. Such new common stock will be entitled to participate in all dividends payable after Sept. 1.

**Or \$32.25 on or before July 21: and \$74.60 on Dec. 1 (which is the balance of the full subscription price less a deduction of interest on 30% of the par value at the rate of 6% per annum from July 21 to Dec. 1). Part paid transferable receipts will be issued upon payment of the first installment which must be surrendered for cancellation on payment of the second installment, at which time full paid transferable receipts will be issued upon payment of the first installment which must be surrendered for cancellation on payment of the second cerchangeable receipts will be such upon a surplus and the payable and th

The subscription by shareholders has been underwritten by Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Speyer & Co. and the National City Co.—V. 124, p. 2901, 2116.

Blytheville Leachville & Arkansas Southern RR.—
The I.-S. C. Commission has placed a final valuation of \$357,215 on the owned and used property of the company, as of June 30 1917.

Canadian National Rys. -Bonds Offered. -An issue of \$65,000,000 30-yr. 4½% gold bonds, unconditionally guaranteed principal and interest by the Dominion of Canada, was offered yesterday by a banking syndicate headed by Blair & Co., Inc., Chase Securities Corp. of New York, Equitable Trust Co. and First National Corporation of Boston. The bonds were offered at 98½ and int., to yield about 4.60

about 4.60%.

Associated with the above banking group in offering the issue are: E. H. Rollins & Sons, the Shawmut Corp., the Atlantic-Merrill Oldham Corp., Boston, the Marine Trust Co., Buffalo, Continental & Commerical Co., Illinois Merchants Trust Co., First Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago, the Cleveland Trust Co., Mitchell Hutchins & Co., Guardian Detroit Co., Minneapolis, Wells-Dickey Co., Minneapolis Trust Co., Mississippi Valley Trust Co., First Wisconsin Co., Fletcher American Co., Bank of Italy National Trust & Savings Association, American National Co., San Francisco, Citizens National Co., Los Angeles, R. A. Daly & Co., the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Hanson Bros., McLeod, Young, Weir & Co., Ltd., Bank of Nova Scotia, Matthews & Co., Ltd. Greenshields & Co., Banque Canadienne Nationale, Royal Securities Corp., Ltd., Imperial Bank of Canada and the Dominion Bank.

These bonds are dated July 1 1927; due July 1 1957. Interest payable J. & J.. Principal and interest payable in United States gold in N. Y. City, or, at the option of the holder, in lawful money of the Dominion of \$1,000 c*. Authorized Issue, \$55,000,000. Chase National Bank, New York, and G. A. Kinney, trustees.

The purpose of this issue is to provide funds to meet capital and other expenditures incurred or to be incurred under budgets of the Canadian National Rys. for the years 1926 and 1927; for the refunding of \$20,000,000 3-year notes maturing July 1 1927; and for branch line and terminal construction.

All the capital stock of the Canadian National Railway is owned by the

struction.

All the capital stock of the Canadian National Railway is owned by the Government of the Dominion of Canada, which unconditionally guarantees the principal and interest of these bonds.

It is expected that application will be made to list these bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.—V. 124, p. 3202, 2583, 2579, 105.

It is expected that application will be made to list these bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.—V. 124, p. 3202, 2583, 2579, 105.

Carolina Southern Ry.—Securities.—

The I.-S. C. Commission on May 27 authorized the company to issue (1) \$100,000 common stock, par \$100; (2) \$50,000 of preferred stock, par \$100; and (3) not exceeding \$65,000 of promissory notes bearing interest at the rate of 6% per annum and to mature within one year from date.

The company was organized for the purpose of acquiring and operating a narrow-gauge railroad extending from a connection with the Atlantic Coast Line RR. at Ahoskie southerly to Windsor, a distance of 22.55 miles, in Hertford and Bertie counties, No. Car., and by certificate issued Mar. 31 1927 was authorized to operate this railroad in inter-State and foreign commerce. The railroad was formerly owned and operated by the Wellington & Powellsville RR., the property of which was sold under decree of foreclosure of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina to William C. Everett on Feb. 16 1926 for \$55,700. The sale was confirmed on Mar. 51 1926 and an assignment and conveyance of the property and franchises of the old company were made on Mar. 10 1926 to Kenneth B. Coulter and S. Wade Marr, who caused the company to be incorporated, and conveyed to it the property and franchises of the old company.

The company has an authorized capital stock of \$500,000, of which \$250,000 is common stock and \$250,000 non-cumulative pref. stock.

The company represents that it can not serve the public adequately or earn a net income from its railroad if it is continued in operation as a narrow gauge road, and has therefore determined to convert it to standard gauge, substituting for existing rails relay rails of a weight not less than 56 pounds, and purchasing certain equipment suitable for operating the railroad after the proposed changes are made. In order to provide in part the funds required for reconstruction and equipment, Windsor Township, in

one-year promissory note for \$65,000, bearing interest at the rate of 6% from date. The note is to be endorsed personally by the vendors, and as additional security Windsor Township proposes to deposit with the bank the proceeds from the sale of its bonds. Upon completion of the work of reconstruction, the amount of the deposit will be credited on the note and certificates for \$50,000 of preferred stock, to be deposited in escrow with the bank, will be delivered to the township.—V. 124, p. 2583.

Chesapeake Corp.—Listing.—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of temporary certificates for 900,000 shares of common stock without par value, with authority to admit permanent engraved certificates for common stock, upon official notice of issuance in exchange for temporary certificates for

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of temporary certificates for 900,000 shares of common stock without par value, with authority to admit permanent engraved certificates for common stock, upon official notice of issuance in exchange for temporary certificates for common stock, upon official notice of issuance in exchange for temporary certificates for Company was incorporated in Maryland on May 5 1927, as Chesapeake Securities Corp. and under date of May 9 1927, an amended certificate of morporation was filled chanking the name of the company to the Chesapeake Corp. and increasing the authorized capital stock to 900,000 shares of common stock without par value. The duration of the corporate existence is formal proposed to the Salway of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Under the common stock of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Under the common stock of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Under the common stock of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Under the company's original certificate of incorporation filled May 5 the total number of authorized shares was 382,500 shares of common stock was issued or subscribed. an amended on May 9 1927 and before any stock was issued or subscribed. an amended on May 9 1927 and before any stock was issued or subscribed. an amended of 900,000 shares of common stock was issued or volk of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis RR. the company on May 10 1927, agreed to issue 589 shares of its common stock to the New York, Chicago & St. Louis RR. and 516,911 shares of its common stock to the common stock to the New York Chicago & St. Louis RR. held. The above stock of the company was agreed to be issued in consideration of the company receiving the entire outstanding capital stock of the Special Investment Corp. which owned 345,900 shares of common stock of Chesapeake & Ohio Rry subject to an indebtodness of 867.50 per share as of 500 per share as of 175 shares which has accrued from April 1 1927 to June 1 1927 and further, subject to the indebtodness is paid. After the company

Assets—	
Cash: Bal. of proceeds from sale of bonds not otherwise applie Investments: 600,000 shs. of the common stock of the Ches peake & Ohio Ry. at \$174.75 per sh., the lowest quoted sa	a- le
price on May 10 1927—(pledged as security to convertibe collateral trust bonds)	
Total	\$107,790,000
20-Yr. 5% conv. coll. trust bonds, dated May 15 1927 Capital stock—900,000 shares without par value, declare	\$48,000,000
value \$60 per share Capital surplus	54,000.000

Chicago Indianapolis & Louisville Ry.—Bonds Offered.
—Harris, Forbes & Co. and Potter & Co. are offering at 103 and int. to yield about 4.85% \$650,000 1st and gen. mtge. 5% gold bonds, series A, non-redeemable. Dated May 1 1916; due May 1 1966.

May 1 1916; due May 1 1966.

Listing.—Previous issues listed on the New York Stock Exchange and application will be made to list these bonds.

Company.—Operates a direct main short line from Chicago to Indianapolis and to Louisville with another main line to Michigan City. It serves a rich agricultural territory and reaches over its own lines extensive coal fields and large areas of high grade Indiana limestone from which it receives a heavy tonnage. It enjoys a larger passenger business between Chicago and Indianapolis than all competing lines and does a profitable business between Chicago and French Lick Springs.

The Louisville & Nashville RR. and the Southern Ry. have since 1902 jointly controlled the "Monon" through ownership of a substantial majority of its capital stock. The "Monon" furnishes these roads with a direct connection to Chicago and exchange a valuable tennage with these companies.

panies.

Security.—Bonds are secured on the entire property of the company subject to \$16,903,000 closed prior lien bonds. This property, in addition to 618 miles of main track, includes valuable ownership interests in terminal facilities in Chicago, Louisville and Indianapolis, the Kentucky and Indiana double track bridge over the Ohio, and the equipment owned by

Earnings For Calendar Years.

	Gross Oper. Revenue.	Applicable to Int. Charges.	Interest on Funded Debt.	Surplus
1922	\$16,031,586	\$1,917,549	\$1,197,289	\$720,260
1923	17,923,547	2,480,786	1,214,280	1.266.506
1924	. 17,044,000	2,269,823	1,255,011	1,014,812
1925		2,930,128	1,300,691	1,629,437
1926		3.051,772	1,350,266	1,701,506
Bond Issue.—Aut				
\$8,911,000 bonds ou	tstanding in t	he hands of th	e public. Of t	the unissued

bonds \$16,172,000 are reserved to retire underlying liens and the balance may be issued for only 80% of the cash cost of additions, improvements and acquisitions. Capital Stock.—Bonds are followed by \$5,000,000 preferred stock and \$10,500,000 common stock on which regular dividends are being paid at the rates of 4% and 5% per annum respectively. In addition 2% extra was paid on the common during 1926. Regular dividends on the preferred stock have been paid without interruption since 1901.

Declares Extra Dividend of 1% on Common Stock.—The directors on June 9 declared an extra dividend of 1% on the common stock and the regular semi-annual dividends of 2½% on the common and of 2% on the pref. stock, all payable July 11 to holders of record June 25. Like amounts were paid on July 10 1926 and on Jan. 10 last. (For record of dividends paid on the common stock since 1906, see our "Railway and Industrial Compendium" of May 28 1927, page 37.)—V. 124, p. 3347.

Chicago Rock Island & Pacific Ry.—Acquisition of Line. The I.-S. C. Commission on May 27 issued a certificate authorizing the company to acquire 12.34 miles of railroad, now operated by it under lease from the Minneapolis & St. Louis Ry., in Freeborn County, Minn.

The company has awarded to a syndicate headed by Bankers Trust Co. 88.515,000 equipment trust 4½% certificates at 98.857. The group comprises Union Trust Co., Pittsburgh, Brown Bros. & Co., Kissel Kinnicutt & Co., Evans, Stillman & Co. and Harrison, Smith & Co. It is expected that the issue will be resold to the public in the near future.—V. 124, p. 3202.

Chicago Short Line Ry.—Final Valuation.—
The I.-S. C. Commission has placed a final valuation of \$468,000 on the owned and used property of the company as of June 30 1919.—V. 80, p. 711.

Copper Range RR.—Final Valuation.—
The I.-S. C. Commission has placed a final valuation of \$4,665,180 en
the owned and used properties of the company as of June 30 1916.—V. 114.
2359.

Detroit & Ironton RR.—Proposed Consolidation of Rail-road Properties Denied.—The I.-S. C. Commission dismissed the application of the Detroit & Ironton RR. for authority to acquire all railroad properties, franchises, and assets (except the franchise to be a corporation, and certain cash) of the Detroit, Toledo & Ironton RR., including the properties of the Toledo-Detroit RR., the Commission having found the proposed acquisition did not fall within the purview of paragraph (18) of Section 1 of the Inter-State Commerce Act. merce Act.

The proposed acquisition by the Detroit & Ironton RR. of control of the Detroit Toledo & Ironton RR. and the Toledo-Detroit RR., by purchase of stock and other securities and by purchase of all railroad properties, franchises, and assets (except the franchise to be a corporation, and certain cash), found to involve consolidation of such carriers into a single system for ownership and operation within the meaning of paragraph (2) of Section 5 of the Inter-State Commerce Act, the application was likewise dismissed.

The application by the Detroit & Ironton RR. and the Detroit Toledo & Ironton RR. for authority under paragraph (6) of Section 5 of the Inter-State Commerce Act to consolidate their properties, including properties of the Toledo-Detroit RR., into one corporation for ownership, management and operation, found to be prematurely filed was accordingly dismissed.

dismissed.

The proposed issue of \$23,294,300 of capital stock, and proposed assumption of obligation and liability in respect of securities of the Detroit Toledo & Ironton RR. and the Toledo-Detroit RR., not found to be necessary or appropriate, or compatible with the public interest, the application was denied.

sary or appropriate, or compatible with the public interest, the application was denied.

The report of the Commission says in part:
Exceptions were filed to the report proposed by the examiner and the cases were argued orally.

The Detroit & Ironton RR., a corporation organized for the purpose of engaging in transportation by railroad subject to the Inter-State Commerce Act, hereinafter called the D. & I., and the Detroit Toledo & Ironton RR., a common carrier by railroad engaged in inter-State commerce, hereinafter called the Ironton, on April 30 1925, filed a joint application (a) under paragraph (18) of Section 1 of the act, for a certificate that present and future public convenience and necessity require the acquisition and operation by the D. & I. of the lines of railroad of the Ironton, including the line of the Toledo-Detroit RR., hereinafter referred to as the Toledo, a subsidiary of the Ironton, or, if that part of the application be denied, (b) for authority under paragraph (6) of Section 5 of the act, to consolidate the properties of the D. & I. and the Ironton, including the properties of the Toledo, for ownership, management and operation. This application is recorded in Finance Docket No. 4807. On Oct. 26 1925 the D. & I. filed an application, recorded in Finance Docket No. 5149, for authority under paragraph (2) of Section 5 of the act to acquire control of the Ironton by purchase of stock and by purchase of all the properties, franchises, and assets of the Ironton, excepting only certain cash. By a third application, recorded in Finance Docket No. 5150, the D. & I. asked authority under Section 20a of the act (a) to issue \$12,308,800 of common stock, (b) to assume obligation and liability in respect of certain outstanding securities of the Ironton.

A joint hearing upon the three applications was held at Washington,

issue \$10.985,500 of series C, 5% first mortgage gold bonds, and (c) to assume obligation and liability in respect of certain outstanding securities of the Ironton.

A joint hearing upon the three applications was held at Washington, D. C., on Feb. 18, 19 and 20, and March 5 1926. At the hearing the applicants filed amendments to the applications recorded in Finance Docket Nos. 5149 and 5150. As amended, the application in Finance Docket Nos. 5150 is for authority (a) to issue \$23.294,300 of common stock, instead of \$12,308,800 of such stock and \$10,985,500 of bonds, and (b) to assume obligation and liability as originally proposed. The amendment in Finance Docket No. 5149 was made to give effect to the changes in the financial plan, there being no change in the prayer.

Leave to intervene and be treated as parties to these proceedings was granted at the hearing to certain stockholders of the Ironton. Protest has been made by another stockholder of the Ironton against the proposed sale of the properties of that company to the D. & I.

The expression "Ford interests" is adopted from the record and has reference in the report, as in the record, to Henry Ford, of Dearborn, Mich., and the members of his immediate family, Clara J. Ford and Edsel B. Ford. The Ironton is a Delaware corporation which operates a through line of railroad extending from Detroit, Wayne County, Mich., generally southward through Trenton, Flat Rock, Durban, Dundee, and Tecumseh, Mich., and Malinta, Springfield, Jeffersonville, Jackson, Bloom, and Lisman, Ohlo, to Ironton, Lawrence County, Ohlo, on the Ohlo River. This line crosses all of the main east-and-west trunk lines in the territory between the Great Lakes and the Ohlo River. Branches from the main line operated by the Ironton extend southwestward from Jeffersonville to Sedalia, Madison County, north and east from Jackson to Cornella, Vinton County, and northward from Lisman to Bartles, Lawrence County, all in the State of Ohlo.

Of the through route operated by it, the Ironton owns th

and northward from Lisman to Barties, Lawrence County, an in the State of Ohio.

Of the through route operated by it, the Ironton owns the portions of line between Detroit and Dundee, between Tecumseh and Jackson, and between Bloom and Ironton. From Dundee to Tecumseh, the Ironton operates under trackage rights over a line of the New York Central and from Jackson to Bloom, under trackage rights over a line of the Baltimore & Ohio. The Ironton also has trackage rights over a line of the Baltimore & Ohio from Bloom to Sciotoville and Portsmouth, Scioto County, Ohio. Owned mileage, main line and branch, aggregates about 416 miles, and approximately 45 miles are operated under trackage rights. Portsmouth is on the Ohio River, about 30 miles west of Ironton and approximately 115 miles east of Cincinnati. Neither Cincinnati nor Columbus is directly reached by the Ironton.

The Toledo was organized in 1911 under the laws of Michigan, for a term of 30 years, expiring Sept. 15 1941. The line of this company extends

from a connection with the Ironton's line at Dundee, Mich., in a general southeasterly direction through Petersburg, St. Anthonys, and Fortuna, Mich., to the city of Toledo, Ohio, a distance of 22.23 miles. It appears that the outstanding capital stock of the Toledo was acquired by the Ironton in May 1916, and that since that date the line of the Toledo has been operated by the Ironton.

On March 31 1925 the Ironton had outstanding \$6,500,000 of common stock; \$5,989,948 of preferred stock; \$2,569,000 of 1st mtge. 50-year 5% gold bonds, due March 1 1964, hereinafter called first 5s. and \$7,630,981 of adjustment mtge. 40-year 5% gold bonds, due March 1 1954, hereinafter called adjustment 5s. The two classes of stock are on a parity as to voting rights. The first 5s are redeemable at 105 and accrued interest. Until July 1 1953 the obligation to pay interest on the adjustment 5s was contingent, but such interest was cumulative after Dec. 31 1918, and, until paid, registered holders of the bonds were to have the right to vote at meetings of the stockholders of the Ironton.

Provision was made in the Ironton's first mortgage of March 5 1914 for the immediate issue of \$1,000.000 of first 5s for rehabilitation and for the satisfaction of liens upon equipment. By Section 2 of Article 1st of the mortgage, \$1,000.000 of bonds were reserved to be issued in amounts not exceeding \$250.000 in any calendar year, to provide additions and betterments, &c., or to reimburse the Ironton for expenditures made therefor. Section 3 provides for the issue of bonds for constructing or acquiring additional lines of railroad, terminal facilities, and additions, extensions, or branches, for the substantial relocation of any one or more portions of the lines of railroad of the Ironton, and for reimbursement of the Ironton had outstanding on March 31 1925, \$13,000 of equipment gold notes, \$125,000 of equipment gold notes, series B, \$563,000 of equipment gold notes, series of 1924, \$187,500 of equipment notes to the Chief of Engineers, U. S. A

bonds of the Toledo, that the D. & I. proposes to assume obligation and liability.

In the summer of 1920 the Ford interests purchased stock of the Ironton at prices of \$1 per share for common and \$5 per share for preferred. It is stated that mortgage bonds (apparently 1st 5s) were purchased on a basis of 60. Other 1st 5s were purchased at private sales at about 78, and various prices were paid for additional common stock, preferred stock, and adjustment 5s, purchased from various individuals. It appears that control of the Ironton had been acquired by the Ford interests by Jan. 1 1921. There is testimony to the effect that all 1st 5s since issued have uniformly been absorbed by those interests. The exact amount of 1st 5s held by the Ford interests is not apparent in the record, but it does appear that they own an aggregate amount of these bonds in excess of \$1.048,000.

The amounts and relative proportions of the Ironton's securities having voting rights, absolute or contingent, eventually acquired by the Ford interests and held by them, together with the amounts and relative proportions of minority holdings, as of March 31 1925, may be summarized as follows:

Total ——Ford Interests——Minority Holdings—**

leasing, or otherwise acquiring, and operating lines of railroad outside of Delaware.

In proceedings before us on applications duly filed by the D. & I., a certificate of public convenience and necessity was issued on May 13 1921. Finance Docket No. 24, authorizing construction by that company of a proposed line of railroad approximately 15 miles in length, to extend southward from Springwells, or Fordson, to a connection with the line of the Ironton near Trenton, or Flat Rock, two stations on that line not far apart, and on June 10 1921, Finance Docket No. 23, we authorized the D. & I. to issue \$1,000.000 of capital stock at par for the purpose of providing funds for the construction of such line of railroad. Authority was also sought, in the application in Finance Docket No. 24, for acquisition by the D. & I. of control of the railroad of the Ironton, under lease, and, in the application in Finance Docket No. 23, for assumption by the D. & I. of obligation or liability, as lessee, in respect of certain securities issued by the Ironton. In the reports above cited, these requests were reserved for further consideration. Thereafter, on March 7 1922, an order was entered dismissing the applications so far as they related to matters not previously acted upon, it being stated in the accompanying report that "It does not appear that the applicant desires to press the matter to a conclusion at this time."

On Aug. 1 1924 we issued a certificate authorizing the D. & I. to construct

this time."
On Aug. 1 1924 we issued a certificate authorizing the D. & I. to construct a line of railroad, hereinafter called the Durban-Malinta Cut-off, extending from a connection with the Ironton at Durban, Monroe County, Mich., to a connection with the Ironton at Malinta, O., approximately 55.71 miles, and authorized the D. & I. to issue \$7,500,000 of first mortgage gold bonds, series A, 5%, for the purpose of providing funds for the construction of that line.

and authorized the D. & I. to issue \$7.500.000 of first mortgage gold bonds, series A. 5%, for the purpose of providing funds for the construction of that line.

It appears from the testimony that the D. & I. has completed construction of a double-track main line, hereinafter called the Fordson-Flat Rock line, from Fordson to a connection with the Ironton northeast of Flat Rock, about 11 miles. The Durban-Malinto cut-off is now under construction. From a balance sheet as of Dec. 31 1925, submitted in the record, it appears that the D. & I. had outstanding on that date \$1,000.000 of capital stock and \$1,000.000 of first mortgage bonds. All of these securities are owned by the Ford interests.

Although we authorized the D. & I. to operate, as well as construct, the Fordson-Flat Rock line, it appears that the D. & I. is not an operating company, due in large part, no doubt, to miscarriage of the plan to lease the properties of the ironton. Instead of the D. & I. taking over the properties of the Ironton for operation, as proposed in the application recorded in Finance Docket No. 24, the Ironton uses the Fordson-Flat Rock line of the D. & I. under a trackage agreement.

The stockholders of the Ironton apparently thus far have received no direct benefit, through the payment of dividends, from the improvement in the earnings of their company. No founds have been set aside for dividends on the pref. stock, nor, indeed, has interest been paid on the adjustment 5s except to the limited extent hereinafter mentioned. On March 31 1925 accumulated unpaid interest on those bonds amounted to \$2,384,476. The board of directors of the Ironton consists of seven members. The board of directors of the D. & I. also consists of seven members. Owing to the preponderance of securities having voting rights, both of the Ironton and of the D. & I., held by the Ford interests, the votes of those snare-holders, or their proxies, are sufficient to elect all the members of both boards. The personnel of the board of the Ironton by the D. & I.

adjustment 5s to the D. & I. was to be made immediately upon execution or comming securities is not to be made until the D. & I. as accomplished the conveyance to it of all the physical properties. Fach has accomplished the conveyance to it of all the physical properties. Fach has accomplished the conveyance to it of all the physical properties. Fach has accomplished the conveyance to it of all the physical properties. Fach has accomplished the conveyance to it of the physical properties of the form of the securities of the physical properties. Fach has a proved by public authority in an amount equal to the principal amount of the adjustment for an amount equal to the principal amount of the adjustment for the issue of its securities in exchange for the adjustment for the issue of its securities in exchange for the adjustment for the issue of its securities in exchange for the adjustment for the issue of the adjustment for the physical properties of the D. & I. are issued to the dilivery of all the securities covered by the contract, its provided that the Ford interests will retain all voting rights belonking to pretaining to the form of the physical properties of the D. & I. are issued to the dilivery of all the securities covered by the contract, its is provided that the Ford interests will retain all voting rights belonking to pretaining to the State of Feb. 11 1926, the parties to the contract of Jan. 30 1925, solicitudes the provided of Feb. 11 1926, the parties to the contract of Jan. 30 1925, solicitudes to the contract of Jan. 30 1925, not contract. That contract is further amended by the elimination of the routerest by the D. & I. on indebtedness to the contract of the payment of interest by the D. & I. on indebtedness to the contract of the payment of interest by the D. & I. on indebtedness to the contract of the payment of interest by the D. & I. on indebtedness to the payment of the payment of the payment of payment of the pa

Class of Security— Common stock—— Preferred stock—— First 5s—— Adjustment 5s	To Be Delivered to Ironion by the D. & I. \$6,125,000 5,932,500 1,048,000 7,571,441	To Be Retained by the D. & I. \$251,300 None None	Other Persons.n \$123,700 57,448	2,569,000
a Including the Fo	b Called for			

a Including the Ford interests. b Called for redemption on April 1 1925.

Thus, after consummation of the transfers, the D. & I. would still own 2.513 out of 4.324 shares, or approximately 58%, of the outstanding stock of the Ironton.

The principal barriers to adequate financing under the Ironton's first mortgage appear to be the limitation on the amount of bonds available for issue for additions and betterments and the limitation upon the amount of bonds which may be issued in any calendar year for other purposes. But, it was testified, the obstacle to a refunding operation by means of a new mortgage having more liberal provisions, is the premium of 5% payable upon redemption of outstanding first 5s before maturity. On the basis of the amount of first 5s outstanding on March 31 1925, such premium would not exceed \$130,000. Furthermore, it would seem that redemption of the bonds might be obviated by provisions in a new mortgage, junior in lien to the first mortgage of the Ironton, recognizing outstanding first 5s and providing for refunding them at maturity. The contentions of the applicants with respect to the financial disabilities of the Ironton are not impressive.

Al of the holders of outstanding stock and bonds of the Ironton were not

cants with respect to the financial disabilities of the Ironton are pressive.

All of the holders of outstanding stock and bonds of the Ironton were not afforded opportunity to participate in the contract of Jan. 30 1925, between the Ford interests and the D. & I. The interveners contend that the provision made for minority stockholders is unfair because they are not accorded the same treatment under the plan as the majority, and because in the valuation of the stock of the Ironton for the purposes of the plan, no consideration was given to the elements of earnings and good will. The interveners presented no evidence of their ideas as to the value of the stock of the Ironton; neither is there any reference to negotiations that may have been had for the purchase by the Ford interests, or other interested parties, of the shares of Ironton stock owned by the interveners or other minority stockholders. That there is discrimination against the minority appears from the fact that they are given no choice but to accept the cash equivalent of the value placed upon their stock in the manner described above.

The interveners further contend that the minority stockholders of the Ironton have an absolute right to share in the proposed transaction upon the same terms as the majority, that is to say, by receiving securities of the D. & I. in exchange for their shares of the capital stock of the Ironton; that the proposed transaction constitutes a sale of all the assest and franchises of

a growing and increasingly prosperous company, which the dissent of a single stockholder is sufficient to frustrate; that the proposed transaction is violative of the provisions of Section 10 of the Clayton Anti-trust Act, Section 19 of the General Corporation Laws of Delaware, and, apparently of the letter and spirit of paragraph (12) of Section 20 of the Inter-State Commerce Act; that the application recorded in Finance Docket No. 5149 must be denied because paragraph (2) of Section 5 of the Inter-State Commerce Act cannot be applied to a consolidation of raliroads; that the application recorded in Finance Docket No. 4807 cannot property be considered under the provisions of paragraphs (18) to (21) of Section 1 of the act; that, in so far as application is made under paragraph (6) of Section 5, it falls to comply with the requirements of paragraph (5) of Section 5 and is further defective by reason of the absence of an application required to be made by the Ironton. The interveners ask that the applications in their amended form be denied, or that the applications in their original form be denied, unless the minority stockholders be granted the same privilege as the majority and the existing relative position of all securities be maintained, or, that the applications be denied without prejudice to the submission of a new plan of apportioning bonds, preferred stock, and common stock of the Ironton, which shall take all proper elements of value into consideration, with the privilege to all security holders of exchanging their holdings for securities of the reorganized road on such new basis.

On behalf of the application recorded in Finance Docket No. 4807; that, if of opinion that the case presented is covered by paragraph (6) of section 5 of the act, we have authority to authorize the consolidation in accordance with the plan presented by the applications; that the interveners have no interest in the applications or, if they have any interest, it is merely to see that they are not being unlawfully or unfairly

Erie RR.—Option on Stock Extended.—
The Van Sweringen Brothers, of Cleveland, and their associates have extended for a period of 60 days from May 26 the option held by the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway for the purpose from them of a large block of Erie stock, it was disclosed June 3 at the hearing before the I.-S. C. Commission on the application of the former line for authority to acquire control of the Pere Marquette and Erie roads through the purchase of their capital stock. All of the outstanding \$10.000.000 2-year 4½% secured gold notes, dated July 1 1926, have been called for redemption July 1 next at 100½ and int. at the First National Bank of the City of New York, 2 Wall St., N. Y. City. See also V. 124, p. 2902, 3347.

Fairport Painesville & Eastern RR.—Securities.—

The I.-S. C. Commission on May 25 authorized the company to issue (1) \$250.000 common stock, and (2) \$800.000 of 1st mtge. 6% gold bonds, series A; the stock to be sold at par and the bonds at not less than 94 and int. The report of the Commission says in part:

Pursuant to our order of Jan. 13 1926 the applicant has issued \$275.000 of 7% promissory notes for the purpose of providing funds to make expenditures for road, structures and equipment. These notes may be renewed from time to time by other notes maturing not later than Jan. 13 1928, and the applicant represents that it does not expect to have sufficient funds to pay these notes or any considerable part thereof by that date. To retire the notes and to defray the cost, estimated at \$712,193. of constructing an extension of its line, which was authorized April 28 1927, the applicant proposes to issue \$250,000 of common stock and \$800,000 of first mortgage 6% gold bonds, series A.

Subscriptions have been received for all of the stock, which will be issued at par direct to the subscribers. Arrangements have been made for the sale of the bonds to the Cleveland Trust Co. at 94 and int., upon which basis the cost to the applicant will be approximately 6.455% per annum.—V. 124, p. 2903.

Grafton & Upton RR.—Final Valuation.—
The I.-S. C. Commission has placed a final valuation of \$521,500 on the owned and used property of the company as of June 30 1916.—V. 122, p. 2943.

Gulf Mobile & Northern RR.—Operation of Line.—
The I.-S. C. Commission on May 31 issued a certificate authorizing the Guif Mobile & Northern RR. and (or) the Jackson & Eastern Ry. to operate over the line of the New Orleans Great Northern RR. for a distance of 5.7 miles in Hinds County, Miss.—V. 124, p. 2903.

Illinois Northern Ry.—Tentative Valuation.—
The I.-S. C. Commission has placed a tentative valuation of \$961,023 on the owned and used property of the company, as of June 30 1918.

International Rys. of Central America.—Bonds Offered.—Adams & Peck, New York are offering at 80 and int. to yield 6.35%, \$300,000 Central Division, purchase money first mtge 5% bonds. Dated 1912; due Jan. 1972.

Contract with Guatemalan Government Settled.—
The Guatemalan Congress has approved the contract covering settlement of all accounts of the company against the Government, according to advices received by J. Henry Schroder Banking Corp. and Blyth, Witter & Co. Under the terms of the contract the railroad will receive \$2,515,000 of Guatemalan Government bonds carrying an \$% coupon and 2% amortization. The bankers named sold an issue of \$7,500,000 of International Rys. of Cent.al America 1st lien and ref. mtge. 6½% bonds earlier in the

year.

The settlement which is viewed favorably in banking circles, will naturally result in an improved asset position of International Rys. The claims against the Government were carried axong the assets of the company but ample reserves were set up by the directors covering all claims pending their settlement. This favorable development in its relations with the Guatemalan Government calls attention not only to the steady progress of International Railways but also the financial and economic improvement in Guatemala since the introduction of currency reforms in 1924.

In connection with the above settlement, it was also announced that earnings of the railroad for the first 4 months of 1927 were running substantially ahead of the corresponding period last year.—V. 124, p. 3201, 2903.

Jacksonville Gainesville & Gulf Ry.—Acquisition.—
The I.-S. C. Commission on May 27 issued a certificate and order authorizing: (1) Acquisition, and operation in Inter-State and order commerce, by the Jacksonville Gainesville & Gulf Railway of the line of railroad of the Tampa & Jacksonville Ry., extending from Sampson City, Bradford County, in a southerly direction through Alachua County to Emathla, Marion County, all in the State of Florida, a distance of 56 miles.

(2) Issue by the Jacksonville Gainesville & Gulf Railway of \$5,000 capital stock and \$450,000 1st mtge. 6% 25-year gold bonds, series A.

(3) Acquisition by the seaboard Air Line Railway of control of the Jacksonville Gainesville & Gulf Ry. by purchase of its capital stock.

(4) Assumption by the Sa aboard Air Line Ry. of obligation and liability, as guarantor, in respect of \$450.000 of Jacksonville Gainesville & Gulf Railway 1st mtge. 6% 25-year gold bonds, series A.

The report of the Commission says in part:
By order of the Circuit Court of Florida, Eight Judicial Circuit, dated June 21 1926, the properties of the Tampa were sold at foreclosure on Aug. 2 1926, and were purchased by a Committee acting for the holders of the Tampa's first mortgage 5% 40-year gold bonds. The price bid was

June 21 1926, the properties of the Tampa were sold at foreclosure on Aug. 2 1926, and were purchased by a Committee acting for the holders of the Tampa's first mortgage 5% 40-year gold bonds. The price bid was \$300,000. The Jacksonville has been organized for the purpose of acquiring from the Committee the properties purchased by it and proposes to issue for that purpose the stock and bonds.

The decree of foreclosure shows that as of its date there were due in respect of the first mortgage 5% 40-year gold bonds issued under the Tampa's first mortgage, dated Oct. 1 1909 \$520,000, principal amount, of bonds, and \$259,286 interest thereon.

Under a deposit agreement dated Dec. 1 1916, a Committee was formed to represent the first mortgage bondholders. A plan and agreement for the reorganization of the Tampa was formulated under date of Sept. 15 1926, with H. A. Smith and Frederick J. Lisman, as Committee and reorganization

managers. It appears that there has been deposited under the deposit agreement and the plan \$504.000 of bonds, of which \$11.000 has been withdrawn, leaving \$493.000 deposited as of Nov. 8 1926. The plan provides that for each \$1.000 Tampa 1st mtge. bond, with the Oct. 1 1914, and subsequent coupons attached which may be deposited thereunder, there will be delivered to the depositor a new first mortgage 6% 25-year gold bond for \$750, guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the Seaboard. In addition to the \$390,000 of new bonds which would thus be required for exchange, there will be \$60.000 issued for the purpose of providing funds to pay part of the expenses of reorganization.

The Jacksonville will make a first mortgage, dated Oct. 1 1926, to the Continental Trust Co., of Baltimore, Md., and William J. Casey, as trustees, providing for an issue of bonds without any limitation as to the total amount. The \$450.000 of bonds proposed to be presently issued thereunder will be designated as first mortgage 6% 25-year gold bonds, series A. The series A bonds will be dated Oct. 1 1926, will bear interest at the rate of 6% per annum, payable semi-annually on April 1 and Oct. 1 in each year, will mature Oct. 1 1951, and will be red. as a whole or in part on any int. date at par. and int.

Anticipating the foreclosure and sale mentioned above, H. A. Smith and F. J. Lisman, as members of the Committee under the deposit agreement of Dec. 1 1916, entered into an agreement dated Aug. 14 1925, with the Seaboard in which it was provided that if the Committee were the successful bidder at the foreclosure sale it would organize a new company to acquire the properties of the Tampa. The securities proposed to be issued by the Jacksonville are to be issued pursuant to the terms of that agreement. The Seaboard agreed to purchase from the Committee at 90 and int. \$60.000 of the first mortgage bonds of the company to be organized. It was further provided, among other things, that upon the Seaboard's indorsing upon the

Leavenworth Terminal Ry. & Bridge Co.—Final Value.

The I.-S. C. Commission has placed a final valuation of \$374,000 on e owned and used property of the company, as of June 30, 1916.—V. 118, p. 1910.

Lehigh & New England RR.—Bonds Offered.—Drexel & Co. have placed privately at 103 and int. \$750,000 gen. mtge. 5% gold bonds, series B. Dated July 1, 1914; due July 1 1954.

mtge. 5% gold bonds, series B. Dated July 1, 1914; due July 1 1954.

Issuance.—Authorized by I.-S. C. Commission.

Data from Letter of S. D. Warriner, President of the Company.

Company.—Incorp. in 1895 in Pennsylvania and New Jersey. Company operates 217 miles of road extending from the anthracite fields of Pennsylvania in the vicinity of Nesquehoning and Tamaqua to a connection with the lines of the New York Central RR. and the New York New Haven & Hartford RR. at Campbell Hall, N. Y. Of the above mileage, 176.25 miles of road are owned, 5.08 miles controlled through lease and stock ownership and 35.69 miles operated through trackage rights. The lines of the company form part of a through route, in connection with trunk lines, as well as from the anthracite, slate and cement regions of Pennsylvania to points in New Jersey, New York and, via the Poughkeepsie Bridge, to central and southern New England. Company has the advantage of direct connections with the Central RR. Co. of New Jersey, Reading, Pennsylvania, New York Central, Lehigh Valley, Delaware Lackawanna & Western.

Security.—Bonds are secured, subject only to \$1.000.000 underlying bonds (closed mortgage), by direct mortgage on 176 miles of road and on all corporate and other rights, privileges, franchises and other property of the company now owned or hereafter acquired. Further secured by pledge of substantially all of the outstanding bonds and stocks of 2 subsidiary rail-road companies, which are also leased by the company.

Capital.—Company has outstanding \$6,800,000 capital stock, all of which, with the exception of directors' shares, is owned by the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co. Dividends averaging 9% per annum have been paid for the last 14 years on the stock from time to time outstanding.

General Mortgage provides for an authorized issue of \$15,000,000, or reimburse the company for the actual cash cost of extensions, enlargements and sedurities of other corporations, provided that such corporations are owned, controlled, leased or have operati

Earnings Years Ended Dec. 31.

Earnings Years Ended Dec. 31.

1926. 1925. 1924.

Gross oper. revs..\$5,662,328 \$5,295,382 \$5,413,879 \$5,843,136 \$4,597,073

Inc. avail. for int. 1,514,729 1,059,634 1,179,236 1,277,696 692,934

Interest charges. 343,665 375,987 319,256 301,801 308,741 alance _____\$1,364,044 \$683,647 \$859,980 \$975,895 \$384,193

McKeesport Connecting RR.—Final Valuation.—
The I.-S. C. Commission has placed a final valuation of \$1,143,000 on the owned and used property of the company as of June 30 1917.—V. 123, p. 2892.

Old Colony RR.—To Sell Stock at Auction.—
The Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities has approved the issuance by the company of 8,917 additional shares of \$100 par capital stock to be sold at auction to the highest bidder at not less than par. The current bid for small lots is 135½. The proceeds will be used to reimburse the New York New Haven & Hartford RR. for expenditures made on the property of the above company. See V. 124, p. 1976.

Pittsburgh Shawmut & Northern RR.—To Pay Off 5% of Receiver's Certificates and Extend Balance for Two Years—Protective Committee.—

The Court has granted the receiver permission to pay 5% on the outstanding receiver's certificates, and renew the balance for two years. Payment will be made on or about June 20 1927 at the American Exchange Irving Trust Co. At present there are \$2,170,000 certificates issued, due June 1 last. After extension there will be \$2,044.350.

The following have been appointed a protective Committee for the holders of receiver's certificates: Chellis A. Austin, Chairman, Charles S. Sargent, Jr., John L. Kemmerer, with John A. Burns, Sec., 115 Broadway, N. Y. City, and Alexander & Green, Coursel.

The Seaboard National Bank of the City of New York, Depositary, 115 Broadway, N. Y. City.—V. 123, p. 2389.

San Benito & Rio Grande Valley Ry .- Construction of

Extension.—
The I.-S. C. Commission on May 27 issued a certificate authorizing the company to construct part of a proposed extension of its line of railroad in Cameron County, Tex.—V. 124, p. 3204.

Seaboard Air Line Ry.—Abandonment of Branch.—
The I.-S. C. Commission on May 23 issued a certificate authorizing the company to abandon that portion of its line of railroad extending from Ekal to Sumterville, a distance of 2.24 miles, in Sumter County, Fla. See Jacksonville Gainesville & Gulf Ry. above.—V. 124, p. 3204.

Southern Pacific Co.—Acquisition of Oregon & Califor nia RR. and Marion & Linn County RR. and Issue of Bonds Authorized .-

The I.-S. C. Commission on May 27 issued a certificate authorizing the company to acquire the lines of railroad of the Oregon & California RR. and the Marion & Linn County RR.

Authority was also granted to the company to issue not exceeding \$61,-294,000 of Oregon Lines 1st mtge. bonds, series A.—V. 124, p. 3349.

Tampa & Jacksonville Ry.—Successor Company.—See Jacksonville Gainesville & Guif Ry.—V. 123, p. 708.

Western Maryland Ry.—Notes Called.—
All of the outstanding \$5.800.000 5-year 7% secured gold notes, dated Aug. 1 1923, have been called for payment Aug. 1 next at par and int. at the Bankers Trust Co., 16 Wall St., N. Y. City.—V. 124, p. 2896.

Western Pacific RR. Co .- To Redeem Bonds .- Exchange.

Western Pacific RR. Co.—To Redeem Bonds.—Exchange.

All of the outstanding \$2,950,000 series B 6% 1st mtge. gold bonds due
Mar. 1 1946 have been called for redemption Sept. 1 next at 102½ and int.
at the Equitable Trust Co., 37 Wall St., N. Y. City.

The company hereby gives notice that it has been authorized to exchange
for above bonds 5% bonds secured by the same mortgage at not less than
99½. Any holder of the 6% bonds desiring to make such exchange should
deposit 6% bonds with all unmatured coupons attached with the Equitable
Trust Co. of New York or the Crocker First Federal Trust Co. of San Francisco, not later than Aug. 1 1927. For all bonds so deposited there will be
delivered to the depositor on demand at any time on or after Sept. 1 all
interest up to Sept. 1 1927 due and unpaid on such 6% bonds, together
with a premium of 3% on the principal amount thereof in cash and 5%
bonds equal in par value to the par value of the series B bonds so deposited.

—V. 124, p. 3200, 3205.

Wheeling & Lake Frie BB.

Wheeling & Lake Erie RR.—New Directors.—
Frank E. Taplin, C. F. Taplin and George Fillius have been elected directors, succeeding W. S. Bowler, W. F. Nash and H. E. Cooper.—V. 124, p. 3065.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Employees of Chicago Surface Lines Vote to Strike.—15,000 employees demand 15 cents per hour wage increase, making new wage 90 cents per hour. New York News Bureau Association, June 10.

American Light & Traction Co. -50% Stock Dividend. The directors on June 7 declared a common stock dividend of 50% on the \$34,819,600 of common stock at present outstanding, payable June 30 to holders of record June 18. Action on the common stock cash dividend will be taken at the regular meeting of the directors to be held July 5.

The directors declared the regular quarterly cash dividend of $1\frac{1}{2}\%$ on the preferred stock, payable Aug. 1 to holders of record July 15. See also V. 124, p. 3349, 2745.

Associated Gas & Electric Co.—Earnings.

Albertated out at mitte		as an intring or	Increase	e
12 Mos. Ended April 30— Gross earnings and other income: Oper. exp., maint.; all taxes, &c:	\$31,189,060	\$25,631,696	Amount. \$5,557,364	% 22 12
Net earnings Pref. divs. of subsidiary and affili-				35
ated companies and all interest.	8,098,987	6,051,777	2,047,210	34
Balance Pref. divs. paid or accrued	\$6,178,633 2,299,884		$^{\$1,646,639}_{1,253,808}$	$^{36}_{120}$
Balance Prov. for replace'ts & renewals	\$3,878,749 1,684,569		\$392,831 153,321	11 10
Balance_ Class A priority divs. (\$2)			\$239,510 174,668	12 32
The 1 fee store A monthshootless				

Bal. for class A participation, class B & com. divs., & surp... \$1,467,531 \$1,402,689 \$64,842 5. The above statement includes the interest and dividend charges on the \$40,000,000 of 5\(\frac{1}{2}\) % convertible gold debentures as well as the 100,000 shares of preferred and 100,000 shares of class A, all of which securities were issued before the close of the year 1926 or during the early part of 1927 and the full benefit from the investment of the funds has not yet been reflected in the earnings.—V. 124, p. 3350.

Baltimore Corp. of Maryland.—Incorporated.— See Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Co. of Balt. below.

Barcelona Traction, Light & Power Co., Ltd.-Extra Dividend of 1% on Participating Preferred Stock.-

The directors have declared an interim dividend of 1% on the ordinary stock and an extra dividend of 1% and the regular quarterly dividend of 1% on the non-cumulative partic. pref. stock, all payable June 30 to holders of record June 21.—V. 124, p. 3345.

California Oregon Power Co.—Proposed Merger.—
The company has applied to the California Railroad Commission for authority to purchase the properties of Keno Power Co., of Klamath Falls, Ore., for \$260,723. The former already owns all the common stock of the Keno company, which will be dissolved.

Earnings Twelve Months Ended March 31.

Gross earnings \$2,581,426 \$2,355,212

Net earnings, before provision for retirements 1,487,999 1,469,494

Central Illinois Public Service Co.—Bonds Called.-All of the outstanding gen. mtge. 5% 30-year s. f. gold bonds of the Jersey-ville Illuminating Co., dated 1905, have been called for payment Aug. 1 next at 105 and int. at the American Exchange Irving Trust Co., 60 Broad-way, N. Y. City.—V. 124, p. 3350.

Cities Service Power & Light Co.-

Cities Service Power & Light Co.—Preferred Stock Offered.—A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., Federal Securities Corp., H. M. Byllesby & Co., Pearsons-Taft Co., and Henry L. Doherty & Co., are offering at \$92.75 per share, to yield 6.47%, 75,000 shares \$6 dividend cumulative pref. stock. Preferred stock authorized, 500,000 shares, issuable in one or more series; to be presently outstanding, 170,000 shares, of which 95,000 shares are 7% cumul. pref. stock heretofore issued. To be presently issued 75,000 shares of \$6 dividend cumulative preferred stock, preferred (together with all other preferred stock) over common stock as to assets and cumulative dividends; redeemable, all or part, at any time upon 30 days' notice at \$105 per share and dividends. It is the company's policy to pay dividends on its preferred stock on the 15th of each month to stockholders of record on the first of the month. Dividends free from present Federal normal income tax.

Registrars: Bank of the Manhattan Co., New York; Union Trust Co., Chicago; Federal National Bank, Boston. Transfer agents: Henry L. Doherty & Co., New York; Illinois Merchants Trust Co., Chicago; First National Bank, Boston.

Data from Letter of Henry L. Doherty, President of the Company.

Data from Letter of Henry L. Doherty, President of the Company.

Data from Letter of Henry L. Doherty, President of the Company.

Company.—Incorp. in Delaware. Is a public utility holding company, owning stocks of electric power and light, gas distributing and street railway companies. The following comprise the company's six major operating groups: Ohio Public Service Co.; Toledo Traction, Light & Power Co. (the Toledo Edison Co., subsidiary); Public Service Co. of Colorado; Kansas City (Mo.) Gas Co.; Wyandotte County Gas Co. (Kansas City, Kan.); Empire District Electric Co. (southwestern Missouri); St. Joseph (Mo.) Railway, Light, Heat & Power Co.

The operating subsidiaries of the company comprise a diversified group of public utility operations in 14 States, serving, directly or indirectly, a population estimated to be in excess of 2,600,000 in over 500 communities. Among the larger cities served are Toledo, Sandusky, Warren, Massillon, Elyria, Lorain, Alliance and Mansfield, Ohio: Denver, Boulder, Pueblo and Fort Collins, Colo.; Kansas City, Joplin, Sedalia and St. Joseph, Mo.; and Kansas City and Topeka, Kan. These localities represent a wide diversity of industrial and agricultural activities, which tends to stabilize the earning power of the group as a whole.

The income of the subsidiaries is derived principally from the electric and gas properties—income from these sources representing more than 66% and 28%, respectively, of the combined gross earnings from operations for the 12 months ended Dec. 31 1926.

Consolidated Earnings of the Company and Its Subsidiaries, Years End. June 30

*1925. 1926. Gross earnings (including other income) --------\$47,291,948 \$50,766,302 Oper. exp., maint. and taxes (except Fed'l taxes) -- 28,688,879 30,510,578

\$4,652,601 \$5,434,301

*Including earnings for a full year of subsidiaries owned at June 30 1925, and after deducting a full year's interest on bonds of the company issued during the fiscal year ending that date.

The balance as reported by the company on the same basis as above for the year ended Dec. 31 1926 was \$5.424,290, over 4½ times the annual dividend requirement of \$1,115,000 on the total amount of preferred stock presently to be outstanding, including this issue.

Purpose.—Proceeds will be used for the reimbursement of the treasury of the company for advances made or to be made to its subsidiaries, for the acquisition of additional public utility companies, for the increase of working capital, and for other corporate purposes.

Capitalization.—The outstanding funded debt as of June 1 1927 consisted of \$23,812,500 20-year 6% secured sinking fund gold bonds, series A, due 1941. Bonds of other series ranking equally with the series A bonds may be issued under the restrictions of the indenture under which the series A bonds are outstanding.

This issue of 75,000 shares of \$6 dividend cumulative preferred stock to be presently issued and 95,000 shares of 7% cumulative preferred stock of an aggregate par value of \$9,500,000 heretofore issued and to be presently outstanding is followed by a total authorized issue of 650,000 shares of common stock of \$100 par value, all of which is outstanding, and, except qualifying directors' shares, is directly or indirectly owned by Cities Service Co.

The subsidiaries of Cities Service Power & Light Co. had outstanding with the public \$123,938,894 funded debt (principal account).

Co. The subsidiaries of Cities Service Power & Light Co. had outstanding with the public \$123,938,894 funded debt (principal amount), \$43,927,43 l preferred stocks (par value and [or] stated capital), and \$1,393,831 common stocks (par value and [or] stated capital) as of Dec. 31 1926.—V. 124, p. 3206

Citizens Traction Co. of Oil City, &c., Pa.—Tenders.—
The Fidelity Title & Trust Co., trustee, Pittsburgh, Pa., will until June II receive bids for the sale to it of bonds of the above company to an amount sufficient to absorb \$385,000.—V. 119, p. 1063.

Colonial Gas & Electric Co. (& Subs.). - Earnings. -Results for Year Ended December 31 1926.)
Gross operating revenue.
Non-operating revenue.
 Total revenue
 \$2,155,619

 Operating expense
 \$1,051,597

 Maintenance
 218,283

 Taxes (exclusive of Federal income tax)
 100,165

 Interest on funded debt
 193,257

 Interest on unfunded debt
 16,338

 Amortization of debt discount and other charges
 36,866

\$539,113 76,751 153,024 49,290 1,956 Net income
Dividends on pref. stocks of sub. & controlled companies
Dividends on common stock of sub. prior to acquisition
y Surplus net earnings of properties prior to acquisition
y Net income accruing to minority interest.

Net income of company & earns. accr. to com. stk. owned by it before Fed. income tax & reserves for renew. & replacements. \$258,092 y After allowing for proportionate part of provision for depreciation and Federal income tax.

The statement includes the gross revenues of all subsidiaryandcontrolled companies for the entire year; but, in deriving net income, deductions are made so as to reflect net earnings accruing to the common stocks of the subsidiary and controlled companies only for the periods since the respective dates of their acquisition.—V. 123, p. 2137.

Columbus Electric & Power Co.—Dividends Declared.—
The directors have declared a semi-annual stock dividend of 1-40 of a share in common stock on the common stock, in addition to the regular quarterly dividends of 50c. a share on the common, \$1.75 a share on the pref. series "B" and 2d pref., and of \$1.62½ a share on the pref. series "C" stocks, all payable July 1 to holders of record June 10. (See V. 124, p. 1357.)

Through the payment of semi-annual stock dividends at this rate, the company will capitalize a portion of the earnings being permanently invested in the property. The Georgia and Alabama P. S. Commissions have approved the issuance of the stock required for the stock dividend payable July 1 1927.—V. 124, p. 2119.

Commonwealth Edison Co.—Permanent Bonds Ready.-Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., announce that the permanent 1st mtge. coll. 4\(\frac{1}{2}\)% gold bonds, series D, due July 1 1957, are now ready and exchangeable for the temporary bonds originally issued. (See V. 124, p. 1357.)

—V. 124, p. 2426.

Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Co. of Balt.—Acquires Control of Washington Baltimore & Annapolis.

Balt.—Acquires Control of Washington Baltimore & Annapolis.

Action was taken by the directors at a meeting on May 26 to purchase the majority of the preferred and common stock of the Washington Baltimore & Annapolis Electric RR. Co.

Pres. Herbert A. Wagner said: "The Consolidated company of Baltimore has arranged for the purchase of 32,429 shares of the common stock and 19,148 shares of preferred stock of the Washington Baltimore & Annapolis RR. Co. This constitutes the majority of both classes of stock outstanding. This stock has already been acquired and is under option by the company. The Consolidated company does not expect to buy more stock."

The directors of the Consolidated company also authorized its counsel to file with the State Tax Commission a certificate to incorporate the Baltimore Corp. of Maryland withan authorized capital of 100,000 shares of common stock of no par value. The consolidated company proposes to purchase 45,433 shares of the Baltimore Corp. for \$1,135,825, the proceeds to be used by the latter for the payment of the Washington Baltimore & Annapolis RR. stock.

The Consolidated company will do no immediate financing. Money for the purchase of the new shares will be taken from the treasury, which will be reimbursed later as new securities are issued.

An ordinance authorizing the Consolidated company to purchase the street lighting system of Havre de Grace, Md., has been passed by the City Council of that town, according to a recent dispatch. The lighting system will be sold to the Gas company for \$8,500, it was said.—V. 124, p. 3066.

Dedham & Hyde Park Gas & Electric Co.—Stock.—
The Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities has authorized the company to issue at \$31.25 a share 5,000 additional shares of capital stock (par \$25). The directors had asked that the price be fixed at \$25 a share.—V. 124, p. 1509.

Dixie Gas & Utilities Co. - Formed to Acquire and Manage Natural Gas Properties .-

The formation of the above company under the laws of Delaware has been announced by W. L. Moody, 3d, and O. R. Seagraves, active heads of the Houston Gulf Gas Co., and associates, the purpose of the new corporation being to acquire natural gas properties, both producing and distributing, in Louisiana, Texas and other States, which properties will be operated under their management.

The company plans to acquire all of the outstanding bonds and capital stock of the Marshall Gas Co., owning the gas distributing property in Marshall, Texas, and Cedar Grove, La., as well as a 31-mile pipe line extending from Marshall to Morringsport, La., and all of the capital stock o

the State Line Oil & Gas Co., controlling extensive gas lands in the Waskom field from which it supplies in part the gas requirements of the City of Shreveport, La.

The Dixie Pipe Line Co., controlled by interests closely identified with the Dixie Gas & Utilities Co., has been formed to build and operate a trunk pipe line from the vicinity of the Waskom field to Port Arthur and Houston, Texas, which will have a daily capacity of 100,000,000 cubic feet of gas. This company is about to enter into a contract with the Dixie Gas & Utilities Co. to purchase all its available gas not used for local domestic and industrial requirements. In addition, the Dixie Gas & Utilities Co. is negotiating for the acquisition of other distributing systems in nearby communities. It will be the policy of the company to acquire franchises for the construction and operation of natural gas distributing systems for domestic and industrial use in communities where such service does not now exist.

Dixie Gas & Utilities Co. has sold to a syndicate of bankers headed by Goddard & Co. an issue of 15,000 shares of 7% cumulative preferred stock, the new corporation, upon completion of financing plans, will have outstanding 150,000 shares of no par common of an authorized issue of 500,000 shares.

Duluth-Superior Traction Co.—Resumes Common Div.

The directors have declared a dividend of \$1 per share (1%) on the common stock and the regular quarterly dividend of \$1 per share on the preferred stock, both payable July 15 to holders of record June 13. A distribution of \$1 per share was made on the outstanding \$3,500,000 common stock, par \$100, in Jan. 1924; none since.—V. 122, p. 2798.

Eastern Massachusetts Electric Co.—Bonds Offered. F. S. Moseley & Co., Boston, are offering at 105.86, \$90,000 1st mtge. 6s., due July 1 1933.

1st mtge. 6s., due July 1 1933.

Callable as a whole or in part at 105 and int. on any int. date on 60 days' notice. Interest payable J. & J. American Trust Co., Trustee. Legal Investment for Massachusetts Savings Banks.

These bonds, part of a total authorized and outstnading issue of \$300,000, are secured by a 1st mtge. on all the property of the company. The Eastern Massachusetts Electric Co. is a subsidiary of the North Boston Lighting Co. Company serves the Malden Electric Co., the Suburban Gas & Electric Co., the Salem Electric Lighting Co., the City of Peabody in part, the town of Danvers, and the Beverly Gas & Electric Co., and also makes a further connection with the Boston Edison Co.

Company has outstanding \$250,000 Common Stock on which dividends at the rate of 10% per annum are being paid.

Earnings of the Company for the year ending December 31 1925, are as follows: Gross. \$880,000; Total income available for deprec., interest charges, etc., \$93,789; total interest requirements on this issue of bonds, \$18,000.—V. 123, p. 1382.

Eastern New Jersey Power Co. (& Subs.).—Earnings.-

Gross oper. rev., \$1,569.295; non-oper. rev., \$17,293; total rev.	1,586,588
Operating expenses, \$567,575; maintenance, \$169,014; taxes (exclusive of Federal income tax), \$114,394	850.982
Interest on funded debt Interest on unfunded debt	262,899 54,169 114,516
Amortization of debt discount and other charges	\$304.023
Net income_ y Net earnings of properties prior to acquisition	2,901

Net income of company & earns, accruing to common stocks owned by it before Fed. inc. tax & res. for renew. & replace. \$301,122

y After allowing for proportionate part of provision for depreciation and Federal income tax.

This statement includes the gross revenues of all subsidiary companies for the entire year: but, in deriving the net income, deductions are made so as to reflect net earnings accruing to the common stocks of the subsidiary companies only for the periods since the respective dates of their acquisition.—V. 124, p. 2905.

Federal Water Service Corp.—Acquires Oregon-Washington Properties.

The corporation has acquired several important water works systems in the Pacific Northvest. The properties for which purchase contracts have been signed furnish water for domestic and industrial purposes in the following cities and towns: Vancouver, Burlington, Sedro Woolley, Mount Vernon and Hoquia, Wash.; and Hillsboro and Salem, Ore. The principal operating office of the companies just acquired will be located in Portland, Ore. Federal Water Service Corp. will consolidate these properties into a new company to be known as the Oregon-Washington Water Service Corp. (see that company below).—V. 124, p. 3351.

Fort Smith Light & Traction Co.—Earnings.-

12 Months Ended March 31—	1927.	1926.
Gross earnings	\$1,407,153	\$1,334,448
Net earnings before provision for retirements.	361,015	371,008
-V. 124. p. 2427.		

Gatineau Power Co.—To Acquire Ottawa-Montreal Power.

A current report, believed by the "Chronicle" to be based on facts, says:
The International Paper Co., through its subsidiary, Gatineau Power Co.,
has completed negotiations for the purchase of the majority holdings now
owned by the Power Corp. of Canada, Ltd., of the Ottawa-Montreal
Power Co., Ltd. The majority holdings are being purchased at \$40 a
share for the common stock and the offer is being extended to minority
shareholders.

share for the common stock and the offer is being extended to minority shareholders.

The Ottawa-Montreal Power Co., Ltd., has a total capitalization of \$3,-000,000, of which \$1,500,000 is bonds. The company owns 5 hydro-electric plants with a total capacity of 11,000 h.p.

Upon completion of this purchase the International Paper Co., through its subsidiaries, will control practically all the electric distributing business from Hull to St. Annes on the Ottawa River, north to St. Jerome on the North River and south to Coteau on the St. Lawrence River, an area approximately 2,500 sq. miles.—V. 124, p. 3351.

General Telephone Co.—Trustee, Paying Agent, &c.—
The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York has been appointed trustee, paying agent and registrar of an authorized issue of \$1,500,000 one-year 5% gold notes, due May 15 1928.—V. 124, p. 3207.

Grand Rapids (Mich.) Ry.—Reorg'n Plan Approved.—
The stockholders on May 25 approved the reorganization plan as outlined in V. 124, p. 2586.—V. 124, p. 2906.

Illinois Bell Telephone Co.—Expenditures.—
The executive committee recently authorized the expenditure of \$509,602 for new plant in Chicago and \$1,059,928 in Illinois outside of Chicago, making a total of \$1,569,530. Expenditures authorized so far this year total \$10,562,039.—V. 124, p. 2907.

Idaho Power Co.—Bonds Offered.—An issue of \$800,000 additional 1st mtge. 5% gold bonds, dated Jan. 2 1917, due Jan. 1 1947, is being offered at 100 and int. by Harris, Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago, and Coffin & Burr, Inc.

Data from Letter of D. F. McGee, Vice-President of the Company. Company.—Operates without competition. Serves with electric power and light a territory extending across southern Idaho and into eastern Oregon and embracing a population estimated at 150,000. Territory served includes the cities of Boise, Pocatello and Twin Falls and practically every other important community in southern Idaho. Present hydroelectric plants owned have a generating capacity of 71,500 k.w., including 12,000 k.w. additional capacity to be placed in operation in June. All of company's electrical energy is generated by water power. Company has under construction and nearing completion a 132,000-volt transmission line 81 miles in length to interconnect the eastern group of properties at American Falls with the western group at Shoshone Falls. Upon completion of this line in June, the company's properties will be entirely interconnected and operated as a single system.

Earnings—12 Months	Ended April 30 1927.
Gross earnings, including other incom	e\$2,993,864
Operating expenses, including taxes a	nd maintenance1,394,576
Net earnings_	bonds (incl. this issue)\$1,599,288
Annual int. on \$13,000,000 1st mtge.	650,000
Net earnings as above over 2.4 tin Capitalization— Common stock	Authorized. Outstanding. \$15,000,000 \$15,000,000 this issue) _100,000,000 13,000,000 unds to reimburse the company for orporate purposes. company are supervised (under the

Indianapolis Power & Light Corp. (& Subs.).—Earns.

Results for Year Ended Dec. 31 1926.) Gross oper. rev., \$5,432,563; non-oper. rev., \$53,251; total rev_ Operating expense, \$1,763,729; maintenance, \$434,605; taxes (exclusive of Federal income tax), \$257,625.	\$5,485,814 2,455,959
Net earnings Interest on funded debt Interest on unfunded debt Amortization of debt discount and other charges	589,100
Net income	373.030

Net income of corp. & earns. accruing to com. stocks owned by it before Fed. inc. tax & res. for renew. & replacements....\$1,052,622 y After allowing for proportionate part of provision for depreciation and Federal income tax.

This statement includes the gross revenue of the controlled company for the entire year; but, in deriving the net income, deductions are made so as to reflect net earnings accruing to the common stocks of the controlled company only for the period since the date of its acquisition.—V. 124, p.1066

International Tel. & Tel. Corp. (& Subs	.).—E	arnings.
Three Months Ended March 31— Earnings	47 170	1926.
Expenses 4.0	63,557	2,562,119
Net earnings \$3.5 Charges of associated companies 4 Interest on debenture bonds 3	83,622 97,274 43,750	\$2,381,541 716,545 343,750
Net income \$2.7 Earned surplus at beginning of period \$9,1	$\frac{42,598}{64,209}$	\$1,321,245 \$5,367,956
Total Portion of earnings of associated companies applicable to period prior to acquisition of properties		\$6,689,201
Balance \$11.0 Dividends paid or accrued \$9 Sundry surplus charges (net)	98,312	\$6,689,201 \$590,876
Earned surplus at end of period \$10.1 Add—Capital surplus 2.0	$47.939 \\ 65.178$	\$6,092,713 858,881
Total surplus at end of period	28.932	393.917
The above earnings reflect the acquisition by the c greater part of the capital stock of All America Cables acquired as of April 1 1927, and of the Montevideo Tel	. Inc.,	which was

which was acquired in March 1927.-V. 124, p. 3345.

International Utilities Corp.—Acquires New Properties.
The corporation has acquired the Watrous Electric Light & Power Co.
operating in the town of Watrous, Saskatchewan, a divisional point of the
Canadian National Rys., about 60 miles east of Saskatoon. The company
supplies light and power to Watrous where shops are maintained by the
Canadian National Rys. as well as to Manitou Beach.—V. 124, p. 3066.

Interstate Power Co. (of Del.).—Earnings.-

[Including its Subsidiary and Controlled Companies.]

5,470,124
2,705,466
1,355,133
143,522
188.897
82,391
\$994,716
\$99,219
35,408
5,693

Net income of I. P. Co. and earns, accruing to common stocks owned by it before Fed. inc. tax & res. for renew, & replace__

x After allowing for proportionate part of provision for depreciation.

The above statement includes the gross revenues of all subsidiary and controlled companies for the entire year; but, in deriving the net income, deductions are made so as to reflect net earnings accruing to the common stocks of the companies only for the periods since the respective dates of their acquisition.—V. 124, p. 2748.

Jacksonville (Fla.) Gas Co.—Debentures Offered.—G. E. Barrett & Co., Inc., and Frederick Peirce & Co., are offering at 97½ and int., to yield 6.20%, \$1,500,000 6% gold debentures, series A. Dated May 2 1927, due May 1 1952. See full details in V. 124, p. 3352.

Kansas Power & Light Co.—Bonds Offered.—Harris, Forbes & Co.; Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.; Marshall Field, Glore, Ward & Co., and Spencer Trask & Co. are offering at 97½ and int., yielding over 5.15%, \$3,286,000 1st mtge. gold bonds, series B, 5%.

gold bonds, series B, 5%.

Dated May 1 1927; due May 1 1957. Red., all or part, on 60 days' notice on any int. date up to and incl. Nov. 1 1947 at 105 and int., with successive reductions in redemption price on each May 1 thereafter of ½ of 1%. Int. payable M. & N. in Chicago or New York. Denom. \$1.000 and \$500c*. Harris Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago, and M. H. MacLean, trustees. Company agrees to pay interest without deduction for any normal Federal income tax not exceeding 2%, and to reimburse the holders of these bonds, upon application within60 days after payment, for the Penna. Conn and Calif. personal property taxes not exceeding 4 mills, for the Md. 4½-mills tax, for the Dist. of Col. personal property tax not exceeding 5 mills per \$1 per annum, and for the Mass. income tax on the int. not exceeding 6% of such int. per annum. Issuance.—Approved by the Kansas P S. Commission. Company.—Owns and operates electric light and power, gas, ice, heating and street railways properties in northeastern Kansas. The territory served embraces one of the most productive agricultural sections of the State, and includes the cities of Topeka, the capital of the State, and Atchison. The communities served directly with electric light and power have a population estimated to exceed 100,000. Company has a modern steam generating plant at Tecumseh (near Topeka) with an installed generating capacity of 30,000 k.w. and auxiliary plants in other cities with 14,000

k.w. capacity. The Tecumseh power house is designed for an ultimat installation of 90,000 k.w. Company's system is interconnected with th United Light & Power Corp. (of Kansas) and the St. Joseph (Mo.) Ry., Light, Heat & Power Co., to which companies substantial amounts of power are sold.

Capitalization (Giving Effect to this Financing).

Common stock \$3,000,000
7% cumulative preferred stock
6% cumulative preferred stock
First mage, series A 6s, due 1955
First mtge, series B 5s, due 1957 (this issue) 3,286,000
Divisional underlying 5s, due 1930 to 1935 (closed) 3,365,700
Earnings of Properties now Subject to Lien of Mige.—Years End. April 30.
- 1926. 1927.
Gross earnings \$2,461,840 \$2,924,118
Gross earnings \$2,461.840 \$2,241.18 Operating expenses, maintenance and taxes 1,607,206 1,680,935

Net earnings \$854.634 \$1,243,183

Annual Int. on \$8,751,700 mtge. bonds (incl. this issue) 458,585

Approximately 80% of the net earnings are derived from electric power and light.

Security.—Bonds are secured by a first mertgage (dated May 1 1925)

Approximately 80% of the net earnings are derived from electric power and light.

Security.—Bonds are secured by a first mertgage (dated May 1 1925) on the Tecumseh plant, having an installed generating capacity of 30,000 k.w., on 60 miles of double-circuit steel-tower transmission lines connecting Tecumseh with Topeka and Atchison, and on the distribution systems in certain towns having a population estimated at approximately 20,000, and by a mortgage upon all the remaining property of the company subject only to \$3,365,700 5% divisional underlying bonds due 1930 to 1935. These divisional underlying bonds were outstanding against the Topeka and Atchison properties at the time of their acquisition by the Kansas Power & Light Co. in May 1927.

Purpose.—Proceeds will be used as part consideration for the acquisition of the physical properties at Topeka and Atchison and other communities and to reimburse the company for 75% of the cash cost or fair value of other additions and extensions to the company's properties.

Management.—Company is controlled through ownership of all its common stock by the Illinois Power & Light Corp.—V. 120, p. 2942.

Kay System Transit Co.—New Vice-President.—

Key System Transit Co.—New Vice-President.—
A. J. Lundberg has been elected Vice-President, succeeding W. R. Alberger. George W. Harris resigned as General Manager, that office being abolished.—V. 124, p. 2748.

Laurentian Hydro-Electric, Ltd.—Bonds Retired.—
The \$500,000 61/2 % 1st mtge. gold bonds were retired on June 1 (see also Quebec Southern Power Co. in V. 124, p. 1981).—V. 120, p. 3187.

Market Street Railway Co.—Earnings.—12 Months Ended March 31— 1927. 1926. ---- \$9.896,793 \$9.911,712 ---- 1,760,728 2,073,907 Gross earnings
Net earnings before provision for retirements

V. 124, p. 2589.

Massachusetts Lighting Companies.—Exchange Offer. C. D. Parker & Co., Inc., Boston, Mass., in a letter to the stockholders of the above company points out some of the advantages in exchanging their holdings for shares of Massachusetts Utilities Investment Trust. Shares of the Massachusetts Lighting Companies may be exchanged as follows: The holder of each share of common stock to receive 1.2 shares of Investment Trust preferred and 10 shares of voting trust common: the holder of each share of 6% preferred to receive 2.4 shares of Investment Trust preferred and a ½ share of voting trust common, and the holder of each share of 8% preferred to receive 3.2 shares of Investment Trust pref. Both the Massachusetts Lighting Companies and the Massachusetts Utilities Investment Trust are voluntary trusts. The participating clause in the preferred shares of the Investment Trust provides that whenever the common shares pay any dividend, each preferred share must receive a participating dividend, in addition to the 5% regular dividend, of an amount equal to one-half the amount paid on each common share until the preferred share has in that year received a total of 7%.

The Massachusetts Utilities Investment Trust participating convertible preferred shares and common shares are secured by shares of 43 electric, power and gas companies in Massachusetts, owned either directly or indirectly through holding companies. The Investment Trust now holds a majority ownership in most of these companies and a substantial ownership in the rest.

The Massachusetts Lighting Companies owns shares of 19 utility companies in Massachusetts.—V. 124, p. 3208.

Massachusetts Utilities Investment Trust.—Exchange.

Massachusetts Utilities Investment Trust.—Exchange. See Massachusetts Lighting Companies above.

Memphis (Tenn.) Power & Light Co.—Pref. Stock Sold.

The company in May last sold to its customers 5,000 shares of \$6 cumul.

pref. stock at \$96 a share.—V. 122, p. 2329.

Middle West Utilities Co.-New Non-Par Preferred Stock

The issue of 150,000 shares of \$6 cumul. non-par pref. stock offered two weeks ago was quickly oversubscribed. The books were opened for dealer subscriptions on May 25 and closed within two hours, when the entire issue was taken; 379 investment houses in 25 States from Canada to Louisiana and from Maine to California comprised the list of wholesale subscribers, indicating a wide geographical distribution of the stock. Public offering was made May 27. See V. 124, p. 3208.

Midland Counties Public Service 12 Months Ended March 31— Gross revenue. Operating expenses	1927. \$1,220,017	1926. 1926. \$1,119,851 784,485
Net earnings	\$349,953 1,309	\$335,366 102,057
Total net income	\$351,263 189,598 109,356	\$437,423 173,540 95,494
Net for dividends	\$52,307	\$168,389

Missouri Public Service Co.—Registrar.—
The Central Union Trust Co. of New York has been appointed registrar of 40,000 shares of preferred stock.—V. 124, p. 3353.

Morris County Traction Co.—Sale Authorized.—
The sale of the company was authorized in an order signed June 7 by Federal Judge Runyon. Elmer King, counsel for Joseph P. Tumulty and Joseph K. Choate, receivers, applied for the sale. The Court named Charles F. Lynch, former Federal judge, special master to conduct the sale. No date has been fixed for the sale but the property will be advertised for at least four weeks in papers of Morris and Union countles, N. J., preceding the sale.

The assets of the company will be offered for sale in four lots. One will be the right to operate bus lines, another will include the right to operate trolley lines and other rights under this franchise, the third lot will comprise the real estate and the fourth the personal property and equipment. The property will be sold in the Morris County Court House at Morristown and Union County Court House at Elizabeth.

A minimum offer of \$200,000 was fixed by the Court in the sale order. This sum represents taxes and other priority liens. Any sum above that figure will be used to pay off some of the \$3,750,000 in claims of mortgage and bond holders.—V. 124, p. 3209.

Mountain States Power Co.—Earnings.—

Mountain States Power Co.—Earnings. 12 Months Ended March 31— 12 Months Ended March 31— 1927. 1926. Gross earnings — \$3,326,691 \$3,264,070 Net earnings before provision for retirements — 1,236,055 1,208,360 Above statement includes all properties now in system for full period.— V. 124, p. 3353.

National Electric Power Co.--Annual Report. The annual report of the company and its subsidiaries for the year ended Dec 31 1926 shows gross earnings of \$17,251,682 compared with \$15,641,-366 in 1925. Net earnings after operating expenses, taxes, insurance.

maintenance and depreciation were \$6,516,392, compared with \$5,925,533 in the preceding year, while the balance available for interest and dividends on National Electric Power Co. securities, after deducting fixed charges, &c., was \$2,526,439, against \$2,184,326. After annual interest charges on 20-year 6% secured gold bonds of National Electric Power Co., there remained available for dividends on preferred and common stocks \$2,001,439, against \$1,659,326 in 1925. Dividends paid on company's 7% preferred stock amounted to \$348,328, leaving \$1,653,119 available for the Class A and Class B common stocks of the company, compared with \$1,344,326 in 1925.

As of Dec. 31 1926 there were outstanding 244,002 shares of the Class.

1925.
As of Dec. 31 1926 there were outstanding 244,002 shares of the Class A and 460,000 shares of the Class B common stocks. The company reported an earned surplus of \$1,260,294 as of Dec. 31 1926 and total assets of \$104,–962,150, the latter figure comparing with total assets of \$95,901,934 on Dec. 31 1925.—V. 124, p. 1667, 373.

National Public Service Corp.—Transfer Agent.—
The Central Union Trust Co. of New York has been appointed transfer agent for 435,000 shares of class B common stock.—V. 124, p. 3353, 3209.

New Jersey Power & Light Co.—Creating New Source of Power Supply for Pennsylvania-New Jersey System.—

This company, a subsidiary of the General Gas & Electric Corp., has started the construction of another generating plant for the Pennsylvania-New Jersey power system. This plant, located on the Delaware River at Holland, N. J., nine miles south of Easton, Pa., will have an ultimate capacity of 250,000 k.w., the first unit of which, 40,000 k.w. capacity, will be in operation in 1928.

Like the Middletown steam and York Haven hydro-electric stations of the Metropolitan Edison Co., both on the Susquehanna River, and other stations of the company, this new plant will supply, as an additional source of power, the Pennsylvania-New Jersey power 110,000-volt high-tension transmission system which extends from Maryland to the New York State line, where interconnections permit of an interchange with the large transmission systems supplying electricity in the State of New York and New England, as well as States west of New York, which with their extensions and ramifications run through to Boston on the east and Chicago on the west. The Pennsylvania-New Jersey power system also connects with other properties in Pennsylvania and New Jersey, including properties of the Pennsylvania Power & Light Co. of the Electric Bond & Share System, and the Public Service Gas & Electric Co.

The new Holland plant will be designed to use powdered coal for fuel, as the Middletown plant of the Metropolitan Edison Co. and the Parr Shoals steam plant of the Broad River Power Co., both subsidiaries of the General Gas & Electric Corp., have been using with marked success and efficiency similar systems of fuel consumption. The new plant will have a steam pressure under these designs of 1,350 pounds per square inch.—V. 124, p. 2908.

New York Railways Corp.—Coupon Bonds Ready.—

New York Railways Corp.—Coupon Bonds Ready.—
Prior lien mortgage 6% gold bonds, series A, due Jan. 1 1965, in coupon
form, are now ready for delivery at the Central Union Trust Co. of New
York Arustee, 80 Broadway, N. Y. City, upon surrender of temporary
bonds.—V. 124, p. 3067.

Ohio Electric Power Co.-Bonds Offered .- A. C. Allyn

Ohio Electric Power Co.—Bonds Offered.—A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc., are offering at 96 and int., to yield over 5½%, \$2,100,000 1st mtge. gold bonds, 5% series due 1957.

Dated June 1 1927; due June 1 1957. Interest payable J. & D. Denom. \$1,000 (c*) and \$500 and \$100. Red. all or part on any int. date on 30 days' notice at 105 and int. to and incl. June 1 1937, this premium of 5% of the principal decreasing at the rate of ¼ of 1% of the principal on each Dec. 1 thereafter, the bonds being red. on Dec. 1 1955 at par and int. Principal and int. payable at Seaboard National Bank, New York, trustee, without deduction for normal Federal income tax not to exceed 2%. Interest also payable at National Bank of the Republic of Chicago. Conn. 4-mill tax, Maryland 4½-mill tax, Penn. 4-mill tax, Calif. personal property tax not to exceed 4 mills per dollar of the taxable value, and Mass. 6% income tax refundable.

Issuance.—Authorized by Ohio P. U. Commission.

Data from Letter of Harry Reid, President of the Company.

Company.—Supplies electric light and power in the cities of Oberlin, Ravenna, Sidney, Mantua and DeGraff, and in an extensive territory in Mercer, Auglaize, Shelby and Darke counties, Ohio. Gas is also furnished at retail in the city of Oberlin. Through a subsidiary, electric light and power is also furnished in Union City, Ind.

Security.—Bonds will be secured by a direct first mortgage on all the fixed property of the company. These bonds will be followed by \$863,900 7% cumul. preferred stock, a large part of which is owned by customers in the territory served, and 45,000 shares of common stock, all of which (except directors' qualifying shares) will be owned by National Electric Power Co. or its subsidiaries.

Earnings.—The consolidated earnings of the properties owned by company and its subsidiary for the 12 months ended April 30 1927 were as follows:

Gross earnings.

Gross earnings \$1,011,040
Oper. expenses (incl. current maintenance and taxes other than
Federal income taxes) 711,654 \$299,386 109,986

(In addition, there are outstanding \$83,100 of 0% bonds of its substance, Calls All Underlying Bonds.—
The company announces that on July 1 it will retire all of its present outstanding bonds, as well as all of its underlying bonds, amounting in all to \$1,927,100, which include the following issues: \$932,300 1st mtge. gold bonds, 6½% series A and \$647,000 1st mtge. gold bonds 6% series B; \$223,300 1st mtge. & ref. 6% gold bonds of the Miami Valley Electric Co., and \$124,500 1st mtge. 6% sinking fund gold bonds of the Sidney Electric Co. Bonds of the Ohio Electric Power Co. to be retired will be payable at Seaboard National Bank of New York. (See V. 124, p. 3353)

Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co.—Earnings.—

* 12 Months Ended March 31—
Gross earnings.—
\$11,806,218 \$10,425,451
Net earnings, before provision for retirements.—
4,433,741 3,724,920

*Above statement includes all properties now in system for full period.

—V. 124, p. 1981.

Oregon Telephone Co.—Acquisition.—
The company has acquired the Tigard Telephone Co., it is reported. also V. 124, p. 1067.

Oregon-Washington Water Service Co.—Bonds Offered. G. L. Ohrstrom & Co., New York, are offering at 941/2 and int., to yield about 5.37%, \$2,300,000 1st mtge. 5% gold bonds, series A.

Dated June 1 1927; due June 1 1957. Principal and int. (J. & D.) payable in N. Y. City. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500c*. Equitable Trust Co. of New York and Samuel Armstrong, trustees. Red. at any time upon four weeks' notice to and incl. June 1 1930 at 105 and int.; thereafter to and incl. June 1 1935 at 103 and int.; thereafter to and incl. June 1 1925 at 102 and int.; thereafter to and incl. June 1 1956 at 101 and int.

thereafter at 100 and int. Int. payable without deduction for Federal income tax not in excess of 2%. Refund of certain Penna., Conn., Kan., Calif. and Minn. taxes not to exceed 4 mills, Md. tax not to exceed 4½ mills, Ky., W. Va. and Dist. of Col. taxes not to exceed 5½ mills. Mich. exemption tax not to exceed 6%, to resident holders upon written application within 60 days after payment.

In event that any municipal corporation or other governmental subdivision shall acquire all or the major portion in value of any separate system of properties of the company, and shall assume payment of principa and interest of all bonds issued under the indenture against or in respect of such separate system, all liability and obligation of the company upon such bonds and their coupons shall forthwith cease and determine, and in event that payment of principal and interest of such bonds shall not be so assumed, then bonds in principal amount not exceeding the price paid for the property so acquired, may be declared due and payable at 100 and int., or the funds payable upon such acquisition may be used for the purchase of additional properties as provided in the indenture. Company.—Will supply water, without competition, for domestic and industrial purposes to various cities and communities located in the northwest section of Oregon and in the southwest and western sections of Washington. The communities in which service will be rendered are Salem and Hillsboro, Ore.: Vancouver, Hoquiam, Burlington, Sedro Woolley and Mt. Vernon, Wash. The total population to be served is estimated to be approximately 72,000.

Capitalization—

Authorized.

Outstanding.

First mtge. 5% gold bonds, series A.

Authorized. \$2,300,000 \$2,300,000 7,000 shs. 10,000 shs.

Year Ended-Dec. 31 '26.*Mar. 31 '27. \$453,771 \$457,779 Gross revenues.
Oper. exp., maint. & taxes, other than Federal income taxes. 211,510 213.316 Balance \$242,261 \$:

Annual interest requirements (this issue) * Earnings for certain of the above properties are for year Dec. 31 1926.

Dec. 31 1926.

Physical Properties.—The physical properties are in good operating condition. According to engineers who have investigated the properties, water supplies are adequate for present and normal future needs. The sources of supply are principally rivers, and in a few instances springs and wells. The pumping capacity is in excess of 17,000,000 gallons per day, which compares with an average daily consumption of 10,000 000 gallons. The distribution systems comprise 336 miles of mains, serve 16,327 consumers and furnish water to 706 hydrants for fire protection and other purposes.

Management.—Company will be managed by Federal Water Service Corp.—V. 124, p. 2281.

Ottawa-Montreal Power Co., Ltd.-Offer to Stockholders

-New Control.— See Gatineau Power Co. above.—V. 123, p. 2778.

 Pacific Gas & Electric Co.—Earnings.—

 12 Months Ended April 30—
 1927.

 Gross and other income
 \$52,924.383

 Operating expenses and Federal taxes
 29,938.013
 29,597.316

 Interest and discount
 8,895.125
 7,675.787

 Depreciation
 4,384.217
 4,009,917

 Net profit
 \$9,707,028
 \$7,589,831

 Preferred dividends
 3,713,825
 3,327,067

 Common dividends
 4,226,064
 3,738,443

Penn-Ohio Edison Co.—Output of System.—
(Kilowatt Hours Output)— 1927. 1926. Increase.
Month of May.——44,157,298—36,228,062—7,929,236
12 months to May 31.——548,834,162—447,953,357—100,880,805
—V. 124, p. 3354, 3209.

Operating income_____ Total _ Rentals, \$2,115,484; interest, &c., \$481,345; Frankford Elevated rental, \$195,049; sinking fund—city contract, \$45,000__ \$3,712,688 2,836,880 \$875,807 860,303

Com. stk. div.pay. 599,911 599,911

Philadelphia Co.—Bonds Called—Earnings. Certain 1st ref. & coll. trust mtge. 6% gold bonds, series A, due Feb. 1 1944, aggregating \$397,700, have been called for payment Aug. 1 at 103½ and interest at the Guaranty Trust Co., 140 Broadway, New York City.

12 Months Ended March 31— 1927. 1926.

Gross earnings \$61,433,484 \$59,728,609

Net earnings, before provisions for retirements 25,264,705 24,834,654

Other income 1,138,294 1,332,290

Gross income 26,402,999 26,166,944

Power Corp. of Canada, Ltd.—To Sell Holdings in Ottawa-Montreal Power Co., Ltd.—

See Gatineau Power Co. above.-V. 124, p. 374. Public Service Co. of N. H.—Balance Sheet.—

A	Apr.30 '27.	Dec.31 '26.		. Dec.31 '26.
Assets-	\$	8	Liabilities— \$	8 9 4
Prop. plant & eq.	18,767,145	18,197,887	Capital stock 8,447,465	8,452,712
Sinking fund		401.601	Bds. 78 M.T.L.& P 914.000	
Misc invest		61,704	Bds 5s M.T.L.& P. 4,701,000	4,701,000
Material & Suppl.	436,699	428.309	Bds. 5s P.S.Co.of	4,102,000
Acc'ts receivable_	421.006	563.732	N. H 3.150.000	3,150,000
Cash	_ 205,828	215,665	Notes payable 500.000	
Notes receivable.	2.875		Acc'ts payable 100,82	
Advance payment			Accts. not yet due_ 423.71	
Disct. on cap. stk			Reserves 1.455.73	
Suspense				
Unext. disc.on sec				2 1,677,397
-V. 124, p. 33	,	102.024	Tot. (ea. side)21,481,93	4 21,163,953

Public Service Electric & Gas Co.—Listing.—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$22,348,000
1st & ref. mtge. gold bonds 5% series due 1965, upon official notice of issuance in exchange for \$22,300,000 outstanding temporary bonds and of the issuance of the additional \$48,000 of bonds on official notice of issuance, sale and distribution to the public, making the total amount applied for: 5½% series due 1959 \$26,586,000; 5½% series due 1964, \$15,000,000; 5% series due 1965, \$22,348,000.—V. 124, p. 3354, 3209.

Public Utilities Kansas Corp.—Acquisition.—
Electric properties in northwestern Kansas supplying the towns of Goodland, Ruleton, and adjacent territory with retail service and whole-saling service to Kanorado, are to be sold by the Union Power Co. of Kansas to the W. B. Foshay Co. under a contract signed some time ago, it is announced by the latter. The property will be taken over by the Public Utilities Kansas Corp., which is being formed and will be a subsidiary of the Public Utilities Consolidated Corp., recently organized by the Foshay Company (see V. 124, p. 3354).

Railway & Light Securities Co.-Earnings.-

Interest received, \$242,955; dividends received, \$132,825; total income Other income	\$375,780 336,770
Gross income Expenses, \$28,548; taxes, \$26,150; interest & amortization, \$106,530; total	\$712,550 161,229
Net income. Preferred dividends (6%), \$90,000; common dividends, (\$4),	\$551,321
281,246; total	371,246 \$180,075

 San Diego Cons. Gas and Electric Co.—Earnings.—

 12 Months Ended March 31—
 1927.
 1926.

 Gross earnings.
 \$6,129,394
 \$5,341,195

 Net earnings, before provision for retirements
 2,794,521
 2,315,409

 —V. 124, p. 2429.

 San Joaquin Light & Power Corp.—Earnings.—

 12 Months Ended March 31—
 1927.

 Gross revenue
 \$8.794.471

 Operating expenses
 4.032.877

 3,456,477

 Total net income
 \$4,943,737

 Net interest deductions
 1,948,136

 Depreciation reserve
 1,113,553

Net income_______\$1,882,047 \$1,633,886 V. 124, p. 2591.

Southeastern Power & Light Co.—Power Output.—
For May 1927 Southeastern system reports 184,267,486 k.w.h. output as compared with 154,411,012 k.w.n. for the corresponding month of last year, an increase of 29,856,474 k.w.h., or 19%.

The output for the 12 months ended May 31 1927 was 2,088,429,067 k.w.h., or approximately 391,000,000 k.w.h. increase over the 12 months' period ending May 31 1926.—V. 124, p. 1668, 1221.

Southern Colorado Power Co.—Earnings.—
*12 Months Ended March 31—
1926.
Gross earnings.—
\$2,456,620 \$2,365,171

*12 Months Ended March 31— 1927. 1926. Gross earnings. before provision for retirements 1,088,807 1,005,163 * Above statement includes all properties now in system for full periods. —V. 124, p. 2429.

Southern Ice & Utilities Co.—Sales Increase.-

An official statement says:
The company reports for the 12 months ended April 30 1927 total sales of \$3,722,458, against \$2,801,068 for 1926. Net earnings available for bond interest and preferred dividends for the same period were \$918,843, as compared with \$814,713 for 1926.

The company enters its busy season this year with a substantial increase in ice tonnage, sales increasing 31% for the six months ending April 30 from 54,134 tons in 1926 to 71,014 tons for 1927. Although retail ice sales normally do not show an increase before May, preliminary report for April shows an increase of 70% in ice sales, 72% in ice cream sales and 171% in butter sales over April 1926.

Floods in parts of the South have caused no damage to the company's properties, nor have they affected sales adversely. In fact, the company has benefitted from this situation in its railroad car icing department. Perishable commodities from the lower Rio Grande Valley, the bulk of which moved previously through lower Louisiana and New Orleans to the Eastern markets, are now passing through Fort Worth and Texarkana. At both places the company maintains ice plants and has experienced a substantial increase in its car icing business.

The company recently completed a construction program of approximately \$1,000,000 which included improvements to properties and the erection of new plants at Prescott and Nashville, Ark., and Midland and Odessa, Texas.—V. 124, p. 3069.

Southwest Gas Co.—Transfer Agent.—

Southwest Gas Co.—Transfer Agent.—
The Chatham Phenix National Bank & Trust Co. has been appointed transfer agent of 200,000 shares of common stock, no par value.—V. 124, p. 3210.

 Standard Gas & Electric Co.—Earnings.—

 12 Months Ended March 31—
 1927.

 Gross revenue
 \$11,916,892

 Net revenue
 11,770,397

 Interest charges
 2,539,285

 Inderest charges
 9,231,112

 Spreferred dividends
 3,419,185

 Balance for common stock dividends
 5,811,927

 Spreferred dividends (cash)
 3,507,455

 Common dividends (stock)
 1,023,750

 Lego,722
 974,510

 Surplus 1,280,722 974,510
Shs. of common outstanding at the end of the period 1,247,255 765,635
Earnings per share common.
The gross revenues are those actually received or in the process of collection, and do not include the company's interest in the undistributed surplus earnings of the subsidiary and affiliated companies.

The consolidated figures of the company and subsidiary and affiliated companies for the 12 months ended March 31 1927, apportioned on the basis of inter-company and public security holdings at that date, show earnings equivalent to \$6.07 a share on the 1,247,255 shares of common stock outstanding March 31 1927.—V. 124, p. 3210.

			_		
Spring	Valley	Water	Co.	Earnings.	

Quarter Ending March 31— Income:	1927.	1926.	+ Increase - Decrease.
Water sales Rents Interest & sundries		\$1,392,602 14,068 42,112	$+\$55,678 \\ +7,712 \\ +9,024$
Total Expenditures:	\$1,521,196	\$1,448,782	+872,414
Operating expenses Hetch Hetchy aqueduct rental Taxes Accrued interest & charges	$\begin{array}{c} 367,829 \\ 62,500 \\ 244,500 \\ 423,232 \end{array}$	342,431 $21,268$ $244,398$ $420,200$	$^{+25,398}_{+41,232} \ ^{+102}_{+3,032}$
Total Net income Addit. contrib. to amort. fund	\$1,098,061 \$423,135 14,190	\$1,028,297 \$420,485 16,732	$+\$69,764 \\ +\$2,650 \\ -2,542$
Balance Capital expenditures —V. 124, p. 2909.	\$408,945 120,605	\$403,753 158,891	+\$5,192 -38,286

Sweetwater Water Corp.—Bonds Offered.—Freeman, Smith & Camp Co. and associates have purchased and are offering at 100 and int. \$1,000,000 1st mtge. 51/2% sinking

othering at 100 and int. \$1,000,000 ist intge. \$22% sinking fund gold bonds, series A.

The corporation, which is under the jurisdiction of the California RR. Commission, was recently organized to acquire all of the properties of Sweetwater Water Corp., which serves a growing community in southern California. Proceeds from the sale of these bonds will be used to retire \$445,000 ist make. 6% bonds and to defray part of the cost of acquiring the properties of the predecessor company, a substantial portion of which was acquired and constructed since the bonds to be retired were issued.

—V. 116, p. 1543.

was acquired and constructed since the bonds to be retired were issued.

—V. 116, p. 1543.

Texas Electric Service Co.—Expanding Facilities.—

John W. Carpenter, President and General Manager of this company, a part of the American Power & Light group, states that his company, a rrangement with the Texas Power & Light Co. and the West Texas Utilities Co., is actively engaged in extending its transmission lines and celectric service in the counties of Martin, Midland, Ector, Winkler, Loving, Ward, Crane and Upton, in western Texas. The territory served will include the oil fields now being developed in the five last-named counties.

The company has recently acquired electric properties or has established electric power and light service in Stanton, Midland, Odessa, Crane, Monahans, Pyote and Wink, and will extend its service rhoughout this territory. It will also sell to the West Texas Utilities Co. such electrical energy as it may demand for distribution in Pecos, Crane, Upton and Reagan counties, Texas.

At Eastland the company's lines will connect with the extensive transmission system of the Texas Power & Light Co., which serves a territory in Texas considerably larger than most States in the Uhion, and will also connect with other properties of the Texas Electric Service Co. in other sections of the State. These two companies own and operate more than 2,800 miles of high voltage transmission lines and more than 2,500 miles of electric distribution system, and serve 250 communities.

The sources of power for this new service include the large new Trinidad station of the Texas Power & Light Co., which is located in the lignite fields, and has an initial capacity of 40,000 k.w., and includes also the electric generating stations at Fort Worth, Dallas, Leon River, Waco, Wichita Falls, and other places having an aggregate generating capacity in excess of 200,000 k.w.

Tide Water Power Co.—Transfer Agent.—

Tide Water Power Co.—Transfer Agent.—
The Central Union Trust Co. of New York has been appointed transfer agent for 19,900 shares of 7% preferred and 24,957 shares of 8% preferred stock.—V. 124, p. 1221.

Toledo Edison Co.—Tenders.—
Henry L. Doherty & Co., 60 Wall St., N. Y. City, fiscal agent, will until June 21 receive bids for the sale to it of prior pref. stock, 8% cumul., series A, to an amount sufficient to absorb \$25,000 at a price not exceeding 105-105.

105.—V. 124, p. 923.		
United Light & Power Co. (& Subs.) 12 Months Ended April 30— Gross earnings of subsidiary companies Less, inter-company transfers	1927. \$42.828.308	1926.
Total gross earnings Operating expenses Maintenance, chargeable to operation Taxes, general and income	20,141,497	\$37,428,298 17,711,215 2,429,548 3,073,103
Total operating expenses, maintenance & taxes. Less, inter-company transfers	\$25,958,151 2,034,009	\$23,213,866 1,813,491
Total operating expenses Net earnings of subsidiary companies Non-operating earnings	16,870,157	\$21,400,375 16,027,923 2,626,362
Net earnings, all sources. Int. on bonds & notes of sub. cos. due public. Divs. on pref. stocks of sub. cos. due public and proportion of net earns. attributable to common stock not owned by company.	4,302,185	\$18,654,284 4,495,572 2,704,074
Gross income—avail. to U. L. & Pr. Co	3,232,316 667.894	2,779,934 $398,973$
Net income	1.019.916	\$7,803,439 944,922 322,455
Surplus earnings avail. for deprec., amort. & common stock dividends—V. 124, p. 2909.	\$5,241,217	\$6,536,063

Union Electric Light & Power Co. of Illinois.—Call.-Certain 1st mtge. $5\frac{1}{2}$ % gold bonds, series A, due Jan. 1 1954, aggregating \$125,000, have been called for payment July 1 at par and int. at the Equitable Trust Co. of New York, trustee, 37 Wall St., N. Y. City.—V. 124, p. 3211.

United Railways Co. of St. Louis.—Sale Postponed.—
The absence of a qualified bidder for the properties has resulted in the foreclosure sale, scheduled for May 25, being postponed until Aug. 1. Postponement was anticipated because of the failure of the city administration and officials of the new St. Louis Public Service Co. to agree on a satisfactory franchise to be submitted either to the Board of Aldermen or to the voters at large, and also because of the pending proceedings before the State Public Service Commission on the receiver's application for an nereased fare.—V. 124, p. 3354.

Underground Electric Rys. of London.—1926 Results.

Number of	Passengers Carrie	d in 1926, Co	mpared with	1925.
Metrop tan D trict R	is- Electric	City & South Lon- don Ry.	Central London Ry.	London Gen'l Omnibus Ltd.
Passengers carried116,981	.553 119.786.502	34,001,271	39.008,948	1.249.353.228

Decr'se from 1925 --- 8,888,002 2,574,747 x4,707,090 2,167,907 x12,805,475

x Increase over 1925.

Combined Results Calendar Years— Passengers carried (number)1	1926.	1925.	1924. 1,456.767,460
Traffic receipts	13.197.627 11.006,811	$13,\! 243,\! 652 \\ 11,\! 088,\! 255$	12.770,201 $10.819,683$
Net receipts Miscellaneous receipts (net)	2.190.816 927.110	2,155,397 834,144	1,950,518 800,051
Total net income	3,117.926 $1,456,955$ $480,000$ $389,477$	2,989,541 1,320,545 455,000 389,477	2,750,569 1,156,368 405,000 389,477
Balance	791,494 325,174	824,519 308,889	799,724 383,778
Total Divs. on ord. stocks & shares	1,116,668 810,353	1,133,408 808,234	1,183,502 874,612
Balance forward	306,315	325,174	308,890

Virginia Public Service Co.—Transfer Agent.—
The Central Union Trust Co. of New York has been appointed transfer agent for 40,000 shares of preferred stock.—V. 123, p. 584.

Washington Baltimore & Annapolis Electric RR .-See Consolidated Gas Electric Light & Power Co. of Baltimore above.— V. 124, p. 2283.

Western States Gas & Electric Co.—Earnings.— 12 Months Ended March 31— 1927. 1926.
Gross earnings. \$3,455,691 \$3,276,051
Net earnings, before provision for retirements 1,826,519 1,719,822
—V. 124, p. 3211.

Western United Gas & Electric Co. - Earnings. -

Wisconsin Public Service Corp.—Earnings.—
12 Months Ended March 31—

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS

Refined Sugar Prices.—Refiners have made no changes in price throughout

Refined Sugar Prices.—Refiners have made no changes in price the week.

Changes in Tire Prices.—On June 8 Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. reduced price of Pathfinder tires about 5% to meet recent reductions announced by mail-order houses.

Kelly-Springfield Tire Co. advances prices on air-core truck tires 17.to 21%. New York "Times," June 9, p. 42.

Alcohol Prices Advanced.—The United States Industrial Alcohol Corp. announces prices of alcohol for June delivery 43c. a gallon in carloads of drums; for July, 44c.; August, 45c., and September and October, 46c. National Distillers has advanced prices on the same basis. "The Sun," June 7, p. 31.

Argums; for July, 44c.; August, 45c., and September and October, 46c.; National Distillers has advanced prices on the same basis. "The Sun," June 7, p. 31.

Lowry & Co. advanced alcohol to 42c. per gallon for July, 43c. August, and 44c. September and October. "Wall Street News" June 8, p. 1.

Price Cut on Lightning Arresters.—Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co. has made price cuts of 3% to 10% in auto-valve lightning arrestors, effective June 10. Price cuts have been made possible by increased demand and lower unit costs, due to rapid increase in installations of electric p wer distribution apparatus. "Wall Street Journal" June 9, p. 16.

Matters Covered in "Chronicle" June 4.—(a) Annual report of New York Cotton Exchange, p. 3290. (b) Amendments to by-laws of Stock Clearing Corp. approved by Governing Committee of New York Stock Exchange, Corporation to clear for present clearing members and other members of Exchange, p. 3291. (c) New York Stock Exchange warns against carrying by non-member correspondents of speculative accounts of employees of members, p. 3291. (d) Interpretation of ruling affecting orders on New York Stock Exchange when stock sells ex-dividend, p. 3291. (e) Samuel Untermyer in letter to President Simmons of New York Stock Exchange, suggests changes in regulations governing use of proxies, p. 3292. (f) Supreme Court enjoins Western Union Telegraph Co. from furnishing, p. 3292.

Alaska Juneau Gold Mining Co.—Earnings.—

Month of May—
Gross earnings \$168,500
Interest and development expense 201,500 Deficit V. 124, p. 2910. \$17,000

Aluminum Co. of America.—Notes Called.—
All of the outstanding 5-year 5% sinking fund gold notes, dated Feb. 1
1926, have been called for redemption Aug. 1 next at 101 and int. at the
Union Trust Co., trustee, Pittsburgh, Pa.—V. 124, p. 1223.

Amalgamated Silk Corp.—Consol. Bal. Sheet April 30-1 [Including Cedar Cliff Silk Co. and Amalgamated Dyeing & Finishing Co.

	1927.	1926.		1927.	1926.
Assets-	8	8	Liablities-	8	\$
xPlant, equip., &c.	x5.607.784	5.721.075	7% pref. stock	3,599,745	3,548,318
Cash		534.055	Com. stk. equit	y463,805	874,470
Accts. receivable_	13,494	30.246	First mtge. bonds.	3,876,500	3,935,500
Inventories	3.059.633	3.713.576	Acceptances pay'le	878,018	1,234,030
Prepaid insur., &c	47,149	47.806	Accts. pay'le, &c.	287,509	308,140
Sinking fund cash.	. 110	495	Accr. int. payable.	45,226	45,914
Deferred charges		7,449	Res. for conting	24,992	108,330
Water!	0 125 505	10.054.500	PE-401	0 175 705	10.054.709

9,175,795 10,054,702 Total Total x After deducting \$1,322,580 reserves for depreciation and plant contingencies. y Represented by 194,869 shares of common stock, no par value. This surplus of \$463,805 is subject to cumulative unpaid dividends on pref.

stock. President P. E. Mann, says: "Operations for the 6 months ended April 30 1927, resulted in a net loss of \$271,544 after full provision for depreciation and taxes, and the payment of factors' charges and bond interest. This loss is largely due to a very conservative basis of inventory. Overproduction in the industry generally and keenly competitive market have continued throughout the period."—V. 123, p. 2904.

American Car & Foundry Co.—Sub. Co. Acquisition.—
The American Welding Co., a subsidiary has purchased the machinery and trade names of the Continental Iron Works of Brooklyn, N. Y., The machinery will be transferred to the Carbondale plant of the American Welding Co., where the furnaces and furnace from will be manufactured.—V. 124, p. 2751.

American Cyanamid Co.—Extra Dividend—Regular Rate Increased.

An extra dividend of ½ of 1% in addition to a quarterly dividend of 1½% has been declared on both classes of common stock, payable July 1 to holders of record June 15. In each of the fourteen preceding quarters, an extra of ½ of 1% and a regular of 1% were paid on the common stock.—V. 124, p. 1363.

American Encaustic Tiling Co. (Ltd.).—Stock Sold.— George H. Burr & Co., New York, have sold at \$36 per

share 20,000 shares no par value common stock. offering involves no new financing.

Data From Letter of Charles E. Diefenthaler, Pres. of the Company. Data From Letter of Charles E. Diefenthaler, Pres. of the Company. Company is the pioneer of the American wall and floor tile industry, having its inception in 1875. Company was incorp. in 1878 and in every year since its incorporation it has operated at a profit. To-day it stands as the leader in the industry with an output of tile products estimated to be about 25% of the total sales in this country and is the largest manufacturer in the world of tile products. Its products are sold internationally and are used in practically all types of public, institutional and residential buildings. They are used both in new buildings and in the reconstruction and remodeling of old ones. The 4 plants are advantageously located at Zanesville, O., Los Angeles and Hermosa Beach, Calif., and Maurer, N. J. These plants include over 80 buildings which cover an area of over 750.000 sq. ft. In addition company owns its office building at 16 East 41 st St., N. Y. City. These properties are free and clear of all encumbrances.

	ESIGI II	inga jor Cusenuur	I cuis.	
		Dividend		Net per sh.
		Requirem't	Net Avail. for	on 107,976 sh.
	Net Earnings.	on Pref. Stock.	Com. Stock.	Com.
1924	\$374.054	\$81,158	\$292,895	\$2.71 5.47
1925	672,068	81,158	590,910	
1926	938,033	81,158	856,875	7.93
		ock has been p	laced on an a	nnual dividend
hause of \$2	40 ner share na	vable quarterly		

basis of \$2.40 per share, payable quarterly.

Listing.—Company will make application in due course to the New York

Stock Exchange for the listing of the new no par value Common Stock.

Balance Sheet, Dec. 31 1926.

[Giving effect to issuance of 17,594 shares of new 7% cumulative preferred stock and 87,970 shares of new common stock of no par value in substitution for capital stock then outstanding; and to the sale of 20,000 shares of the new common stock for cash and the application of the proceeds to the retirement of 6,000 shares of the preferred stock at \$105 per share.]

Assets.		Liabilities.	
Inventories	\$1,179,767	Accounts payable	\$120,827
Accounts Receivable		Accr. wages, comm., exp., etc	114,691
Notes receivable		Provision for 1926 Federal	
Marketable Securities		Income Taxes	141,544
Cash		7% Cumul. Pref. Stock	1,159,400
Investments		Common stock	1,499,700
Land, Buildings, Mach., &c.		Surplus	1,655,231
Deferred Charges	45,949		
Total	\$4,691,393	Total	\$4,691,393

American Ice Co.—To Change Par Value of Common

American Ice Co.—To Change Par Value of Common Shares—Rights.—

The directors deem it advisable, and have recommended to the stockholders, that the character of the common stock be changed from stock of par value to that without par value under the method hereafter set out. State of the common stock have been defended from the cortificates of incaporation of the company, the board will, through the issuance of additional common stock, provide funds to carry out its plan for the acquisition of additional manufacturing facilities and for the needed betterments and improvements of existing properties, with the design of increasing production to meet, the growing requirements of the company and at the same third the state of existing properties, with the design of increasing production to meet, the growing requirements of the company and at the same third that the growing requirements of the company and at the same third that the growing requirements of the company and at the same third that the growing requirements of the company and at the same third that the growing requirements of the company since it is a surface of the total issue of \$3.375,000 (street maturing July 15 1939. [The stockholders will meet June 28 next.]

There are now outstanding and unconverted by the holders thereof into common stock. The directors have called the remaining outstanding of redemption. Holders of the notes have the right to convert the same into common stock at any time until and including July 15 1927. Holders of notes were not to the right to convert the same into common stock in time to become stockholders of record on or before July 8 1927, shall have the right to receive warrants entitling them to subserble pro rata to additional common stock under the plan hereafter set forth.

That the 150,000 shares of present authorized common stock without par value was a substanding and (or) set aside for the conversion of the notes), be changed into 600,000 shares of common stock without par value by an accommending to the stockholde

American Printing Co.-Balance Sheet .-

Jan. 1 '27.	Jan. 2 '26.	Jan. 1 '27	. Jan. 2 '26.
Assets— S	S	Liabilities— 8	8
Land, bldgs., mach.		Capital stock 2,000,000	
(less reserve) 6,667,557	6,956,381	Notes payable 2,880,000	8,990,000
Invest. in Borden		Accounts payable. 1,461,631	
Mills, Inc 750,000		Surplus 9,743,534	9,724,536
Cash 1,053,286	1,528,388		
*Accounts rec 5,334,168	6,332,600		
Inventories 2,106,102	6,144,217		
Prepaid expense 174,053	338,792		
Total16.085,166	22,050,378	Total16,085,166	22,050,378

* Includes \$1.125.089 due from Borden Mills, Inc., Contingent liability for \$1,800,000 bonds of Borden Mills, Inc., guaranteed.—V. 122, p. 2501.

American Piano Co.—Listing.—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 227,959 shares of common stock without par value.
The purpose of this issue is to convert the outstanding shares of common stock, par \$100 each, into shares of common stock without par value at the rate of 5 shares without par value for each share of stock par \$100 without thereby increasing or decreasing the capital of the company.—V.124, p. 3212, 3072.

American Seating Co.—Listing.—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of additional voting trust certificates representing 30,000 shares of common stock without par value on official notice of issuance, making the total amount applied for, voting trust certificates representing 310,000 shares of common stock.—V. 124, p. 2911.

American Woolen Co., Boston.—Defers Preferred Div.—
The directors on June 6 voted to defer the regular quarterly dividend of 1% % usually due on the 7% cumul. pref. stock on July 15. This rate had been paid regularly since July 1899. The company made the following statement:
This step was only taken after the most serious consideration. Since 1923 dividends on the preferred stock have been paid almost wholly out of surplus. The record of the first five months of the current year has been unsatisfactory due to the continuing depression of the industry. The surplus has been still further reduced by payment of preferred dividends to April 15.

Signs of an immediate improvement are conflicting, certainly not positive. The directors feel that payment of further dividends from the surplus would be against the permanent interests of the stockholders. They believe it is better to preserve the cash position of the company to take the fullest action when conditions shall become favorable.

The financial condition of the company is excellent. Probably never in its history has its current indebtedness been less. Dividends on preferred stock are cumulative.—V. 124, p. 1826, 1659.

Arctic Dairy Products Co. (of Mich.).—25% Stock Div. American Woolen Co., Boston.—Defers Preferred Div.-

Arctic Dairy Products Co. (of Mich.).—25% Stock Div.

The following notice has been received by the Detroit Stock exchange from the above company: "This is to advise you that at a meeting of the directors held on June 4 1927, a 25% stock dividend, except as to fractions of a share (as to which fractions the dividend shall be paid in cash at the rate of \$30 per share) was declared from the surplus of the company, payable on July 15 1927 to the common stockholders of record July 1. This stock dividend amounts to 29,500 shares of the par value of \$10 each, or \$295,000.

"This dividend is in addition to the regular cash dividend of 50 cents per share payable on July 1 to common stockholders of record on June 20.

V. 123, p. 2000.

Arundel Corp.—Annual Report for Calendar Years ...

Net incomey	\$1,776,028	\$1,567.032	\$1.220.971	1923. \$834.862
Prov. for Fed. taxes Preferred dividends	217,525	194,048	$\begin{array}{c} 157.447 \\ 23.363 \end{array}$	$108,061 \\ 68,250$
Common dividends	983,030	884,722	589,691	393,077
Balance, surplus Shares of com. outstand-	\$575,473	\$488,262	\$450,470	\$265,474
ing (no par)	491,555	491,555	×98,310	x98,310
x Shares of \$50 par valuent of plant.				s6.70 on abandon-
Compe	rative Balar	ace Sheet Dec		

Assets-	1926.	1925.	Liabilities-	1926.	325.
Land, bldgs., ma-			zCommon stock	\$4,915,556	\$4,915,556
chin., eq., &c.x	\$3,716,769	\$4,309,981	Accounts payable.	264,668	305,905
Investments	430,311		Notes payable		25,000
Cash	487,361	526,622	Federal taxes	217,525	194,048
Accts. receivable	1,124,288	1,211,711	Dividends payable	319,485	442,363
Notes receivable	526,923	43,648	Accrued expenses.	10,489	5,323
Market securs	768,886	514,580	Reserve for insur	80,400	68,804
Sundry debtors	22,809	15,035	Surplus	1,649,380	1,071,050
Accrued int. receiv					
Material & suppl.	29,069	13,064			
Thefanned abannes	DEL COM	27 200	Total (on aida)	87 AST EGG	87 000 OEO

Deterred charges. 351,087 37,306 Total (ea. side) \$7,457,502 \$7,028,050 x After deducting \$2,616,479 reserve for depreciation. z Shares of no par value whereof 495,426 shares issued for \$4,954,260 less 3,870.4 shares re-acquired and held in the treasury \$38,704.—V. 123, p. 3323.

Atlantic Gulf Oil Corp.—Gets Award.—
The United States Court of Claims has awarded the corporation a judgment of \$1,779.922 against the U. S. Government for breach of contract on the sale and delivery of fuel oil and crude petroleum to the U. S. Shipping Board. The company claimed \$5,000,000.—V. 124, p. 2285.

Atlantic Gulf & West Indies S. S. Lines.—Director.— H. E. Cabaud, first Vice-President of New York & Cuba Mail Steamship o., has been elected an additional director.—V. 124, p. 3213.

Auburn (Ind.) Automobile Co.—Earnings Increase.—
Due to the increased production at the Auburn Automobile plant, the earnings of the company for the first 6 months of the fiscal year ending May 31 are expected to be only slightly below the earnings for the entire 12 months of last year, President E. L. Cord said.—V. 124, p. 3213.

Bahia Corp. (Md.).—Pref. Stock Offered.—J. R. Bridgeford & Co., New York, are offering at par (\$25) 60,000 shares 7% cumul. pref. stock, with a bonus of 1 share of common stock. The stock is offered as a speculation.

Dividends exempt from present normal Federal income tax. Transfer agent, Central Union Trust Co., New York. Registrar, Manufacturers Trust Co., New York. Preference stock entitled to receive \$1.75 per share per annum. Dividends payable J. & J. (accrue from July 1 1927). Stock is subject to call in whole or in part on any div. date upon 30 days notice at \$25 per share and divs. No voting privilege unless corporation is in default in the payment of two consecutive dividends. Sinking fund of 25% of net earnings, after dividends on preference stock, to be used to retire preference stock either by purchase in open market or by call. Has preference in liquidation up to and incl. \$25 per share and divs.

Capitalization—

Authorized. Outstanding.

Data From Letter of Arthur S. Bandler, Pres. of Corporation.

Company.—A holding company incorp. in Maryland. Formed to own and hold all the outstanding shares (except qualifying shares) of Bernard Bandler & Sons, Inc., and Brazileira Carbonado Cia. The business of these corporations will be the mining and marketing of carbon diamonds, commonly called by the trade "black diamonds." Carbon diamonds are the hardest substance known and are extensively used the world over as the cutting face of the diamond drill. The present market value of these stones as mined, is about double the value of the so-called "precious stone," that is, the South African white diamond in the rough, and the demand for the use of carbon diamonds is rapidly increasing.

About 98% of the world's supply comes from one state in Brazil. The proven fields extend along the Paraguassu River, State of Bahla, for a distance of about 18 miles. Of this section through its subsidiary the Bahla Corp. will own or control or have subject to royalty operation about 14½ miles. It will have the right to operate on a royalty basis of 8%, the two largest and most important carbon diamond mines in the world. It will also own the Mattos mine, an important property.

Corporation, through its subsidiary, will own a concession from the State of Bahia, running for a period of 30 years, to mine exclusively along about 6 miles of this proven district. This diamond concession the corporation considers of great value and is the only one ever granted by the State of Bahia.

The Bahla Corp.'s ownership and control as aforesaid, of the greater

about 6 miles of this proven district. This diamond concession the corporation considers of great value and is the only one ever granted by the State of Bahla.

The Bahla Corp.'s ownership and control as aforesaid, of the greater part of this proven diamond district, as well as its control of the output of the largest mines, gives it a commanding position in this industry and should enable it to stabilize the production and supply the world's demands. The firm of Bernard Bandler & Sons, with its organization as a going concern of over twenty-five years' standing, has been purchased and will be continued as a subsidiary of the Bahla Corporation.

Earnings.—The earnings of Bernard Bandler & Sons, after elimination of certain non-recurring charges during the past 10 years, have averaged an amount more than sufficient to pay the 7% dividends on the preference stock of the Bahia Corp. These earnings should be greatly augmented by the company being able to secure the product at source of production, on a very much enlarged scale. Engineers' reports indicate approximately 10,000,000 cu. yds. of diamond bearing gravel, with average value of \$5 per yard, and cost of handling not to exceed \$1 per yard.

Olficers and Engineers.—Arthur S. Bandler, President. David Bandler, Vice-President and Treasurer. Alexander P. Rogers, General Manager and Consulting Engineer. Macambyra Monte-Flores, Consulting Engineer in Brazilian operations. Arthur D. Hughes, for many years associated with the Guggenheim interests in placer mining, Resident Engineer and Manager.

Manager.

Directors.—Winfield A. Huppuch, V. W. Miller, Jos. E. Lopez, Wm. A. White, Arthur S. Bandler, P. A. Prior, Allen Lexow, Sherwood Aldrich, Francis J. Webb, David Bandler, Charles L. Guy, L. J. Surdam, W. A. Baldwin, J. R. Bridgeford.

Barnsdall Corp.—To Change Capital Stock.—
The stockholders will vote June 29 on changing the corporate structure of the company so as to do away with the separate classes of A and B stock and change the entire common of A and B into one class with equal rights and voting power. The total number of shares will remain the same as now outstanding.—V. 124, p. 3356.

Beach Extension Co.—Bonds Offered.—Frick, Martin & Co., Los Angeles, are offering at 100 and int. \$400,000

Beach Extension Co.—Bonds Offered.—Frick, Martin & Co., Los Angeles, are offering at 100 and int. \$400,000 1st mtge. & coll. trust 7% 5-year gold bonds.

Dated May 1 1927; due May 1 1932. Int. payable M. & N. without deduction for Federal normal income tax up to 2%. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500e*. Red. on any int. date at 102 and int. Title Guarantee & Trust Co., Los Angeles, trustee.

Company.—Incorporated in California in 1924 to acquire a tract of land in the City of Los Angeles, fronting approximately ¼ mile along the Pacific Ocean and extending easterly to the right-of-way of the Pacific Electric Ry. adjoining Palisades del Rey. The northerly portion of the property has been subdivided into 92 residence lots, and the southerly portion of 489 feet, together with six lots, was sold to the Westport Beach Club, which erected thereon a high-grade club, which has been in operation since the summer of 1925.

Security.—Secured by a first mortgage on all of the above property with the exception of the land owned by the Westport Beach Club, upon which a first trust deed has been deposited with the trustees as collateral security. Approximately 25% of the real estate security has been sold on contracts of sale for an aggregate sales price of \$156.815, on which \$46,896 has been paid, leaving an unpaid balance of \$109,919. The balance due on these contracts of sale, together with the value of the unsold lots, was appraised in March 1927 at \$470.719. In addition to this value, this issue of bonds is collaterally secured by a first lien trust deed of \$200,000 on the land and improvements of the Westport Beach Club. The original site of this club was purchased for \$220,000 and the present value of the improvements thereon is \$150.507. The trust deed on the club property also covers 200 additional feet of beach frontage later purchased by the club from other interests.

Revenue.—Revenue for the payment of interest and principal of this issue will be assured by the assignment to the trustee of all of the contracts of sale above m

Beaver Products Co., Inc.—Bonds Called.— Certain 1st & ref. mtge. 20-year 7½% sinking fund gold bonds, dated July 1 1922 (V. 114, p. 2828), aggregating \$106,200, have been called for payment July 1 at 110 and int. at the Central Trust Co. of Illinois, trustee, 125 West Monroe St., Chicago, Ill.—V. 124, p. 2594.

Bendix Corp., Chicago.—Notes Offered.—Offering is being made of \$1,200,000 5-year secured 6% sinking fund gold notes at 100 and int., by Paul H. Davis & Co., Union Trust Co. and the Continental & Commercial Co., Chicago.

Co. and the Continental & Commercial Co., Chicago.

Corporation, organized in 1924, manufactures through its wholly owned subsidiary, Bendix Brake Co., on a large scale four-wheel mechanical brakes for automotive and allied industries.

After liberal charges for development, depreciation, amortization of patents, &c., net earnings in 1926, before Federal taxes, amounted to \$477,880, or over 6½ times maximum interest charges on this issue of notes. Net earnings for the first 4 months of 1927 amounted to \$443,492, or at the annual rate of over 18 times this interest charge.

Proceeds of this issue of notes will be used for the purchase of the corporation's plant at South Bend, Ind., formerly operated under lease, and for additional working capital. Upon completion of this financing the corporation will have no other funded or bank indebtedness.

Earnings for Calendar Year 1926 (Including Subsidiaries).

Earnings for Calendar Year 1926 (Including Subsidiaries).

Royalties, \$420,549; sales of product, \$3,061,948; total Cost of sales	2,352,314
Selling, general & administrative expenses Depreciation, \$114,728; development, \$66,545; Fed. tax est.	471,029
for 1926, \$64,800; total	246,073
Net profit to surplus Dividends on class A stock, \$130,000; dividends on class B	413,081
stock, 59,300 total	169,300
Balance, surplus	\$243,781

Best & Co., Inc.—Listed.—
There have been placed on the Boston Stock Exchange list temporary certificates for 150,000 shares Common stock. See offering in V. 124, p. 3356.

Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corp.—Bal. Sheet Dec. 31. (As filed with the Massachusetts Commissione

farb and made the	CHEMICAN CHECOE	commissioner of corporar	LAUAND.
1926.	1925.	1926.	1925.
Assets— \$	8	Liabilities— 8	S
Real est. & equip_21,818,65	1 21,770,554	Capital stock 20,910,000	20,910,000
Inventory 2,076.44	5 2,127,766	Mortgages 4.511.058	4.913.392
Cash & debts rec 582,29		Accounts payable. 1,178,690	3.004.762
Notes receivable 137.97	2 240,729	Reserves 74.816	42.002
Accts. receivable 2,268,80		Surplus 324,501	379.689
Securities	_ 1,492,400		
Deferred charges 114,90	6 114,311	Tot. (each side) _26,999,065	29.249.845
_W 193 n 9781			

Bohn Aluminum & Brass Corp.—Larger Dividend.—
The directors have declared a quarterly dividend of 37½ cents per share, payable July 1 to holders of record June 15. Previously quarterly distributions of 25 cents per share had been made.—V. 123, p. 2000.

Brill Corp.—No Action on Dividend.—
At a meeting of directors on June 8 no action was taken on a dividend on the class A stock. A month ago action on this dividend was deferred for a month. An initial distribution of \$1 a share was paid on this issue on April 1 last.—V. 124, p. 795.

Brillo Mfg. Co.—Quarterly Earnings.— Quarter Ended March 31— 1926. \$39,035 1927. \$85,984 Net earnings. —V. 124, p. 2595.

British-American Tobacco Co., Ltd.—Dividend.—
At a meeting of the directors held May 24 1927, at London, at was decided to pay an interim dividend of 10d. per share free of British income tax on ordinary shares as of June 30 1927 to holders of record June 8.
An interim dividend of like amount was paid on these shares on March 11 last. See V. 124, p. 1224.

Broadway Department Stores, Inc.	Earning	8.—
6 Months Ended April 30— Sales	1927. \$10,601,726	\$9,829,088
Earnings after all interest charges but before Federal taxes (adjusted)		753,602

Based on the lower appraisal, this loan represents 55% of the value of the property.

The net annual earnings, based upon leases already executed for over 65% of the apartments, and with due allowance for operating expenses, taxes, insurance and vacancies, amount to \$97,929. This is equal to more than 2½ times the greatest interest charge.

(F.) Burkart Manufacturing Co.—Listed.—
The Detroit Stock Exchange has approved for listing 11,400 shares (non par) common stock and 34,200 shares (non, par) preference stock (unit basis of 1 share preference with 1-3 share common).

Earnings Three Months Ending March 31 1927.

			March 31	
Gross profit			 	 \$112,475
Selling expense				26,235
Administrative exp	ense		 	 27,773
Net profit from other income				\$58,467 3,066
TotalInterest_paid—less	interest	received	 	 \$61,532 1,893
Net profit See also V. 124,	p. 2285.	3356.	 	 \$59,638

 Calumet & Arizona Mining Co.—Copper Output.—Production (Lbs.)—
 1927.
 1926.
 1925.

 January
 3,728,000
 3,474,000
 3,788,000

 February
 3,000,000
 3,590,000
 3,688,000

 March
 5,408,000
 4,020,000
 3,416,000

 April
 3,422,000
 3,876,000
 5,196,000

 May
 4,844,000
 4,908,000
 4,410,000

May -V. 124, p. 2753, 2124.	4,844,0	00 4,908,000	4,410,000	3,332,000
	1926-27.	1925-26.		1923-24.
Net profits (sub. cos.) Interest on investments	$$138,736 \\ 17,627$	$$161.800 \\ 11.954$	24,664	\$165,384 28,394
Total income	\$156,363	\$173,754	\$154.472	\$193,778
Bond interest	6,965	11,940	18,940	23,940
Depr. & inc. tax reserve	27,000	30,000	10,000	45,000
Dividends paid (51/4%)	91,009	91,009	91,009	91,009
Div. pay. May 1 (134%)	30,336	30,336	30,336	30,336
Balance, surplus	\$1,053	\$10,470	\$4,187	\$3,487
Shares of cap. stock out- standing (par \$100) Earnings per share on	17,335	17,335	17,335	17,335
capital stock	. \$7.06	\$7.60	\$7.24	\$7.20
	Balance Sh	eet April 30.		
Assets— 1927.	1926.	Liabilities-	1927.	1926.
Plant, goodwill, &c. \$1,963,069	\$1,960,870	Capital stock.	\$1,733,500	\$1,733,500
Investments 14,460	202,166	Funded debt		199,000
Inventories 629,392	619,290	Accounts pays	ble_ 126,055	97,978
Acc'ts receivable 246,688	291,602	Interest accru		
Cash 35,889	0 10,903	Dividends pay		
Insur. prepaid, &c 11,971	11,905	Wages accrue		
		Bank loans		
		Depreciation_		
Total (ea. side) \$2,901,469 -V. 122, p. 3346.	9 \$3,096,735	Surplus	667,018	665,964

Canton Co. of Baltimore. -Bonds Called .-

The company has called for redemption at 102 and int. on July 1 next \$100,000 of its $5\frac{1}{2}$ % 15-year gold debenture bonds. Payment will be made at the Mercantile Trust & Deposit Co. of Baltimore, trustee.—V. 124,

Carnegie Steel Co.—Balance Sheet March 31.—
[As filed with the Massachusetts Commissioner of Corporations.]

1927. 1926. 1927. 1927. 1927. 1926.

Central Aguirre Sugar Co.-Extra Dividend .- The directors on June 9 declared an extra dividend of 5% in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 7½% on the outstanding \$3,600,000 capital stock, par \$20, both payable July 1 to holders of record June 20. The last previous extra disbursement was 20% in stock on Nov. 2 1925. (For record of dividends paid since 1909 see our "Railway and Industrial Compendium" of May 28 1927, page 166.)—V. 123, p. 3175.

Certain-teed Products Corporation.—Listing.—

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 93,000 additional shares of common stock of no par value (of an authorized issue of 500,000 shares) on official notice of issuance and payment in full and distribution to the public, making the total amount applied for 408,000 shares. Present stockholders will have no subscription rights to the additional issue. The proceeds of the 93,000 shares of common stock will be used for all or any one of the following purposes, to-wit: (1) Reimbursing the treasury for capital expenditures heretofore made; (2) for construction of additional plants and equipment, and (or) acquisition of capital stock and (or) assets and properties of other corporations; (3) for general corporate purposes.—V. 124, p. 2596.

Childs Co. New York—Sales—

Childs Co., New York.—Sales.— 1927—May—1926. \$2,401.876 \$2,165,474 —V. 124, p. 2914, 2596. Increase. | 1927—5 Mos.—1926. Increase. \$236,402 | \$12,224,131 | \$10,524,046 | \$1,700,085 Cleveland Athletic Club Building Site.—Land Trust Certificates Offered.—Geo. W. York & Co. are offering land trust certificates representing 1,850 equal undivided shares of equitable ownership in the fee simple title to land fronting on the southerly side of Euclid Ave. at East 12th St. Price, \$1,005 for each 1-1850th interest, plus accrued rental, to

yield approximately 5.22%.

Certificates will be issued by Union Trust Co., Cleveland, Ohio, trustee holding title to the property, subject to two long term leases. Certificates will be dated June 15 1927 and rental, as received by the trustee, will be payable to registered holders of certificates Q.-M. in the annual amount of \$52.50 for each share. Shares are subject to call purchase at the call purchase price of \$1,030 per share and accrued rental, in part for the depreciation fund and as a whole upon exercise by the lessee of its option to Data from Letter of \$1.50 senders.

cation fund and as a whole upon exercise by the lessee of its option to purchase the property.

Data from Letter of S. S. Sanders, Pres. of Euclid Twelfth Co., Lessee Property.—The property to which the trustee takes title is situated at the southwest corner of Euclid Ave. and East 12th St. Cleveland, Ohio, fronting 150 ft. on Euclid Ave. with an average depth of 115 ft. upon which there is erected a modern fireproof 12-story mercantile office and club building covering the entire area of the property. The fee title will be held by the trustee subject to two long term leases: (1) a lease to be dated June 15 1927 and expiring June 14 2026, with privilege of renewal, to the Euclid Twelfth Co. as lessee covering the property from the ground to a level of 76 ft., which comprises the first 5 stories of the building; and (2) a 99-year lease to the Cleveland Athletic Association Co. dated April 28 1910, expiring April 14 2008, with certain renewal rights, covering the part of the property above the 76 ft. level, upon which the Cleveland Athletic Association Co. has built and owns under the lease the upper 7 stories of the present building. This lease provides that any necessary structural changes in the lower 5 stories necessary to enable the Cleveland Athletic Association Co. to build to a height of not exceeding 200 ft. above the present street level are to be made by the owners of the fee. The Euclid Twelfth Co., lessee, assumes this obligation, and the lower structure of the present building conforms to present requirements for the said maximum of 200 ft.

By the terms of the lease to the Euclid Twelfth Co. an annual rental is to be paid which is in excess of the amount required for payment of \$52.50 per annum with respect to each share. The lessee will also deposit with the trustee as a special depreciation fund the sum of \$9,250 per annum until the total value of the fund, including accumulations of income from investments, shall equal or exceed \$1,500,000, after which further income thereform may be withdrawn b

income from the property at the expiration of these leases will be increased materially.

Valuations.—The land to be owned in fee by the trustee has been appraised at \$2.250,000, and that portion of the building consisting of the basement and first five floors at \$850,000. The upper portion of the building owned under the lease by the Cleveland Athletic Association Co. is not included in this value.

Purchase Option.—In the event the property is purchased under the option given to the lessee under the lease, the trust will be terminated and the trustee will pay to certificate holders their pro rata share of the option price which equals \$1,030 and accrued rental for each share of equitable ownership registered in such holder's name.

the trustee will pay to certificate holders their pro rata share of the option price which equals \$1,030 and accrued rental for each share of equitable ownership registered in such holder's name.

Columbia Steel Corp.—Bonds Offered.—American National Co., National City Co., Anglo London Paris Co., Blyth, Witter & Co. and Peirce-Fair & Co. are offering at 99½ and int., yielding over 5.54%, \$7,500,000 1st mtge. sinking fund gold bonds, series A, 5½%.

Dated June 1 1927, due June 1 1947. Int. payable J. & D. without deduction for any normal Federal income tax not exceeding 2%. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500 c*. Red. all or part upon 30 days' notice on any int. date at 105 and int. if red. on or prior to June 1 1937, the premium thereafter decreasing ½ of 1% for each succeeding year or part thereof, to date of redemption. Principal and int. payable at National City Bank, New York, Pacific Coast Trust Co., New York. American Trust Co., San Francisco, trustee. Bonds are exempt from all personal property taxes in California.

Data from Letter of W. E. Creed, President of the Corporation.

Corporation.—Organized in 1922. Is the only fully integrated steel company west of the Rocky Mountains. It manufactures and distributes pig iron, finished steel products, coke and various by-products to the fast growing markets of the Pacific Coast area. Raw materials are obtained from extensive coal and iron mines near Provo. Utah, where blast furnace and by-product coke ovens are situated. Corporation's foundries and mills are strategically located at Portland. Ore., and Pittsburg and Torrance. Calif. The combined properties have an annual production capacity of about 180,000 tons of finished rolled steel products, 180,000 tons of toxe, 130,000 tons of finished rolled steel products. 180,000 tons of fonished rolled steel products. 180,000 tons of coke, 130,000 tons of or first mortgage will produce an additional 125,000 tons of coke or earnum. Corporation supplied 310,000 tons of pig iron, coke and steel products used in the Pacific Coast

as least equal to at least 2 thick has a least equal to 25% of the aggregate principal amount of outstanding bonds.

Sinking Fund.—Series A bonds will be entitled to the benefit of a sinking fund created by the annual payment to the trustee of a sum equal to 7½% of the net earnings of the corporation for the preceding year or 1% of the principal amount of series A bonds then outstanding, whichever is the greater, the proceeds to be used by the trustee to purchase bonds in the open market at not to exceed the redemption price and if not so used to be applied to the redemption of bonds.

Purpose.—Proceeds from the sale of these bonds will be applied to the retirement of the entire \$4.780,000 outstanding issue of 1st mtgc. 7% sinking fund gold bonds, series A and B, and for permanent additions and betterments made or to be made to the properties.

Earnings.—The average annual net earnings of the corporation after depreciation and depletion available for interest and Federal taxes for the 3 years ended Dec. 31 1926 were over 3 times the annual interest requirements on these bonds. In 1926 the net earnings similarly calculated amounted to \$1.638.839 or approximately 4 times the annual interest requirements on this issue.

Assets.—On the basis of the consolidated balance sheet at Dec. 31 1926.

Assets.—On the basis of the consolidated balance sheet at Dec. 31 1926, adjusted to give effect to the present financing, the net tangible assets after deducting all liabilities except these bonds, are in excess of \$27,750,000, or 3.7 times the \$7,500,000 principal amount of bonds.

Listing.—Application will be made to list these bonds on the San Francisco Stock & Bond Exchange.—V. 124, p. 1830.

Computing-Tabulating-Recording Co.—Bonds Called.
Certain 6% 30-year s. f. gold bonds, due July 1 1941 (aggregating \$51,000) have been called for payment July 1 next at 105 and int. at the Guaranty Trust Co., 140 Broadway, N. Y. City.—V. 123, p. 986.

Consolidated Dairy Products Co.—Contract.—
The company has just closed a contract with the Russ Manufacturing Co. of Cleveland, O., makers of the Bilt-Rite line of complete electric soda

fountains, whereby Consolidated will exclusively distribute these fountains to its customers and the general trade in the metropolitan district of New York. The Consolidated company plans to contract with at least 500 additional dealers, in connection with the Bilt-Rite electric soda fountains, during the next 12 months.

The Consolidated company reports sales of \$652,200 in 1926 as compared with \$180,580 in 1924, an increase of 261% over a three-year period. It estimates that sales for 1927 will total \$1,300,000.

Strabo V. Claggett has been elected a director.—V. 123, p. 3325.

Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co. of Canada, Ltd. Extra Dividend of \$5 per Share .-

The directors have declared an extra dividend of \$5 per share and the regular semi-annual dividend of \$1.25 per share on the outstanding capital stock, par \$25, both payable July 15 to holders of record June 30. Like amounts were paid on Jan. 15 last. Previously the company paid 75c. per share semi-annually. An extra dividend of \$3 per share was also paid on July 15 1926, while on Jan. 15 1926 an extra disbursement of \$5 per share was made. Of the \$12,675,300 stock outstanding, the Canadian Pacific Ry. owns \$5,785,325.—V. 124, p. 2286.

Continental Baking Corp.—Sells 9 Canadian Plants.—
The company has sold its 9 Canadian plants of the Northern Bakeries,
Ltd., for a sum stated to be approximately \$5,000,000, all of which was
paid in cash (see Northern Bakeries Co. of Canada, Ltd., below). With
the proceeds Continental, it is said, will be able to pay off bank obligations
amounting to about \$2,000,000 and have the remaining \$3,000,000 left for
additions and improvements to other plants.

The sale, according to published statements, will considerably strengthen
the cash and current working capital position of the company, and probably
means that, for the time being at least, dividend payments will be continued on the class A stock now on a \$4 basis. The new chairman of the
Board, Elliot C. MacDougall, has expressed his hope that this dividend
can be maintained. Improvement in the working capital position of the
company will also enhance dividend prospects of the \$51,82,800 8%
preferred which requires \$4,091,914 for dividends annually.

Efforts are also being made to liquidate the item of \$5,470,981 special
accounts receivable which represent proceeds of the sale of the Larabee
flour mills last year. «Continental holds stock in the mills as security for
the loan. Bankers are understood to be working on a plan of financing
for the mills which would automatically liquidate the notes held by
Continental.—V. 24, p. 2597.

Contoocook Mills Corporation.—Earnings.—

Contoocook Mills Calendar Years— Net sales Cost of manufacturing Depreciation	1926. \$395,104 x 373,177 9,443	$^{1925.}_{267,221}_{257,570}_{9,443}$	\$386,795 355,338 9,443	\$404,118 \$62,069 9,443
Net profit \$653 pr	\$12,484	\$208	\$22,014	\$32,606
	rofit on man	ufactured un	derwear.—V	122, p.755

Croft & Allen Corp. (of Del.).—Transfer Agent.—
The Chatham Phenix National Bank & Trust Co. has been appointed transfer agent of 300,000 shares of capital stock, no par value.—V. 124, p.

Cuban Tobacco Co., Inc.—Initial Common Divs.-

The directors have declared an initial quarterly dividend of \$1.50 a share on the common stock, no par value, payable June 30 to holders of record June 20.—V. 124, p. 2754.

(J. Frank) Darling Co. (Del.).—Stock Sold.—Mackie, Hentz & Co., Philadelphia, have placed privately at 100 and div. \$470,000 7% 1st cumul. pref. (a. & d.) stock.

Dividends payable Jan. & July. Preferred over the 8% participating cumulative 2d pref. stock and the common stock as to assets and dividends and entitled in liquidation to \$100 per share and divs. Dividends free of present Federal normal income tax. Callable all or part at any div. period upon the payment of \$110 per share and divs. Transfer agent and registrar, Wilmington Trust Co.

Davega, Inc., New York.—Sales Increase.—
Period End May 31—
1927—Month—1926.
1927—5 Mos.—1926.
\$210,110 \$146,593 \$1,052,794 \$819,629

Du Pont Viscoloid Co.—Balance Sheet Dec. 31.-[As filed with the Massachusetts Commissioner of Corporations.]

	1926.	1925.	1926.	1925.
Assets-	8	8	Liabilities— \$	8
Real estate	4.982.864	4,825,393		15,000,000
Machinery	4,186,222	4,323,364	Accounts payable. 171,604	
Furn., fixt. & tools	79,721	38,666	Miscell. reserves. 1,062,774	
Merchandise	4.145,794	4,609,150		
Notes receivable	191,190	83,972	Profit & loss 676,560	
Acets, receivable	3.250.242	3,086,420	Acer. div., pref. stk 58,333	
Cash.	902,216	774,767	Accrued items 534,861	310,660
Securities	414,372	420,595		
Deferred charges	92,667	88,501		
Patent rights		13		
Good-will.	150,000	*****		
Trade-marks	23			10.050.041
Call loans	1,500,000	600,000	Total (each side)19,895,338	18,850,841
-V. 122, p. 345	9.			

Durham Duplex Razor Co.-Pref. Stock Sold .- Hemphill, Noyes & Co., New York, have sold at \$49 per share 30,000 shares (no par) \$4 cumulative prior preference stock (with common stock purchase warrants).

Preferred over all other classes of stock as to assets and as to cumulative dividends at the rate of \$4 per share per annum, payable Q.-M. Red. all or part at any time and from time to time, on at least 30 days' notice, at \$55 a share on or before June 1 1930; thereafter and on or before June 1

1933, at \$57.50 a share; and thereafter at \$60 a share; in each case plus any divs. Entitled in any liquidation to the then effective redemption price, before any distribution to any other class of stock. Non-voting except as provided in the amended charter. Annual sinking fund equal to 20% of annual net earnings in excess of \$280,000. Chemical National Bank of New York, transfer agent; Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, registrar. Stock Purchase Warrants.—Each certificate of prior preference stock now offered will carry a detachable warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase, subject to the terms of the agreement under which the warrants are to be issued, shares of Class B common stock (without par value) on or before June 1 1932, at \$50 per share, or thereafter to and including June 1 1937 at \$60 per share, in the ratio of one share of such class B common stock for each share of prior preference stock represented by such certificate.

Data from Letter of T. C. Sheehan, President of the Company. Company.—Incorp. in New York in 1908. Is the manufacturer of the

Data from Letter of T. C. Sheehan, President of the Company.

Company.—Incorp. in New York in 1908. Is the manufacturer of the only long, double-edged safety razor blade in existence and is one of the largest manufacturers of safety razors and safety razor loses in the world. Products are sold through wholesalers and jobbers and enjoy a wide distribution through thousands of retailers with whom the company's salesmen are in direct touch. The number of blades sold by the company and its subsidiaries has grown from 50,000 in 1909 to 27,000,000 in 1926. The number of blades sold in 1926 was the greatest in the company's history and was far in excess of the 1925 sales.

The Wade & Butcher Corp., 90% of whose common stock is owned, owns a controlling interest in W. & S. Butcher, Ltd., of Sheffield, England, and owns valuable patents and successful automatic processes for manufacturing mirror finish stainless steel table knife blades and carvers. The Wade & Butcher Corp. was the originator, at its plant in Sheffield, England, of mirror finish, and through the Wade & Butcher Corp. the Durham Duplex Razor Co. has become the only manufacturer of this class of mirror finish stainless steel knife blades in the United States. A new Wade & Butcher product has recently been introduced—a razor blade of superior quality adaptable for use in other American popular safety razors. Sales of the new product have grown from approximately 160,000 blades in Jan. 1927 to close to 300,000 blades in May 1927.

Capitalization—

Authorized.

Authorized.

Capitalization—

Authorized.

Authorized.

30,000 shs. 30,000 shs.

1927 to close to 300,000 blades in May 1927.

Capitalization—

Authorized. Outstanding.

\$4 cumulative prior preference stock (this issue) ... 30,000 shs. 30,000 shs.

7% particlp. pref. stock (par \$100) ... 5,000 shs. 30,000 shs.

Class A common stock (no par value) ... 45,000 shs. b 56,750 shs.

Class B common stock (no par value) ... 35,000 shs. aNone

a All reserved for stock purchase warrants. Class A and Class B will

be alike in all respects except that class B shall have no voting power except

as required by law.

b It is proposed to issue 30,000 shares of Class A common stock in ex
change for the common stock now outstanding. The holders of the 5,000

shares of preferred stock now outstanding will be given the right to exchange
their shares for a maximum in the aggregate of 15,000 shares of class A

stock or to receive cash for their shares. The holders of a minimum of
2,250 shares of the preferred stock have already indicated their desire to

exchange for shares of class A stock and such class A shares are included in

the number of outstanding class A shares set forth above. The actual num
ber of class A shares to be outstanding will depend upon the maximum

number of preferred shares exchanged therefor.

Earnings.—Net earnings of the company (after depreciation and Federal

income taxes computed at the present rate, but without deducting interest

charges to be eliminated as a result of the present financing) were as fol
lows for calendar years:

1922. 1923. 1924. 1925. 1926. 1927(3 mos)

\$315,375 \$308,319 \$246,507 \$173,930 \$290,589 \$74 182

charges to be eliminated as a result of the present mancing) were as follows for calendar years:

1922. 1923. 1924. 1925. 1926. 1926 mos)

\$\frac{315}{315}\$, \$308,319 \$246,507 \$173,930 \$290,589 \$74,182

Net earnings as above for the year ended Dec. 31 1926 were equivalent to over \$9.68 per share of \$4 cumulative prior preference stock presently to be outstanding. The annual average of the above net earnings for the 5½ years' period was equivalent to over \$8.94 per share of such stock.

Assets.—Balance sheet as of Mar. 31 1927, adjusted to give effect to the proposed financing and transactions incident thereto, shows a ratio of current assets to current liabilities of better than 3.16 to 1.

Purpose.—Proceeds of the sale of the prior preference stock will be used in the redemption of the remaining ist mtge. & collateral trust sinking fund 7% gold bonds due 1936; in the retirement of current debt to banks and bankers: in the retirement of 7% participating preferred stock, and to provide additional working capital.—V. 118, p. 3083.

Fagia-Pishar LeadCo.**—Annual Removt.**

Participating Processor—**

Participating Processor

Participating Processor—**

**Participating Proces

Eagle-Picher Lead Co.—Annual Report.—

Consolidated Earnings—Cal. Years——
1926. 1925.

Gross income from operation——\$4,833.052 \$5,505.009
1,343,422 1,323,612
General and administrative expenses 450.018 384,624
Depreciation and depletion———974,794 1,164,883
240,000 334,232 1924. \$5,949,501 1,158,532 366,517 935,200 436,157 Selling expenses
General and administrative expenses
Depreciation and depletion
Reserved for income tax $1,164,883 \\ 334,238$ 240,000

Net profit \$1,824,818 \$2,297,652 \$3,053,096 Condensed Balance Sheet at December 31.

	1926.	1925.	1926.	1925.
Assets-	8	8	Liabilities— 8	8
Plants, leases and	-		Preferred stock 851,300	855,300
ore reserves3	1.910.072	30.878.719	Common stock 20,000,000	20,000,000
Cash	929,364	1,292,061	Notes & acc'ts pay 3,149,238	2.814.950
Acc'ts & notes rec.	3.097,208	3,461,377	Accrued expenses 107,377	88.509
	9.819.660	8,939,426	Res've for depreci-	
Adv. & prepd. exp	125.750	94,176	ation & deplet'n.13,173,343	11,233,311
Goodwill, patents			Res. for inc. tax 240,000	334.238
& trade-marks	1	1	Res've for deprec'n	,
Marketable securs.	98,409	96.549	of inventories	500.000
Lib. bonds dep. in			Res've for miscell. 134.272	161.812
lieu of surety bd.	180,258	180,258	Surplus 9,376,867	9.671.775
Inv. in affil. cos	568,212			
Other assets	303,462		Total (ea. side) 47,032,396	45,659.895

Electric Controller & Mfg. Co.—Extra Dividend.—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 25 cents per share and the regular quarterly dividend of \$1.25 per share on the common stock, no par value, both payable July 1 to holders of record June 20.—V. 124, p.1517.

Eisenstadt Manufacturing Co.-Pref. Stock Offered .-Kauffman, Smith & Co., St. Louis, are offering at 100 and div. \$400,000 7% cumul. pref. (a&d) stock. This offering

does not represent new financing for the company.

Dividends payable Q-F. Red. all or part upon any div. date, on 30 days' notice, at \$110 per share and div. Stock exempt from personal property tax in Missouri under present laws, and dividends exempt from present normal Federal income tax and Missouri State income tax. Boatmen's National Bank of St. Louis, St. Louis, registrar and transfer agent.

National Bank of St. Louis, St. Louis, registrar and transfer agent.

Data From Letter of George G. Gambrill, President of the Company.

Incorp. in 1883. Company has not had an unprofitable year, except 1921.

With the exception of its original capital of \$20,000 and an additional \$46,400 of preferred stock now being retired, the entire present worth of the company has been earned. Company does an exclusively wholesale business in a general line of fine jewelry. It is known as one of the largest importers of diamonds and distributors of fine watches in this country. Among its customers are the principal retail jewelers, department stores, dry goods jobbers and mail order houses in the middle west. While the principal part of the company's business comes from the territory tributary to St. Louis, it sells over the entire country with the exception of the extreme northeast section. A large part of its gross sales consists of merchandise manufactured in its own factory, including fine jewelry, fraternal and class emblems, pins and rings. Its advertised brand of Priscilla Wedding Rings is nationally known. The company occupies quarters in the Louderman Building where it has two entire floors and some additional space.

Setting Eurol. Programing May 1, 1028, and each year theoretical section is some additional space.

space.

Sinking Fund.—Beginning May 1 1928, and each year thereafter, a sinking fund equal to 10% of the net earnings after taxes and preferred stock dividends, is to be set aside for the retirement of the preferred stock. Earnings.—Company has an excellent record of earnings through its entire history. Average annual net earnings for the 10 year period ending Feb. 28 1927, after providing for all expenses, depreciation and Federal and State taxes, amount to approximately 3 times the dividend requirement on this stock.

and state taxes, amount to approximate, on this stock.

Directors.—George G. Gambrill, Pres.; Albert Frech, Nelson W. Hagnauer, J. A. Jacobs, Vice-Presidents; J. G. W. Schoenthaler, Sec. & Treas.; A. F. Elsenbeiss, and Ben Altheimer.

Listing.—Application will be made to list this stock on the St. Lou Stock Exchange.

Dittuttee Dieer I eo. 20	O TOTAL (CIE	certy Lifect to Recupitation	, .
Assets-		Liabilities-	
Plant, equipment & fixtures.	\$97.251	7% preferred stock	\$400,000
Inventories	1,063,500	Common stock	m400,000
Notes & accounts receivable.	828,983	Surplus & undivided profits.	424,496
Due by officials & empl., &c.	15,639	Notes payable	530,320
Sundry investments	7.701	Accounts payable	276,300
Cash		Due to officials & employees.	20,671
Deferred charges		Due to stockholders	51.040
Described commissions and a second		Dog for Fed & State toyes	7 800

Total \$2,110,328 Total.....\$2,110,328

a Represented by 16,000 shares of no par valu	e.	
Equitable Office Bldg. Corp. (& Sure Figure 1997) September 1997 S	\$4.961.724	1926. 1926. \$4,462,136 308,571
Total earningsOperating expense	992,355	\$4,770,707 903,651 283,776
Net operating profitOther income	\$4,020,124 40,988	\$3,583,280 29,155
Total income. Interest, real estate taxes, &c. Federal income tax	2,192,646	\$3,612,435 2,207,211 168,000
Net profit	349,002	\$1,237,224 322,933 727,682
Balance, surplus		\$186,609

Condensed Consol	idated Comp	arative Balance Sheet April	30.
1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
Assets— \$	8	Liabilities— \$	8
Land & bldg. (less		Preferred stock 3,500,40	
deprec. reserve) x33,774,21	11 34,063,177	Common stock y5,839,60	0 4,397,000
Miscell, equip 30.83	34,072	Equit. Life Assur.	
Rights, privil., ten-		Soc. mtge19,638,10	3 19,762,822
anteles & going		6% gold mtge. bds 40.00	00 186,000
value 4,390,00	0 4.390.000	35-yr.5%sink.fund	
Premium paid for		debenture 9,105,00	0 9,139,000
cancel, of lease. 171,42	29 192,857	Acc'ts pay., taxes,	
Sinking fund deps. 207.45		int., &c 1,338,93	36 1.302,802
Investment (City of		Rents rec'd in adv.	
N. Y. bonds) 1.93	33 1.932	&c 54,7	67,691
Cash 914,78	56 1.040,380	Proc. from sale of	
Accounts receivable 88.08	38 219,602	part. int. in spec.	
Equitable Office		leases	150,000
Bldg. Corp. 68. 813,61	16 146,000	Approp. surplus 195,03	23 120,023
Inventories 84.96			
Deferred charges. 122,9	17 104,571	Surplus 824,1	332,601

_40,600,207 40,432,452 Total_____40,600,207 40,432,452 x After deducting \$4,124,392 depreciation reserve. y Represented by 153,992 shares of no par value.—V. 124, p. 3074.

Evans Auto Loading Co., Inc.—Extra Div. of 25 Cents.—
The Detroit Stock Exchange has received the following notice from the above company: "The directors on June 6 declared the regular quarterly dividend of 75c. per share and an extra dividend of 25c. per share on both classes of stock, A and B, payable July 1 to holders of record June 20. "Earnings for the 5 months ended May 31 1927 after depreciation and reserve for taxes totaled \$285.000, as compared with \$213,000 for the same period last year."—V. 124, p. 929.

Fanny Farmer Candy Shops, Inc.—May Sales.—
1927—May—1926. Increase. | 1927—5 Mos.—1926. Increase.
\$324,329 \$288,843 \$35,486 \$1,464,707 \$1,284,326 \$180,381
The company is now operating 100 shops and expects to open two more shops within the next two weeks.—V. 124, p. 3074.

Fashion Trades Building, Chicago. - Bonds Offered .-S. W. Straus & Co., Inc., are offering at prices to yield from 6.10% to 6.25%, according to maturity, \$900,000 1st mtge. leasehold 6½% serial gold bonds.

1st mtge. leasehold 614% serial gold bonds.

Dated May 15 1927, due serially 1931-1942. Int. payable M. & N. Straus Trust Co., Chicago, trustee. Bonds and coupons payable at offices of S. W. Straus & Co., Chicago and New York. Callable on any int date. at 102 and int. Federal income tax of 2% paid by borrower. The following State taxes refunded upon proper application: Kansas 5 milis, Colorado 5 milis, Iowa 6 milis, Kentucky 5 milis and Minnesota 3 milis.

Security.—This bond issue is secured by a first mortgage on the leasehold estate in a 19-story and basement office and wholesale building and land thereunder, located on the north side of Adams 8t. between Franklin and Market streets (318 West Adams St.), Chicago. The leasehold estate has been appraised as follows: Leasehold Estate, \$174,397; building, \$1,216,125. total, \$1,390,522. These figures show a margin of security of \$490,522.

Building.—The Fashion Trades Building will be a 19-story and basement office and wholesale building containing approximately 2,137,500 cu. ft., designed particularly to furnish space for the wholesale textile and ready-to-wear industry. The building will be designed after the Empire School of Architecture with the first two stories of black and gold marble, and the remainder of the exterior of Indiana lime stone. The building will be of reinforced concrete fireproof construction and will be served by five high speed elevators. The first floor of the building will be given over to store space, while the upper floors will be divided into smaller units suitable for the needs of wholesalers. It is expected that the building will be ready for occupancy by Nov. 15 1927. The land which is held under a 99-year lease has a frontage of approximately 50 ft. on Adams St. with an approximate depth of 198 ft.

Earnings.—Net earnings of the property are estimated as follows:
Gross income.

\$240,000 Exp. (incl. oper. exp., taxes, ins., ground rent & an ample allowance for vacancies).

Federal Mining & Smelting Co.—Suit Dismissed— Dividends on Common Stock Jutsified, Chancellor Holds, Citing Amended Delaware Corporation Act.-

Chancellor Wolcott at Wilmington, Del., June 9 refused to enjoin the company from paying the special \$10 dividend declared on its common stock early in 1926 and also refused an injunction to enjoin the company from carrying out its declared policy of distributing half of its current annual net profits remaining after all charges except depletion and after payment of all current and accrued dividends on its preferred are paid, as dividends on the common stock.

The injunctions were sought by H. Content & Co. of New York. Several months ago the Mining company demurred to the bill of complaint and was overruled by the Chancellor. It appealed to the Supreme Court, which affirmed the Chancellor. A final hearing was held late in April

was overruled by the Chancellor. It appealed to the Supreme Court, which affirmed the Chancellor. A final hearing was held late in April.

The Chancellor states in his opinion that at the time of the declaration of the special \$10 dividend the "paid in" capital of the corporation had suffered such depletion, as under Section 34 of the State Corporation Act, would make the declaration of the dividend impossible. He cites, however, that the last Legislature amended this section, adding that he was making the law applicable to the case from the amended section.

There remained no question, he stated, over the propriety of calculating net profits of a wasting asset corporation, without taking into consideration the depletion of assets resulting from their exploitation. The amended section, he adds, as applied to the facts of the case, is regarded by complainants as disposing of this question favorably to the defendant.

"There, therefore, remains to be considered with respect to the particular dividend in question, only this, namely are there assets of the corporation

in such amount that if the special dividend is paid, the net assets of the corporation will not have been dimished to an amount less than to which the holders of the issued and outstanding preferred stock would be entitled upon distribution of assets."

The only evidence the complainants submitted, the Chancellor says, in support of their contention that the dividend would cut into the net assets to the injury of preferred stockholders to an extent forbidden by the amended section of the laws consisted of the balance sheets of the company for 1924, 1925 and 1926, the opit ion sets forth. It further says that the 1924 balance sheet shows net assets below the outstanding preferred for the year. The 1925 sheet shows an excess of assets above the amount of preferred stock, more than equal to the amount of the proposed dividend. This is enough in itse f, the opinion states, to warrant a refusal of a perent injunction against payment of the dividend.

The opinion then sets forth that the defendant, not content to rest on its balance sheets, produced testimony of witnesses to show that the balance sheets do not do justice to the company's true asset value and understates them. Instead of \$1,250,000 excess of new assets above the outstanding preferred, as shown by the 1925 balance sheet, the company really has an excess of \$8,000,000, it was contended.

Since the balance sheet of 1925 justifies payment of the dividend, the Chancellor did not examine into the contention that the balance sheets underestimate the true value of the assets.

"If I were required to do so, I do not hesitate to say that on the showing made I would be compelled in the absence of testimony to the contrary to hold that a considerable increase over the book values would have to be accorded to the company's assets."

Speaking of the common dividend policy of the company adopted when the special dividend was declared and which has since been repealed by the directors, the Chancellor, after reviewing the law applicable to this issue, states that the

Financial & Industrial Securities Corp.—Extra Div. &c.
The directors have declared a regular quarterly dividend of 75 cents a share on the common stock, plus an extra dividend of 35 cents a share, both payable July 1 to holders of record June 15. In Jan. and April last the company paid quarterly dividends of 50 cents a share and extras of 25 cents a share.

The directors also declared the regular quarterly dividend of \$1.75 a share on the 7% preferred stock, payable July 1 to holders of record June 15.

V. 124, p. 3358.

Florence Stove Co., Boston.—Stock Dividend, &c.—
The company has notified the Massachusetts Commissioner of Corporations of a change in capital structure as follows: (1) Reducing capitalization by redemption on July 1 of the entire outstanding 7½% pref. stock and the cancellation of 2,500 shares of common stock now authorized but unissued; (2) changing the present authorized 7,500 shares of \$100 par common to 30,000 shares of no par common stock; (3) capital stock to be increased by a new issue of 10,000 shares of \$100 par pref. stock, of which 6,000 shares are to be issued as a stock dividend to common stockholders and 4,000 shares to be issued for cash at the discretion of the directors. This dividend stock is subsequently to be exchanged for no par common stock in the ratio of 1½ shares of common for each share of pref. stock. See also V. 124, p. 3217.

Foundation Co., N. Y.—Balance Sheet March 31.—

In THE STATE WILL	II VIIO IVIOR	sacnuscus	Commissioner o	Corporati	ous.
	1927.	1926.	1	1927.	1926.
Assets-	8	8	Labilities-	8	8
Real estate, ma-			Capital stock	.x6,795,000	6,795,000
chinery, &c	2,765.376	2.643.762	Accounts payable	358.004	442.793
Merchandise	472,454	406,104	Misc. reserves	_ 1.530,575	1,447,394
Notes receivable	234,378		Surplus		1,125,077
Accts. receivable	2,698,342	2,732,605	Mortgages	395,000	402,000
Cash	253,080	397,717	Accrued account_	_ 15.800	4.580
Securities	2.247.896	2,556,894			-,
Deferred charges	52.884	100.623			
Good-will & pat'ts	1.286.205	1.286.205	1		

Good-will & pat'ts 1,286,205 1,286,205 | Total (each side) 10,135,615 10,216,843 **x** Represented by 100,000 shares of no par value.—V. 124, p. 2916.

Fox Detroit Theatre Building (Colwood Co.).—Bonds Offered.—Offering was made Monday of an issue of \$6,400,-000 1st mtge. fee and leasehold 6% sinking fund bonds by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., Graham, Parsons & Co. and E. H. Rollins & Sons at 97½ and int., yielding over 6.25%. Dated April 1 1927, due April 1 1942. Interest payable A. & O. at Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., New York and Chicago, without deduction for Federal normal income tax, not in excess of 2% per annum. Denom. \$1.000, \$500 and \$100 c*. Red. all or part at any time on 60 days' notice except for sinking fund purposes, in which case on publication for 4 successive weeks, at the following prices and int: on or prior to April 1 1930 at 103: thereafter to and incl. April 1 1933 at 102½; thereafter to and incl. April 1 1936 at 102; thereafter to and incl. April 1 1939 at 101½; thereafter to and incl. April 1 1941 at 101, and thereafter to maturity at the principal amount thereof, all as set forth in the mortgage. Company agrees to reimburse the holders of these bonds upon application within 60 days after payment thereof by the holders for Conn., Vermont, Penn. and Calif. personal property taxes not in excess of 4 mills, Maryland securities taxes not in excess of 4½ mills per dollar per annum and for the Mass. and New Hampshire income taxes on interest not exceeding 1% of such interest per annum, to resident holders as provided in the mortgage. These bonds will be exempt from the Michigan 5 mills exemption tax under existing laws.

Data from Letter of Douglas N. Tauszig, President of the Colwood Co-Colwood Company.—A wholly owned subsidiary (except for directors qualifying shares) of the Fox Theatres Corp., has acquired real estate and leaseholds covering together the property having an entire block frontage on the westerly side of Woodward Ave. extending from Montcalm St. to Columbia St. with frontage of approximately 315 and 320 ft., respectively, on Montcalm and Columbia steets in Detroit, Mich. The plot embraces approximately 64,600 sq. ft., of which about 47,000 are owned in fee and the balance under 99-year leases, having not less than 80 years to run. Upon these premises the Colwood Co. is erecting the Fox Detroit Theatre Building, comprising a modern completely equipped theatre and a 10-story office building with stores, all of fireproof construction. The Fox Detroit Theatre will contain approximately 5,000 seats and will be one of the most modern and largest motion picture theatres in the Middle West.

Security.—These bonds will be secured by a first (closed) mortgage on the land owned in fee, the leasehold estates and on the building to be constructed thereon. On the basis of the minimum appraisals, totaling \$10,547,000, these bonds represent less than a 6% loan.

Sinking Fund.—Mortgage will provide for a sinking fund beginning Oct. 1 1930 and ending Oct. 1 1941, operating through Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., to redeem bonds semi-annually at a rate sufficient to retire \$3,282,000 principal amount by Oct. 1941.

Lease.—The Fox Theatres Corp. has agreed to lease the property to be covered by the mortgage for a period beginning with the completion of the building (in any event not later than June 1 1928) and extending five years beyond the maturity of the bonds, at an annual net rental to the lessor of \$768,000, the lessee to pay in addition as rental, all the gound rents, taxes, assessments, insurance, maintenance and operating cost on account of said property. Such rental payments will constitute an operating charge of these bonds Data from Letter of Douglas N. Tauszig, President of the Colwood Co

these bonds the Colwood Co. will assign the lease to the trustee and pledge it under the mortgage.

If the funds to be received by the Colwood Co. through the sale of these bonds and to be deposited with the trustee as depositary are not sufficient to defray the cost of erection and equipment of the Fox Detroit Theatre Building and the carrying charges until the completion thereof, the Fox Theatres Corp. has agreed to pay promptly any such deficit.

In addition the Fox Theatres Corp. will guarantee the payment of principal and of interest upon these bonds until completion by the Colwood

Co. of the erection and equipment of the Fox Detroit Theatre Building and the payment in full therefor.

Earnings.—The principal executives of the Fox Theatres Corp. estimate that the annual gross income from the property to be leased, applicable to the payment of the charges under the net lease, will be \$1,630,779, and that the net profits, available for depreciation and Federal taxes, accruing to the Fox Theatres Corp. through the operation of the Fox Detroit Theatre Building after operating expenses, taxes, insurance and rentals (including the annual net rental under the terms of the net lease of \$768,000), will be \$556,291.

Listed.—Bonds listed on Chicago Stock Exchange.—V. 124, p. 3358.

(Robert) Gair Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.—Bonds Called.—
All of the outstanding \$3,250,000 1st mtge. 7% gold bonds, dated Jan. 1
1922, have been called for payment July 1 next at 107½ and int. at the
Central Union Trust Co., trustee, 80 Broadway, N. Y. City.—V. 124,
p. 1832.

General Motors Corporation.—Suit Dismissed.—
Judge Buffington in the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals at Philadelphia
has ordered dismissed the suit for damages by William P. Deppe and Deppe
Motors Corp. against General Motors for alleged infringement of patents
for internal combustion engines and method of preparing explosive fue
mixture. The decision reverses the findings of Judge Runyon in the U. S.
District Court of New Jersey, who held General Motors had infringed on
Deppe patents. It is probable the case will be appealed to the Supreme
Court.—V. 124, p. 3075.

Gorton-Pew Fisheries Co., Ltd.—To Retire Pref. Stock.—
The directors on May 18 voted to call all the outstanding preferred stock on Sept. 1 of this year, at its call price of \$27.50 a share. Deducting 3.380 shares held in the treasury there are 7.309 shares of pref. stock outstanding. Part of the money necessary for this purpose will be taken from the treasury and the balance will be obtained by the sale of additional common stock to present common stockholders.

In this connection it was voted to give each common stockholders of record Sept. 2 the right to purchase on or before Oct. 1 at \$5 a share, one new share of common stock for each share then held.—V. 122, p. 3349.

(F. & W.) Grand 5-10-25-Cent Stores, Inc.—Sales.—1927—May—1926. Increase. 1927—5 Mos.—1926. Increase. \$132,380 \$4,372,662 \$3,630,856 \$741 \$741

(W. T.) Grant Co. (Mass.).—May Sales.—
1927—May—1926. Increase. 1927–5 Mos.—1926. Increase.
\$3,160,255 \$2,867,250 \$293,005 \$13,766,964 \$11,755,841 \$2,011,123
—V. 124, p. 2756, 2127.

Sys. 160,255 \$2,867,250 \$293,005 \$13,706,964 \$11,755,841 \$2,011,123 —V. 124, p. 2756, 2127.

Granite Mills, Fall River, Mass.—Recapitalizes.—
At a special meeting of the stockholders held May 26, the common stock was reduced from 12,500 shares to 3,125 shares, and an issue of 3,125 shares of 7% cum. conv. pref. stock was authorized, par \$100 per share.

The directors have voted to offer the preferred stock first to holders of the common stock at par (\$100). Each stockholder is entitled to subscribe on or before July 1 for preferred stock in the proportion of one share of preferred to 4 shares of old common stock held by him with transferable rights for fractional parts of a share. All subscriptions and all assignments of rights must be received at the office of the B. M. C. Durfee Trust Co., Fall River, Mass.

No subscription shall be binding until at least \$200,000 of the preferred stock has been subscribed for.

Payments for the shares subscribed for may be made in full at the time of subscription or in three annual installments as follows: 35% on July 1, 35% on Oct. 1 1927, and 30% on Jan. 1 1928. Dividends on preferred stock will accrue from Jan. 1 1928. Interest will be paid up to Jan. 1 1928 on all sums paid on subscriptions prior thereto at the rate of 6% per annum.

The directors, in a recent letter to the stockholders, said in part:

"During the past few years the company has suffered serious losses."

The company now has a net debt of about \$500,000.

"Out of the company's 2,900 looms, about 1,100 are automatic. It has \$79 dobbies and is now engaged in the manufacture of fine goods for which there is an active demand at a fair price.

"In February of this year the directors secured the services as Treasurer of Frederick C. Hall, a man of recognized ability as a manufacturer.

"The company's capital has been impaired and it cannot succeed without a substantial amount of new capital."

To provide this, the directors proposed the above plan.—V. 124, p. 3076.

(W. F.) Hall Printing Co., Chicago.—Bonds Offered.— Lee, Higginson & Co. are offering at 99½ and int., to yield 5.54%, \$6,000,000 1st mtge. & collateral trust sinking fund

Lee, Higginson & Co. are offering at 99½ and int., to yield 5.54%, \$6,000,000 1st mtge. & collateral trust sinking fund gold bonds, series A, 5½%.

Dated May 1 1927, due May 1 1947. Int. (M. & N.) payable at offices of Lee, Higginson & Co. in Boston, New York, or Chicago. Demom. \$1,000 and \$500 c*. Callable as a whole or in amounts of \$500,000 or for sinking fund on any interest date on 30 days' notice at 105 and int. on or before Nov. 1 1928, the premium thereafter decreasing ½% during each two years to 100½ and int. on and after May 1 1945. Company agrees to pay int. without deduction for Federal income taxos, now or hereafter deductible at the source, not in excess of 2%; and also to refund present Penn. and Conn. 4 mill taxes upon application within 60 days after payment. Illinois Merchants Trust Co., Chicago, trustee.

Data from Letter of Pres. R. M. Eastman, Chicago June 3.

Company.—Incorp. in Illinois Jan. 23 1893, and began business in a small plant on Plymouth Place, Chicago. From original capital of only \$20,000, the company has grown to its present position through 34 years of successful operation. Its constantly increasing business outgrew in succession various larger plants into which it moved from time to time until in 1925 it opened the present Chicago plant, the largest and most modern in the world. Company controls the Chicago Rotoprint Co. and Central Typesetting & Electrotyping Co., Chicago, and Rotoprint Gravure Co., Inc., New York.

Company, already the largest printing establishment of its kind in the world, has acquired the plant and business of Edward Langer Printing Co., Inc., N. Y. City. This acquisition, adding a large and modern Eastern plant to the existing capacity of its Chicago plant, further strengthens the leadership of the company in its industry, enlarging its capacity for service—especially in the East—and placing it in a position to handle important new business just secured. From its inception the company has maintained a reputation for high-class large-volume production.

Common stock (par \$10) 3,000,000

Security.—Secured by a first mortgage upon all fixed assets owned or hereafter acquired except assets acquired subject to existing or purchase money mortgages; and by pledge of entire capital stock of a subsidiary company owning all presses and other printing equipment of the Chicago plant; together having an aggregate book value of \$10.491.194, independently appraised at \$12.858.040. The stock pledged as collateral represents entire ownership of unencumbered machinery carried on the books at \$3.487.233. They will be secured also by pledge of 99.8% of the capital stock of Edward Langer Printing Co., operating the New York plant, and by pledge of 77.5% of the capital stock of Central Typesetting & Electrotyping Co.

Earnings.—Company throughout its 34 years of existence has shown a profit in every year. Consolidated net earnings (including earnings of Edward Langer Printing Co. for years ended Dec. 31) have been as follows: for years ending Jan. 31:

Consol. Net Earns. Acailable for Int., After Deprec. but Before Fed. Taxes. 1923. 1924. 1925. 1926. 1927. At per Yr.

\$336.468 \$948.438 \$1.078.407 \$984.309 \$1.313.449 \$1.032.214.

Consolidated net earnings for the year to Jan. 31 1927. \$1.313.449, were nearly 4 times the \$330.000 annual interest requirement on bonds to be outstanding. Such average net earnings for the past 5 years, \$1.032.214. were over 3.1 times this interest requirement. The decline in 1926 was occasioned by charging off nearly \$300.000 extraordinary expenses for moving into the new plant. Earnings as shown are without anybenefit from large additional business since secured.

Sinking Fund.—Commencing March 15 1930, the company will pay annually to Lee, Higginson & Co., as sinking fund agent, a sum sufficient to purchase or redeem on the next succeeding May 1, \$225,000 of series A bonds; or may deliver bonds in lieu of all or part of such sum; all bonds so acquired to be cancelled. This sinking fund is sufficient to retire \$3,825,000 series A bonds before maturity.

Offering of 100,000 Shares of Capital Stock.—
The stockholders of record June 10 will be given the right to subscribe on or before June 30 for 100,000 additional shares of capital stock (par \$10) at \$15 per share. Stock not subscribed by stockholders have been underwritten and will be sold to the underwriters.

Subscriptions and payments for the new stock must be made at the State Bank of Chicago, 135 West Washington St., Chicago, Ill., or to the offices of Lee, Higginson & Co., 209 South La Salle St., Chicago, Ill., 43 Exchange Place, N. Y. City, or 70 Federal St., Boston, Mass., or to the office of Higginson & Co., 80 Lombard St., London, England, before the close of business June 30 1927.

The new stock will be issued as of July 1 1927, and stock certificates will be delivered as soon as practicable after that date. Dividends will accrue on the new shares from the last dividend payment date, April 30 1927. It is the intention of the company to maintain its present rate of dividends.

Consolidated Balance Sheet of W. F. Hall Printing Co. and Edward Langer Printing Co., Inc., as of Jan. 31 1927 (Adjusted to Include Proceeds of New Financing).

of New 1	Financing).	
Assets-	Liabilities—	
Land, bldgs., mach'y &	Common stock \$3.0	
equipmentx\$10,491,194		000,000
Cash		564.559
Accts. rec. (less reserves) 1,200,067		274.352
	Other liabilities	13,505
Other current assets 23,203		697,366
Invest. in associated cos. 1,077,000		
Prepaid expenses 22,350		
Other assets		
w Including \$1 500 000 cost of	confirmant boing numbered b	asé Lonn

* Including \$1,500,000 cost of equipment being purchased, but less \$2,765,042 depreciation.—V. 122, p. 3349.

Happiness Candy Stores, Inc.—Stock Increased.—
The stockholders on June 9 authorized an increase in the capital stock from the present 1,067.000 no par shares to 1,500.000. It was voted also to consolidate the present founders' and class A stocks into one class of stock, which will be exchanged share for share for the present stock.
The purpose is to provide for expansion and other corporate uses. No offering of stock is contemplated for the immediate future. Several different plans are under consideration, and a decision on the terms of a stock offering will, it is stated, be made at a meeting early in July.—V. 124, p. 3077.

Hartman Corporation, Chicago.—Sales. 1927—May—1926. \$1,902,605 \$2,112,346 —V. 124, p. 2917, 2288. \$269,468

-V. 124, p. 2917, 2288.

Hayes Wheel Co.—Merger, &c.—

See Kelsey-Hayes Wheel Corp. below.

Preferred Stock Called.—All of the outstanding preferred stock of Hayes Wheel Co. has been called for redemption June 11 at 110 and dividends at the Natilian Bank, Jackson, Mich., or at the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York City.

To Dissolve.—The stockholders at a special meeting held May 23 1927, approved the contract of sale of this company's assets to Kelsey Wheel Co., Inc., the terms of which contract provide that the pref. stock shall be redeemed as aforesaid and that the assets of the company will be transferred to Kelsey Wheel Co., Inc., on June 10 1927, and the Hayes Wheel Co. dissolution of the Hayes Wheel Co. were duly adopted.—V. 124, p. 3359.

Haytian Corp. of America.—Increase in Grindings.—
Preliminary reports from the Haytian Corp. of America for the grinding season to May 30 show 179,070 tons of cane ground this year, compared with 150,372 tons for the similar period last year. This is in contrast to the 1924 season, the first after the company emerged from reorganization, when grindings amounted to 54,969 tons. The increase in grindings during the past 3 years, therefore, has been over 225%. Indicated production of raw sugar for the 1927 season is 14,071 short tons, compared with 11,249 last year.

last year.

Although definite plans have not yet been completed for the 1927-1928 campaign, it is stated that a considerably larger tonnage of cane will be harvested.

For the 10 months ending April 30 it is reported that the combined net earnings of the wharf, the electric light properties and the railroad showed an increase of approximately 16%, while local sales of the sugar company of white and raw sugar and alcohol increased 16% over the corresponding period last year.—V. 124, p. 1987.

(R.) Hoe & Co., Inc.—Receives Large Order.—
The company recently received an order from the Chicago "Daily News" for 68 16-page super-speed units, with 17 double folders, the largest order ever placed for newspaper presses. The contract calls for the completion of the work in about 18 months.—V. 124, p. 3077.

Holbrook Hall (Apt.) .- Bonds to be Redeemed .-All of the outstanding 1st mtge. 7% gold bonds, dated June 15 1926, have been called for redemption June 15 next at 102 and int. Payment of said bonds or interim receipts therefor (issued by G. L. Miller & Co Inc.), will be made on June 15 at the American Trust Co., 135 Broadway, N. Y. City.—V. 123, p. 1121.

Humble Oil & Refining Co.—20-Cent Extra Dividend.— The directors on June 7 declared an extra dividend of 20 cents per share, in addition to the usual quarterly dividend of 30 cents per share, both payable July 1 to holders of record June 11. Like amounts were paid on July 1 and Oct. 1 1926 and on Jan. 1 and April 1 last.—V. 124, p. 2756.

Hudson Coal Co.—Bonds Sold.—Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and First National Bank, New York, have sold at 98½ and int., to yield 5.09% \$35,000,000 1st mtge. sinking fund 5% gold bonds, series "A."

Dated June 1 1927; due June 1 1962. Denom. \$1,000 c* and r*. Interest payable J. & D., without deduction for the present Penn. 4 mills tax or for Federal income taxes not exceeding 2% per annum. Red. all or part on 60 days' notice, on any int. date on or before June 1 1957, at 105% and int., and on any int. date thereafter at their principal amount plus a premium equal to ½% for each 6 months between the redemption date

and the date of maturity. United States Mortgage & Trust Co., trustee. Both principal and interest will be payable without deduction for any tax, assessment or governmental charge (other than Federal income taxes in excess of 2% per annum which the company or the trustee may be authorized or required to pay thereon or deduct or retain therefrom under any present or future law of the United States of America or the Common-Welling—Application will be made in due course to list these bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.

Data From Letter of Pres. L. F. Loree, dated June 6.
Compony.—Is a Pennsylvania corporation owning antiractic properties located in Wayne. Susquehama, Lactined all coal properties formerly owned by the Delaware & Hudson Co. and the Northern Coal & Iron Co. which have been recently acquired by the company. Company now owns in fee 21.229 acres of anthracite coal bearing land or the coal thereunder. It is conservatively estimated that this acreage owned in fee contains (after unmined merchantable anthracite. In addition, lands held by the company under lease are estimated to contain over 26.000.000 gross tons of unmined merchantable anthracite, recoverable during the terms of the leases.

The annual commercial tonnage produced from the properties now owned tonnage consumed in operating the property; has been as follows: and tonnage onsumed in operating the property; has been as follows: and tonnage onsumed in operating the property; has been as follows: and tonnage tonsumed in operating the property; has been as follows: and tonnage tonsumed in operating the property; has been as follows: and tonnage tonsumed in operating the property; has been as follows: and tonnage tonsumed in operating the property; has been as follows: and tonnage tonsumed to controlled by the company.

Earnings.—For the 4-year period averaged 7.942.181 gross tons, in spite of strikes during parts of said period.

Earnings.—For the 4-year period averaged 7.942.181 gross tons, in spite of strikes during the property in the prope

company. Capital Stock.—Authorized, \$25,000,000; outstanding, \$17,363,250, all owned by Delaware & Hudson Co.

Balance Sheet as of March 31	1927 (Giving Effect to Present Financing).
Assets-	Liabilities—
Coal lands, real estate, &c \$58,883	3,453 Capital stock\$17,363,250
Cash	8.645 First mortgage bonds 35,000,000
Marketable securities	2.500 Wages & accounts payable 5,268,575
Accounts receivable 7.842	2.402 Reserves: Workmen's compen 1.718,715
Prepared coal on hand 5.75	8.676 Fire insurance 895,863
Material & supplies 4.81	3.272 All other reserves 6,811,965
Other securities 1.276	6.658 Deferred credit items 431,905
Adv. royalties on unmined	Surplus 24,922,604
coal 3	4,896
Patent rights 134	5,938
Workmen's compensation ins.	
fund 1,718	8,715
Fire insurance fund 894	5,863
	7,865
Deferred debit items	3,993 Total (each side)\$92,412,877

Hydrox Corporation.—Changes in Personnel.—
F. H. Bridges, former Vice-President and General Manager, has been elected President, succeeding Thomas H. McInerney, who has been elected Thairman. Mr. Bridges was also elected Treasurer, and Robert D. Lay, ecretary, was elected a Vice-President.—V. 119, p. 701.

International Mercantile Marine Co.—Plans Readjust-

International Mercantile Marine Co.—Plans Readjustment of Share Capital—No Plans Y et to Adjust Pref. Divs.—

The intention of the board of directors to readjust the share capital of the company on the basis of a revaluation of assets was indicated in the statement submitted by President P. A. S. Franklin to the stockholders at the annual meeting held June 6.

It was also stated that the first installment of the purchase price of the White Star Line has been devoted to the retirement of bonds.

Reports of pending negotiations for sale of the Leyland and Red Star lines were denied by Mr. Franklin. He also said the company has no plans in regard to expansion in the intercoastal trade aside from the building of two new ships to replace existing tonnage in the service.

As to the sale of the White Star holdings to the Royal Mail Steam Packet Co. for £7,000,000, it was stated that on Jan. 24 last £2,000,000 cash was received on account of the sale and that the balance is to be paid as follows, with interest at 4% from Jan. 1 1927 until the date of payment of the installments: £1,250,000 on June 30 1928; £1,250,000 on June 30 1929, and £2,500,000 on Dec. 31 1936.

"Part of the £2,000,000 cash received," the report continued, "has been used for the purchase of the company's bonds and retirement of same under the sinking fund provision of the mortgage and this policy will be continued, provided the bonds can be secured at a satisfactory price, unless your directors decide to use part of the proceeds for the construction or acquisition of other shipping properties or for the improvement of present properties.

"Because of the amount at which the Oceanic properties (White Star Line) have been carried on the company's books, the sale will necessitate alterations in the consolidated balance sheet, and in addition to dealing with the actual transaction outlined above, there will have to be material deductions in the amount at which the properties, including good-will, have previously been carried and this may make it desira

138,000

on the preferred stock, Mr. Franklin said: "No, the whole future of the company will have to be considered by the directors. There has been a very material upheaval in the whole financial position of the company and the readjustment will take time and a good deal of thought."—V. 124, p. 3345.

International Paper Co.—To Acquire Power Co.— See Gatineau Power Co. under "Public Utilities" above.—V. 124, p. 3219.

Investors Corp.—Earnings.-

Results for Year Ended April 30 1927.

Income from int., divs., &c., \$269,097; expenses (incl. taxes), \$34,576; net income.

First pref. divs., \$60,000; conv. pref. divs., \$60,000; second pref. divs., \$18,000; total. \$234,521

Balance available for common. \$96.521
Earnings per share on 70,000 shares of common (no par). \$1.38
Condensed adjusted balance sheet as of April 30 1927 shows total assets of \$2,701,267, of which \$2,452,071 consisted of securities owned, divided as follows: Bonds, \$1,187,124; preferred stocks, \$1,011,830, and common stocks, \$253,117. The corporation reported cash of \$210,724, interest and dividends accrued \$34,472, and notes receivable \$4,000. Earned surplus appears as \$165,067, with reserves for Federal and State taxes amounting to \$29,699, and dividends accrued, \$6,500. Equity based on paid in surplus and reserves amounted to \$365,000.—V. 124, p. 3220.

Johns-Manville Corp. (& Subs.).—Annual Report
 Calendar Years—
 1926.
 1925.
 1924.

 Profits for year.
 \$4,272,228
 \$2,725,661
 \$2,523.047

 Income tax reserve.
 493.854
 300,000
 300,000

 Dividends (\$3)
 \$750,000
 750,000
 750,000

Balance, surplus______\$3.028.374 \$1.675,661 \$1.473.047 x In addition a special Christmas dividend of \$18 per share was paid in December on the old 250,000 no par value shares.

The stockholders of Johns-Manville, Inc., on Dec. 28 last approved a reorganization plan which provided that the old company sell all its assets to Johns-Manville Corp., a new corporation formed in New York State with an authorized stock of 100,000 shares of 7% cum. pref. stock, par \$100, and 750,000 shares of no par value common stock. The stockholders of old company were entitled to receive for each share of stock held three-tenths of a share of 7% cum. pref. stock and three shares of no par value common stock of new corporation. See V. 123, p. 3329.

Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Jan. 1 '27.	Dec. 31 '25.		Dec. 31 '25.
Assets— \$ 1 27. Assets— \$ 27. Plant, equip't, &c. 16,680,531 Cash 2,137,918 Accts. & notes rec. 6,538,580 Inventories 6,032,092 Sec. of other cos 2,559,918 Due from sub. cos. U. S. Treas. ctfs 1,000,000 Deferred charges 221,578	\$ 9,274,945 1,566,192 6,478,399 4,776,686 7,927,869 1,714,745	Liabilities	\$ 12,500,000 838,930 533,452 187,500
		Shingle Co 13,44 Surplus 9,499,21	17,378,953

Total _____35,270,617 31,738,835 Total _____35,270,617 31,738,835 **x** Represented by 750,000 shares of no par value, at stated value of \$20 –V. 124. p. 3360.

Journal of Commerce Corp.—Definitive Notes Ready.—Definitive 10-year 6½% sinking fund gold notes, due Jan. 1 1937, are now ready for delivery in exchange for temporary notes at the Chase National Bank of the City of New York, trustee, 57 Broadway, N. Y. City (For offering, see V. 124, p. 242.).—V. 124, p. 3079.

Kelsey Hayes Wheel Corp.—Listing, &c.—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing on or after June 10 of temporary certificates for \$2.023.400 7% cum. pref. stock and 300.000 shares of common stock without par value, on official notice of issuance in exchange for certificates for pref. and common stock on a special properties of the stock and 300.000 shares of common stock without par value, on official notice of issuance in exchange for certificates for pref. and common stock, or add 98.522 shares of common stock on official notice of issuance to the Hayes Wheel Co. as part consideration for that company's assets; making the total amounts applied for \$2.023.400 7% cum. pref. stock and 398.522 shares of common stock without par value.

The Kelsey Wheel Co., Inc., has contracted with Hayes Wheel Co. to purchase from the latter company substantially all of its liabilities, for the consideration of 98.522 shares of the common stock (new) without par value of the company and the payment of \$2.955.660 in cash. The agreement of purchase provides for closing on June 10, but that the agreement shall not become operative unless prior to that time the stockholders of Hayes Wheel Co. shall have taken the necessary action to approve the sale, and the stockholders of the company shall have taken the necessary action, i. e., to effect the necessary change in its capitalization to permit the performance by it of the agreement.

At a meeting of the stockholders of Hayes Wheel Co. held May 23

the agreement.

At a meeting of the stockholders of Hayes Wheel Co. held May 23 the sale under the agreement was authorized and other necessary action taken to permit performance of the contract by Hayes Wheel Co. At a meeting of stockholders of the Kelsey company held May 26 the necessary action was taken, among other things, to change the name of the company from Kelsey Wheel Co., Inc., to Kelsey-Hayes Wheel Corp., to increase the number of directors from 11 to 13, and to change the capitalization by reducing the authorized amount of pref. stock to 20, 234 shares, all of which are outstanding and by changing the outstanding 100,000 shares of common stock (par \$100) into 300,000 shares of common stock without par value and by increasing the authorized amount of common stock by an additional 100,000 shares without par value, each share of common stock without par value to have one vote.

Capital Securities upon Change of Capitalization, &c. the agreement

Capital Securities upon Change of Capitalization, &c.

Preferred stock (par \$100)	Authorized. 20,234 shs.	Outstanding 20.234 shs
Common stock (no par)		398,522 shs
Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Shee	t as of Dec. 31	1926.

Assets—		Liabilities—	
Land, bldgs., mach., &c_	c\$9.185.153	7% preferred stock	a\$2.039.500
Trade names, patents &		Common stock	$\mathbf{b}12.808.259$
good-will	9,543,237	Accounts payable	592,699
Miscell. investments	364,549	Accrued payrolls, taxes,	
Land contracts receiv'le_	18,775	royalties, &c	229,997
Inventories	4,317,508	Federal and Canadian	
Notes & accounts rec.,		taxes and bonuses	251,272
less reserves		Cash portion of pur. price	
Life insurance policies		payable for net assets	
U. S. & Canadian Govt.		of Hayes Wheel Co	2,955,660
bonds		Reserve for contingencies	
Cash		Surplus	8,639,216
Deferred charges	390,310		
Total	297 272 122	Total	297 979 199

Total.....\$27,878,183 | Total.....\$27,878,183 a Since Dec. 31 1926 the Kelsey Wheel Co., Inc., purchased 15 shares of pref. stock and it is proposed to reduce the number of shares authorized for issuance to 20,234. b Of this capital item, \$2,808,259 is subject to adjustment for changes resulting from operations of Hayes Wheel Co. from Dec. 31 1926 to date of closing, and also to deduction of expenses of Hayes Wheel Co. in connection with sale of assets and dissolution, as provided in the contract. c After deducting \$9,543,237 depreciation and depletion.

Kelsey Wheel Co., Inc.—New Name, &c.— See Kelsey-Hayes Wheel Corp. above.—V. 124, p. 2918, 2757.

Kelvinator of Canada, Ltd.—Officers.—

A. H. Goss, President of the Electric Refrigeration Corp., has been elected Chairman of the board of Kelvinator of Canada, Ltd., and C. K. Woodbridge, executive Vice-President and General Manager of Electric Refrigeration Corp., has been made President of the Canadian subsidiary and Chairman of its executive committee.—V. 124, p. 1520.

Keystone Car & Equipment Co.—Certificates Called.—
All of the outstanding equipment trust certificates, series A, have been called for redemption July 1 next and the equipment trust certificates,

series B, on June 15. Payment will be made at 102½ and int. at the Pennsylvania Co. for Insurance on Lives, &c., trustee, Philadelphia, Pa.—V. 117, p. 899.

Klots Throwing Co.—Bonds Called.—
Certain 1st & collat. trust gold mtge. 7% bonds (aggregating \$262,000) have been called for redemption July 1 at 105 and int. at the Bankers Trust Co., 16 Wall St., N. Y. C.—V. 124, p. 1987.

Co., 16 Wall St., N. Y. C.—V. 124, p. 1987.

Koppers Gas & Coke Co.—Bonds Offered.—The Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh, Guaranty Co. of New York, Bankers Trust Co., New York, Mellon National Bank, Pittsburgh, Lee, Higginson & Co., Bonbright & Co., Inc., Otis & Co. and Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., are offering at 96 and int., to yield over 5.30%, \$25,000,000 20-year 5% sinking fund debenture gold bonds.

Dated June 1 1927; due June 1 1947. Denom. \$1,000 c*. Principal payable at the office of Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh, trustee. Interest Trust Co., New York, without deduction of normal Federal income tax up to 2%. Red., all or part, on any int. date upon 4 weeks' notice, at 102½ and int. for first 10 years and 101 and int. for remaining 10 years. Free of Penna. 4-mill tax.

Sinking Fund.—Sinking fund of \$1,000,000 per annum commencing April 1 1928, to be used toward the purchase on each May 1 thereafter, upon tenders made during each April, of bonds at not exceeding 102½ and int. for first 10 years and 101 and int. for the remaining 10 years. To the extent that this fund is not exhausted by tenders, bonds shall be called by lot for redemption on the first day of June next following the date of each sinking fund payment.

fund payment.

Data from Letter of H. B. Rust, President of the Company.

for redemption on the first day of June next following the date of each sinking fund payment.

Data from Letter of H. B. Rust, President of the Company.

Company.—A Delaware corporation. Was organized in Jan. 1927. Al of the capital stock of the company is owned by the Koppers Co. of Pittsburgh, Pa. The Koppers Gas & Coke Co. was formed for the purpose of owning, operating and managing certain of the industrial and public utility enterprises into which the business of the Koppers Co. has gradually expanded.

The Koppers Co. is a successor corporation to the business of H. Koppers Co., which specialized in the design and construction of by-product coke ovens in the United States and Canada under patents owned by it. Since the inception of its present ownership and management, in 1914, the Koppers Co. has become the largest and most successful builder of coke and gas plants and has designed and completed over 90% of all the by-product coke and gas plants built in the United States and Canada.

From its original business of designing and constructing complete coke plants for steel companies and subsequently gas plants for public utilities. From its original business of designing and constructing complete coke plants for steel companies of merchant coke plants, selling the gas production under long term contracts to public utility companies and also engaging on a large scale in the marketing of coke, tar, ammonium sulphate and other by-products of these operations. This portion of the general business has been turned over, among others, to Koppers Gas & Coke Co.

Properties.—The principal subsidiaries of Koppers Gas & Coke Co. chicago gay-Product Coke Co. and Milwaukee Coke & Gas Co. These companies operate by-product coke plants at Jersey City, N. J., St. Paul, Minn., Chicago, Ill., and Milwaukee, Wis., respectively, and sell their entire output of gas under long term contracts to the following companies, respectively: Public Service Electric & Gas Co., Northern States Power Co. Peoples Gas Light & Coke Co. and Mi

Summary of Consolidated Income Statement.

,	3 Mos. End.	Yea	rs End. Dec.	31
Period-	Mar. 31 '27.		1925.	1924.
Net profit from oper	\$1,441,049		\$5,150,311	
*Income and rentals from properties now under			****	407 400
option of sale		209,979	558,646	495,126
Divs., int. & miscell	276,851	1,014,454	989,383	1,038,602
Gross income	\$2.011.502	\$7,369.039	\$6,698,339	\$5.084,877
Depreciation	\$247,338	\$990,928	\$998,615	\$1,014,478
Federal taxes	190.836	749.385	523.058	267,636
Other deductions		289,441	302,673	625,921
Total	\$502,488	\$2,029,754	\$1,824,346	\$1,908,035
* This item represents	\$1,509,014	\$5,339,285	\$4,873,993 the Chicago	\$3,176,841
- This item represents	the mcome	both of wh	ich companie	by-Froduct
Co. and the Koppers I option of sale. In the	coront of the	option being	z evereised	the Konners
Gas & Coke Co. would	morely receive	ro income fre	w the invest	ment of the
price payable approxima	tely \$8,000.	000 instead	of that show	n above.
Condensed Consolidated	Balance Shee	t as of Marc	h 31 1927 (Giving Effect

	o Present	rinancing).
Assets— Property Securities owned bProp. now under opt. of sale Cash res. for add'l investm'ts Cash Accounts & notes receivable Inventories Due from associated cos Deferred charges	24,514,984 8,154,306 5,425,000 939,992 3,696,891 2,482,983 6,154,205	Subsidiary cos.' bonds 3,266,000 Current liabilities 1,709,394 Depreciation reserve 11,168,640 Other reserves 1,311,952 Capital stock a35,012,555

.....\$77,468,541 Total (each side)..... a Authorized and issued, 600,000 shares of common stock without par value. b Entire capital stocks of the Chicago By-Product Coke Co. and Koppers Kokomo Co. now owned by the Koppers Gas & Coke Co., are under option of sale and the values stated above represent the minimum amounts which will be received if said options are exercised.

Listed.—Bonds listed on the Boston Stock Exchange.

_377,468,541

(S. S.) Kresge Co.—May Sales.—

1927—May—1926.

1027—May—1926.

1027—May—1926.

1027—May—1926.

1027—May—1926.

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(S. H.) Kress & Co.-May Sales. 1927—May—1926. Increase. 1927—5 Mos.—1926. Increase. \$4,162,577 \$3,946,690 \$215,887 \$19,248,198 \$17,880,958 \$1,367,240 \$1,000 \$1

(Fried.) Krupp, Ltd. (Fried. Krupp Aktiengesell-schaft), Essen, Germany.—To Redeem 1921 Bonds.—
This company, which recently retired outstanding bonds of its loan of 1908, has called for immediate redemption bonds of the issue of 1921.

The New York & Hanseatic Corp., 42 Broadway, N. Y. City, has been designated to receive and pay for the bonds at the redemption prices fixed by the German courts.—V. 124, p. 1520.

(Edward) Langer Printing Co., Inc.—See W. F. Hall Printing Co. above.—V. 115, p. 2275. -Sale, &c .-

La Salle Extension University of III.—Acquisition.—
The sale and manufacture of the stenotype, the machine that writes shorthand, was on May 25 taken over by the university through the purchase of the plant and equipment and all rights of the Stenotype Co. of Indanapolis.—V. 124, p. 1369.

Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Co.—New Director.— J. B. Graham of Detroit has been elected a director, succeeding Potter Palmer.—V. 124, p. 381.

Loft, Incorporated.—May Sales.—
1927—May—1926. Decrease. 1927—5 Mos.-1926.
32,606 \$718,060 \$85,454 \$3,255,487 \$3,266,966 1927—May—1926. \$632,606 \$718,060 —V. 124, p. 2757, 2601. **Decrezse. \$11,479

(P.) Lyall & Sons Construction Co., Ltd.-Report.-

Years End. Mar. 31— Earnings— Bond interest——————————————————————————————————	1926-27. $$234,428$ $29,410$ $80,000$ $91,000$	$\begin{array}{c} 1925\text{-}26. \\ \$262,291 \\ 34,074 \\ 73,500 \\ 91,000 \end{array}$	1924-25. $$260,121$ $40,574$ $71,200$ $91,000$	\$210,698 43,260 67,200 91,000
Balance Previous surplus	\$34,018 479,634	\$63,717 415,916	\$57,346 358,570	\$9,238 349,331
Prof. & loss bal., surp. Shs. com. out. (par \$100) Earns. per share on com.	\$513,652 17,500 \$1.94 arative Balar	\$479,634 17,500 \$3.64 ace Sheet Marc	\$415,916 17,500 \$3.28	\$358,570 17,500 \$0.53
				1006
Assets— 1927.	1926.	Labilities-	1927.	1926.
Plant, bldgs. & real	0 01 100 000		stk. \$1,300,000	
estate\$1,370,55	8 \$1,480,323	Common stoc		
Patents, rights and		6% 1st M. bo		
good-will, &c 996,91	0 1,076,910			
Dom. Gov. bds. &		Accrued wage		13,114
other securities. 371,93				
Stocks on hand 35,04				
Work in progress 507,01				
Deposits on contrs. 700,00				
Accts. receivable 630,86				
Miscell. assets 119,89 Cash 85,22		Surplus	513,652	479,634
Total\$4,817,44	9 \$4,987,849	Total	\$4,817,449	\$4,987,849

McCord Radiator & Mfg. Co.—Earnings.—
The company reports for the three months ended March 31 1927 profit of \$153,467 after charges but before Federal taxes. Current assets were \$2,297,265 and current liabilities \$1,031,760.—V. 124, p. 1521.

McIntyre Porcupine Mines, Ltd.—Annual Report.—

	*July 1 '26	Yea	rs End. June	30
Period— to Bullion recovery———Operating costs————	\$2,957,061	1926. \$3,804,775 2,121,322	1925. \$3,546,637 1,927,500	1924. \$3,291,178 1,788,332
Operating profit Other income	\$1,358,376 77,470	\$1,683,453 104,443	\$1,619,137 95,833	\$1,502,846 77,537
Total income	\$1,435,846 58,673	\$1,787,896 66,514	\$1.714,970 96,084	\$1,580,383 91,914
Net income Surplus July 1 Premium on capital stock Reinstatement of shares Sundry adjustments	3,176,806	\$1,721,382 3,311,543	\$1,618,886 3,137,489	\$1,488,469 1,795,615 611,272 195,239
Total surplus Dividends Sundry deductions Devel. written off Depreciation	\$4,558,395 598,500 44,478 332,924 381,585	\$5,032,925 798,000 29,109 460,759 568,251	\$4,756,375 798,000 12,769 268,943 365,120	\$4,090,595 559,639 937 96,901 295,629
Profit & loss surplus_ Shares of capital stock outstanding (par \$5) Earns. per sh. on cap. stk. * Fiscal year changed	798,000 \$1.73	\$2.16	\$3,311,543 798,000 \$2.03	\$3,137,489 798,000 \$1.87
(Comparative 1	Balance Sheet		

* Fiscai year changed fre	m June 30	to March 31.		
Cox	mparative l	Balance Sheet.		
Mar. 31'27.		contract mississi.	for 21107	June 30'26
Assets-	June 30 20.		1ar.31 21.	June 30 20
	8	Liabilities-	8	3
Mining property,		Capital stock	3,990,000	3,990,000
plant & eq., &c., 7,572,848	7.053.072	Accounts	112.008	87.372
Dev. undistributed 62,911	53,353	Payrolls	62.952	57.735
Oper. & adm. exp.		Prov. for taxes	102.678	71.921
prepaid 20,217	5.779		13.684	17,294
Cash 119,052	169,614	General reserve	148,987	148,987
Bullion 205,447		Depreciation	2.876.652	2.496.389
Spec. bank deposits 200,000	300,000	Surplus	3.200.908	3.176.805
Dominion bonds 1.238,375	1.238.375		012001000	012101000
Investments 819,993	859.993			
Accts. & int. rec 54.761	57.934			
Supplies at cost 214.265	164.715	Total (each side)	10.507.869	10.046.505
-V. 124. p. 515.	,	Total (chon side)	10,001,000	20,020,000

Mandel Brothers, Inc.—Listing.—

Mandel Brothers, Inc.—Listing.—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 313,000 shares of capital stock without par value.
The issuance of 120,000 shares of capital stock of \$100 par value was authorized by the stockholders April 21 1926. The change of the 120,000 shares of \$100 par value into 313,000 shares without par value was recommended to the stockholders by the directors on April 1 1927, and was authorized by the stockholders at a meeting held on the same day.

Dividends.—On June 30 1926 the company declared and paid a dividend of 65 cents a share on 120,000 shares of capital stock of a par value of \$100, amounting to \$78,000. On April 26 1927 the company declared a dividend of 62½ cents a share on 313,000 shares of capital stock without par value, amounting to \$195,625, payable on July 1 to holders of record June 1 1927.

Income Account Years Ended Dec. 31.

Income Account Years Ended Dec. 31.					
1926. $328.087.114$ $19.563.738$	1925. \$28,040,932 19,524,880	1924. \$29,114,469 20,456,165	1923. \$29,505,625 20,764,504		
\$8,523,375 1,148,620	\$8,516,052 1,159,522	\$8,658,303 1,181,083	\$8,741,121 1,184,463		
\$9,671,995 \$8,013,526	\$9,675,574 \$7,285,183 159,295 142,929	\$9,839,386 \$7,377,526 147,900 142,661	\$9,925,584 \$7,341,517 144,678 140,563		
\$1,658,469 219,472	\$2,088,165 247,962	\$2,171,298 194,860	\$2,298,824 100,649		
\$1,877,941 44,713 245,382			\$2,399,474 131,349 261,599		
	\$28.087.114 19.563,738 \$8.523.375 1.148.620 \$9.671.995 \$8.013,526 \$1.658,469 219.472 \$1,877.941 44,713	1926, \$28,087,114 \$28,040,932 19,563,738 19,524,880 \$8,523,375 \$8,516,052 1,148,620 1,159,522 \$9,671,995 \$9,675,574 \$8,013,526 \$7,285,183 159,295 142,929 \$1,658,469 219,472 \$2,088,165 247,962 \$1,877,941 \$2,336,128 44,713 \$2,336,128	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		

Net profit after Fed. \$1,587,846 \$2,002,776 \$1,986,928 \$2,006,524 income taxes \$1,587,846 \$2,002,776 \$1,986,928 \$2,006,524 and the period commencing April 27 1926 and ending Dec. 31 1926 shows a net profit after Federal income taxes of \$1,130,452, which after dividends of \$78,000 left a surplus of \$1,052,453.

Comparative Balance Sheet as of Dec. 31 1926

[After giving effect as of De	ec. 31 192	6 to the recapitalization of the Labilities—	ne co.].
Cash	\$800,452	Accounts payable	\$824,807
Call loans	520,000	Employees' deposit accounts	64,431
Accounts receivable	2.746,658	Mdse, certificates outstanding	13,006
	1,075,085	Reserve for Federal, real and	
Merchandise inventory	5,243,307	personal property taxes	574,705
Acer, int. on notes rec. & inv.	44,760	Accrued pay-roll	293,246
Sundry investments	15,179	Mandel Building Corporation.	302,048
Fixtures and equipment	732,855	Res. for compensation insur	142,974
Deferred charges	166,299	Reserve for contingencies	100,000
Good-will and trade name	1	Capital stock (no par)	7,500,000
		Earned surplus	1,052,452
		Capital surplus	476,926
			11 044 704

Total......\$11,344,597 Total.......\$11,344,596

Note.—The only difference in the balance sheet as of Dec. 31 1926, before and after the recapitalization of the company, were changes in the makeup of the capital stock and surplus accounts, and the reduction of the good-will and trade name from \$686,863 to \$1, as shown in the following statement:

Capital stock, common. Less: Reduction of capital withdrawals. Surplus.	$\$12,000,000 \\ 3,336,210 \\ 1,052,452$
Total capital stock and surplus before recapitalization Less: Good-will and trade name charged off	\$9,716,241 686,863
Capital stock and surplus after recapitalization	\$9,029,379
Made up as follows: Capital stock, no par value—auth. and issued, 313,000 shs Surplus	
Total	\$9,029,379

McCrory Stores Corp.—May Sales.—
1927—May—1926. Increase. | 1927—5 Mos.—1926. Increase. | 851,676 | \$2,491,866 | \$359,810 | \$14,082,103 | \$11,820,474 | \$2,261,629 1927—May—1926. \$2,851,676 \$2,491,866 —V. 124, p. 3079, 2918.

McLellan Stores Co.—May Sales.— 1927—May—1926. Increase. 1927—5 Mos.—1926. 56,073 \$628,331 \$127,742 \$3,478,783 \$2,601,532 1927—May—1926. \$756,073 \$628,331 —V. 124, p. 2758, 2128.

1927—May—1926. Increase. 1927—5 Mos.—1926. Increase. \$756.073 \$628.331 \$127.742 \$3.478.783 \$2.601.532 \$877.251 \text{ Nanhattan Electrical Supply Co., Inc.—Listing—Acquires Control of Troy Laundry Machinery Co., Inc.—Earnings. The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 30.000 shares of stock without par value on official notice of issuance and payment in full, making the total amount applied for 130.000 shares.

At a meeting of the directors held on April 5 1927 the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, This company heretofore, by instrument dated Jan. 8 1927, granted to Chandler & Co., Inc., a certain option for the purchase of 30.000 shares of capital stock, which option was amended by instrument dated Feb. 8 1927, to provide for the purchase of said shares in the respective amounts and at the respective prices hereinafter set forth.

Resolved, That this company issue and sell for cash at any time, and from time to time within 6 months from and after Jan. 8 1927, (1) 5,000 shares of the authorized and unissued capital stock without par value as a whole but not in part, at \$60 a share, and (2) a further 5,000 shares of such capital stock, as a whole but not in part, at \$65 a share, and (3) a further 5,000 shares of such capital stock, as a whole but not in part, at \$65 a share, and (4) a further 5,000 shares of such capital stock, as a whole but not in part, at \$70 a share; or any one or more of such lots of 5,000 shares of such capital stock, as a whole but not in part, at \$70 a share; or any one or more of such lots of 5,000 shares; and that the officers of this company and each of them be and they hereby are authorized to do any and althings necessary to carry out such issue and sale, and to execute and deliver any agreements and papers necessary or proper in the premises.

The purpose of the additional issue and sale, and to execute and deliver any agreements and papers necessary or proper in the premises.

The purpose of the additional issue and sale, and to execute and sellowed apr

Results for Calendar Years.					
8	class (net)	1926. \$6,141,305 4,971,832	1925. \$8.140,853 6,231,291	1924. \$9,036,624 7,129,743	1923. \$8,283,463 6,366,107
1	Gross profit Miscellaneous profits Net profit on sale of bat-	105.314	\$1.909.562 133,546	\$1,906,881 172,509	\$1,917,357 143,643
1	tery business	586,704			
1	Total income		\$2,043,108	\$2,079,390	\$2,061,000
	Adver., taxes, deprec., gen.exp.,eng.&devel. Special depreciation	a\$905,315	\$1,483,360	\$1.628,505 110,495	\$1,966,824
I	Net income tax	74,056 \$882,120	72,422 \$487,326	39,897 \$300,493	
1	Dividends Rate per share	394.875 (\$4.87½)	333,250 (\$4.25)	280,000 (\$4)	280,000 (\$4)
1	Balance, surplus Bhares capital stock out-	\$487,245	\$154,076	\$20,493	def.\$185,823
1	standing (no par) Earnings per share a Selling, adm. & gen. to sale of battery busine	\$6,000 \$10.26 exp., \$1.13	\$6.00 1.105; less ex	\$4.29 traordinary	\$1.34 expenses due

business, \$364,027, balance, \$767.078; add, discounts allowed, int. paid, bad debts, &c., \$138,237; total, \$905,315.—V. 124, p. 3361.

Manufacturers Liability Insurance Co. of N. J .-

Receivers .-

Receivers.—
Vice-Chancellor Vivian M. Lewis has appointed Daniel T. Winter (Pres.), Myron J. Brown (of the Empire Trust Co.), New York, and United States Senator Edward I. Edwards receivers. The action was taken on the application of Edward Maxson, Commissioner of Banking and Insurance of New Jersey, who charged that the capital of the company is impaired, supported by the affidavit of President Winter to the effect that the officers and directors realized that the best interest of all concerned would be served by the appointment of a receiver. In reporting the appointment of receivers the "Journal of Commerce," June 2, further stated:
Commissioner Maxson stated that the reserve for losses is insufficient and the capital is impaired \$200,000. At the end of 1926 the company reported over 1,200 suits outstanding against policyholders, and it is said the reserve is not sufficient to meet the requirements of the suit reserve law of New York State, where the company has done the major portion of its business.

A recent effort to increase the capital of the corporation by a \$500,000 stock issue flotation failed. The amount of stock subscribed for, Mr. Maxson said, fell short of the minimum legal requirements.

For some time the Manufacturers' Liability has been considered as rather weak. It was organized in 1911 under the auspices of the New Jersey Manufacturers' Association, with \$200,000 capital and \$100,000 surplus. The capital was increased from time to time and at the end of 1922 reached \$650,000, of which \$250,000 had been paid in by stock dividends. In 1924 this was reduced to \$400,000, \$250,000. Up to the end of 1924 the stockholders had paid in \$300,000 of surplus and \$500,000 capital account. For some years the company did business on the "stock participating" plan, dividing its earnings between the stockholders and the policyholders. From 1916 to 1923, inclusive, the company paid policyholders \$1,007,639 in dividends.

The company showed an underwriting profit up to the end of 1922, but in the next three years it lost over \$600,000 on underwriting, and its experience in 1926 was also unfortunate. It did too large a business for its resources, and in the days of its apparent prosperity distributed too much of its surplus in dividends. Then when experience turned bad it was not able to stand the strain. Compare V. 124, p. 2602.

Maple Leaf Milling Co., Ltd.—Bonds Called.—

Maple Leaf Milling Co., Ltd.—Bonds Called.— Certain 1st mtge. 61/8 % s. f. bonds, series A, due Aug. 1 1943, aggregating \$54,509, have been called for payment Aug. 1 next at 104 and int. at the Imperful Bank of Canada, and the Dominion Bank in Toronto, Montreal and Winnipeg. Canada, or Lendon, England.—V. 124, p. 1521.

Marion (O.) Steam Shovel Co.—Initial Dividends.—
The directors have declared an initial quarterly dividend of 134% on the 7% cumul. pref. stock, and an initial quarterly dividend of 75 cents per share on the common strck, no par value, both payable July 1 to holders of record June 15.—V. 124, p. 2289, 2918.

Marland Oil Co.—Notes Sold.—J. P. Morgan & Co., Guaranty Co. of New York, First National Bank, The National City Co., and F. S. Smithers & Co., have sold \$30,000,000 serial 5% gold notes at following prices (and interest): Notes due 1929 at 99.44%, to yield 5.30%; notes due 1930 at 99.05%, to yield 5.35%; notes due 1931 at 98.41%, to yield 5.45%; notes due 1932 at 97.85%, to yield 5.50%. 5.50%.

Dated June 15 1927; due \$7.500.000 annually June 15 1929 to 1932, incl. Interest payable J. & D. 15 in New York City. Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, trustee Denom. \$1.000. Redeemable only as to the whole amount of any one or more maturities, on any interest date, upon 60 days notice, at prices, respectively, equivalent to such as would yield on the notes a 4½% annual net income return, according to published bond tables to be specified in the indenture.

Data from Letter of E. W. Marland, President of the Company.

Company and its subsidiaries engage in all branches of the coil business including producing, refining, transporting and marketing. Its principal interests lie in Oklahoma, Texas and California. Since incorporation of the present company in 1920, approximately \$77,000,000 has been invested in the company's business.

Purpose.—The proceeds of these notes, which will constitute the company's only funded debt, will be used to liquidate bank loans, to provide additional working capital and for other corporate purposes. After the receipt and application of the proceeds of this issue, it is estimated that net current assets as of June 30 1927 will amount to approximately \$40,000,000.

Earnings, &c., Years Ended December 31.

1347 1661			December 31.	v
	Avge. Net	Average	Gross Income	Int., Capital
	Daily Pro-	Daily	Avail. for Int.,	Extinguish'ts.
	duction of	Pipe Line	Capital Ex-	Fed'l Income
	Crude Oil	Runs	tinguish'ts &	Taxes & Other
	(bbls.)	(bbls.)	Fed'l Taxes.	Deductions.
1922	6.760	12,780	\$8,092,124	\$3,962,494
1923	18,480	37,876	7,644,090	5,921,090
1924	23,288	40,594	9,258,017	8,903,711
1925	33,588	42.479	24,623,730	9,824,661
1926	35.991	59,338	27,422,158	15.731.347
1927 (3 months)	45.017	54,883	5,049,397	4,820,705
Owing to the prices	currently	meavailing	for emide note	oloum and its

Owing to the prices currently prevailing for crude petroleum and its products, the gross income available for interest, capital extinguishments and Federal income taxes in the second quarter of this year will be substantially reduced, being now estimated at \$3,000,000. Should the present prices continue to the end of the present year, it is estimated that gross income available for interest, capital extinguishments and Federal income taxes for the entire year 1927 will exceed \$15,000,000. It is estimated that interest, capital extinguishments and Federal income taxes in the second quarter of this year will amount to approximately \$5,000,000, but it is impossible to estimate what such charges will be for the last half of the year. The estimate of gross income for the entire year 1927 does not take into account whatever adjustment of inventory values may be necessary at the end of the year.

account whatever adjustment of the sear.

Capital Stock.—Company has outstanding 2,317,059 shares of common stock of no par value, having an indicated market value, at current quotations, of over \$85,000,000.—V. 124, p. 3361, 2602.

Metropolitan Casualty Insurance Co. of N. Y.—Sale of Fractional Warrants .-

President J. Scofield Rowe June 4 wrote in part:
Realizing the difficulty experienced by distant stockholders in buying or
selling fractional warrants, the company has requested F. L. Carlisle &
Co., Inc., 49 Wall St., N. Y. City, and Schoellkopf, Hutton & Pomeroy,
Inc., Buffalo, N. Y., to buy or sell, as the case may be, at the market price,
sufficient fractional warrants to meet the stockholders' needs. The arrangement with them, made solely for the stockholders' convenience, is not intended to be exclusive, and stockholders desiring to handle the matter
themselves or through their own brokers, are entirely free to do so. The
company itself holds no fractional warrants, has no control over their market price and derives no profit whatsoever from their purchase or sale.
The right to subscribe for the additional 20,000 shares of capital stock
offered to holders of record June 4 at \$80 a share expires June 25. See also
V. 124, p. 3362.

Midland Steel Products Co., Cleveland.—Extra Dividend Declared on Common and Preferred Stocks.—

The directors have declared extra dividends of 48 cents on the common and \$1 per share on the preferred stock, in addition to the regular quarterly dividends of \$1 per share on the common and \$2 per share on the preferred, all payable July 1 to holders of record June 18. Like amounts were paid on April 1 last. On July 1 and Oct. 1 1926 and on Jan. 1 1927 an extra of 49 cents per share on the common and of \$1 per share on the preferred stock were paid.

49 cents per share on the common and 42 years paid.

The company reports for April a profit of \$256,909 after interest and depreciation, but before Federal taxes, compared with \$219,691 in April 1926.

Billings for May amounted to \$1.615,994, compared with \$1,604,521 in May 1926.—V. 124, p. 3221, 2758.

Mill Factors Corp.—Extra Dividend of ½ of 1%.— The directors have declared an extra dividend of ½ of 1% in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 1½%, both payable July 1 to holders of record June 20. Like amounts were paid in each of the four quarters of 1926 and on Jan. 3 and April 1 1927.—V. 124, p. 1835.

Missouri State Life Insurance Co.—Capital Stock Offered.—A large block of capital stock has been placed privately by Kidder, Peabody & Co., Rogers, Caldwell & Co., Inc., Mitchell, Hutchins & Co. and G. H. Walker & Co.

Capital Stock.—Authorized and outstanding, 300,000 shares (par \$10) Dividends payable Q.-J. at the present rate of 12% per annum, free from all Federal income taxes.

Company.—Was incorporated in 1892 and commenced business as an assessment association. In 1902 it was reorganized as a legal reserve company with \$100,000 par value capital stock. Outstanding capital is now \$3,000,000. Company writes life, group life, group accident and health and commercial accident and health insurance in 39 States, in the District of Columbia and in the territory of Hawaii. It is the fourth largest joint stock life insurance company in America and is the 19th in amount of

insurance in force among the more than 300 legal reserve life insurance companies.

During the year 1926 the company increased its insurance in force over \$83,000,000, showing a total of insurance in force at the end of the year of \$670,919,561.

Earnings.—Net income for 1926 after payment of \$240,000 in dividends was \$760,896. While being the 19th in size during the year 1926 the company was 15th in net gain of life insurance in force and 17th in business paid for the year.

Dividends.—Company declared cash dividends of 10% on its stock in the years 1920, 1921 and 1922, a stock dividend of 100% in 1922 and a cash dividend of 12% in 1923, 1924, 1925 and 1926. In the early part of this year the capital was increased from 200,000 shares to 300,000 shares, the old stockholders being given the privilege of subscribing for the new stock at par.

Mt. Vernon-Woodberry Mills, Inc.—2½% 0 Dividend.—
The directors have declared a dividend of 2½% on the 7% cumul. pref. stock, payable June 30 to holders of record June 15. Dividends of the same amount were paid on this issue in June and Dec. 1926.—V. 124, p. 1989

1927—May—1926. \$733,147 \$622,190 —V. 124, p. 2919.

National Bellas Hess Co.—May Sales.-1927—May—1926. Decrease. 1927—5 Mos.—1926. Decrease. \$\\$3,302,512 \\$3,831,360 \\$528,848 \\$19,385,644 \\$20,996,012 \\$1,610,368 \\$ Kansas City store was sold May 14 1927 and the New York store March 12 1927.—V. 124, p. 2759, 2439.

National Dairy Products Corp.—Dividends.—
The directors have declared the regular quarterly cash dividends of 75c. a share on the common and 14% on the class "A" and class "B" pref. stocks, all payable July 1 to holders of record June 22. A 33 1-3% stock dividend was recently declared on the common stock, payable June 17 next.—V. 124, p. 3222.

National Surety Co.—To Increase Stock—Rights.—

The stockholders will vote June 24 on increasing the capital stock from \$10,000,000 to \$15,000,000. They will receive the privilege of subscribing for the new stock to the extent of 50% of their holdings at \$150 per share. President Wm. B. Joyce says in part: "In making this recommendation, the directors have in mind the necessity for placing the company in the position to meet any competitive situation and because of the increasing importance of the company in the financial and commercial world. The company is the largest and most prominent surety company; has been foremost in the development of the surety business of this nation, and it is most important to keep it in such position.

"Income from investments now owned is more than sufficient to pay dividends of \$10 per share on the proposed \$15,000,000 capital. Income from investments last year was \$1,511,000. Additional income will be derived from investment of the funds from this increase in capital and also increased underwriting profit may reasonably be expected from further development. Last year the underwriting profit alone was \$1,223,706.

In view of the legal necessitaty of closing the books on ...ue 13, that date will necessarily be the stockholders' record date for the July 1 dividend. of 2½%." [The dividend had previously been declared payable to holders of record June 17.—V. 124, p. 3362.

(J. J.) Newberry Co.—May Sales.—

(J. J.) Newberry Co.—May Sales.— 1927—May—1926. \$1,135.623 \$777,273 -V. 124, p. 2759, 2130. Increase. 1927—5 Mos.—1926. Increase. \$358,350 \$4,216,040 \$2,744,254 \$1.471,786

Tax, b. sign, sroo.				
New Cornelia Co	pper Co.	-Copper O	utput.—	
Production (Lbs.)-	1927.	1926.	1925.	1924.
January	5.540.400	7.328.120	6.906.512	3.512.831
February	4.746.920	5,972,400	6.063.428	4.452.402
March	6.895.000	7.281.560	6.489,000	5.875.334
April	5.258.694	7,268,300	6.335.821	5,472,542
Max	5.552.080	7.446.190	6.691.648	4.505.996
_V 124 n 2750 2130	0,000,000		010021020	*1000100

New England Steamship Co.—Bal. Sheet April 1.-[As filed with the Massachusetts Commissioner of Corporations.]

A	1927.	1926.	Liabuttes-	1927.	1926.
Assets-					
Terminals	1,222,483	1,177,102	Capital stock	5,812,400	5,812,400
Equipment	3,905,099	4,022,969	Accounts payable.	375,779	314,154
Acets, receivable	363,628	333,972	Mortgages	4,880,000	4,880,000
Cash	583,765	438,547	Suspense	47,857	56,780
Securities	2,900,712	3,768,888	Surplus	532,066	526,580
Good-will	1,158,490	1,158,490			
Mater. & supplies	266,227	272,078	i .		
Special deposits		19,000			
Suspense	1,119,355	236,106			
Leaseholds	128,343	162,760	Total (ea. side) .	11,648,102	11,589,914
-V. 124, p. 198	9.				

North American Car Corp. (& Subs.).-Earnings.-

Income Account for Year Ending Jan. 31 1927. Income from rentals, mileage, &c	\$1,028,284 309,209
Gross income_ Income from repairing foreign cars Miscellaneous income	\$719.075
Total income	$\substack{118,733\\160,201}$
Net profit. Shares of capital stock outstanding (no par)	83,500

North American Title Guaranty Co.—New Director.—
President William E. Walter announces that Edward G. Griffin of Albany, Counsel to the Governor, has been elected a director.—V. 124, p.3081.

Profits	before	eision for Pr	orision for	Net
or Inco	me Tar	Deprec. In	come Tax.	Profits.
	369.025	\$240.895	\$38,351	\$389,779 382,784 118,247
Consolidated Balance Sheet Assets—	April 9 192	7 (Giving Effe	ect to Present F	'inancing).
Cash on hand & in bank			ble & accrued	
Accounts rec., less reserve	184,930			\$157,149
inventories	241,652		rivers' deposits	
Prepaid taxes, ins., &c	13,426	Mortgages pay	able	102,941
Land, buildings, plant, &c Goodwill, processes, formulae,		Capital stock.	•••••	5,625,000
&c	682,304			
Total	\$5,940,716	Total		\$5,940,716
ListingIt is the intent				tion to list
the shares on the Toronto Directors.—Robert McN	and Monti	ear Stock Ex	Harrison V	-Pres : F.

Directors.—Robert McMullen, Pres; Will H. Harrison, V.-Pres.; F. Gordon Osler, J. F. Lash, G. T. Chisholm, F. K. Morrow; H. O. Neale, Sec.-Treas., Toronto, Ont.; Wesley Thompson, V.-Pres., Windsor, Ont.; Dent Harrison, and James J. Aird, Montreal. Otis Steel Co., Cleveland.—Shipments.—

Month of—
Shipments.—Shipments.—Shipments.—\$2,660,170 \$2,381,696 \$2,219,432

V. 124, p. 3364, 2603.

Oxford Miami Paper Co.—Permanent Bonds Ready. Permanent 1st mtge. 6% gold bonds, series A, due Feb. 1 1947, are now ready in exchange for interim certificates at the offices of Lee, Higginson & Co., New York, Boston and Chicago. See offering in V. 124, p. 383.

Pacific States Lumber Co.—Plan Operative.—
The reorganization plan, promulgated by the bondholders protective committee, and outlined in V. 124, p. 2760, 2921, has been declared operative. The time limit for deposit of bonds has been extended from May 25 to June 15.—V. 124, p. 2760, 2921.

Paige-Detroit Motor Car Co.—Retires Debentures.—
It was recently announced that the company would redeem at maturity,
June 1, its \$248,000 6½% debentures. This is the last of an original issue
of \$3,000,000.—V. 124, p. 3364.

Paramount Famous Lasky Corp.—Earnings.—
Quarter Ended— Apr. 2 '27. Mar. 27 '26. Mar. 28 '25. Mar. 29 '24.

Net profits after all chgs.
& res've for Fed. taxes x\$2,067,273 \$1,649,690 \$1,355,808 \$803,072

Earns. per sh. on com.
after pay. of pfd. divs. \$3.33 \$4.02 \$4.87 \$2.71

x Includes \$376,848 undistributed share of earnings of Balaban & Katz

Corp., a 65% owned subsidiary.—V. 124, p. 2921.

Park Square Bldg. Co., Boston.—Bal. Sheet Feb. 28. [As filed with the Massachusetts Commissioner of Corporations.] Profit & loss deficit Prepaid items.... 47,284 27,142 Total (ea. side) _\$6,438,847 \$6,955,783 -V. 123, p. 93.

Pathe Exchange, Inc.—Debentures Offered.—Blair & Co., Inc. are offering at 100 and int. \$6,000,000 10-year 7% sinking fund gold debentures (each \$1,000 debenture bearing a non-detachable warrant entitling the holder to purchase 20 shares of common stock).

20 shares of common stock).

Dated May 1 1927; due May 1 1937. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500 c*. Principal and int. (M. & N.) payable in N. Y. City at principal office either of Chase National Bank or of Blair & Co., Inc., without deduction for any tax, assessment or Government charge (other than Federal income taxes in excess of 2% per annum). Penn. Calif., Connecticut and Minn. personal property tax refundable up to 4 mills; Maryland personal property tax refundable up to 4 mills; Mass. State income tax refundable up to 6% income. Red. all or part, on any int. date on not less than 60 days' notice at 110 and int. on or before May 1 1928, the premium decreasing thereafter 1% for each 12 months or part thereof.

Sinking Fund.—Indenture will provide for a fixed semi-annual sinking fund beginning Feb. 1 1928, sufficient to retire 50% of this issue by maturity (such sinking fund payments to be proportionately increased in case of the issue of additional debentures), and in addition an annual sinkink fund beginning Aug. 1 1928, contingent upon earnings, all as defined in the Indenture.

ink fund beginning Aug. 1 1928, contingent upon earnings, all as defined in the Indenture.

Stock Purchase Warrants.—Each debenture will carry a non-detachable option warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase at any time prior to May 1 1937, or in the event of the redemption of the debenture to which any warrant is attached, until 30 days prior to the redemption date. 20 shares of common stock of Pathe Exchange, Inc., for each \$1,000 principal amount of debentures at the following prices (subject to reduction, except as provided in the undenture, in case of the issue of common stock at less than \$25 per share or as a stock dividend): At \$25 per share prior to May 1 1929; or thereafter at \$30 per share prior to May 1 1931; or thereafter at \$35 per share prior to May 1 1935; or thereafter at \$40 per share prior to May 1 1935; or thereafter at \$50 per share prior to May 1 1937.

Listed on Boston Stock Exchange.

Data from Letter of Pres. J. J. Murdock, June 6.

Listed on Boston Stock Exchange.

Data from Letter of Pres. J. J. Murdock, June 6.

Company.—Is one of the old concerns in the United States engaged in the motion picture business. The Pathe organization had its inception 27 years ago in Paris, France, Charles Pathe, the founder, having been a pioneer in the motion picture industry. The American business was established in 1904 and was incorp. in 1914 in New York. Company has a considerable advantage in its ownership of 49% of the voting common stock of Du Pont-Pathe Film Manufacturing Corp., the remaining 51% of which is owned by E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. This company has a thoroughly modern plant for producing the highest quality of raw film in quantity ample to supply the needs of Pathe in addition to its other customers, and Pathe has a contract under which it is purchasing the raw film it uses on very favorable terms. Pathe has heretofore confined its principal activities to financing, buying, printing and distributing motion pictures, although it has been the acknowledged leader in the specialized field of producing or distributing short subjects; namely. Pathe News, Comedies, Serials, Review, Topics of the Day, Aesops Fables, Sportlights and Educational Pictures.

The tendency toward integration in the moving picture industry and the recent entrance of other leading companies into the short subject field have created a competitive situation which has made it most desirable that the company should acquire additional facilities for the manufacture of feature length, program, special and super-special pictures and make a strong theatre connection so that Pathe may offer in competition a complete program to exhibitors and have an assured market for at least a substantial portion of its product. To meet these needs the stockholders and board of directors of the company have approved a plan of recapitalization and expansion which is about to be consummated.

Theatre Oulets and Affiliations.—The theatre exhibition facilities are to be procured by Pathe Exc

cities from Chicago, Ill. west to the Pacific Coast and from New Orleans,
La. north to and including Canada.

These exhibition contracts with the Keith and Orpheum circuits, therefore, assure Pathe nation-wide distribution for a substantial portion of its product in high class theatres in principal cities from coast to coast and from the Guif of Mexico to and including Canada.

Additional Production Facilities.—By engaging the exclusive services of Cecil B. deMille for a period of at least 5 years for the direction and supervision of feature length pictures, the company has placed itself in a position to be able to produce and distribute feature pictures of the highest quality. The high standard of the deMille productions has long been recognized, and his latest picture, "The King of Kings," which is now being shown in New York and Los Angeles, has received the highest praise of the critica and has been enthusiastically received by the public. Company is also acquiring, through subsidiaries, the deMille Studio and other production facilities in California.

The company will be able immediately to engage in the nationwide distribution of feature pictures without awaiting completion of pictures hereafter to be produced by it. Under a contract with Cinema Corp. of America and the latter's subsidiaries it has arranged to distribute upon eminently satisfactorily terms, pictures heretofore completed under the direction or supervision of Cecil B. deMille and others, including "The Kings of Kings."

Under this contract Pathe will not be called upon to make the usual advance of negative cost and will have an option to purchase the pictures in question for the sume of \$1, after the payment of certain indebtedness of Cinema Corp. of America and its subsidiaries out of the producers share of the receipts.

Purpose of Issue.—The proceeds of these debentures are to be applied:

(a) As part consideration for the acquisition of certain of the assets of Cinema Corp. of America and its subsidiaries. (b) To the redemption of the

Increase working capital or for other corporate purposes. Capitalization— Authorized. *Outstanding. 10-yr. 7% sinking fund gold debs. (this issue)— \$10.000,000 \$6.000,000 \$0\% Cum. sinking fund preferred stock (par \$100) 3.000,000 b814.300 Class A preference stock (no par value)—————500,000 shs. 259.739 shs. Common stock (no par value)————1,500,000 shs. 704,870 shs. *Including stock issuable against warrants outstanding, detached from 10-year 8% sinking fund gold bonds. b \$934,000 having been acquired and held in the treasury, and \$114,900 having been cancelled by the sinking fund.

and held in the treasury, and \$114,900 having been cancelled by the sinking fund.

The only other funded debt of the company will be purchase money obligations of \$410,000 due Jan. 23 1930.

Class A Preferred Stock is to be entitled, subject to the rights of the preferred stock, to cumulative preferential dividends of \$4 per share per annum, and after the common stock has received dividends at the rate of \$2 per share per annum (subject to certain limitations) to participate share for share with the common stock in any further dividends paid up to an additional \$3 per share on the class A stock in any one year. Class A preference stock also is to have preference as to assets in the event of involunatry liquidation to the extent of \$50 per share and in the event of voluntary liquidation \$75 per share and is to be redeemable as a whole or in part at any time at \$75 per share.

Earnings.—Consolidated net earnings of the company and its wholly owned subsidiary, Pathex Inc., after depreciation, available for interest and Federal income taxes; adding an amount equal to interest at the rate of 6% per annum on additional working capital introduced through the present financing for the last four fiscal years, are as follows:

1923. 1924. 1925.

\$1,618,175 \$1,872,935 \$1,911,432 *\$1,320,517

*The earnings for 1926 are on the basis of carrying forward development expenses of Pathex, Inc., in the amount of \$201,644, to be written off against future operations.

The above adjusted earnings averaged \$1,680,764 annually, or nearly

expenses of Pathex, Inc., in the amount of \$201,041,050 and future operations.

The above adjusted earnings averaged \$1,680,764 annually, or nearly 4 times the interest requirements on these debentures after providing for interest on the prior lien shown in the accompanying balance sheet of Dec. 25 1926.

Company's earnings, for the first year of operation after expansion and recapitalization, are expected to show a substantial increase over the average earnings for the last four years.

Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 25 1926 (After Financing).

Assets—
Inv. in associated companies 748,837 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2

___\$15,846,665 Total____ a Class A pref. stock, \$4 per year cumulative (involuntary liquidating value \$50 per share, voluntary liquidating value \$75 per share). Authorized, 500,000 shares, issued 249,660 shares, common stock authorized 1,500,000 shares, issued 699,830 shares.

b Including \$416,275 arising through revaluation by appraisal of land, plant and equipment.

Listing of Class A Preference and New Common Stock Without Par Value.—

Listing of Class A Preference and New Common Stock Without Par Value.—

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of (a) 200,566 shares of class A preference stock without par value, and 100,288 shares of (new) common stock without par value on official notice of issuance in exchange for present outstanding common stock (class A and B) on the basis of 1 share of class A preference stock without par value and ½ share of common stock without par value in exchange for each share of class A or class B common stock outstanding;

(b) 9,173 shares of class A preference stock without par value, and 4,587 shares of (new) common stock without par value, on official notice of issuance upon exercise of outstanding detachable stock option warrants originally attached to 10-year 8% sinking fund gold bonds;

(c) 50,000 shares class A preference stock without par value and 600,000 shares of (new) common stock without par value, on official notice of issuance in acquisition of properties, contracts and stock as set forth below, and 120,000 shares of (new) common stock without par value, on official notice of issuance upon exercise of non-detachable stock option warrants to be attached to 10-year 7% debentures to be dated as of May 1 1927; making the total amounts applied for: 259,739 shares of class A preference stock without par value, and 824,870 shares of (new) common stock without par value.

Stockholders on May 12 1927 approved the plan for recapitalization and expansion proposed by directors on April 14 1927. The plan provides for an exchange of present class A and class B common stock into class A preference stock and common stock, the issue of additional class A preference and common stock to holders of warrants attached to present 8% bonds and new 7% debentures; the issue of such new 7% debentures; the retirement of present 8% bonds; the issue of additional class A preference and common stock in acquisition of properties, contracts and stock.

The purpose of the plan is to enable Pathe to meet altered cond

Recapitalization Completed-Directors.

It is announced that recapitalization of the company has been completed and that the holders of the common class A stock outstanding are entitled to receive in exchange therefor one share of class A preference stock without par value and one-half share of common stock of no par value for each

share of common class A stock now held. Certificates may be surrendered at the office of the United States Mortgage & Trust Co., 55 Cedar St., N. Y. City.

Giving representation to the banking and amusement interests which have become identified with the corporation, in connection with its recapitalization, the board of directors has been enlarged to 15 members, with J. J. Murdock of the Keith-Albee organization elected Chairman as well as President of the company. Elmer R. Pearson and John C. Flynn have been elected Vice-Presidents.

The board of directors as newly constituted comprises the following: J. J. Murdock, Chairman; E. F. Albee, George Armsby, Frank Callahan, Cecil B. deMille, Paul Fuller, Maurice Goodman, Marcus Heiman, E. G. Lauder, Edmund C. Lynch, Jeremiah Milbank, B. S. Moss, Charles Pathe, Elmer R. Pearson and Elisha Walker.—V. 124, p. 2921.

(David) Pender Grocery Co.—May Sales.— Period End. May 31— 1927—Month—1926. 1927—5 Mos.—1926. Sales.——\$1,028,948 \$923,808 \$4,952,457 \$4,164,603 There have been added to the chain so far this year 29 new stores, bringing the total number in operation at May 31 up to 352.—V. 124, p. 3223

Peoples Drug Stores, Inc.—May Sales.—
1927—May—1926. Increase. | 1927—5 Mos.—1926.
\$633,944 \$523,444

V. 124, p. 2761, 2132.

Gross revenue S
Cost of operation and maintenance and of sales
General and administrative expense
Allowance for depreciation
Interest
Amortization of debt discount and expense
Other interest

 $\frac{44,553}{23,200}$ Net prefit before adjustments and Federal income taxes..... \$337,317 -V. 122, p. 1777.

 Piggly Wiggly Western States Co.—Sales.—

 1927—May—1926
 Increase.
 1927—5 Mos.—1926
 Increase.

 \$1.078,992
 \$604,231
 \$474,761
 \$5,352,150
 \$2,967,623
 \$2,384,527

 -V. 124, p. 3364, 3224.
 \$474,761
 \$2,384,527

Pillsbury Flour Mills, Inc. (of Del.).—Stocks Sold.—Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Lane, Pipe & Jaffray, Inc. have sold, \$3,000,0006½% cumulative convertible preferred stock, at \$101.50 per share and div. and 125,000 shares of common stock at \$28 per share.

Preferred stock redeemable all or part at any time on 60 days' notice at 110 and divs. Convertible at any time (or if called, up to the date of redemption) into common stock on the basis of 2½ shares of common stock for each share of preferred stock. Company has agreed to make application to list this stock on the New York Stock Exchange. Dividends payable quarterly, cumulative from June 1 1927.

*Based on a full year's preferred stock dividend requirement.

It is anticipated that such net profits for the full year ending June 30 1927 will be approximately equal to those for the 10 months ended April 30 1927.

1927.

Dividends.—An initial quarterly dividend of 40 cents per share of common stock will be paid Sept. 1 1927, which is at the annual rate of \$1.60 per share Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet April 30 1927 (after Proposed Financing)

Assets—
Cash—
Accts. rec., less reserve for bad debts
Bill of lading drafts under collection, less reserve for possible losses—
Inventories—
Life insurance policies—
Marketable securities—
Prepaid insur., int., &c.
Fixed assets
Trade memberships, sundry stocks, &c. $\substack{1,616,251\\8,532,902\\216,160\\130,961\\121,709\\13,861,516}$ 106,296 150,827 Due from empl. & others iscount on bonds, ...c. 753,501 Hydraulic rights Good-will, tr.-marks, &c. 1 -\$27,753,530 Total (each side)

a To be issued and outstanding 400,000 shares, book value including surplus accounts. —V. 124, p. 3365.

Pittsburgh Screw & Bolt Corp.-Bonds Sold .- Blair & Co., Inc., and the Bank of Pittsburgh, N. A., have sold at 100 and int. \$5,000,000 20-year $5\frac{1}{2}$ % sinking fund gold debenture bonds.

Dated June 1 1927; due June 1 1947. Denom. \$1.000 c*. Int. payable J. & D. at Bank of Pittsburgh, N. A., trustee, Pittsburgh, or at office of

Blair & Co., New York, without deduction of Federal income tax to the extent of 2% per annum. Tax-free in Penna. Calif. and Conn. personal property tax up to 4 mills per annum, Maryland personal property tax up to 4½ mills per annum, Mass. State income tax up to 6% of income, refundable. Red. all or part at any time en 60 days notice at 103 and int. on or before June 1 1929, the premium decreasing thereafter 1-6 of 1% for each year elapsed after June 1 1929. Also redeemable for sinking fund on 4 weeks' notice.

Sinking Fund, payable in debenture bonds or in cash, is provided commencing Mar. 15 1928 and annually thereafter on Mar. 15 in each year, sufficient to retire \$150,000 principal amount of debenture bonds annually. Cash sinking fund payments are to be used to purchase or call debenture bonds on 4 weeks' notice at not exceeding the redemption price on the next ensuing interest payment date. The sinking fund will be sufficient to retire 60% of the issue by maturity.

Data from Letter of Chairman Wm. G. Costin, Pittsburgh, May 31.

Company.—Incorp. in Pennsylvania to acquire the assets and businesses of the Pittsburgh Screw & Bolt Co. and the Gary Screw & Bolt Co. The Pittsburgh Screw & Bolt Co. and the Gary Screw & Bolt Co. The Gary Screw & Bolt Co. and the latter company acquired in 1925 the business and properties of Continental Bolt & Iron Works. The Pittsburgh Screw & Bolt Co., which bonds were retired in full within two years after the date of issue out of company's earnings. Therefore the only additional moneys paid in were the proceeds of the sale of 7,500 shares of Gary Screw & Bolt Co. capital stock, which was in part used to liquidate the indebtedness incurred in the purchase in 1925 of the Continental Bolt & Iron Works. Before or since this time, there has been no additional capital introduced into the business since its establishment in 1897, its entire growth having been financed out of earnings.

The new corporation is equipped to produce a complete line of bolts, nuts, rivets, upset rods, pla

served continuously since the establishment of the businers.

Capitalization—

5½% sinking fund gold debenture bonds——\$5,000,000 \$5,000,000

Capital stock (no par value)———\$20,000 shs. 280,000 shs. 28

Balance Sheet Dec. 31 1926 (Giving Effect to Present Financino)

\$309,225
330.566
5.000,000
20,000
2.800,000
4.576,943
-10,010.00
1

a Represented by 280,000 shares no par value stock.

Port Huron Sulphite & Paper Co.—Bonds Offered.— Livingstone & Co. and Detroit Trust Co. are offering at par and int. \$300,000 6½% (closed) 1st mtge. sinking fund gold bonds.

gold bonds.

Dated May 1 1927; due May 1 1937. Int. payable M. & N. at Detroit Trust Co., trustee, without deduction for Federal income tax not in excess of 2%. Denom. \$1,000, \$500 and \$100c*. Red., all or part, on any int. date on 30 days notice at 102 and int.

Company.—Incorporated in Michigan in 1916. Company and its predecessor companies, the Port Huron Paper Co. and the Michigan Sulphite Fibre Co., have operated continuously since 1888. Throughout this 39-year period of profitable operation company has attained an enviable position in the sulphite and paper industry. Upon completion of addition to the plant company will have an annual productive capacity of 14,000 tons of the highest grade sulphite and 12,000 tons of all types of paper.

Security.—Specifically secured by a closed first mortgage on all the land, buildings, machinery and equipment of the company, having a sound depreciated value as appraised by the American Appraisal Co. of \$1,234,336, equivalent to \$4,114 per \$1,000 1st mtge. sinking fund gold bond outstanding.

Earnings—Years Ended January 31.

1923. 1924. 1925. 1926. 1927.

Prairie Pipe Line Co.—Shipments.—

Period End. May 31— 1927—Month—1926.
Shipm'ts crude oil (bbls.) 5,641,514 4,542,259 26,163,048 21,722,063

—V. 124, p. 2132, 1678.

Quincy (Copper)	Mining	Co., N. Y.	& Mich	-Earnings.
Refined copper, lbs	1926. $13,290.052$	1925. 14,357,523	1924. $14.838.633$	1923. $13,000,733$
Gross income Net income Construc., renewals, &c_	\$1,922,074 def.\$47,738 123,491	\$58,221	\$2,072,107 \$10,591 90,080	def.\$189,753
Balance, deficit	\$171,228	\$31,758	\$79,489	\$278,825

Real Silk Hosiery Mills.—Balance Sheet—Expansion.—

l	Assets- Mar	. 31 '27	Sept. 30'26	Liabilities-	Mar. 31'27	Sept. 30'26
ł	Plant, equip., &c.\$3			Capital stock		\$4,611,000
Ì	Good-will		220,477	Notes and accept-		
١	Cash	826.513	817,319			400,009
1	Accts. & notes rec. 1	.010.754	1.274.131	Accounts payable.	468,810	693,648
١		.732.284	2.982.811	Dividends payable	242,875	245,415
ł	Inv. in affil. cos 1	.033.929	254.037	Butler Founda. Pl.		11,800
١	Other investments	1.000		Accrued liabilities.	313,433	424,351
1	Due from affil. cos.	164,708		Surplus	3,119,840	3,116,791
ı	Prepaid expenses.	281,460	289,628			
1	Life insurance		23,964			
ı	Organization exp.,	291.038	302,219	Tot. (each side)	\$9,448,583	\$9,503,015

The corporation is reported to have bought \$500,000 of new machinery for expansion of their full-fashion hosiery facilities. Machinery is being purchased in Germany.—V. 124, p. 3224.

Remington Rand, Inc.—Listing.—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 125,000 shares common stock upon exercise of warrants issued attached to the 20-year 5½% debentures, series A, due May 1 1947, in the ratio of warrants for 2½ shares of common stock per \$500 of debentures, and not to exceed 15,000 shares on official notice of issuance as a stock dividend, making the total amount of common stock applied for 1,569,951 shares.—V. 124, p. 3224.

Rogers-Brown Iron Co.-Resume of Recent Operations-

Bondholders' Protective Committee Give Conclusions.—
The protective committee for the holders of the 20-year gen. and ref. mtge. 7% gold bonds, due May 1 1942, in order that the bondholders may understand the existing situation, gives a brief resume of the company's affairs and recent operations, and the conclusion of the committee with reference thereto. This statement has been submitted to William S. Rogers (Pres.), and approved by him as in his opinion fairly stating existing conditions.

Roos Bros., Inc .- Stocks Offered .- Public participation in the business of the above company, the largest chain store enterprise on the Pacific Coast specializing in men's clothing, will be effected through public offering of preferred and common stock of the company aggregating \$3,460,000. The offering consists of 80,000 shares of common stock priced at \$31 per share to yield 8.06% and 10,000 shares \$6.50 dividend cumulative convertible preferred stock priced at \$98 per share and int., yielding 6.63%. The banking group underwriting the financing is composed of Schwabacher & Co.; Dean Witter & Co.; Mitchum, Tully & Co.; Anglo London Paris Co., and Wm. Cavalier & Co.

The preferred shares are convertible into common stock at the rate of 2½ shares of common stock for each share of preferred. Both classes of stock are of no par value and are fully voting.

The purpose of this financing is to carry forward the program of acquiring additional stores on the Pacific Coast and to retire certain subsidiary

Interests.

The business was founded in 1865 and has never had an unprofitable year. Sales for the past five years have averaged nearly \$5,000,000 annually during which period preferred dividends were earned 5.30 times and average amount applicable to the common stock was \$3.49 per share. Directors of the new company, incorporated in Delaware, have declared their intention of paying dividends quarterly beginning Aug. 1 1927 at an annual rate of \$6.50 on the preferred and \$2.50 on the common stock. Net tangible assets are given as \$1.965,745 and the ratio of current assets to current liabilities is 5.28 to 1. The company has no funded debt and no bank loans.

Sales V. 124, p. 2922, 1524.

Royal Dutch Co.-Earnings.-

reojus Datess oo.		9		
		lendar Years.		1000
(In Florins)—	1926.	1925.	1924.	1923.
Income10	12,730,854	95,902,228	89,512,076	85,585,361
Expenses, taxes, &c	1,134,909	1,402,033	1,528,509	728,570
Profit1	01.595.945	94.500.194	87.983.567	84.856,791
Divs. on pref. shs. (4%)	60,000	60.000	60.000	60.000
Priority shares (41/2%)	1,282,500	1,282,500	1.282.500	1,282,500
	24,726,180	24,147,060	24,147,060	19,287,420
	75,527,265	69,010,635	62,494,007	64,226,871
Avail. for ordin'y div.:				
93% of above surplus. 7	70.240.357	64.179.890	58,119,426	59.730.990
6% on ord'y as above_ 2	24.726.180	24.147.060	24,147,060	19,287,420
Brought forward	268,397	1.786.967	1,695,050	666.815
Proceeds above par of			.,	000,020
shares sold		182,785		
Commissaires' propor'n.	2,788,591	2,535,425	2,289,760	2,374,075
-	98.023.524	92.832.127	86,251,296	82.059.300
	06.844.205	92,563,730	84,464,330	80,364,250
Rate per cent	(23 1/2 %)	(23%)	(23%)	(25%)
Carried forward	1,179,319	268,397	1,786,966	1,695,050

St. Regis Paper Co.-Transfer Agent .-The Equitable Trust Co. of New York has been appointed transfer agent r the stock of the company.—V. 124, p. 3366.

Seebold Invisible Camera Corp.—Merger Effective.—
President John H. Seebold on June 6 announced that the corporation has purchased all the capital stock, buildings, and equipment of the Gundlach-Manhattan Optical Co., Rochester, N. Y.

Officers of the new corporation are: President, Mr. Seebold; Vice-Pres. and General Manager, Walter S. Ashby, formerly of the Western Clock Co. of La Salle, Ill.; Secretary, Henry H. Turner; Treasurer, A. M. Turner, and directors: Louis W. Chapin, G. C. Bradstreet, J. Lee Kolb, Sidney Weinberg, of Buffalo, officers of the corporation, and one man to be elected later. See also V. 124, p. 2133.

(Frank G.) Shattuck Co.-Plans Chain of 100 New Stores-New Financing.

Stores—New Financing.—

The directors have voted to issue an additional 50,000 shares of stock without par value. The additional shares will be offered at \$60 each to stockholders of record June 16, on the basis of one share of additional stock for each six shares now held.

According to President Shattuck, the sale of this stock will net the company \$3,000,000, part of which will be used to erase the company's entire floated indebtedness and the balance to finance further expansion. The company, last year, spent approximately \$4,000,000 for the opening and equipping of additional stores and a large new factory. All but a portion of this cost was paid out of earnings. The balance will be paid out of the proceeds of the new stock issue.

After taking up the company's present floated indebtedness the treasury will still have enough left, after the present financing, to finance the opening of 100 additional stores of a new type—a new small unit. These stores, unlike the larger ones, have no restaurant service.

With the opening of its new factory at 23d St., N. Y. City, the company has an enlarged productive capacity which can be utilized to provide the prospective large chain of neighborhood stores with all varieties of Schrafft products, such as candies, baked goods, &c.

According to Mr. Shattuck, the company has no large immediate commitments for expenditure. Mr. Shattuck states that the issue of 50,000 additional shares has been wholly underwritten.—V. 124, p. 2764.

Shell Union Oil Corp.—Listing.— The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$50,000,000 20-year 5% sinking fund gold debentures, due May 1 1947.—V. 124, p. 2923.

Shubert Theatre Corp.—New Financing.—
Offering of \$7,500,000 6% bonds is expected early next week through a banking group headed by J. W. Sellgman & Co. Proceeds of the new debentures will be used in part to retire \$3,114,000 7% debentures, to reimburse the treasury for some of the funds spent recently on new properties and for working capital.

The debentures to be called originally had stock purchase warrants attached and there are unexercised warrants for 29,000 shares at \$50 a share. The calling of the debentures probably will hasten the exercising of these warrants.—V. 124, p. 1525.

(Isaac) Silver & Brothers Co., Inc.—May Sales.—1927.—May—1926. Increase. 1927.—5 Mos.—1926. 1929 1927—*May*—1926. \$409,927 \$346,051 —V. 124, p. 2923, 2133.

Sinclair Refining Co.—Bal. Sheet Dec. 31.—
[As filed with the Massachusetts Commissioner of Corporations.]

1926. 1925. | 1926. 1925. | 1926. 1925. Assets—— \$ 8 8 2 Capital stock. 34,370,600 34,370,600 Equipment. 7,618,727 3,266,505 Mortgages 953,184 Merchandise. 21,696,372 20,186,334 Cash, &c. 3,455,999 2,927,224 Accts, payable. 9,747,048 10,228,093 Notes receivable. 10,414,948 8,020,030 Securities. 1,849,878 1,769,379 Accts, receivable. 1,849,878 1,769,379 Accts, receivable. 3,830,420 3,801,281 P. & L. defictt. 8,448,943 11,723,156 Total (ea. side) 140480,229 131495,901

Singer Mfg.—5½% Extra Dividend.—The directors have declared an extra dividend of 5½% in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 2½% on the outstanding \$90,000,000 capital stock, par \$100, both payable June 30 to holders of record June 10. The company on March 31 last, paid an extra cash dividend of $3\frac{1}{2}\%$, on Dec. 31 1926, an extra of 11/2%, on Sept. 30 1926 an extra of 1%, on June 30 1926 an extra of 2% and on March 31 1926 a special cash dividend of 33 1-3%.—V. 124, p. 1525.

Societe Anonyme Andre Citroen, France.—New Fin'c'g
A syndicate headed by Lazard Freres & Cie, Paris, it is understood, has
bought at par from above company 400,000 8% cumulative preferred shares,
500 Francs par value, also participating in profit to extent of 17½% of
said profits

said profits. Capitalization of the company now stands as follows: Francs 100,000,000 common stock or A stock. Francs 200,000,00 8% participating cumulative preferred shares or B stock. Francs 101,000,000 7½% bonds and 900,000 Founders shares.

Profits after 8% on B stock and 7% on A stock are distributed as follows: 52½% to A, 17½% to B, 30% to 900,000 Founders shares.

Company manufactures a small automobile, popular in France. Cost of total plant and machinery made on much lower price level represents now about a billion Francs. Although earnings had practically all been ploughed back into property, this financing is needed by rapid growth company. It may be expected that with adequate financial backing company expansion will be even more rapid from now on.

South Porto Rico Sugar Co .- Common Stock to Be Split Up—Rights—10% Stock Distribution—New Stock to Be Placed on \$2 Annual Dividend Basis.—

on \$2 Annual Dividend Basis.—

The stockholders on June 7 voted to increase the authorized common stock from \$12,500,000, par \$100 (\$12,326,200 outstanding) to 1,200,000 shares of no par value, and approved the issuance of four new no par shares in exchange for each share of present common stock.

The common stockholders of record June 25 will be given the right to subscribe on or before July 15 for 184,893 shares of new common stock at \$30 a share on the basis of 1½ new shares for each share of old stock, par \$100, outstanding.

The directors have determined to begin paying dividends on the new common stock at the rate of \$2 per share per annum, the first quarterly dividend (of 50 cents per share) to be paid on Oct. 1 1927 for the quarter beginning July 1 1927.

The board has also decided to pay a 10% stock dividend in the new no par stock to the common stockholders on or about Nov. 1 1927.

[For further details see V. 124, p. 2924.]—V. 124, p. 3226.

Southern Advance Bag & Paper Co., Inc.—Bonds

Southern Advance Bag & Paper Co., Inc.—Bonds Offered.—Peabody, Houghteling & Co., Inc., New York; Boenning & Co., Philadelphia, and Timberlake, Ester & Co., Portland, are offering at 99½ and int. \$3,000,000 1st (closed) mtge. 6% sinking fund 20-year gold bonds. Guaranteed, principal, interest and sinking fund, by endorsement by Advance Bas & Paper Co.

by Advance Bag & Paper Co., Inc.

Dated June 1 1927; due June 1 1947. Interest payable J. & D. Pennsylvania Co. for Ins. on Lives & Granting Annuities, Philadelphia, trustee. Principal and int. payable at the office of the company, and collectible through the office of the trustee in Philadelphia, or through the office of Chase National Bank, New York, without deduction of normal Federal income tax up to 2%. Various State taxes refunded as provided in the mortgage to resident holders upon proper application. Denom. \$1,000, \$500 and \$100c*. Callable all or part on any int. date upon published notice once a week for three weeks on or before June. I 1932 at 105 and int.; for next three years at 104 and int.; for the next three years at 103 and int. and at 102 and int. thereafter until maturity.

Capitalization—

Authorized. Outstanding.

Sparks-Withington Co.—Earnings Cal. Year 19 Profit for the year. Prov. for est. Federal income tax	926 $$229,384$ $32,000$
Net income Dividends on preferred stock Dividends on common stock	\$197,384 14,646 149,280
Balance, surplus	\$33,458 149,280 \$1.22
Results for Quarters Ended March 31. 1927. Net profit after charges but before taxes\$120,749	1926. \$89,579
(John P.) Squire & Co.—Balance Sheet.—	
Assets— Jan. 1 '27. Jan. 2 '26. Liabilities— Jan. 1 '27. Cash	8,000,000
Marketable secur. 68,422 bonds. 1,600,000 Investments. 272,665 263,345 Reserves. 646,366 Deferred charges. 100,356 105,256 Surplus. 1,061,905	592,651
Real est., bidgs., machinery, &c., 2,386,131 2,543,074	

Total______\$7,102,232 \$7,587,285 Total_____\$7,102,232 \$7,587,285

Standard Oil Co. of New York.—Listing.—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$14,450,000 additional capital stock (par \$25), on official notice of issuance, making the total amount applied for \$436,200,400.

The additional 578,000 shares of stock will be issued as follows: (1) \$12,500,000 is to be used for the company's stock purchase plan for employees and (2) \$1,950,000 is to be used to acquire filling stations in New York State.—V. 124, p. 2740, 2765, 3226.

Standard Refrigerator Car Co.-Equip. Trusts Offered. —City Securities Co., Indianapolis, Ind., is offering \$75,000 5½% equip. trust certificates, series D, at prices to yield from 5¼% to 5½%, according to maturity.

**Dated April 1 1927; due serially April 1 1929-1938. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500. Interest payable A. & O. (beginning Oct. 1 1927). Principal and interest payable at City Trust Co., Indianapolis, Ind., trustee.

Certificates are collaterally secured by 25 standard beef refrigerator cars, each being of the capacity of 80,000 pounds, with all-steel underframe, and equipped with meat racks, brine ice tanks, removable floor racks, cork and hair-felt insulation, all being standard type English Car & Manufacturing Co. refrigerator cars, marked and identified as required by the American Rallway Association regulations in standard numbering and lettering on both sides and ends. Title to the cars is vested in the City Trust Co., trustee. The cars have been leased for 10 years to East Side Packing Co., meat packers, at a rental of \$13,500 per year, payable monthly in advance, and the Standard Refrigerator Car Co. guarantees the payment of both principal and interest and covenants and agre v to deposit with the trustee—12th of the interest and principal requiremer seach month in advance.

Stanford's Ltd., Montreal.—Pre/Stack Officred — Montreal Carter Co.

Earnings.—Net earn taxes, were as follows:

	Earnings from		Prov. for	Net
Aug. 30-Years-	Operations.	Depreciation.	Inc. Taxes.	Earnings.
1924	\$152,116	\$25,004	\$13,346	\$113.765
1925	154,258	33,373	10,699	110.185
1926	152,576	33,543	9.479	109,552
1927_a	78,362	17,436	4,934	55,990
- Gir months andi	ng Koh 96			

a Six months ending Feb. 26.
For the 3½ years ending Feb. 26 1927, net earnings have averaged \$111,283, equivalent to \$22.25 per share of first pref. stock. For the 6 months ending on the same date, they were at the rate of \$22.39 per share of first preferred stock.

Purpose.—roceeds of this issue will be used for the expansion of the business, for the purchase of the interests of the widow of the late Joseph Stanford, for the provision of additional working capital and for other corporate purposes.

Stanford, for the provision of additional working capital and for other corporate purposes.

Stanley Co. of America.—Theatre Merger Reported Under Way—Said to Involve \$250,000,000.—

Negotiations are about complete for a \$250,000,000 merger of motion picture and vaudeville companies, the third of its kind in the amusement field, it was announced June 4. The proposed consolidation, it is stated, will unite the Stanley Co. of America with the Keith and Orpheum vaudeville circuits and the B. S. Moss theatres organization, bringing under unified control a nation-wide chain of more than 600 theatres.

The first step, it is understood, will be a physical merger of the Keith and Orpheum interests, which dominate the vaudeville field, together with the B. S. Moss Co., which operates a chain of combined vaudeville and motion picture houses. Later it is contemplated that a new company will be formed, providing for a consolidation of the Stanley Co. and the emlarged Keith-Orpheum group.

While the plans embrace mainly the motion picture and vaudeville theatre chains of the Stanley, Keith and Orpheum interests, the combination will have under its control extensive producing and distributing organizations which are designed to make it the most powerful unit of the amusement industry. Control of First National Pictures, one of the largest film producers in the country, is held by the Stanley Co. of America jointly with the West Coast Theatres Co., while the Keith-Orpheum group has similar affiliations with Pathe Exchange, Producers Distributing Corp. and the Cecil B. de Mille producing concern. Eventually it is expected that the various film-producing interests will be consolidated.

Plans now under consideration represent the latest move in a series of consolidations which have been under way since early this year, all of which aim to centralize control of the production, distribution and exhibition of motion pictures. The first move was the passing of control of First National Pictures, Inc., to the Stanley Co. of America

(Hugo) Stinnes Corp.—Permanent Notes Ready.—
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., announce that the permanent 10-year 7% gold notes, due Oct. 1 1936, are now ready and exchangeable for the temporary notes originally issued. (See offering in V. 123, p. 2913, 2403.)
—V. 124, p. 2293.

Swedish-American Investment Corp. (Del.) .- Initial

Quarterly Common Dividend of \$1.62½ a Share.—
The directors have declared an initial quarterly dividend of \$1.62½ a share on the common stock and the regular quarterly dividend of \$1.62½ a share on the participating preferred stock, both payable July 1 to holders of record June 15.—V. 122, p. 3466.

Taunton-New Bedford Copper Co.—Bal. Sheet Jan. 1.—

Assets-	1927.	1926.	Liabilities 1927.	1926.
Plant. &c.	\$1,334,666	\$1,383,210	Capital stock \$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
Securities	10.000	10.000	Accounts payable. 3,081	12,110
Norton property		1	Reserves 1,218,044	968,044
Cash	214,010	292,253	Profit & loss surp. 1,147,374	1,218,170
Cash and sec held				
to meet approp.				
for new constr.				
and mach	400,000			
Acets, receivable	326,165	308,931		
Bills receivable	55,974	52,846		
Inventory	1,227,683	1,351,083	Total (ea. side) . \$3,568,499	\$3,398,324
-V 124 p. 937				

-V. 124, p. 937.

(Burt Eddy) Taylor, Detroit.—Bonds Offered.—Livingstone & Co., Detroit, are offering at par and int. \$1,000,000 lst mtge. 6% sinking fund gold bonds.

Date March 1 1927, due March 1 1937. Interest payable M. & S. Denom. \$1,000, \$500 and \$100 c*. Red. at 101½ and int. on any int. date. Principal and int. payable at Union Trust Co., Detroit, trustee. Mortgagor will furnish funds for bondholder to pay Federal income tax up to 2% per annum.

up to 2% per annum.

Mortgagor.—The bonds are the direct and personal obligations of B. E. Taylor. Mr. Taylor has been conducting subdivision developments in Detroit since 1913 and has been singularly successful in his operations.

Security.—As security the Union Trust Co. has taken title to real estate aggregating 1,501 lots, with a value based on the sales prices amounting to \$2,311,577. With the exception of 7 parcels of land in B. E. Taylor's Consolidated Railroad Site Subdivision reserved for factory sites, having an estimated sales value of \$150,000, all the properties have been sold.

(B. E.) Taylor Realty Co.—Bonds Offered.—Livingstone & Co., Detroit, are offering at 100 and int. \$1,000,000 1st mtge. 6% sinking fund gold guaranteed bonds.

mtge. 6% sinking fund gold guaranteed bonds.

Dated March 1 1927, due March 1 1937. Interest payable M. & S. without deduction for Federal income tax up to 2%. Denom. \$1,000. \$500 and \$100 c*. Red. at 101½ and int. on any int. date. Principal and int. payable at Union Trust Co., Detroit, trustee.

Mortgagor.—The bonds are the direct obligations of B. E. Taylor Realty Co., a Michigan corporation, which had a net worth as of Jan. 3 1927 of over \$3,000,000. Company is directed and controlled by B. E. Taylor. Mr. Taylor has been conducting subdivision developments in Detroit since 1913 and has made good in his operations.

Guaranteed.—Prompt payment of the interest and principal is unconditionally guaranteed by B. E. Taylor whose net worth is several times this entire bond issue.

Security.—As security the Union Trust Co. has taken title to real estate aggregating 1,705 lots with a value based on the sales prices amounting to \$1,50,110 all the properties have been sold.

Textile Center Building (Llovd & Casler, Inc.).—

Textile Center Building (Lloyd & Casler, Inc.).— Bonds Offered.—California Co. and Drake, Riley & Thomas, Los Angeles, are offering \$400,000 1st (closed) mtge. 61/2% serial gold bonds at 100 and interest.

serial gold bonds at 100 and interest.

Dated May 1 1927, due semi-annually Nov. 1 1928 to May 1 1945, incl. Denom. \$1.000 and \$500 c*. Principal and int. (M. & N.) payable at Pacific-Southwest Trust & Savings Bank, Los Angeles, trustee, without deduction for the normal Federal income tax up to 2%. Callable all or part on any int. date on 30 days published notice at par and int., plus a premium of ½ of 1% for each year, or portion thereof, of unexpired life, said premium not to exceed 2½% of the principal of each bond so called. Exempt from California personal property taxes.

Lloyd & Casler, Inc., own and successfully operate 5 modern class A industrial buildings in the central wholesale and light industries section of Los Angeles.

The property on which this bond issue constitutes a first (closed) mortgage in fee simple, is located at the northwest corner of 8th and Maple streets. The land covers an area of approximately 7,777 sq. ft., fronting 77 ft. on Sth St., with a depth of 101 ft. on Maple St. It is improved with a modern limit helght, class A. loft building, of a total floor area of 88,704 sq. ft., completed in Jan. 1926 at a cost of \$626,240.

The Textile Center Building (this property) is 100% rented to 56 tenants. Earnings for the year ending April 1 1927 were as follows:

\$92.584

Earnings for the year chains April 1 102; were as follows.	
Gross income	\$92,584 11,256
Taxes and insurance	8,272
General	2,865

Net applicable to bond interest ... Net earnings are over 4 times average interest requirements and over 1½ times average interest and principal requirements for this bond issue.

(John R.) Thompson Co., Chicago.—May Sales.— 1927—May—1926. \$1,221,791 \$1,237,220 —V. 124, p. 2925, 2445. Decrease. | 1927—5 Mos.—1926. \$15,429 | \$6,005,525 | \$5,979,009

Timken Detroit Axle Co. -Extra Dividend. The directors have declared an extra dividend of ½ of 1% in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 1½%, both payable July 1 to holders of record June 20. Like amounts were paid on Jan. 1 and April 1 last.—V. 124, p. 1682.

Torrington Co.—Extra Dividend of 5%.—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 5% on the common stock in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 3%, both payable July 1 to holders of record June 17. An extra distribution of 5% was paid on the common stock in Jan. and July 1926 and also in Jan. of his year.—V. 123, p. 3052.

Trans-Lux Daylight Picture Screen Corp.—Stock Inc.
The stockholders on May 5 increased the total number of shares of authorized capital stock from 600,000 to 700,000, all shares to be common stock of no par value. The 100,000 increased shares will be applied or reserved as follows: To discharge commitments of the company in connection with loans of stock heretofore made to the company, 23,000 shares; for certain stock purchase options, 41,000 shares; for sale to holders of stock, purchase warrants to be attached to the notes, 30,000 shares; unissued,

Balance Sheet Feb. 28 1927.
[After Giving Effect to Proposed Financing.]

Assets-	-	Liabilities—	
Land, bldgs., mach'y, &c.	128,438	y Capital stock (no par)	4.672.410
Cash	\$325,924	Notes payable—trade	\$3.470
Accts. rec., less reserve	67,504	Accounts payable	50.434
Inventories	84,298	Accruals	1.085
Ticker units on rental		Mtge. on real estate	
(net)	176,108	5-year notes, due 1932	600,000
Daylograph Machines (est.	27 984	xRes. for N. Y. franchise and license taxes	
Prepaid and deferred	32 485	Surplus (before amortiz.	15,200
Note discount & expense	90.000	of development)	1.101.147
Development, &c.	489.290		1,101,147
Detente	E 000 000	Total (on ab adda)	-0 450 740

x Claim by New York State in dispute, \$58,986. y Stated value \$7.50 a share: 622,988 shares outstanding. Compare also V. 124, p. 3083.

Traveler Shoe Co.—Earnings.—		
4 Months Ended April 30—	1927.	1926.
Net income after charges	\$94,418	\$64,661
Earns, per share on capital stock	\$0.94	\$0.64

Tristate Baking Co., Inc., Flint, Mich.—Bds. Called—All of the outstanding \$237,400 1st mtge. 7% serial gold bonds, dated July 1 1919, have been called for payment July 1 next at 103 and int. at the Union Trust Co., trustee, Detroit, Mich. This does not include those bonds which become due on that date.

Troy Laundry Machinery Co., Inc.—Control Acquired by Manhattan Electric Supply Co., Inc.—

The Manhattan Electric Supply Co. (see above) has acquired control of this company. The company was incorp. in Delaware, Jan. 4 1927 and acquired the business of the Troy Laundry Machinery Co., Ltd. (since Egyptiags — Eagrings of Troy Laundry Machinery Co.)

dissolved).

Earnings.—Earnings of Troy Laundry Machinery Co., Ltd., before depreciation and Federal taxes, adjusted to give effect to the elimination of interest charges on bonds and the elimination of extraordinary expenses covering the moving of the company's factory from Chicago to East Moline, Ill., years ending Nov. 30 have been as follows:

\$460,528 \$632,384 \$414,559 \$584,082 \$725,578 \$563,426 Corporation has regularly set aside out of earnings conservative amounts for depreciation which during the above period have averaged \$83,996 per annum.—V. 124, p. 2134.

Tum-A-Lum Lumber Co., Walla Walla, Wash.—Bonds Offered.—Lumbermen's Trust Co., Portland, Ore., are offering at prices to yield from $5\frac{1}{2}\%$ to $6\frac{1}{2}\%$, according to maturity, \$250,000 1st (closed) mtge. $6\frac{1}{2}\%$ serial gold

Dated April 15 1927; due Oct. 15 1927 to April 15 1938. Denom. \$1,000, \$500 and \$100c*. Principal and int. (A. & O.) payable at Lumbermen's Trust Co., Portland, Ore., without deduction for the normal Federal income tax not exceeding 2%. Callable by lot in blocks aggregating \$5,000 or more, upon any int. date. upon 30 days' notice at 102 and int. Lumbermens Trust Co., Portland, Ore., and Union Trust Co. of Walla Walla, Wash., trustees.

Company.—Incorp. in Washington in 1906. Starting with seven retail lumber-yards, the company now has a line of 45 such yards. Twenty-three of these are located throughout five counties in the Yakima Valley and Walla Walla sections of Washington. The remaining 21 are located throughout nine counties in central and north central Oregon. Company also owns and operates the Pendleton (Oregon) Lumber & Coal Co.

Company's average annual business is approximately \$2,000,000; about one-third of this is lumber, the remainder being building materials and

fuel.

Earnings.—Company's net earnings for the 10-year period ended Dec. 31 1926 available for interest, depreciation and Federal taxes, averaged \$120,645 per year, or over 7.42 times the maximum interest requirements under this loan. For the last three years, 1924, 1925 and 1926, annual net earnings available for similar purposes averaged \$107,605, or over 6.62 times, and for the year 1926, \$131,763, or over 8.10 times.

Purpose.—This issue of \$250,000 bonds represents the company's only funded debt, and the proceeds from the sale thereof will be used to retire floating indebtedness.

271 Madison Avenue Building (269 Madison Avenue, Inc.), N. Y. City.—Bonds Offered.—Otis & Co. are offering at 100 and int. \$950,000 10-year 1st mtge. leasehold 6½% sinking fund gold bonds.

sinking fund gold bonds.

Dated May 1 1927; due May 1 1937. Principal and int. (M. & N.) payable at Farmers' Loan & Trust Co., New York, trustee. Int. also payable at Otis Safe Deposit Co., Cleveland. Int. payable without deduction for any normal Federal income tax now or hereafter deductible at the source not in excess of 2% per annum. Company will refund the Penna., Calif., or Conn. personal property tax not in excess of 4 mills; the Maryland securities tax not in excess of 4½ mills; the Kentucky personal property tax not in excess of 5 mills and the Mass. income tax not to exceed 6% per annum on the interest. Red., all or part, by lot on 30 days' notice up to and incl. May 1 1930 at 103 and int.; thereafter up to and incl. May 1 1933 at 102 and int., and at 101 and int. thereafter prior to maturity. Security.—Bonds will be the direct obligation of 269 Madison Avenue, Inc., and will be secured by a 1st closed mage, on the corporation's leasehold estate on the east side of Madison Ave., N. Y. City, between East 39th and East 40th Sts. and the 21-story bank and office building located thereon. The valuation of the leasehold estate has been estimated at \$1.650.000, of which this issue is less than 58%.

Eurnings.—The building was completed and ready for occupancy Apr. 25 1927, and 37 tenants have already signed leases for gross rentals of \$226,600, covering 51,000 of cf. of approximately 88,000 sq. ft. available for rental. The entire ground floor has been leased to National Bank of Commerce. Based upon these leases already signed and in effect, estimated annual earnings of the building are as follows: Gross rentals, \$338,750: operating expenses, incl. ground rent and taxes, \$150.000; balance, \$188.750.

Sinking Fund.—Indenture will provide for a sinking fund estimated to be sufficient to retire approximately 30% of this issue by maturity.

Union Oil Co. of California.—Bonds Called.-The company has called for redemption July 2 next \$506,600 1st lien 5% 20-year s. f. bonds, due 1931, series A at 102½ and int. Payment will be made at the Equitable Trust Co., trustee, 37 Wall St., N. Y. City.—V. 124, p. 2766.

Union Twist Drill Co.-Earnings.-1926. 3,187,806 1,193,948 575,959 Calendar Years-Sales \$3.
Manufacturing profit after depreciation 1
Selling and general expense 1 Operating profit......Other income..... \$645,968 136,436 \$582,142 192,566 \$389,576 191,306 \$198,270 200,000 \$0.99 Comparative Balance Sheet Dec. 31.

	2700010	1040.	A CAC.	AZ BIAU ES SE BUS	1040.	Load.
ı	Plant & equip. (less			Pref. (par \$100)	\$3,129,600	\$3,129,600
ı	reserves)	13,207,413	\$3,281,753	Com. (par \$5)	1,000,000	1,000,000
ı	Cash	394,277	241,216	Accts. payable	44,490	40,678
ı	Accts. & notes rec.			Accrued expenses.	23,206	45,249
ı	(less reserves)	344,798	420,818	Res. for Fed. taxes	73,000	61,612
ı	Inventories	1,722,353	1,689,667	Notes payable	68,500	68,500
١	Other accts. rec	42,994	50,030	1st mtge. bonds		1,098,000
I	Investments	158,085	828,115	Reserve for sk. fd.		
1	Exp. paid in adv	39,984	36,799	preferred stock.	375,580	312,988
ı	Good-will,pats.,&c	742,555	742,555	Surplus	2,853,434	2,082,571
ı	Sk. fd. pref. stock.	825,441	375,609			
١	Cash held by trust		9,035	1		
ı	Treas. stk. (com.)	89,910	89,910			
1	Disc.,&c.,def.chgs	*****	73,691	Total (each side):	\$7,567,810	\$7,839,198
١	-V. 123, p. 2276	j.				

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United Shoe Machinery Co.—New President, &c.—
Sidney W. Winslow Jr., Vice-President, has been elected President,
succeeding Edwin P. Brown, who has been elected Chairman of the board.
Mr. Brown is also Chairman of the executive committee.
The following Vice-Presidents were elected: George W. Brown, John H.
Connor, Moses B. Kaben, Harold G. Donham, Charles G. Bancroft and
William R. Sampson. Albert W. Todd succeeds Mr. Sampson as General
Manager.—V. 124, p. 3201.

United States Steel Corp.—Stock for Employees.—
The company has announced that it will give employees the privilege of subscribing to 100,000 shares of common stock at \$122 per share. The offering is usually made in January, but was postponed this year until after the 40% stock dividend was paid. The terms of the offering are the same as in preceding years, the employees to be allowed to pay for the stock in monthly installments. This year's subscription price compares with \$136 for 1926, \$125 for 1925, \$100 for 1924, \$107 for 1923, \$84 for 1922, \$81 for 1921, \$106 for 1920, \$92 for 1919 and 1918, \$107 for 1917, and \$85 for 1916. No common stock was offered for subscription in 1915, in which year the corporation discontinued its policy of offering to employees its preferred stock. The number of common shares taken in 1921 was the largest on record, totaling 255,325.

The official statement says: "In accordance with the stock subscription plan heretofore adopted, the finance committee has decided to offer to employees of the United States Steel Corporation and its subsidiaries the privilege of subscribing until July 16 1927 for 100,000 shares of common stock at the price of \$122 a share.

Fractional Dividend.—Under the 40% stock dividend plan as approved at the annual stockholders meeting in April, payment of fractional shares is being made in cash at the closing price on the N. Y. Stock Exchange June 1, or \$125% a share.

Orders.—See under "Indications of Business Activity" on a preceding page.—V. 124, p. 3367.

United Verde Extension Mining Co.—Copper Output.—

United Verde Extension Mining Co.—Copper Output.—
Production (lbs.)—
1927. 1926. 1925. 1924.
nuary 3,405,972 3,974,110 3,739,542 3,517,86
bruary 2,303,758 3,528,765 3,631,638 3,901,44
arch 2,622,908 3,557,064 3,368,904 3,302,76
oril 3,261,292 3,461,786 3,810,358 3,809,58
ay 4,102,776 3,995,488 3,625,252 3,140,03 Production (lbs.)—
January
February
March
April
May
—V. 124, p. 2925, 2135.

 $676,000 \\ 142,652$

652,000 y111,613

United	States Stores Corp.—Annual Report.—	_
	Consolidated Income Account for Calendar Years.	1925
ales and ot	1926. her income \$35.660.593	\$35.036

Cost of sales, open	r. exp. and	d other de	ductions 35,	104,552	34,525,221
Net profit from Interest payments Inventory adjusts	operation	erves, &c		556,041 88,699	\$511,105 141,332 58,056
Net income before Profit from sales	ore Federa of investr	al taxes		467,342	\$311.718 198,205
Total Estimated Federa Deduction accoun	al taxes			467.342 52,000 55,392	\$509,923 56,000 50,494
Balance Dividends on 7%	preferred	i stock	\$	359,949 419,948	\$403,429 351,088
Balance				\$59,999	\$52,341
	Consoli	dated Bala	nce Sheet Dec. 31.		
Assets-	1926.	1925.	Liabilities—	1926.	1925.
Real est. & bldgs		1.380.163	7% prior pref. stk.		6,000,000
Equip., furn. & fix.			8% conv pref. stk		
Auto trucks & de-	2,020,010	2,012,000	Common stock		
livery equip.,less			Notes payable		
depreciation	115.079	152.040			
Deposit on bakery	,		ters of credit		20,917
equip. contr	18.221		Accounts payable.	713,927	811,566
Leasehold purch.,			Store mgrs., &c		
less amort		16,634	deposits		
Cash	498,701	720,788			
Due from banks		75,456			
Acets. & notes rec.,			Income taxes (est.		
less res	304,480		Reserve for insur.		30,566
Inventories			Real estate mtges		100,000
Sinking fund cash.	100	252			
Due from employ.	2,134	6,449	6% gold bonds		
Unexp. insur. int.			Surplus	v111.613	142,652

Total.....11,701,745 11,897,166 Total .. _11,701,745 11,897,166 x Represented by 63.271 shares of class A and 164.484 shares of class B' no par value. ySurplus appropriated for prior preferred stock sinking fund and other purposes, \$72,165; surplus acquired, donated and paid in, \$163,216; operating surplus before dividends, \$402.066; less. 7% preferred stock dividends paid to Dec. 1 1926, \$419,948; deficit from sale of New York warehouse and from liquidation of subsidiary company, \$105,886; balance, \$111,614.—V. 124, p. 3227.

Due from employ. 2,134 6,449
Unexp. insur. int.
and other expenses prepaid. 77,196 80,068
Invest'ts at cost. 532,302 491,542
Disc. & exp. bds.,
organ. exp., secur. sell. exp., &c 1,183,942 1,163,595
Goodwill & trmks. 2,104,676 2,104,677

Vulcan Detinning Co.—Quarterly Earnings.— Quar. End. Mar. 31— 1927. 1926. 1925. Sales. \$1.006.828 \$930.475 \$1.834 Inv. of finished products Dr. 70,689 Cr. 13,306 Dr. 52,173 1924. \$528,564 Dr.47,690Dr.52,173 Total_____ Expenses, deprec'n, &c_ \$943,782 831,599 \$936,138 804,631 \$589,661 497,566 \$480,874 434,144 Net income_____ \$112,183 4,855 \$46,730 5,873 \$131,507 5,422 Total income..... \$52,603 7,508 \$117,038 25,634 \$96,831 26,517 \$91,403 783,266 \$70.314 735.615 \$106,869 892,420 \$45,095 737,556 Total surplus_____ Preferred dividends____ \$874,670 72,340 \$782,651 42,340 \$926,949 \$802,230 Profit & loss, surplus_ \$631,250 \$740,312 Balance Sheet March 31. Assets— 1927. 1926.
Plant & equipm'tx\$1,302,989 \$1,242,781
Pats.good-will &c 4,361,637 471,072
Inventories. 582,046 616,499
Investments 551,119 2,000
Acets.receivable. 269,020 334,975
Advances. 7,436 10,028

Total (each side) __\$7,099,618 \$7,038,992 x After deducting \$845,946 reserve for depreciation.-V. 124, p. 2621.

Wahl Co., Chicago.—Accumulated Div. of $1\frac{3}{4}\frac{9}{6}$.—
The directors have declared a quarterly dividend of $1\frac{3}{4}\frac{9}{6}$.—
cumul. pref. stock (for the quarter ended Dec. 31 1925), payable July 1 to holders of record June 23. Dividend accruals on this issue amounted to $10\frac{3}{4}\frac{9}{6}$ as of Jan. 1 1927.—V. 124, p. 807,939.

(Charles) Warner Co.—Bonds Called.—
All of the outstanding series A 7% 5-year s. f. conv. gold bonds, dated April 1 1924, have been called for payment July 1 next at 102 and int. at the Wilmington Trust Co., Wilmington, Del.—V. 123, p. 3336.

at the Wilmington Trust Co., Wilmington, Del.—V. 123, p. 3336.

West Virginia-Ohio River Co.—Organized.—

The above company has been organized in Delaware for the purpose of constructing, ow ing and operating a modern two-way vehicular steel suspension toll bridge together with sidewalk for pedestrian traffic, crossing the Ohio River from Point Pleasant, W. Va., to the Ohio shore just above Gallipolis, Ohio. A special Act of Congress has authorized the construction of the bridge and the United States War Department has granted its approval. On completion the bridge will become a connecting link of the water-level scenic highway along the Kanawha River, eastward to Charleston, W. Va., and the Midland Trail to White Sulphur Springs, the Carolina resorts, the Shenandoah Valley, Washington and New York. The nearest bridge downstream is 42 miles by road, and upstream 47 miles by road.

The bridge will provide a crossing of the Ohio River for the inter-capital traffic between Columbus, Ohio, and Charleston, W. Va., via Chillicothe, at a saving of approximately 25 miles over any other existing bridge. It will be of the suspension type with a total length of 2,232 feet, of which 700 feet will span the main channel of the river at about 102 feet above the water. The roadway will be 22 feet wide, providing ample room for rapid two-way vehicular traffic, together with a five-foot sidewalk. Its expected that the bridge will be opened for traffic on May 30 1928.

Westinghouse Air Brake Co.—May Split Stock.—

Westinghouse Air Brake Co.—May Split Stock.—
President A. L. Humphrey is quoted as saying that the directors will consider plans for a split-up of stock at their meeting to be held on June 14. Sales thus far this year, it is stated, have been in excess of those for the corresponding period of 1926 and earnings for the first 6 months are expected to reflect this improvement.—V. 124, p. 2768.

(J. R.) Whipple Corp., Boston.—Rights.—

The common stockholders will be given the right to subscribe on or before July 1 for 37,500 additional shares of common stock (without par value) at \$15 a share, in the ratio of one new share for each two shares held. Subscriptions are payable in full on or before July 1, or in four installments, three of \$4 each due July 1, Sept. 1 and Dec. 1, and the balance of \$3 a share on or before March 1 1928.—V. 124, p. 3368.

(F. W.) Woolworth Co.—May Sales.— 1927—May—1926. Increase. | 1927—5 Mos.—1926. Increase. \$20,915,632 \$20,263,699 \$651,936 \$96,361,032 \$88,179,671 \$8.181,361

In May the old stores showed a decline in sales of \$11,139 from a year to, or 0.55% loss, while in the first 5 months these old stores were reconsible for \$5,035,839 of the gain in that period or an increase of 5.74%

in sales.

President H. T. Parson said he was gratified with results, pointing out that last May had five Saturdays against four this year; also that a year ago the entire month featured special sales all through the chain, which resulted in large gross. "This May," he said, "we had some few sales but nothing on the scale of May last year because we found such country-wide sales would mean we would be competing with ourselves.

"We will open the first of our German stores next month. Our English company is making a splendid sales showing. Its May business is about 35% ahead of last year, the gain being helped by the fact that a year ago the coal strike was on."—V. 124, p. 2768, 2447.

CURRENT NOTICES.

—The investment firm of Jones, Hibbard & Co. has been formed as an expansion of the interests of Harry L. Jones & Co. of Los Angeles, to which business the new firm will succeed. In addition to distributing the investment trust "diversified trust shares" and acting as correspondents for Throckmorton & Co. of New York, Jones, Hubbard & Co. will deal in corporation, municipal and public utility bonds. Mr. Hubbard is well known in investment circles, having been connected for the past eight years with R. H. Moulton & Co. Mr. Hubbard is also a director of the Seaboard National Bank, the Western Mortgage Corp., and Community Securities Corp., and a well-known alumnus of the University of California. Jones, Hubbard & Co. will maintain offices in the Title Insurance Bidg., Los Angeles, Calif.

—The Stockholders' Protective Committee of the Chesapeake & Obio Railway Co., with offices in the Richmond Trust Building, Richmond, Va., have issued, through their Chairman, George S. Kemp, who is a member of the New York Stock Exchange firm of Bryan, Kemp & Co., a circular of the New York Stock Exchange firm of Bryan, Kemp & Co., a circular entitled "A Revelation," in which are given some facts which have been developed in the hearing now being conducted before the Inter-State Commerce Commission on the application of the Chesapeake & Ohio to buy control of Erie and Pere Marquette—known as I. C. C. Finance Docket No. 6114. Copies of this circular may be had upon request.

—J. R. Williston & Co. of this city, established in 1889, and one of the oldest firms now connected with the New York Stock Exchange, announced the admission of Joseph A. Dernberger Jr. as a member and partner in their firm. The partnership in the firm was in recognition of faithful services rendered by Mr. Dernberger during the past twenty years during which he was affiliated with the organization.

-Arthur Lipper & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, have opened an uptown New York branch office at 2 East 57th St., under the management of E. Arthur Haines. In addition to the new branch, this company has main offices at 50 Broad St. and branches in the Hotel Roosevelt and the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.

—The investment house of Cravin, Ferris & Jones announces the dissolution of this firm, and the formation of Cravin, Jones & Co. Max Wallach is a partner in the new firm which will continue the business heretofore conducted by Cravin, Ferris & Jones at 7 Wall St., New York.

-Miss Margaret Reynolds, Librarian of the First Wisconsin National Bank, Milwuakee, will give a course of ten lectures on the business library at the Riverside, Calif., Library Service School, July 25-Aug. 5. This is a return engagement for Miss Reynolds, who lectured at Riverside in 1924.

—Andrew J. Davis and M. Weilington West, both formerly with the Trust Co. of Norfolk's bond department, have formed a partnership under the name of Davis & West, to specialize in municipal, railroad and public utility securities, with offices in the Royster Bldg., Norfolk, Va.

—Tooker & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, New York City, announce that Charles W. Hickernell, for several years investment analyst of the Bureau of Business Conditions of Alexander Hamilton Institute, is now associated with them.

—Ralph B. Leonard & Co. of New York have prepared an analysis of the stocks of 53 insurance companies for the four-year period from 1923 to 1926, giving statistics as to capital, surplus and undivided profits, total assets, dividends, &c.

-Newton R. Cass has been appointed resident manager of the Albany office of Eastman, Dillon & Co. Mr. Cass is well known in the invest-ment banking business and has been located in New York State for some

—James V. Converse has been elected Vice-President and director of Bennett, Bolster & Coghill, Inc., of New York City. Mr. Converse will be in charge of the new business and office management.

—The Atlantic Investing Corp. of New York announces that Harry Parker, formerly with Donald, Friedman & Co., is now associated with them as manager of their trading department.

-Marks & Graham, members of the New York Stock Exchange, New York City, announce that Julius Sobel has become associated with them as manager of their investment department.

-Arthur Atkins & Co., investment dealers, 27 William St., New York, announce the appointment of Max L. Reben as their representative with offices at 518 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.

—B. J. Van Ingen & Co., 57 William St., New York, have issued a pamphlet entitled "Florida Securities and the Present Situation," dis-cussing the prospects for Florida municipals.

-Albert Hazen, formerly with Bauer, Pond & Vivian; Nelson Goodwin, formerly with Geo. A. Forman & Co., and Arthur J. Taylor have joined the sales department of J. K. Rice, Jr., & Co.

—McDowell, Gibb & Herdling announce the retirement of Edwin H. Gibb. Business will be carried on hereafter under the firm name of McDowell & Herdling at 1 Wall St., New York.

—Lewis & Co., Inc., of Detroit, announce the opening of an office in the Seamen's Bank Building, 72 Wall St., New York, under the management of John C. Coney, resident Vice-President.

—J. J. Stark & Co. of New York announce that W. S. Allison, formerly with Moyse & Holmes, has become associated with them in their bank and insurance stock trading department.

-Dominick & Dominick announce that they have opened a department to serve their clientele in bank stocks and insurance stocks under the super-

—Broomhall, Killough & Co., Inc., New York City, announce that Clark Waters has become associated with their sales department, specializing in bank and insurance stocks.

—Marcus Kahn, formerly of Leverich Bond & Mortgage Corp., is now associated with G. V. Grace & Co., 34 Pine St., New York, in their retail

sales department. —R. D. Brown, formerly of Cassatt & Co., is now in charge of the trading department of the New York office of Harrison, Smith & Co.

—Orton, Kent & Co., 60 Broad St., New York, have prepared for dis-tribution a circular analyzing Chesapeake Corporation.

The Commercial Markets and the Crops

COTTON-SUGAR-COFFEE-GRAIN-PROVISIONS

PETROLEUM-RUBBER-HIDES-METALS-DRY GOODS-WOOL-ETC.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

[The introductory remarks formerly appearing here will now be found in an earlier part of the paper immediately following the editorial matter, in a department headed "INDICATIONS OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY."]

Friday Night, June 10 1927.

Friday Night, June 10 1927.

COFFEE on the spot was quiet with Santos 4s 16¾c. and Rio 7s 15½c. Fair to good Cucuta, 17½ to 19½c.; Colombian, Ocana, 20½c.; Bucaramanga washed, 21 to 22½c.; Honda, 23 to 23½c.; Medellin, 25 to 26c.; Manizales, 23½ to 24c.; Surinam, 26½ to 27½c. On the 6th inst. cost-and-freight offers were plentiful and prices were irregular. Shippers wanted bids. That seemed to be clear. Prompt shipment Santos offers consisted of Bourbon 3-4s at 15¼ to 16½c.; 3-5s at 15 to 16c.; 4-5s at 14¾ to 15.45c.; 5s at 15.10 to 15.15c.; 5-6s at 14¾ to 15.35c.; 6s at 14.6c.; 7-8s at 13 to 14.70c.; part Bourbon 3s at 17c.; 3-5s at 15 to 16c.; 4-5s at 14.55c.; 5s at 15 to 15½c.; 6s at 14½c.; Santos peaberry 3-4s at 16.65c. to 16.85c.; 4s at 16 to 16.40c.; 4-5s at 16.45c.; 5s at 14½ to 15½c.; Rio 7s at 13.20 to 13.40c.; 8s at 12½c.; Victoria 7-8s at 12¾c.; undescribed Santos 4s at 14.60c.; 5s at 14¼c.; 6-7s at 14c.; Rio 7s for July to June shipment were here at 13c.; Santos Bourbon 3-4s for July-September at 15¼c.; for October-December at 14¾c.; Bourbon 6s for October-March at 14.34c. and 7-8s for July-March at 13.55c. at 13.55c.

On the 8th inst. the cost and freight offers of Santos for prompt shipment were unchanged or slightly lower while the range of prices continued wide. Some of the Rio offers the range of prices continued wide. Some of the Rio offers were lower while others were about unchanged. Bourbon 3-4s were sold at 15½c. on a bid. For prompt shipment from Santos, Bourbon 3s were offered at 16¾c.; 3-4s at 15 to 16½c.; 3-5s at 14¾ to 15¾c.; 4-5s at 14½ to 15.20c.; 5s at 14¼ to 15c.; 5-6s at 14.60 to 15c.; 6-7s at 13.80 to 14 7-16c. Bourbon separations 7s at 14½c.; 7-8s at 13½c. Part Bourbon or flat bean 2-3s at 17½c.; 3s at 17c.; 3-4s at 15¼ to 16¼c.; 3-5s at 15½s to 15.45c.; 4-5s at 15.15c.; 5s at 15c.; 5-6s at 14.85c.; 6s at 14¾c. Santos peaberry 3-4s at 16.30c.; 2-3s at 17.20c.; 5s at 15¼c. Undescribed Santos 3s at 14.15c.; 3-4s at 14c.; 4s at 14¼c.; 5s at 14c.; 6-7s at 13¾c. The firm offers of Rio 7s for prompt shipment were The firm offers of Rio 7s for prompt shipment were at 12½ to 12.85c.; but it was rumored that they were here as low as 12½c. Victoria 7-8s for prompt shipment were quoted at 12½c. Santos 4s for June-July shipment were offered at 14.35c. Bourbon 4-5s for July-December at 14.20c.; 5s for October-February at 13c.; 6s for October-March at 13.95c.; 4s for July-June at 14.35c., and 7-8s at 13¼c. for that shipment. To-day cost and freight offers of coffee from Brazil were unchanged to slightly lower. For prompt shipment from Santos, Bourbon 3s were here at 17.10e.; 3-4s at 15e.; 3-5s at 14½ to 15e.; 5s at 15½e.; 6-7s at 13.70e. to 14.15e.; 7-8s grinders at 12.60e.; 7-8s separations at 13.40e.; part Bourbon 2-3s at 17 to 17.40e.; 3-5s at 15.30e.; 6s at 13.95e. to 14e. 3s at 17 to 17.40e.; 3-5s at 15.30e.; 6s at 13.95e. to 14e.; 6.7s at 133/4c. Undescribed 3-4s at 14c. Rio 7s for prompt shipment were offered at 12.60c. and 7s minus 25 at 12.45c. Peaberry 3-4s for prompt shipment from Santos were quoted at 16.20c.; 4s at 16.15c. and 5s at 13.35c. To-day spot Rio 7s were dull and weak at 14½c. or less. Santos 4s were nominally 163/4c.

Futures on the 7th inst. closed 15 to 17 points lower with trade dull, importers not being attracted even by a constant lowering of Brazilian prices. Futures advanced 5 to 10 points on the 9th inst. after an early decline of 2 to 5 points. To-day futures closed 10 to 15 points lower with sales of 36,000 bags. Santos closed 350 to 600 reis lower last night and opened Santos closed 350 to 600 reis lower last night and opened to-day 200 to 500 reis still lower. Rio closed unchanged to 75 reis higher last night and opened to-day unchanged to 25 reis higher. Exchange on London was 5 59-64d.; dollars 10 reis higher at 8\$350. Hamburg closed unchanged to ¼ pfg. higher and Havre 1 to 2 higher. Brazilian shippers are much disposed to sell. That is one of the underlying causes of the weakness. The spot market moreover was dull and weak. Final prices show a decline for the week of 20 to 30 points. The Exchange will be closed Monday, June 13th, Lindbergh Day.

Lindbergh Day

SUGAR.—Prompt raws declined to 27%c. c. & f. for Philippines. Then a rally in futures imparted a steadier tone. Cuba was later quoted at 2 15-16c. to 3c. bid and asked. Futures declined 11 to 13 points on the 6th inst. with a continuance of long liquidation that had been in progress for a week or ten days, with London weak and tired holders letting go. On the 7th inst. it was stated that 100,000 bags or more of Cuba was sold for prompt and June shipment at 2 15-16c. to 2 31-32c., c. & f., mostly at 2 31-32c. Futures ended on that day at 1 to 5 points higher with sales of 101,000 tons. Refined was 6 10 to 6 20c. with little new trade but tons. Refined was 6.10 to 6.20c. with little new trade but

large withdrawals. Total sugar supplies available for the United States refiners' requirements out of current crops and stocks from Cuba, Porto Rico, the Philippines and Hawaii are estimated by some on May 15 at 3,487,000 tons, against 3,624,000, or 137,000 tons less than last year. With the loss of sugar due to the Louisiana floods, raw supplies available for refiners will probably, it is added, be somewhat less than last year, but 130,000 tons of Philippine are still to be sold this year. The excess Philippine sugar in uses to be pressive, but if marketed in haste it could exert no little pressure. On the 3d inst. it is believed local refiners bought The excess Philippine sugar in itself is not im-

125,000 bags of Cuba at 3c.

In some quarters it is contended that the domestic trading stocks are low and that new purchases must shortly be made, particularly on the arrival of real summer weather. It was 81 degrees here on the 9th inst. The recent heavy with-drawals are a broad hint. Meanwhile the statistical position as regards both Cuban and duty-free sugars is believed gradually to be improving with the requirements, both from the United States and abroad to be supplied. Some say that economic conditions in Cuba are not good; that labor has had a short working season; that this crop was taken off in practically four months. Because of the cane carried over there will be less cultivation work to be done this summer. This means a further lessening of employment and as to harvesting there will be no work until Jan. 1st. In the judgment of some, what Cuba needs is an extended not a restricted market. She cannot accomplish the end desired by a course that encourages production elsewhere. It is too much like shaking the bush while somebody else catches Despite the fact that first-hand holders of raw sugar did not offer and that withdrawals of refined sugar were very heavy and the Cuban figures bullish, the futures market was weak. European selling of 1928 deliveries uncovered stop loss orders. Some continue to believe that the supply available for the rest of this year warrants much higher prices and that the big short interest now in existence should be the rest of the rest of the rest of this year warrants. should hasten it by covering and make it all the more marked.

On the 7th inst. the London terminal market opened weak, 5d. to 9d. lower. Refined was 6d. lower. The easier London market and a renewal of outside liquidation together with some selling for European account caused a further decline in raw sygar futures here. The London terminal market on the 7th inst. was irregular at 3d. advance to 3/4d. decline from opening levels. Sales last week were 75,000 tons against 51,400 tons in the previous week. Receipts at Cuban ports for the week were 34,429 tons, against 28,737 at Cuban ports for the week were 34,429 tons, against 28,737 in the previous week, 78,681 last year and 78,422 two years ago; exports, 84,649 tons, against 74,251 in previous week, 111,811 last year and 114,191 two years ago; stock, 1,306,825, against 1,357,045 in previous week, 1,409,101 last year and 1,254,894 two years ago. Centrals grinding, 5 against 7 in the previous week, 11 last year and 31 two years ago. Of the exports U. S. Atlantic ports received 22,281 tons, New Orleans 24,152 tons; Savannah 5,811 tons, Galveston 4,008 tons, Europe 23,974 tons, Canada 143 tons, California 4,280 tons.

Futures on the 9th inst. fell 2 to 5 points on selling supposed to be for French account; back of it was understood to be some financial trouble. Paris declined sharply under sales of 5,000 tons, supposed to be for the same interest, and 10,000 bags were sold here, it appears, at at first depressed prices. Then there was a tendency to rally, owing to covering of shorts. Later prices again sagged, however, and the decline continued until checked by covering towards the close. The total transactions at the Exchange here were estimated at 101.350 tons. Some 8,000 bags of prompt Cuba sold at 2 27-32c., c. & f., and 20,000 bags of Porto Rico at 4.61c. Refined continued slow as regards new business through with-drawals were active. To-day futures ended 1 to 3 points higher with sales of 116,950 tons. The week has been distinguished by big trading, in the nature of drastic liquidation or one kind or another. Private cables reported another or one kind or another. Private cables reported another sugar failure in France, though it was not considered important. London for a time, however, was ¾ to 2¼d. lower, though it closed unchanged to 1½d. higher. Refined here was quiet at 6.10 to 6.20c. with second hands selling at 6 to 6.05c. Spot raws sold to the extent of 4,100 tons of Porto Rico July clearance at 4.61c. and 5,000 bags in port at 4.55c., equal to 2 25-32c. for Cuba. This is down to within 3 points of the low record thus far this year. The spot quotation at the close in Cuba was 2 25-32c. against 3c. a week ago. Futures showed a decline for the week of 21 to 22 points. On Monday, June 13, the Evelenge will be closed for Lindbergh. Monday, June 13, the Exchange will be closed for Lindbergh Day. The Exchange has shown the same public spirit that the Stock Exchange has in this matter. Prices closed as follows:

LARD on the spot was steady but still quiet. Prime Western, 13.20 to 13.30c.; refined Continent, 13½c.; South American, 14½c.; Brazil, 15½c. On the spot prime western to-day was 13.30c. Futures on the 9th inst. declined 3 to 5 points and then rallied and closed 10 points net higher. Hogs were 10c. higher; receipts were below the estimates being 101,000, against 107,700 a week ago and 100,300 last year. Liverpool dropped 9d. In Chicago the East bought however, and with decreased offerings and hogs higher shorts covered and left final prices at an advance. A peculiar however, and with decreased offerings and hogs higher shorts covered and left final prices at an advance. A peculiar situation exists in the provision trade. Hogs have declined around 4c. a pound within a comparatively short time, while corn has advanced more than 30c. a bushel. This eliminates the feeding profit for the farmer and is expected to bring a larger run of hogs this month than early in July. To-day prices for futures ended 15 to 17 points bigher, in spite of the break in corn. Cottonseed oil was up 8 to 17 points. There was a more active market in lard. For hog receipts were smaller and for a time the grain markets were strong. There was some reaction from the high in sympathy with the later break in corn, but after all, hogs closed 10 to 15 cents higher, with the top \$9.25. Hog receipts were 75,000 against 84,000 a year ago. Chicago expects 5,000 on Saturday. Final prices show a rise for the week of 10 to 12 points. 12 points.

DAÎLY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES IN CHICAGO. Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. July delivery____cts_12.65 September delivery___12.85 $\begin{array}{cccc} 12.50 & 12.55 & 12.55 \\ 12.70 & 12.77 & 12.75 \end{array}$ $\frac{12.65}{12.85}$

PORK quiet; mess, \$34; family, \$37 to \$39; fatback pork, \$25 to \$30. Ribs, Chicago, cash, 12.62c, basis of 40 to 60 lbs. average. Beef steady; mess, \$18 to 19; packet, \$18 to 19; family, \$19 to \$21; extra India mess, \$33 to \$35; No. 1 canned corned beef, \$2.50; No. 2, \$4.25; six pounds, South America, \$12.75. Cut meats weaker; pickled hams 10 to 20 lbs., 19¾ to 20¾c; pickled bellies 6 to 12 lbs, 20¾ to 23¼c. Putter, lower grade to high scoring, 34 to 43½. Cheese, 21 to 28c; eggs, medium to selections 19 to 26¼c. 26½c.

OILS.—Linseed quiet and easier. Leading crushers were asking 11.3c. for raw oil in carlots, cooperage basis, but rumor had it that 11.1c. would be accepted on a firm bid. In tanks, 10.5c. was quoted; 5 bbls. or more, 11.9c.; less than 5 bbls., 12.3c.; July, 11.3c. Cocoanut, bbls., spot nominal; Manila, Coast, tanks, 8½c.; spot, tanks, 85gc. Corn, crude, tanks, plant, low acid, 8c. China wood, New York, drums, spot, 20c.; Pacific Coast, tanks, spot, 18½c. Olive, Den., \$1.70 to \$1.80. Soya bean, coast, tanks, 9½c.; blown, bbls., 14c. Edible oils, corn, 100 bbls. lots, 10½ to 10¾c. Olive oil, \$2.40 to \$2.50. Lard, prime, 14½c.; extra strained winter, New York, 12¾c. Cod, Newfoundland, 63 to 65c. Turpentine, 60¼ to 65½c. Rosin, \$10.15 to \$12.75. Cottonseed oil sales to-day, including switches, 22,200 bbls. P. crude S. E. 8c. bid. Prices closed as follows: OILS.—Linseed quiet and easier. Leading crushers were closed as follows:

 Spot________9.25a
 9.50 | August ______9.65a
 9.70 | November__10.01a _____

 June_______9.25a
 9.50 | September _____9.87a
 9.86 | December__10.12a _____

 July______9.42a
 9.44 | October_____10.02a10.03 | January____10.14a10.20

PETROLEUM.—Gulf gasoline advanced Export mand was better. Gulf refiners quoted 7½c. for U.S. Motor and 8½c. for 64-66 gravity 375 e.p. or an advance for the week of ½c. Large quantities are wanted by France and Great Britain. Local sentiment was improved by the advance in the Gulf section. New York harbor refiners asked 9c. for U.S. Motor in tank cars at refineries and 10c. in tank cars delivered to the trade. Up-State jobbers were buying summer and fall needs. Fuel oils were quite and easy. Grade C bunker oil, \$1.65 f.o.b. New York harbor easy. Grade C bunker oil, \$1.65 f.o.b. New York harbor refinery; Diesel oil, \$2.20, same basis; gas oils quiet at $5\frac{1}{2}$ c. for 28-34 and $5\frac{1}{2}$ c. for 36-40 local refineries. Kerosene was quiet. There was little demand for distant delivery. Prime white, 63/4c.; water white, 7c. at New York harbor refineries. Gulf refineries were offering at 51/8 and 61/4c. respectively. New York export prices: Gasoline, cases, cargo lots, U. S. Motor specifications, deodorized, 24.90c. cargo lots, U. S. Motor specifications, deodorized, 24.90c.; bulk, refinery, 9c.; kerosene, cargo lots S. W. cases, 16.15c.; bulk, 41-43, 6¾c.; W. W. 150 deg., cases, 17.15c.; bulk, 43-45, 7c. Furnace oil, bulk, refinery, 6½c.; tank wagon, 38-42, 11c.; kerosene, tank wagon to store, 15c.; bulk W. W. delivery New York, cars, 8c.; refinery, 43-45 gravity, 7c.; prime white, 41-43 delivery tanks, 7¾c.; refinery, 6¾c. Motor gasoline, garages (steel bbls.), 19c.; Up-State and New England, 19c.; single cars, delivery, 10c.; naphtha, V. M. P. deodorized in steel barrels, 21c. Naphtha V.M.P. deodorized in steel barrels, 21c. deodorized in steel barrels, 21c.

| Section | Sect

RUBBER.—A great decline has taken place on enormous liquidation. There was a better business on the 4th inst. but at lower prices. The sales were 287 tons. Last week the decline was 70 to 170 points, counting Saturday. June closed on that day at 39.70c.; July at 40c.; September at

40.20c.; October at 40.30c., and December at 40.80 to 40.90c. Outside prices: Smoked ribbed spot and June, 40 ½ to 40 ½c.; July, 40 ½ to 40 ½c.; July-September, 40 ½ to 40 ½c.; October-December, 41 ½ to 41 ½c.; January-March, 42 ½ to 43 ½c. First latex crepe, 40 ½ to 40 ¾c.; clean thin brown crepe, 37 ½ to 37 ¾c.; specky brown crepe, 37 ¼c.; rolled brown crepe, 35 ¼ to 35 ½c.; No. 2 amber, 38 ¾c.; No. 3 amber, 37 ½ to 37 ¾c.; No. 4 amber, 36 ½c. On the 6th inst. sales here jumped to 1,215 tons under the stimulus of a break of 40 to 50 points at the Exchange. London was expected to open weak on Tuesday at the three days' holiday. June closed on the 6th inst. at 39.30c.; July at 39.50c.; August at 39.60c.; September 39.90c.; October 40c.; December June closed on the 6th inst. at 39.30c.; July at 39.50c.; August at 39.60c.; September 39.90c.; October 40c.; December 40.50c., and January at 40.50c. Outside prices included ribbed smoked spot and June at 39% to 39%c.; July at 39% to 40%c.; July-September, 40% to 40%c.; October-December, 41% to 41½c.; first latex crepe, 40 to 40%c.; clean thin brown crepe, 37 to 37¼c.; specky brown crepe, 36¾c.; rolled brown crepe, 35 to 35½c.; No. 2 amber, 38¼c.; Paras, up-river fine spot, 35 to 35½c.; coarse, 23½ to 24c. The Firestone Tire & Rubber Co. is said to be produced between 40.000 and 42.000 tires daily and expects to reach 45.000 a 40,000 and 42,000 tires daily and expects to reach 45,000 a day soon. The May production of automobiles, exclusive of Ford, increased 18% over May last year, bringing total production for the five months to 1,454,673, against 1,295,-765 cars for the same period last year, according to the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce.

On the 9th inst. came extraordinary activity in New York, the sales being no less than 4,167 long tons at a decline of 140 to 170 points. Prices reached the lowest of the year. It was partly in sympathy with a bad break in London, i. e., 3/4d., reaching the lowest prices there since last fall due to New York's collapse, the dissolution of bull pools in London itself and a drop in Singapore of 5/8 to 7/8d. Here the bear points besides the weak London and Singapore cables were points besides the weak London and Singapore cables were increasing stocks in this country, the expected cut in tires heralded by mail-order reductions and finally a generally artificial position of prices with London for months pegged at 20d. Short selling, of course, played a conspicuous part in the decline here and abroad. Apart from that, however, stocks of crude rubber in the country had increased from 60,870 tons in August 1926 to 92,757 tons on May 1, despite an increase in consumption. Production outran consumption. Exports, moreover, from the Far East during the first four months of 1927 were heavy, especially of Dutch or non-restricted rubber. In the big debacle here of the 9th all grades were affected. The technical position now is better. The British restriction measures, however, are or non-restricted rubber. In the big debacle here of the 9th all grades were affected. The technical position now is better. The British restriction measures, however, are criticized by some as futile or largely so. England has been shaking the bush while somebody else caught the bird. July on the 9th inst. was 37.50 to 38.50c., closing at 37.60c.; August, 37.60 to 37.80c., closing at 37.60c.; September, 37.50 to 38.10c., closing at 37.70c.;October, 37.70 to 38.20c., closing at 37.80 to 37.90c.; December, 37.90 to 38.50c., closing at 38.10c. Ribbed smoked sheets, spot, 37% to 38½c.; June, 37¾ to 38½c.; July, 37½ to 38½c.; July-September, 38 to 38½c.; October-December, 38¼ to 38½c.; July-September, 38 to 38½c.; October-December, 38¼ to 38½c.; January-March, 38¾ to 38½c.; clean, thin, brown crepe, 35 to 35¼c.; specky brown crepe, 34¾c.; rolled brown crepe, 32½ to 33c.; No. 2 amber, 36¼c.; No. 3, 35 to 35¼c.; No. 4, 34c.; Paras, up-river fine, spot, 32½ to 33c.; coarse, 22½ to 23c.; Accra, fine, 32½ to 33c.; Caucho ball-upper, 23½ to 24c.; Island fine, 29c. Centrals, Esmeralda, 23 to 23½c.; Central scrap, 23 to 23½c.; Mexican scrap, 21c.; Guayule washed and dried, 31c.; Balata, black Ciudad, 34½ to 35c.; Panama, 31½ to 32c.; Surinam sheet, 56 to 57c.; Amazon upper, 39½ to 40c.; Amazon lower, 22½ to 23c. London spot and June, 18½d to 18½d., closing at 19¼d.; October-December, 19¾ to 19½d., closing at 19¾d.; January-March, 19½s to 19½s. closing at 20¼d. Singapore, June, 18½d.; July-August-September, 18¾d.

It is stated that crude rubber represents only 15 to 20% of the production price of pneumatic tires. It is added that

It is stated that crude rubber represents only 15 to 20% of the production price of pneumatic tires. It is added that recent declines in crude prices have been about 3%, meaning less than 1% of the cost of tire manufacture. At the same time fabric prices have increased nearly 40% so that the tire manufacturer's material costs have probably increased rather than declined. The tire industry is said to be affected by the cut averaging 10% in the retail price of second line tires, made only in the two smaller sizes. This cut merely follows a price reduction by mail order houses to increase sales. To-day prices showed an early rally of 50 to 90 points from the low level of the morning largely owing to a strong spot market and week-end covering. Moreover 90 points from the low level of the morning largely owing to a strong spot market and week-end covering. Moreover London was steadier early with bids of 18½d., spot and June, 18¾d., July and Sept., 18⅙d., Oct. and Dec. and 19¾d. for Jan. and March. Final prices were unchanged to 40 points higher. It turned out later that prices had rallied about 110 points from to-day's low levels. London ended steady at a net gain of ¾d. from the low levels of the morning though showing a net decline for the day of ¼ to ¾d. Spot and June ended at 18¼d.; July-Sept., 18½d. July at the Exchange ended at 37.60c. against 40.10c. a week ago; August at 37.60c. against 40.30 a week ago; Sept. at 37.80c. against 40.50c. last Friday.

against 40.50c. last Friday.

HIDES.—Of River Plate frigorifico recent sales to the United States and Russia were 41,000 Argentine steers at 18% c. to 19% c.; 32,000 Uruguayan steers at 19% to 19% c., and 4,000 frigorifico cows at 18 15-16c. to 19 1-16c. The

stock of Argentine steers was said to be 17,000. City packer were quiet. A large packer reported a sale of 700 spready steers at 6 ft. 8 in. and over running April 2-June 1 at 21c. The quotation for spready native steers was 21c.; for native steers 17c., and for Colorados 16c.; native bulls 12c., Orinoco and Savanilla dry 22c. Later 2,000 La Blanca River Plate cows, 21 kilos average, sold at \$40.50. New York City calfskins, 5-7s, 1.80c.; 7-9s, 2.25c.; 9-12s, 3.25c.

OCEAN FREIGHTS.—Rates were generally lower. Later grain rates rallied 1 to 2c.

Later grain rates rallied 1 to 2c.

CHARTERS included 22,000 qrs. grain 10% June from Montreal to Antwerp-Rotterdam, 12c.; Hamburg-Bermen, 13c., option barley, 1c. more; lumber, Gulf to Buenos Aires-Montevideo, one port, 163s. 9d., two ports, 165s., June. Time: 880 tons net, June, West Indies round, \$1.07\footnote{1}. Tankers: 50,000 bbls. crude, June, Gulf to Philadelphia, 31c.; 40,000 bbls., same; 8,000 tons clean, June-July, Black Sea to United Kingdom-Continent, 27s. 6d.; coal from Hampton Roads to Three Rivers, \$1.10, first half June; Hampton Roads to Rio, \$3.35, June; Hampton Roads to West Italy, one port, \$2.75, two ports, \$2.85. Tankers: Crude from Gulf to Fall River, late June, 35c.; clean, from Califronia to New York, \$2c., June; crude, Tampico to North of Hatteras, 38c., June; Houston to New Orleans, 13\footing c. with crude; fuel oil, Tampico to Jacksonville, 29c., June; coal, Hampton Roads to Port Alfred, June, \$1.45; same to \$5t. Lucia, \$1.90; pho phate, Tampico to Danzig, August loading, \$4.75; asphalt, New York; "United Kingdom-Continent, \$5, June 20-30; petroleum, San Francisco to Boston, 70,000 bbls., \$4c., June loading; 50,000 bbls. crude, U. S. Gulf to north of Hatteras, 31c.; from Tampico, 38c. Time charters: 4,000 tons, \$1.60 for prompt West Indies round; Nova Scotia down to north of Hatteras, \$2, June; period in European trade, 48, 10\footing d. Tankers: 10,000 tons, U. S. to United Kingdom-Continent, clean, 35c., June.

COAL.—Bunker coal was \$1 lower to the West India stations. English coal rates to Genoa were off. In the United States soft and hard coals were in fair demand. The output in April was 35,775,000 tons of bituminous and 7,334,000 of anthracite, giving a total production of 43,109,000. The April bituminous figure compared with the March production of 60,147,000. Some think consumers have been relying less on stocks on hand and more on new buying. A seasonal decrease of industrial activity is shown in the April coal consumption tonnage. The total consumption of bituminous and anthracite coal in the United States and Canada amounted to 38,600,000 tons as of May 1. The average daily consumption amounted to 1,286,666 tons. Business in general shows a gradual seasonal curtailment; no marked recessions are in evidence. The National Association of Purchasing Agents' coal survey gives a total of 72,288,000 tons as the amount on hand as of May 1, an average day's supply for all industries of 56 days.

TOBACCO.—There has been a moderate business reported at generally steady prices. The market has lacked special interest. Wisconsin, binders, 25 to 30c.; northern, 40 to 45c.; southern, 35 to 40c.; New York State, seconds, 45c.; Ohio, Gehhardt binders, 22 to 24c.; Little Dutch, 21 to 22c.; Zimmer Spanish, 30c.; Havana, first Remedios, 85c.; second Remedios, 70c.

COPPER was quiet and easier at 1234c. Export business was relatively better than domestic. The price was 13.10c. c.i.f. European ports. Regained stocks of copper are expected to show an increase for May. Spot standard in London on the 7th inst. was 2s. 6d. lower at £55 13s. 9d.; futures fell 1s. 3d. to £55 6s. 3d; electrolytic unchanged at £60 5s. for spot and £60 10s. for futures; on the 8th inst. standard in London fell 10s. to £54 3s. 9d. for spot and £54 16s. 3d. for futures; electrolytic unchanged. Later electrolytic fell in London 10s. to £59 15s. on the spot and 5s. for futures to £59 15s. and New York was 12.70 to 12.75; export official 13.10c. c.i.f. Europe.

TIN of late was quiet and easier. On the 8th inst. Straits spot sold at 67\[^3/4c., June at 67\[^1/2c., July at 65\[^3/4c., August, 64\[^1/2c. to 64\[^1/2c.] September, 64\[^1/4c. to 64\[^3/4c.] Shipments for the Straits in June are expected to be 7,500 tons, as against the monthly average of 6,000 tons. Spot standard in London on the 7th inst. fell 7s. 6d. to £295 10s.; futures advanced 2s. 6d. to £288 15s.; spot Straits fell 7s. 6d. to £311 10s.; Eastern c.i.f. London unchanged at £295 12s. 6d.; on the 8th inst. spot standard advanced 2s. 6d. at London to £295 12s. 6d.; futures unchanged at £288 15s.; spot Straits off 7s. 6d. to £311 2s. 6d.; Eastern c.i.f. London up £1 7s. 6d. to £297. Later 300 tons sold. Spot Straits, 67\[^3/4c.; June, 67\[^1/2c.] to 67\[^5/8c.; July, 65\[^1/8c.; August, 64\[^3/8c.] to 64\[^1/4c.] On the 9th inst. London declined generally. Spot standard fell £2 2s. 6d. to £293 10s. and futures £2 5s. to £286 10s.; sales, 130 spot and 400 futures.

LEAD was in fair demand. New York, 6.40c.; East St. Louis, 6.17½c. Ore in the tri-State district was unchanged at \$78 per ton. In London on the 7th inst. prices declined 1s. 3d. to £25 6s. 3d. for spot and £25 12s. 6d. for futures; on the 8th inst. prices there fell 5s. to £25 1s. 3d. for spot and £25 7s. 6d. for futures; sales, 150 tons spot and 900 futures. Later, after recent activity and rising prices on this side, London turned weak and fell on the 9th inst. 7s. 6d. to £24 13s. 9d. for spot and £25 for futures; sales, 650 spot and 1,000 tons futures. New York, 6.40c.; East St. Louis, 6.17½c.

ZINC was firmer; East St. Louis, 6.27½c. Demand was fair. The improved ore situation has tended to cause a better feeling in the trade. Output will be further curtailed because of a recent tornado which injured two or three zinc plants. Producers expect higher prices, and were not anxious to press sales. In London on the 7th inst. prices advanced 1s.3d. to £28 17s. 6d. for spot and £28 18s. 9d. for futures; sales, 250 tons. On the 8th inst. prices there

were up 2s. 6d. to £29 for spot and £29 1s. 3d. for futures; sales, 50 tons spot and 600 futures. Later New York fell in response to a drop in London. East St. Louis, 6.22½c. On the 9th inst. prices declined 6s. 3d. in London to £28 13s. 9d. for spot and £28 15s. for futures; sales, 200 tons spot and 650 futures.

STEEL has remained dull and weak. The tendency is for trade to slacken further. Operations within a week it seems have decreased 7%. The rate of the United States Steel Corp.'s operations has been 80%. Independents are running at about 67%. Tin plate output remains at 70%, tube mills at about 67, strip mills at 75, and bar mills at 70. Moreover unfilled orders on May 31st showed a decrease of 400,000 tons. Prices tend downward for bars, plates and shapes. Steel bars are selling at 1.75 to 1.80c., Pittsburgh, the former on large tonnage and shapes down to 1.70c. in some cases. Competition on shapes between big producers including new comers has been very sharp. Nominal quotations on routine trade include the following: Semi-finished billets rerolling, \$33; billets forging, \$39; sheet bars, \$33 to \$34; slabs, \$33 to \$34; wire rods, \$42; skelp, 1.85 to 1.90c. heets, &c.: lue annealed, 2.20 to 2.25c.; black, 2.90 to 3c.; galvanized 3.75 to 3.85c.; auto body, 4.25c.; strips, hot rolled, 1.90 to 2c.; strips cold rolled, 2.85 to 3.25c.; hoops 2 to 2.10c.; bands, 2 to 2.10c.; tin plate, \$5.50. Orders for cast iron pipe have fallen off and competition is sharper so that prices tend to decline. The United States Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co. was the low bidder for 3,000 tons of 36 inch pipe for Detroit at \$41.50 a ton delivered, or equal to \$33.55 a ton Birmingham. It is reported that Detroit has placed 3,800 tons of 16 inch pipe and will divide 8,600 tons of 12 inch pipe among three companies.

PIG IRON has been duller if anything than ever; that is, so far as actual trading is concerned. There are reports from time to time of an increased inquiry. It seems to come to nothing. New York reports a rather better inquiry but it does not seem to mean much improvement in actual trade. With steel prices weakening, it is not to be supposed that pig iron prices will show any pronounced steadiness, to say the lease. They appear to be more nominal than anything else. The following nominal quotations on ordinary trading in small lots come as near to the existing market as it is possible to get in a state of almost suspended trade in many sections: Foundry No. 2 plain, Eastern Pennsylvania, \$20.50 to \$21; Buffalo, \$17.50 to \$18; Virginia, \$21 to \$22; Birmingham, \$18 to \$19; Chicago, \$20 to \$20.50; Valley, \$18; Cleveland, delivered, \$20 to \$20.50. Basic, Valley, \$18.50 to \$19; eastern Pennsylvania, \$20.50 to \$21. Malleable, eastern Pennsylvania, \$21.50 to \$22; Buffalo, \$18 to \$19; charcoal, \$24.

WOOL.—A fair business in choice wool has recently been done, in some cases at steady prices while in other cases trade has been as dull as ever. Choice foreign wools have been rather scarce and they have been firm. But there has been no real life and snap in the market as a whole. Receipts of wool at Boston, New York and Philadelphia during the week ended May 21 totaled 4,835,701 lbs. actual weight, according to figures of the Department of Commerce. Receipts by ports were: Boston, 2,218,256 lbs.; New York, 1,639,714 lbs.; Philadelphia, 977,731 lbs. Of late business has been slow but prices have been about steady.

Domestic fleeces, unwashed, Ohio and Pennsylvania fine delaine, 43 to

Domestic fleeces, unwashed, Ohio and Pennsylvania fine delaine, 43 to 44c.; ½-blood, 43c.; ½-blood, 42c.; ½-blood, 41c. Territory, clean, basis, fine staple, \$1.05 to \$1.10; fine fine medium, French combing, 95c. to \$1; fine fine medium clothing, 90 to 95c. Texas, clean, basis, fine, 12 months, \$1.05 to \$1.08; fine, 8 months, 87 to 90c.; fall, 72 to 75c. Pulled, scoured, basis, A super, 87 to 92c.; B super, 80 to 85c.; C super, 70 to 75c. Domestic mohair, original Texas, 57 to 58c. Foreign clothing wools: Australian, clean, basis, in bond, 64-70s, combing, 95c. to \$1.02; 64-70s, clothing, 85 to 88c. New Zealand, clean, basis, in bond, 58-60s, 77 to 78c. Montevideo, grease basis, in bond, 58-60s, 41 to 42c. Buenos Aires, grease basis, in bond, III (46-48s), 30 to 31c.

COTTON.

Friday Night June 10 1927.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 56,037 bales, against 68,264 bales last week and 67,486 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since Aug. 1 1926, 12,417,155 bales, against 9,270,395 bales for the same period of 1925-26, showing an increase since Aug. 1 1926 of 3,146,760 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total.
Galveston	319	1,172	1,259	568	41	588	3,947
Texas City Houston	686	2,270	2,446	596	595	1,218	7,811
New Orleans	$\frac{2,068}{215}$	1,028 898	2,092 850	1,627 467	$\frac{2,041}{328}$	$\frac{4.277}{1.312}$	13,133 4,070
Pensacola						90	90
Savannah Charleston	$\frac{1.728}{923}$	2,420 700	1.953 717	$\frac{1,228}{1,253}$	1,915 1,280	1,932 1,963	6,836
Wilmington	399	216	176 312	528 501	482 141	497 419	1,689
New York Boston	987	349 223	105	307	391	514	349 2.527
Baltimore	981			307	391	2,313	2,313
Totals this week	7.331	9.276	9,910	7.075	7,214	15.231	56.037

The following table shows the week's total receipts, the total since Aug. 1 1926 and the stocks to-night, compared with last year:

Receipts to	192	26-27.	192	5-26.	Stoc	k.
June 10.	This Week.	Since Aug 1 1926.	This Week.	Since Aug 1 1925.	1926.	1925.
Galveston	3.947	3.216.810	13.180	2,986,104	290.179	321,718
Texas City	108			18.234	8,828	4.088
Houston *	7.811	3.778.899	223	1.691.893	408,434	a
Port Arthur, &c		0		1,001,000	200,20	
New Orleans	13.133	2.412.136	17.765	2,307,068	366,764	234.445
Gulfport	10,100	2,412,100	111100	2,001,000	000,	
Mobile	4,070	387.257	1.161	233,402	29.591	3.083
Pensacola	90		1,101	17.991	20,001	0,000
Jacksonville	90	617		13.116	585	371
Savannah	11 176	1.126.242	8.671		39,987	48.380
Brunswick	11,110	1,120,212	0,011	400	33,001	30,000
Charleston.	6.836	575.760	2.043		39.217	32.382
Georgetown	0,000	3/3,/00	2,010	320,010	39,211	92,000
Wilmington	1.689	158.765	1.345	125.185	22.048	19.76
Norfolk	1.988		2.574		63.062	71.72
N'port News, &c.	1,900	279	2,5/4	403,147	05,002	* 1,122
New York	49		81	53.177	221.040	45.972
Boston	2,527	29,009			1.033	5.63
Baltimore	2,327	5.978			1.458	1.27
Philadelphia	2,313		282			4.97
runaderpina		4,689		9,774	9,446	4,01
Totals	56 037	12417155	47 649	9.270.395	1 501 672	793.81

* Houston statistics are no longer compiled on an interior basis, but only on a port basis. In the season's receipts in 1926-27 we have included the stock carried over from the previous season, namely, 226,636 bales. a In 1926 Houston stocks, amounting to 423,888 bales, were included under interior towns.

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons:

Receipts at-	1926-27.	1925-26.	1924-25.	1923-24.	1922-23.	1921-22.
Galveston	3.947 7.811	13.180 223	2.510 7.800	5,502 1,471	8,580 3,181	24,951 384
New Orleans_ Mobile Savannah	13,133 4,070 11,176	17.765 1.161 8.671	4,865 349 300	11,260 3,710 8,844	6,732 542 3,580	17,923 3,441 13,086
Brunswick Charleston	6.836	2.043		877	3,358	260 4.125
Wilmington Norfolk &c.	1,689 1,988	1.315 2.574	1.999	2,642	3,396 1,941	1,432 2,152
All others	5,387	903	1,297	1,360	341	2,821
Tot. this week	56,037	47,642	21,739	35,702	31,651	70.575
Since Aug. 1	12417155	9,270,395	9.005.531	6.502,221	5,578,449	5,772,408

* Beginning with the season of 1926, Houston figures include movement cotton previously reported by Houston as an interior town The disaction between port and town has been abandoned.

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 92,315 bales, of which 24,489 were to Great Britain, 9,470 to France, 7,155 to Germany, 19,319 to Italy, 13,300 to Russia, 12,642 to Japan and China, and 5,940 to other destinations. In the corresponding week last year, total exports were 44,373 bales. For the season to date aggregate exports have been 10,271,847 bales, against 7,381,820 bales in the same period of the previous season. Below are the exports for the week:

Week Ended	Exported to—									
June 10 1927. Exports from—	Great Britain.	France.	Ger- many.	Italy.	Russia.	Japan & China.	Other.	Total.		
Galveston Houston New Orleans	11.376	1,272 5,358 1,973	1,791 2,677	4,810 2,831 5,798		845 1,935 9,862	444 1,954	6,927 12,359 46,940		
Mobile	6,567			0,100	10,000	3,602	1,504	6,567		
Pensacola Savannah	5,570		90 1,850					7.420		
Charleston			747	5.750			781	1,525 5,756		
Norfolk New York	976	867		******			25 2,736	4.57		
Los Angeles				130			2,700	13		
Total	24,489	9,470	7,155	19,319	13,300	12,642	5,940	92,31		
Total 1926 Total 1925	6,996 7,099					16,800 9,883	5,658 6,428	44,373 37,52		

From Aug.1 1926 to	Exported to-										
June 10 1927. Exports from—	Great Britain.	France.	Ger- many.	Italy.	Russia.	Japan& China.	Other.	Total.			
Galveston	594,158	379,384	563,308	230,685	122,707	494,733	543,344	2.928.319			
Houston	534,827	375,486	590,923	218,498	120,853	393,714	181,238	2,415,539			
Texas City	51,121	1,517	3,670		9,000		25,809	91,117			
New Orleans	573,934	159,948	310,465	192,916	113,778	460,233	154,313	1,965,587			
Mobile	98,951		101,159			16,124					
Jacksonville.			341					34			
Pensacola	4,583		6,282				340	11,20			
Savannah	297,139		519,414	5.800		99,320	40,536	967,87			
Charleston	97,079	497	334,038			38,063	31,578	501,25			
Wilmington .	16,100		53,866	46,650			1,000	117,610			
Norfolk	105,809	500	167,152	16,524		10,550	6.470	307,00			
N'port News						279	100	37			
New York	42,293	29,647	99,218	19,479		14,256	176,023				
Boston	4,436		2,075				3,173				
Baltimore	*****	3,397	142	400				3,93			
Philadelphia.	860	210	100				4.890				
Los Angeles.	62,399	19,380	45,254	3,311		15,541	2.848				
San Diego	11,286							11,28			
San Francisco	6,244	320	6,425	1,254		80,297	535				
Seattle						82,461	200				
Portl'd, Ore.	*****					600		60			
Total	2,501,219	980,720	2803832	737,817	366,338	1706171	1175750	10271,84			
Tot. 1925-26	2.167.808	861,429	1632329	653,557	162,012	1115079	789,606	7.381.82			
Tot. 1924-25	2,497,981	872.155	1831177	672.481	198.486	872.649	786.626	7.731.55			

NOTE.—Exports to Canada.—It has never been our practice to include in the above tables reports of cotton shipments to Canada, the reason being that virtually all the cotton destined to the Dominion comes overland and it is impossible to get all the cotton destined to the Dominion comes overland and it is impossible to get returns concerning the same from week to week, while reports from the customs dis-tricts on the Canadian border are always very slow in coming to hand. In view, however, of the numerous inquiries we are receiving regarding the matter, we will as that for the month of April the exports to the Dominion the present season have been 21,567 bales. In the corresponding month of the preceding season the exports were 18,175 bales. For the nine months ended April 30 1927, there were 21,479 bales ex-ported as against 206,168 bales for the corresponding seven months of 1925-26.

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named:

	1						
Jan. 7 at-	Great Britain.	France.	Ger- many.	Other Foreign	Coast.	Total.	Leaving Stock.
Galveston New Orleans Savannah Charleston	5,500 3,647	3,400 1,662	5,300 2,772	40,000 20,204	3,000 308 300 317	28,593	232,979 338,171 39,687 38,900
Mobile	2,000 2,500	2,000	3,500	10,000 7,000		12,000	17,591 63,062 657,872
Total 1927 Total 1926 Total 1925	13,647 18,242 5,631	7.062 9.349 9.599	11,572 6,570 11,488	77,204 28,188 28,869	3,925 4,761 3,318	113,410 67,110 58,905	1,388,262 726,708 360,771

* Estimated.

Speculation in cotton for future delivery has been more active at sharply rising prices, mainly owing to drought in western Texas and fears of further floods in the Mississippi Valley. Contributory causes were reports of increased weevil infestation in the Brazos bottoms of Texas and also in parts of Mississippi, Georgia and other sections of the belt. Moreover, the spot markets were distinctly strong, advancing on Thursday 40 to 50 points, with some increase in the demand. Japan was buying, it was understood. In any case there was said to be some disposition to buy for forward delivery. This demand was partly for new crop deliveries. But dealers and others were loath to sell very far ahead, especially of the long staples. The crop of this kind of cotton is again supposed to be menaced by new floods, which it is predicted will come within five feet of the stage of the original floods. It is also said that the damage done by the old floods has been under-estimated. Meanwhile, too, the condition of the cotton textile industry is, according to the latest report of the New York Textile Association, in excellent condition. Indeed, sales of standard cotton textiles during May, according to the association, were 328,144,000 yards, or 141.5% of production, which was 231,874,000 yards. The volume of sales was 91.5% larger than during the corresponding period last year. Unfilled orders June 1 were 572,009,000 yards, or 20% larger than May 1. Shipments for the month amounted to 230,665,000 yards, or 99.5% of production. Stocks on hand May 31 were 177,890,000 yards, an increase of only 0.7% for the month.

Speculation, as already intimated, has been more active. Sold-out bulls have returned as buyers. The wire houses have been doing a better business. Wall Street bought to some extent. Covering has been on a large scale. Uptown interests and, it is understood, the west as well as Texas interests, have bought. New York and Texas spot firms are said to have bought July more freely. New Orleans on the 9th inst. was credited with buying January quite heavily. The leading factor in the rise on the 9th inst. of 50 to 56 points was the absence of rain in western Texas. None, it is true, had been predicted, but as there were low barometers in the Gulf and far to the Northwest, there was be-lieved to be some chance of rain. None appeared. And on Thursday no rain was predicted for any part of Texas. Indeed, the indications were for fair and warmer weather Also, there were some unfavorable crop reports from the Mississippi delta. And although the weekly report was in some respects very favorable, it was not without some adverse features, notably as regards Texas, where, in the northwestern part at least, planting and germination were reported to be backward. In the lower coast and western sections of Texas the conditions were reported as rather poor, drought having caused deterioration. Parts of Alabama, it is recognized, need rain. In the wet regions of Mississippi cultivation and growth were backward. In parts of Arkansas cultivation was poor owing to the wetness of the soil and many fields were grassy. In western Tennessee heavy rains have retarded cultivation. Finally, even where the crop outlook is concededly promising, the fact is recalled that June conditions are apt to be at once

favorable and deceptive.

On the other hand, it is said that three-quarters of the belt are looking very well and that there is at least a chance that conditions in western Texas are being more or less exaggerated. Certainly early in the week there was some rain in western, northwestern and southwestern Texas. The weekly report said that temperatures have been uniformly favorable where moisture was sufficient. Very good growth was reported in the Carolinas. Blooms have appeared in South Carolina. Early cotton in Georgia, on the whole, looked fairly well, even if the late planted was a bit slow. At times during the week, however, Georgia had rains which must have been distinctly beneficial. In Mis-sissippi and Alabama conditions in parts at least were reported very good. Excellent growth was reported in Arkansas and much of Tennessee. Very good progress took place in most parts of Louisiana. In Oklahoma the stands are generally good and planting is about completed; the progress and the condition were fair to good. Even in Texas the progress, with some exceptions, was good, and the report recognizes that western Texas had had some helpful rains. Moreover, in most of Texas the crop is clean and chopping is well advanced. And some maintained on Thursday that the barometrical conditions were such west of the Mississippi that there was at least a chance for rain, even though none was predicted in the official forecast. It has been persistently declared during the week that rains not reported in Government reports have occurred in parts of western Texas. It is said that the Government Weather Service is not complete in that section of the State as it is further eastward in Texas. There are those who say that two-thirds of the belt is doing well, the only really bad spots being western Texas and the flooded parts of the Missisippi delta

To-day prices advanced early into new high ground, but declined sharply later on, under the pressure of liquidation, and some rumors of rains in Texas. Partly cloudy weather was predicted for western Texas. There are hopes of rains over Sunday. Good reports come from many parts of the belt outside of western Texas and the Mississippi delta. The recent advance of over 100 points had weakened the technical position. On general principles a reaction was considered due. Early in the day a moderate rise was due to a continuation so far as Government reports went, of dry, hot weather in Texas. At 10 stations it was 100 to 104 degrees. Hot winds were reported. Liverpool was a heavy buyer. The Continent bought. Shorts for a time were covering. Of late the trade has done a good deal of price fixing. And after all the net decline for Friday was only 6 to 12 points, though the closing tone was barely steady. For the week there is a net rise of 17 to 21 points. Spot cotton ended at 17.05c for middling, a rise for the week of 20 points. The New York Cotton Exchange will be closed at 12 o'clock on June 13, Lindbergh Day.

The following averages of the differences between grades, as figured from the June 9 quotations of the ten markets designated by the Secretary of Agriculture, are the differences from middling established for deliveries in the New York market on June 16:

TOTAL HARMAN ON OUNCE TO.	
Middling fair1.39 on	*Middling "yellow" stained 3.28 off
Strict good middling1.15 on	*Good middling "blue" stained 2.00 off
Good middling	Strict middling "blue" stained 2.70 off
	*Middling "blue" stained3.59 off
Middling Basis	Good middling spotted
	Strict middling spotted03 off
Low middling2.08 off	Middling spotted
	*Strict low middling spotted 2.00 off
	*Low middling spotted 3.30 off
Strict good mid. "yellow" tinged08 off	Good mid. light yellow stained 1.20 off
Good middling "yellow" tinged 56 off	*Strict mid. light yellow stained_1.75 off
Strict middling "yellow" tinged98 off	*Middling light yellow stained 2.70 off
 Middling "yellow" tinged2.08 off 	Good middling "gray"
*Strict low mid. "yellow" tinged_3.36 off	*Strict middling "gray" 1.05 off
 Low middling "yellow" tinged_4.61 off 	*Middling "gray"1.60 off
Good middling "yellow" stained 1.93 off	
effect mid "vellow" steined 9.45 off	Not deliverable on future contracts

NEW YORK QUOTATIONS FOR 32 YEARS.
The quotations for middling upland at New York on
June 10 for each of the past 32 years have been as follows:

June 10 for each of	the past 32 year	s nave been as	rollows:
)32.90c. 191		
192618.50c. 1918	829.70c. 1910 _	15.40c. 1902	9.38c.
192523.55c. 191	723.80c. 1909 _	11.30c. 1901	8.25c.
192428.85c. 1916	312.90c. 1908 _	11.40c. 1900	9.00c.
192329.10c. 191	5 9.70c. 1907 _	13.25c. 1899	6.31c.
192222.85c. 191	113.65c. 1906 _	11.20c. 1898	6.50c.
1921 12.50c. 1913	312.35c. 1905 _	8.70c. 1897	7.69c.
192040.00c. 191:	211.75c. 1904 _	12.15c. 1896	7.44c

FUTURES.—The highest, lowest and closing prices at New York for the past week have been as follows:

	Saturday. June 4.	Monday, June 6.	Tuesday, June 7.	Wednesday, June 8.	Thursday, June 9.	Friday, June 10.
June-						
Range Closing July—	16.45	16.03	16.09	16.33	16.80	16.77
Range	16.42-16.64	16.06-16.37	16.05-16.30	16.25-16.39	16.48-16.90	16.78-17.05
Closing	16.49-16.50	16.07-16.08	16.13-16.16	16.37	16.83-16.87	16.80-16.84
August— Range						10.00 10.01
Closing.	16.60	16.18	16.24	16.48	16.94	16.90
Range	16.87-16.87		16.35 16.47	16.70-16.70	17.00-17.00	
Closing	16.82	16.39		16.70		
Range_	16 77-17 03	16 41-16 79	16 48 16 69	16.60-16.75	10 00 17 05	17 10 17 45
Closing.	16 86 16 88	16 44 16 46	16 51 16 59	16.73-16.74	17 99 17 95	17.12-17.45
Nov.—	10.00-10.00	10.44-10.40	10.31-10.32	10.73-10.74	17.22-17.20	17.10-17.17
Range						
Closing_	16.98	16.56	16.63	16.85	17.34	17.26
Dec.—						
Range	17.03-17.27	16.64-16.97	16.70-16.93	16.84-16.99	17.06-17.47	17.32-17.65
Closing.	17.11-17.13	16.68-16.70	16.74-16.76	16.97	17.45-17.46	17.37-17.38
Jan Range	17 00 17 00	10 80 18 01				
	17.06-17.29	16.72-17.01	16.74-16.98	16.91-17.05	17.12-17.53	17.40-17.70
Closing.	17.10-17.10	10.75	16.80-16.81	17.03-17.05	17.53	17.42
Range			1		1	
	17 05	10.05	10.00	12.10		
March-	17.20	10.85	10.89	17.12	17.64	17.52
Range_	17 90 17 40	18 99 17 96	10 04 17 15	12 00 12 01		
Closing.	17.20-17.40	16.05	16.94-17.17	17.09-17.21	17.31-17.77	17.62-17.91
April-	17.00	10.90	10.99	17.21	17.75-17.77	17.62
Range						
	17 49	17 09 -	17.08	17.27 -	17.01	17.00
May-	11.10	17.02	17.00	17.27	17.81	17.68
	17 50 17 60	17 06 17 2	1 17 07 17 9	5 17.24-17.34	17 48 17 00	17 75 10 00
Closing.	17.50	17.00-17.3	17.07-17.20	17.24-17.39	17.40-17.80	17.75-18.0

Range of future prices at New York for week ending April 29 1926 and since trading began on each option:

Option for-	Range for Week.	Range Since Beginning of Option.
June 1927		12.92 Oct. 27 1926 16.10 May 24 1927
July 1927	16.05 June 7 17.05 June 10	12.25 Dec. 4 1926 18.51 Sept. 2 1926
Aug. 1927		13.03 Jan. 4 1927 16.95 June 1 1927
Sept. 1927	16.35 June 7 17.00 June 9	12.00 Dec. 4 1926 17.11 June 2 1927
Oct. 1927	16.41 June 6 17.45 June 10	12.46 Dec. 4 1926 17.45 June 10 1927
Nov. 1927		12.75 Dec. 6 1926 15.63 Apr. 29 1927
Dec. 1927	16.64 June 6 17.65 June 10	13.36 Jan. 3 1927 17.65 June 10 1927
Jan. 1928		14.11 Mar. 15 1927 17.70 June 10 1927
Feb. 1928		1
Mar. 1928	16.88 June 6 17.91 June 10	14.75 Apr. 4 1927 17.91 June 10 1927
Apr. 1928	Toron Came of Tree Came I	The man a sear and a sum to to a
May 1928	17.06 June 6 18.03 June 10	17.06 June 6 1927 18.03 June 10 192

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. Foreign stocks, as well as afloat, are this week's returns, and consequently all foreign figures are brought down to Thursday evening. But to make the total the complete figures for to-night (Friday), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only.

morading in the conference of a second			
June 10- 1927.	1926.	1925.	1924.
Stock at Liverpoolbales.1,340,000	848,000	760,000	495,000
Stock at London		3.000	
Stock at Manchester 159,000	87.000	110,000	64,000
Dioca at management and a series			
Total Great Britain	935,000	873,000	559,000
Stock at Hamburg	000,000	010,000	10.000
Stock at Bremen 673,000	178,000	224.000	139,000
Stock at Havre	177,000	162,000	109,000
	3.000	8.000	15,000
	78,000	90,000	91,000
	34,000	29,000	11,000
	34,000	25,000	12,000
Stock at Ghent		2,000	1.000
Stock at Antwerp		2,000	1,000
Total Continental stocks1,120,000	470,000	540,000	388,000
Total European stocks2,619,000	1,405,000	1.413,000	947,000
			139,000
India cotton afloat for Europe 78,000	72,000	138,000	172 000
American cotton afloat for Europe 393,000	222,000	192,000	172,000
Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat for Europe 152,000	131,000	115,000	97,000
Stock in Alexandria, Egypt 396,000	247,000	100,000	103,000
Stock in Bombay, India 659,000	717,000	835,000	87,000
Stock in U. S. portsa1,501,672	193,818	419,676	328,313
Stock in U. S. interior towns a575,095	1,186,780	285,662	312,127
U. S. exports to-day	3,665	1,320	
Total visible supply6,373,767	4,778,263	3,499,658	2,905,440
Of the above, totals of American and of			
American—	527.000	527,000	233.000
Liverpool stockbales_1,008,000	71.000	99.000	51.000
Manchester stock 140,000	401.000	441.000	270,000
Continental stock1,065,000	222,000	192,000	270,000 $172,000$ $328,313$
American afloat for Europe 393,000	793,818	419.676	206 212
U. S. port stocksa1,501,672	1 100,010		312,127
U. S. Interior stocks a575,095	1,186,780	285,662	312,121
U. S. exports to-day	3.665	1,320	
Total American	3,205,263	1,965,658	1,366,440
East Indian, Brazil, &c.—	001 000	000 000	000 000
Liverpool stock	321,000	233,000	262,000
London stock		3,000	
Manchester stock 19.000	16.000	11,000	13,000
Continental stock 55,000 Indian afloat for Europe 78,000	69.000	99,000	118,000
Indian afloat for Europe 78.000	72.000	138.000	139.000
Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat 152.000	131.000	115.000	97,000
Stock in Alexandria, Egypt 396,000	247 000	100,000	103,000
Stock in Bombay, India 659,000	717,000	835,000	807,000
Total East India, &c1,691,000	1.573,000	1.534.000	1.539.000
Total American4,682,767	3,205,263	1,965,658	1,366,440
Total visible supply6,373,767	4.778.263	3,499,658	2,905,440
Middling uplands, Liverpool 9.03d.	9.92d.	13.36d.	17.14d.
Middling uplands, New York 17.05c.	18.15c.	23.65c.	30.10c.
			24.95d.
Egypt, good Sakel, Liverpool. 18.05d. Peruvian, rough good, Liverpool. 11.00d.	180d.	35.50d.	24.0 0 d.
Peruvian, rough good, Liverpool. 11.00d.	17.00d.	20.75d.	
Broach, fine, Liverpool 8.20d.	8.55d.	11.45d.	13.85d.
Tinnevelly, good, Liverpool 8.65d.	9.10d.	11.85d.	15.00d.
a Houston stocks are now included in the they formed part of the interior stocks.	port stoc	ks; in prev	ious years
they formed part of the interior stocks.			

Continental imports for past week have been 96,000 bales. The above figures for 1927 show a decrease from last week of 133,369 bales, a gain of 1,595,504 over 1926, an increase of 2,874,109 bales over 1925, and an increase of 3,468,327 bales over 1924.

AT THE INTERIOR TOWNS the movement—that is, the receipts for the week and since Aug. 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding periods of the previous year, is set out in detail below:

	Movement to June 10 1927.				Movement to June 11 1926.				
Towns.				Stocks June	Rece	Receipts.		Stocks	
	Week.	Season.	Week.	10.	Week.	Season.	ments. Week.	11.	
Ala., Birming'm	408	98.182	1.651	6.180	309	97,177	784	2,246	
Eufaula	129	27.099	161	8.220	29	21,883	25	2.908	
Montgomery.	239	124,973	1.208	21,194	306	103,469	836	13,035	
Selma	781	96,325	358	14,952	44	89,611	427	6,293	
Ark., Helena	24	95.555	810	9,943	60	101.684	667	23,842	
Little Rock	528	206,379	1.471	16.679	196	230.392	1.956	39,231	
Pine Bluff	353	188.052	1.346	16,280	314	181,013	2,320	42,308	
Ga., Albany		8,807	92	2.108		7.918		2.066	
Athens.	620	55,056	1,140	9.079	486	37,968	670	5.565	
Atlanta	715	259.863	4.570	24,494	2,726	229,867	4,792	28,831	
Augusta	2.856	385,485	5.852	61,727	1,395	357,111	2,694	44.156	
Columbus	431		142	5.179	419	87.140	612	1.672	
		50,624 $111,261$		4,523	285	71,066	415	6,396	
Macon	1,075		1,172	67,720		55,373	375	9,942	
Rome	150	52,280	900		327	167.168	150	17,958	
La., Shreveport	300	167,782	1,500	29,726	52			2.484	
Miss., Columbus	334	43,934	452	3,102	25	46,783	2.117	60,451	
Clarksdale	483	194,905	4,010	30,012	184	235,742			
Greenwood	194	184,627	2,144	27,657	251	224,274	2,664	55,508	
Meridian	254	55,179	736	5,504	40	69,270	1,355	9,184	
Natchez	57	50,314	768	7,645	55	58,493	792	6,202	
Vicksburg		35,400			23	54,711	866	12,564	
Yazoo City		44,773			23	52,963	141	10,765	
Mo., St. Louis.	9,293	587,931	9,339	4,013	6,458	704,867	7,461	14,085	
N.C., Greensb'ro	1,584	53,416	968	27,230	708	66,968	251	18,709	
Raleigh	59	21,101	600	3,595	40	31,733	2,036	3,172	
Okla., Altus	27	209.828	213	3,119	142	144,454	1,174	7,787	
Chickasha	81	194,281	804	3,441	305	194,433	643	9,522	
Oklahoma	402	188.077	543	5.876	222	171,407	473		
S. C., Greenville		361,483	13,560	48,450	2,480	306,891	3,560	39,823	
Greenwood	-,	7,773		3,251		4,912		2,682	
Tenn. Memphis	22.539	2.260.596	30.343	132,422	20,704	1,892,708		216,713	
Nashville	181	8,614	194	846		3,385	30		
Texas, Abilene.		79.583		702	19	87,387	272	433	
Brenham	35	29,275	45	5.829	39		47	3,967	
Austin	00	34,235	-	788	6	12,727		1.5	
Dallas	402	191,195	806	7.184	195	164.765	939	14.910	
Houston	*02	151,150	*	*		4,790,551	14.124	423,888	
Paris	2	56,655	4	137	22		52	849	
San Antonio	53		223	2.592	34	26,106	104	322	
Fort Worth.	74	133,807					135	5,767	
Total, 40 towns	49 067	7.007.346	87.898	575.095		11400,933		1186780	
Less Ho ston					13,230	4,790,551	14,124	423,888	
Total, 39 towns	49 067	7 007 346	87.898	575.095	39.085	6,610,382	33,441	762,892	

^{*} Houston statistics are no longer compiled on an interior basis, but only on a port basis. To make the comparisons with the previous year correct, we deduct the Houston figures from last year's total at the end of the table.

The above total shows that the interior stocks have decreased during the week 38,822 bales and are to-night 187,797 bales less than at the same time last year. The receipts at all towns have been 9,982 bales more than the same week last year.

MARKET AND SALES AT NEW YORK.
The total sales of cotton on the spot each day during the week at New York are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader, we also add columns which show at a glance how the market for spot and futures closed on same days.

	Spot Market	Futures	SALES.			
	Closed.	Market Closed.	Spot.	Contr'ct	Total.	
Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday	Quiet, 10 pts. dec Quiet, 40 pts. dec Quiet, 5 pts. adv Quiet, 20 pts. adv Steady, 50 pts. adv_		400		193	
Friday Total week	Quiet, 5 pts. dec	Barely Steady_	193		593	

OVERLAND MOVEMENT FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE AUG. 1.—We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since Aug. 1, as made up from telegraphic reports Friday night. The results for the week and since Aug. 1 in the last two years are as follows: the week and since Aug. 1 in the last two years are as follows:

June 10-	19	26-27—Since	19	25-26 Since
Shipped—	Week.	Aug. 1.	Week.	
Via St. Louis	_ 9,339	600,155	7.461	686,577
Via Mounds, &c.	_ 4.860	343,265	2,550	297,767
Via Rock Island	,	22,029	75	39,890
Via Louisville	657	51.538	321	59.933
Via Virginia points	5.598	258.167	4.400	227,072
Via other routes, &c	5,730	602,726	3,200	404,879
Total gross overland Deduct Shipments—	26,184	1,877,880	18,007	1,716,028
Overland to N. Y., Boston, &c	5.189	142.933	680	144,474
Between interior towns	563	25.322	528	24.173
Inland, &c., from South		872,869	12,169	792,974
Total to be deducted	22,699	1,041,124	13,377	961,621
Leaving total net overland *	3,485	836,756	4,630	754,407

* Including movement by rail to Canada.

The foregoing shows the week's net overland movement this year has been 3,485 bales, against 4,630 bales for the week last year, and that for the season to date the aggregate net overland exhibits an increase over a year ago of 82.349 bales

01 02,349 bales.	26-27	19	25-26
In Sight and Spinners' Takings. Week. Receipts at ports to June 10	Since Aug. 1. 12,417,155 836,756	Week. 47,642 4,630 95,000	Since Aug. 1. 9,270,395
Total marketed 165,522 Interior stocks in excess *38,822 Excess of Southern mill takings		147,272 *38,122	
over consumption to May 1	700,670		583,565
Came into sight during week126,700 Total in sight	18,716,341	109,150	15,899,012
Nor. spinners' takings to June 10. 29,044	1,808,862	21,325	1,828,934
* Decrease			

Movement into sight in provious years

21201011	one mee pigne in bre	Tous yours.	
Week-	Bales.	Since Aug. 1-	Bales.
1925—June	13112.030	1925	_14.661.362
1924-June	14124.326	1924	_11.269.239
1022 - Tuno	15 197 119	1099	11 099 088

QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON OTHER MARKET.—Below are the closing quotations for middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the week:

Week Ended	Closing Quotations for Middling Cotton on-							
Jan. 7.	Saturday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'day.	Thursd'y.	Friday.		
Galveston	16.60	16.20	16.20	16.40	16.90	16.85		
New Orleans	16.26	15.85	15.92	16.12	16.67	16.67		
Mobile	15.60	15.25	15.35	15.55	16.00	16.00		
Savannah	16.19	15.77	15.85	16.07	16.57	16.52		
Norfolk	16.13	15.19	15.75	16.00	16.64	16.44		
		16.25	16.25	16.25	16.40	16.90		
Augusta	15.88	15.50	15.50	15.75	16.31	16.31		
Memphis	15.75	15.50	15.50	15.50	16.00	16.00		
Houston	16.30	15.90	15.95	16.20	16.65	16.00		
	15.60	15.25	15.25	15.50	16.00	16.00		
Dallas	15.45	15.00	15.05	15.25	15.75	15.70		
Fort Worth		15.00	15.05	15.25	15.75	15.70		

NEW ORLEANS CONTRACT MARKET.—The closing quotations for leading contracts in the New Orleans cotton market for the past week have been as follows:

	Saturday, June 4.	Monday, June 6.	Tuesday, June 7.	Wednesday, June 8.	Thursday, June 9.	Friday, June 10.
June			10.17	10.00 10.05	10.00.10.00	10701000
	16.50-16.51	16.10	16.17 bid	16.36-16.37	16.92-16.93	16.86-16.88
August						
September						
October	16.80-16.81	16.37-16.40	16.45 16.46	16.65 16.67	17.19-17.21	17.12-17.13
November						
December.	17.02-17.03	16.57-16.59	16.66-16.67	16.87-16.88	17.40-17.41	17.35-17.36
January	17.08	16.64-16.65	16.72	16.94	17.46 bid	17.39
February .						
March	17.20 bid	16.76	16.86 bld	17.06 bid	16.60	17.52
April						
May	17.31 bid	16.86 bid	16.96 bid	17.16 bid	17.70 bid	17.62 bid
Tone-						
Spot	Steady	Steady	Quiet	Steady	Steady	Steady
Options	Steady	Steady	Steady	Steady	Steady	Steady

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—Reports to us by telegraph this evening denote that generally the weather during the week has been favorable for cotton in all

parts of the cotton belt except in some east gulf sections where rain is needed. Rainfall has been scattered and percipitation light to moderate and in most cases has been beneficial. Waters in the rivers have been receding the past week and no further damage has been reported.

Texas.—Rains in the western parts of this State have been beneficial and progress has been generally good except in some lower coast sections and parts of the West where more

moisture is needed. Chopping is well advanced.

Mobile, Ala.—Scattered showers in the interior have been of much benefit to the crops. Cotton is doing nicely. Reports of Boel Weevil are increasing.

reports of Bool Weekl		D-/	-		
Galveston, Texas	Kain.	Rain all.		hermomete	
Abilene	3 days	0.98 in.	high 86	low 70	mean 78
Abilene	.1 day	0.16 m.	high 102	low 44	mean 73
Brenham Brownsville		dry	high 98	low 62	mean 80
Grownsville-	2 days	1.28 in.	high 94	low 68	mean 81
Corpus Christi	. 1 day	0.12 in.	high 88	low 68	mean 78
Dallas	2 days		high 94	low 64	mean 79
Henrietta	_1 day	0.06 in.	high 94	low 60	mean 77
Kerrville	1 day	0.01 in.	high.90	low 54	mean 72
Lampasas	2 days		high 92	low 60	mean 76
Longview	_1 day	0.40 in.	high 94	low 68	mean 81
Luling	_3 days	1.80 in.	higa 98	low 64	mean 81
Nacogdoches	_2 days	2.18 in.	high 90	low 62	mean 76
Palestine	_2 days	0.94 in.	high 92	low 62	mean 77
Paris	2 days	0.88 in.	high 90	low 60	mean 75
San Antonio	4 days	3.26 in.	high 92	low 64	mean 78
Taylor	2 days	0.09 in.		low 64	
Weatherford	2 days	0.90 in.	high 92	low 52	mean 72
Ardmore, Okla	_2 days		high 94	low 61	mean 78
Altus	_1 day	0.55 in.	high 97	low 60	mean 79
Muskogee	2 days	0.47 in.	high 88	low 61	mean 75
Oklahoma City	_2 days	1.48 in.	high 92	low 59	mean 76
Brinkley, Ark	1 day	0.66 in.	high 90	low 55	mean 73
Eldorado	_2 days	1.90 in.	high 94	low 62	mean 7.8.
Little Rock	_2 days	0.79 in.	high 88	low 57	mean 73
Pine Bluff	_3 days	2.26 in.	high 92	low 61.	mean 77
Alexandria, La.	_2 days	s 0.30 in.	high 94	low 67	mean 81
Amite	_3 days	s 2.79 in.	high 93	low 65	mean 79
New Orleans	_3 days	1.08 in.			mean 82
Shreveport	_2 days	s 1.69 in.	high 92	low 64	mean 78
Columbus, Miss	_1 day	0.18 in.	high 95	low 64	mean 80
Greenwood	_3 days	s 1.14 in.	high 93	low 62	mean 78
Vicksburg	_2 days	s 1.29 in.	high 86	low 66	mean 76
Mobile, Ala	_3 days	s 0.85 in.		low 70	mean 81
Decatur	_2 days	s 0.50 in.			mean 75
Montgomery	_3 days	s 0.36 in.	high 96	low 68	mean 82
Selma	_2 days	s 1.14 in.	high 95	low 68	mean 82
Gainesville, Fla			high 103	low 62	mean 83
Madison	_2 days	s 0.67 in	high 103	low 68	mean 86
Savannah, Ga	4 days	s 3.12 in.	high 100	low 67	mean 84
Athens	_1 day	0.25 in.	high 95	low 62	mean 79
Augusta	_2 days	s 1.33 in.	high 96	low 67	mean 82
Columbus	_3 days	s 1.27 in.	high 100	low 62	mean 81
Columbus Charleston, S. C.	_2 days	s 1:12 in.	high 98	low 68	mean 83
Greenwood	4 days	s 2.72 in.	high 92		mean 76
Columbia	_2 days	s 0.78 in.		low 64	
Conway	-5 days	s 1.78 in.	high 91	low 61	mean 76
Charlotte, N. C.	_4 days	0.81 in.		low 57	mean 70
Newbern	_2 days	1.87 in.	high 92	low 58	mean 75
Weldon	_3 days	s 2.64 in.	high 89		mean 71
Iemphis, Tenn	_2 days	0.14 in.	high 87	low 58	mean 73

The rivers continue to recede and although the height of the water is considerably above a year ago, it is lower at all points except Memphis, than on Friday of last week. At Vicksburg the river has dropped from 48.7 ft., last Friday to 47.5 ft., at Shreveport from 14.4 ft. to 12.7 ft. at Nashville from 26.7 ft. to 13.7 ft., and at New Orleans from 18.2 ft. to 17.3 ft. At Memphis the river has risen from 33.7 ft. to 37 ft.

	June 10 1927. Feet.	June 3 1927 . Feet .	June 11 1926. Fect.
New OrleansAbove zero of gauge_	17.3	18.2	2.5
MemphisAbove zero of gauge_	37.3	33.7	10.2
NashvilleAbove zero of gauge_	13.7	26.7	8.9
ShreveportAbove zero of gauge_	12.7	14.4	11.1
Violabuse Above gove of govern	A77 E	A & 7	15.0

COTTON GINNED FROM THE CROP OF 1926.-This report, showing the final figures of cotton ginned from the crop of 1926, will be found in an earlier part of our paper in the department, "Indications of Business Activity

TEXAS COTTON REPORT.—Geo. B. Terrell, Commissioner of Agriculture, at Austin, Texas, gave out on June 1 his first crop report for the State of Texas for the present season. This report shows that the acreage of cotton planted and to be planted as 89% of that of last year and the condition as 77%; 78% of the cotton was planted on May 25. No estimate of the cotton production is made in this report.

No estimate of the cotton production is made in this report. Cotton is in all stages of development from planting to picking, with 22% not yet planted. Extreme dry weather in western and northwestern Texas has prevented the planting of a good portion of the crop. The acreage planted and to be planted is estimated to be 11% less phan last year. The acreage last year, as estimated by U. S. Department of Agriculture, was 19,140,000 acres, and 11% reduction would leave 17,-134,000 acres this year.

Unless it rains before June 15 in the western and northwestern parts of the State to enable the farmers to finish planting cotton, the acreage will be reduced in those sections. In middle and north Texas some of the oat stubble land is being planted in cotton, which will increase the acreage in those sections.

It is too early to make any estimate of the probable production of cotton. If the Texas crop should not exceed 5,000,000 bales and the total crop of the South should not exceed 15,000,000 bales, the price will probably reach 20 cents. It is to be hoped that nature will curtail the production to such an extent as to make the price profitable.

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE ELECTION.—

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE ELECTION.-At the annual election of the New York Cotton Exchange held on Monday, June 6, Samuel T. Hubbard Jr. was re-elected President for a second term, and Gardiner H. Miller was elected Vice-President to succeed John W. Jay. James F. Maury was re-elected Treasurer for the twentieth consecutive year.

Mr. Hubbard has been a member of the Exchange since 1914, and is a member of the firm of Hubbard Bros. & Co. His father, Samuel T. Hubbard Sr., of the same firm, also served the New York Cotton Exchange as President (1900-1902). Mr. Miller, the Vice-President-elect, has been a member of the Exchange since 1901, and is a partner of the firm of Hopkins, Dwight & Co.

HODKINS, Dwight & Co.
Four new members were elected to the Board of Managers—W. Allston
Flagg, Harry L. Goss, Charles S. Montgomery and Adoph E. Norden, and
the following members re-elected: Dr. Herman B. Baruch, John C. Botts,

William S. Dowdell, N. Nicholas Edwards, Benjamin H. Ettelson, T. Laurelle Guild, John W. Jay, John H. McFadden Jr., Henry H. Royce, George M. Shutt and J. Lawrence Watkins Jr.
Others who were elected yesterday were:
Trustees of Gratuity Fund—Walter C. Hubbard, to serve three years;
George M. Shutt, one year.
Inspectors of Election—William C. Bailey, William A. Boger and J. Victor Zerega.
The new board was inducted into office on Thursday, June 9.

INDIAN WHEAT FORECAST.—The Indian Government issued as of April 28 its third wheat forecast for the season of 1926-27. This report shows that the area now planted is 30,952,000 acres, as against 29,913,000 acres planted a year ago, and the estimated yield is 8,709,000 tons, as compared with 8,582,000 tons last year. We give below a summary of the report:

This forecast is based on reports received from Provinces and States which comprise a little over 98% of the total wheat acreage of India. The total area now reported is 30,952,000 acres, as compared with 29,913,000 acres (revised) at this time last year, or an increase of 3%. The total yield is now estimated at 8,709,000 tons, as against 8,582,000 tons, the corresponding estimate of last year as revised. The general condition of the crop, on the whole, is reported to be good. The detailed figures are as follows:

113	AREA	

(I) AREA			
Provinces and States.		1925-1926. (Apr. 1926)	
	(Acres.)	(Acres.)	(Acres.)
Punjab.g			+264,000
United Provinces.a	6,894,000		51,000
Central Provinces and Berar.s			
Bombay.g			+456,000
Bihar and Orissa	1,186,000		
North-West Frontier Province	1,029,000		-21,000
Bengal	129,000	130,000	-1,000
Delhi	42,000		+2,000
Ajmer-Merwara		7,000	+12,000
Central India	1.716,000	c1.810.000	-94.000
Gwallor			-70.000
Raiputana			
Hyderabad			
Baroda			
Mysore			
Total	30,952,000	c29,913,000	+1,039,000

(2) YIELD.

Parada and States	1926-1927	1925-1926 (April	Inc.(+)	Yield per Acre.		
Provinces and States.	(April 1927.)	1926.)	Dec. (-)	1926-27	1925-26	
	(Tons)	(Tons)	(Tons)	(Lbs.)	(Lbs.)	
Punjab.a	3,135,000	2,898,000	+237,000	653	619	
United Provinces.4	2,648,000	2,606,000	+42,000	860	841	
Central Provinces and Berar.g.	803,000	996,000	-193,000		625	
Bombay.a	450,000	312,000	+138,000	484	430	
Bihar and Orissa	477,000	441,000	+36,000	901	849	
North-West Frontier Province	230,000		-29,000	501	553	
Bengal	32,000		+4,000	556	482	
Delhi	15,000		-2,000	800	952	
Ajmer-Merwara	6.000		+4,000	707	640	
Central India	342,000	c394,000	-52,000	446	488	
Gwallor	273,000		84,000	459	570	
Rajputana	214,000			496	505	
Hyderabad	64,000	71,000	-7,000	149	193	
Baroda	20,000		+2,000	669	806	
Mysore	b	1,000		149	407	
Total	8.709.000	c8,582,000	+127,000	630	643	

s Including Indian States. b 200 tons. c Revised.

WORLD SUPPLY AND TAKINGS OF COTTON.

Cotton Takings. Week and Season.	192	6-27.	1925-26.		
week and Season.	Week.	Season.	Week.	Season.	
Visible supply June 10	41,000	3,646,413 18,716,341 2,851,000 428,000	41,000 9,000 13,000	2,342,887 $15,899,012$ $3,116,000$ $580,000$	
Total supply Deduct— Visible supply June 10	6,730,836 6,373,767	27,996,154 6,373,767	5,100,100 4,778,263		
Total takings to June 10_a Of which American Of which other	259,069	21.622.387 16.271.987 5.350.400	233.837	19,413,836 13,736,636 5,677,200	

*Embraces receipts in Europe from Brazil, Smyrna, West Indies, &c. a This total embraces since Aug. 1 the total estimated consumption by Southern mills, 4,717,000 bales in 1926-27 and 4,260,000 bales in 1925-26, takings not being available—and the aggregate amounts taken by Northern and foreign spinners 16,905,387 bales in 1926-27 and 15,153,836 bales in 1925-26, of which 11,554,987 bales and 9,476,636 bales American.

b Estimated.

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—The following table indicates the actual movement each week from the plantations. The figures do not include overland re-ceipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the outports.

West	Rece	sipts at P	at Ports. Stocks at Interior Towns. Receipts from Plantat					miations	
Buded	1927.	1926.	1925.	1927.	1926.	1925.	1927.	1926.	1926.
Mar.									
11					1,810,852	969,348	161,681	79,322	105,710
18	227,560	121,458	148,871	1,097,531	1,760,002	893,950	156,805	70,608	73,473
25	185,888	104,414	100,249	1,036,360	1,730,985	837,576	124,717	75,397	43,878
April									
2	168,766	110,433	109,150	984,188	1,679,443	753,817	116.594	58,891	25,591
9	140,928	91,081	74,709	922,735	1,630,308	708,223	79,475	41,896	29,118
15	131.290	104,943	74.512	889.925	1,575,256	630,689	98,792	49.891	10,304
22	102,307	71,673	50,632	860,670	1,541,773	594,768	72,540	38,190	14,711
29	86.136	115.448	64.025	824,696	1.479.275	510,646	50.162	62,498	
May									
6	108,689	76.810	45,115	784,478	1,438,322	469,707	68.471	35,857	4.176
13			49,177	742.6 7	1,395,682	420,119	47.278	45,251	716
20	73,651		44,069	710.044	1.345.833	561.725	41.028	23,376	3,916
27	67,486				1,301,436	340,620	13,893	20,880	
June									
3	68.264	89,807	31.997	613,917	1.224.902	312,396	25,730	13,273	3.673
10	56.037			575.095	1.186.780	285,662	17.215		

The above statement shows: (1) That the total receipts from the plantations since Aug. 1 1926 are 12,180,523 bales: in 1925 were 10,227,033 bales, and in 1924 were 9,133,397 bales. (2) That although the receipts at the outports the past week were 56,037 bales, the actual movement from plantations was 17,215 bales, stocks at interior towns having decreased 38,822 bales during the week. Last year receipts from the plantations for the week were 9,250 bales and for 1925 they were nil bales.

INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS.— The receipts of India cotton at Bombay and the shipments from all India ports for the week and for the season from Aug. 1, as cabled, for three years, have been as follows:

June 9. Receipts at—			192	1926-27.		5-26.	1924-25.		
		Week. Since Aug. 1.			Since Aug. 1.	Week.	Since Aug. 1.		
Bombay			41,000	2,851,0	41,000	3,116,00	47,000	3,331,000	
-		For the	Week.			Since A	ugust 1.		
Exports.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Japane China.	Total.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Japan & China.	Total.	
Bombay-			10.000			997 000	. 400 000		
1926-27	4,000	7,000		54,000 4,000				1,807,000 2,140,000	
1925-26	7,000			52,000	48,000 69,000			2,140,000	
1924-25 Other India-		12,000	33,000	52,000	09,000	011,000	1,002,000	2,200,000	
1926-27	1.000	27,000		28,000	40,000	388,000		428,000	
1925-26	2,000			9,000	104,000	476,000		580,000	
1924-25	****	13,000		13,000	90,000	430,000		520,000	
Total all-									
1926-27	5,000			82,000				2,235,000	
1925-26	4,000			13,000				2,720,000	
1924-25	7,000	25,000	33,000	65,000	159,000	977,000	1,064,000	2,800,000	

According to the foregoing, exports from all India ports record an increase of 69,000 bales during the week, and since Aug. 1 show a decrease of 485,000 bales,

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—We now receive weekly a cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years.

Alexandria, Egypt, June 8.	1926-27.		192	5-26.	1924-25.		
Receipts (cantars)— This week Since Aug. 1	8.4	75,000 90,461		35.000 89.250	26,000 7,115,125		
Exports (bales)—	This Week.	Since Aug. 1.	This Week.	Since Aug. 1.	This Week.	Since Aug. 1.	
To Liverpool To Manchester, &c To Continent and India To America	13,000	216,751 175,646 372,907 136,058	8,500	181,146 182,400 325,838 149,848	8,500	189,012 220,960 354,603 124,313	
Total exports	13,000	901,362	19,750	839,232	15,000	888,888	

Note.—A cantar is 99 lbs. Egyptian bales weigh about 750 lbs.

This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending June 8 were 75,000 cantars and the foreign shipments 13,000 bales.

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our report received by cable to-night from Manchester states that the market in yarns and cloths is quiet. Demand for both yarn and cloth is poor. We give prices to-day below and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison:

	1926-27.							1925-26.							
	32s (ings	bs. Shirt- Common Pinest.	Cotton Middle Uplida	1			lop et.		100.		men	iri- non	Cotton Middle Upl'de
Mar	4	4	e. d.	s. d	d.	17	đ		d.		d.			s. d.	d.
11	1234 6	14%	12 5	@ 12 7	7.70	1	534	@	17	13	3	@	13	6	9.90
18	1216 @	1416	12 5	@ 12 7	7.54	1	514	0	17	13	3	a	13	6	10.08
	12366			@12 6	7.71	1	536	0	17	13	3	@	13	6	10.16
April-						1		-		-	-	-		-	
1	12 14 6	1434	12 4	@ 12 6	7.86	2	214	a	24	17	1	0	17	4	13.72
8	12 36 6	1416	12 3	@ 12 5	7.76	1	5 34	a	16.6	13	3	a	13	6	9.99
	1216			6 12 5					1616			a	13	6	10.13
	12 6			@ 12 5	8.07	1	5	6	1636	13	3	0	13	6	10.01
	12 16 6			@ 12 7		li			16 34				13		9.94
May-	/3	/-			0.00	ľ	_	-	/-	1	-	-		•	
6	13 6	15	12 5	@ 13	8.75	la.	514	6	16%	113	1	@	13	4	10.12
13	1346			@ 13	8.72					13				6	10.23
20	13 % 6			@ 13 3	8.91		514			13				6	10.21
27		16	13 0	@ 13 3	8.94		514			13			13		10.33
June-	4	,	1.0	6.00	0.00	1	.,,	.0		1-0	-	-		-	10.00
3	1436 6	17	13 0	@ 13 3	9.23	11	5 34	a	17	13	2	0	13	5	10.32
10	1434 6		13 0	@ 13 3			514			13			13		9.92

SHIPPING NEWS.—As shown on a previous page, the exports of cotton from the United States the past week have reached 92,315 bales. The shipments in detail, as made up from mail and telegraphic returns, are as follows:

up from man and telegrapine retains, are as ronous.	
NEW YORK—To Liverpool—June 3—Franconia, 276. To Havre—June 3—Liberty, 225June 9—De Grasse, 642 To Piraeus—June 3—Luxpabile, 50June 8—Byron, 650 To Barcelona—June 2—Angela, 1,981	700 1.981
To Gothenburg—June 3—Malmen, 50	5
Arta, 535 To Bremen—June 1—Effna, 626June 3—Arta, 1,213 To Ghent—June 2—Syros, 1,644 To Havre—June 2—Syros, 1,973	1.973
To Liverpool—June 3—Astronomer, 10,655—To Manchester—June 3—Astronomer, 721 To Port Columbia—June 3—Coppename, 100—To Japan—June 3—Skramstad, 3,962—June 5—Montevideo	721 100
Maru, 4,675 To Genoa—June 4—Monviso, 5,798 To China—June 5—Montevideo Maru, 1,225 To Rotterdam—June 7—Edam, 200 To Havana—May 25—Abangarez, 10	1,225 200

HOUSTON To General Tune O. Martin, Tea	Bales.
HOUSTON—To Genoa—June 2—Montello, 709 To Japan—June 2—Bessemer City, 1,135June 3—Brazil	709
To Venice—June 6—Giulia 1 803	1 803
TO Trieste-Tune 6-Ciulia 200	200
10 Nables—June 6—Giulia 110	110
10 Dremen—June o—Edgemore, 1 701	1 791
TO Havre—June X.—He La Selle E 250	E 250
To Leghorn—June 3—Montello, 450	450
To Leghorn—June 3—Montello, 450. To Japan—June 1—Bessemer City, 845. To Hayre—June 8—De Le Selle 1, 272.	845
To venice—June 6—Giulia 2 084	2 084
TO Nables—June 6—Gimna 1 281	1 281
CAVANNAH—To Livernool—June 4—Halleide 5 570	5 570
TO Bremen—June 6—Grozenheim 1 850	1 250
To Rotterdam—June 6—Rexmore, 781 MOBILE—To Liverpool—June 1—Maiden Creek, 2,874June 4	781
Belgian, 3,246	0 100
To Mancheston June 1 Molden Charle 2000 Years A Tol	6,120
To Manchester—June 1—Maiden Creek, 230June 4—Bel- gian, 217	447
WILMINGTON-To Genoa-June 8-Madalena Odero, 5,750	447
SAN PEDRO—To Genoa—June 2—Duchessa d'Aosta, 130	5,750
PENSACOLA—To Bremen—June 9—West Hardaway, 90	90
The state of the s	90
Total	92.315
COTTON FREIGHT.—Current rates for cotton	from

New York, as furnished by Lambert & Burrows, Inc., are as follows, quotations being in cents per pound:

	High Density.	Stand-		High Density	Stand-	1	High Density.	Stand- ard,
Liverpool	.40c.	.55c.	Oslo	.50c.	.60c.	Shanghai	.70c.	.85c.
Manchester		.55e.	Stockholm	.60c.	.75c.	Bombay	.75c.	.90e
Antwerp	.45c.		Trieste	.50c.	.65c.	Bremen	.50c.	.650.
Ghent	.52 1/se.	.6734c.	Fiume	.50c.	.65c.	Hamburg	.50e.	.65c.
Havre	.50c.	.65c.	Lisbon	.50c.	.65e.	Piraeus	.85c.	1.00
Rotterdam	.60e.	.75e.	Oporto	.65c.	.80e.	Salonica	.85c.	1.00
Genoa	.50c.	.65c.	Barcelona Japan	.30c. .6734c.	.45e. .821/2e.	Venice	.50c.	.65e.

LIVERPOOL.—By cable from Liverpool we have the following statement of the week's sales, stocks, &c., at that port:

	May 20.	May 27.	June 3.	June 10.
Sales of the week	38,000	60,000	52,000	19,000
Of which American	22.000	27,000	32,000	12,000
Actual exports	1,000	3,000	1,000	
Forwarded	6-0.00	62,000	74,000	
Total stocks	1 379 000	1.377.000	1.349,000	1.340.000
Of which American	1,048,000	1.043.000	1.015.000	1.008.000
Total imports	43.000	70,000	39,000	32.000
Of which American	27.000	41.000	20,000	23.000
Amount afloat	193.000	159.000	182,000	201,000
Of which American	96,000	67,000	75.000	76.000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the past week and the daily closing prices of spot cotton have been as follows:

Spot.	Saturday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.
Market, 12:15 P. M.			Quiet.	A fair business doing.	Quiet.	
Mid.Upl'ds			8.91	8.99	9.03	Cm
Putures.	HOLIDAY	HOLIDAY	6,000 Barely st'y	8,000 Steady	6,000 Steady	HOLIDAY
Market opened			27 to 30pts. decline.	2 to 5 pts. advance.	8 to 9 pts. advance.	
Market, 4 P. M.	-		Barely st'y 29 to 30pts. decline.	Steady 9 to 12 pts. advance.	Steady 8 to 11 pts. advance.	

Prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given below:

June 4 to June 10.	Sa	ıt.	Mon.		Tues.		Wed.		Thurs.		Fri.	
	12¼ p. m.	12 1/2 p. m.	12¾ p. m.	4:00 p. m.	12 1/4 p. m.	4:00 p. m.	12 ¼ p. m.	4:00 p. m.	12 ¼ p. m.	4:00 p. m.	12¼ p. m.	4:00 p. m
June	HO D	d.		d.	d. 8.61 8.68 8.71 8.77 8.84 8.85 8.89 8.99 8.99 9.01 9.01	8.67 8.76 8.82 8.83 8.86 8.89 8.90 8.95 8.95	8.75 8.78 8.85 8.92 8.93 8.96 8.99 9.00 9.05 9.05	8.76 8.79 8.86 8.93 8.94 8.98 9.00 9.01 9.07 9.07	8.78 8.81 8.88 8.95 9.00 9.02 9.03 9.08 9.09	8.86 8.89 8.96 9.03 9.04 9.07 9.09 9.10 9.15	но	d.

BREADSTUFFS.

Friday Night, June 10 1927.

No variation from previous weeks is noticed in the size of the flour trade under way. It is still relatively small. New business lags. Buyers seem inclined to rely on old contracts for supplies. They embark very gingerly on new purchases. Prices have been more or less irregular, reflecting in a measure the mercurial fluctuations in wheat. Export business has been small. It is said that some of the European countries may remove restrictions on the use of white bread at the opening of the new crop season, or soon after. Theoretically that would, of course, tend to help the

Wheat advanced 3 to 3%c. on the 7th inst., with expectations of a better export demand, estimates of a European crop deficiency, drought in Argentina, delay in Australian seeding and rumors that the Kessinger bill would not pass. Liverpool was better than due and Buenos Aires was noticeably firm. Southwestern crop reports were in the main unfavorable. The Southwest bought. Above all, Europe, it is believed, must have American wheat. On passage

stocks last week decreased about 8,000,000 bushels. This, with the smaller world's shipments, pointed plainly enough to a large consumption abroad. India's crop is estimated at 93,776,000 bushels, or 3,000,000 less than last year. The American visible supply decreased last week 1,341,000 bushels, against a decrease in the same week last year of 1,138,000 bushels. The total is now 27,222,000 bushels, against 16,814,000 last year. Nebraska, it seems, is to have a large crop. It was warmer in Canada on the 6th inst. The Southwest had beneficial rains. The cash markets ended weak. Kansas offered freely at one time.

On the 9th inst. prices advanced 11/2 to 11/4 c. net in expectation of a bullish Government report. At one time July was 2½c. higher. The report, when it appeared, was regarded as decidedly bullish. It put the yield 23,000,000 below the average of the private estimates, \$47,000,000 less than in May and 90,000,000 less than last year. The Canadian report on condition of spring wheat will be given out late to-morrow, and according to Winnipeg messages, is to be decidedly bullish. Winnipeg was higher in the face of excellent weather conditions for rapid growth. Export sales were 500,000 to 600,000 bushels in all positions. Liverpool closed 1/2 to 1% d. lower on the 9th inst. Secretary of Agriculture Jardine said the crop will be smaller than the Government estimate of June 1. He also declared that the farmers in the grain belt were too busy with their crops to give time to matters of legislation. The winter crop was put in the latest Washington report at 537,001,000 bushels, against 593,940,000 a month ago and 626,929,000 last year. The condition of the crop on June 1 was 72.2%, against 85.6 a month ago and 76.5 last year. The condition of spring wheat crop on June 1 was 86.8%, against 78.5 on June 1 last year and 88.9 the ten-year June 1 average. This year's acreage is 38,710,000, or 4.8% larger than last year. It is said that there are 624,000 bushels of red winter wheat to be moved out from Chicago, the grain having been taken in on May contracts. It will go to Buffalo and thence to Montreal for export. Harvesting is expected to get well under way in Kansas in about ten days. Offerings for shipment to the Gulf are increasing, with foreign interests showing more interest.

Harvesting of wheat from the Southwest was under way, but no reports of yields have been received. Indications, it is said, are that the new grain will move to market as soon as harvested, both in the Southwest and Middle West, so that an improved milling and export demand will be necessary to sustain values at around \$1.45 to \$1.50. A large part of last year's crop was marketed between \$1.40 and \$1.45 at Chicago and expectations are that prices will be a little better this year. Chicago reports that the Western grain trade is in a most uncomfortable condition, brought about by the uncertainty as to what the Illinois Legislature will do with the Kessinger bill to control the Chicago Board of Trade through a commission. Argentina cabled that recent rains did immense good to the young seedings, but these were insufficient in the West. Some across the water asserted that it is possible the wheat yield of Europe will exceed that of a year ago by 200,000,000 bushels. Conditions in France are especially favorable at the present time and the recent rainfall in the Balkan States was helpful to the farmers. Liverpool cabled that the world's wheat market was somewhat steadier after the recent decline, due to better weather in all chief producing countries, together with the liberal prospective supplies, as the new harvest in early regions is fast approaching. The markets abroad were early regions is last approaching. The markets abroad were at one time inclined to disregard the lateness of Canadian and Australian seeding. Wheat sowing in the southern and western grain belts of Argentina is so far behind owing to the prolonged drought, that the total wheat acreage is likely to be reduced 25%. With prospects of unfavorable legislation and with more optimistic reports from the winter and spring wheat territory, sentiment after the close on the 6th inst. was bearish. It was expected that the Kessinger bill would come up for discussion at once and that every effort will be made to pass the bill regardless of consequences

To-day prices ended % to 11/4c. higher in this country, with Winnipeg unchanged to ¼c. higher. There was very large trading. Early in the day prices were 4c. higher on the bullish Government report and higher foreign markets. But later on, realizing had its natural effect. Also, selling against privileges as usual hampered regular trading, and checked the rise. Profit taking did the rest. Also, however, the break in corn had its effect. Stop loss orders were encountered. At one time prices were just a shade under the closing of the previous day. Some think the crop has improved since the Government report was compiled. Others think that this is surely conjectural. In any case, the market acted very well in spite of the fact that the export de-mand was disappointing. Beneficial rains were reported in Winnipeg was sluggish if not weak. Argentine exports for the week were estimated at 4,378,000 bushels; Australian at 2,616,000, and Indian and American shipments, 8,095,000 bushels; total, about 16,000,000 bushels. Hot weather in the Southwest caused some complaint. Northwestern weather conditions were good. Final prices

show a rise for the week of 3c.

Indian corn was lower early on the 7th inst., with the weather good and fears of adverse legislation in the Kes-singer bill causing liquidation. That was rather significant. The intermeddling of legislators operates to the disadvantage, not to the advantage, of the farmer. but the Kansas State report was bad. It helped to swing prices around and upward later on the same day. The season is still very late. The Kansas report said the month just passed was the second driest May on record in Kansas, and in the western part, where 21 of the previous 28 months had been deficient in moisture, it was without exception the driest May ever known, according to daily records kept at 141 stations. Corn had a late start and early planted came up to a poor stand. Country offerings, however, increased. But cash demand was not aggressive. It lagged very noticeably behind that for futures. On the 6th inst. prices fell 1½c. net as the American visible supply actually increased last week 112,000 bushels. The increase was, of course, small, but the fact of there having been any increase at all Yet in the same week last year the increase was no less than 1,116,000 bushels. The total is now 29,751,000 bushels, against 26,569,000 a year ago. The trading at Chicago during May was 649,891,000 bushels, against 221,-042,000 in May last year.

The Government in an unusual special report on the 9th inst. for June said that planting up to June 5 was much behind the intended acreage, but with favorable weather a large part of the proposed acreage might still be planted. The increased price might stimulate planting in the South and in other sections where conditions are favorable. The planting handicap, the Government added, could be overcome only by unusually favorable weather during the growing season and by freedom from early frost next fall, cago wired early in the week that the worst situation known in recent years existed in the corn belt, where planting that should have been finished two or three weeks ago is still under way where fields are sufficiently dry. Most of the fields have wet spots. In some of the best sections of north central Illinois not more than 25% of the corn has been planted. Taking the corn belt throughout, 40 to 75%, and some places more, have been planted. Estimates are on acreage for a reduction of 3 to 5%. The latter would mean almost 5,000,000 acres less than last year on the basis of 99,942,000 acres harvested in 1926. It is pointed out that Argentine corn is being exported at an unprecedented rate. It was reported to have sold in New York at \$1.01½, duty paid. The import duty is 15c. a bushel. With prospects of a short crop in the United States, it was reported a move-ment has started to have President Coolidge raise the import duty to 221/2c. a bushel under the emergency tariff port duty to 22½c. a bushel under the emergency tariff clause. On the 9th inst. prices declined, owing to good weather for field work and growth. Also, the Kessinger bill seemed a menace. Demand fell off. Stop loss orders were caught. July was sold with especial freedom. Cash corn was dull. The industries held aloof after having bought a good deal at Missouri River points.

bought a good deal at Missouri River points.

To-day prices ended 3½ to 4¾c, lower than yesterday under heavy profit-taking. The weather was very favorable. This was largely the cause of the break. The decline from the high of the day was 5 to 7 points. July led the downward turn. The ending was not at all steady. Large interests are said to have sold out. Final prices show a decline for the week of 6 to 8c.

Oats advanced on the 7th inst., with some bad crop reports and higher markets for other grain to help the price. But a falling off in the cash demand was a telling drawback. Also, there was a forecast of warmer weather. Yet there was good support. The American visible supply last week decreased 1,341,000 bushels, against 274,000 in the same week last year. The total is 20,502,000 bushels, against 38,713,000 last year. Oats on the 6th inst. were lower, ending 1 to 1½c. off, following other grain downward for the moment. Higher temperatures told. Some crop reports were bad; others better. The Government put the condition of the crop on June 1 at 79.9%, against 78.5 last year and 86.1 the ten-year average. There was a good export business reported at the seaboard on the 9th inst. Crop

news cut both ways. A good deal of buying of September was done and it gained %c. on July. Prices were at one time % to ½c. lower, but a rally carried them ¼ to ½c. above the previous closing, September leading, ending with July weeks need for the day and September 5%c higher

July unchanged for the day and September %c. higher.

To-day prices ended ½ to 1c. lower under the influence of a decline in other grain, although prices stood their ground very well indeed for a time. Good weather, however, and the break of 5 to 7c. from the high of the day in corn finally dislodged a good deal of the long interest. Receipts were only moderate. The country offered very little. There was a fairly good export business. But particulars for some reason are kept secret. Final prices show a decline for the week of 1½ to 2½c.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF DOMESTIC OATS IN NEW YORK.
Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.
July delivery......cts. 53 52 51½ 51½ 51½ 50¾

Rye advanced on the 7th inst. 2½ to 5½c;, the latter on July. A sharp rise in wheat put snap into rye, especially as the export outlook seemed more promising. Some 400,000 bushels sold for export to the seaboard from the Northwest. The reserves in Germany and Central Europe generally are said to be very small. It is well known that Germany has had to prohibit all grain exports. Charters at Chicago for the East were large. The American visible supply decreased last week 1,263,000 bushels, against a decrease in the same week last year of only 77,000 bushels. The total is now 2,827,000 bushels, against 11,244,000 a year ago. On the 6th inst. prices ended ¾ to 1½c. lower, with export business sluggish due to holidays in Europe. Crop reports from the Northwest were very favorable. The Government put the condition of the crop on June 1 at 87.6%, against 88.3 on May 1 and 73.4 on June 1 last year; crop indicated 48,635,000 bushels, against 47,861,000 on May 1 and 41,131,000 last year. The largest on record was in 1922, when it was 103,362,000 bushels; in 1924 it was 64,038,000; ever since it has been in the forty millions. On the 9th inst. prices declined 1 to 2c. at one time, but rallied later and ended at a slight rise. Covering in July was active. That month fluctuated 3c. But export demand was not brisk. No business was reported with Europe, though there was some foreign inquiry.

To-day prices were very irregular and ended %c. lower to %c. higher after fluctuating over a range of 4c. or more. For a time offerings were small. The strength of wheat also had a bracing effect. The net changes, it will be seen, were not great. New high levels were reached at one time. But profit taking finally told on the price. It dropped from 1.19% to 1.15%c. for July and from 1.07% to 1.03%c. on September, from which prices there was a rally later. One drawback was the lack of export business. Final prices show a rise for the week, nevertheless, of % to 7%c.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF RYE FUTURES IN CHIGAGO.

Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Frt.

July delivery in elevator....cts.111 1101/4 1151/4 117 1171/4 1171/4

September delivery in elevator....1031/4 1011/4 1041

Closing quotations were as follows:

Wheat, New York.	New York—
No. 2 red f.o.b	3 white571/2@581/3
Corn New York- No.	Yew York— 2 f.o.b131
No. 2 yellow 108% Barley	New York—
No. 3 yellow 107% Mal	ting as to quanty 107 @109
Spring patents \$7 50@\$7.90 Rye fle	our patents\$6.90@\$7.25
Soft winter straights 6.65@ 7.00 Oats g Hard winter straights 7.40@ 7.75 Corn i	ola No. 2, pound 4 1/4 coods 3,25 6 3.30 lour 2 80 6 2.85
Hard winter patents 7 75@ 8 15 Barley	goods—
Hard winter clears 6.75@ 7.25 Coa Fancy Minn. patents 9.25@10.10 Fan	rse 3.75
City mills 9.35@10.00 3	and 4 7.00

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT'S COMPLETE OF-FICIAL REPORT ON CEREALS, &c.—The Crop Reporting Board of the United States Department of Agriculture made public on June 9 its forecasts and estimates of grain crops of the United States as of June 1, based on reports and data furnished by crop correspondents, field statisticians and co-operating State Boards (or Departments) of Agriculture, as follows:

For other tables usually given here, see page 3459.

	Acreage 1927 for Harvest.		Con- dition.	Total Produ Millions of		Yield per Acre in Bushels.		
Crop.	Per Cent.	Acres in	1927.	Indicated (a) by Condition	Har- tested.	Indicated (a) by Condition	Har- vested	
	1926.	Thou- sands.	Per Cent.	June 1 1927.	1926.	June 1 1927.	1926.	
Winter wheat	104.8	38,701	72.2	537.0	627.0	13.9	17.0	
Rye Peaches, total	102.2	3,592	87.6	48.6	40.0	13.5	11.4	
erop			51.8	. 45.4	68.4	* ***		
Pears, total crop.			56.9	18.6	25.6	!		

CONDITION OF CROPS IN THE UNITED STATES ON JUNE 1 1927, WITH COMPARISON

	Condition.						
Crop.	June 1 1927. Per Cent.	May 1 1927. Per Cent.	June 1 1926. Per Cent.	June 1 10-Yr.Avge 1917-1926. Per Cent.			
Winter wheat	72.2 86.8	85.6	76.5 78.5	78.1 88.9			
Oats	79.9		78.8	86.1			
Barley	81.5		81.0	86.9			
Rye	87.6	88.3	73.4	84.9			
Hay, all tame	88.0	86.8	76.0	85.3			
Hay, wild	89.7		68.7	85.3			
HBV. SII	88.3		75.0	85.4			
All clover and timothy hay	90.8		73.7	*79.5			
Alfalfa hay	86.9		83.1	89.4			
Pasture	88.3	87.0	77.0	86.6			
Potatoes, Irish (Early crop in 10							
Southern States)	68.9	72.0	70.5	*73.9			
Apples, total crop	57.2		78.3	69.7			
Peaches, total crop	51.8		74.3	64.9			
Pears, total crop	56.9		75.8	67.7			

a Interpreted from condition reports. Indicated production increases or decrease th changing conditions during the season. * Three-year average.

CROP REPORTING BOARD.

Approved: C. F. Marvin, Acting Secretary.

U. S. total_

W. F. Callander, Chairman, J. A. Becker, S. A. Jones, J. B. Shepard, C. F. Sarle, R. L. Gillett, J. S. Dennee, Chas. E. Gage.

DETAILS OF WINTER WHEAT BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS.

	Condition June 1.		Production.					
Geographic Division.	1927.	10-y7	Indicated by	ested.				
	%	1917- 1926. %	June 1 1927.	May 1 1927.	1926.	5-Yr. Av. 1922-1926.		
North Atlantic	85.3 73.2 81.8	75.8	315,826,000	345,238,000	29,445,000 351,992,000 36,521,000	30,594,000 331,391,000 32,302,000		
South Central Wesfern	51.4 82.6	75.9		88,458,000	119,007,000 89,964,000			
U. S. total	72.2	78.1	537,001,000	593,940,000	626,929,000	555,915,000		

DETAILS OF RYE BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS.									
North Atlantic North Central South Atlantic South Central Western	65.6 86.8	83.6 90.1 86.3 89.4	2,296,000 39,615,000 2,250,000 786,000 3,688,000	2,262,000 38,395,000 2,435,000 1,040,000 3,729,000	2,701,000 29,473,000 2,794,000 1,564,000 3,492,000	4,280,000 52,440,000 2,057,000 1,123,000 3,777,000			
U. S. total	87.6	84.9	48.635,000	47.861,000	40.024,000	63,677,000			

DETAILS OF WINTER WHEAT BY STATES.									
State.		1	1						
New York	89	83	5,988,000	5,793,000	4.725,000	6,626,000			
New Jersey	88	86	1,116,000	1,065,000	1,320,000	1,303,000			
Pennsylvania	84	86	18,522,000	18,302,000	23,400,000	22,665,000			
Ohio	83	81	25,875,000	25,564,000	40,252,000	35,120,000			
Indiana	84	80	28,778,000	29,730,000	33,940,000	30,310,000			
Illinois	79	78	38,106,000	38,155,000	38,934,000	45,068,000			
Michigan	87	78	17,457,000	16,407,000	17,916,000	16,615,000			
Wisconsin	89	83	1,400,000	1,345,000	1,339,000	1,436,000			
Minnesota	91	80	3,841,000	3,702,000	3,272,000	2,578,000			
Iowa	89	82	7,689,000	7,514,000	7,310,000	10,115,000			
Missouri	77	78	20,648,000	20,082,000	21,282,000	28,085,000			
South Dakota	85	75	1,634,000	1,571,000	525,000	1,313,000			
Nebraska	91	74	62,353,000	57,968,000	37,165,000	4,018,000			
Kansas	58	71	108,045,000	142,300,000	150,057,000	118,734,000			
Delaware	89	87	1,727,000	1,678,000	2,060,000	1.880.000			
Maryland	88	85	8,392,000	8,010,000	11,960,000	10,262,000			
Virginia	84	86	8,870,000	8,881,000	11,336,000	10,049,000			
West Virginia	83	84	1,784,000	1,771,000	2.352,000	2,294,000			
North Carolina	75	84	4,680,000	4,677,000		5,435,000			
South Carolina	68	79	651,000	610,000	800,000	1.036.000			
Georgia	60	78	1,170,000	1,246,000	1,710,000	1,346,000			
Kentucky	77	82	3,305,000	3,516,000	4,773,000	5.043.000			
Tennessee	67	80	3,979,000	4,642,000	7,092,000	4,788,000			
Alabama	70	79	71,000	82,000	94,000	120,000			
Mississippi	70	79	80,000	78,000		75,000			
Arkansas	70	84	245,000	270,000		592,000			
Okiahoma	54	75	38,102,000	51,408,000	73,745,000	45,836,000			
Texas	41	72	15,842,000	28,462,000	32,796,000	18,192,000			
Montana	86	75	9,752,000	8,916,000	6,272,000	8,481,000			
Idaho	91	90	11,182,000	11,059,000		9,633,000			
Wyoming	85	84	850,000	836,000	756,000	445,000			
Colorado	63	80	15,201,000			14,008,000			
New Mexico	10	69	209,000			1.641.000			
Arizona	93	89	1.098,000			945,000			
Utah	94	89	2,801,000						
Nevada	100	95	120,000						
	89	83	30,928,000						
Washington		90	18,691,000						
Oregon	88	80	15,819,000						
California	00	80	10,819,000	14,790,000	12,013,000	12,118,000			

a Interpreted from condition reports. Indicated production increases or decrewith changing conditions during the season.

72.2 78.1 537,001,000 593,940,000 626,929,000 555,915.000

GRAIN CROP PROSPECTS IN FOREIGN COUN-TRIES.—The United States Department of Agriculture at Washington, in giving its report on June 9 of the grain crops in the United States, also added the following:

WHEAT

WHEAT.

It now seems probable that the Canadian wheat acreage will be below average this year due to the lateness of the season, but good soil moisture conditions and the fact that a good amount of the seeding was on summer fallow or new breaking give promise so far of a good yield.

A survey of the three Prairie Provinces by the Manitoba "Free Press" indicates a total wheat acreage of 17,860,000 acres compared with the official estimate of 21,897,000 acres last year, a reduction of about 18%. Sixty per cent of the seeding has gone in on summer fallow or new breaking. It was estimated on May 28 that 90% of the wheat seeding was completed. Growing conditions are good.

Fourteen European countries for which reports are available report 57,217,000 acres sown to wheat, an increase of 0.2% over 1926. Official reports from most of the important wheat producing countries for about May 1, or in a few instances June 1, give conditions above average. On the basis of these conditions it now appears that the European crop will be larger than 1926 but not equal to the large harvest of 1925. Later weather conditions, however, may materially alter the crop outlook. In France, Hungary, Germany, Rumania, Czechoslovakia and Yugoslavia conditions are above average and above last year. In Italy conditions are also above average but not quite so good as in 1926. Cabled reports of conditions dur-

ing May and the first part of June generally confirm these official indications Russian crop conditions are above average in the southern part but below average in the northern part, which is more favorable for wheat than for rye. In Ukraine, the only part of Russia for which estimates have been received, the winter wheat acreage is 9,500,000 acres, an increase of 25% over 1926.

Wheat acreage of North Africa for the present harvest is 7,142,000 acres, a decrease of 13.5% from last year. No reports have come in as yet on cereal production in North Africa, where harvesting was general in May. Official reports have given conditions in Algeria and Morocco as average or better, but below average in Tunis. Other reports have been less favorable due to dry weather.

While winter rye is not regarded as a general crop in the Prairie Provinces of Canada there is a large acreage in and is almost invariably stated to be a good crop.

Fourteen countries of Europe report 31,389,000 acres sown to rye, a decrease of 0.7% below the area reported in 1926. Germany, Russia, Poland and France, the most important rye producing countries of Europe report the rye condition as better than average. Probable rye production in Poland is estimated at roughly 250,000,000 bushels for the present year on the basis of the May 1 condition compared with 197,000,000 bushels in 1926.

The outlook for the winter barley crop of Europe and North Africa generally favorable, while there is little indication yet available as to the spring crop, which forms the bulk of the production. The acreage as far as reported is slightly below last year both in Europe and North Africa. No acreage figures are available for Russia, Germany, Poland or Rumania, four of the five most important producing countries. Conditions of the crop, however, are generally favorable as far as reported. For Russia, Europe's most important producer, cereal conditions generally were above average on May 20 in the southern part, where the barley crop is mostly grown. In Germany and Poland conditions on May 1 were better than average and better than last year. Spain, which ranks about third in barley production following Russia and Germany has not yet reported condition but in Portugal, next door, conditions are good. In Rumania also good conditions prevail, and in Hungary nearly as good. The French crop is slightly above average in condition and above last year.

OATS.

For the European and North African countries so far reporting oats acreage, it is practically the same as for last year, and a little more than the 1921-1925 average, although less than the 1909-1913 average. No reports on acreage have been received from Russia, Germany and Poland, some of the most important European oats-producing countries. The indications point to average or better than average crop conditions. In Germany and Poland they are above average and better than last year. Russian oats are probably about average or possibly slightly below average. Conditions are reported as about the same or not quite so favorable in France, Czechoslovakia, Rumania, Italy, Austria, and Morocco, and as a ittle better than last year in Hungary and Belgium.

WHEAT AND RYE—ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION, AVERAGE 1909-1913

WHEAT AND RYE-ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION, AVERAGE 1909-1913 ANNUAL 1925-1927.

Country.	Average 1909-13.	1925.	1926.	1927.	Per Cent 1927 is of 1926.
Wheat	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Per Cent
Canada (winter)	1.019.000	794,000	880,000	717,000	81.5
United States (winter)	28,382,000			38,701,000	
Europe (14)	60,005,000			57,217,000	
North Africa (3)	6,531,000	7.854,000	8,258,000	7,142,000	86.5
Asia (2)	30,124,000	32,873,000	31,667,000	32,071,000	101.3
Total 21 countries	126,061,000	129,853,000	134,805,000	135,848,000	100.8
Ukraine	6,140,000			9,500,000	124.8
Total above & Ukraine Estimated world total	132,201,000	136,042,000	142,417,000		
excl. Russia & China	204,200,000	227,300,000	232,000,000		
Rye— Canada (winter) United States (winter) Europe (14) Ukraine	117,000 2,236,000 35,798,000 9,253,000		653,000 3,513,000 31,605,000 14,135,000	578,000 3,592,000 31,389,000 12,594,000	88.5 102.2 99.3 89.1
Total above & Ukraine	47,404,000	49,311,000	49,906,000	48,153,000	96.5
Estimated world total excl. Russia & China.	48,300,000	46,600,000	45,500,000		
		P	roduction.		
Wheat—	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Per Cent
United States, winter	441 602 000	401 734 000	626,929,000	537,001,000	85.7
India			324,949,000	330,400,000	
France				a275,000,000	
Chosen			10,243,000		

a Rough indication on basis of May 1 condition.

WEATHER BULLETIN FOR THE WEEK ENDED JUNE 7.—The general summary of the weather bulletin issued by the Department of Agriculture, indicating the influence of the weather for the week ended June 7, follows:

issued by the Department of Agriculture, indicating the influence of the weather for the week ended June 7, follows:

There were no marked changes in temperature during the week, with readings persistently submormal quite generally over the central, northern, and western portions of the country and above normal in the South. While these conditions obtained practically throughout the week, it was somewhat warmer over the Northwest on the morning of the 3d when temperatures were about normal, and the following day was warmer in the Ohio Valley area, but the latter part of the week in northern districts had lower temperatures. Rainfall was again frequent over much of the interior valleys, especially in the central Mississippi and Ohio Valley States, and there was considerable rain in the Southwest near the close of the period, but at the same time it continued dry over some southeastern sections.

Because of the uniformly cool weather throughout the period, the weekly mean temperatures were subnormal quite generally in central and northern portions of the country, as shown by Chart I. In the South and most of the more western States the week was warmer than normal. In general, minimum temperatures were not unusually low, however, as the lowest for the week over the Corn Belt ranged mostly from about 44 degrees to 50 degrees, and freezing was confined to a few local areas in the extreme northern portion of the country and some higher elevations of the West. Chart II shows that rainfall was again moderately heavy to heavy or excessive over most of the interior valley areas, while generous falls occured in the Atlantic States from Virginia to South Carolina. There were also substantial amounts in parts of the Southwest and the western Texas in New Mexico, and Arizona, and most of Texas, very beneficial rains occurred during the week, but in parts of southern and western Texas, in New Mexico, and Arizona, and most of Texas, very beneficial rains occurred during the week, but in parts of southern and western Texas, in

cially in Oklahoma where the condition ranges from very poor to only fair Wheat continues very good in the eastern half of Kansas, but is very poor to poor in the west, while excellent reports are received from Nebraska. Harvest has begun as far north as central Oklahoma and North Carolina, with good progress reported in Texas.

The cool, moist weather was very favorable in the Spring Wheat Belt and very good progress of the crop was reported quite generally. Oats are fair to good in the Great Plains States and central-northern districts, and also in most sections from the upper Ohlo Valley eastward and north-castward, but too much moisture has resulted in spottedness in parts of the Ohlo and Mississippi Valleys. Rice did well in Louislana and Texas. Flax seeding made good progress in the northern Great Plains, with some corn land in Minnesota and land intended for other small grains in Montana being diverted to this crop because of lateness in seeding.

CORN.—Continued wet soil in much of the central portion of the Corn Belt further delayed filed work, and planting is now very backward. In eastern and southeastern Iowa, central and southern Illinois, and in much of Indiana and Kentucky, planting is especially delayed, with very little as yet seeded in considerable areas. In Ohlo, the Middle Atlantic States, and northern trans-Mississippi districts, better progress was made, with planting well along in many sections, but in general the crop is very late, while the prevailing cool weather was unfavorable for germination and growth. The outlook for corn at the present time is very unsatisfactory because the persistent and frequent rains over much of the belt have resulted in serious delay in seeding.

In the Carolinas cotton made very good to excellent progress, with bloom reported in also, occule temperatures were uniformly favorable wherever moisture was sufficient. It continued too dry, however, in most east Gulf districts and in parts of western Texas.

In Oklahoma planting is about completed, with generally

The Weather Bureau also furnishes the following resume of the conditions in the different States:

of the conditions in the different States:

Virginia.—Richmond: Cool with showers. Setting out tobacco plants about finished. Good growth of crops, except rather cool for corn and truck. Wheat and oats promising; hay crops good to excellent. Some late corn yet to be planted.

North Carolina.—Raleigh: Beneficial rains. Corn and tobacco fine growth and considerable improvement in peanuts, sweet potatoes, truck, and fruits. Progress of cotton very good and condition very good, except fair in small areas. Wheat harvest commenced. Early potatoes short, account dry weather.

South Carolina.—Columbia: Very beneficial rains generally and all crops made excellent growth. Sweet potato transplanting conditions materially improved. Progress and condition of cotton excellent; first bloom reported near Barnwell on 2d; fields generally clear and chopping practically finished. Corn and tobacco vigorous and considerable early corn laid by; late corn and forage being planted. Cereal harvests practically completed and threshing begun.

Georgia.—Atlanta: Favorable rains 6th, but drought still severe over much of State, especially in southwest. Condition of early-planted cotton only fair; forming squares freely in south, but growth during week was poor; condition and progress of late-planted rather poor; hoppers and weevil increasing. Corn suffering in all sections from drought and progress poor. Tobacco made very poor growth and plants small. Pastures, peanuts, sugar cane, rice, and truck all suffering from drought.

Florida.—Jacksonville: Scattered showers and moderate local rains on peninsula, but drought unbroken generally. Progress of cotton rather poor, but condition fairly good; some bloom and weevil in west. Early corn ruined and late poor; much beyond recovery. Melons small and vines dying on some uplands. Citrus crop heavy. Cane and peanuts fair on lowlands.

Alabama.—Montgomery: Beneficial local showers in north, but elsewhere mostly dry. Good rains badly needed. Progress and condition of

dying on some uplands. Citrus crop heavy. Cane and peanuts fair on lowlands.

Alabama.—Montgomery: Beneficial local showers in north, but elsewhere mostly dry. Good rains badly needed. Progress and condition of corn and potatoes mostly fair to good. Progress of cotton in sourh varied from deterioration to good advance; condition mostly poor to good; progress and condition in north mostly fair to good; stands generally vary from poor to very good; blooming in more southern counties; chopping continues in scattered areas.

Mississippi.—Vicksburg: Frequent rains in extreme northern and delta counties, but generally light elsewhere. Progress in cultivation and growth of cotton mostly fairly good, except rather poor in wet regions. Advance of corn poor to fair with rain needed in central, east and south. Louisiana.—New Orleans: Beneficial rains at end of week favorable. Progress of cotton very good and condition irregular, but mostly good; few blooms appearing in southeast; weev'il reported in northwest. Corn advanced fairly good and considerable tasseling. Rice doing well. Floods receding slowly in north and central, but large acreage of crop land under water and considerable areas of cane lost; cane otherwise excellent.

Texas.—Houston: Warm with general showers latter part, but still dry in parts of south and west. Wheat and oat harvests made good progress. Pastures, minor crops, and corn deteriorated until revived by rains at close. Condition of cotton mostly fair to good, except in lower coast section and parts of west where rather poor; planting and germination backward in northwest; progress good, except in portions of west and lower coast where drought caused deterioration; crop clean and chopping well advanced; plants small in drier sections; local reports of weevil and flea hopper.

Oklahoma.—Oklahoma City: Seasonable temperatures, normal sunshine,

and lower coast where drought caused deterioration; crop clean and chopping well advanced; plants small in drier sections; local reports of weevil and flea hopper.

Oklahoma.—Oklahoma City: Seasonable temperatures, normal sunshine, and moderate to excessive rainfall mostly beneficial. Progress and condition of cotton fair to good; planting nearly finished and generally good stand; chopping and cultivating. Advance and condition of corn generally fair, but bulk of crop late; early good stand and well cultivated. Condition of wheat spotted, ranging from very poor to fair; harvest well advanced in south and begun in central. Oats fair to good; harvest begun in south; barely and rye fair and mostly harvested.

Arkansas.—Little Rock: Growth of cotton excellent and stands very good in most places, but cultivation rather poor in many locaties due to wet soil; chopping completed in some southern localities and in progress elsewhere; many fields very grassy; still planting. Progress of corn very good in most portions; condition poor in some localities due to moisture, but very good elsewhere; still planting. Unfavorable for wheat, oat, and alfalfa harvests.

Tennessee.—Nashville: Considerable damage to crops in east by hail.

alfalfa harvests.

Tennessee.—Nashville: Considerable damage to crops in east by hail. Progress of corn fair, although some damage from insects; planting behind locally. Condition of winter wheat fair; improved during week. Progress of cotton good in south and being worked in west; cultivation backward in some western counties account rain.

Kentucky.—Louisville: Cool, with showers; distribution of rains irregular? Plowing and planting pushed under unfavorable soil conditions; fair progress on hills and uplands of many localities. Corn planted to date extremely variable account topography and character of soil; much unplanted; situation worst in many years. Progress of tobacco setting delayed as much ground not ready. Progress of winter wheat fair on best-drained soils; otherwise poor; condition variable and mostly fair; considerable rust.

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

Friday Night, June 10 1927.

Irregularity is still noticeable in the textile markets, as some divisions continue firm while others are dull. Cotton goods maintain their activity and are the outstanding feature of the industry. The strong position they enjoy can be readily seen by the statistics published by the Association of Textile Merchants of New York covering the month of May. According to the report, sales were 141.5% in excess of production and were 91.5% larger than for the corresponding period of 1926. Unfilled orders on June 1 established a new high record at 572,009,000 yards and were 20% larger than on May 1 and equaled about ten weeks' production at the May rate of output. Shipments were 99.5% of production. Stocks on hand May 31 amounted to 177,890,000 yards, an increase of 1-17 of 1% during the month. From these figures factors can be readily believed when they claim that conditions are the strongest since the war. Nevertheless, production schedules are being closely watched to avoid any possible congestion of movement in view of the sustained high price of the raw material. Rayons also show added improvement. The success of manufacturers in combining these fabrics with silk and cotton goods is one of the bright spots, while the demand for rayon fabrics is constantly increasing. Continental producers have announced an advance in rayon yarns, and it is generally believed that domestic manufacturers will follow suit some time during July. As to the silk division, although raw silk has eased off somewhat, sales of some fabrics have been stimulated by the current wave of warm weather. Prints are in special favor and the new patterns recently introduced are bringing full prices.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS .- Markets for both raw and domestic cotton goods continue to display a generally firm undertone. Although there was some slackening in the demand for gray goods earlier in the week, orders sub-sequently increased with the return of warmer weather. The current belated warm spell, as expected, has successfully stimulated a good demand for wash goods. Orders have been received from all sections of the country and factors claim that although stocks are momentarily large, they will be quickly depleted if business continues to increase as briskly as at present. Many buyers who had previously put off ordering their requirements, awaiting more summery weather, are now insistent in their demands for prompt shipment, claiming that consumers have started buying in quantities sufficiently large enough to make up for lost time. Other print cloths have also continued in steady demand. Stocks are so light that it is claimed not even a single week's output is available. Furthermore, the sold to arrive lists in several of the large mills extend from eight to ten weeks ahead. Elsewhere in the markets, purchases have continued large and mills are generally sold well ahead. For instance, denims have maintained a strong position, being firmer than for some time past. As a matter of fact, some of the better known lines are still off the market, having been withdrawn a few weeks ago, and current indications are that more will follow suit shortly. The leading producer of these fabrics has sold up its lines solleading producer of these fabrics has sold up its lines solidly to the end of September. Others have done almost as well. Domestics are in fairly large request, as wholesalers show greater interest in sheets and pillow cases and bleached goods and brown goods. Print cloths, 28-inch, 64 x 64's construction, are quoted at 5%c., and 27-inch, 64 x 60's, at 5%c. Gray goods in the 39-inch, 68 x 72's construction, are quoted at 8½c., and 39-inch, 80 x 80's, at 10½c.

WOOLEN GOODS.—Markets for woolens and worsteds re spotty. Although some fair-sized re-orders came are spotty. through for both men's and women's wear goods, the majority of mills are experiencing a disappointing response to offerings. No particular fabric seems to be outstanding or in more favor than any other, as orders are generally scattered over a wide range of stylings and colorings. As a result, mills are in no hurry to hasten openings for the 1928 spring season. Last year the American Woolen Co. opened its staple and semi-staple suitings for the spring season on July 7. However, current trade reports indicate that the spring 1928 lines will not be shown until well beyond the corresponding date this year. The lateness of the current season restricts business and forces mills to proceed cautiously in the matter of production and the showing of new

FOREIGN DRY GOODS.—Conditions in the linen markets continue about unchanged from last week. Aside from dress linens, demand has been rather quiet. Even sales of the former goods are showing a tendency to decline. Whereas, last week they were reported to be a feature, they are now only selling in normal quantities. However, the warmer weather is expected to stimulate renewed buying In the knicker division, purchases have been disappointing as sales are not considered as large as they should be for this season. Current interest is confined to small lots for immediate shipment, there being little or no commitments placed for future shipment. Supplies of household linens are amply large enough for the demand, as activity is more or less limited. Burlaps displayed a better undertone owing to a firmer primary situation. Light weights are quoted at 6.75c., and heavies at 9.00c.

State and City Department

NEWS ITEMS

Bavaria (Free State of).—\$20,000,000 One-Year External Dollar Treasury Notes Sold.—The Equitable Trust Co. and Harris, Forbs & Co., both of New York, sold \$20,-000,000 treasury notes of the Free State of Bavaria, at prices to yield 5.375%, on Thursday (June 9). Date June 10 1927. Due June 10 1928. Bearer certificates of denom. of \$25,000, \$10,000, \$5,000 and \$1,000, not interchangeable. Payable in U. S. gold dollars of the present standard of weight and fineness without deduction for any duties or taxes improved or reallested by a writing the Free duties or taxes imposed or collected by or within the Free State of Bavaria or the German Reich, at the principal office of the Equitable Trust Co. of New York. Further information regarding this loan may be found in our "Dapartment of Current Events and Discussions" on a preceding page.

Chicago, Ill.—Result of Election.—At a special election held June 6 the voters of the city placed their approval on a \$15,000,000 bond issue for the construction of a town hall. Bond issues of \$10,000,000 for the West Park District, \$6,500,000 for the South Park District, and \$2,000,000 for the Lincoln Park District were also approved by the voters. Propositions to annex two tracts of land, one on the extreme northwest side, and the other in the Calumet River region, both passed by a vote of approximately three to one.

Copenhagen (City of), Denmark.—\$15,000,000 5% Goid Bonds Sold.—Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and the International Acceptance Bank, offered and quickly sold on Thursday (June 8) \$15,000,000 5% gold bonds of the City of Copenhagen, Denmark, at 97.25 and accrued interest to yield 5.20% to maturity. Date June 1 1927. Coupon bonds in denoms. of \$1,000 and \$500. Due June 1 1952. Prin. and int. (J. & D.) payable in New York City in United States gold coin of or equal to the standard of weight and fineness existing June 1 1927, without deduction for any Danish Government or municipal or other Danish taxes, imposts, levies or duties, present or future. The bonds are redeemable. levies or duties, present or future. The bonds are redeemable, at the option of the City, in whole, or in part by lot, on June 1 1937, or on any interest date thereafter, at 100 and accrued interest, on sixty days' published notice. "Further information regarding this loan may be found in our Department of Current Events & Discussions" on a preceding page.

Massachusetts (State of).—Addition to Savings Bank Legal Investment List.—A bulletin of the Bank Commissioner announces that the first lien and refunding mortgage, series A, 6% bonds, due 1952, of the Wisconsin Public Service Corporation are now considered legal investments

for Massachusetts savings banks.

Adjusted Compensation Certificates Eligible as Collateral on Loans by Savings Banks.—Savings banks may now invest in loans secured by adjusted compensation certificates issued by the Federal government to World War veterans, as a result of Chapter 102, Laws of 1927, which reads:

as a result of Chapter 102, Laws of 1927, which reads:
An Act relative to loans by savings banks and savings departments of trust companies secured by adjusted service certificates.

Whereas, The deferred operation of this Act would tend to defeat its purpose, therefore it is hereby declared to be an emergency law, necessary for the immediate preservation of the public convenience.

Be it enacted, &c., as follows: Savings banks and savings departments of trust companies may invest deposits and the income derived therefrom in loans upon notes secured by adjusted service certificates as provided under an Act of congress passed May nineteenth, nineteen hundred and twenty-four entitled, "An Act to provide Adjusted Compensation for Veterans of the World War, and for Other Purposes," and any amendments thereof.

Approved March 9 1927.

New York City, N. Y .- Tax-Exemption of New Tenement Dwellings.—With a view to encouraging the replacement of old, unsanitary tenement houses in congested neighborhoods with modern multiple-family houses, a bill granting tax-exemption to limited dividend companies for twenty years on new tenements, which replace old ones, has been passed by both branches of the Municipal Assembly and is awaiting Mayor Walker's signature. On June 8 the New York "Times" said:

"Times" said:

The local bill, sponsored by Mayor Walker at the behest of the tateS Housing Board, which is designed to replace with modern multiple-family houses the unsanitary, old-law tenements in congested sections of the city, has been adopted by both branches of the Municipal Assembly. It will become a law as soon as it is signed by the Mayor following the requisite statutory public hearing.

The bill encourages construction of new tenements by limited dividend corporations or companies by providing local tax exemption on the buildings for twenty years wherever a new tenement replaces a dilapidated one or is srected in a territory adjacent to antiquated tenements.

With only one dissenting vote the bill passed yesterday the Aldermanic branch of the Municipal Assembly. It was also passed in the form of an ordinance in the regular weekly meeting of the Board of Alderman. That course was taken to protect the measure against the possibility of legal attack in the courts on the ground that the only body qualified to grant tax exemption is the Board of Alderman.

Alderman John J. Keller, Republican of Brooklyn, cast the only vote recorded against the bill. He declared himself opposed to tax exemption on the ground that it is inequitable and that, where granted, no benefits have accrued to the rent payer.

Commenting upon the action of the Municipal Assembly and the Board of Alderman, Darwin R. James, Chairman of the State Board of Housing, said:

"The city now has done its part toward making possible new low-priced"

of Alderman, Darwin R. James, Chairman of the State Board of Housing, said:

"The city now has done its part toward making possible new low-priced housing in the congested districts, and the Municipal Assembly deserves great credit for the passage of this intelligent and humane legislation. It remains now for the citizens of New York to take up the work and carry it through. The next step is to raise capital for limited dividend corporations, which must have one-third of the total cost of the proposed operation in sight before approval may be granted by the State Board.

"This will be one of the important functions of the Citizens' Advisory Committee, which has been organized to assist the board in carrying out the provisions of the State Housing law. The sum of \$25,000,000 is needed at once and the Citizens' Committee will ask the people of New York to make this investment in a sound business undertaking. A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Citizens' Advisory Group will be held next week to further ways and means of interesting capital."

Douglas L. Elliman, Chairman of the Citizens' Committee, announced lat plans were already under way for the larger campaign in the fall.

Pay Raise to Mechanics Granted.—The Board of Estimate on June 9 approved an annuali ncrease in salaries of \$1,307,-236 to the skilled mechanics in the city's employ. The in-236 to the skilled mechanics in the city's employ. The increase was made retroactive to Jan. 1 this year over the protest of the United Real Estate Owners' Association. The following is taken from the "Herald-Tribune" of June 10:

The Board of Estimate formally approved yesterday an aggregate annual salary increase of \$1,307.236 to the skilled mechanics employed by the city. This increase brings the city mechanics' rate of wages up to that paid in private industry.

The approval followed a stormy but brief hearing. Stewart Browne, representing the United Real Estate Owners' Association, favored the salary increase, but contended the Board could not legally make them retroactive to Jan. 1 1927, as provided in the resolution adopted. Several union delegates, representing the Brotherhood of Painters and other labor organizations, were ruled from the floor by Mayor Walker, when he learned they did not represent the city employees in their trades. The increases allowed were satisfactory to the city workers,

BOND PROPOSALS AND NEGOTIATIONS

this week have been as follows:

ADDISON, Steuben County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—The \$4,000 coupon road bonds offered on June 6—V. 124, p. 3102—were awarded to Cora B. Gibson as 4½s at par. Dated July 1 1927. Due \$500 June 1 1928 to 1935 inclusive.

ADEL, Dallas County, Iowa.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will received by J. G. Regan, Town Clerk, until 8 p. m. June 13 for \$7,000 4% fire equipment bonds. Denom. \$500. Interest payable M. & M.

ALLEN COUNTY (P. O. Iola).—BONDS REGISTERED.—The State aditor registered during March an issue of \$140,000 4½% road bonds.

ARKANSAS CITY, Cowley County, Kan.—BOND OFFERING.—Grant M. Acton, City Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. June 13 for \$9,076.57 414% general impt. bonds. Date April 1 1927. Due April 1 as follows: \$500, 1928; \$576.57, 1929 and \$1,000, 1930 to 1937 incl. A certified check for 2% of the bid is required.

ARTESIA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16, Eddy County, N. Mex.—BOND SALE.—Peck, Brown & Co. of Denver recently purchased an issue of \$99,000 6% paving bonds. Date March 1 1927. Due March 1 1938, optional any time. Legality approved by Pershing, Nye, Tallmadge & Bosworth of Denver.

ASHLAND, Ashland County, Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The \$18,315 5½% special assessment, street impt. bonds offered on Feb. 26–V. 124, p. 821—were awarded to Otis & Co. of Cleveland. Date Dec. 15 1926. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1928; \$2,000, 1929 to 1932 incl.; \$1,000, 1933; \$2,000, 1934 to 1936 incl. and \$2,315, 1937.

ATWOOD, Rawlins County, Kan.—BONDS REGISTERED.—The rate Auditor registered during March an issue of \$42,667.82 434 % paving

AUBURN, Lee County, Ala.—BOND SALE.—An issue of \$7,000 city improvement bonds have been sold locally at par. These are the bonds offered for sale on Sept. 7.

AUDUBON, Camden County, N. J.—BOND SALE.—M. M. Freeman Co. of Philadelphia, have purchased an issue of \$37,000 5% temporary npt. bonds. Date Aug. 1 1926. Denom. \$1,000. Due Aug. 1 1932. rin. and int. (A. & O.) payable at the Audubon National Bank, Audubon. egality approved by Caldwell & Raymond of New York City.

BAILEYVILLE ROAD AND BRIDGE DISTRICT (P. O. Pineville), Wyoming County, W. Va.—BOND SALE.—The State of West Virginia has been awarded an issue of \$60,000 5½% road and bridge bonds at par. BANDON, Coos County, Ore.—WARRANT SALE.—Hattrem, Nelson & Co. of Portland purchased on April 6 an issue of \$34.000 5\\\ \% general fund warrants at par. Date May 1 1927. Denom. \$500. Due \$17.000 May 1 1937 and 1947; optional \$17.000 1932 and 1937. Interest payable M. & N.

BARKERS BRIDGE DISTRICT (P. O. Pineville), Wyoming County, W. Va.—BOND SALE.—The State of West Virginia recently purchased an issue of \$325,000 5½% bridge bonds at par.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY (P. O. Barnstable), Mass.—BOND SALE.— E. H. Rollins & Sons of Boston, have purchased an issue of \$10,000 4% sanitarium bonds at 100.71 a basis of about 3.74%. Date June 1 1927. Due \$2,000, 1928 to 1932 incl.

Due \$2,000, 1928 to 1932 incl.

BEALLSVILLE, Monroe County, Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—
Harry Hamiton, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 12 m. June 18 for \$12,000 6 % special assessment street impt. bonds. Date March 1 1927. Denom. \$300. Due \$1,200, Sept. 1 1928 to 1937 incl. A certified check, payable to the Village treasurer, for 5% of the bonds offered is required.

BEAVER DAM, Dodge County, Wis.—BOND SALE.—The \$20,500 4½ % coupon storm sewer bonds offered on June 6 (V. 124, p. 3245) were awarded to the Second Ward Securities Co. of Milwaukee at a premium of \$422.30, equal to 104.61, a basis of about 3.93 %. Date May 1 1927. Due Jan. 1 as follows: \$1,500 1928 and \$1,000 1929 to 1947, Incl.

BELOIT, Rock County, Wis.—BOND SALE.—The \$40,000 44% coupon city's share street improvement bonds offered on June 3 (V. 124, p. 3245) were awarded to the Mississippi Valley Trust Co. of St. Louis at a premium of \$252, equal to 100.63, a basis of about 4.17%. Date July 15 1927. Due \$2,000 1928 to 1932 incl. and \$3,000 1933 to 1942 incl. significantly of the \$25,000 516% coupon street bonds offered on May 31 (V. 124, p. 3103). The bonds are dated June 15 1927 and mature \$1,000 on Oct. 15 in each of the years from 1927 to 1951 incl.

BURRILLVILLE (P. O. Harrisville), Providence County, R. I.—BOND SALE.—The \$110,000 41/8 refunding bonds offered on June 2—V. 124, p. 3246—were awarded to the National City Co. of New York at 100.32, a basis of about 4.47 %. Date July 1 1927. Due July 1, as follows: \$4.000, 1928 to 1947 incl.; and \$3,000, 1948 to 1957 incl.

BUENA PARK SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Santa Ana), Orange County, Calif.—BOND OFFERING.—J. M. Backs, County Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. June 21 for \$34,000 5% school bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$2,000, 1929 to 1945, incl. Prin. and int. payable at the County Treasurer's office. A certified check for 3% of the par value of the bonds bid for, payable to the above-named official, is required. Legality approved by Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher of Los Angeles.

Financial Statement

Financial Statement.

Assessed valuation, 1926... Bonded debt....

CALDWELL COUNTY (P. O. Lockhart), Tex.—BONDS REGISTERED.—An issue of \$160,569 6% refunding bonds was registered by the State Comptroller on May 31. Due serially.

CALIFORNIA (State of) (P. O. Sacramento).—BOND SALE.—The \$3,000,000 4½% veterans' welfare bonds offered on June 2 (V. 124, p. 3246) were awarded to a syndicate composed of the First National Bank of N. Y. City, Eldredge & Co., Anglo London Paris Co., Redmond & Co., the Detroit Co., New York, and the Bank of Italy, at a premium of \$58,260, equal to 101,942, a basis of about 4.07%. Date Jun. 1 1927. Due Feb. 1 as follows: \$121,000, 1932; \$122,000, 1933; \$123,000, 1934; \$124,000, 1935; \$125,000, 1936: 126,000, 1937; \$127,000, 1938; \$128,000, 1939; \$184,000, 1940; \$200,000, 1941; \$220,000, 1942; \$240,000, 1943; \$260,000, 1944 to 1947 incl., and \$120,000, 1948.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Linn County, Iowa.—BOND OFFERING.—L. J. Storey, City Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. June 21 for \$320,000 4½% liberty memorial bonds. Date Dec. 1 1925. Denom. \$1,000. Due Nov. I as follows: \$35,000 1941 to 1943. incl.; \$40,000 1944 and 1945, and \$45,000 1946 to 1948, incl. Principal and interest (M. & N.) payable at the City Treasurer's office. These bonds are part of an authorized issue of \$800,000. A certified check for \$2,000, payable to the City Treasurer, is required. Legality approved by Chapman, Cutler & Parker of Chicago.

CELORON, Chautauqua County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—Kyle D. Faulkner, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. June 14 for \$10,000 not exceeding 6% coupon or registered street improvement bonds. Dated Mar. 1 1927. Denom. \$500. Due \$500 Sept. 1 1927 to 1946 incl. Rate of interest to be in multiple of ¼ of 1%. Prin. and int. (M. & S.) payable at the Farmers' & Merchants' Bank, Jamestown. A certified check payable to the Village Treasurer, for \$500, is required. Legality approved by Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of N. Y. City.

proved by Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of N. Y. City.

CENTRAL LAKE, Antrim County, Mich.—BOND OFFERING.—A.

W. Knowles, Secretary Board of Education, will receive sealed bids until
2.30 p. m. (Central standard time) Jan. 13 for \$40,000 5% school bonds.

Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due July 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1928 to 1947, incl. and \$2,000, 1948 to 1957, incl. Prin. and int. (J. & J.)

payable at the office of the Treasurer of School District No. 1 Central

Lake. A certified check payable to the Treasurer of Board of Education

for \$1,000, is required. Successful bidder to furnish printed bonds and

pay for attorney's fees as to their legality, according to the official advertisement the Village has an assessed valuation of \$364,000, and outstanding bond issues aggregating \$5,800.

CHANUTE, Neosho County, Kan.—BONDS REGISTERED.—The cate Auditor registered during March an issue of \$198,500 4½% building

CHAPMANS (P. O. Easton), Northampton County, Pa.—BOND SALE POSTPONED.—The sale of \$10,525 $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ coupon borough bonds scheduled for May 16—V. 124, p. 2637—was postponed. The bonds will be reoffered later. Joseph George, Borough Secretary.

CHARLESTON, Kitsap County, Wash.—WARRANT SALE.—An issue of \$50,000 street repair and emergency warrants has been awarded to the contractor at par.

CHARLESTON UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 50 (P. O. Charleston), Coles County, III.—BOND DESCRIPTION.—The \$30,000 4½% coupon school bonds awarded to Halsey, Stuart & Co. of Chicago, at 102.38 in V. 124, p. 3246—are described as follows: Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500. Due \$1,500, July 1 1928 to 1947, incl. Interest payable J. & J.

CHATHAM COUNTY (P. O. Pittsboro), No. Caro.—BOND SALE.—An issue of \$50,000 5% funding bonds was recently sold.

CHATTANOOGA VALLEY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT, Walker County, Ga.—BOND SALE.—J. H. Hilsman & Co., Inc., of Atlanta recently purchased an issue of \$35,000 5% school bonds. Date April 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due April 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1928 to 1942 incl., and \$2,000, 1943 to 1952 incl. Prin. and int. (A. & O.) payable at the National City Bank, N. Y. City. Legality approved by Caldwell & Raymond of N. Y. City.

Financial Statement.

Financial Statement.

CHEROKEE COUNTY (P. O. Gaffney), So. Caro.—BOND SALE.—The \$500,000 highway bonds offered on June 7.—V. 124, p. 3247—were awarded to the Title Guarantee & Trust Co. of Cincinnati as 4½s at 100.38, a basis of about 4.69%. Date Jan. 1 1927. Due as follows: \$38,000, 1929, and \$33., 1930 to 1943, incl.

1929, and \$33., 1930 to 1943, inci.

CHIKAMING TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Lakeside), Berrien County, Mich.—BOND SALE.—The \$30,000 school bonds offered on May 21 (V. 124, p. 3104) were awarded to Cress, McKinney & Co. as 44/s at 100.29. Dated June 1 1927. Due June 1 1930 to 1942 incl.

CLACKAMAS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 29 (P. O. Oregon City), Ore.—BOND OFFERING.—A. A. Spangler, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. to-day (June 11) for \$7,000 51/4 % school bonds. Due \$1,400 Nov. 15 1928 to 1932, incl. Interest payable M. & N.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 33 (P. O. Vancouver), Wash.—BOND SALE.—The \$5,200 school bonds offered on May 28—V. 124, p. 3104—were awarded to the State of Washington at par. Due serially, 1929 to 1947 incl.

serially, 1929 to 1947 incl.

CLAXTON, Evans County, Ga.—BOND OFFERING.—C. E. De Loach, Clerk of Council, will receive sealed bids until 8:30 p. m. June 30 for \$15,000 5% city impt. bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000 Due \$1,000 July 1 1943 to 1957. incl. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable at the Hanover National Bank, N. Y. City. Purchaser to pay for printing of the bonds. A certified check for 10% of the bid is required.

CLAY COUNTY (P. O. Green Cove Springs), Fla.—BOND SALE.—An issue of \$90,000 6% water bonds was recently awarded to B. Booth & Co.

An assue of \$90.000 6% water bonds was recently awarded to B. Booth & Co. CLEARFIELD COUNTY (P. O. Clearfield), Pa.—BOND OFFERING.

—L C. Norris, County Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. June 28 for \$125,000 4½% coupon poor district improvement and repair bonds. Dated July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due July 1 1952; optional after July 1 1937. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable at the County Treasurer's office The bonds are registerable as to principal only. A certified check for 1% of the bonds offered is required. Legality to be approved by Townsend, Elliott & Munson of Philadelphia.

CLERMONT, Lake County, Fla.—BOND OFFERING.—Isam Blackburn, City Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. July 5 for \$125,000 6% series 1, Capital Fund bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due July 1 as follows: \$12,000, 1930; \$13,000, 1931 to 1938, incl., and \$9,000, 1939. Prin. and int. payable at the American-Exchange Irving Trust Co., N. Y. City. The bonds are issued for the purpose of creating a Capital Fund to be used for financing and refinancing local improvements in the city, for which special assessments against property benefited by such improvements have been levied. A certified check for 2% of the par value of the bonds bid for, payable to the above-mentioned official, is required. Legality approved by Caldwell & Raymond of New York City.

CLINTON. Anderson County. Tenp.—BOND. SALE.—Little, Wooten

required. Legality approved by Caldwell & Raymond of New York City. CLINTON, Anderson County, Tenn.—BOND SALE.—Little, Wooten & Co. of Jackson recently purchased an issue of \$70,000 534 % general improvement bonds. Date June 1 1927. Due \$1,000, 1928 to 1947, incl. COCOA, Brevard County, Fla.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by H. G. Brunson, City Clerk, until June 24 for \$115,000 6% coupon water works bonds. Date June 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due June 1 as follows: \$5,000, 1930 to 1936, incl., and \$8,000, 1937 to 1946, incl. Prin. and int. (J. & D.), payable in gold at the Brevard County Bank & Trust Co., Cocoa, or at the American Exchange Irving Trust Co., N. Y. City. A certified check for \$2,500 payable to the City is required. Legality approved by Clay, Dillon & Vandewater of New York City.

CODINGTON COUNTY (P. O. Watertown). So. Dak.—BOND

CODINGTON COUNTY (P. O. Watertown), So. Dak.—BOND OFFERING.—R. H. Stein, County Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. June 27 for \$200,000 4½% court house bonds. Date June 1 1927. Due June 1 1947, optional in amounts of \$50,000 on and after five, ten and fifteen years from date. A certified check for \$10,000 is required. Legality approved by Chapman, Cutler & Parker of Chicago.

COLUMBUS, Franklin County, Ohio.—NOTE OFFERING.—Harry H. Turner, City Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 7 p m. (Eastern standard time) June 13 for \$205,000 promissory notes. Dated June 15 1927. Denom. \$5,000. Due Dec. 15 1928. Prin. and int. (J. & D.) payable at the fiscal agency of the City in New York. Bids may be submitted subject to the approval of the successful bidder as to the legality of the proceedings. A certified check payable to the City Treasurer, for 1% of the bonds offered, is required.

COLUMBUS, Colorado County, Tex.—BOND SALE.—The \$50,000 **5% wa**ter works bonds offered on June 7—V. 124, p. 3388—were awarded to the first State Bank of Columbus at par.

COLUMBIANA COUNTY (P. O. Lisbon), Ohio.—BOND OFFER-ING.—L. H. Johnson, Clerk of Board of County Commissioners, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. (Central standard time) June 22 for \$27,000 5% coupon county's portion road improvement bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000 and \$700. Due \$2,700 Oct. 1 1928 to 1937, incl. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable at the County Treasurer's office. Oral bids will be considered after sealed bids are opened. A certified check, payable to the Board of County Commissioners, for 5% of the bonds bid for is required.

CORNING, Steuben County, New York.—BOND OFFERING.—Norman H. Palmer, City Chamberiain, will receive sealed b ds until 2 p. m. (to be opened at 3:05 p. m.) June 14, for \$30,000 5% coupon or registered sewer system extension bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$5,000, July 1 1928 to 1933 incl. Prin. and int. (J. & J.), payable in gold at the Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Co., New York A certified check for \$1,000, is required.

CORNWALL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Lebanon County, Pa.—BOND OFFERING.—Harrison Souder, President of School Board, will receive sealed bids until 4 p. m. July 1 for \$210,000 4½% coupon school bonds. Dated July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due July 1 as follows: \$35,000, 1932; and \$7,000, 1933 to 1957 incl. A certified check payable to the District Treasurer, for 2% of the bonds offered, is required. Legality to be approved by Townsend, Elliot & Munson of Philadelphia.

CORRECTIONVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, Woodbury County, Iowa.—BOND SALE.—Geo. M. Bechtel & Co. of Davenport were awarded on June 1 an issue of \$50,000 4½% school bonds at a premium of \$705, equal to 101.41, a basis of about 4.25%. Date June 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due June 1 1947. Int. payable J. & D.

COWLEYCOUNTY (P. O. Winfield), Kan.—BONDSREGISTERED.— The State Auditor registered during March an issue of \$107,471.69 4½% road bonds.

road bonds.

CROOK ROAD DISTRICT (P. O. Madison), Boone County, W. Va. —BOND OFFERING.—Geo. W. Sharp, Secretary of State Sinking Fund Commission, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. June 13 at his office in Charleston for \$250.000 5% coupon road bonds. Date July 1 1926. Denom. \$1.000. Due July 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1928; \$4,000, 1929 and 1930; \$5,000, 1931 and 1932; \$6.000, 1933 and 1934; \$7,000, 1935 and 1936; \$8,000, 1937 and 1938; \$9,000, 1939 and 1940; \$10,000, 1941 and 1942; \$11,000, 1943 and 1944; \$12,000, 1945 and 1946; \$13,000, 1947 and 1948; \$14,000, 1949 and 1950; \$15,000, 1951 and 1952; \$16,000, 1953, and \$4,000, 1954. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable in gold at the State Treasurer's office or at the National City Bank, N. Y. City. A certified check for 2% of the face value of the bonds, payable to the State, is required. Legality approved by Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of New York City.

Financial Statement.

CROOKSTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1, Polk County, Minn.—BOND SALE.—The Minnesota Loan & Trust Co. of Minneapolis was awarded on May 21 an issue of \$150,000 4½% school bonds at a premium of \$645, equal to 100.43.

CROSBYTON, Crosby County, Texas.—BONDS VOTED.—At a ecent election the voters authorized the issuance of \$25,000 water bonds.

CRYSTAL CITY, Zavalla County, Texas.—WARRANT OFFERING.—J. J. Wainright, Mayor, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. June 22 for \$60,000 water system warrants.

DADE COUNTY (P. O. Miami), Fla.—BOND SALE.—The \$750,000 6% refunding bonds offered on June 1.—V. 124, p. 2793—were awarded to Morris Mather & Co. of Chicago and the Brown-Crummer Co. of Wichita, jointly. Date June 1 1927. Due June 1 as follows: \$35,000 1935 to 1939 incl., and \$40,000, 1940 to 1949 incl.

DALHART, Dallam County, Tex.—BOND SALE.—The United States Bond Co. of Denver was recently awarded an issue of \$25,000 5½% street improvement bonds.

DANUBE (Newville), Herkimer County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—Sherwood & Merrifield of New York City were awarded at publicauction on June 7 an issue of \$31,000 4½% highway bonds at 101.66, a basis of about 4.34%. Dated May 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due May 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1928 to 1956 incl., and \$2,000, 1957. Prin. and int. (M.&S.) payable at the Little Falls National Bank, Little Falls. Legality approved by Clay, Dillon & Vandewater of New York City.

DAVIE COUNTY (P. O. Mocksville), No. Caro.—BOND SALE.—The \$79,000 5% funding bonds offered on May 23—V. 124, p. 2949—were awarded to the Drake-Jones Co. of Chicago at 104.88, a basis of about 4.61%. Date April 1 1927. Due April 1 as follows: \$1,000 1929 to 1937 incl.; \$3,000 1938 to 1947 incl.; and \$4,000 1948 to 1957 incl.

DEER PARK VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Rossmoyne), Hamilton County, Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—Jennie G. Birrel, Clerk Board of Education, will receive bids until 7:3 op. m. June 24 for \$65,000 5% school bonds, issued under authority of Sec. 7625 et seg. and 5649-9a of the General Code. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500. Date March 1 1927. Prin. and semi-ann. int. (M. & S.) payable at the Fifth-Third Union Co., Cincinnati. Due yearly on Sept. 1 as follows: \$2,500, 1928 to 1931 incl., and \$3,000, in even years and \$2,500 in odd years from 1932 to 1952 incl. Certified check for \$500, payable to the District Treasurer, required. Delivery and payment at the Fifth-Third Union Co. within five days after award. Legal approval of Peck, Shaffer & Williams of Cincinnati.

DENTON, Denton County, Tex.—BOND SALE.—The Brown-Crummer Co. of Wichita has been awarded an issue of \$250,000 refunding

DERRY, Rockingham County, New Hampshire.—BOND OFFERING
—Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Selectmen, until 10 a.m.
June 13, for \$45,000 4% refunding water bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom

\$1,500. Due \$1,500, July 1 1928 to 1957 incl. Prin. and int. (J. & J.), payable in Derry or in Boston. Successful bidder to furnish legal opinion as to the legality of the bonds.

as to the legality of the bonds.

DES MOINES, Polk County, Iowa.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until 3 p. m. June 15 by Emmet C. Powers, City Treasurer, for the following two issues of 44% bonds, aggregating \$490,000: \$290,000 funding bonds. Due June 1 as follows: \$10,000, 1929 to 1931, incl.; \$15,000, 1932; \$20,000, 1934 and 1935. Prin. and int. payable at the City Treasurer's office. A certified check for \$200,000 water works impt. bonds. Due June 1 as follows: \$10,000, 1943 to 1953, incl., and \$15,000, 1954 to 1959, incl. Prin. and int. payable at the American Exchange Irving Trust Co., New York City. A certified check for \$5,000 is required.

Date June 1 1927. The issues will be sold separately. Legality approved by Chapman, Cutler & Parker of Chicago.

DES MOINES, Polk County, Iowa.—BOND SALE.—The \$30,000 4½% park fund bonds offered on June 3—V. 124, p. 3247—were awarded to the Carlton D. Beh Co., of Des Moines at a premium of \$200, equal to 100.66, a basis of about 4.41%. Date Jan. 1 1927. Due \$2,000, Nov. 1 1928 to 1942 incl.

DE SOTO COUNTY (P. O. Arcadia), Fla.—BOND SALE.—Spitzer.

DE SOTO COUNTY (P. O. Arcadia), Fla.—BOND SALE.—Spitzer, orick & Co. of Toledo recently purchased an issue of \$100,000 6% county aprovement bonds at 98.26.

DUNBARTON HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Barnwell), arnwell County, So. Caro.—BOND SALE.—An issue of \$22,000 thool bonds was recently sold.

DU BOIS, Clearfield County, Pa.—BOND SALE.—The \$60,000 4½% city bonds offered on June 6—V. 124, p. 2949—were awarded to the Mellon National Bank of Pittsburgh at 102.89, a basis of about 4.08%. Dated June 1 1927. Due as follows: June 1, \$3,000, 1928 to 1930 incl.; \$4,000, 1931; \$3,000, 1932; \$4,000, 1933 to 1935 incl.; \$5,000, 1936 and 1937; \$4,000, 1938; \$6,000, 1939; \$5,000, 1940; \$6,000, 1941, and \$1,000, 1942.

DURHAM COUNTY (P. O. Durham), No. Caro.—BOND SALE.—The \$250,000 road and bridge bonds offered on June 7—V. 124, p. 3104—were awarded to the Illinois Merchants Trust Co. of Chicago as 4½s at a premium of \$1,915, equal to 100.76, a basis of about 4.43%. Date May 1 1927. Due \$10,000, May 1 1928 to 1952, incl.

EAST AURORE, Eric County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—D. N. Rumsey, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. June 20, for \$45,000 not exceeding 5% coupon Sycamore Street paving bonds. Date June 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$3,000, June 1 1928 to 1942 incl. Bonds to be interest rate in multiple of ¼ of 1%. A certified check for 2% of the bonds offered is required.

EASTCHESTER (P. O. Tuckahoe), Westchester County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—A. N. Ferris, Town Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. (daylight saving time) June 15 for \$45,000 4½% highway bonds. Date June 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$3,000 June 1 1928 to 1942 incl. Prin. and int. (J. & D.) payable in gold at the First National Bank & Trust Co., Tuckahoe. A certified check, payable to the town, for 2% of the bonds offered, is required.

FAST GREENBUSH FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Rensselaer), Rensselaer County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—Charles G. Boyd, District Secretary, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. (daylight saving time), June 7, at the School House in Clinton Heights, for \$8,000 6% coupon or registered fire equipment bonds. Date June 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000, June 1 1928 to 1935 incl. Prin. and int. (J. & D.), payable in gold at the National Bank of Rensselaer. A certified check, payable to the District, for 2% of the bonds offered, is required.

payable in gold at the National Bank of Rensselaer. A certified check, payable to the District, for 2% of the bonds offered, is required.

EAST GREENBUSH FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Rensselaer), Rensselaer County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—The First National Bank of Rensselaer was awarded at public auction on June 7 an issue of \$8,000 6% fire equipment bonds. Dated June 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 June 1 1928 to 1935 incl. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable in gold at the National Bank of Rensselaer.

EAST GREENWICH, Kent County, R. I.—BOND OFFERING.—Frank O. Bergstrom, Town Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 12 m. (daylight saving time) June 23 for \$250,000 4½% school bonds. Dated July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due July 1 as follows: \$5,000, 1933 to 1935 incl.: \$6,000, 1936 and 1937: \$7,000, 1938 and 1939; \$8,000, 1940 and 1941: \$9,000, 1942 and 1943: \$10,000, 1944 to 1946 incl.: \$11,000, 1947 and 1948: \$12,000, 1949 and 1950: \$13,000, 1951 and 1952: \$14,000, 1953 and 1954, and \$15,000, 1955 to 1957 incl. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable in gold at the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Co., Providence. The United States Mtge. & Trust Co. will supervise the preparation of the bonds and will certify as to the genuineness of the signatures and the seal impressed thereon. A certified check for 2% of the bonds bid for is required. Legality to be approved by Tillinghast & Collins of Providence.

EAST LAKE COUNTY SPECIAL ROAD AND BRIDGE DISTRICT (P. O. Travers), Lake County, Fla.—BOND SALE.—The Brown-Crummer Co. of Wichita was awarded an issue of \$75,000 6% road and bridge bonds at 95. These are the bonds offered for sale on Dec. 6.

EDMONDS, Snohomish County, Wash.—BOND OFFERING.— J. R. McKay, County Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. July 5 for \$50,000 school building bonds.

ELKHART COUNTY (P. O. Goshen), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Charles A. Croop, County Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. June 30, for \$280,000 4½% bridge bonds. Date May 14 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due as follows: \$7,000, May and Nov. 15 1928 to 1945 incl.; and \$14,000, May and Nov. 15 1946.

\$14,000, May and Nov. 15 1946.

ELK ROAD DISTRICT (P. O. Clarksburg), Harrison County, W. Va.—BOND OFFERING.—Geo. W. Sharp, Secretary State Sinking Fund Commission, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. June 13 at his office in Charleston for \$106,000 5% coupon road bonds. Date Oct. 1 1925. Denom. \$1,000. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1928 to 1932, incl.; \$3,000, 1933 to 1941, incl.; \$4,000, 1942 to 1947, incl.; \$5,000, 1948 to 1950, incl., and \$6,000, 1951 to 1955, incl. Principal and interest (A. & O.), payable in gold at the State Treasurer's office or at the National City Bank, New York City. A certified check for 2% of the par value of the bonds is required. Legality approved by Thompson, Wood & Hoffman of New York City.

Financial Statement.

Financial Statement. Assessed valuation \$2,309,064
Total debt (including this issue) 106,000
Population (1920 census), 1,020.

ELMHURST SCHOOL DISTRICT, Lackawanna County, Pa.—
BOND SALE.—An issue of \$15,000 school bonds has been disposed of

recently.

EUGENE, Lane County, Ore.—BOND SALE.—The \$120,000 water bonds offered on May 10—V. 124, p. 2794—were awarded to the Detroit Trust Co. of Detroit and the Ralph Schneeloch Co. of Portland, jointly, taking \$85,000 bonds as 4½s and \$35,000 bonds as 4½s. Date May 15 1927. Coupon bonds in denom. of \$1,000. Due May 15 1957. Interest 1927. Coupon bond payable F. & A. 15.

FAIRFIELD, Jefferson County, Ala.—BOND SALE.—The \$80,000 5% funding bonds offered on June 6—V. 124, p. 2949—were awarded to the Pirst National Bank of Fairfield, at 101.35, a basis of about 4.89%. Date May 1 1927. Due in 1947.

FAIRFIELD (P. O. Middleville), Herkimer County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—Sherwood & Merrifield of New York City were awarded at public auction on June 7 an issue of \$29,000 4½% coupon or registered highway bonds at a premium of \$455.30, equal to 101.57, a basis of about 4.35%. Dated May 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 May 1 1928 to 1956 incl. Prin. and int. (M. & S.) payable at the Middleville National Bank. Legality approved by Clay, Dillon & Vandewater of New York City.

FAIRMONT, Marion County, W. Va.—BOND OFFERING.—Geo. W. Sharp, Secretary State Sinking Fund Commission, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. June 13 at his office in Charleston for \$300,000 4½% coupon water and sewer bonds. Date Jan. 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due Jan. 1 as follows: \$4,000, 1929; \$5,000, 1930 to 1933 incl.; \$6,000, 1934 to 1936 incl.; \$7,000, 1937 to 1939 incl.; \$8,000, 1940 to 1942 incl; \$9,000, 1943 and 1944; \$10,000, 1945 and 1946; \$11,000, 1947 and 1948; \$12,000, 1943 and 1944; \$10,000, 1945 and 1946; \$11,000, 1952; \$15,000, 1953; \$16,000, 1954 and 1955; \$17,000, 1956; \$18,000, 1957 and \$19,000, 1958. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable in gold at the State Treasurer's office or at the National City Bank, N. Y. City. A certified check for 2% of the par value of the bonds, payable to the State, is required. Legality approved by Caldwell & Raymond of New York City.

Financial Statement.

Financial Statement. Assessed valuation.

Total debt (including this issue)

Population (1920 Census), 17,851.

FAIRVIEW, Cuyahoga County, Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The \$90,000 5% Lorain Ave. paving bonds offered on May 28—V. 124, p. 2949—were awarded to Otis & Co. of Cincinnati at a premium of \$87, equal to 100.09, a basis of about 4.98%. Date May 1 1927. Due \$9,000 Oct. 1 1928 to 1937 inclusive.

FAIRVIEW, Guernsey County, Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The following two issues of 6% coupon special assessment street impt. bonds, aggregating \$4,939.15 offered on Feb. 21—V. 124, p. 674—were awarded to George W. York & Co. of Cleveland: \$225,000 assessment bonds. Due Jan. 1 as follows: \$25,000, 1929, and \$20,000, 1929 to 1938 incl.

13,000 street and sewer bonds. Due \$1,000, Jan. 1 1929 to 1941 incl. Date Jan. 1 1927.

FAYETTE, Jefferson County, Miss.—BOND SALE.—The \$50,000 school bonds offered on June 7—V. 124, p. 3105—were awarded to the Whitney-Central Trust & Savings Bank of New Orleans as 5s at 100.78.

FERGUS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 35 (P. O. Buffalo), Mont.—BOND OFFERING.—A. Jackson, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until June 27 for \$25,000 not exceeding 6% school bonds.

FERNDALE, Oakland County, Mich.—BOND SALE.—The following two issues, aggregating \$600,000 offered on June 1—V. 124, p. 3247—were awarded to the First National Co. of Detroit, as follows: at a premium of \$5.160, equal to 100.86: \$500,000 special assessment bonds as 41/4s.

FITCHBURG, Worcester County, Mass.—BIDS.—The following is the complete list of other bids submitted for the following seven issues of 3½ % coupon bonds, aggregating \$498.000 awarded to R. L. Day & Co. of Boston, at 100.57, a basis of about 3.62%:
Bidder—
Rate Bid.
Curtis & Sanger 100.36 Wise, Hobbs & Arnold 100.51 Estabrook & Company 100.41 R. M. Grant & Co. 100.49 Harris, Forbes & Co. 100.42 Stone & Webster & Biodget 100.34 Old Colony Corp 100.41

FORDSON, Mich.—BOND DESCRIPTION.—The \$100,000 water extension bonds purchased by the Detroit Trust Co. of Detroit as 4½s at 104.02 in V. 124, p. 3105, a basis of about 4.315%, are described as follows: Date May 14 1927. Coupon bonds in denom of \$1,000. Due May 14 1957. Interest payable M. & N.

FRANKFORT (P. O. Frankfort), Herkimer County, N. Y.—BONDC SALE.—Sherwood & Merriffeld of New York City were awarded at publ i auction on June 7 an issue of \$21,000 4½% highway bonds at 101.44, a basis of about 4.32%. Dated May 1 1927. Due \$1,000 May 1 1928 to 1948 incl.

FRANKLIN COUNTY (P. O. Brookville), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Charles A. Hoffman, County Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 1 p. m. June 18 for \$21.292.20 4½% Whitewater Twp. impt. bonds. Date May 21 1927. Denom. \$354.92. Due semi-annually.

FREDERICK COUNTY (P. O. Frederick), Md.—BOND OFFERING.

—R. Bruce Murdoch, Clerk Board of County Commissioners, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. June 13 for \$120,000 4½% coupon public school bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$20,000 Jan. 1 1929 to 1934, incl. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable in Frederick. A certified check payable to the Board of County Commissioners, for 2% of the bonds offered is required. These are the bonds originally scheduled for sale on June 6—V. 124, p. 3247.

FREDERICK COUNTY (P. O. Frederick), Md.—BOND SALE.—The \$25,000 4\%% coupon lateral road bonds offered on June 6—V. 124, p. 3247—were awarded to Baker, Watts & Co., of *!timore, at 106.07, a basis of about 3.95%. Date July 1 1927. Due \$5,000, July i 1945 to 1949 incl. The \$120,000 public school bonds offered on the same date and maturing \$20,000, July i 1929 to 1934 incl., were not sold.

GALLATIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 30 (P. O. Bozeman), Mont.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by the District Clerk until 1 p. m. June 25 for \$5,500 6% school bonds. Date June 30, 1927. A certified check for \$550 is required.

GARFIELD HEIGHTS (P. O. Bedford) Cuyahoga County, Ohio.—
BOND OFFERING.—Herman Bohning, Village Clerk, will receive sealed
bids until 8 p. m. (eastern standard time) June 28, for the following three
issues of 5% coupon special assessment bonds, aggregating \$122,437.67;
\$92,290.35 Elmwood Ave., paving bonds. Denom. \$500, except one for
\$290,35. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$9.290.35, 1928: \$9,000,
1929; \$9,500, 1930: \$9,000, 1931: \$9,500, 1932; \$9,000, 1933;
\$9,500, 1934: \$9,000, 1935; \$9,500, 1936 and \$9,000, 1937.

17,989.67 Rexwood Ave., pavement bonds. Denom. \$1,000, except one
\$989.67. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$1,989.67, 1927; and \$2,000,
1928 to 1935, incl.

12,157.65 Oak Park boulevard sewer bonds. Denom. \$500, except one
for \$157.65. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$500, 1928; \$657.65,
1929; \$500, 1930 and 1931; \$1,000, 1932; \$500, 1933 to 1936,
incl.; \$1,000, 1937; \$500, 1938 to 1940, incl.: \$1,000, 1941;
\$500, 1942 to 1945, incl.: \$1,000, 1946 and \$500, 1947.
Date April 1 1927, Prin. and int. (A. & O.) payable at the Central
National Bank, Cleveland. A certified check payable to the Village
Treasurer, for 5% of the bonds offered is required.

GARY SCHOOL DISTRICT, Lake County, Ind.—BOND OFFER-

GARY SCHOOL DISTRICT, Lake County, Ind.—BOND OFFER-ING.—A. H. Bell, Auditor of Board of School Trustes, will receive sealed bi s until 6:30 p. m. June 28 for \$120.000 4\foralle{6}{2}{6}{5}{6}{6} coupon school bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1.000. Due \$8.000 July 1 1933 to 1947, incl. Bids may be submitted for bonds bearing a lower coupon rate. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable in gold at the First National Bank, Gary, or any other bank in New York or Chicago. A certified check for \$5,000 is required. Legality to be approved by Wood & Oakely of Chicago.

GEARY COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25 (P. O. Alta Vista), Kan.—BOND OFFERING.—Fred Brown, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 1 p. m. June 12 for \$5.000 4½% school bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$350, except one for \$100. Due serially 1928 to 1942, incl.

BOND SALE.—Sherwood & Merrifield of New York City were awarded at public action on June 74an issue of \$54,000 4½% highway bonds at 101.50, a basis of about 4.30%. Dated May 1,1927. Due \$3,000 May 1 12.8 to 1945 incl.,

GOODLAND, Sherman County, Kan,—BONDS REGISTERED.— he State Auditor registered during March an issue of \$30,000 5% water

GRANT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Silver City N. Mex.—BOND SALE.—The \$60,000 school bonds offered on June 3—V. 124, p. 2639—were awarded to the International Trust Co. of Denver as 5s at 101.68, a basis of about 4.81%. Date June 15 1927. Due \$4,000 June 15 1932 to 1946, incl.

GRAYSON COUNTY (P. O. Sherman), Texas.—BOND ELECTION.—An election will be held soon for the purpose of voting on the question of issuing \$2,500,000 road construction and refunding bonds.

GULFPORT, Harrison County, Miss.—BOND SALE.—The Whitney-Central Trust Co. of New Orleans was awarded on May 12 an issue of \$40,000 5% paving bonds at a premium of \$305, equal to 100.76, a basis of about 4.94%. Due 1947.

HAMBLEN COUNTY (P. O. Morristown), Tenn,—BOND SALE.— The Morristown Trust Co. of Morristown has been warded an issue of \$50,000 434% impt. bonds at 101.40, a basis of about 4.57%. Due serially, 1932 to 1942 inclusive.

HAMILTON, Hamilton County, Texas.—BOND SALE.—The Mercantile Trust Co. of Dallas, recently purchased an issue of \$60,000 5% improvement bonds, at 99.31.

HANCOCK COUNTY (P. O. Greenfield), Ind.—BOND SALE.—The following two issues of 4½% coupon bonds, aggregating \$15,200, offered on May 25 (V. 124, p. 3105), were awarded as follows:
\$10,800 road bonds to the Citizens Bank of Indianapolis at a premium of \$297, equal to 102.75, a basis of about 3.94%. Due \$540 May and Nov. 15 1928 to 1937 incl.

4.400 road bonds to Samuel A. Wray at a premium of \$150, equal to 103.409, a basis of about 3.80%. Due \$220 May and Nov. 15 1928 to 1937 incl.

Dated May 31 1927.

HANCOCK COUNTY (P. O. Findlay), Ohio,—BOND SALE.—The \$27,300 5% road bonds offered on June 2—V. 124, p. 3105—were awarded to the Provident Savings Bank & Trust Co. of Cincinnati, at a premium of \$750.75, equal to 102.75, a basis of about 4.36%. Date April 1 1927. Due as follows: \$3,300, 1928; and \$3,000, 1929 to 1936 incl.

HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Forestville), Chautauqua County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—The \$150,000 school bonds offered on June 8—V. 124, p. 3389—were awarded to the First National Bank of Forestville, as 4½s at 101.61. Due serially, 1928 to 1952 incl. Other bidders were:

HARRISON CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 (P. O. Harrison), Westchester County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—William R. Burke, Clerk of Board of Trustees, will receive sealed bids until 4 p. m. daylight saving time) June 20, for \$60,000 not exceeding 5% coupon or registered school bonds. Date June 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due June 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1928 to 1940, incl.; \$2,000, 1941, and \$3,000, 1942 to 1956, incl. Rate of interest to be in multiples of ½ or 1-10 of 1%. Prin. and int. (J. & D.) payable in gold at the Citizens Bank, White Plains. A certified check, payable to Albert A. Schofield, District Treasurer, for \$1,200 is required. Legality approved by Clay, Dillon & Vandewater of New York City.

HASTINGS, Dakota County, Minn.—WARRANT SALE.—The \$136,000 improvement warrants offered on May 31 (V. 124, p. 3248) were awarded to the Wells-Dickey Co. of Minneapolis as 5½s at par. Denom. \$1,000. Due in 15 years. At the time of the offering the amount was reported to be \$133,000.

HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 21 (P. O. Rockville Center), Nassau County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—Michael J. Madigan, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. June 27 for \$475.000 44 % coupon or registered school bonds. Dated July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due Jan. 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1929 to 1938 incl.; \$6,0007 1935 to 1939 Incl.; \$8,000, 1940 to 1944 incl.; \$10,000, 1945 and 1946; \$20,000, 1947; \$40,000, 1948 to 1955 incl., and \$35,000, 1957. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable at the Bank of Rockville Center Trust Co., Rockville Center. A certified check, payable to Harry W. Reeve, Treasurer, for 2% of the bonds bid for, is required. Successful bidder to print bonds at his own expense.

HENDERSON, Vance County, No. Caro.—BOND OFFERING.—

Bealed bids will be received until 3 p. m. June 20 by 8. B. Burwell, City Clerk, for \$200,000 coupon water works impt. bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due Jan. 1 as follows: \$3,000, 1930 to 1936, incl.; \$4,000; 1937 to 1941, incl.; \$5,000, 1942 to 1948, incl.; \$6,000, 1949 to 1957, incl. and \$7,000, 1958 to 1967, Incl. Bidders to state interest rate. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable in gold in New York. The bonds will be prepared under the supervision of the United States Mortgage & Trust Co. of New York City, which will certify as to the genuineness of the officials signatures and the seal impressed thereon. A certified check for \$4,000 is required Legality approved by Chester B. Masslich of New York City.

HENDRICKS COUNTY (P. O. Danville), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Oris Newby, County Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 10 a.m. June 18 for the following two issues of 4½% bonds, aggregating \$33,600: \$18,000 Middle Twp. impt. bonds. Denom. \$900. Due \$900 May and Nov. 15 1928 to 1937, Incl.

15,600 Guilford Twp. improvement bonds.
May and Nov. 15 1928 to 1937, incl.

Date May 15 1927.

HERKIMER, Herkimer County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—Clark, Williams & Co. of New York City were awarded at public auction on June 7 an issue of \$32,000 4½% highway improvement bonds at 101.57, a basis of about 4.12%. Dated May 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$2,000 May 1 1928 to 1943 inci. Prin. and int. (M. & 8.) payable at the First National Bank, Herkimer. Legality approved by Clay, Dillon & Vandewater of New York City.

HERKIMER COUNTY (P. O. Herkimer), N. Y.—BOND SALE.— The \$904,000 coupon road improvement bonds offered on June 7 (V. 124, p. 3248) were awarded to a syndicate composed of Harris, Forbes & Co., the Bankers Trust Co. and the National City Co., all of New York City, as 414s at 101.15, a basis of about 4.12%. Dated May 1 1927. Due \$4,000 May 1 1928; \$40,000 May 1 1929 to 1938 incl., and \$50,000 May 1 1939 to 1948 inclusive.

HIGHLAND, Macon County, No. Caro.—BOND SALE.—The \$35,000 6% electric light and power system bonds offered on Mar. 21 (V. 124, p. 1556) were awarded to Blanchet, Bowman & Wood of Toledo at par. Date Jan. 1 1927. Due Jan. 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1930 to 1950 incl., and \$2,000, 1951 to 1957 incl.

HIGHLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. San Bernardino), San Bernardino County, Calif.—BOND SALE.—The \$48,000 5% coupon school bonds offered on May 23—V. 124, p. 3106—were awarded to the First Securities Co. of Los Angeles at a premium of \$1,579, equal to 103.28, a basis of asout 4.49%. Date June 1 1927. Due \$4,000 June 1 1929 to 1940, inclusive.

HOLDENVILLE, Hughes County, Okla.—BOND SALE.—The First National Bank of Holdenville was recently awarded an issue of \$18,000 41/6 % white way bends at 100.27.

HOLLY AND ROSE TOWNSHIP FRACTIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 (P. O. Holly), Oakland County, Mich.—BOND SALE.—The \$15,000 school bonds offered on May 31—V. 124, p. 3248—were awarded to the Detroit Trust Co. of Detroit as 4½s at a premium of \$183, equal to 101.22, a basis of about 4.62%. Dated May 4 1927. Due \$1,000 May 4 1928 to 1942 inclusive.

HOLYOKE, Hampden County, Mass.—TEMPORARY LOAN.—The Old Colony Corp. of Boston was awarded a \$300,000 temporary loan on a 3.58% basis, plus a premium of \$2.75. Other bidders were: Discount Basis.

8. N. Bond & Co., Boston 3.62% \$3.75
First National Bank, Boston 3.63% 8.00

HONOLULU (City and County of), Territory of Hawaii.—BOND OFFERING.—D. L. Couklin, City Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 9 a. m. June 17 for the following two issues of coupon bonds, aggregating \$1.250.000:

9 a. m. June 17 for the following two issues of coupon bonds, aggregating \$1.250.000:
\$1,000.000 5% public impt. bonds. Due \$40,000 June 15 1932 to 1956, incl. 250,000 4½% public impt. bonds. Due \$50,000 June 15 1932 to 1956, incl.
Date June 15 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Principal and int. pyaable at the United States Mortgage & Trust Co., N. Y. City, or at the City and County Treasurer's office, Honolulu. Sealed bids will also be received until 3 p. m. the same day at the office of the United States Mortgage & Trust Co., which will certify as to the genuineness of the officials' signatures and the seal impressed thereon. A certified check for 2% of the par value of the bonds bid for, payable to the Treasurer, is required. These bonds are exempt from taxation under the Federal Income Tax Law and by decision of the U. S. Supreme Court are exempt from taxation by any State in the United States, or any municipal or political subdivision of any such State, the same as bonds or other obligations of the United States. Legality to be approved by Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of New York City.

Financial Statement.

HORRY COUNTY (P. O. Conway), So. Caro.—CORRECTION.—We are now informed that the reported sale of \$50,000 51/8 funding bonds to the Robinson-Humphrey Co. of Atlanta at 101.—V. 124, p. 3248—is erroneous.

HOUSTON, Harris County, Tex.—MATURITY.—The fifteen issues of 4½ and 5% bonds, aggregating \$3,675,000, awarded to a syndicate headed by Halsey, Stuart & Co. at 102.03, a basis of about 4.36%—V. 124, p. 3390—mature as follows: \$106.000, 1928 and 1929; \$318,000, 1930 to 1932, incl.; \$1,060,000, 1933 to 1952, incl., and \$525,000, 1953 to 1957, incl. The bonds are being offered to investors by the syndicate as follows:

		Maurines and Prices.		
Amount.	Maturity.	Yield. Amount.	Maturity.	Yield.
\$106,000	1928	4.00% \$1.060.000	1933-42	4.20%
106.000	1929	4.05% 1.060.000	1943-52	4 256
	1930-32	4.10% 425.000	1953-57	4.25%
318,000				4.20%
		tatement (as Officially R		
*Real value				0.000.000
Total bonde	d debt. includi	ng this issue	2	27.584.000
Water debt			\$1.665.000	
Sinking fund			2.377.000	
Net bonded				23.542.000
			4	50,042,000
Population	n. 1920. 138.27	76; estimated, 285,000.	The second secon	

Population, 1920, 138.276; estimated, 255.000.

* Taxes are levied on 40% of the valuation of the real property and 50% of the valuation of the personal property included in this figure.

HOWARD, Eik County, Kan,—BONDS REGISTERED.—The State Auditor registered during March an issue of \$42,323.30 41/4 % paving bonds.

Auditor registered during March an issue of \$42,323.30 4½% paving bonds. HOWARD COUNTY (P. O. Ellicott), Md.—BOND OFFERING.— Michael J. Sullivan, Clerk Board of County Commissioners, will receive sealed bids 1:30 p. m. (eastern standard time) June 12, for \$200,000 4½ coupon funding bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due July 1, as follows: \$3,000, 1928 and 1929; \$4,000, 1930 to 1934 incl.; \$5,000, 1935 to 1937 incl.; \$6,000, 1938 to 1940 incl.; \$7,000, 1941 to 1943 incl.; \$8,000, 1944 to 1946 incl.; \$9,000, 1947 and 1948; \$10,000, 1949 and 1950; \$11,000, 1951 to 1953 incl.; \$12,000, 1954; and \$13,000, 1955. A certified check for 2% of the bonds offered is required. Legality to be approved by James Clerk, of Elliott City.

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 (P. O. Huntington Station), Suffolk County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—The \$325,000 coupon or registered school bonds offered on June 4—V. 124, p. 1248—were awarded to the First National Bank of Huntington, as 4½s, at 100.04 a basis of about 4.24%. Date Jan. 1 1927. Due Jan. 1, as follows: \$17,000, 1932 to 1936 incl., and \$16,000, 1937 to 1951 incl.

The following bids were for 4½% bonds:

The following bids were for 4½% bonds:

Bidder—
Batchelder, Wack & Co.
Pulleyn & Co.
George H. Gibbons & Co.
H. L. Allen & Co.

JACKSON, Jackson County, Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The \$10,500 5½% fire truck and fire equipment bonds offered on Feb. 19—V. 124. p. 822—were awarded to A. E. Aub & Co. of Clevleand. Date Feb. 1 1927. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1928; \$1,500, 1929; \$1,000, 1930 and 1931; \$1,500, 1932; \$1,000, 1933 and 1934; \$1,500 1935 and \$1,000, 1936.

ACKSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 100 (P. O. Medford R. 2., Box 30), Oregon.—BOND SALE.—The following two issues of coupon bonds aggregating \$14,000, offered on May 6—V. 124, p. 2795—were awarded t the Lumbermens Trust Co. of Portland as 5½s: \$11,500 building and equipment bonds. Due May 15 as follows: \$500 1932, \$1,000 1933 and 1934, and \$1,500 1935 to 1940, incl. 2.500 refunding bonds. Due May 15 as follows: \$1,000 1930 and 1931, and \$500 1932.

Date May 15 1927.

JACKSONVILLE, Duval County, Fla.—BOND SALE.—The \$1,000,000 5% electric light plant bonds offered on June 6 (V. 124, p. 3248) were awarded to a syndicate composed of the Equitable Trust Co. and Howe, Snow & Bertles, Inc., both of New York City, and the American Trust Co. of Jacksonville at a premium of \$17,090, equal to 101.709, a basis of about 4.53%. Date Aug. 1 1926. Due \$200,000 Aug. 1 1929 to 1933 inclusive.

BOND SALE.—The \$114,000 5% street improvement bonds offered on une 6 (V. 124, p. 3106) were awarded to the Atlantic National Bank of acksonville at 101.09, a basis of about 4.52%. Date Feb. 1 1927. Due eb. 1 as follows: \$23,000, 1928 to 1931 incl., and \$22,000, 1932.

JACKSONVILLE, Cherokee County, Tex.—MATURITY.—The \$75,000 5½% city bonds awarded to the White-Phillips Co. of Davenport at 103.58 (V. 123, p. 3353), a basis of about 5.14%, maturing Dec. 15 as follows: \$2,000 in each of the years 1928, 1930, 1932, 1934, 1936, 1938, 1940, 1942, 1944, 1946, 1948, 1950, 1952, 1954 and 1956, and \$3,000 in each of the years 1929, 1931, 1933, 1935, 1937, 1939, 1941, 1943, 1945, 1947, 1949, 1951, 1953, 1955 and 1957.

JAY COUNTY (P. O. Portland), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Myrtle Near, County Treasurer, will receive scaled bids until 10 a. m. June 14, for the following two issues of 4½% bonds, aggregating \$43,400: \$34,300 Wayne Twp. improvement bonds. Denom. \$1,750. Due \$1,750 May and Nov. 15 1928 to 1937, incl.

9,400 Jackson Twp. improvement bonds. Denom. \$470. Due \$470 May and Nov. 15 1928 to 1937, incl.

JEFFERSON COUNTY (P. O. Fairfield), Iowa.—BOND OFFERING.
—Harry McWhirter, County Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 2
p. m. June 21 for \$300,000 4½ % primary road bonds. Date July 1 1927.
Denom. \$1,000. Due \$30,000 May 1 1931 to 1940 incl.; optional after
5 years. A certified check for 3% of the amount offered, payable to the
above named official, is required. Legality approved by Chapman, Cutler & Parker, of Chicago.

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 27 (P. O. Montona City), Mont.—BOND OFFERING.—The District Clerk will receive sealed bi s until 8 p. m. June 28 for \$2,500 6% serial or amortization school bonds. Date June 10 1927.

JOHNSTOWN-MONROE RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Johnstown), Licking County, Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The \$125.000 5% coupon school building construction and site bonds offered on May 6—V. 124, p. 2640—were awarded to Otis & Co. of Cleveland at 104.22, a basis of about 4.495%. Dated Jan. 1 1927. Due March and Sept. 1 as follows: \$6,000, 1928 to 1947 incl., and \$5,000, 1948.

JOLIET, Will County, Ill.—BOND SALE.—The \$175,000 park bonds purchased by the Continental & Commercial Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago at 101.85—V. 124, p. 3248—a basis of about 4.16%, bear interest at the rate of 4½% and are described as follows: Dated May 1 1927. Coupon bonds in denom. of \$1,000. Due May 1 as follows: \$15,000, 1928 to 1932 incl., and \$20,000, 1933 to 1937 incl. Int. payable M. & N. 1.

KANSAS, State of (P. O. Topeka).—BONDS REGISTERED.—The State Auditor registered during March the following 20 issues of bonds aggregating \$205,969.60:

Int.	Int.
Amt. Name and Purpose Rate.	Amt. Name and Purpose. Rate.
\$20,000.00 Kanarado, water works 5%	\$11,500.00 Grant Twp., rfdg 4 1/2 %
20.000.00 Marquett, sewer5%	8.411.80 Independence, sewer 4 1/2 %
18.888.76 Cherryvale, St. impt 5%	7.500.00 Wash. Co. S. D., rfdg 4 1/2 %
18.000.00 Marion S. D. No. 79 41/2 %	
15.650.00 Great Bend, paving 4 % %	
14.129.53 Olathe, sewer 4 1/2 %	
14.000.00 Fort Scott, paving 41/2 %	2.500.00 Reno Co. S. D. No. 80.41/5 %
12.346.62 Morrill, paving 4 1/4 %	2,300.00 Grant Co. S. D. No. 38.5%
12,200.00 Kingman, paving 4 1/2 %	
11,709.02 Valley Falls, paving 41/2 %	506.85 Hiawatha, sewer41/2 %

KEARNEY (P. O. Arlington), Hudson County, N. J.—BOND SALE.
—The following two issues of coupon or registered bonds, offered on June 8
—V. 124, p. 3390—were awarded as follows:
\$689,000 (\$695,000 offered) street and sewer bonds as 4 ½s, paying \$695,000.
equal to 100.87, a basis of about 4.40%, to a syndicate composed of Lehman Bros., Kountze Bros. and H. L. Allen & Co., all of New York. Due June 1 as follows: \$25,000, 1929 to 1945, Incl., and \$30,000, 19*6 to 1963, incl., and \$24,000, 1954.

460,000 (\$464,000 offered) school bonds as 4 ½s, paying \$464,067.27.
equal to 100.88, a basis of about 4.41%, awarded to a syndicate composed of B. J. Van Ingen & Co., Redmond & Co., Adams & Mueller, the Manufacturers & Traders-Peoples Trust Co. (Buffalo) and the West Hudson County Trust Co. of Harrison. Due June 1 as follows: \$10.000, 1929 to 1937, incl.; \$15,000, 1938 to 1961, incl., and \$9,000, 1962.

KENTON. Cimpron. County. Okla.—BONDS, VOTED—At, the

KENTON, Cimerron County, Okla.—BONDS VOTED.—At the election held on June 1 the voters authorized the issuance of \$5,000 school bonds by a count of 49 for to 1 against.

KIMBALL COUNTY (P. O. Kimball), Neb.—BOND OFFERING.—D. T. Heynen, County Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. June 13 for \$175,000 4½ coupon court house bonds. Date June 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000 and \$750. Due \$8,750 1928 to 1947 incl.; optional after 1932. Prin. and int. (J. & D.), payable at the County Treasurer's office. A certified check for \$2,000, payable to the County is required. Legality approved by Chapman, Cutler & Parker of Chicago.

KING COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 46 (P. O. Seattle), Wash.—BOND OFFERING.—W. W. Shields, County Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. June 11 for \$50,000 not exceeding 6% school bonds. Prin. and int. payable at the County Treasurer's office. A certified check for 5% of the par value of the bonds offered, is required.

KINGMAN, Kingman County, Kan.—BOND SALE.—The \$20,000 4½% Paving District No. 7 A bonds, offered on May 31—V. 124, p. 3106—were awarded to the State bank of Kingman at a premium of \$104, equal to 100.52. Date July 1 1927.

KNOXVILLE, Knox County, Tenn.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by L. O. W. Bonham, Director of Finance until 10 a. m. June 30 for \$850,000 4½% coupon school bonds. Date June 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due June 1 as follows: \$5,000, 1930 to 1932, incl.; \$10,000 1933 to 1935 incl.; \$5,000, 1936 to 1939 incl.; \$10,000, 1946 and 1947; \$30,000, 1948 to 1951 incl.; \$15,000, 1944 and 1945 \$25,000, 1946 and 1947; \$30,000, 1948 to 1951 incl.; \$35,000, 1952; \$40,000, 1953; \$45,000, 1953; \$45,000, 1958; \$50,000, 1959 and 1960; \$55,000, 1961; \$60,000, 1962 and \$65,000, 1963. Prin. and int. (J. & D.), payable in gold in New York City. Legality approved by Chester B. Masslich of New York City. in New York City.

KOSCIUSKO, Attala County, Miss.—BOND SALE.—The \$90,000 sanitary sewer system bonds offered on June 7.—V. 124, p. 3106—were awarded to the Merchants & Farmers Bank of Kosciusko as 5s at par.

LAKE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, Barbers County, Kan.—BOND SALE.—An issue of \$40,000 high school bonds was recently sold.

LAKE COUNTY (P. O. Crown Point), Ind.—BOND SALE.—The commercial National Bank of Crown Point, was awarded an issue of \$76,000 % school bonds on May 24, at a premium of \$3,920, equal to 105.15.

LAKEVIEW, Logan County, Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—Until 12 m. June 18. H. Kilgore, Village Clerk, will receive proposals for the purchase at not less than par of \$2,400 6% city building bonds. Denom. \$600. Date April 1 1927. Int. semi-ann. Due \$600 on April 1 in 1929, 1932, 1935 and 1937. Certified check for 5% of amount of bonds bid for, payable to the Village Treasurer, required. Bonds to be delivered and paid for within ten days after date of award.

LAKEVIEW, Lake County, Ore.—BOND SALE.—The \$25,000 6% impt. bonds offered on June 1—V. 124, p. 2795—were awarded to Durfree Niles & Co. of Toledo at a premium of \$767.50, equal to 103.67. Date June 1 1927.

LANDSDOWNE, Delaware County, Pa.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by the Borough Secretary, until 7 p. m. (standard time) June 9, for \$150,000 4\% coupon highway impt. bonds. Dated June 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due 1957. Prin. and int. (J. & D.), payable in Landsdowne. A certified check for 2\% of the bonds offered is required. Legality approved by Townsend, Elliot & Munson of Philadelphia.

LANE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 79 (P. O. Marcola), Oregon.—BOND SALE.—The \$10,000 5 1/4 % coupon school bonds offered on May 10 (V. 124, p. 2640) were awarded to the Raiph Schneeloch Co. of Portland at 101, a basis of about 5.11%. Date April 1 1927. Due April 1 as follows: \$500 1929 to 1940, incl., and \$1,000 1941 to 1944, incl.

LANSING, Ingham County, Mich.—BOND OFFERING.—R. E. Sanderson, City Comptroller, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. June 27 for \$80,000 4½% bridge bonds. Dated July 2 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$8,000 July 2 1928-1937 incl. Prin. and int. (J. & J. 2) payable at the Guaranty Trust Co., N. Y. City. The opinion of Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of New York City as to the legality of the bonds will be furnished to the successful bidder free of charge.

LAWRENCE, Douglas County, Kan.—BONDS REGISTERED.—The State Auditor registered during March an issue of \$35,769.31 41/4 % street impt. bonds.

LEAKSVILLE, Rockingham County, No. Caro.—BOND OFFERING.
—L. M. Sheffield, Town Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8 p.m. June 15 for \$97,000 improvement bonds. Date Mar. 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due Mar. 1 as follows: \$3,000, 1929 to 1934 incl.; \$5,000, 1935 to 1938 incl.; \$6,000, 1939 to 1942 incl., and \$7,000, 1947 incl. Bidders to state rate of interest. Prin. and int. (M. & 8.) payable in gold in New York. The bonds will be prepared under the supervision of the United States Mortage & Trust Co., N. Y. City, which will certify as to the genuineness of the officials' signatures and the seal impressed thereon. A certified check for \$1,490 is required. Legality approved by Chester B. Masslich of New York City.

LEAVENWORTH, Leavenworth County, Kan.—BONDS REGISTERED.—The State Auditor registered during March an issue of \$77,951.40 3/4 % paving and sewer bonds.

LEETONIA, Columbiana County, Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—L. E. Fisher, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 12 M. July 5 for the following two issues of village's portion street improvement bonds aggregating \$11,000: \$6,000 Walnut St. bonds.

LEXINGTON, Middlesex County, Mass.—TEMPORARY LOAN.—The Lexington Trust Co. was awarded a \$175,000 temporary loan on a 3.66% discount basis. Due Dec. 20, 1927.

LITCHFIELD (P. O. Ilion), Herkimer County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.
—Pulleyn & Co. of New York City were awarded at public auction on June 7
an issue of \$25,000 4½% registered highway bonds at a premium of \$300,
equal to 101.20, a basis of about 4.41%. Dated May 1 1927. Due May 1
as follows: \$1,000, 1930 to 1942 incl., and \$2,000, 1943 to 1948 incl. Prin.
and int. (M. & S.) payable at the Ilion National Bank. Legality approved
by Clay, Dillon & Vandewater of New York City.

. LOCHMOOR (P. O. Grosse Pointe), Wayne County, Mich.—BOND DESCRIPTION—PRICE.—The price paid for the \$90,000 4½% water excension bonds awarded to the Detroit Trust Co. of Detroit (V. 124, p. 3249) was 100.10, a basis of about 4.247%. The bonds are described as follows: Dated June 1 1927. Coupon bonds in denom. of \$1,000. Due June 1 1957. Interest payable J. & D.

LOCKPORT, Niagara County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—An issue of \$2.652 5% registered repairing bonds was awarded locally on May 11 at par. Dated May 11 1927. Denom. \$500 and one for \$652. Due May 11 as follows: \$500, 1928 to 1931 incl., and \$652, 1937. Interest payable annually on May 1.

LOGAN ROAD DISTRICT (P. O. Logan), Logan County, W. Va.—BOND OFFERING.—Geo. W. Sharp, Secretary State Sinking Fund Commission, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. June 13, at his office in Charleston, for \$250.000 5% coupon road bonds. Date July 1 1926. Denom. \$1.000. Due July 1 as follows: \$12.000, 1928 to 1939 incl.; \$13,000, 1940 to 1945 incl., and \$14,000, 1946 and 1947. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable in gold at the State Treasurer's office or at the National City Bank, N. Y. City. A certified check for 2% of the face value of the bonds, payable to the State, is required. Legality approved by Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of New York City.

Financial Statement.

LOOGOOTEE SCHOOL CITY, Martin County, Ind.—BOND SALE,
—The \$20,000 434% public school assembly bonds offered on June 4—
V. 124, p. 3106—were awarded to the Inland Investment Co. of Indianapolis at a premium of \$1.148, equal to 105.74, a basis of about 4.065%.
Dated July 1 1927. Due \$500 Jan. and July 1 1928 to 1947 incl.

LOUISIANA, State of (P. O. Baton Rouge),—BOND OFFERING.—E. F. Lyons, Secretary Board of Liquidation of the State Debt, will receive sealed bids until 12 m. July 15 for \$2,000.000 5% series B Chef Menteur and Hammond-New Orleans State highway bonds. Registered bonds in denom. of \$1,000. Due March 15 as follows: \$5,000, 1928 and 1929; \$190.000, 1930 and \$200,000, 1931 to 1939 incl. A certified check for 3% of the bid is required.

of the bid is required.

LUCAS COUNTY (P. O. Toledo), Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—
Adelaide E. Schmitt, Clerk of Board of County Commissioners, will receive bids until 10 a. m. June 20 for the purchase of the following 5% bonds, issued under authority of Sec. 6602-20 of the General Code:
\$12,510 water supply line No. 150, main sewer district No. 8, bonds. Denoms. 1 for \$510 and 12 for \$1.000. Due yearly on Sept. 28 as follows: \$2,510, 1928; \$2,000, 1929, 1930 and 1931; and \$1,000, 1932 to 1935 incl.

75,390 water supply line No. 115, main sewer district No. 8, bonds. Denoms. 1 for \$1,390 and 74 for \$1,000. Due yearly on Sept. 28 as follows: \$8,390, 1928; \$8,000, 1929 to 1932 incl., and \$7,000 1933 to 1937 incl.

Date June 28 1927. Prin. and semi-ann. int. (M. & S. 28) payable at the County Treasurer's office. Certified check on a Toledo bank for \$500 required with each issue. Bonds to be delivered June 28 at the Court House in Toledo.

LUCAS COUNTY (P. O. Toledo), Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—Adelaide E. Schmitt. Clerk Board of County Commissioners, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. (eastern standard time) June 20, for the following two issues of 5% bonds aggregating \$248.570:
\$247,020 Local sanitary sewer No. 124 bonds. Denom. \$1,000 except one for \$1,020. Due as follows: \$25,020, 1928; \$25,000, 1929 to 1934 incl.; and \$24,000, 1935 to 1937 incl.

1,550 water supply line No. 153 bonds. Denom. \$1,000, and \$550. Due as follows: \$550, 1928, and \$1,000, 1929.

Prin. and int., payable at the County Treasurer's office. A certified check for \$500 for each issue is required.

LUCAS COUNTY (P. O. Toledo), Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—Adelaide E. Schmitt, Cle k Board of County Commissione s, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. (Eastern time) June 20 for \$5,320 5% local sanitary sewer district No. 156 bonds. Denom. \$1,000 and one for \$1,320. Due as follows: \$1,320, 1928, and \$1,000 1929 to 1932, incl. Prin. and int. payable at the County Treasurer's officer. A certified check for \$500 is required. is required.

LYONS TOWNSHIP HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 204 (P. O. La Grange), Cook County, Ill.—BOND SALE.—The \$175.000 $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ school bonds offered on June 1—V. 124, p. 3249—were awarded to the White-Phillips Co. of Davenport, at a premium of \$5.784.88, equal to 103.30, a basis of about 4.09%. Date June 11, 1927. Due May 1 as follows: \$12.000, 1933; \$13.000, 1934; \$20.000, 1935; \$22,000, 1936; \$23,000, 1937; \$25,000, 1938, and \$30,000, 1939 and 1940.

M^LE'N, Gray County, Texas.—BOND SALE.—Garrett & Co. of Dallas recently purchased an issue of \$50,000 sewer bonds at 102.

MACEDONIA VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Summit County, Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The \$69,000 5% school bonds offered on June 2—V.124,p.2951—were awarded to the Herrick Co. of Cleveland, at a premium of \$2.444, equal to 103.54, a basis of about 4.54%. Due April and Oct. 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1928; \$2.000 and \$1,000, 1929; \$2.000 and \$1,000, 1931; \$2,000, 1932; \$2.000 and \$1,000, 1933; \$2.000, 1936, \$2.000 and \$1.000, 1937; \$2.000, 1938, \$2.000 and \$1.000, 1939, 2.000, 1940, \$2.000 and \$1.000, 1941, \$2.000, 1944, \$2.000 and \$1.000, 1943, \$2.000, 1944, and \$2,000 and \$1,000, 1945 to 1947 incl.

Price Bid.

 Bidder—
 Price Bid.

 A. E. Aub Co.
 \$71,430.00

 Seasongood and Mayer
 71,376.00

 W. L. Slayton Co.
 71,335.00

 The Well, Rock & Irving Co.
 71,164.00

 Ryan, Sutherland Co.
 71,160.00

 Geo. W. York & Co.
 71,090.00

 Stranahan, Harris & Oatis, Inc.
 70,989.27

MACON COUNTY (P. O. Franklin), No. Caro.—BOND SALE.—Bray Bros. & Co. of Greenville recently purchased an issue of \$325,000 road and bridge bonds.

McKEES ROCKS, Allegheny County, Pa.—BOND SALE.—The \$235.000 4½% improvement bonds offered on June 6 (V. 124, p. 2795) were awarded to A. B. Leach & Co. of Chicago at 105.28, a basis of about 4.19%. Dated July 1 1927. Due June 1 as follows: \$25,000, 1942 to 1949, incl., and \$35,000, 1950.

MADISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23 (P. O. Harr Mont.—BOND OFFERING.—J. E. Kreigh, District Clerk, will sealed bids until 8 p. m. June 25 for \$28,000 6% school bonds. July 1 1927. A certified check for \$1,500 is required.

MAHONING COUNTY (P. O. Youngstown), Ohio.—BOND OFFER', NG.—Proposals for the purchase at not less than par of \$83,000 5% Cleveland-East Liverpool Road, I. C. H. No. 12, bonds, issued under authority of Secs. 1178 to 1231-11, of the General Code, will be received until 10 a. m. June 24 by F. A. Rolla, Clerk of Board of County Commissioners. Denom. \$1,000. Date July 1 1927. Int. A. & O. Due \$8,000 on Oct. 1 in each of the years from 1928 to 1937 incl., except 1931, 1934 and 1937, in each of which years \$9,000 will mature. Certified check for \$4,500, payable to Frank H. Vogan, County Treasurer, required. Bonds to be delivered

and paid for by July 15 in Youngstown. Legal approval of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey of Cleveland.

MAHONING COUNTY (P. O. Youngstown), Ohio.—BOND SALE.— The \$275,000 4\% % South Ave., bridge bonds offered on June 6—V. 124, p. 3106—were awarded to the Guardian Trust Co. of Detroit, at a premium of \$7,343 equal to 102.67. Date June 15 1927.

MALAKOFF, Henderson County, Texas.—BONDS VOTED.—At a scent election he voters authorized the issuance of \$45,000 school building

MAMARONECK, Westchester County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—
Fred T. Wilson, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. (daylight saving time) June 20 for the following two issues of bonds, aggregating \$682,000, not to exceed 5%:
\$382,000 water works extension bonds. Due June 1 as follows: \$9,000, 1929 to 1936 incl., and \$10.000, 1937 to 1967 incl.
300,000 water distribution system bonds. Due June 1 as follows: \$7,000, 1929 to 1940 incl., and \$8,000, 1941 to 1967 incl.
Dated June 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Int. rate to be in multiples of one-tenth or one-fourth of 1%. Prin. and int. (J. & D.) payable in gold at the National Bank of Commerce, N. Y. City. A certified check, payable to the Village Treasurer, for \$7,000 is required. Legality approved by Clay, Dillon & Vandewater of N. Y. City.

MAMARONECK, Westchester County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—The \$18,000 coupon or registered fire bonds offered on June 7—V. 124, p. 2951—were awarded to Farson, Son & Co. of New York City as 4¼s at 100.26, a basis of about 4.18%. Dated April 1 1927. Due \$2,000 April 1 1928 to 1936 incl.

MANCHESTER, Hillsborough County, N. H.—BOND SALE The Atlantic-Merrill, Oldham Co. of Boston was awarded on June 8 of following three issues of 4% bonds, aggregating \$200,000: \$100,000 highway bonds. 50,000 highway bonds. 50,000 sewer bonds.

MANKATO, Jewell County, Kan.—BONDS REGISTERED.—The late Auditor registered during March at issue of \$35,675 4\% sewer

MANSFIELD, Richland County, Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—P. J. Kelley, City Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 1 p. m. July 6 for \$30,000 5% city's portion street improvement bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$750. Due \$1,500, April and Oct. 1 1928 to 1937, incl. A certified check payable to the City Treasurer, for 2% of the bonds offered is required.

MAPLE HEIGHTS (P. O. Bedford R. F. D.), Cuy hoga County, Ohio.—BoND OFFERING.—F. J. Vasek, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 12 m. June 29, for the following issues of 5½% coupon special assessment bonds aggregating \$118,432.65: \$30,921.00 Dalewood Ave, paving bonds. Denom. \$1,000 except one for \$921 due Oct. 1, as follows: \$3,000, 1928 to 1936 incl.; and \$3,921, 1937.

28,171.00 South Boulevard paving bonds. Denom. \$1,000 except one for \$1.171. Due Oct. 1, as follows: \$2,000, 1928; \$3,000, 1929 to 1932 incl.; \$2,000, 1933; \$3,000, 1934 to 1936 incl.; and \$3,171, 1937.

12,002.10 Edinboro Ave., sewer bonds. Denom. \$1,000 except one for \$1,002.10. Due Oct. 1, as follows: \$1,000, 1928 to 1931 incl.; \$2,000, 1932; \$1,000, 1932 to 1931 incl.; \$2,000 to 1931 incl.; \$1,000 to 1931 to 1936 incl.; and \$1,002.10, 1937. 9,091.50 Hazlewood Ave., sewer bonds. Denom. \$500, except one for \$591.50. Due Oct. 1, as follows: \$500, 1928; \$1,000, 1929 to 1932 incl.; \$500, 1933; \$1,000, 1934 to 1936 incl.; and \$1,191.50, 1937.

1932 Incl.; \$500, 1933; \$1,000, 1934 to 1936 Incl.; and \$1,191.50, 1937.

8,647.49 Maple Heights Boulevard sewer bonds. Denom. \$500, except one for \$647.49. Due Oct. 1. as follows: \$500, 1928; \$1,000, 1929 and 1930; \$500, 1931; \$1,000, 1932 to 1934 incl.; \$500, 1929 and 1935; \$1,000, 1936; and \$1,147.49, 1937.

8,084.10 Edinboro Ave., water bonds. Denom. \$500 except one for \$584.10. Due Oct. 1. as follows: \$500, 1928; \$1,000, 1929; \$500, 1930; \$1,000, 1931 to 1932 incl.; \$500, 1933; \$1,000, 1934; \$500, 1935; \$1,000, 1936; and \$1,084.10, 1937.

7,195.00 Hazlewood Ave., water bonds. Denom. \$500, except one for \$695. Due Oct. 1, as follows: \$500, 1928 and 1929; \$1,000, 1930; \$500, 1931; \$1,000, 1932; \$500, 1933; \$1,000, 1934; \$500, 1935; \$1,000, 1936; and \$1,195, 1937.

4,216.85 Lewis Drive sewer bonds. Denom. \$420, except one for \$436.85, Due Oct. 1, as follows: \$420, 1928 to 1936 incl.; and \$436.854, 1937.

1937. 3,151.50 Lewis Drive water bonds. 'Denom. \$300, except one for \$151.50. Due Oct. 1, as follows: \$300, 1928 to 1936 incl.; and \$451.50,

1937.
3,023.90 Knoll Drive sewer bonds. Denom. \$302.29. Due \$302.39, Oct. 1 1928 to 1937 incl.
2,396.35 Knoll Drive water bonds. Denom. \$235, except one for \$281.35 Due Oct. 1, as follows: \$235, 1928 to 1936 incl.; and \$281.35, 1937.
1,531.36 Warrensville Center Road sidewalk bonds. Denom. \$150, except one for \$181.86. Due Oct. 1, as follows: \$150, 1928 to 1936 incl.; and \$181.86, 1937.
Date July 1 1927. Prin. and int. (J. & J.), payable at the Central National Bank, Cleveland. A certified check, payable to the Village Treasurer for 5% of the bonds offered, is required.

MAPLE HEIGHTS (P. O.Bedford R. F. D.) Cuyahoga County, Ohio.
—No BIDS.—There were no bids received for the four issues of 5½% coupon special assessment impt. bonds aggregating \$168,834.72 offered on May 31—V. 124, p. 2795—F. J. Vasek, Village Clerk.

MARION COUNTY (P. O. Jasper), Tenn.—BOND SALE.—The \$145,000 4\sqrt{4}\% highway bonds offered on May 23—V. 124, p. 3249—were awarded to Little, Wooten & Co. of Jacksonville. Date July 1 1927. Due July 1 1957.

Due July 1 1957.

MARTIN COUNTY (P. O. Stuart), Fla.—BOND and WARRANT SALE. The following three issues of bonds and warrants aggregating \$210,000 have been sold: \$100,000 refunding bonds. 100,000 time warrants.

10,000 special road and bridge dist. No. 16 bonds.

MEDFORD, Jackson County, Ore.—BOND SALE.—The Lumber-ens Trust Co. of Portland was recently awarded an issue of \$60,000

MEDICINE LODGE, Barber County, Kan.—BONDS REGISTERED.

—An issue of \$50,491.22 4½% sewer bonds was registered by the State

Auditor during March.

Auditor during March.

MARYLAND (State of).—BOND SALE.—The following five issues of 4½% coupon bonds, aggregating \$2,210,000, offered on June 9 (V. 124, p. 2951) were awarded to the Baltimore Trust Co. of Baltimore as follows: \$1,375,000 lateral and post road bonds at 104.16, a basis of about 3.98%.

Date June 15 1927. Due June 15 as follows: \$80,000, 1930; \$84,000, 1931; \$88,000, 1932; \$91,000, 1933; \$96,000, 1934; \$100,000, 1935; \$104,000, 1936; \$109,000, 1937; \$114,000, 1938; \$119,000, 1939; \$124,000, 1940; \$130,000, 1941, and \$136,000 1942.

\$1942.
\$500,000 bridge bonds at 104.15, a basis of about 3.975%. Date June 15 1927. Due June 15 as follows: \$29,000, 1930; \$30,000, 1931; \$32,000, 1932; \$33,000, 1933; \$35,000, 1934; \$36,000, 1935; \$38,000, 1936; \$40,000, 1937; \$42,000, 1938; \$43,000, 1939; \$45,000, 1940; \$47,000, 1941, and \$49,000, 1942.
\$125,000 Western Maryland College bonds at 104.24, a basis of about 3.97%. Date July 1 1927. Due July 1 as follows: \$7,000, 1930 to 1932 incl.; \$8,000, 1933 to 1935 incl.; \$9,000, 1936; \$10,000, 1937; \$11,000, 1938; \$12,000, 1939 and 1940, and \$13,000, 1941 and 1942.
\$100,000 Washington College bonds at 104.33, a basis of about 3.97%. Date July 1 1927. Due July 1 as follows: \$5,000, 1930 to 1932 incl.; \$6,000, 1936; \$1,000, 1936; \$1,000, 1941 and 1942.

\$9,000, 1938; \$10,000, 1939 and 1940; \$11,000, 1941, and \$12,000 1942.

00 St. John's College bonds at 104.28, a basis of about 3.955%. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due July 1 as follows: \$6,000, 1930 and 1931; \$7,000, 1933 to 1935 incl.; \$8,000, 1936 and 1937; \$9,000, 1938; \$10,000, 1939; \$11,000, 1940; \$12,000 1941, and \$13,000, 1942.

onds are now being offered at prices to yield from 3.80% to 3.90%. bidders were: 110,000

Bidders— Messentile Trust & Denosit Co. Poltimore	Amt.Bid For.	Rate Bid.
Mercantile Trust & Deposit Co., Baltimore Baker, Watts & Co., Baltimore Stein Bros. & Boyce, Baltimore	\$2,210,000	104.13
Alex. Brown & Sons, Baltimore	2,210,000	104.11 104.10
National City Co., New York City Union Trust Co.	> 2.210.000	103.71
Owen Daly & Co., Baltimore. Hambleton & Co., Baltimore Chase Securities Corp., New York. Barr Bros. & Co., New York.	2,210,000	103.40
Baldwin, Goodwin & Co., Baltimore Robert Garrett & Sons, Baltimore Bankers Trust Co., New York. Guaranty Company, New York.	2,210,000	103.30

MERKEL, Taylor County, Tex.—BONDS REGISTERED.—The State Comptroller registered on June 2 the following two issues of 5\% \% bonds aggregating \\$60.000: \$40.000 water works bonds. \$30.000 street bonds.

aggrerating \$60,000:
\$40,000 water works bonds.

\$30,000 street bonds.

MIAMI COUNTY (P. O. Reno), Ind.—BCND SALE.—The following two issues of 4½% bonds, aggregating \$62,800, offered on June 7 (V. 124, p. 3249) were awarded to the J. F. Wild Co. of Indianapolis at a premium of \$722.50, equal to 102.69:
\$15,800 Isaac H. Army, Jefferson Township, road bonds.

11,900 S. D. Berger, Union Township, road bonds.

Dated May 15 1927. Due semi-annually in 1 to 10 years.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY (P. O. New Brunswick), N. J.—BOND OFFERING.—Arthur J. Hamley, County Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 3.30 p. m. (daylight saving time), June 16, for the following three issues of 4¼% coupon register bonds aggregating \$797,000:
\$422,000 series No. 22, road impt. bonds. Due July 1 as follows: \$23,000, 1929 to 1945 incl.: and \$31,000, 1946.

295,000 series No. 4, vocational school bonds. Due July 1 as follows: \$7.000, 1929 to 1945 incl.: and \$8.000, 1946 to 1967 incl.

80,000 series No. 18, bridge bonds. Due July 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1929 to 1935 incl.: and \$3,000, 1936 to 1957 incl.

Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. No more bonds to be awarded than will produce a premium of \$1,000 over each of the above-mentioned official The United States Mtge & Trust Co., N. Y. City, will supervise the preparation of the bonds and will certify as to the genulneness of the signature of the officials and the seal impressed thereon. A certified check, payable to the above-mentioned official for 2% of the bonds offered, is required. Legality to be approved by Caldwell & Raymond of New York City.

MILLINGTON, Shelby County, Tenn.—BOND SALE.—Little, Worten & Co. of Jackson presently purchased an issue of \$10,000 6%.

MILLINGTON, Shelby County, Tenn.—BOND SALE.—Li Tooten & Co. of Jackson recently purchased an issue of \$10,000 ater works bonds. Date May 1 1927. Due May 1 1947. Wooten & Co. of water works bonds.

MISSION, Hidalgo County, Texas.—BOND OFFERING.—G. F. Dohrn, Mayor, will receive sealed bids until June 16 for \$100,000 5½% improvement bonds.

Improvement bonds.

MISSOURI, State of (P. O. Jefferson City).—BOND SALE.—The \$5,000,000 4½% series J road bonds offered on June 1.—V. 124, p. 2951—were awarded to a syndicate composed of the Guaranty Co. of New York and Equitable Trust Co., New York City; Marshall Field, Glore, Ward & Co. and Ames, Emerich & Co., Chicago: First National Co., Detroit; the Detroit Co., Inc., of New York City; the Mississippi Valley Trust Co., St. Louis: Fidelity National Bank & Trust Co. and Stern Bros. & Co., Kansas City: Howe, Snow & Bertles, Inc., of Chicago and Frazier Jelke & Co. of New York City at a premium of \$157,200, equa-to 103.14. a basis of about 4.13%. Date June 1 1927. Due June 1 as follows: \$2,000,000, 1946.

MONROE COUNTY (P. O. Rochester), N. Y.—BOND SALE.—The \$1,200,000 coupon tuberculosis sanitarium additional building bonds offered on June 3—V. 124, p. 3107—were awarded to a syndicate composed of Eastman, Dillon & Co., Redmond & Co., both of New York City, and Sage, Wolcott & Co. of Rochester as 4s at 100.82, a basis of about 3.84%. Dated May 1 1927. Due Feb. 1 as follows: \$25,000, 1933 to 1936 incl., and \$40,000, 1937 to 1946 incl.

The following is a list of other bids submitted:

Bidder—

Rate Bid.

 Bidder—
 Rate Dia.

 National Bank of Rochester
 100.80

 Manufacturers & Traders Peoples Trust Co
 100.11

 George B. Gibbons & Co
 100.11

 National City Co
 100.07

MONTGOMERY, Le Sueur County, Minn.—BOND OFFERING.—F. J. Busta, City Recorder, will receive sealed bids until 7 p. m. June 16 for \$60,000 $4\,\frac{1}{4}\,\%$ funding bonds. Due June 1 1930 to 1942, incl.

F. J. Busta, City Recorder, will receive sealed bids until 7 p. m. June 16 for \$60,000 4½ % funding bonds. Due June 1 1930 to 1942, incl.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY (P. O. Rockville), Md.—BOND OFFER-ING.—Berry E. Clark, Clerk of Board of County Commissioners, will receive sealed bids until 12 m. June 28 for the following five issues of 4½ % bonds, aggregating \$948,000:

\$450,000 series A-M school bonds. Due Aug. 1 as follows: \$5,000, 1929 to 1938, incl.; \$15,000, 1939 to 1962, incl., and \$10,000, 1963 to 1966, incl. A certified check for \$500 is required.

400,000 series S road bonds. Due Aug. 1 as follows: \$4,000, 1929 and 1930; \$6,000, 1931 and 1932; \$10,000, 1933 to 1935, incl.; \$15,000. 1936 and 1937; \$25,000, 1938 to 1940, incl.; \$30,000, 1941 and 1942; \$35,000, 1943 to 1945, incl., and \$40,000, 1946 and 1947. A certified check for \$500 is required.

60,000 police station bonds. Due \$2,000, Aug. 1 1929 to 1958, incl. A certified check for \$500 is required.

22,000 First and Third Precincts road bonds. Due \$1,000 Aug. 1 1928 to 1949, incl. A certified check for \$200 is required.

16,000 Lateral road bonds. Due \$2,000 Aug. 1 1928 to 1935, incl. A certified check for \$200 is required.

Date Aug. 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Prim. and int. (A. & O.) payable at the Montgomery County National Bank, Rockville. All checks must be payable to the order of the Board of County Commissioners.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY (P. O. Dayton), Ohio.—BOND SALE.—

De payable to the order of the Board of County Commissioners.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY (P. O. Dayton), Ohio.—BOND SALE.—
The following two issues of 5% bonds aggregating \$93,000 offered on Feb. 21—V. 124, p. 955—were awarded to Otis & Co. of Cleveland: \$77,000 Overlook Ave. impt. bonds. Due Mar. 1 as follows: \$7,000, 1928; \$8,000, 1929 to 1931 incl.; \$7,000, 1932; \$8,000, 1933 to 1936 incl., and \$7,000. 1937.

16,000 Cleveland Ave., Kneisley Plot impt. bonds. Due Mar. 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1928 and 1929; \$1,000, 1930; \$2,000, 1931; \$1,000, 1932; \$2,000, 1933; \$1,000, 1934; \$2,000, 1935; \$1,000, 1936, and \$2,000, 1937.

Date March 1 1927.

Date March 1 1927.

MANSFIELD, Richland County, Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The \$125,-000 5% water works bonds offered on June 8—V. 124, p. 3249—were awarded to the Farmers Savings Bank & Trust Co. of Mansfield, at a premium of \$5,896.04, equal to 104.71, a basis of about 4.33%. Date June 1 1927. Due as follows: \$5,000 Oct. 1 1928; \$4,000 April and \$5,000 Oct. 1 1929 to 1936, incl., and \$4,000 April and Oct. 1 1937 to 1942, incl.

NEW BOSTON VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. New Boston), Scioto County, Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—C. C. Chinn, Clerk of Board of Education, will receive bids until 8 p. m. June 20 for the purchase at not less than par and interest of \$50,000 5% coupon school bldg. bonds, issued under authority of Sec. 7625, 7626, 7627 and 7628 of the General Code. Denom. \$1,000. Date March 1 1927. Int. M. & S. Due yearly on Nov. 1 as follows: \$3,000, 1928 and 1929, and \$2,000, 1930 to 1951, incl. Certified check on some bank other than the one making the bid, for 5% of amount of bonds bid for, payable to the District Treasurer, required.

urer, required.

NEWPORT, Herkimer County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—The \$37,000 4½% coupon or registered highway improvement bonds offered on June 7—V. 124, p. 3391—were awarded to Clark Williams & Co. of New York City, at a premium of \$556.10, equal to 101.53, a basis of about 4.32%. Date May 1 1927. Due May 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1928 to 1930, incl., and \$2,000, 1931 to 1947, incl.

NILES, Trumbull County, Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by Homer Thomas, City Auditor until 2 p. m. June 23 for \$25,000 5½% street improvement bonds. Date April 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due April 1 as follows: \$3,000, 1928 to 1932, incl., and \$2,000, 1933 to 1937, incl. A certified check for 2% of the bid is required. Legality approved by Peck, Shaffer & Williams, Cincinnati.

NOBLE TOWNSHIP (P. O. New Salem) Rush County, Ind.—BOND SALE.—The \$42,000 4½% coupon schoolbondsofferedonMay13 V. 124, p. 2952—were awarded to the Fletcher-American Co. of Indianapolis, at a premium of \$1,447, equal to 103.445, a basis of about 4.72%. Date April 1 1927. Due as follows: \$3,000, 1928 and 1929, and \$3,000 Jan. & July 1 1930 to 1935, incl.

MONTICELLO, Drew County, Ark.—BONDS VOTED.—At a recent election the voters authorized the issuance of \$50,000 city hall bonds.

MORRILL, Brown County, Kan.—BONDS REGISTERED.—The tate Auditor registered during March an issue of \$32,024.80 434 % paving

MORROW COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 12 (P. O. Lexington), Ore.—BOND OFFERING.—E. S. Miller, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. to-day (June 11) for \$7,000 5½% school bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000, 1928 to 1934, incl. A certified check for \$200 is required.

MOUNDSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, Marshall County, W. Va—BOND OFFERING.—Geo. W. Sharp, Secretary State Sinking Fund Commission, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. June 13 for \$149,000 5% coupon school bonds. Date July 1 1926. Denom. \$1,000. July 1 as follows: \$6,000, 1928 to 1932, incl., \$7,000, 1933 to 1935, incl.; \$8,000, 1936 to 1938, incl.; \$9,000, 1939 and 1940; \$10,000, 1941 and 1942; \$11,000, 1943; \$12,000, 1944 and \$13,000, 1945. Frin. and int. (J. & J.) payable in gold at the State Treasurer's office or at the National City Bank, N. Y. City. A certified check for 2% of the par value of the bonds is required. Legality approved by Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of New York City.

Financial Statement.

Financial Statement.

MOUNT PENN, Pa. —BOND SALE.—A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., of Philadelphia, were awarded on May 23, an issue of \$50,000 4½% impt. bonds at 104.37, a basis of about 4.08%. Date May 19, 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$2,000, Nov. 1 1928 to 1952 incl.

at 104.37, a basis of about 4.08%. Date May 19, 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$2.000, Nov. 1 1928 to 1952 incl.

MOUNT VERNON, Westchester County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.

L. V. Bateman, City Comptroller, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. (daylight saving time) June 14 for the following seven issues of coupon or registered bonds not to exceed 5% aggregating \$1,433.000:
\$500,000 city hall bonds. Due June 1 as follows: \$10.000, 1930 to 1955 incl.: \$20.000, 1951 to 1955 incl.; \$10,000, 1966, and \$20,000, 1967 to 1975 incl.

273,000 repaving highway bonds. Due June 1 as follows: \$27,000, 1928 to 1934 incl., and \$28,000, 1935 to 1937 incl.

243,000 widening Third 8t. bonds. Due June 1 as follows: \$16,000, 1928 to 1939 incl., and \$17,000, 1940 to 1942 incl.

142,000 highway improvement bonds. Due June 1 as follows: \$16,000, 1928 to 1935 incl., and \$15,000, 1936 to 1937.

115,000 assessment bonds. Due June 1 as follows: \$15,000, 1928 and \$25,000, 1929 to 1932 incl.

110,000 sewerage bonds. Due June 1 as follows: \$5,000, 1928 to 1937 incl., and \$6,000, 1938 to 1947 incl.

50,000 drainage bonds. Due June 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1928 to 1937 incl., and \$3,000, 1938 to 1947 incl.

Dated June 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Rate of interest to be in multiples of ¼ of 1%, bidder to state rate when entering bid. Prin. and int. (J. & D.) payable at the City Comptroller's office. A certified check for 2% of the bonds offered is required. Legality approved by Caldwell & Raymond of New York City, whose opinion as to the legality of the bonds will be furnished the successful bidder.

MURPHY ROAD DISTRICT (P. O. Harrisville) Ritchie County;

W. Va. ROND OFFERING — Geo. W. Sharm. Segretary State Sinkley.

MURPHY ROAD DISTRICT (P. O. Harrisville) Ritchie County; W. Va.—BOND OFFERING.—Geo. W. Sharp, Secretary State Sinking Fund Commission, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. June 13 at his office in Charleston for \$235,000 5% coupon road bonds. Date July 1 1925. Denom. \$1.000. Due July 1 as follows: \$6,000, 1928; \$7.000, 1929 and 1930; \$9,000, 1931 to 1935, incl.; \$10,000, 1936 to 1940, incl.; \$11,000, 1941 to 1945, incl., and \$13,000, 1946 to 1950, incl. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable in gold at the State Treasurer's office or at the National City Bank, N. Y. City. A certified check for 2% of the par value of the bonds payable to the State is required. Legality approved by Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of N. Y. City.

MURPHYSBORO, Jackson County, III.—BOND SALE.—T. A. Worley & Co. of Illinois have purchased an issue of \$100,000 school bonds.

NEW BREMEN, Auglaize County, Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The Herrick Co. of Cleveland, were awarded on Feb. 7, an issue of \$8,480 6% fire engine and fire equipment bonds.

NEW MEXICO, State of (P. O. Santa Fe).—BOND OFFERING.—Warren Graham, State Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until July 13 for \$500,000 not exceeding 6% highway bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$250,000 July 1 1928 and 1929. Principal and interest payable at the Seaboard National Bank, New York City. The bonds are issued in anticipation of the collection of a 5% gasoline tax. A certified check for 2% of the bid is required.

NEW PARIS, Preble County, Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—Mary C. Melody, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 12 m. July 8 for \$37,000 6% coupon water works construction bonds. Date May 1 1927. Denom. \$500 and \$350. Due \$850 March 1 and \$1,000 Sept. 1 1928 to 1947, incl. A certified check, payable to the Village Treasurer, for 5% of the bonds offered is required.

NORFOLK, Norfolk County, Va.—NOTE SALE.—An issue of \$1,000,000 short term notes were recently awarded to the Planters Bank & Trust Co. of Richmond, at 4% plus a premium of \$35.

NORTH TONAWANDA UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1, Niagara County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—Pulleyn & Co. of N. Y. City, were awarded on June 3, an issue of \$100.000 4½% school bonds at 101.36 a basis of about 4.37%. Date July 1 1927. Due \$4,000, July 1 1930 to

NORFOLK, Norfolk County, Va.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by I. Walke Truxton, City Manager until 12 m. June 24 for the following three issues of coupon or registered bonds aggregating

\$675,000:
\$398,000 4½% public impt. bonds. Date June 1 1928. Due June 1 1949. Int. payable J. & D.
178,000 5% water bonds. Date May 1 1922. Due May 1 1952. Int. payable M. & N.
99,000 4½% public impt. bonds. Date May 1 1927. Due June 1 1967. Int. payable J. & D.
Denom. \$1.000. Prin. and int. payable in New York City. The City Auditor or City Treasurer will furnish additional information upon request. A certified check for 2% of the bid is required. Legality approved by Reed, Dougherty, Hoyt & Washburn of New York City.

NORTHBRIDGE, Worcester County, Mass.—TEMPORARY LOAN.
—The Whitin Machine Works was awarded on June 7 a \$75,000 temporary loan on a 3.61% discount basis.

NORTH HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 (P. O. Great Neck), Nassau County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—W. G. Genner, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8:15 p. m. (daylight saving time) June 22 for \$182,000 4½% coupon or registered school bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due July 1 as follows: \$7,000, 1929 to 1931 incl.; \$1,000, 1932, and \$5,000, 1933 to 1964 incl. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable in gold at the Corn Exchange Bank, N. Y. City. The U. S. Mtge. & Trust Co., N. Y. City, will supervise the preparation of the bonds and will certify as to the genuineness of the signatures of the officials and the seal impressed thereon. A certified check, payable to the District Treasurer, for 2% of the bonds offered is required. Legality to be approved by Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow of N. Y. City.

NUECES COUNTY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 3 (P. O. Corpus Christi), Tex.—BONDS REGISTERED.—The State Comptroller registered on May 30 an issue of \$90,000 6% drainage bonds. Due serially.

NUTLEY, Essex County, N. J.—BOND SALE.—The following two issues of $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ coupon or registered bonds aggregating \$423,000 offered on June 7—V. 124. p. 3250—were awarded to the First National Bank of Nutley as follows:

\$266,000 assessment bonds at a premium of \$502.74, equal to 100.18, a basis of about 4.44%. Due June 1 as follows: \$35.000, 1928 to 1931 incl.; \$30.000, 1932 to 1935 incl., and \$6,000, 1936.

157,000 public improvement bonds at a premium of \$296.73, equal to 100.18, a basis of about 4.47%. Due June 1 as follows: \$9,000, 1929 to 1931 incl., and \$10,000, 1932 to 1944 incl.

OAKVILLE, Grays Harbor County, Wash.—BOND SALE.—The Wright Construction Co. of Aberdeen was recently awarded an issue of \$20,000 water system bonds at par.

OHIO (P. O. Herkimer), Herkimer County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.— The First National Bank of Herkimer was awarded at public auction on June 7 an issue of \$46,000 4½% highway bonds at 101.66.

OHIO COUNTY (P. O. Rising Sun), Ind.—BOND SALE.—The following two issues of 4½% free gravel road bonds aggregating \$15,000 offered on June 6—V. 124, p. 3107—were awarded to J. F. Wild & Co. of Indianapolis, at a premium of \$394.50, equal to 102.63, a basis of about 3.72%.

\$8,960 bonds. Denom. \$448. Due \$448 May and Nov. 15 1928 to 1937, inclusive.

6.040 bonds. Denom. \$302. Due \$302 May and Nov. 15 1928 to 1937, inclusive.

Date May 15 1927. Interest payable M. & N. 15.

ONAGA, Pottawatomie County, Kan.—BONDS REGISTERED.—An issue of \$48,000 4%% sewer bonds was registered during March by the State Auditor.

OPELIKA, Lee County, Ala.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by H. K. Dickinson, Mayor, until June 13 for \$23,000 street improvement assessment bonds.

ORANGE, Essex County, N. J.—BOND SALE.—The issue of 4½% coupon or registered refunding public improvement bonds offered on June 4—V. 124. p. 3250—was awarded to Lehman Bros. and E. H. Rollins & Sons, both of New York City, jointly, as 4½s, taking \$660,000, paying \$667,173.90, equal to 101.08, a basis of about 4.37%. Dated June 1 1927. Due June 1 as follows: \$30,000, 1928 to 1934 incl.; \$37,000, 1935 to 1938 incl.; \$39,000, 1939; \$45,000, 1940 to 1944 incl., and \$39,000, 1945. Other bidders were:

Bidder— Offered.

I. M. Freeman & Co., Philadelphia, and
H. L. Allen & Co., New York. \$667,726.50
ankers Trust Co., Harris, Forbes & Co.
and the Orange National Bank. 667,114.25

ORANGE COUNTY (P. O. Paoli), Ind.—BOND SALE.—The Cities Securities Co. of Indianapolis was awarded on May 2 an issue of \$5,000 4\frac{1}{2}\text{\chi} \text{\chi} coupon road bonds at a premium of \$126, equal to 102.52. Date May 2 1927. Denom. \$250. Due serially, M. & N. 15 1928 to 1937 incl. Interest payable M. & S. 15.

ORLANDO SCHOOL DISTRICT, Logan County, Okla.— SALE.—An issue of \$30,000 high school bonds was sold on May 21.

OXFORD COMMON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5 (P. O. Oxford), Chenango County, N. Y.—BONDS NOT SOLD.—The \$1,600 6% school bonds offered on May 12 (V. 124, p. 2641) were not sold. Everett J. Shapley, School Trustee.

PEABODY, Essex County, Mass.—TEMPORARY LOAN.—The Central National Bank of Lynn has been awarded a \$100,000 temporary loan on a 3.61% discount basis, plus a premium of \$1.75. Due Nov. 22 1927.

PELHAM MANOR, Westchester County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—Livingston Leeds, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8:30 p. m. (daylight saving time) June 13 for \$70.000 series 43 coupon or registered storm water drain bonds not to exceed 6%. Dated July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500. Due \$3,500 1928 to 1947 incl. Interest rate to be in multiples of ¼ of 1%. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable at the United States Mtge. & Trust Co., New York City. The said trust company will supervise the preparation of the bonds and will certify as to the genulineness of the signatures of the officials and the seal impressed thereon. A certified check for 2% of the bonds offered is required. Legality to be approved by Caldwell & Raymond of New York City. These are the bonds mentioned in V. 124, p. 2642.

PHOENIX. Maricopa County, Ariz.—BOND SALE.—The \$750,000

PHOENIX, Maricopa County, Ariz.—BOND SALE.—The \$750,000 coupon street car system bond offered on June 8—V. 124, p. 3391—were awarded to a syndicate composed of Gray, Emery, Vas Concells & Co., Denver; the Detroit Trust Co., Detroit; Ames, Emerich & Co., Chicago, and the Wells-Dickey Co. of Minneapolis, as 4½s, at a premium of \$519, equal to 100.06.

PIERRE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, Hughes County, So. Dak.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until 8 p. m. June 16 by R. E. Rawlins, District Clerk, for \$65,000 4¼ % high school bonds.

PIPESTONE COUNTY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 (P. O. Edgerton), Minn.—BOND SALE.—The State of Minnesota recently purchased an issue of \$9,000 4½% school bonds. Due \$1,000 1932 to 1940 incl.

PITT COUNTY (P. O. Greenville), No. Caro.—BOND SALE.—The \$100,000 funding bonds offered on June 6 (V. 124, p. 2953) were awarded to Kauffman, Smith & Co. of St. Louis as 4½ at 100.482.

PLAINFIELD, Berkshire County, Mass.—TEMPORARY LOAN.—The First National Bank of Boston was awarded on June 7 a \$300,000 temporary loan on a 3.58% discount basis plus a premium of \$18.00.

PLAINFIELD, Union County, N. J.—BOND SALE.—The \$430,000 coupon or registered school bonds offered on June 6 (V. 124, p. 3108) were awarded to J. S. Rippel & Co. of Newark as 4¼s at a premium of \$2,193, equal to 100.51, a basis of about 4.20%. Dated June 1 1927. Due June 1 as follows: \$15,000, 1954.

PLATTE COUNTY SCHOOL PROPERTY SCHOOL P

as follows. \$15,000, 1954.

PLATTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 9 (P. O. Wheatland), Wyo.—BOND SALE.—The \$115.000 43% school bonds offered on May 31 —V. 124, p. 2642—were awarded to a syndicate composed of the International Trust Co., Denver; Stockgrowers National Bank, Chicago, and Geo. W. Vallery & Co. of Denver at 101.54, a basis of about 4.59%. Date June 1 1927. Due \$5,000 June 1 1930 to 1952 incl.

POLK COUNTY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Crookston), Minn.—BOND SALE.—The \$150,000 refunding bonds offered on May 21 (V. 124, p. 3108) were awarded to the Minnesota Loan & Trust Co. of Minneapolis as 4¼s at a premium of \$645, equal to 100.43, a basis of about 4.21%. Date June 1 1927. Due June 1 as follows: \$3,000, 1928 to 1932 incl.; \$5,000, 1933 to 1937 incl.; \$7,000, 1938 to 1941 incl., and \$82,000, 1942.

POLK COUNTY SPECIAL TAX SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 53 (P. O Bartow), Fla.—BOND SALE.—The following four issues of bonds aggregating \$100,000 offered on May 27—V. 124, p. 2953—were awarded to the Brown-Crummer Co. of Wichita, as 6s, at 96, a basis of about 6.49%: \$50,000 furnishing school and improving school grounds bonds. Due \$2,000 May 1 1930 to 1954, incl.

35,000 grammar school building. Due May 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1930 to 1945, incl., and \$3,000, 1946.

10.000 school site bonds. Due \$1,000 May 1 1930 to 1939, incl. 5,000 enlarging school for colored people bonds. Due \$1,000 May 1 1930 to 1934, incl. Date May 1 1927.

Date May 1 1927

PONTOTOC COUNTY SPECIAL ROAD DISTRICT NO. 2 (P. O. Pontotoc), Miss.—BOND SALE.—The \$600,000 road bonds offered on June 8—V. 124, p. 3108—were awarded to Sutherlin, Barry & Co. of New Orleans, as 5s at par.

PORTLAND, Cumberland County, Me.—LOAN OFFERING.—John R. Gilmartin, City Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. (Eastern standard time) June 13 for the purchase on a discount basis of a \$300,000 temporary loan. Dated June 16 1927. Due Oct. 6 1927. The notes will be in such denominations to suit purchaser; denominations required to be stated in bid. The notes will be ready for delivery Thursday, June 16 1927 at the First National Bank of Boston, Mass., and will be certified as to genuineness and validity by said bank under advice of Messrs. Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins.

PORTLAND, Multnomah County, Ore.—BOND SALE.—The \$616,-00 4½% series No. 2 bridge access bonds, offered on June 7—V. 124, p.

3108—were awarded to a syndicate composed of A. B. Leach & Co., Chicago; Minnesota Loan & Trust Co. and the Minneapolis Trust Co., both of Minneapolis, and Peirce, Fair & Co. of Portland at 103.309, a basis of about 4.21%. Date July 1 1927. Due \$22,000 July 1 1930 to 1957, incl.

PRESCOTT, Nefada County, Ark.—BOND SALE.—The National Securities Co. of Little Rock has been awarded an issue of \$63,000 paving district No. 2 bonds at 102.10.

PRINCE GEORGES COUNTY (P. O. Upper Marlboro), Md.—BOND OFFERING.—James C. Blackwell, Clerk Board of County Commissioners, will receive sealed bids until 12 m. June 21, for the following two issues of 4½% coupon bonds aggregating \$120,500: \$196,000 road bonds. Denom. to suit purchaser. Due July 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1930 to 1937 incl.; \$4,000, 1938 to 1947 incl.; and \$5,000, 1948 to 1957 incl.

14,500 lateral road bonds. Denom. \$500. Due July 1 1942. Date July 1 1927. Prin. and int. (J. & J.), payable in Upper Marlboro.

PRINCE GEORGES COUNTY (P. O. Upper Marlboro, PRINCE GEORGES COUNTY (P. O. Upper Marlboro), Md.—BOND SALE.—The \$275,000 4½% coupon school bonds offered on June 7—V. 124, p. 2642—were awarded to John P. Baer & Co. of Baltimore at 103.98, a basis of about 4.15%. Dated July 1 1927. Due July 1 as follows: \$5,000, 1929 and 1930; \$7,000, 1931; \$8,000, 1932, and \$10,000, 1933 to 1957 incl.

PULASKI, Giles County, Tenn.—BOND SALE.—The \$15,000 school bonds offered on May 31 (V. 124, p. 3251) were awarded to J. B. Palmer & Co. of Nashville as 5s at 100.83.

PURCELL, McClain County, Okla.—BOND SALE.—The \$80,000 city improvement bonds offered on May 16 (V. 124, p. 2954) were awarded to John H. Perry at par. Due \$10,000 1930 to 1937 incl.

PUTNAM COUNTY (P. O. Greencastle), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Wilber O. Clodfelter, County Treasurer, will receive bids until 12 m. June 13 for the purchase at not less than par and interest of the following four issues of 4½% coupon county-unit road bonds: \$79,360 E. C. Rogers et al. road bonds. Denom. \$1,984.
84,960 David Pollom et al. road bonds. Denom. \$2,124.
45,120 Orva Keller et al. road bonds. Denom. \$1,128.
46,560 W. O. Clodfelter et al. road bonds. Denom. \$1,164.
Date June 1 1927. Int. M. & N. 15. Due each six months beginning May 15 1928. Certified check for 5% of amount of bid required.

PUTNAM COUNTY (P. O. Greencastle), Ind.—BIDS REJECTED.—All bids submitted for the four issues of 4½% coupon bonds, aggregating \$256,000 offered on June 1—V. 124, p. 3251—were rejected. The bonds are being advertised for June 13 Wilbur O. Clodfelter, County Treasurer.

RAT ROOT (P. O. Ericsburg) Koochiching County Minn.—BOND OFFERING.—Clarence Rogers, Town Clerk, will receive sealed bids until June 18 for \$7.000 6% funding bonds. Date July 1 1927.

REDFORD TOWNSHIP UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Redford), Wayne County, Mich.—BOND SALE.—The \$150,000 school bonds offered on May 31 (V. 124, p. 3251) were awarded to the Detroit Trust Co. of Detroit as 5s at a premium of \$9,930, equal to 106.62.

RED RIVER PARISH SUB-ROAD DISTRICT NO. 2 OF ROAD DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Coushatta), La.—BOND SALE.—The \$90,000 6% road bonds offered on Feb. 9—V. 124, p. 405—were awarded to David Robison & Co., Inc., of Toledo at 102, a basis of about 5.73%. Date Feb. 1 1927. Due serially, 1928 to 1947 incl.

REHOBOTH (P. O. Rehoboth Beach), Sussex County, Del.—BOND OFFERING.—Ralph D. Poynter, Sec. Board of Commissioners, will receive sealed bids until 8:30 p. m. June 18 for \$13,000 5% coupon water main bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 July 1 1940 to 1952 incl. A certified check for 5% of the bonds offered is required

RICHMOND, Henrico County, Va.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by L. B. Edwards, City Comptroller, until 5 p. m. June 28 for the following four issues of 4½% bonds, aggregating \$2,265,000: \$1,700.000 public improvement bonds.
300.000 gas works bonds.
200.000 water works bonds.
65,000 public library bonds.
Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due 1961. A certified check for 1½% of the bid is required.
The bonds will be prepared under the supervision of the United States

The bonds will be prepared under the supervision of the United States Mortgage & Trust Co., N. Y. City, which will certify as to the genuineness of the officials' signatures and the seal impressed thereon. Principal and interest payable at the City Comptroller's office, or at the fiscal agency of Richmond in New York City if registered bonds are issued. Legality approved by Reed, Dougherty, Hoyt & Washburn of New York City.

approved by Reed, Dougherty, Hoyt & Washburn of New York City.

RITTMAN, Wayne County, Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—E. G. Newberry, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 12 m. June 25 for \$13,750 6% special assessment sewer extension bonds. Dated June 1 1927. Denom. \$2,750. Due \$2,750 June 1 1928 to 1332 incl. A certified check, payable to the Village Treasurer, for 5% of the bonds offered, is required.

RITTMAN, Wayne County, Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The Rittman Savings Bank & Trust Co. was awarded on May 14, the following three issues of bonds, aggregating \$24,500 at a premium of \$500, equal to 102.04: \$12,500 improvement bonds.

10.000 improvement bonds.

2.000 Village's portion Sterling Ave., 6% improvement bonds.

ROANOKE, Roanoke County, Va.—BOND, ELECTION.—An elec-

ROANOKE, Roanoke County, Va.—BOND ELECTION.—An election will be held on June 12 for the purpose of voting on the question of issuing \$1,300,000 school, street, sewer and fire equipment bonds.

Assessed valuation____ Bonded debt (this issue)_ Moneys and credits____

ROCK HALL, Kent County, Md.—BOND OFFERING.—Joseph B. Davis, Mayor, will receive sealed bids until 4 p. m. June 25 for \$10,000 5% coupon water bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$500. Due \$500 July 1 1928 to 1947, incl. A certified check for 10% of the bonds offered is

ROCKVILLE, Tolland County, Conn.—BOND OFFERING.—John P. Cameron, Mayor, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. (standard time) June 23, e-o of the Travelers Bank & Trust Co., Hartford, for \$40,000 4% coupon refunding sewer bonds. Date Jan. 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due July 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1929 to 1945, incl., and \$3,000, 1946 and 1937. Prin. and int. payable in gold at the Travelers Bank & Trust Co., Hartford. A certified check payable to the City for 2% of the bonds offered is required. Legality approved by Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston.

ROCKY RIVER, Cuyahoga County, Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—The \$7,850 5% Story Road sidewalk bonds offered on June 7.—V. 124, p. 3109—were awarded to Otis & Co. of Cleveland. Date June 1 1927. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$1,500, 1928 to 1931, incl., and \$1,850, 1932.

BOND SALE.—The above-mentioned company also purchased an issue of \$2,560 5% bonds.

ROME COMMON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 11 (P. O. Rome), Oneida County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—Pulleyn & Co. of New York City were awarded on June 3 an issue of \$25.000 4 ½% school bonds at 100.52, a basis of about 4.03%. Dated May 1 1927. Due \$1.000 May 1 1928 to 1952 incl.

of about 4.03%. Dated May 1 1927. Due \$1,000 May 1 1928 to 1952 incl. ROOSEVELT WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT (P. O. Phoenix), Ariz.—BOND SALE.—The \$500,000 irrigation system canal bonds voted on March 25—V. 124, p. 1715—have been sold.

ROSELLE, Union County, N. J.—BOND OFFERING.—J. F. Ostrander, Borough Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. (daylight saving time) June 17 for an issue of 4½%, 4½% or 4¾% coupon or registered public improvement bonds not exceeding \$171.000, no more bonds to be awarded than will produce a premium of \$1,000 over \$171,000. Dated June 1 1927. Denom. \$1.000. Due June 1 as follows: \$6,000, 1929 to 1942 incl.; \$7,000, 1943 to 1948 incl., and \$9,000, 1949 to 1953 incl. Prin. and int. (J. & D.) payable in gold at the First National Bank, Roselle. A certified check payable to the borough for 2% of the bonds offered is

required. Legality approved by Reed, Dougherty, Hoyt & Washburn of New York City.

ROSELAND, Tangipahoa Parish, La.—BOND SALE.—The \$42,000 water works bonds offered on June 7—V. 124, p. 3109—were awarded to the Security Bank and the Amite Bank & Trust Co., both of Amite, jointly, as 6s at 100.11. Interest payable J. & D.

ST. AUGUSTINE, St. Johns County, Fla.—BOND SALE.—The \$807,000 6% second series 1926 improvement bonds offered on June 6—V. 124, p. 2642—were awarded to a syndicate composed of Morris Mather & Co., Toledo; the Barnett National Bank, Jacksonville; Otis & Co., Toledo; Caldwell & Co., Nashville; Taylor, Wilson & Co., Cincinnati and the Wells-Dickey Co. of Minneapolis as a premium of \$13,049.20, equal to 101.61, a basis of about 5.63%. Date Feb. 1 1927. Due Feb. 1 as follows: \$80,000, 1928 to 1936, incl., and \$87,000, 1937.

ST. CROIX COUNTY (P. O. Hudson), Wis.—BOND SALE.—An issue of \$125,000 highway bonds was recently sold.

ST. LANDRY PARISH (P. O. Opelousas), La.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by the Clerk of Police Jury until July 5 for \$20,000 6% highway bonds.

\$20,000 6% highway bonds.

SACINAW COUNTY (P. O. Saginaw), Mich.—BOND SALE.—The following eight issues of assessment bonds, aggregating \$380,700, offered on June 3 (V. 124, p. 3251), were awarded to the Detroit Trust Co., Detroit, and Braun, Bosworth & Co. of Toledo, jointly:
\$141,300 Road dist. No. 116 bonds. Due serially, May 1 1928 to 1937, Incl. 51,400 Road dist. No. 113 bonds. Due serially, May 1 1928 to 1932, incl. 49,700 Road dist. No. 111 bonds. Due serially, May 1 1928 to 1937, Incl. 20,300 Road dist. No. 92 bonds. Due serially May 1 1928 to 1937, Incl. 27,300 Road dist. No. 69 bonds. Due serially May 1 1928 to 1934, incl. 24,300 Road dist. No. 90 bonds. Due serially May 1 1928 to 1932, incl. 23,400 Road dist. No. 62-B bonds. Due serially May 1 1928 to 1932, incl. 23,000 Road dist. No. 17 bonds. Due serially May 1 1928 to 1932, incl. Date June 1 1927. Rate not given.

SALEM, Essex County, Mass.—LOAN OFFERING.—Charles G. Coker, City Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. (daylight saving time) June 14 for the purchase on a discount basis of a \$400.000 temporary loan. Denom. \$25,000. \$10.000 and \$5,000. Due Nov. 7 1927. The Old Colony Trust Co. will supervise the engraving of the bonds, and the legality will be approved by Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston.

SALEM, Marion County, Ore.—BOND SALE.—Peirce, Fair & Co. of Portland, recently purchased an issue of \$34,050 41/4% district interest bonds, at 101.67.

SALT LAKE CITY, Salt Lake County, Utah.—BIDS REJECTED.—All b ds were rejected for the \$1,000,000 certificates of indebtedness offered on June 8—V. 124, p. 3247. They will be re-offered.

on June 8—V. 124, p. 3247. They will be re-offered.

SARASOTA, Sarasota County, Fla.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed blds will be received by H. I. Southwick, City Clerk, until 8 p. m. June 27 for \$237,000 6% impt bonds. Date May 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due May 1 as follows: \$10.000, 1928; \$15.000, 1929; \$20.000, 1930; \$22,000, 1931; \$25.000, 1932 and 1933; and \$30,000, 1934 to 1937, incl. Prin. and int. payable at the Hanover National Bank, N. Y. City. A certified check for \$3,000 is required. Legality approved by Caldwell & Raymond of New York City.

SARASOTA COUNTY SPECIAL TAX SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 (P. O. Sarasota), Fla.—BoND SALE.—The \$40,000 6% school bonds offered Feb. 14—V. 124, p. 543—were awarded to the G. B. Sawyers Co. and the Barnett National Bank, both of Jacksonville, jointly, at 99.10, a basis of about 7.09%. Date Sept. 1 1926. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1929 to 1950, incl., and \$3,000, 1951 to 1956, incl.

SAULSBURY SCHOOL DISTRICT, Hardeman County, Tenn.—BOND SALE.—Little, Wooten & Co. of Jackson was recently awarded an issue of \$10,000 6% school bonds. Date April 1 1927. Due April 1 1947.

SHELBY, Richland County, Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The \$6,350 6% special assessment improvement bonds offered on Feb. 26—V. 124, p. 825—were awarded to W. L. Slayton & Co. of Toledo. Date Dec. 1 1926. Due Dec. 1 as follows: \$500,, 1928; and \$650, 1929 to 1937, incl.

SILVER LAKE (P. O. Cuyahoga Falls), O.—BOND SALE.—The following two issues of 5½% coupon special assessment bonds aggregating \$286,882.55 offered on May 31—V. 124, p. 2954—were awarded to George W. York & Co. of Cleveland, at a premium of \$3,826, equal to 100.36, a basis of about 5.43%;
\$285,778.55 street improvement bonds. Denom. \$1,000, except one for \$778.55. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$28,000, 1928; \$29,000, 1930; \$29,000, 1931; \$28,000, 1932; \$29,000, 1933 and 1934; \$28,000, 1935; \$29,000, 1936, and \$28,778.55, 1937. 1,104.00 Kenton Ave. sewer bonds. Denom. \$110, except one for \$114. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$110, 1928 to 1936 incl., and \$114, 1937. Date May 15 1927.

SIOUX FALLS, Minnehaha County, So. Dak.—BOND SALE.—The \$100,000 ser es B sewer extension bonds offered on June 8—V. 124, p. 3252—were awarded to the Minnesota Loan & Trust Co. of Minneapolis and the Security National Bank of Sioux Falls, jointly, as 4½ at a premium of \$1.209, equal to 101.209, a basis of about 4.35%. Due \$5,000 1928 to 1947, inclusive.

SNOHOMISH COUNTY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 7 (P. O. Everett), Wash,—BOND SALE.—A. L. Whillhite, was recently awarded an issue of \$3,500 drainage bonds at 100.14.

SOCORRO COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 36 (P. O. Socorro), N. Mex.—BOND OFFERING.—Scaled bids will be received by the District Clerk until 10 a. m. June 27 for \$7,500 6% school bonds. Date June 1 1927. Due in 1937; optional after 1932. A certified check for 5% of the bid is required.

SOUTH AMBOY, Middlesex County, N. J.—BOND OFFERING.—George A. Kress, City Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 12 m. (day-light saving time) June 22 for an issue of 5% coupon or registered improvement bonds not to exceed \$31,000, no more bonds to be awarded than will produce a premium of \$1,000 over \$31,000. Dated June 15 1927. Due June 15 as follows: \$2,000, 1929 to 1936 incl., and \$3,000, 1937 to 1941 incl. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable at the office of the above mentioned official. A certified check, payable to the city for 2% of the bonds offered, is required. Legality approved by Caldwell & Raymond of N. Y. City.

SOUTHERN KERN COUNTY UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Bakersfield), Kern County, Calif.—BOND OFFERING.—F. E. Smith, County Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. June 13 for \$10.000 6% coupon school bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000. 1928 to 1937, incl. Prin. and int. (M. & M.), payable at the County Treasurer's office. A certified check for 10% of the bid, payable to the above-named official is required.

STEELTON, Dauphin County, Pa.—BOND OFFERING,—H. R. Rupp, Borough Secretary, will receive sealed bids until 4 p. m. (Eastern standard time) June 22 for the following two issues of 4)4 % bonds aggregating \$35,000: \$20,000 street improvement bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$2,000 July 1 1928 to 1937 incl.

15,000 sewerage system bonds. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500. Due July 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1928; \$500, 1929; \$2,000, 1930; \$500, 1931; \$2.000, 1932: \$500, 1933; \$2.000, 1937; \$2.000, 1938, and \$500. 1939.

Dated July 1 1927. Principal payable at the Borough Treasurer's office and interest payable at the Steelton National Bank, Steelton. A certified check, payable to the Borough Treasurer for 2% of the bonds offered, is required.

SUGARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, Fort Bendounty, Tex.—BONDS REGISTERED.—The State Comptroller registed on June 2 the following two issues of 5% bonds aggregating \$30,000

SUGAR VALLEY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT, Gordon County, Ga.—BOND OFFERING.—T. W. Malone, Secretary-Treasurer, Board of Education, will receive sealed bids until June 15 for \$10,000 51/2% school bonds. Date July 1 1927.

SUMTER COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 32 (P. O. Sumter), So. Caro.—BOND SALE.—The \$55,000 5½% school bonds offered on March 15—V. 124, p. 1406—were awarded to the Peoples Securities Co. of Charleston at 103.77, a basis of about 5.03%. Date Jan. 1 1927. Due Jan. 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1928 to 1932, incl. and \$3,000, 1933 to 1947, incl.

SUNNYSIDE, Yakima County, Wash.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by K. H. Stone, City Clerk until June 10 for \$20,000 sewer bonds. These are the bonds scheduled for sale on Nov. 12.—V.123, p. 206.

SYRACUSE, Onondaga County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—H. W. Osborn, City Comptroller, will receive sealed bids until 1 p. m. June 17 for the following four issues of coupon or registered bonds, aggregating \$1,265.000, not to exceed 5%: \$840.000 local impt. bonds. Due \$84,000 July 15 1928 to 1937, incl. 380.000 street reimpt. bonds. Due \$3,000 July 15 1928 to 1937, incl. 30.000 sewer bonds. Due \$3,000 July 15 1928 to 1937, incl. 15.000 local impts. (sidewalks). Due \$3,000 July 15 1928 to 1932, incl. Date July 15 1927. Denoms. to suit purchaser. Rate of int. to be in multiples of ¼ of 1%. Prin. and int. (J. & J. 15) payable in gold at the Equitable Trust Co., N. Y. C. A certified check payable to the Comptroller, for 2% of bid, is required. Legality approved by Caldwell & Raymond of N. Y. City.

Financial Statement.

TEXAS, State of (P. O. Austin).—BONDS REGISTERED.—The State Comptroller registered for the week ending June 4 the following 7 issues of bonds:

Amt.	Name and Purpose. Rate.	Maturity.	Date.	od
\$20,000	Corpus Christi, gas plant5%	Serially.	May	
11.970	Ford Bend County, bridge 51/2 %	Serially	May	
6,000	Angelina Com. S. D. No. 24	Serially	June	2
3,500	Wheeler & Collingsworth C. S. D.		_	
	No. 275%	Serially	June	2
1,200	Cherokee Com. S. D. No. 425%	20-Year	June	2
1,000	Wheeler Com. S. D. No. 205%	Serially	June	2
700	Cherokee Com. S. D. No. 42 5% Wheeler Com. S. D. No. 20 5% Cherokee Com. S. D. No. 65 5%	20-Year	June	2

TIMPSON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT. Shelby County, ex.—BOND SALE.—An issue of \$10,000 5% school bonds has been warded to the State Board of Education at par.

TROY, Miami County, Ohio.—BIDS.—The following is the official list of other bids submitted for the \$100.000 5% coupon hospital bonds awarded on May 28 to Prudden & Co. of Toledo at a premium of \$5,970, equal to 105.97, a basis of about 4.35%:

Bidder—

Premium.

equai to 105.97, a basis of about 4.35%:

Bidder—**

First Citizens Corp., Columbus

First National Co., Detroit.

1.083.00

**First National Co., Cleveland.*

4.666.00

A. T. Bell & Co., Toledo.*

**First National Co., Cleveland.*

**Weil, Roth & Irving, Cincinnati.*

5.111.11

**Weil, Roth & Irving, Cincinnati.*

5.113.00

Ryan, Sutherland & Co., Toledo.*

**Ayro.00

Ryan, Sutherland & Co., Toledo.*

**Ayro.00

Ryan, Sutherland & Co., Toledo.*

**Ayro.00

**Ayro.00

**Ayro.00

**Ayro.00

**Ayro.00

**Ayro.00

**Ayro.00

**Ayro.00

**Ayro.00

**Co., Cleveland.*

5.066.00

Otis & Co., Cleveland.*

5.140.00

**Stranahan, Harris & Oatis, Toledo.*

**Stranahan, Harris & Oatis, Toledo.*

**Stranahan, Harris & Oatis, Toledo.*

**Ayro.00

**Stranahan, Harris & Oatis, Toledo.*

TUCKAHOE, Westchester County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—*The

TUCKAHOE, Westchester County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—The \$41,500 coupon or registered general impt. bonds offered on June 8—V. 124, p. 3252—were awarded to George B. Gibbons & Co. of New York City, as 4\frac{1}{2}8, at 100.15. a basis of about 4.47%. Date June 1 1927. Due as follows: \$5,000. 1928 to 1932, incl., \$4,000, 1933 and 1934; \$3,500, 1935; \$1,000, 1936 to 1939, incl., and \$500, 1940 and 1941.

TRUMBULL COUNTY (P. O. Warren), O.—BOND OFFERING.—David H. Thomas, Clerk Board of County Commissioners, will receive sealed bids until 1 p. m. June 23, for \$16,900 434% road bonds. Date March 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000, except one for \$900. Due April 1 as follows: \$900, 1928; \$1,000, 1929 to 1934, incl. and \$2,000, 1936. Interest payable A. & O. A certified check for \$1,000 payable to the County Treasurer, is required.

TWO RIVERS, Manitowoc County, Wis.—BOND SALE.—The \$150.000 414% bridge bonds offered on June 3—V. 124, p. 3252—were awarded to the East Wisconsin Trust Co. at 102.21, a basis of abour 4.23%. Date Feb. 1 1927. Due Feb. 1 as follows: \$7,000, 1928 to 1937, incl., and \$8,000, 1938 to 1947, incl.

TYBEE, Chatham County, Ga.—BOND SALE.—The \$22,000 5% electric distribution system bonds offered on May 31—V. 124, p. 3252—were awarded to the Citizens & Souther Co. of Atlanta at a premium of \$350 equal to 101.59, a basis of about 4.87%. Date June 1 1927. Due \$1.000, June 1 1936 to 1957, incl.

v UNION, Union County, So. Caro.—BOND SALE.—The following four issues of bonds, aggregating \$125,000, were recently sold: \$85,000 current bonds.

15,000 fire district water main bonds.

10,000 water and light bonds.

UNION ROAD DISTRICT (P. O. Middleboro), Tyler County, W. Va.—BOND SALE.—The State Compensation Commission has been awarded an issue of \$75,000 road bonds at par.

UPLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT, Delaware County, Pa.—BOND SALE.—The \$54,000 4½% coupon school bonds offered on June 6—V. 124, p. 3110—were awarded to A. B. Leach & Co.. Inc. of Philadelphia, at 105.76, a basis of about 4.05%. Date April 1 1927. Due April 1 1957.

VANDERBURGH COUNTY (P. O. Evansville), Ind.—BOND OFFER-ING.—Chris Kratz, County Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. June 25 for \$7.300 4½% road bonds. Denom. \$365. Due \$365 May 15 and Nov. 15 1928 to 1937, Incl.

WALKER TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3 (P. O. Grand Rapids), R. F. D. No. 7, Mich.—BOND SALE.—An issue of \$16,000 5% school bonds has been disposed of locally at par.

WARREN, Worcester County, Mass.—NOTE SALE.—The \$40,000 notes offered on June 6—V. 124, p. 3393—were awarded to the Old Colony Corp. of Boston on a 3.725% discount basis. Due Nov. 25 1927.

WARREN (P. O. Jordanville), Herkimer County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—Clark, Williams & Co. of New York City were awarded at public auction on June 7 an issue of \$24,600 4\frac{1}{2}\% coupon or registered highway bonds at a premium of \$366.54, equal to 101.49, a basis of about 4.35\%. Dated May 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000, except one for \$600. Due May 1 as follows: \$600, 1928, and \$1,000, 1929 to 1952 incl. Prin. and int. (M. & S.) payable at the National Mohawk Valley Bank, Mohawk. Legality approved by Clay, Dillon & Vandewater of New York City.

WATERBURY, New Haven County, Conn.—BOND OFFERING.—Thomas P. Kelly, Clty Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 7 p. m. (standard time) June 24 for the following three issues of coupon or registered bonds aggregating \$625,000:

\$300.000 4% 20th series, water bonds. Date Jan. 15 1927. Due \$10.000 Jan. 15 1928 to 1957, incl.

225,000 44% 1927 series, permanent paving bonds. Date Jan. 15 1927. Due Jan. 15 as follows: \$24,000 1928 to 1936, incl., and \$9,000 1937.

100,000 4% 19th series, water bonds. Date July 15 1927. Due \$10,000 July 15 1957 to 1966, incl.

Denom. \$1,000. Principal and interest payable at the First National Bank, Boston. The First National Bank will supervise the preparation of the bonds and will certify as to the genuineness of the signatures of the officials and the seal impressed thereon. A certified check payable to the City Treasurer for 1% of the bid, is required. Legality to be approved by Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston.

WATERTOWN. Middlessy. County. Mass.—LOAN OFFERING.—

WATERTOWN, Middlesex County, Mass.—LOAN OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by the City Treasurer, for the purchase on a discount basis a \$200,000 temporary loan. Due \$100,000 Dec. 15 1927 and Jan. 20 1928.

WATHENA, Doniphan County, Kan.—BONDS REGISTERED.—An issue of \$39,347 $4\,\%$ sewer bonds was registered by the State Auditor during March.

WAUPUN, Fond du Lac County, Wis.—BOND SALE.—An issue of \$40,000 sewage disposal plant bonds was recently sold as 4¼s. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$500. Due Jan. 2 as follows: \$1,000 1932 to 1934, incl.; \$2,000 1935 and 1936, \$3,000 1937, \$4,000 1938, \$5,000 1939, \$7,000 1940, \$8,000 1941 and \$6,000 1942.

WAYNE SCHOOL TOWNSHIP, Owen County, Ind.—BOND SALE.—The \$36,200 4½% school-house bonds offered on May 31 (V. 124, p. 3110) were awarded to the Fletcher-American Co. of Indianapolis at a premium of \$1,213, equal to 103.39%. Date May 1 1927. Due serially 1929 to 1949, incl.

WEBB (P. O. Thendara), Herkimer County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—Sherwood & Merrifield of New York City were awarded at public auction on June 7 an issue of \$27,000 4\% \% highway bonds at a premium of \$189, equal to 100.70, a basis of about 4.37 \%. Dated May 1 1927. Due \$3,000 May 1 1929 to 1937 incl.

WELD COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Greeley), Colo.—BOND SALE.—An issue of \$10,000 gymnasium and auditorium bonds was recently sold as 41/4s.

WELLSBORO, Tioga County, Pa.—BOND SALE.—The Soldiers & Sailors Memorial Hospital, has purchased an issue of \$8,000 4½% sewer system bonds at 101, a basis of about 4.44%. Dated Dec. 15, 1926. Denom. \$500. Due in 1955.

WELLSBURG SCHOOL DISTRICT, Brooke County, W. Va.—BOND OFFERING.—J. A. Gist, Secretary Board of Education, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. June 14 for \$45,000 4½ or 4¾% refunding bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. as desired. Due serially July 1 1930 to 1960, incl. Principal and interest payable at the State Treasurer's office or at any agency that is appointed. A certified check for 2% of the bid is required.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY (P. O. White Plains), N. Y.—NOTE SALE.—The First National Bank of Mount Vernon was awarded \$3,100,490 park and road notes on June 6 on a 3.75% discount basis, plus a premium of \$150. Date June 8 1927. Due June 8 1928.

WHITEVILLE, Hardeman County, Tenn.—BOND SALE.—Little, Wooten & Co. of Jackson has been awarded an issue of \$20,000 5 1/4 % water works bonds. Date June 1 1927. Due \$2,000, June 1 1943 to 1952 incl.

williamson, Mingo County, W. Va.—BOND OFFERING.—Geo. W. Sharp, Secretary State Sinking Fund Commission, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. June 13 at his office in Charleston for \$185,000 5% coupon street improvement and water works bonds. Date June 1 1926. Denom. \$1,000. Due June 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1948; \$12,000, 1949 and 1950; \$13,000, 1951 and 1952; \$14,000, 1953; \$15,000, 1954 and 1955; \$16,000, 1956; \$17,000, 1957; \$18,000, 1958; \$19,000, 1959, and \$20,000 1960. Principal and interest (J. & D.), payable in gold at the State Treasurer's office or at the National City Bank, N. Y. City. A certified check for 2% of the par value of the bonds, payable to the State is required. Legality approved by Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of New York City.

Financial Statement.

Assessed valuation

**\$11,332,786

Assessed valuation \$11,332,786
Total debt (including this issue) 567,000
Population (1920 census), 6,819.

WOODLYNNE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P.O. Camden), N. J.—BOND OFFERING.—A. H. Cox, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. June 28 for \$40,000 5% school bonds. Date July 1 1927. Denom. \$1,000. Due as follows: 2,000, 1929 to 1945 incl., and \$3,000, 1946 and 1947. The amount of the issue authorized is \$40,000, the successful bidder will be compelled to pay that amount and state the amount of bonds taken off. A certified check, payable to the Board of Education, for 2% of the bonds offered is required.

2% of the bonds offered is required.

WORCESTER COUNTY (P. O. Worcester), Mass.—TEMPORARY
LOAN.—Salomon Bros. & Hutzler of Boston were awarded a \$150,000
temporary loan on June 6 on a 3.69% discount basis, plus a premium of \$4.

WYANDOT COUNTY (P. O. Upper Sandusky), Ohio.—BOND
SALE.—The \$3,794.22 5% road improvement No. 139 bonds offered on
Feb. 19 (V. 124, p. 958) were awarded to the Citizens Savings Bank of
Upper Sandusky. Dated Feb. 1 1927. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$419.22,
1928, and \$375, 1929 to 1937 incl.

WYANDOTTE COUNTY (P. O. Kansas City), Kan.—BOND SALE
—The \$25,600 4½% special assessment improvement bonds offered on
June 2 (V. 124, p. 3110) were awarded at 101.007, a basis of about 4.35%.
Date April 1 1927. Due April 1 as follows: \$600, 1928; \$1,000, 1929 to
1931 incl., and \$2,000, 1932 to 1942 incl.

WYANDOTTE COUNTY (P. O. Kansas City), Kan.—BONDS REG-

WYANDOTTE COUNTY (P. O. Kansas City), Kan.—BONDS REGISTERED.—The State Auditor registered during March an issue of \$44,700

Auditor registered during March an issue of \$44,700 and bonds.

WYANDOTTE COUNTY (P. O. Kansas City), Kan.—BOND OFFER-ING.—William Beggs, County Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. June 20 for the following two issues of 4½% coupon road bonds, aggregating \$134,400:
\$115,700 special impt. road bonds. Due July 1 as follows: \$6,700, 1928; \$7,000, 1929 to 1931, Incl., and \$8,000, 1932 to 1942, incl. 18,700 special impt. road bonds. Due July 1 as follows: \$700, 1928; \$1,000, 1929 to 1938, incl., and \$2,000, 1939 to 1942, incl. Date July 1 1927. Principal and interest (J. & J.) payable at the State to the Chairman Board of County Commissioners, is required.

YAKIMA, Yakima County, Wash.—BOND SALE.—The \$150,000 grade crossing elimination bonds offered on June 6—V. 124, p. 2799—were awarded to Cantril, Richards & Bloom, Spokane and Richard Ross & Co. of Yakima, jointly, as 4½s at 100.28, a basis of about 4.23%. Date July 1 1927. Due serially, 1929 to 1957, inclusive.

YAKIMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 14 (P. O. Yakima), Wash.—BOND OFFERING.—Still White, County Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until June 25 for \$35,000 not exceeding 6% school bonds. Date July 1 1927.

YELLOWSTONE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3 (P. O. Billings), Mont.—BOND OFFERING.—Mrs. Elizabeth Wildon, District Clerk (Box 659, Billings) will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. June 28 for \$2.000 6% serial or amortization school bonds. Date June 1 1927. A certified check for \$200 is required.

YELLOWSTONE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 (P. O. Laurel), Mont.—BOND OFFERING.—E. L. Fenton, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. June 25 for \$10,000 6% school bonds. Date July 1 1927. Due in 1947: optional after 1937. A certified check for \$1,000 is required. These are the bonds offered in V. 124, p. 3393, when erroneously captioned "South Laurel School District."

ZAVALLA SCHOOL DISTRICT, Angelina County, Texas.—BOND SALE.—An issue of \$20,000 school bonds was recently sold. Due serially.

CANADA, its Provinces and Municipalities.

BARTON TOWNSHIP (P. O. Hamilton), Ont.—BOND SALE.—The \$7,000 5% 10-year straight debentures offered on June 6—V. 124, p. 3253—were awarded to C. B. Burgess & Co. of Toronto at 103.41, ab asis of about 5.06%.

about 5.06%.

BOURGET TOWNSHIP, Que.—BOND OFFERING.—E. Harvey, Sec.-Treas., will receive sealed bids until 12 m. June 21 for \$25,000 5% 30-year serial bonds. The bonds are dated Sept. 1 1926, and are payable in Jonquiere, Quebec and Montreal.

COURTENEY, B. C.—BOND SALE.—The following two issues of 5% bonds, aggregating \$18,000, were awarded to D. M. Sullivan & Co. of Vancouver at 96.25, a basis of about 5.31%:
\$10,000 electric light bonds.

8,000 school bonds.
The following is a list of other bids submitted:
Bidder—
Royal Financial Corporation

KITCHENER, Ont.—BOND SALE.—The Dominion Bank of Canada was awarded an issue of \$228,709 5% local improvement bonds at 160.39.

The following is a complete list of other bids submitted for the bonds:

Bidder—

Rate Bid.

R. C. Matthews & Co. 100.29 | Waterloo Tr. & Savs. Bank 99.79

A. E. Ames & Co. 100.13 | Dyment, Anderson & Co. 99.65

R. A. Daly & Co. 99.94 | Wood, Gundy & Co. 99.65

R. A. Daly & Co. 99.94 | Wood, Gundy & Co. 99.60

MOOSE JAW, Sask.—BY-LAW APPROVED.—The ratepayers recently approved a by-law for the purpose of issuing \$125,000 hospital bonds.

NEPEAN TOWNSHIP, Ont.—BOND OFFERING.—John Gamble, Treasurer, will receive scaled bids until 2 p. m. June 17 for \$38.441 5% 20-installment bonds. Dated June 1 1927.

PORT ROWAN, Ont.—BOND SALE.—Harris, MacKenna & Co. of Toronto have purchased an issue of \$11,000 6% coupon hydro-electric bonds at 106.85, a basis of about 5.13%. Due in 20 equal annual installments.

POINT GREY, B. C.—BOND DESCRIPTION.—The \$586,400 5% onds purchased by Wood, Gundy & Co., Toronto, and Pemberton & ons, Vancouver, jointly, at 99.02 are described as follows:
432,500 impt. bonds.
50,000 impt. bonds.
Due Feb. 1 1967.
50,000 impt. bonds.
Due Feb. 1 1947.
42,100 impt. bonds.
Due Jan. 2 1927.
11,800 impt. bonds.
Due Jan. 2 1937.

PECIAL Section 100 preserver.

REGINA, Sask.—BOND OFFERING.—D. D. Ross, City Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. Jure 21 for the following four issues of 5% sinking fund debentures aggregating \$379,000: \$200,000 general hospital bonds. Due in 1957. 155,000 Collegiate Extension bonds. Due in 1957. 14,000 water house connections and meters bonds. Due in 1947. 10,000 sewer house connections. Due in 1957. Dated June 1 1927. The hospital expenditure has been authorized and the others are offered subject to the passing of the by-laws.

ST. BENOIT, Ouebec.—BOND SALE.—The \$13,400 5% improvement bonds offered on June 5—V. 124, p. 3253—were awarded to Bray, Caron & Dube of Quebec at 98.42. Dated March 10 1927. Denom. \$1,000, \$500 and \$100. Due serially Jan. 2 1949 to 1957, incl. Interest payable J. & J.

J. & J.

ST. EDOUARD DE FRASERVILLE, Ont.—BOND OFFERING.—
J. Lebel, Secretary-Treasurer, of School Commission, will receive sealed bids until 5 p. m. June 15 for \$37,500 5% seven-year serial bonds. Dated Nov. 1 1926. Denom. \$500. The bonds are payable in Riviere du Loup Montreal and Quebec.

SASKATCHEWAN, Sask.—BOND DESCRIPTION.—The proceeds of the sale of \$2,471,000 4½% 30-year provincial bonds awarded to Wood, Gundy & Co. of Toronto and the Royal Bank of Canada, Montreal, jointly, at 98.11, a basis of about 4.62% (V. 124, p. 3394), will be used for the following purposes:
\$1.019,000 telephone bonds.
1,159,000 road bonds.
293,000 for public buildings.
Dated June I 1927. Due 1957. The bonds were offered to the public at 99 and accrued interest.

DEBENTURES REPORTED SOLD.—The following is a list of debentures

Dated June 1 1927. Due 1937. The bonds were offered to the public at 99 and accrued interest.

DEBENTURES REPORTED SOLD.—The following is a list of debentures reported sold by the Local Government Board, aggregating \$8,300: School Districts: Amethyst, \$1,500 5½% 15-years, to Regina Public School Sliking Fund; Birsay, \$5,000 5½% 15-years, to Houston, Willoughby & Co.

Village of Bienfait, \$1,800 6% 10-years, to Nay & James.

AUTHORIZATIONS.—The following is a list of authorizations granted by the Local Government Board from May 7 to 14: School Districts: Masseppa, \$2,000 not exceeding 6% 10-installments; Lakeburg, \$3,800 not exceeding 7% 15-installments: Netchie Hill, \$1,150 not exceeding 7% 10-installments; Indian Hill, \$3,500 not exceeding 7% 15-years; Bunnydale, \$2,000 not exceeding 6½% 12-years, Ridgedale Village, \$1,500 not exceeding 7% 10-installments; Eirose, \$12,000 not exceeding 6% 15-years; Trossache, \$3,000 not exceeding 6% 10-installments; Fox, \$2,700 not exceeding 7% 15-years.

Villages: Montmarte, \$2,000 6% 10-installments; Woodrow, \$4,000 6% 10-installments.

Cities: Regina, \$6,600 5% 5-years; Moose Jaw, \$9,627 5% 30-years.

WAINWRIGHT, Alta.—BOND OFFERING.—H. Y. Pawling, Secre-

WAINWRIGHT, Alta.—BOND OFFERING.—H. Y. Pawling. Secretary-Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. June 15 for \$100,000 series A refunding bonds. Denom. \$1,000.

WATERDOWN, Ont.—BY-LAW PASSED.—At an election held recently the ratepayers approved the issuance of \$60,000 bonds to be used for high schools.

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The First National Bank of Dolores, located at The Town of Dolores, in the State of Colorado, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for

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RAILWAY EARNINGS

SECTION OF THE

COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL CHRONICLE

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VOL. 124.

NEW YORK, JUNE 11, 1927.

NO. 3233.

HIS entire publication is devoted to a presentation of the reports of earnings and expenses of United States railroads for the latest month (April) and for the calendar year to date, including said month. The table embraces every steam operating railroad in the country which is obliged to make monthly reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission at Washington. Returns are now required only from carriers whose railway operating revenues, or gross earnings, exceed \$1,000,000 per annum.

Sworn Returns. The figures are a transcript of the sworn returns on file at Washington. They have the further advantage of uniformity of method and classification. Every company is obliged to make up its returns on the same basis and in the same way as every other company.

Cour Specialty.

The "Chronicle" has always made a specialty of weekly and monthly reports of railroad earnings, and for nearly fifty years its weekly and monthly summaries have been everywhere accepted as authoritative.

The present publication is in continuation of this work.

Full Details. These Inter-State Commerce returns also make it possible for us to present full details of both the revenues and expenses. Besides showing total gross earnings, we indicate separately the passenger and the freight revenues. In the case of the expenditures we report the outlays for both maintenance of way and maintenance of equipment as well as the traffic and transportation expenses. We also show the railway tax accruals and the net earnings after the deductions of such taxes and also the deduction of the comparatively trifling item of uncollectible railway revenues. In addition, we indicate the net earnings remaining after the deduction of certain rents, namely equipment rents and joint facility rents. We conclude by giving the miles operated on which the earnings are based.

Cents Discarded. The cents we have necessarily been obliged to discard altogether, and if in any case the results should happen to vary a dollar, one way or the other, from exact proof, the reason for the variance will be found in that circumstance.

Company Returns at the end to show also the figures issued by the companies themselves, where they are made up on a basis different from that of the Commerce Commission returns, or where they give additional items of information, or where, as sometimes happens, figures are issued by the companies in consolidated form, so as to show results for the system as a whole, instead of each constituent road separately.

Other Returns Continued.

The matter contained in this extra and novel publication is entirely additional to the comprehensive reports of earnings we furnish in the "Chronicle" from week to week. All the returns of the leading in the "Chronicle" as soon as received. But in addition we issue once a month—say about the 15th—this special publication, furnishing a sort of compendium of earnings in which we bring together all the returns for the latest month which are available.

Only for Subscribers.

As in the case of our numerous other Supplements or "Sections," all of which are expensive publications, the "Railway Earnings Section" will be furnished only to "Chronicle" subscribers. These sible to obtain copies in any other way, as none will be printed for general sale.

WILLIAM B. DANA COMPANY, PUBLISHERS NEW YORK

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136-138-140 FRONT STREET

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REVENUE RETURNS OF

UNITED STATES RAILROADS

FOR APRIL AND FOR THE FOUR MONTHS ENDING WITH APRIL.

In the following we furnish detailed figures of earnings and expenses for April 1927, as compared with April 1926, and also for the four months ending with April in two years of every steam railroad in the United States which is obliged to file monthly returns of earnings and expenses with the Inter-State Commerce Commission at Washington.

It should be understood, however, that the Inter-State Commerce Commission now requires monthly reports only from roads whose gross railway operating revenues exceed \$1,000,000 per annum. Prior to the taking over of the roads by the Government, or, to be strictly accurate, prior to the call for the March 1918 reports, monthly returns were required from all carriers having railway operating revenues in excess of \$100,000 per annum.

In the closing page of this publication—page 14—we also give the *Company* returns where these differ in any way from the Commerce Commission returns or embrace more facts than are contained in the latter.

way from the Co	ommerce	Commis	sion retu	rns or e	mbrace r	nore fac	ts than	are cont	ained in	the latte	er.	
1	Akron (Canton &	Younge	town		Ann A	rbor	1		Baltimore		
EARNINGS.		April			-Month of 1827.		-Jan. 1 to .	April 30— 1926.		ncludes Co		April 30-
Freight revenue	233,300	255,606	1,020,457	989,744	459,287	445.816	1,760,432	1.743,310	1: 27.	1926. 15.829.045 6	1927. 35,674,739	1926. 63,001.742
Passenger revenue	216	432	1,150	1,606	18,831	28.326	84,633	105,181	2,101,255	2,206,047	7,937,265	8,418,683 76,178,843
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	$\substack{246,267 \\ 40,632}$	$269,255 \\ 53,124 \\ 30,392$	$1,063,854 \\ 156,363$	$1.040,639 \\ 194,591$	492,500 49,041	$488.811 \\ 46.937$	1,899,847 $188,032$	141.059	2.480,293 $4.311.330$	2,308,399	9,471,520	9,228,630
Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses	$\frac{35,889}{13,152}$	12,758	131,637 $44,808$	$115,650 \\ 47,297$	$103,425 \\ 12,368 \\ 182,274$	102,647 $12,824$	$392,060 \\ 49,542$	402,495 45,800	452,995	403,989	1,784,911	18,096,673 1,577,923
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	74,860 179,619	77,004 190,855	311,739 706,758	729,867	361,157	381,020	770,400 $1,446,232$	826,858 1,471,884	$\frac{6,830,657}{14,901,711}$	$\frac{6,719,390}{14,832,947} \stackrel{2}{6}$		$28,381,844 \\ 60,056,452$
Net from railroad	66,648	78,400	357,096	310,772	131,343	107,791	453,615	430,895	5,039,551	4,499,636	7,751.180 4,148,201	
Uncollectible revenue.	20,400	$\frac{19,150}{17}$	81,600 30	74,350	23,900 6	$\frac{23,200}{3}$	$94,900 \\ 38$	92,800	$\frac{1,087,577}{3,853}$	881,778 3,317	10,445	14,349
Net after taxes, &c.	46,243	59,233	275,466 152,400	235,676	91,804	84,588 69,628	358,677 283,417	338,038 278,793	$\frac{3,948,121}{3,694,022}$	3,614,541	3,592,534	
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	$16,229 \\ 171$	28,497 171	171	108,208 171	293	293	283,417	293	5,322	5,328	5,320	5,326
	Ala	bama &	Vicksbur	g			West Poin		B &	O Chica	go Termi	nal
EARNINGS.				11	Month of 1927.	1926	1927.	April 30— 1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
Freight revenue				il	173,232	170,384	663,448	654.664				
Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev.					$\frac{59,190}{267,465}$	$\frac{66,797}{268,424}$	248,913 1,037,604	275,792 1,057,830	315,596	297,479	1,239,349	1,153,784
Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't.	N7		:- V		41,199 44,970	34,987 48,015	$116.432 \\ 176.697$	156,554 $181,070$	35,531 34,163	$\frac{35,600}{29,403}$	$149,702 \\ 164,307$	130.037 125.271
Traffic expenses Transportation exp_		included Mississipp		o a	11,808 95,088	$\frac{11.436}{94.527}$	47,660 379,540	$\frac{43.717}{382,479}$	2.137 155,118	1,862 160.187	$9,104 \\ 662,031$	$\begin{array}{r} 7.634 \\ 654,852 \end{array}$
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.		wississipp	or valley		214,632	206,057	796,876	829,582	245,914	246,340	1,068,826	980,839
Net from railroad Taxes					52,833 17,469	62,367 $14,644$	$\begin{array}{c} 240.728 \\ 65.823 \end{array}$	$\frac{228,248}{58,870}$	69,682 60,715	51.139 50.099	$\frac{170,523}{200,556}$	172,945 184,954
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.					35,279	39 47,684	2,057	224 169,154	8,967	1,040	-30,033	$\frac{35}{-12,044}$
Net after rents					19,831	38,484	172,848 114,834	117,883	113,125	87,177	357,509	377,386
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	Atchicon	Ton &	Santa Fa	Sustam	93	93	93	93	75	80	75	80
BADMINGS	Atch Month o	Top &	ka & Santa	Fe	Atlanta Month of	April-	gham & Jan. 1 to	April 30-	-Month		-Jan. 1 to	April 30-
EARNINGS.	1927.	1926.	-Jan. 1 to 1927.	1926. 41.339,449	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1627.	1926. \$ 2,297.696
Freight revenue Passenger revenue	2,960,856		13,064,411	12,623,173	375,227 29,248	$\frac{383,845}{36,885}$	1,496,498 $127,000$	1,623,397 $161,816$	669,094 72,307	509.588 83,480	$2,855,767 \\ 322,113$	310,335
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	3.383.987	2.933.455	9.599.257	58,835,772 8,430,493	445,922 98,789	475,631 106,417	1,785,290 $434,529$	1,983,931 $406,301$	769.423 114.772	$621.326 \\ 71.578$	3,284,675 $439,528$	2,703,203 $414,557$
Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses	3,328,274 398,374	$3,125,991 \\ 362,249$	$13.027.587 \\ 1.679.368$	$12.378.048 \\ 1.425.110$	98.789 88.142 28.090	98,222 25,906	$\frac{339,001}{112,035}$	$\frac{376,187}{106,755}$	126.633 5.144	$137.193 \\ 6.058$	$501,022 \\ 20,272$	516.977 19.935
Transportation exp. Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	4,956,163	$\frac{4,807,937}{11,559,021}$	20,280,120	Management Assessment Control	170,269	177,447	701,132	724,302	165,387	157,871	776,305	$\frac{713,636}{1,773,738}$
Net from railroad	3,735,551	3,313,999	18.218.263	15,720,549	413,232 32,690	437,523 38,108	78.197	$\frac{1,733,961}{249,970}$	437,884 331,539	$\frac{399,437}{221,889}$	1,843,745 $1,440,930$	929,465
Taxes	1,155,359 4,735	$^{1,136,125}_{2,933}$	5,296,532 11,475	$4,954,851 \\ 9,965$	14,105 440	13,550 336	56,424 1,094	54,263 1,508	64,759		276,228	209,594 76
Net after taxes, &c.	$\frac{2,575,456}{2,620,830}$	2,174,941	$\frac{12,910,256}{12,861,320}$	10,755,733	18,145	24,222	20,679	194,199	266,780	172,482	1,164,693	719,795
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	9,422	9,219	9,398	9,219	639	$^{4,837}_{639}$	$-43,482 \\ 639$	$97,844 \\ 639$	265,486 613	173,112 615	1,208,215 613	788,367 615
		of April-	-Jan. 1 to		Month		ic City	4	Bel	t Railway	of Chie	ago
EARNINGS.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	Month o	1926.	-Jan. 1 to 1927.	April 30— 1926.	1927.	of April— 1926.	1927.	1926.
Freight revenue	2,097,074 214,846	$\substack{1,581,059\\215,092}$	10,574,116	6,895,002	144,938	131,406	524.313	508,429				
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	2.453.758	1.924.273	$\frac{896,212}{12,001,272}$	893,621 8,306,692	139,435 309,933	161,851 312,407	1,039,814	1.109.897	600.369	595,953	2,353,182	2,350,730 169,860
Maint, of equipm't	687,257 577,308	561,492 438,337 50,023 725,637	2,233,569 $2,492,786$	$\substack{1,949,121\\1,825,445\\203,066}$	109,522 24,092	312,407 74,728 30,856	396,615 119,692	363,779	36.620	57,062 67,596	2,353,182 153,574 241,835	169,860 245,602 12,863
Traffic expenses Transportation exp_	55,361 951,099	$\frac{50,023}{725,637}$	218,606 $4,243,473$	203,066 $2,975,230$	6,614 176,832	4,639 186,947	$21,296 \\ 743,930$	$\begin{array}{c} 125,187 \\ 19,960 \\ 715,734 \end{array}$	3,357 256,933	$\begin{array}{c} 67,596 \\ 2,988 \\ 274,918 \end{array}$	241,835 13,848 1,079,903	12,863 $1,185,172$
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	2,341,002	1,840,941	9,451,516	7,195,526	322,148	302,470	1,303,151	1,245,717	369,639	412,278	1,528,850	1,651,902
Net from railroad Taxes.	77,979	83,332 91,321	$2,549,756 \\ 336,513$	$\frac{1,111,166}{368,057}$	-18,215 34,240	9.937 34.810	-263,337 $136,960$	-135,820 $110,811$	230,730 49,731	183,675 53,424	824,332 188,988	698,828 196,542
Net after es, &c.	00 040	$\frac{1,420}{-9,409}$	$\frac{2,235}{2,211,008}$	4,584 738,525	$\frac{107}{-52,562}$	-24,873	134	97			635,344	
Net after rents	-119,111	-119,452	1,432,821	295,514	-77,096	-52,285	-508.679				557,621	
Aver. miles of r'd oper.		1,908 Panhandle	1,944 & Santa F	1,908		161	_	161	33	2 32	32 P. Vl E	
EARNINGS.		of April		April 30-	Month o	of April-	Coast Lir	April 30-	-Month	of April	-Jan. 1 t	o April 30-
Freight revenue	901,442	8	8	1926. 3,063,745	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926. S	1927.	1926.
Passenger revenue	118,092	128,166	555,359	483,270	1,445,797		22,650,611 6,972,788		11,16	9 14.139	50,33	63,153
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	287,722	954,296 $99,649$	870.027	$3,785,732 \\ 335,133$	8 110 051	9,060,340 $1,059,223$	$32,006,890 \\ 4,239,625$	37,846,508 3,847,512	762,57 150,58	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3,437,893	2 959 507
Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses	250,041	9,423	1,169,039 47,305	335,133 740,944 38,484	$\begin{array}{c} 1,017,372 \\ 1,324,278 \\ 155,567 \\ 2,703,562 \end{array}$	1.596.040	5.678.513	3,847,512 $6,098,509$ $625,634$	150,58 30,77 15,10	$egin{array}{cccc} 4 & 914,322 \\ 3 & 99,431 \\ 5 & 318,519 \\ 0 & 14,746 \\ 2 & 282,737 \\ \end{array}$	3,437,893 359,233 1,250,570 57,723	271,643 1,264,850 59,207 1,077,137
Transportation exp.	426,395	$\frac{281,247}{612,706}$		$38,484 \\ 1.052,851 \\ 2.242,151$	2,703,562	154,237 3,163,596	10,905,901	12,710,223	273,04	2 282,737	1,180,18	1,011,101
Net from railroad	138,823	341,590	1.449.448	1,543,581	$\frac{5,458,543}{2,660,508}$	6,222,362 $2,837,978$	T CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	24,307,288 13,539,220				128,604
Taxes	16,374	$46,477 \\ 62$	165,392 366	. 220,814 537	650,000 3,068	600,000	2,150,000	2,300,000	29,10		147,07	119,728
Net after taxes, &c.	122,375	295,051	1,283,690	1,322,230	2,007,440	2,236,531	7,389,035	11,235,104	-19,98	5 129,187	389,57	8,822
Net after rents	22,411	238,927 923	766,945 954	1,120,247 923		1,772,774 4,924	7,082,457 5,009			$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	595,158 228	270,179 228

			Garfiel				ional Sy				estern Ca	
EARNINGS.	Month of 1927.	1926.	1927.	April 30— 1926.	-Month of	1926.	-Jan. 1 to . 1927.	April 30— 1926.		1926.	-Jan. 1 to . 1927.	April 30— 1926.
Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev.	37,286	46,278	169,283	180.495	141,562 33,573 201,143	149,494 31,797 198,804	$\frac{743,632}{127,639}$ $952,215$	707,084 123,813 889,604	317,374 16,155	310.536 21.355	1,198,832 68,280	1,299,128
Expenses Maint.way Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses	$\frac{6.829}{7.702}$	8,697 7,743	$\frac{32,606}{36,051}$	31,538 39,709	$\frac{28,424}{32,035}$	21,601 30,013	$111,154 \\ 160,312$	101,383 136,020	349.176 77.744 44.819	347.808 69.284 44.365 6.700	1,317,536 334,312 177,335	$\substack{1,442,414\\269,756\\179,508\\28,799}$
Transportation exp. Tot. exp., incl. oth.	$\frac{1,449}{9,604} - \\ 31,013$	$\frac{1,607}{12,359}$ $\overline{35,756}$	$\frac{6,041}{42,302}$ $137,772$	6,077 45,153 142,515	95,880 173,720	5,129 96,366 161,963	23,628 469,258 804,986	20,229 481,044 776,125	$\frac{7,471}{120,891}$ $257,132$	$\begin{array}{r} 6,700 \\ 128,024 \\ \hline 255,086 \end{array}$	$\frac{28,516}{482,399}$ $\overline{1,047,069}$	550,333 1,054,780
Net from railroad Taxes Uncollectible revenue	7.414 8,113	5,502 9,815	36.823 30,990	37,980 41,545	27.423 12,950	36,841 13,686	147,229 51,800	113,479 54,636	92,044 21,500	92,722 21,500	270,467 86,000	387,634 86,000
Net after taxes, &c.	-699	<u>-4,313</u>	5,833 72,943	$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ -3.575 \\ \hline 60.041 \end{array}$	14,473 59,865	23,155 -41,728	95,429 169,158	58.843 208.339	70,419	71,212	375 184,092	301,649
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	16,595 33	12,774 33 Boston d	33	33	166	166	166 anada Gr	166	58,142 342	52,437 342	162,113 342 & Ohio L	249,788 342
EARNINGS.	-Month of 1927.	April— 1926.	-Jan. 1 to 1927.	April 30— 1926.	-Month o		-	April 30— 1926.			-Jan. 1 to 1927.	
Preight revenue Passenger revenue	4,145,264 1,358,800	4,267,326 1,580,548	16.087.257 6.099,917	16.449.357 6.640.433	212,998 1,072	238,053 3,062	1,137,491 4,996	1,085,127 13,624	9,699,296 741,854	8.426.533 730,165	39.551.554 2.798.578	35.369,479 2,856,733
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't	714.140	6,667,599 713,725 1,241,018	25.052.034 2.678.482 5.239.010	26,172,051 2,834,739 4,984,918	249.075 50.708 16.440	295,444 26,692 26,805	1,300,915 113,814 74,507	$\substack{1,285,544\\111,310\\78,310}$	10,964,860 1,702,348 2,574,114	9,676,636 1,556,921 2,644,554	44.123,284 6.281,562 10,338,814	39.915.456 5.753.212 10.583.624
Traffic expenses Transportation exp_	80,143 2,440,010	$\frac{67.854}{2.699.526}$	5,239,010 306,161 10,270,475	257.168 10.989.705	94,386	26,805 3,969 95,392	74,507 17,541 415,473	$\frac{15,951}{414,027}$	2,897,693	2.672.881	$\frac{498.152}{11.972,210}$	459,204 11,696,497
Net from railroad	4,823,537 1,462,656 296,153	$\frac{4,979,466}{1,688,133}$ $\frac{247,560}{1}$	$\begin{array}{r} 19,455,489 \\ 5,596,545 \\ 1,190,293 \end{array}$	$\frac{20,129,509}{6,042,542}$ $1,025,652$	78,546 10,260	$\begin{array}{r} 156,703 \\ 138,741 \\ 10,711 \end{array}$	$\frac{641,144}{659,771}$ $41,040$	635,567 649,977 40,111	$\frac{7,604.875}{3.359.985}$ $\frac{707,688}{707}$	7,271,127 2,405,509 557,737	protection .	29,580,610 $10,334,846$ $2,231,125$
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	81	384	1,157	5,015,994	68,286	128,008	618.731	64 609,802	2,587 2,649,710	2,000 1,845,772	8,986 10,997,148	8,000 8,095,721
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	2,111	1,177,102 2,276	3,463,915 2,111	2,276	31.663	95,287 59	463,847 59	475,352 59	2,797,201 2,650	2,099,964 2,650	11,573,271 2,650	8,939,109 2,647
EARNINGS.	-Month of 1927.		Distric —Jan. 1 to 1927.		Month o		—Jan. 1 to 1927.		Month o		& Alton —Jan. 1 to 1927.	April 30—
Freight revenue Passenger revenue	117,635	118,297	462,721	458,820	\$660.881 28,656	\$ 507,445 35,971	2,283,317 116,023	1.909.596 129.342	1,319.541 491,316	1,707,084	6.604.617	6,760,761
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	123,460 13,722 13,932	125.865 8.779	486,690 34,203	489.190 31.762	728,339 58,338	598,776 44,890 85,206	2,578,798 207,524	2,232,685 176,180	2,038,124 265,677	2,427,585 384,880	$\begin{array}{r} 2,017,189 \\ \hline 9,461,232 \\ 926,494 \end{array}$	2.004.839 $9.623.941$ $1.095.848$
Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses Transportation exp_	13,932 $1,634$ $44,405$	$19.626 \\ 1.521 \\ 44.340$	$ \begin{array}{r} 50.220 \\ 3.427 \\ 185.691 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 55.907 \\ 2.241 \\ 180.699 \end{array} $	60.887 12.925 267.888	85.206 11.299 241.059	238,395 $49,577$ $1,020,706$	211,863 45,087 993,871	515,789 80,493 851,126	593,544 65,395 905,671	$\substack{926,494\\2,090,976\\300,509\\3,701,075}$	2,441.584 272.763 $3,730,394$
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	76,934 43,526	81,443 44,422	297,606 189,084	295,518 193,672	417,287 309,052	398,552 200,224	1,586,710 992,088	1,485,856 746,829	1,787,771 250,353	1,998,069 429,516	7,356,195 2,105,037	7,754,271
Taxes_ Uncollectible revenue_ Net after taxes, &c_	8,161	37.985	159,547	165,770	$\frac{12,940}{7} \\ -296,105$	$\frac{4,092}{228}$ $195,904$	$\frac{51,760}{691}$ 939,637	$\frac{19.197}{2.874}$ $\overline{724.758}$	105,700 48 144,605	$\frac{107,811}{441}$ $321,264$	$\frac{422,800}{1,157}$ $\overline{1,681,080}$	431,244 1,045
Net after rents. Aver. miles of r'd oper.	35,365 35,365 9	40,185	159,547	172,450	190,797 189	106,364	533,109	370,192 189	-12,947 1,049	170.708 1,055	974,410 1,054	$\begin{array}{r} 1.437,381 \\ \hline 769,355 \\ 1.055 \end{array}$
	Buffalo &	April-	-Jan. 1 to	April 30-	-Month o	f April-		April 30-	Month o	of April-		nois April 30—
EARNINGS. Freight revenue	1927. \$ 112,512	1926. \$ 93,478	1927. 521,270	1£26. 374,266	1927. 1,741,031	1926. 1,825,567	1927. 7.122.685	1926. 7,397,237	1927. 1,472.147	1926. 1,522,102	1927. 7,290,323	1926. 6,795,444
Tot., incl. other rev.	$\frac{1,671}{118,905}$	3,304 100,863	9,442 552,355	12,214 401,080 106,193	$\begin{array}{r} 371,732 \\ \hline 2,321,358 \\ 301,968 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 490,259 \\ 2,572,594 \\ 405,563 \end{array}$	$\frac{1.616.828}{9.566.129}$ $1.158.802$	$\frac{2,201,539}{10,581,521}$	$\begin{array}{r} 323,958 \\ \hline 1,977,584 \\ 265,726 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 345,750 \\ 2,044,236 \\ 230,828 \end{array}$	$\frac{1,335,082}{9,291,575}$	$\frac{1,447,351}{8,925,823}$
Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses	28,967 49,521 1,899	27,109 $41,316$ $1,829$	$^{111,414}_{210,010}_{6,978}$	155.767 7.287 136,788	423,875 74,965	$\substack{459,136 \\ 79,749}$	$\frac{1,689,801}{303,388}$	$\substack{1,574,218\\1,798,523\\296,956}$	$\substack{438,111\\85,243}$	$\frac{644,801}{78,844}$	1.011.019 $2.209.589$ 330.048	2,715,758 $309,986$
Transportation exp_ Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	39,268 128,684	33,535	188,854 550,038	438,264	879,719 1,793,375 527,983	996,335 2,039,588 533,006	$\frac{3,570,562}{7,180,939}$ $\frac{2,385,190}{2,385,190}$	3,991,691 8,072,624 2,508,897	823,940 1,697,566	837,364 1,876,121	3.684.451 7.576.616	3,511,908 7,662,356
Net from railroad Taxes Uncollectible revenue.	-9.779 2.100	$-10,853 \\ 3,150$	2,317 8,400	-37,184 $12,600$	112.781 4,881	105,767 667	497,800 8,439	$^{476,375}_{2,125}$	280,018 115,000 61	$\substack{ 168,115 \\ 120,000 \\ 726 }$	$\substack{1,714.959\\460,000\\2,174}$	$\substack{1,263,467\\440,000\\2,522}$
Net after taxes, &c Net after rents	$\frac{-11.879}{3,449}$ $\frac{253}{253}$	-14,003 $-3,631$ 253	-6,083 $68,095$ 253	$\begin{array}{r} -49,784 \\ \hline 611 \\ 253 \end{array}$	389,111 1,911	426,572 370,248 1.917	MARKETTAN AND STREET, 9 "	2,030,397 1,734,482 1,917	164,957 57,517 945	47,389 -87,360 945	7.74,274 945	820,945 339,826 945
aver, minos of r d oper.	Buffalo I	Rochest		tsburgh			w Englar		Chica		inois Mid	
EARNINGS.	1927. \$ 1,205,459	1926. 1,208,419	1927.	1926. \$ 5,028,904					1927. \$ 71.786	1526. 70.572	1.27. \$ 714.929	1926. 310.336
Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev.	1,203,439 89,180 1,348,466	1,366,086	374,141 6,162,997	420,665 5,648,491					10,185 86,291	74.944	45.845 779.983	$\frac{10.087}{329.696}$
Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses	$\begin{array}{r} 149,272 \\ 496,052 \\ 28,756 \end{array}$	131,645 $400,930$ $29,465$	555,320 $2,023,294$ $116,827$	1.675.585 114.487	Now	included	in New	York	57,863 54,389 8,031	$29,107 \\ 877$	$\begin{array}{r} 129,874 \\ 201,787 \\ 29,544 \end{array}$	$17.629 \\ 106.363 \\ 3.520$
Transportation exp. Tot. exp.,incl.oth.	552,007	$\frac{502,598}{1,109,454}$	2,348,832 5,235,393	$\frac{2,091,278}{4,560,681}$			& Hartfo		44,891 179,977	13,892 59,349	245,991 658,019	$\frac{62.117}{213.940}$
Net from railroad Taxes Uncollectible revenue _	74,014 50,000 121	$256,632 \\ 50,000 \\ 5$	$927,604 \\ 200,000 \\ 282$	$\substack{1.087.810 \\ 200.000 \\ 5}$					-93,686 6,897	15,595 8,780	$^{121,964}_{28,945}$	$\frac{115,756}{33,074}$
Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents	23,893 51,847	206,627 213,077	727,322 819,716						-100.583 -109.191	6,815 37,801	93.019 70.920	82,682 202,567
Aver, miles of r'd oper,	Canadian										orth Wes	tern 62
EARNINGS.		April—— 1926.	—Jan. 1 to 1927.	April 30— 1926.		1926.	—Jan. 1 to 1927.	April 30— 1926.	1927.	of April—1926.	1927	April 30— 1926.
Passenger revenue	191,206 37,597	225,871 30,915	$\frac{1,067,214}{154,367}$ $\overline{1,272,034}$	$\begin{array}{r} 989.364 \\ 131.560 \\ \hline 1.171.230 \end{array}$	4,014,822 669,160 5,013,611	4,102,235 667,291 5,117,127	14,403,399 2,659,497 18,277,800	$13,340,820 \\ 2,677,455 \\ \hline 17,238,659$	7,643,534 1,970,106	8.181,439 2.028,278	7,916.269	8,327,246
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't.	241,478 117,919 46,028	269,865 46,474 54,273 4,724	$\substack{1,272,034\\199,350\\246,875\\21.793}$	119,533 $234,729$	5.013.611 470,978 1.111.415	5,117,127 $474,615$ $1,020,261$ $42,741$	18,277,800 $1,852,821$ $4,255,545$	$\frac{1,605,038}{3,979,647}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10.918.114 \\ 2.016.637 \\ 2.111.816 \end{array}$	11,596,597 1,998,906 2,518,344	5,866,903 $9,924,479$	45,363,958 5,808,753 10,311,541
Traffic expenses Transportation exp_ Tot.exp_incl.oth.	5,305 102,352 274,318	99,746 208,449	531,379 1,014,499	19,633 488,146 875,427	$\begin{array}{r} 42,252 \\ 1.915,329 \\ \hline 3,688.097 \end{array}$	$\frac{42,741}{1,787,792}$ $\overline{3,459,935}$	$\frac{170,891}{794,675}$ $\overline{14,662,718}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 156,353 \\ 7,149,141 \\ \hline 13,477,629 \end{array} $	194,673 4,462,016 9,188,586	$\frac{190,612}{4.646.139}$ $9,767,230$	PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS	$\frac{687,780}{18,666,477}$ $\overline{37,120,604}$
Net from railroad Taxes	-32.840 13,300	61,416 10,500	257,535 53,200	A Desired Control of the last	1,325,514 142,074	1,657,192 433,013	3,615,082 800,098	3.761.030 $1.466.243$	1,729,528 800,000	1,829,366 800,000	7.716.973 3,200.000	8,243,354 3,200,000
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	-46,140	50,916	204,335	253,803	1,178,961	9,744 1,214,435	Bergerster, Control of the Control	29,879 2,264,908	2,318 927,210	1,942	11,471 4,505,502	14,212 5.029,142
Net after rents Aver, miles of r'd oper.	-67,845 233 Canadian	38,390 233 Pacific	119,288 233 Lines in	233	1,059,590	1,102,027 690 Central	2,254,342 690 Vermont	1,778,085	722,901 8,463 Chicago	997.027 8,457 Burlin	3,649,631 8,463 gton &	4,620,907 8,459 Quincy
EARNINGS.	-Month of	April—— 1926.	-Jan. 1 to 1927.	April 30— 1926.		of April— 1926.	—Jan. 1 to 1927.	April 30— 1926.	Month of 1927.			
Freight revenue Passenger revenue	107,739 28,960	8	458,959 129,686		565,539 99,138	559,000 105,146	2,043,650 419,892	2,005,863 438,346	8,135,899 1,668,478	9,036,363 1,688,273	6,666,277	7.277.708
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	158,842 60,285 33,336		673,917 112,424 133,765		737,980 155,170 110,529	755,671 105,768 112,607	2,727,353 402,547 472,179	2,721,003 318,059 463,152	11.481.672 $1.995.065$ $1.982.316$	$\substack{12,442,478\\1,870,454\\2,513,625}$	48.304.900 5.356.636 8.381.377	49,833,291 5,181,710 10,889,064
Maint, of equipm't_ Traffic expenses Transportation exp_	99,626		8,602 $420,294$	******	18,990 317,300	$\frac{14,816}{321,916}$	$74,129 \\ 1,294,112$	1,305,858	256,741 $4,093,664$	$\frac{241,559}{4,275,360}$	$\frac{1,005,741}{17,822,552}$	910,215 $17,729,852$
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	197,390 -38,548		$\begin{array}{r} -685,228 \\ -11,311 \\ 19,000 \end{array}$		$\begin{array}{r} 621,752 \\ 116,228 \\ 19,556 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 580,572 \\ 175,099 \\ 19,004 \end{array}$	387,309	2,244,404 476,599 76,016	$\begin{array}{r} 8,730,053 \\ 2,751,619 \\ 920,401 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 9,275,542 \\ 3,166,936 \\ 787,952 \end{array}$	34.310,362 $13.994,538$ $3.966,756$	$\frac{36.468.388}{13.364.903}$ $\frac{3.721.421}{3.721.421}$
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	4,750		-30,311		96,672	$\frac{124}{155.971}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 76,352\\ 768\\ \hline 310,189 \end{array} $	76,016 779 399,804	3,670 1,827,548	$\frac{2,124}{2,376,860}$	$\frac{19.580}{10,008,202}$	$\frac{16,632}{9,626,850}$
Net after rents. Aver. miles of r'd oper.	-43,747 85		-32,107 85		67,050 433	136,782 433	236,749 433	339,099 433	1,453,305 9,391	2,150,993 9,404	8,748,199 9,391	8.785,694 9.404

									41			
	Month o	of April-		o April 30-	Cincinnat	April-	-Jan. 1 to	April 30-	Month of	f April-		o April 30-
EARNINGS.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1826. 331.008	1927. \$ 1.560.597	1926.	1927. \$ 70,420	1926. \$ 68.041	1927.	1916.
Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev.	$\begin{array}{r} 1.478.676 \\ 268.192 \\ \hline 1.911.618 \end{array}$	238.963	1.075,794	4 1,069,850		331,008 23,201 378,038	$\frac{1,560.597}{98.598}$ $1.757.629$	35.170		162.683		
Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't.	339.137 380,210	$330.734 \\ 386.172$	878,574 1,535,066	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4 & 863.847 \\ 6 & 1.573.581 \end{array}$	89,982 111,169	$54,400 \\ 80,671$	271.767 416.948	$\frac{156,994}{340,730}$	22,222 40,766	$\frac{16,541}{33,162}$	$62,504 \\ 128,154$	66,121 144,808
Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	74,902 788,439	68.778 767.303	$\begin{array}{c} 298,674 \\ 3,244,395 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4 & 281,024 \\ 5 & 3,183,661 \end{array}$	15,429 174,306	$15,171 \\ 157,703$	$\frac{62.824}{721.747}$	63;013 643,366	98,784 98,784	909 104,614	$\frac{3.786}{367.682}$	3,755 407,303
Tot.exp.,incl.oth. Net from railroad	$\frac{1,650,381}{261,237}$	265.899	1.351.292	2 1.355.865	2,749	342,307 35,731	1,545,808 211,821	248,665	165,644 27,078	158,310 4,373	-52.066	6.421
Taxes Uncollectible revenue.	78,616 562	78,708 327	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 336,259 \\ 7 & 2,220 \end{array}$	18,000	17,071	72,000	71,445	1,200	1.100	4,800	4,400
Net after taxes, &c Net after rents	182,059 41,588	65,567	457,359	9 524.131	-60,238	18,660 -16,220		43,163	$ \begin{array}{r} -28,278 \\ -28,745 \end{array} $	3.273 -2.109	THE RESERVE AND THE PERSON NAMED IN	Management of Assessment
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	1.496	1,496	6 1,496		347	347 Clinchfi	347		23	23	& Hudso	23
EARNINGS.		of April		to April 30— 1926.	Formerly (Carolina C	Clinchfield —Jan. 1 to	April 30-	-Month of			1826
Freight revenue	1.100.608	1.101.009	4.652.021	1 4,489,553	1927. 649,608	1926. 609,572 24,907	$ \begin{array}{r} 1927.\\ 2.621.896\\ 101.131 \end{array} $	1926. 2,560,421	2.987,279	3,493,154	11,521,536	10,982,088
Tot., incl. other rev.	$\begin{array}{c} 217.171 \\ 1.471.008 \\ 149.257 \end{array}$	And in case of the	THE RESERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN	9 5,853,822	687,136	648,515	2,772,869	2.723.681	$\begin{array}{r} 230.873 \\ \hline 3.419.217 \\ 436.784 \end{array}$		13.473.431	12.831,351
Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses	$\begin{array}{c} 331,540 \\ 37,293 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 360,376 \\ 36,051 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 1.328.488 \\ 8 & 140.926 \end{array}$	163,921 23,280	$\substack{60.891 \\ 182.750 \\ 22.973}$	92,188	778,720 91,326	949,229 52,219	398,019 $917,691$ $49,426$	3.974.393 202.264	3,440,173 194,154
Transportation exp. Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	$\begin{array}{r} 37,293 \\ 536,593 \\ \hline 1.103.601 \end{array}$	530,463	3 2,292,650	0 2.186,472	146,226	128,129 413,868	584,539 1,726,857	556,294	$\frac{1,250,629}{2,840,844}$	$\frac{1,296,160}{2,822,696}$	5,202,755	4.964,791
Net from railroad Taxes	367,407 76,081	352,304 78,062	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1.478.012 \\ 2 & 276.359 \end{array}$	2 1.495,782 9 309,197	239,856 75,000	234,647 60,000	1,046,012 300,000	980,678	578,373 117,000	1.151,350 88,000	1,686,984 468,000	1.959,181 352,000
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	291,324	$\frac{52}{274,190}$	810	0 1.860	11_	103	746.001	99	329	1.063,350	355	1,073
Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper.	197,921 650	175,373	the grantenance of the last	775.918	Commission of the Party of the	234,392 309	1,194,368	1.154.782	401,055	1,040,846 881	1,059,357	1,331,048
Aver. IIII.	Chicago	o Milway	ukee & S	St Paul	Colorad	do & Sou	uthern S	System	Delaware	Lackaw	wanna &	Western
EARNINGS.	-Month o	of April—— 1926.	Jan. 1 to 1927.	o April 30— 1926.	-Month of	April—— 1926.	1927.	1926.		1926.	1927.	1926.
Preight revenue Passenger revenue	9.167,900 1.462,414	9,451,487	7 37,999,092	2 37,779,491	1927. 775.535 111.472	$\begin{array}{c} 794.136 \\ 102.215 \end{array}$	3,403,577 412,977	3.112.594 423.001	5,576,092 1,002,385	5,635,929 998,074	3,982,395	4,026,474
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	11.935.832 $2.515.036$	$\substack{12.234.347 \\ 2.141.766}$	48.527.193 6.537.316	3 48,892,446 6 6,049,217	965,389 192,143	980,299 112,327	4,139,825 763,403	3,875,529 437,946	7,417,526 711,661	7,484,274 665,570	26,397,084 2,656,370	25.739,903 2.204,470
Maint, of equipm't. Traffic expenses	$\begin{array}{r} 2.977,501 \\ 295,125 \end{array}$	$3,208,499 \\ 225,431$	12.056.291 $1.195.391$	1 12,912,244 1 912,069	248,520	$\frac{225,889}{13,210}$	$992,865 \\ 59,980$	934,072 53,019	1.216,494	$\substack{1,458,420\\120,777}$	$5,174,570 \\ 523,616$	485,399
Transportation exp. Tot. exp., incl. oth.	Exception with the second	10,709,727	41,194.835	5 40,881,594	878,236	351,384 751,319	1,525,132 3,543,880	3,105,824	2,746,042 5,050,594	5,200,599	20,563,280	19,622,005
Net from railroad Taxes	$\begin{array}{r} 1.049.431 \\ 750,000 \\ 2.305 \end{array}$		3,000,000	0 3,000,000	87.153 63,477 281	228,980 63,437 813	595,945 253,908 689	253,747	2,366,932 665,042 360	$2,283,675 \\ 661,042 \\ 231$	2,135,168	2.200,168
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	297,126	774,234	4,321,417	4.998,361	23,395	164,730	341,348	514,131	1,701,530	1,622,402	Married Street, Street, or other party of the last	3,914,214
Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper.	-141,055 11,205	11,193	11,202	11,202	20,762 1,054	156,854 1,056	326,196 1,054	1,056	999	1,722,989	999	992
0.0	. Inc	cludes Chic	er & Indi	tion	-Month of		-Jan. 1 to	April 30-	-Month of	f April-		April 30-
EARNINGS.	Month o	of April— 1926.	—Jan. 1 to 1927.	o April 30— 1926.	1927. 659.504	1926. 8 636.991	1927. 3 3,222,072	1926.	1927. 1.875.131	1926. 1.888.046	1927.	1926.
Passenger revenue Tot fuel other rev.	557 776	549 545	2.257,410	2,223,020	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	636,991 174,590 875,462	3,222,072 865,963 4,355,606	676,377	286,330	$\frac{1,888,046}{314,376}$ $2,397,497$	1,136,218	1,235,009
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't.	557,776 64,259 82,591	81,664	$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & 218,389 \\ 4 & 315,161 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 9 & 218,845 \\ 1 & 306,906 \end{array}$	227,299 182,094	$84,953 \\ 175,792$	$808,996 \\ 718,036$	305,758 698,546	533.728	$\frac{490,289}{479,872}$	$\frac{1,893,807}{2,017,503}$	1.715.708
Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	221,596	214,792	$\frac{3,561}{897,163}$	$\frac{3,442}{890,814}$	20,057 298,557	283,481	70,844 $1,321,719$	60.462 $1.217.872$	502,219 51,796 699,554	$\frac{54.521}{735.802}$	3,031,480	213,198 $3,058,567$
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	391,887 165,889	382,940 166,605	1,505,531	1 1,492,666	762,573 156,249	604,493 270,969	3,096,095 1,259,511	2,463,807 1,216,677	1,933,661 410,362	$\frac{1,872,512}{524,985}$	7.614.162 2.150.045	7,374,294 2,436,033
Taxes Uncollectible revenue.	35.754	39,816	6 161,229		72,645	$\frac{58.170}{2,919}$	$\begin{array}{r} 290,132 \\ 3,347 \end{array}$	238,047 3,067	185,000 115	185,000 276	740,000	740,000
Net after taxes, &c.	130,135 234,707	126,789 239,759	the second of the second of the second	and the party of the same of	83,103 81,974	209,880 204,365	966,032 945,325	975,563 961,173	225,247 289,136	339,709 410,785	1,684,232	1.866.111
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	19	19	Island &	9 19	491	491	491 razos Valle	491	2,535	2,556	2,535 Salt Lake	2,550
EARNINGS.	-Month o			o April 30— 1926.				April 30—	-Month of 1927.		-Jan. 1 to 1927.	
Freight revenue	\$ 502,954	342,876	2,036,932	1,461,304	169,325	115,612	869,683	537,668	237,662 28,754	267,068	1,009,036	994.388
Tot., incl. other rev.	66,072 626,999 82,441	452,167 80,750	2.548.365	5 1,921,951 279,215	183,622 62,549	$\frac{9,653}{130,701}$	32,450 930,200 229,268	599,543	283,933	25,714 312,899 108,343		1.178,539
Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses	82,441 89,258 20,077	80,750 $91,789$ $18,886$	78,803	307,084 75,640	62,549 25,083 5,495	46,318 $34,453$ $4,194$	$\begin{array}{c} 229,268 \\ 128,536 \\ 21,445 \end{array}$	17,700	$\begin{array}{c} 83,880 \\ 113,457 \\ 1,922 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 108,343 \\ 99,587 \\ 1,938 \end{array}$	$\substack{256,415\\460,366\\6,416}$	397,206 6,259
Transportation exp. Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	236,922 446,562	199,631 409,882	918,906	831,742	89,261 187,939	69,456 166,288	446,994 836,874	323,978 720,314	$\frac{66,594}{273,389}$	$\frac{77,660}{272,907}$		311,939
Net from railroad	180,437 26,356	42.285 18.072	923,166 105,596	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-4.317 7,250	-35,587 $7,700$	93,326 29,550	$\begin{array}{c} -120,771 \\ 30,800 \end{array}$	10,544 6,000	19,992 6,000	And in case of the last of the	132,128
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	53 154,028		314	163	-11,567	-43,302	63,762	30	4,544	13,992	130,647	6
Net after rents	112,171 458	-573	703,711	201,359	-30.842 367	-61,088 367	-38,586 367	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	12.261 255	14,934 255	151,409	117.894
P. Welfer		o Rock I	Island &			Wichita April-	Valley		_	etroit &	Mackina	ac
EARNINGS.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	9 April 30— 1926.
Preight revenue	7.631.065 1.826.772	1.758,893	7,256,600	0 7,232,049	106,181 14,229	77,302 17,971	598,331 70,634	405,094 72,099	116,138 13,020	89.592 26,670	363,909 61,649	95,885
Tot., incl. other rev.	10,358,282 1,461,587 2,274,292	1,300,556	6 5,542,468	8 4,971,997	128,781 29,762 9,782	103,050 15,628 6,936	699,258 82,245 43,605		139,837 18,687	129,060 18,230 40,073	466,583 64,646	74.025
Maint, of equipm't. Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	$\begin{array}{c} 2,274,292 \\ 224,370 \\ 4,043,894 \end{array}$	228,072	2 906,167	7 927,913	$9,782 \\ 48 \\ 41,932$	$\frac{6,936}{7}$ $35,337$	$\begin{array}{r} 43,605 \\ 118 \\ 194,575 \end{array}$	34,457	29,124 1,944 43,353	$ \begin{array}{r} 40,072 \\ 1,868 \\ 52,960 \end{array} $		$158,526 \\ 7,415$
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	8,368,828	8,187,572	2 33,367,438	8 32,348,078	83,141	58,923	327,535	276,357	98,825	119,052	399,039	462,494
Net from railroad Taxes Uncollectible revenue.	$\begin{array}{r} 1,989,454 \\ 631,238 \\ 7,462 \end{array}$	586,548	8 2,527,924	4 2.347.412	45,640 9,689 24	$\frac{44.127}{9,530}$	$371,723 \\ 38,473 \\ 499$	37,993	$^{41,012}_{9,761}_{18}$	$10,008 \\ 10,130 \\ 79$	39,095	40,576
Net after taxes, &c.	1,350,754	837,184	4 6,744,611	1 4.303,618	35,927	34,225 16,868	332,751	193,276	31,233	-201	28,425	-30,309
Net after rents	844,876 7,561	7,563	3 7,561	:		271	248,537 271	271	34,891 375	5,452 375	37	375
		of April-	Jan. 1 to	to April 30-	Formerly	Southern	Greenvi	ississippi	-Month of	f April-		o April 30-
EARNINGS.	1927.	1926. 1,503,235	1927. 5 5,956,334	1926. 3 4 6.114.737	Month of 1927. 111.721	1926. 110.832	-Jan. 1 to 1927. 490.623	1926.	1927. \$ 386,430	1926. 3 392,523	1927.	1926.
	1 414 263	I distant marks	1 0.000		25,204	21,006	490,623 95,371	97,263				
Freight revenue Passenger revenue	1,414,263 391,006 1,974,283	377,657	7 1.583,207	and the same of th	143 990	120.006	608 132	THE REAL PROPERTY.	735	*******	1 001 423	4 454
Preight revenue Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint. way Maint. of equipm't	$\begin{array}{r} 391,006 \\ \hline 1,974,283 \\ 237,944 \\ 393,209 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 377,657 \\ \hline 2,038,776 \\ 289,720 \\ 372,199 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ \hline 6 \\ \hline 6 \\ \hline 0 \\ 1,026,374 \\ 9 \\ 1,659,301 \end{array}$	1 8,351,569 4 1,032,062 1 1,638,650	44.028 19.637	$\substack{139.906\\42.042\\17.024}$	$\begin{array}{c} 608,132 \\ 152,346 \\ 76,489 \end{array}$	171,219 70,687	390,735 75,246 33,747	$396,693 \\ 54,692 \\ 31,146$	162,567 $140,328$	156,296 $144,548$
Preight revenue Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint. way Maint. of equipm': Traffic expenses Transportation exp	$\begin{array}{c} 391,006 \\ 1,974,283 \\ 237,944 \\ 393,209 \\ 32,052 \\ 875,646 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 377.657 \\ 2.038.776 \\ 289.720 \\ 372.199 \\ 34.081 \\ 908.920 \end{array} $	$egin{array}{ccccc} 7 & 1.583,207 \ \hline 8.176,421 \ 0 & 1.026,374 \ 9 & 1.659,301 \ 1 & 134,453 \ 0 & 3,708,805 \ \end{array}$	1 8,351,569 4 1,032,062 1 1,638,650 3 140,249 5 3,805,841	44,028 19,637 3,958 50,291	$\begin{array}{r} 42,042 \\ 17,024 \\ 3,341 \\ 51,504 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 152,346 \\ 76,489 \\ 14,331 \\ 219,630 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 171,219 \\ 70,687 \\ 13,126 \\ 230,617 \end{array}$	75,246 33,747 3,613 98,146	54,692 $31,146$ $3,207$ $93,527$	$162,567 \\ 140,328 \\ 14,038 \\ 452,061$	156,296 $144,548$ $13,112$ $456,262$
Preight revenue Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint. way Maint. of equipm't Traffic expenses	$\begin{array}{c} 391,006 \\ 1,974,283 \\ 237,944 \\ 393,209 \\ 32,052 \\ 875,646 \\ \hline 1,627,455 \\ \hline 346,828 \\ \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 377.657 \\ 2.038.776 \\ 289.720 \\ 372.199 \\ 2.34.081 \\ 908.920 \\ 1.696.086 \\ 342.690 \end{array} $	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{r} 44,028 \\ 19,637 \\ 3,958 \\ 50,291 \\ \hline 128,827 \\ \hline 15,163 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 42,042 \\ 17,024 \\ 3,341 \\ 51,504 \\ \hline 123,624 \\ \hline 16,282 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 152,346 \\ 76,489 \\ 14,331 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 171.219 \\ 70.687 \\ 13.126 \\ 230.617 \\ \hline 527.280 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 75,246 \\ 33,747 \\ 3,613 \\ 98,146 \\ \hline 217,144 \\ 173,591 \end{array} $	54,692 $31,146$ $3,207$	$\begin{array}{r} 162,567 \\ 140,328 \\ 14,038 \\ 452,061 \\ \hline 796,414 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 156,296 \\ 144,548 \\ 13112 \\ 456,262 \\ \hline 805,490 \\ \end{array}$
Freight revenue	$\begin{array}{c} 391,006 \\ \hline 1,974,283 \\ 237,944 \\ 393,209 \\ 32,052 \\ 875,646 \\ \hline 1,627,455 \\ \hline 346,828 \\ 106,506 \\ 175 \\ \end{array}$	377,657 2,038,776 2,89,720 372,199 34,081 908,920 1,696,086 342,690 342,690 103,820 1,174	$\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ \hline 6 \\ \hline 6 \\ \hline 8,176,421 \\ 9 \\ 1,026,374 \\ 9 \\ 1,659,301 \\ 1 \\ 134,453 \\ 0 \\ 3,708,805 \\ \hline 6 \\ 6,873,985 \\ \hline 0 \\ 1,302,439 \\ 0 \\ 409,991 \\ 4 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	44,028 19,637 3,958 50,291 128,827 15,163 1,200	$\begin{array}{c} 42,042 \\ 17,024 \\ 3,341 \\ 51,504 \\ \hline 123,624 \\ \hline 16,282 \\ 1,501 \\ 3 \end{array}$	152,346 76,489 14,331 219,630 516,684 91,448 5,100 27	$\begin{array}{c} 171,219\\ 70,687\\ 13,126\\ 230,617\\ \hline 527,280\\ \hline 92,405\\ 5,727\\ 40\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 75,246 \\ 33,747 \\ 3,613 \\ 98,146 \\ \hline 217,144 \\ \hline 173,591 \\ 29,572 \\ 413 \\ \end{array}$	54,692 $31,146$ $3,207$ $93,527$ $191,805$ $204,888$ $23,475$ $Cr2$	$\begin{array}{c} 162,567 \\ 140,328 \\ 14,038 \\ \underline{452,061} \\ 796,414 \\ \hline 1,105,009 \\ 114,063 \\ \underline{590} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 156,296 \\ 144,548 \\ 13112 \\ 456,262 \\ \hline 1805,490 \\ 927,974 \\ 93,921 \\ 141 \\ \end{array}$
Preight revenue Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint. way Maint. of equipm't Traffic expenses Transportation exp Tot. exp., incl. oth wet from railroad	$\begin{array}{c} 391,006 \\ \hline 1,974,283 \\ 237,944 \\ 393,209 \\ 32,052 \\ 875,646 \\ \hline 1,627,455 \\ \hline 346,828 \\ 106,506 \\ 175 \\ \hline \end{array}$	377,657 2,038,776 289,720 372,199 34,081 5 908,920 1,696,086 342,690 103,820 1,174 237,696	$ \begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 $	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	44,028 19,637 3,958 50,291 128,827 15,163 1,200	$\begin{array}{r} 42,042 \\ 17,024 \\ 3,341 \\ 51,504 \\ \hline 123,624 \\ \hline 16,282 \\ \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 152,346\\ 76,489\\ 14,331\\ 219,630\\ \hline 516,684\\ \hline 91,448\\ 5,100 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 171,219\\ 70,687\\ 13,126\\ 230,617\\ \hline 527,280\\ \hline 92,405\\ 5,727\\ 40\\ \hline 86,638\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 75,246\\ 33,747\\ 3,613\\ 98,146\\ \hline 217,144\\ \hline 173,591\\ 29,572\\ \end{array}$	54,692 31,146 3,207 93,527 191,805 204,888 23,475	$\begin{array}{c} 162,567 \\ 140,328 \\ 14,038 \\ 452,061 \\ \hline 796,414 \\ \hline 1,105,009 \\ 114,063 \\ \hline 590 \\ \hline 990,356 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 156,296 \\ 144,548 \\ 3 & 13 & 112 \\ 456,262 \\ \hline 1 & 805,490 \\ \hline 0 & 927,974 \\ 93,921 \\ \hline 1 & 833,912 \\ \end{array}$

	Detroit Terminal	Elgin Joliet & Eastern	Fort Smith & Western
EARNINGS.		-Month of April - Jan. 1 to April 30- 1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.	—Month of April— —Jan. 1 to April 30— 1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.
Freight revenue Passenger revenue		1,958,195 2,014,611 8,086,569 7,840,399 10 10 10 15	101,825 110,931 503,630 458,660
Tot., incl. other rev.	198.347 223,188 689,533 832,323 2,140 39,734 57,711 146,634 15,674 17,061 61,832 70,222	2.157.893 2.207.633 8.793.811 8.598.658 241.676 212.782 757.163 676.757	119,456 130,705 585,950 547,595
Maint, of equipm't_ Traffic expenses Transportation exp_	15.674 17.061 61.832 70.222 89.895 110.541 330.845 466.509	13.770 13.038 13.038 13.038 13.038 13.038 1.634,423 1.834,161 54.524	5.570 5.770 22.676 22.305
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	111,968 171,002 466,749 697,839	1,494,592 1,460,013 5,608,727 5,678,658	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
TaxesUncollectible revenue	86,379 52,186 222,784 134,484 27,483 16,532 69,972 55,147 47		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents	58,896 35,654 152,812 79,290 89,584 37,472 189,526 79,210	567.426 652.821 2,790,869 2,540,756	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	19 26 19 26 Detroit Toledo & Ironton	405,720 467,142 2.185,543 1.847,758 460 459 459 El Paso & Southwestern	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
EARNINGS.	-Month of April - Jan. 1 to April 30- 1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.	Li Paso & Southwestern	Galveston Wharf —Month of April— —Jan. 1 to April 30— 1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.
Freight revenue Passenger revenue	721,008 1,096,517 3,193,408 4,388,390		1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.
Tot., incl. other rev.	739.434 1.121.229 3.270.479 4.479.888		192,479 91,370 736,719 410,842
Traffic expenses	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Now included in	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Tot. exp.,incl.oth.	618,650 741,595 2,388,865 2,846,384	Southern Pacific	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Net from railroad Taxes	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		\$5,709 • 17,000 • 17,000 • 17,000 • 68,000 • 68,000
Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents	87,967 327,460 719,415 1,349,129		68,709 —11,765 250,548 17,953
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	495 486 495 488	Fair Santan	68.883 —11.771 250,372 17.615 13 13 13
EARNINGS.	Duluth & Iron Range —Month of April— —Jan. 1 to April 30— 1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.	Erie System Erie —Month of April—Jan. 1 to April 30—	Month of April — Jan. 1 to April 30—
Freight revenue.	275.811 60.513 593.734 325.029	1927. 1926. 1927. 1926. 7.154.972 7.173.565 27.911.464 26.038.247	1927. 1926. 1927. 1926. 380,260 403,912 1,498,783 1,585,543
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8,781,234 8,442,319 34,343,047 32,665,148 990,935 1,059,098 3,950,593 3,895,450	71,612 83,775 276,808 332,575 486,845 522,853 1,905,411 2,052,921
Traffic expenses	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	61,755 48,639 201,328 208,244 87,985 103,471 352,855 406,220 23,075 22,838 95,616 89,551
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	129,159 90,510 438,575 404,363 356,963 301,039 1,233,258 1,171,961	3,490,451 3,476,700 14,400,033 13,984,635 7,342,672 7,502,231 30,013,842 28,751,130	197,865 205,990 823,834 846,649 395,197 404,349 1,565,953 1,639,407
TaxesUncollectible revenue	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	79,658 104,976 291,507 367,011
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	274 275 274 278		85.480 98.109 331.238 361.268 328 328 328 328 Georgia & Florida
EARNINGS.	—Month of April— —Jan. 1 to April 30— 1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.		—Month of April — —Jan. 1 to April 30— 1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.
Freight revenue Passenger revenue	786,796 103,598 1,079,564 394,529 6,866 6,392 26,447 27,607		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	903,485 123,880 1,258,950 473,85 217,929 199,589 585,316 552,080	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	138,917 141,054 654,031 672,637 26,645 17,319 118,925 86,381
Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 24.191 23.102 94.482 96.683	19,683 14,964 89,386 72,665 10,037 7,865 39,364 33,739 53,814 57,040 233,412 257,311
Transportation exp. Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	699,243 576,092 2,220,401 2,013,444	701,397 748,786 2,944,858 2,852,001	118,832 105,223 514,626 483,693 20,085 35,831 139,405 188,944
TaxesUncollectible revenue_	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54,795 63,825 218,895 255,300 19 61 238 255,300	7,700 7,100 30,900 28,400 1 6 1 64
Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-35,682 101,642 95,250 333,831	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	Duluth South Shore & Atlantic	New Jersey & New York	Grand Trunk System
KARNINGS	—Month of April— —Jan. 1 to April 30— 1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.	Month of April——Jan. 1 to April 30— 1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.	
Freight revenue Passenger revenue	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	93,127 94,538 368,667 374,192	
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 16.354 15.501 70.586 63.354	
Maint, of equipm't. Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	See Canadian National
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	321.546 337,118 1,318,366 1,371,06 103,782 94,294 338,281 332,42	19.853 19.591 13.344 43.557	System
Taxes. Uncollectible revenue.	29,000 29,000 116,000 116,000	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
Net after taxes, &c.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-16.042 -16.065 -127.726 -95.612	
Aver, miles of r'd oper.	Duluth Winnipeg & Pacific	Evansv Indianap & Terre Haute	
EARNINGS.	Month of AprilJan. 1 to April 30- 1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.		—Month of April— —Jan. 1 to April 30— 1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.
Freight revenue Passenger revenue	158,303 14,559 12,828 153,013 12,828 153,83	8 4,885 5,308 24,119 25,093	1,599,480 1,412,717 5,817,045 5,326,704 153,856 153,560 631,333 612,871
Tot., incl. other rev.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 28,961 & 27,342 & 101,532 & 89,723 \\ 18,813 & 36,192 & 114,240 & 135,950 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses Transportation exp_	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2,213 & 2,097 & 9,169 & 8,306 \\ 43,726 & 67,878 & 294,638 & 295,828 \end{bmatrix}$	
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-33.019 69.456 258.597 315.144	508,883 452,914 1,812,936 1,612,023
Taxes Uncollectible revenue.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	73 13	25 191 1,031 1,025
Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents. Aver. miles of r'd oper.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 -49,840 30,594 84,432 163,002	311.915 287,213 1,052,290 935,969
Aver. miles of 1 d oper.	East St Louis Connecting	Florida East Coast Month of April — Jan. 1 to April 30	Great Northern Month of April — Jan. 1 to April 30—
EARNINGS.		1927. 1926. 1927. 1926. 1,379,833 1,735,256 4,921,415 7,259,284	1927. 1926. 1927. 1926. 6,207,351 5,905,113 22,356,049 22,217,462
Freight revenue Passenger revenue		$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't.	Now included in	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,410,369 1,431,709 3,924,843 3,647,939 1,410,205 1,542,042 5,976,777 5,989,879
Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	Terminal Railroad Association	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	2,736,384 2,708,711 11,349,336 11,250,476
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	of St. Louis	657,796 803,048 2,597,983 4,426,873 125,000 140,300 503,566 514,139	1,829,104 1,328,396 5,866,246 6,050,257 766,799 736,083 2,902,763 2,941,196
Uncollectible revenue.		2,843 421 6,463 4,852 529,953 662,327 2,087,954 3,907,882	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents. Aver. miles of r'd oper.		326,591 409,753 1,346,865 2,780,081 846 849 849	1,144,022 699,159 3,142,622 3,328,300
Aver. mines of r d oper.			

				11			- 11				
	-Month of Apr		. 1 to April 30-	-Month	ational-C	-Jan. 1 to .	April 30-	-Month of	April-1926.	rminal —Jan. 1 to 2 1927.	1926.
EARNINGS.	1927. 192 3 136,849 12		7. 1926. 2.508 501.16	1927. 1,183,960	1926. 1.075.849	1927. 4.750.819	1926. 4,224,603	\$	\$	\$	\$
Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev.	150,773	$\frac{9.002}{6.281} = \frac{31}{541}$	1,883 37,00 1,137 558,02	2 169,811	181,203	789,424 6,153,293	755.195 5.514.064	74.891	81.350	347.681	320,899
Maint. of equipm't.	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22,079 & 2 \\ 18,778 & 2 \end{array}$	7,890 80 4,392 81	0,228 82,85 1,651 89,11	5 240.645 1 249.338	243,422 240,482	1.013.844 $1.087.440$	976,883 959,262 131,259	$\frac{18,402}{20,533}$	14,390 15,673	57,099 82,668	43.169 71.158
Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	48,935 4	6.650 204	3,192 1,930 198,39	1 657,260	32.875 610.951	138,736 2,582,304	2,370,276	56,769 97,562	50,586 82,352	220,222 367,269	206,289 327,622
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	53,496 2	7.723 144	3.359 401,24 1,778 156,77	8 272,361	1,175,952 219,861	1.136.778	887,206 162,658	-22,671 5,200	-1,002 6,265	-19.588 23,826	-6.723 24.161
Uncollectible revenue.			$\frac{2,000}{2,778} = \frac{37,00}{119,63}$	1,403	37,228 439 182,194	$\frac{165,687}{2,365}$ $968,726$	723,330	-27,871	-7.267	-43,414	-30.884
Net after taxes, &c.	STREET, STREET	Annual An	$\begin{array}{c} 2,778 \\ 1,806 \\ 234 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 119,63 \\ 115,98 \\ 23 \end{array}$	133,175	106,228 1,159	559,988 1,159	398,138 1,159	-34,023	-5,931 13	-45,087 13	-22,185
Aver, miles of r'd oper.		bile & No		-11	City Mexi	co & Ori	ent RR			dson Riv	
EARNINGS.	-Month of Apr 1927. 192	6. Jan 192	. 1 to April 30– 7. 1926.	1927.	of April—1926.	-Jan. 1 to . 1927.	April 30— 1926.	Month of 1927.	1926.	-Jan. 1 to 2 1927.	1926.
Freight revenue Passenger revenue		4.062 1.997 8.345 120	7,879 1,834,18 0,649 126,76		133,778 $7,241$	897,040 23,858	477,505 25,108	$252.701 \\ 1.646$	262,295 $1,190$	1,008,847 7,581	887.397 9.471
Tot., incl. other rev.	579.246 50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,914 2,048,44 0,860 325,04	275,902 65,265	149,265 41,011	953.377 265.045	539.076 139.719	266,279 30,538	275,767 22,772	1,074,737 113,507	1,009,789 88,342
Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses	28 204 2	3.268 112	1,398 323,07 2,023 94,40 9,868 574,26	51,527 8 9,049 8 123,011	$\frac{36,111}{7,274}$ $\frac{68,081}{68}$	$206,049 \\ 33,363 \\ 406,523$	$\begin{array}{c} 159,289 \\ 26,562 \\ 234,707 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 45.812 \\ 2.145 \\ 94.256 \end{array}$	1.831 101.724	177.530 7.961 410,387	88,342 124,231 7,777 407,286
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	407,787 34	3.485 1.568	5,463 1,406,25	6 259,246	159,430	963,953	587,667	181,982	176,258 99,509	747,760 326,977	685,268
Net from railroad	171,459 166 40,065 4		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 4,000	$-10.165 \\ 4.000$	-10.576 $16,000$ 695	$\begin{array}{c} -48.591 \\ 16,000 \\ 25 \end{array}$	84,297 16,069	16,600	61,218	324,521 59,400
Net after taxes, &c.	131,327 11	4.075 487	7,344 471,28	6 12,532	-14,165	-27,271	-64,616	68,228 48,949	82,909 56,806	265,759 178,545	265,121
Net after rents	611	466	4,631 453,40 611 46	6 272	5,627 272	19,685 272	10,323	96	96	96	165,514 96
1	-Month of Apr		. 1 to April 30-	- Month	of April—	-Jan. 1 to .	April 30-	-Month of	April	W Englar	April 30-
EARNINGS.	1927. 193 244,248 23	8		1927. 3 544,559	1926. 257.898	1927. \$ 1,881,971	1926. \$ 958,612	1927. \$ 513.939	1926. 481,250	1927. 1,663,447	1926. 1.325.726
Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev.	36,022 4	$\frac{3.018}{1.253} - \frac{179}{1.314}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 3.126 \\ 9.394 \\ \hline 5.240 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{r} 1.054.92 \\ 193.26 \\ \hline 1.363.90 \\ \end{array} $	578.463	285.275	76.657 2.019.717	59,500 1,065,330	$\frac{1,188}{523,289}$	1,339	$\frac{5,119}{1.697,337}$	$\substack{1,325,726\\5,749\\1,358,351}$
Maint, of equipm't.	141,849 21 57,557 6	4,871 486 9,644 231	6,098 617,44 5,648 268,63	1 155,720 8 80,231	$\frac{75,272}{51,637}$	501,105 $296,623$	$\frac{218,127}{245,309}$	$43.113 \\ 98.221 \\ 7.895$	50,523 105,942	147.985 393.338	142,901 353,747
Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	8,957 538	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 197,045	7,823 93,185	37,886 743,058	29,746 333,975	159,223 325,225	$\frac{5,924}{138,399}$ $\overline{316,306}$	$\begin{array}{r} 25,322 \\ 592,530 \\ \hline 1,226,258 \end{array}$	20,032 491,014
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	-66.787 -12	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7 123,934	$\frac{234,845}{50,430}$ $\frac{7,000}{7,000}$	1,636,052 383,665 28,000	854,993 210,337 28,000	198,064 28,839	172,877 27,218	471,079 73,132	$\begin{array}{r} 1,074,797 \\ 283,554 \\ 54,716 \end{array}$
Taxes Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	88	1,604	$\frac{369}{2.710} = \frac{102.01}{-255.42}$	4 8	43,430	355.591	181,914	169,225	145,659	397,883	228,838
Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper.	distance of the second second second second	Commenced Commenced	2,111 —338,54 307 —30	2 16,550	4,847	59,961 465	31.980 465	166,445 216	153,183 219	399,482 216	274,496 219
ava: miceori dopor.		king Val	ley	Kan	sas Oklal	noma & (Gulf	Month of	Lehigh		Amell 20
EARNINGS.	1927. 19	26. 192			Okla. & Gu of April— 1926.	—Jan. 1 to 1927.	April 30— 1926.	Month of 1927.	1926.	1927.	April 30— 1926.
Freight revenue Passenger revenue	62,445 5	8,542 268	$\begin{array}{ccc} 0.568 & 5.103.25 \\ 5.412 & 252.26 \end{array}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 216,418 \\ 4,599 \end{bmatrix}$	175,421 4,793	856,723 21,030	825,044 22,301	5,234,489 617,741	635,848	2,287,811	$18,804,950 \\ 2,337,306$
Tot., incl. other rev.	186,366 19	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2.357 & 6.142 \\ 1.709 & 673 \\ 6.877 & 1.518 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2.890 & 5.693.00 \\ 3.752 & 669.04 \\ 8.141 & 1.616.16 \end{array}$	9 29,239	$\begin{array}{r} 185,817 \\ 93,261 \\ 325,644 \end{array}$	903.184 471.607 104.365	870.624 316.428	$6,363,684 \\ 702,931 \\ 1.346,669$	6,861,946 588,787 1,315,317	$23.858.092 \ 2.431.653 \ 5.560.321$	22.831.313 $2.553.581$ $5.113.418$
Maint, of equipm't_ Traffic expenses Transportation exp_	15.939 1	5,891 64	4.751 60.28 1.785 1.816.67	5 10.195	10,961 87,072	37,015 284,914	414.116 41.689 324.694	135,105 $2,553,742$	128,607	536.588	491,023
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	Andrew Control of the latest the	CONTRACTOR BEAUTY	4,117 4,326,80 8,773 1,366,19	The same of the sa	601,176 -415,359	915.842 -12.658	$\frac{1.210.088}{-339.464}$	4,914,238 1,449,446	4.787,120 2,074,826	19,710,002 4,148,090	18,836,551 $3,994,762$
Taxes Uncollectible revenue	116,750 11	1,707 450 129	0,201 446,83 26 17	0 9,549	36.015 7.799	38,738 80	59.957 7,812	325,718 404	414,965 251	1,072,546 838	$1.092.861 \\ 4.071$
Net after taxes, &c.	Statement of the later of the l	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 7.201 & 1.433 \\ 0.071 & 1.343 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 8,546 \\ \hline 9,588 \\ \hline 967,92 \\ \end{array} $	The state of the s	-459.173 -484.269	-51,476 $-125,295$	-407.233 -478.355	941,069	$\frac{1,659,610}{1,500,649}$	3,074,706 $2,202,595$	2,897,830 2,288,895
Aver, miles of r'd oper.	348 Illinois	Central	System .	11	323 as City So	326 uthern S	323 vstem	1,363 Los	1,363 Angeles	1,363 & Salt L	1,363 ake
EARNINGS.	-Month of Apr 1927. 19	ril Jan	. 1 to April 30-	-Month	of April	Jan. 1 to	April 30-			-Jan. 1 to . 1927.	
Freight revenue Pamenger revenue		8.653 46.39 4.982 9.40	$9.150 \ 44.942.32 \ 6.836 \ 9.433.93$		1926. 1,316,648 111,542	1927. 4,947.869 408,930	$ \begin{array}{r} 1926. \\ 5.112.788 \\ 460.381 \end{array} $	1,492,355 338,169	1,432,257 343,868	5,899,838 1,347,611	5,732,639 1,340,074
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	14,811,882 14,26	1,362 60.19 8 952 7 29		6 1,541,684	1,582,274	5,946,932 655,367	6.147.281 638.794	2,026,194 452,533	1,943,093 440,438	7,968,664 1,519,489	7.749.458 1.719.690
Maint. of equipm't Traffic expenses	291,296 26		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	275,004 53,844	51.289	1,005,323 $201,143$	1,007,274	422,724 83,219	396,641 76,902	1,689,396 332,240	$\substack{1,652,751\\260,662}$
Transportation exp. Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	11,822,515 11,37	6.130 22.35 $5.937 45.85$	9.084 45,271,59	5 1,112,405		$\frac{1.938,990}{4,115,856}$	1,967,246 4,113,447	$\frac{617,333}{1,738,240}$	$\frac{643,315}{1,692,641}$	2,576,481 6,747,693	$\frac{2,557,208}{6,740,982}$
Net from railroad Taxes	2,989,367 2,88 984,909 92 5,160	23,711 4,24	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0.910 & 13.628.50 \\ 6.848 & 4.077.91 \\ 8.218 & 10.79 \end{array}$	3 110,308	530,709 107,455 556	$1,831,076 \\ 441,233 \\ 924$	2,033,834 $430,343$ $1,628$	287,954 132,291 311	$250,452 \\ 132,746 \\ 3,807$	$1,220,971 \\ 529,702 \\ 2,273$	1,008,476 $531,223$ $4,191$
Net after taxes, &c.	1,999,298 1.98	59,346 10,07	5,844 9,539,78	318,760		1,388,919	1,601,863	155,352 59,502	113.899 26.890	688,996 322,446	473,062
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	6,584	6,254	6,584 6,28	784	784	784	1,440,966 784	1,208	1,207	1,208	137,792 1,207
BABNINGS	-Month of Ar		n. 1 to April 30- 27. 1926.		of April— 1926.	-Jan. 1 to	April 30-		f April— 1926.	Arkans —Jan. 1 to 1927.	April 30— 1926.
EARNINGS.	9.405.523 9.23	\$ 30,188 39,34	\$ 16,287 38,793.18	214.934	237,502	1927. \$ 850,960	1926. \$ 865.196	247,396	335,785	1.149.814	1,292,116
Tot., incl. other rev.	12,626,784 12,4	95,598 51.26	$\frac{84,504}{55,738} = \frac{8,342,2}{51,205,0}$	245,063	264.419	957,321	973.967	$\frac{14,601}{276,334}$	$\frac{17.695}{362.312}$	$\frac{59,230}{1,246,974}$	76,277
Maint. of equipm't.	2.893.243 2.9	96.757 11.30	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	59 30,903 25,776 6,913	22.563	$\substack{120.862\\83.958\\23.972}$	82,303 80,822 24,212	55,699 61,734	$\frac{49,163}{58,285}$ 10.913	$\begin{array}{c} 239,973 \\ 256,641 \\ 46,307 \end{array}$	198,872 231,363 45,771 398,213
Traffic expenses Transportation exp. Fot.exp.,incl.oth	4.548,327 4.4	84,667 18,88	$\frac{32,287}{34,786}$ $\frac{18,387,9}{39,253,6}$	72,818	66,608	285,966 560,131	270,025 500,409	$\begin{array}{r} 11.232 \\ 92,406 \\ \hline 232,318 \end{array}$	100,600 231,355	395,330 984,329	398,213 920,105
Not from railroad	2,972,492 2,5	74.171 12.93 97.888 3.5	30.952 11.951.4 15.415 3.512.1	96,67	129,468	397,190	The state of the s	44,016 23,135	130,957 34,554	262,645 105,803	481,900 139,727
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	2.182.741 1.7	2,259	$ \begin{array}{r} 13,883 \\ \hline 01,654 \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{r} 9,8 \\ \hline 8,429,4 \\ \end{array} $	60 104	119	190	1,010	31	96,367	156,793	712 341,461
Not after rents		78,684 9,02 4,874	20,773 8,580,5 4,874 4,8		1 89,470 1 81		THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY NAMED IN		80,566 302	107,921 302	277,559 302
		& Mississip	pi Valley n. 1 to April 30	Lake	Superio		eming			way & N	
EARNINGS.	1927.	926. 19	927. 1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
Freight revenue Passenger revenue	306,599 2	46,552 1,3	11,843 6,149,1 06,356 6,091,6	52 2,79	8 5,305		21,522	10,733	226,279 16,711	1,034,341 54,430	966,741 68,048
Tot., incl. other rev Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm t.	750,086	12.095 1.9	77.259 $7.695.0$ 07.085 $1.304.5$ 17.558 $1.447.7$	16 27.89	8 25.766	106.132	110,256	70,899	$260,216 \\ 65,625 \\ 56,066$	1,153,876 $255,910$ $160,584$	1,101,773 250,899 230,687
Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	48,469	37,132	97,386 136.0 34,427 2,935.0	85 47	$\frac{5}{3}$ $\frac{475}{34,889}$	2,252 141,168	2,067	10,998 122,506	12,908 126,480	$\begin{array}{r} 100.384 \\ 46.490 \\ 532.072 \end{array}$	45,569 524,399
Tot.exp.,incl.oth	2,150,738 1,4 19,176 3		65,710 6,017,9	50 102,51 55 22,35	6 -23 728	381,142	380,948	250,165 17,297	264,954 4,738	1,026,025 127,851	1,073,60€
Taxes Uncollectible revenue.	195,207 1	21,844 7	$\begin{array}{c} 12,290 \\ 4,335 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 551,4 \\ 9 \end{array}$	72 18,52	7 12,909	53,326	50,933	22,000	22,000 91	88,000 3,413	28,167 88,000 679
Net after taxes, &c.		16,675 4	$\begin{array}{c} 94,924 \\ 32,653 \\ \hline 872,0 \\ \end{array}$	21 69	7 -40,293	-125,262	-162,401	-34,743		$\frac{36,438}{-91,667}$	-60,512 $-194,552$
Not after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper	1.710	1,379		79 16					337		337

officers of	Louisiana —Month of		Nav Co o		Month of	ississippi	Central	mril 20	-Month of	Monte	our Jan. 1 to A	nril 30-
EARNINGS.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
Passenger revenue	70.343	95,137 4,835	330,097 17,062	400,371 23,335	117,481 8,139	113,916 9,166	498,212 33,695	467,182 39,080	66,996 230	48.569 246	460.560 1.588	204,654
Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't.	77.684 21.021	104.749 19.420 15.3.0	362,454 93,334 5,961	445,928 81,052 63,503	130,095 17,774 28,544	$\substack{127.201 \\ 18.777 \\ 26.720}$	549,335 77,785 104,402	524.137 69.112 104.083	$67.690 \\ 27.531 \\ 41.69$	49.581 19.773 41.989	464.937 81.937 182.854	$208,044 \\ 63,767 \\ 149,298$
Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	3.371 37,937	3.287 48,591	11,351 168,384	14.259 216.407	28,544 7,845 35,516	8,143 34,840	$\frac{32.969}{147.768}$	30,294 141,774	1.337 18.328	$\frac{1.089}{13.672}$	5,053 109,352	5,211 59,853
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	84,227 6,543	92,644 12,105	353,790 8,664	399,363 46,565	98.118 31.977	97,854 29,347	394,091 155,244	376,868 147,269	99.151 -31.461	83,330 -33,749	50,326	305,595 $-97,551$
Uncollectible revenue.	4,000	4,000 201	16,000	15,852 272	7,412	29,347 8,801	35.553 82	39,366	1,395	1,843	25,687	7,445
Net after taxes, &c.	$\frac{-10.544}{-24.065}$	7,904 $-12,588$	-7,369 $64,663$	30,441 51,466	24,565 26,126	20,546 27,231	119,609 127,468	107,903 131,153	<u>-32.856</u> 5,998	$\frac{-35,592}{2,032}$	24,639 - 154,212	-104,996 $21,649$
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	206 Lou	206 isville &	206 k Nashvil	206 le	Misson	161 uri & No	rth Arka	nsas 161	Nashville	Chattan	ooga & S	t Louis
AARNINGS.	-Month of 1927.	April— 1926.	-Jan. 1 to 1927.	April 30— 1926.	Month of 1927.	April	-Jan. 1 to 1	April 30— 1926.	-Month of 1927.	April 1926.	-Jan. 1 to A 1927.	1926.
Preight revenue	9.832.620 1.588.989	9.043.327	38,222,178 6,711,917	38,476,451 7,376,554	95,010 13,125	122,275 14,414	455,011 59,865	460.751 60.988	1,487,948 1 324,300	362,737	5,629,308 1,324,525	6.034,362 1,551,667
Tot., incl. other rev.	$\begin{array}{c} 12.162.313 \\ 1.821.023 \end{array}$	1.437.964	47.558.432	48,528,808 6,690,163	116,042 41,211	145.116	548,086 142,703	555,777	1.964.618 2	2.068,923 373,442	7.519.528	8.161.504 1.283.268
Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses	2,813,667 231,643	245,470	7,247,506 11,195,553 1,053,378	11,074,196 1,013,881	14.578 9.811 51.956	49,546 32,642 9,701 56,465	65,458 39,115	185.103 103.393 32.259	355,534 88,762 688,601	405.185 80.826	1,565,292 350,536 2,819,909	1,596,611 330,407 2,963,624
Transportation exp. Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	description of the last section of the	9,212,704	16,925,936 37,923,087	17,537,179 37,584,647	124,434	157,523	214.734 490.914	220,183 572,331	1,474,825	757,844	6,044,065	6,504,968
Net from railroad Taxes. Uncollectible revenue.	$2,718,221 \\ 589,864 \\ 1,928$	2,225,260 539,090 1,453	9,635,345 2,224,455 4,748	10.944.161 $2.364.872$ 5.429	-8,392 2,596 24	$\begin{array}{c} -12.407 \\ 1.295 \\ 73 \end{array}$	57,172 9,646 247	$-16.554 \\ 8.345 \\ 663$	489,793 70,000 1,815	362,922 75,000 352	$\substack{1,475,463\\290,000\\2,850}$	1,656,536 300,000 819
Not after taxes, &c	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	1,684,717	7,406,142	8,573,860 8,230,313	-11,012 -22,063	-13,775 $-25,607$	47,279 6,662	-25,562 73,739	417,978	287,570 255,392	1.182,613	1,355,717 1,316,072
Aver, miles of r'd oper.	5,064	5,063	5,060	5,063	364	364	364	364	1,259	1,259	1,259	1.259
EARNINGS.	-Month of 1927.			April 30— 1926.		Wichita F	alls & Nort —Jan. 1 to	hwestern	-Month of		orthern —Jan. 1 to A 1927.	1926.
Freight revenue	249.238	209,448	1.081.027	1,046,068	1927. 2,265.046	1926. 2,069,454	1927. 9.248.788	1926. 8,408,160	55.507	61.420	259,289	245,255
Tot., incl. other rev.	$\frac{52,923}{321,188}$	53.678 278.783	$\frac{199,551}{1,346,631}$	204,688 1,313,180	325,745 2,821,354	347,845 2,613,224		$\frac{1.453.835}{10.671.107}$	5.928 68.986	7,671	26,263 314,346	32,165 304,822
Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses	59.904 45.147 7.629	74,975 53,400 7,604	220,463 200,999 28,755	247,169 180,625 28,354	445,707 656,504 68,665	$\begin{array}{c} 262.714 \\ 662.007 \\ 61.254 \end{array}$	1.238.878 $2.631.356$ 265.362	$\substack{\frac{986,232}{2,594,614}\\233,615}$	15,064 5,403 923	5,302 913	52,479 20,164 3,763	53,776 25,054 3,469
Transportation exp. Tot. exp., incl. oth.	110.146 234,168	101,610 247,878	436,423 932,439	424,895 922,888	826,545 2,097,347	712,717	7,649,613	7,131,163	14,538	14,139 36,232	160,148	59,584 161,771
Net from railroad	87.020 19.691	30,905 12,727	414.192 87,886	390.292 85,262	724.007 175,693	840,245 216,258	3.780.445 800.049	3,539,944 838,576	27,862 7,353	40,064 8,760	154,198 26,911	143,051 41,713
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	67,328	15 18,163	$\frac{64}{326,242}$	$\frac{171}{304.859}$	462 547,852	2,586 $621,401$	$\frac{2,487}{2,977,909}$	$\frac{5,717}{2,695,651}$	20,495	31,300	36 127,251	101,332
Aver, miles of r'd oper.	. 57,828 199	12,667 199	294,370 199	273,465 199	535.438 1,799	$\substack{656,817 \\ 1,799}$	3,039,174 1,799	$2,895,396 \\ 1,799$	22,471 165	33,126 165	127,632 165	106,452 165
	Month of		Central —Jan. 1 to	April 30-	-Month o	f April-	Texas Ry	April 30-	-Month of	April-	South Sh	April 30-
Freight revenue	1927. 1,153,704	1926. \$ 1.116.247	1927. \$ 5.231.172	1926. 4.958.974	1927. 1.252.907	1926. 1,105,373	1927. \$ 5,315,368	1926. 4,615,904	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev.	261,322 1,561,093	335,284 1,598,373	$\frac{1,225,960}{7,029,500}$	1.264.095 6.777.850	319,650 1,730,817	314,259 1,562,211	7,197,494	$\frac{1.275.511}{6,476.265}$	162.869	177,590	561.786	671.959
Maint. of equipm't_	282,911 348,240	$253,688 \\ 320,538$	1.037.074 $1.310.790$	1.014.580 $1.328.441$	$185,072 \\ 236,071$	$267.673 \\ 240.459$	1.076.788	904,499 886,815	21.146 36,250	19.044 44.786	61,664 $154,900$	$\frac{48.191}{172,124}$
Traffic expenses Transportation exp_	14.911 649.472	14,352 644,692	2,808,625 5,450,833	2,829,354 5,420,664	$ \begin{array}{r} 50,323 \\ 712,026 \\ \hline 1,260,983 \end{array} $	$\frac{42,663}{640,178}$ $1.271,519$	$203.887 \\ 2.901.100 \\ \hline 5.459.161$	$\frac{171,930}{2,710,816}$ $\overline{4.976.817}$	64.938 126,883	69,741	246,632 479,790	296,297 533,035
Net from railroad Taxes	$\begin{array}{r} 1.362,076 \\ \hline 199,017 \\ 113,914 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 1,282,094 \\ \hline 317,279 \\ 102,105 \end{array}$	$\frac{5,450,832}{1,578,668}$ $\frac{455,657}{1}$	$\frac{5,420,664}{1,357,186}$ $\frac{427,166}{1}$	469,834 51,672	290.692 52,500	1,738,333	1,499,448 212,008	35,986 13,114	39.736 13,584	81,996 49,974	138,924 52,367
Vicollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	85,001	214,095	1.122,907	929,862	807 417,355	237,639	3,224	$\frac{2,468}{1,284,972}$	22,872	26,152	32,022	86.557
Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper.	48,904 1,121	183,609 1,121	907.442 1,121	853,160 1.121	236,088 1,389	91,333 1,389	838,069 1,389	598,111 1,389	20,634	35,055 7	59,439	110,937
	-Month o		d Valley	April 30—	-Month	Missouri		April 30-	New Orle		as & Mex	
EARNINGS.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	Month of 1927. 157,593	April— 1926.	-Jan. 1 to .	April 30— 1926.
Passenger revenue	261,041 30,849	336,832 30,743	1,086,456	1.185,346 125,416	$\begin{array}{r} 6.867.869 \\ 1.072.259 \\ \hline 8.812.107 \end{array}$	$8,651,307 \\ 1,247,353 \\ \hline 10,735,535$	$32,574,195 \\ \underline{4,852,694} \\ 40,699,328$	$34,200,735 \\ \underline{5,162,437} \\ 42,663,047$	32,404 198,852	$\frac{277,246}{34,033}$ $\overline{321,524}$	886,658 125,792 1,046,448	$\begin{array}{r} 951,028 \\ 130,320 \\ \hline 1,122,383 \end{array}$
Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't.	302,974 57,737 41,892 7,274	380,639 65,470 40,000	1,256,542 178,312 148,534	1,364,478 $184,166$ $146,868$	2,004.498 1,820,109	$\frac{1.671.478}{2.247.182}$	$6.146.767 \\ 8.200.160$	6.152,940 9.003,496	34,701 80,443	$\frac{40.337}{72.740}$	$\frac{175,630}{277,954}$	167,607 $243,564$
Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	87.542	5,998 94,475	29,033 345,553	25,339 357,746	276,167 3,723,086	$\frac{276,585}{3,913,728}$	1,138,004 $15,589,057$	$\frac{1.064.016}{15.678.780}$	88,225	9,130 88,014	33,481 362,051	37,216 321,981
Not from railroad	210.378 92.596	224,922 155,717	765,316 491,226	786,888 577,590	8,217,411 594,696	8.465.622 $2.269.913$	32,646,313 8,053,015	33.254.512 9.408.535	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	225,023 96,501	$\frac{900,200}{146,248}$ $159,613$	829,608 292,775
Uncollectible revenue.	$\begin{array}{r} 19,525 \\ 319 \\ \hline 72,752 \end{array}$	16,874 38	80,225	67,498	$ \begin{array}{r} 380,197 \\ 3,160 \\ \hline 211,339 \end{array} $	$\frac{432,114}{2,657}$ $\overline{1.835,142}$	$\frac{1,730,589}{15,641}$ $6,306,785$	$\frac{1.811.055}{11.838}$ $\overline{7.585.642}$	1,412	$\frac{25,738}{27} \\ \hline 70,736$	$\frac{1.676}{1.676}$ -15.041	$\frac{101,564}{278}$ $190,933$
Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents Aver, miles of r't, oper.	55,670	138,805 118,817 364	410,338 340,938 364	509,922 437,364 364	-155.089 7.354	1,398,576	4,770,090	5.948,778 7.345	-947	120,630	168,631	392,284
aran amazar a opar	Min		& St L	ouis		Mobile	& Ohio		Beaum	ont Sour		atern
EARNINGS.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	April 30— 1926.		1926.	—Jan. 1 to 1927.	1926.
Preight revenue Passenger revenue	858,929 103,334	989,609 86,567	392,742	403,677	1,364,853 92,845	1,450,385 105,278	5,207,006 419,589	5,746,469 452,097	25,975	259,831 29,203	945,707 108,366	744,206 124,837
Tot., incl. other rev.	$\begin{array}{c} 1.029.490 \\ 318.194 \\ 289.132 \end{array}$	$\substack{1.135.487\\369.272\\271.442}$		737,378	$\begin{array}{c c} 1,550,180 \\ 230,322 \\ 293,434 \end{array}$	1,635,552 $228,203$ $300,839$	5,956,739 $897,866$ $1,064,210$	$\substack{6,538,949\\884,404\\1,219,343}$	53.300	$302,077 \\ 30,204 \\ 38,844$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,108,466 \\ \cdot & 156,290 \\ 142,170 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 921,524 \\ 110,063 \\ 126,145 \end{array}$
Maint. of equipm't Traffic expenses Transportation exp	36,787 501,360	33.479 528.780	143,187	143.755		55,833 561,292	$212.346 \\ 2,226.396$	203.070 2,248,259	6,905	7.441 95.096	27,272 430,478	29.922 351.109
Not from railroad	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	1.245.763 -110.276			338,067		1,366,128	1,801,651	217,550 61,557	184,213 117,864	801,009 307,457	$\frac{666,629}{254,895}$ $27,705$
Uncollectible revenue.	62,913	63.290 625	203,771	255,970 1,199	310	441,277 104,727 330	327,000 1,401	383,908	29	6,926 681	206	1,034
Net after taxes, &c.	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	-174.191 -196.028	-324,880	-54.966	257.757 195,727	336,020 272,453	859,553	1,415,208	Committee of the Commit	37,911	352,954 50,465	$\frac{226.156}{-22,253}$
Aver. miles of r'd oper	Minn St			1,627 Ste Marie		1,161 ongahel					naville & Mo	
EARNINGS.	Month o	of April—1926.	-Jan. 1 t	o April 30— 1926.	Month 1927.	of April—— 1926.	-Jan. 1 to	April 30— 1926.		1926.	-Jan. 1 to 1927.	April 30— 1926.
Preight revenue Passenger revenue	2,824,756 410,511	2,879,263 429,117							704,199 99,198	793,254 105,849	2,860,507 469,358	2,443,223 465,086
Tot., incl. other rev Expenses—Maint.way	3,501,081 548,926	3,610,288 555,067	1.834.718	13,661.783	17.939	163,719 18,676	725,040 68,321	783.474 76.600	887,925 121,420	983,851 139,655	3,557,974 640,174 489,930	3,138.889 572.058 472.791
Maint, of equipm't. Traffic expenses. Transportation exp.	702,985	744,953 86,770 1,428,652	2,900,850 280,504 5,670,35	293,803	375	374	$133,606 \\ 1,498 \\ 313,316$	$142.651 \\ 1.498 \\ 367.397$		$\begin{array}{c} 113,099 \\ 21,680 \\ 268,790 \end{array}$	92,934 995.041	87,163 834,177
Tot.exp.,incl.oth	2,827,664	2,958,441	11,190,758	11,468,068	133,252		529,789 195,251	600,939 182,535	556,016	575,468 408,383	2,329,446 1,228,528	2,034,623 1,104,266
Net from railroad Taxes Uncollectible revenue.	673,417 220,483 423	230,050 959	891.04	939.600	10.678		39.054	21.250	35,302 459	30,581 299	137,833 1,629	122,324 78
Net after taxes, &c.	100 011	420,838 339,847	902,89	1,251,632	41,453	4	156.197 142.80 <u>1</u>	161.285 150.90s	222,638	377,503 275,858	$\frac{1.089.066}{796.123}$	981,864 734,024 550
Aver. miles of r'd oper		4.400				7	7	7	601	550	601	550

	New Orleans (Great Northern -Jan. 1 to April 30-		ork Chicago	St Louis	Nor —Month of		rn Pacific	11 30-
EARNINGS. Freight revenue	1927. 1926. \$ 219,875 203,565	1927. 1926.	1927.	1926. 192°	7. 1926.	1927. \$ 272.094	1926.	1927.	926.
Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev.	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 23,721 & 26,327 \\ \hline 249,640 & 237,885 \end{array}$	94,047 97,49		$\begin{array}{r} 4.264,313 & 16,532 \\ 144,380 & 509 \\ \hline 4.558,998 & 17.570 \end{array}$,914 516,097	144.105 464.491	$\frac{313,961}{149,266} \\ \hline 514,118$	513,884 5	$\frac{32,341}{61,696}$ $\frac{70,080}{}$
Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses	$egin{array}{cccc} 46,254 & 35,016 \\ 40,446 & 48,230 \\ 8,748 & 7,275 \end{array}$	168,570 120,84 193,403 196,90 31,237 27,71		866,117 3,595	$\begin{array}{ccc} .672 & 2.032.845 \\ .065 & 3.461.765 \\ .511 & 483.636 \end{array}$	89,989 79,544 5,845	$ \begin{array}{r} 109,008 \\ 85,032 \\ 6,462 \end{array} $	324.961 3	$96,001 \\ 23,226 \\ 22,595$
Transportation exp. Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	$ \begin{array}{r} 70,064 & 73,890 \\ \hline 176,238 & 175,755 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,523,339 3,204,637	$\begin{array}{c} 1.568.048 & 6.353 \\ \hline 3.246.592 & 12.950 \end{array}$.545 6,348,310	200,223 396,174	205,049 424,571	1,613,524 1,6	15,826 $29,788$
Net from railroad Taxes Uncollectible revenue_	$73,402 & 62,130 \\ 15,030 & 16,500 \\ 106 & 110$	68.374 75,22	169.142	1,312,406 4,620 251,117 974	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0.231 & 5.051,280 \\ 0.933 & 1.004,468 \\ 0.640 & 2.598 \end{array}$	68,317 40,686 8	89,547 41,027	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 50,524 & 2 \\ 162,743 & 1 \\ 153 & 1 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 240,292 \\ 64,109 \\ 111 \end{array}$
Net after taxes, &c.	58,266 45,520 37,748 35,319	276,918 245,64	972,034	1.061.045 3.644 921.119 2.960	.658 4.044,214	27,623 18,256	THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAME		76,072 45,247
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	274 274		1,691		,691 1,691	477	493 orthern	477	485
EARNINGS.		Central RR. -Jan. 1 to April 30- 1927. 1926.	11		1 to April 30-	Month of 1927.		-Jan. 1 to Apr	11 30— 926.
Preight revenue Passenger revenue	$\begin{array}{c} 19.832.942 & 19.868.589 \\ 7.542.389 & 7.656.382 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		188,271 904	,683 784,889	845,622	824,864	3,486,845 3,5	75.101 67,405
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't.	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$2\ 125356,078\ 124738,45$ $2\ 16,271,468\ 14,929,04$ $2\ 2\ 6,905,933\ 2\ 9,124,19$	8.741		,684 902,557 ,638 85,211 ,403 48,538	1.490.032	1.376.196	3.929.262 4.1	$81,722 \\ 23.008$
Traffic expenses Transportation exp_	420,485 10,884,938 10,743,174	$\begin{array}{c} 1.605.798 & 1.561.12 \\ 46.194,386 & 44,434.27 \end{array}$	59,112	53,486 245	0.035 207,558	2,493,880	2,559,118 1	0,215,414 10,4	23,008 43,164 87,865
Tot.exp.,incl.oth. Net from railroad	$\begin{array}{c} 24.165.623 & 24.168.819 \\ \hline 7.474.073 & 7.613.493 \\ 2.135.671 & 2.225.342 \end{array}$		157.988	136,360 639	$\begin{array}{c} 0.682 & 347.557 \\ 0.002 & 555.000 \\ 0.000 & 152.000 \end{array}$	The same of the sa	$\frac{5,908,160}{1,550,981}$ $\frac{2}{661,315}$	4,683,343 5,6	81,484 $58,670$ $44,780$
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	$\begin{array}{c c} 10,875 & 28,739 \\ \hline 5,327,527 & 5,359,412 \end{array}$	$\frac{38,628}{19.516,427} \frac{59,67}{19,500,02}$	117,488		,002 403,000	1,880 680,221	841 888,825	$\begin{array}{c c} 5,711 \\ 2,021,070 \\ \hline 3,0 \end{array}$	6,940 06,950
Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper.	4,994,748 5,275,650 6,925 6,930	18,113,847 19,138,40 6,925 6,93		88,554 402 20	.784 370,773 20 20	6,668	1,320,960 6,682	6,674	$\substack{05,542\\6,672}$
EARNINGS.	-Month of April- 1927. 1926.	ti Northern - —Jan. 1 to April 30— 1927. 1926.	Inch	rk New Haven udes Central New of April————Jan		Incl Penn	Company	a Railroad Grand Rap C C & St L	ids &
Freight revenue	360,703 333,521	1,498,853 1,471,56	1927. 6.329.078	1926. 1926 6.516.015 23.812	7. 1926. 1.174 23.715.681	38.057,399 38	April-8,325,879 1	—Jan. 1 to Apr 54261,298 1544	61.379
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	$\begin{array}{r} 4.929 \\ \hline 375,543 \\ 49.357 \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{r} 6.410 \\ 347,490 \\ 40.918 \\ \end{array}$	1,548,184 1,522,296 171,606 157,460	11.662.616	$\begin{array}{r} 4.048.070 \\ \hline 11.927.023 \\ 1.423.487 \end{array} \begin{array}{r} 15.677 \\ 44.453 \\ 5.825 \end{array}$.250 44.622.373	percentage and the second second second	5,417,842 2	$\frac{15,844,355}{19711,896}$ $\frac{45,8}{2196}$ $\frac{27,134,224}{29,6}$	
Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	$\begin{array}{cccc} 69,814 & 67,119 \\ 7,544 & 5,818 \\ 118,932 & 120,584 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,334,620 94,205	2,438,225 9,190	$\begin{array}{ccc} .464 & 9.399.236 \\ .483 & 322.521 \end{array}$	11,686,944 13 761,975	3,334,666 4 706,247	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$72,791 \\ 60,454 \\ 35,609$
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 260,020 & 245,740 \\ \hline 115,523 & 101,750 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8,452,669	8,400,537 3,526,486 10,718	.608 33,322,452	42,151,301 44	4,066,305 1	73486,213 1807	-
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	25,212 23,588	100,392 101,80	506,490 287	468,625 2,144 473 3	.670 1.894,300 .845 3.494	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$2,760,998 \\ 23,040$	8,525,274 9,0 42,477	$06,643 \\ 90,377$
Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	280,334 307,74		$\begin{array}{c cccc} 3.057.388 & 8.570 \\ \hline 2.467.543 & 5.900 \\ 2.197 & 2 \end{array}$	Marine Control Marine Statement Control of the last		$\frac{8.567,499}{7,228,180}$ $\frac{3}{3}$	32,713,373 24.8	25,424 $311,336$ $10,518$
		t L (incl Peo & East -Jan. 1 to April 30-	New Y	ork Ontario &			re Chesape	-Jan. 1 to Apr	ic
EARNINGS	1927. 1926.	1927. 1926.	1927.	1926. 1925	7. 1926.	1927.	1926.	1927. 1	926.
Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev.	$\begin{array}{cccc} 5.331.643 & 5.493.244 \\ 1.233.035 & 1.269.199 \\ \hline 7.239.146 & 7.448.251 \end{array}$	4,928,121 5,005,13	$\begin{array}{r} 744.170 \\ 98.006 \\ \hline 1.008.570 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$,096 363,101	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c }\hline & 61,226 \\ & 25,225 \\ \hline & 93,267 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\frac{72,320}{27,687}\\\hline 105,416$	82,100	41,439 80,397 43,461
Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	112,534 225,118	116,881 438 243,146 907	$\begin{array}{ccc} .105 & 384,153 \\ .809 & 784,533 \\ .467 & 63,593 \end{array}$	12,467 53,965 1,783	11.832 52.126 1.626	38 901	30,769 30,073 6,184
Transportation exp. Tot. exp.,incl.oth.	2.776.888 $2.632.986$ $5.874.061$ $5.617.442$	11,488,563 11,166,440		883,067 3,360	.479 1.657,168	$\frac{71,207}{142,522}$	71,487	290,054 2	84,221 64,652
Net from railroad Taxes	$1,365,085 \\ 375,042 \\ 1,649 $ $1,830,809 \\ 421,079 \\ 1,752$	1,633,937 1,746,51	50,000	50,000 200	0.092 270,147 0.000 200,000	-49,255 3,211	-34.792 3,209	-152,058 -1 $1,436$ 98	$21,191 \\ 1,435 \\ 280$
Net after taxes, &c.	988.394 1.407.978 876.628 1.303.827	5,132,565 5,211,572	And the last of th	232,293 —211	$ \begin{array}{r} 0.058 \\ 0.150 \\ 0.630 \\ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{r} 144 \\ 70.003 \\ \hline -100.676 \end{array} $	-52,466 -53,892	$ \begin{array}{r} 253 \\ -38,254 \\ -39,924 \end{array} $	-153,592 -1	$\frac{230}{22,906}$
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	2,397 2,391 Indiana H	2.397 2.39	New Yor	569	569 569	130	Long I	130	130
EARNINGS.	Month of April	—Jan. 1 to April 30— 1927. 1926.	Month 1927.		1 to April 30-	Month of 1927.		-Jan. 1 to Apr	il 30— 926.
Freight revenue Passenger revenue			309,078 47,759		,893 203,561	1,073,500 1,982,307	1,207,041 1,843,276		$04.153 \\ 82.185$
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't.	$\begin{array}{ccc} 916,099 & 905,788 \\ 145,000 & 86,906 \\ 132,252 & 147,626 \end{array}$	504.069 361.75	396.681 42,843 63,999	$\begin{array}{ccc} 467,688 & 1,605 \\ 48,106 & 189 \\ 65,759 & 280 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 0.900 & 1.569.914 \\ 0.611 & 207.136 \\ 0.943 & 225.852 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 3,282,716 \\ 578,524 \\ 563,054 \end{array}$	3,109,645 1 $485,045$ $539,666$	1,993,884 1,7	014,067 $015,930$ $098,989$
Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	$ \begin{array}{r} 4.712 \\ 365,273 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{r} 4.605 \\ 368,145 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	191,516	4,593 20 196,491 866	.084 17,072 804,309	27,864 1,375,420	$\frac{26,577}{1,333,612}$	5,484,216 $5,2$	$00,954 \\ 14,299$
Net from railroad	$\begin{array}{c} 670,496 \\ 245,603 \\ 63,384 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 638,605 \\ 267,183 \\ 47,338 \end{array}$	925,691 906.668	81.340		$\begin{array}{c} .534 \\ .366 \\ .920 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 1.303.312 \\ 266.602 \\ 116.936 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 2.645.111 \\ \hline 637.605 \\ 149.929 \end{array}$	$\frac{2,460,393}{649,252}$ $\frac{1}{126,295}$	1.510.423 1.5	69,722 $44,345$ $74,965$
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	$\begin{array}{c c} 263 & 1,582 \\ \hline 181,956 & 218,263 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	077		361 048 ,085 149,618	1,906 485,770	465	25,284	3,195 66,185
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	231,575 176,574 116 116	3 116 110	134	135	134 104,968 134 135	304,059 401	302,740 397	544,929 7 401	45,676 397
EARNINGS.		n Central - —Jan. 1 to April 30— 1927. 1926.		of April— — Jan. 1926. 192	1 to April 30-	Month of 1927.	April————————————————————————————————————	-Jan. 1 to Apr	il 30— 9 26.
Freight revenue Passenger revenue	5,302,437 5,551,742 1,504,669 1,602,330	2 20,100,482 21,349,09	8	7,638,670 33,189 600,768 2,289	.134 31.676.418	3 069,863 25,920	451,391 23,714	2,528,850 2,2	83,480 97,500
Tot., incl. other rev.	7,618,277 7,946,302 818,773 840,097	$28.957.987 \atop 2.809.083 \atop 2.888.859$	9,397,264 1,214,319	8,613,640 36,800 1,213,776 4,925	,234 35,365,754 ,015 4,784,867	601,687 75,000	480,054	2,662,661 2,4 300,000 2	14,266 62,858
Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1,500,957 & 1,618,223 \\ 114,679 & 107,918 \\ 2,496,252 & 2,501,444 \end{array}$	489.441 454.10	108.295	1,793,284 $7,583107,165$ $4282,277,061$ $9,905$.731 429.825	65,000 1,150 154,388	$\begin{array}{c} 66,234 \\ 69,391 \\ 1,197 \\ 139,810 \end{array}$	4,320	$83,042 \\ 4,286 \\ 02,543$
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8,756,350 9,728,099	3,659,384	5,545,898 23,702 3,067,742 13,097	,329 22,557,186 ,905 12,808,568	305,512 296,175	284,567 195,487	1,327,408 1.2 1,335,253 1.1	$\frac{90,103}{24,163}$
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	311.6549.90	1,793	$\begin{array}{r} 750,000 \\ 1,611 \\ \hline 2,316,131 \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{r} 3,400 \\ 9,694 \\ \end{array}$.471 6,871	26,000 8 270,167	16,412	154	$00,830 \\ 559 \\ 22,774$
Net after rents. Aver. miles of r'd oper.	1,839,852 1,855 1,871	6.698,198 7.344,189	3,087,206	2,614,319 10,610	STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IN C	168,010	178,986 112,503 150	The second secon	72,633
m a naviace	-Month of April-	& Lake Erie - Jan. 1 to April 30-	-Month		nern 1 to April 30—		April-	Seashore Jan. 1 to Apr	
EARNINGS Freight revenue	1927. 1926. \$ 2,271,112 2,243,297		1927. 8 826,792	1926. 192° \$ 778.401 2.912	7. 1926. 2.032 2.762,193	1927. \$ 422,179	192 6. 437,993	1927. 1 3 1,622,677 1,5	926. \$ 18,964
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10.830,380 10.919,49	929.844	$\begin{array}{r} 66,868 \\ 890,650 \\ \hline 3,287 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 195 \\ 1702 \\ \hline 1702 \\ \hline \end{array}$	459,461 925,394	$\frac{539,854}{1,039,245}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1,577,569 & 1.8 \\ \hline 3,359,147 & 3.5 \end{array}$	$\frac{49,156}{72,507}$
Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses Transportation exp.		$9 \begin{array}{c} 3,681,866 \\ 99,594 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3,432,768 \\ 100,088 \end{array}$	24.478	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 142,475 & 506 \\ 23,648 & 97 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0.794 & 407.818 \\ 0.193 & 483.394 \\ 0.041 & 91.450 \\ 0.041 & 0.000 \end{array}$	$165,171 \\ 135,712 \\ 16,548$	206,903 $155,684$ $16,881$	667,650 6 59,507	87,491 04,148 57,251
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	2,222,245 359,809 399,573	9,278,800 8,868,55	615,538	318,474 1,201 612,224 2,279 278,426 1,007	,732 2,261,947	422,887 764,377	The second secon	3,189,994 3,3	95,268 48,28 5
Taxes Uncollectible revenue.	151,200 170,200 Cr1 1,571	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	48,510 94	1,126	190,482 810 2,268	$161,017 \\ 55,869 \\ 16$	172,631 56,574 718	34,604	$24,222 \\ 35,040 \\ 1,197$
Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents	$\begin{array}{c c} 208,610 & 227,802 \\ \hline 563,049 & 619,828 \\ 231 & 231 \end{array}$		021	172,699 661	,120 744,476 ,082 577,936	105,132 92,599	115,339 94,038	91,909	87,985 98,794
inquitable of idiopet.	201	201 20	931	931	931 931	3/8	3/8	378	3/8

	Pag	ria & D.	kin Unio	- 1	Outres	Omaka	2 V-	- C:	C4 1	- S	c .
EARNINGS.	-Month of 1927.		-Jan. 1 to 1927.		Month of	April— 1926.	& Kansa —Jan. 1 to 1 1927.	April 30-	Month of	s Southwestern Louis Southwester April— —Jan. 1 to	System o April 30—
Preight revenue	\$ 22,065	\$ 18,534	99.077	87,020	\$ 37.049	8	1927. 167,352	1926. 180.727	1927. 1,029.803	1926. 1927. 1,174,138 4,774,336	1926.
Tot., incl. other rev.	145,920	142,766	12,594 625,382	11,456 601,560	15,486 59,176	$\frac{46,254}{14,313}$ $\overline{69,514}$	56,194 249,214	$\begin{array}{c c} 180,727 \\ 71,674 \\ \hline 282,630 \end{array}$	83,996	99,654 382,301	458,274
Maint. of equipm't.	$\frac{17,273}{12,430}$	18,997 14,323	49,812 62,744	50,895 54,818	$\frac{34.041}{7.582}$	39.338	104,332 55,612	93,366 64,852	1,198,408 $263,701$ $185,139$	$1.342,344 5,447,135 \\ 161,416 880,001 \\ 285,861 880,709$	891,350
Traffic expenses Transportation exp_	63.601	$\frac{834}{58,505}$	$\frac{4,048}{274,563}$	$3,459 \\ 259,371$	$\frac{796}{27,346}$	12,230 794 $30,862$	$3,155 \\ 123,416$	3.518 140.835	67,410 $395,420$	56,021 $249,635$ $359,937$ $1,495,358$	229,06
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	102,034	101,031	422,359	401,993	72,227	85,734	296,228	312,182	996,159	933,885 3,803,663	
Net from railroad Taxes	$\frac{43,886}{17,000}$	$\frac{41.735}{17,000}$	$\frac{203,023}{68,000}$	199,567 67,000	$-13.051 \\ 5.829$	-16,220 $5,466$	-47.014 $23,470$	$-49,552 \\ 21,031$	$\substack{202,249 \\ 27,877}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 408,459 & 1,643,472 \\ 46,049 & 197,616 \end{array}$	1,903,989 $265,509$
Net after taxes, &c.	26,886	24,735	135,023	132,567	-18,880	-21,686	-70.484	-50.583	$\frac{132}{174,240}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 102 & 929 \\ \hline 362,308 & 1,444,927 \end{array}$	37:
Net after rents	47.577	47,653	205,362	221,419	-21,537 249	-24.117 249	-81,133 249	-61,215 250	107,002	285,967 1,125,426	1,295,53
		Pere Ma	rquette		F	Reading	Company			940 940 Southwestern Ry	of Texas
EARNINGS.		1926.	-Jan. 1 to	1926.	Month o	f April—— 1926.	Jan. 1 to 1927.	April 30— 1926.	1927.	1926. 1927.	o April 30– 1926.
Passenger revenue	3,367,634 234,399	300,808	960,015	11,937,367 1,213,509	$\substack{7.219.103 \\ 721.053}$	$\substack{7.163.198 \\ 760.386}$	3,026,339	$26,337,380 \\ 3,106,902$	445,766 51,473	414,599 1,889,934 52,341 200,644	223,21
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	$3.828,768 \\ 396,471$	364,852	1.142.516	14,038,495 1,050,080	8,386,245 $1,104,106$	8.299.774 $1.094.644$	3.792,863	$30.869.985 \\ 3.829.693$	545,478 $176,379$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 719,21
Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses	813,158 60,744	760,422 51,337	3.125.144 233.742	3,018,553	1,698,670 84,441	$\frac{1,834.877}{85,588}$	$\substack{7,077,801\\316,202}$	$7,027,121 \\ 284,190$	108,500 29,740	$\begin{array}{ccc} 135,603 & 461,70 \\ 24,044 & 108,800 \\ 24,044 & 108,800 \\ \end{array}$	6 97.86
Tot. exp., incl. oth.	$\frac{1,243,908}{2,631,609}$	$\frac{1.282.594}{2.669,410}$	$\frac{4,938,428}{9,923,331}$	5,096,661	2,973,523 6,063,710	$\frac{2,867,803}{6,059,128}$	MICHIGAN CO. CO. CO. CO.	$\frac{11,645,729}{23,498,627}$	232,482 588,713	225,468 940,153 622,444 2,466,833	
Net from railroad	1.197.159 215.019	1,087,592	4,191,048 788,163	4.115.798 799.626	2,322,535 530,160	2,240,646 474,717	7.429.159 1.838.510	7,370,358 1,802,639	-43,235 $26,675$	$\begin{array}{ccc} -106.692 & -177.220 \\ 27.750 & 106.700 \end{array}$	
Uncollectible revenue.	1,733	203,373	3,558	4,091	4,437	48	5,476	2,084	$\frac{127}{-70.037}$	156 1,31	5 66
Net after taxes, &c.	980,407 790,908	884,016 699,260	$\frac{3,399,327}{2,912,233}$	$\frac{3,312,081}{2,834,076}$	$\frac{1,787,938}{1,823,452}$	$\frac{1.765,881}{1.883,939}$	$\frac{5,585,173}{5,782,123}$	5,565,635 6,302,883	-15,438	$ \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY NAMED IN
Aver, miles of r'd oper.	2,243	2,243 Perki	2,244	2,253	1,139	1,138	1,139 ricksb & l	1,137	807	St Louis Transfe	7 80
EARNINGS.	Month o		-Jan. 1 to 1927.	April 30— 1926.		of April——		April 30-		or Louis Transit	
Freight revenue	94.891	96.971	370,642	388,201	561,718	521,374	1,882,336	1926. \$ 1,890,390			
Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev.	4.039	263 104,598	15,660 398,899	18.497 419.912	399,358	442,259	1,644,587	1.837,492			
Expenses-Maint.way	102,178	8,721	38,458	30.356 24.094	1,172,292 126,182	1.175,692 $109,624$	4,287,715 $422,654$	$\substack{4,580,270\\343,105\\693,353}$		Now included in	
Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	$\substack{6.418\\107\\48.331}$	6,542 107 $48,461$	24,113 431 181,581	431 183,387	164,178 9,110 411,469	$\begin{array}{r} 179,844 \\ 9,464 \\ 371,682 \end{array}$	422,654 707,416 35,289	34,554	Termir	nal Railroad Ass	
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	70,366	64,914	249,292	242,347	781,212	756,092		$\frac{1,477,213}{2,862,480}$	10.1111	of St. Louis	sociat on
Net from railroad	31,812 4,472	39,684 7,011	$^{149,607}_{20,372}$	$177,565 \\ 30,195$	391,080 70,350	419,600 83,436		1,717,790 328,886			
Net after taxes, &c.	27,340	32,673	129,235	$\frac{8}{147,362}$	$\frac{3}{320,727}$	336,159	7	1,388,842			
Net after rents	20,330	27.641	102,541	126.729	232,412	271,994	721,138	1,170,950			
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	Pit	tehurah	& Shawr	nut	117	117 P.10	land	117	San A	Antonio Uvalde	& Gulf
EARNINGS.	Month of	of April-	-Jan. 1 to	April 30-	-Month	of April-	-Jan. 1 to	April 30-	-Month 1927.		to April 30
Freight revenue	1927. 3 101.724	1926. \$ 134.563	1927. \$ 526.687	1926. \$ 508.286	1927. \$ 322.695	1926.	1927.	1926.	147.282	120,097 541,58	1926. 3 476.0
Passenger revenue	4,922	5,270	22,044	20,907	84,270	$\begin{array}{c} 335.215 \\ 116.026 \end{array}$	378,764	$\substack{1,268,586\\433,068}$	19,009	20,460 92,13	81,0
Expenses—Maint.way	$\substack{109,624 \\ 19,376}$	$141.978 \\ 19.754$	557,395 $79,627$	$537,254 \\ 65,994$	510,184 89,343	$574.493 \\ 85.310$	336,508	$2.146.198 \\ 347.158$	182,523 39,335	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7 119.89
Maint. of equipm t. Traffic expenses	•46.899 1.489	$\begin{array}{r} 43,455 \\ 1,427 \\ 37,492 \end{array}$	192,289 $7,060$	$168,940 \\ 5.567$	104,649 11,948	$\substack{118,108\\10,252\\223,385}$	$\begin{array}{r} 431,188 \\ 42,882 \\ 855,605 \end{array}$	$\frac{455,489}{39,075}$	21,948 5,062 56,270	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 14.09
Transportation exp. Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	34.776 114.605	37,492 108,814	170,138 485,436	$\frac{131,722}{419,230}$	206,028 427,505	223,385 452,852		896,649 1.798,790	$\frac{56,279}{129,272}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 38,322 & 200,42 \\ \hline 90,867 & 487,04 \end{array}$	
Net from railroad	-4.981 1.208	33,159 188	71,959 4,601	118,024 595	82,679 26,462	121,641 31,139	286,074	347,408 108,674	53,251 3,664	$\begin{array}{ccc} 60.125 & 203.18 \\ 3.869 & 14.43 \end{array}$	
Uncollectible revenue.			3		2	66	55	66	49,587	10 23	39
Net after taxes, &c.	$\frac{-6.189}{2.586}$	$\frac{32,971}{45,293}$		$\frac{117,429}{170.596}$	$\frac{56.215}{64.670}$	90,436 95,335	The second secon	238,668 281,251	20,371	40,957 80,62	23 107.7
Aver. miles of r'd oper.	Pitts!	hurgh &	West Vi	102 rginia	St Loui	413	rancisco	System	318	318 31 Seaboard Air Li	
EARNINGS.		of April— 1926.		April 30— 1926.	-Month	St Louis-Sa	Jan. 1 to		Month 1927.		to April 30 1926.
Preight revenue	255,604	\$ 328,590	1.565.481	1,472,425	1927. 4,979,720	1926. 5,200,462	1927.	1926. 21,291,929	4,329,705	4.279.421 16.929.23	
Tot., incl. other rev.	$\frac{7,286}{294.684}$	$\frac{6,113}{366,805}$	$\frac{25,680}{1,721,374}$	$\frac{24,833}{1,633,168}$	$\frac{1.117.173}{6.754.465}$	$\frac{1.189.678}{7.014.646}$		$\frac{4,943,419}{28,302,893}$	811,624 5,691,464	$\frac{1.031,181}{5.874,348} \frac{4.262,87}{23,261,67}$	
Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't.	17,326 60,216	30,118 97,138	$\begin{array}{c} 106.792 \\ 254.248 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 107.947 \\ 356.398 \end{array}$	1.175.937 1.437.289	878,818 1,546,810	3,601,178	3,274,441 $5,603,770$	619,717 778,354	696,281 2,852,48 864,655 3,263,07	3.171.5
Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	8,612 60,360	7.125 74.111		31,281	113.597 2.281,146	106.284	455,053	$\frac{423,061}{9,843,257}$	$200,951 \\ 2,190,602$	208.889 803.29	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Tot. exp.,incl.oth.	181,726	234,848	896,779	940,566	5,203,631	5.114,022	19,495,863	20,021,475	4,100,535	4,320,560 17,222,18	80 18,223,4
Net from railroad	$^{112,958}_{48,781}$	$\substack{131.957 \\ 49.927}$	$824.595 \\ 242.512$	$692,602 \\ 204,549$	$\substack{1,559,834\\320,347}$	1,900,624 $373,248$ $1,858$	7,698,558 $1,488,260$	8,281,418 $1,489,669$	1,590,929 325,000	298,000 1,275,00	00 1,192,0
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	64.287	82,030	582.065	487,979	$\frac{970}{1,229,517}$	$\frac{1.858}{1.525.518}$		$\frac{6,700}{6,785,049}$	1,265,043	-	The Person Name of Street, or other Designation of the last of the
Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper.	121,901	139.147		791,913	1,302,732	Control of the Contro	6.512.541	6,723,080	1,116,670 4,291		
Aver, milosoft dopor	Pittsbur	gh Shaw	vmut & l		Fe	ort Worth	& Rio Gran		Sou	thern Railway	System
EARNINGS.		of April 1926.		April 30— 1926.	Month 1927.	of April— 1926.	- Jan. 1 to 1927.	April 30— 1926.	-Month	outhern Railway Sy of April——Jan. 1	to April 30
Freight revenue	\$ 116,528	137.087	8 617,216	\$ 555.840	74.812	72,266	3 299.557	315.383	1927. 12,371,041	1926. 1927. 12.638,219 47,146,13	1926. 26 49.387.4
Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev.	$\frac{2,699}{122,065}$	$\frac{3,177}{142,808}$	$\frac{13,094}{645,650}$	$\frac{12,932}{581,469}$	13,415 99,412	STREET, STREET	60,839	59,801 414,352	$\frac{2,755,142}{16,605,592}$	17,331,004 64,182,06	
	27,975	$\frac{25,376}{32,314}$	$100,905 \\ 130,929$	$88,058 \\ 143,369$	$\begin{array}{c} 27.181 \\ 22.266 \end{array}$	$\frac{26,335}{19,662}$	94,064 80,404	91,383 79,247	$\begin{array}{c} 2,437,496 \\ 3,011,296 \end{array}$	2,422,142 9,605,63 3,054,306 12,065,43	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't.	29,962		6,658	7,229	3,344 52,237	$\frac{3,231}{59,194}$	13,281	$13.254 \\ 213.550$	359,546 5,498,993	354,126 1,422,08	83 1,387,7
Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	29,962 1,956 45,066	$\frac{1,702}{57,400}$	258,191	220,331					44 000 004		
Maint. of equipm to Traffic expenses Transportation exp. Tot. expincl.oth.	$ \begin{array}{r} 29,962 \\ 1,956 \\ 45,066 \\ \hline 112,255 \end{array} $	$\frac{57,400}{122,383}$	523,180	488,513	110,545			418,766	11,872,884	12,176,986 47,284,28	89 48,470,9
Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses Transportation exp_ Tot.exp_incl.oth. Net from railroad Taxes	29,962 1,956 45,066	$ \begin{array}{r} 57,400 \\ 122,383 \\ 20,425 \\ 2,981 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{r} 523,180 \\ 122,470 \\ 12,115 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 488,513 \\ 92,956 \\ 12,112 \end{array}$	Annual Science and Committee of the Comm	-20,638 $4,150$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{-4.414}{16.597}$	4.732.708 1,026.074	$\begin{array}{c} 12,176,986 \\ \hline 8 \\ 5,154,018 \\ 1,176,309 \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 47,284,29 \\ \hline 16,897,77 \\ 3,891,37 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 89 & 48,470.9 \\ 72 & 20,080.6 \\ 25 & 4,482.9 \end{array}$
Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses Transportation exp_ Tot.exp_,incl.oth. Net from railroad	$ \begin{array}{r} 29,962 \\ 1,956 \\ 45,066 \\ \hline 112,255 \\ 9,810 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 57,400 \\ 122,383 \\ 20,425 \end{array} $	523,180 122,470 12,115	$\begin{array}{r} 488,513 \\ 92,956 \\ 12,112 \\ 64 \end{array}$	110,545 —11,133	-20,638 4,150 150	$\begin{array}{cccc} & -22,483 \\ & 16,208 \\ & & 109 \end{array}$	-4.414	4.732,708	$\begin{array}{c} 12,176,986 \\ \hline 3 \\ 5,154,018 \\ 1,176,309 \\ 6,773 \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 47,284,29 \\ 16,897,79 \\ 3,891,39 \\ 11,50 \\ \end{array}$	89, 48,470,9 $72, 20,080,6$ $25, 4,482,9$ $69, 14,6$
Maint of equipm't- Traffic expenses. Transportation exp. Tot.exp.incl.oth. Net from railroad Taxes. Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents	29,962 1,956 45,066 112,255 9,810 2,930 	$\begin{array}{r} 57,400 \\ 122,383 \\ 20,425 \\ 2,981 \\ 64 \\ 17,380 \\ \hline 5,712 \end{array}$	523,180 122,470 12,115 110,355 69,340	$\begin{array}{c} 488.513 \\ 92.956 \\ 12.112 \\ 64 \\ \hline 80.780 \\ 53.026 \end{array}$	110,545 -11,133 4,052 5 -15,190 -23,957	-20,638 $4,150$ 150 $-24,938$ $-32,396$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{r} -4.414\\ 16.597\\ 171\\ -21.182\\ -53.446\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4.732.708 \\ 1.026.074 \\ 3.657 \\ \hline 3.702.975 \\ 3.365.860 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12.176,986 \\ \hline 3.176,986 \\ \hline 3.176,309 \\ \hline 4.176,309 \\ \hline 5.176,309 \\ \hline 6.773 \\ \hline 3.970,935 \\ \hline 3.675,508 \\ \hline 11.856,1 \\ \hline 11.856,1 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} 89 & 48.470.9 \\ 72 & 20.080.6 \\ 25 & 4.482.6 \\ 69 & 14.6 \\ 77 & 15.583.4 \\ 80 & 14.063.5 \\ \hline \end{array}$
Maint of equipm't. Traffic expenses Transportation exp. Tot.expincl.oth. Net from railroad Taxes Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	29,962 1,956 45,066 112,255 9,810 2,930	$\begin{array}{r} 57,400 \\ \hline 122,383 \\ 20,425 \\ 2,981 \\ 64 \\ \hline 17,380 \\ 5,712 \\ 210 \\ \end{array}$	523,180 122,470 12,115 110,355 69,340	$\begin{array}{c} 488.513 \\ 92,956 \\ 12,112 \\ 64 \\ \hline 680.780 \\ \hline 53,026 \\ \end{array}$	110,545 -11,133 4,052 5 -15,190 -23,957 233	$ \begin{array}{r} -20,638 \\ 4,150 \\ 150 \\ -24,938 \\ -32,396 \\ 233 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{r} -4,414\\ 16,597\\ 171\\ -21,182\\ -53,446\\ 233\\ \end{array}$	4,732,708 1,026,074 3,657 3,702,975 3,365,860 8,091	12.176,986 47,284,28 5.154,018 16,897,7 1.176,309 3,891,3 6.773 11,5 3.970,935 12,994,8 3.675,508 11,856,1 8.110 8,0 Southern Railwa	89 48,470,9 72 20,080,6 25 4,482,5 69 14,6 77 15,583,0 91 8,5 91
Maint of equipm't. Traffic expenses Tramsportation exp. Tot.expincl.oth. Net from railroad Taxes Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper.	29,962 1,956 45,066 112,255 9,810 2,930 	57,400 122,383 20,425 2,981 64 17,380 5,712 210	523,180 122,470 12,115 110,355 69,340 198 Reading	$\begin{array}{c} 488.513 \\ 92,956 \\ 12,112 \\ 64 \\ \hline 680.780 \\ \hline 53,026 \\ \end{array}$	110,545 -11,133 4,052 -15,190 -23,957 233 St LMonth	$ \begin{array}{r} -20,638 \\ 4,150 \\ 150 \\ -24,938 \\ -32,396 \\ 233 \\ \end{array} $	3 —22,483 16,208 109 8 —38,800 —70,084 3 —38.80 5 —70,084 6 —Jan. 1 to	-4.414 16.597 171 -21.182 -53,446 233 Texas	4,732,708 1,026,074 3,657 3,702,975 3,365,860 8,091	12.176,986 47,284,28 5.154,018 16,897,7 1.176,309 3,891,3 6,773 11,5 3,970,935 12,994,8 3,675,508 11,856,1 8,110 8,0 Southern Railwa	89 48,470,9 72 20,080,6 25 4,482,69 14,67 15,583,1 80 14,063,91 91 to April 3
Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses Transportation exp. Tot.expincl.oth. Net from railroad Taxes_ Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper. P.ANINGS.	29,962 1,956 45,066 112,255 9,810 2,930 	57,400 122,383 20,425 2,981 64 17,380 5,712 210 Port F of April	523,180 122,470 12,115 110,355 69,340 198 Reading -Jan. 1 to 1927.	488,513 92,956 12,112 64 80,780 53,026 210 0 April 30— 1926.	110,545 -11,133 4,052 5 -15,190 -23,957 233 St L -Month 1927. 184,424	-20,638 4,150 150 -24,938 -32,396 233 ouis-San F of April- 1926. \$	3 -22,483 16,208 1 109 8 -38,800 6 -70,084 233 Francisco & -Jan. 1 tr 1927. 3 621,690	-4,414 16,597 171 -21,182 -53,446 233	4.732.708 1,026.074 3.657 3.702.975 3.365.860 8.091 —Month 1927. 9.538.486	12.176,986 3 5.154,018 1.176,309 6,773 3.891,315 3.970,935 3.675,508 11,856,1 8.110 Southern Railwa of April——Jan. 1 1926. 3 9.593,107 36,179,2	89 48,470.5 72 20,080,4 4,482.5 14,77 15,583.1 80 14,063,81 91 to April 3 1926 1937 37,046,
Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses Transportation exp. Tot.expincl.oth. Net from railroad Taxes Uncollectible revenue_ Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper. EANINGS. Freight revenue Passenger revenue	29,962 1,956 45,066 112,255 9,810 2,930 -1,951 198 -Month 1927. \$181,797	57,400 122,383 20,425 2,981 64 17,380 5,712 210 Port F of April 1926. 3 147,103	523,180 122,470 12,115 110,355 69,340 198 Reading Jan. 1 to 1927. 8 684,034	488,513 92,956 12,112 64 80,780 53,026 210 0 April 30— 1926. 709,556	110,545 -11,133 4,052 5 -15,190 -23,957 233 St L -Menth 1927. \$ 184,424 12,866	-20,638 4,156 156 -24,938 -32,396 233 ouis-San F of April 1926. \$ 134,700 11,988	3 -22,483 16,208 109 3 -38,800 -70,084 3 233 Francisco & - Jan. 1 tr 1927. 3 621,690 8 56,863	-4,414 16,597 171 -21,182 -53,446 233 Texas 9 April 30 1926. 5 42,117 47,924	4,732,708 1,026,074 3,657 3,702,975 3,365,860 8,091 	12.176,986 3 5.154,018 1.176,309 6,773 1.1,5 3.970,935 3.675,508 3.675,508 11,856,1 8,110 Southern Railwa of April——Jan. 1 1926. 1927. 5 9,593,107 36,179,2 2,383,981 8,825,2	89 48,470.5 72 20,080.6 69 14.4 77 15,583. 80 14,063. 91 to April 3 1926 77 37,046. 17 9,893.
Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses Transportation exp. Tot.expincl.oth. Net from railroad Taxes Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper. PANINGS. Freight revenue Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses Maint. way	29,962 1,956 45,066 112,255 9,810 2,930 -1,951 198 -Month 1927 181,797	57,400 122,383 20,425 2,981 64 17,380 5,712 210 Port F of April 1926. 147,103	523,180 122,470 12,115 10 110,355 2 69,340 198 Reading —Jan. 1 6 1927 3 684,034	488.513 92.956 12.112 64 80.780 53.026 210 0 April 30—1926. 4 709.556	110,545 -11,133 4,052 5 -15,190 -23,957 233 St L -Month 1927. \$ 184,424 12,866 201,855 34,992	-20,638 4.156 1556 -24,938 -32,396 3 couis-San F of April 1926 134,703 111,988	3	-4,414 16,597 171 -21,182 -53,446 233 Texas 9 April 30 1926. 542,117 47,924 614,740 82,035	4,732,708 1,026,074 3,657 3,702,975 3,365,860 8,091 ——Month 1927. 9,538,486 2,143,211 12,705,054 1,778,713	12,176,986 47,284,28 3 5,154,018 16,897,7 1,176,309 3,891,3: 6,773 11,56 3,970,935 12,994,8 1,801 8,100 8,00 Southern Railwa of April————————————————————————————————————	89 48,470.9 72 20,080.6 20,080.6 69 14,063. 80 14,063. 91 8, 1 to April 3 1926 77 37,046. 17 9,893. 104 50,978. 17 7,208. 18 1926 1927 1938 1938 1938 1938 1938 1938 1938 1938
Maint of equipm't_ Traffic expenses Transportation exp. Tot.expincl.oth. Net from railroad Taxes Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper. FANINGS. Freight revenue Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev. ExpensesMaint.way Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses	29,962 1,956 45,066 112,255 9,810 2,930 -1,951 198 -Month 1927. 181,797 -257,705 24,236 7,128 229	57,400 122,383 20,425 2,981 64 17,380 5,712 210 Port F of April 1926. 147,103 207,021 20,717 5,199 222	523,180 122,470 12,115 110,355 69,340 198 Reading Jan. 1 to 1927. 3 684,034 1 919,147 7 127,018 3 3,546	488.513 92.956 12.112 64 80.780 53.026 210 0 April 30— 1926. 7 709.556 7 918.799 6 69.757 32.743 3 916	110,545 -11,133 4,052 5 -15,190 -23,957 -33,957 -4,000 -24,952 -34,952 184,424 12,866 201,855 34,992 30,363 5,260	-20,638 4,156 155 -24,938 -32,399 233 ouis-San F of April- 1926 134,700 11,988 152,422 23,23 26,71 34,89	3	-4,414 16,597 171 -21,182 -53,446 233 Texas April 30 1926. \$\$ 542,117 47,924 614,740 82,035 98,595 20,092	4,732,708 1,026,074 3,657 3,702,975 3,365,860 8,091 	12,176,986 3 5,154,018 16,897,7 1,176,309 6,773 11,56 3,970,935 12,994,8 13,675,508 11,856,1 8,110 Southern Railwa of April——Jan. 1 1926. 2,383,981 2,383,981 1,801,875 1,	89 48.470.9 72 20.080.6 20.080.6 20.080.6 14.677 15.583.0 80 14.063.9 91 40 April 3 1928 177 37.046.1 194 50.978.2 21 7.208.8 8,991,7 32 997,332 997,332
Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses Transportation exp. Tot.exp.,incl.oth. Net from railroad Taxes Uncollectible revenue. Net after tents Aver. miles of r'd oper. P.A. NINGS. Freight revenue Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses Transportation exp. Tot. exp.,incl.oth.	29,962 1,956 45,066 112,255 9,810 2,930 -1,951 198 -Month 1927. \$ 181,797 -257,705 24,236 7,128 229 10,766 107,350	57,400 122,383 20,425 2,981 64 17,380 5,712 210 Port F 1926. 3 147,103 207,021 20,711 5,199 6,702 97,200	523,180 122,470 12,115 110,355 69,340 198 Reading —Jan. 1 6 1927. 8 684,034 1919,147 7 127,018 9 33,546 19 314,882 10 486,020	488,513 92,956 12,112 64 80,780 53,026 3 210 0 April 30— 1926. 4 709,556 7 09,556 7 09,556 7 32,743 3 32,743 3 337,353 0 450,911	110,545 -11,133 4,052 5 -15,190 -23,957 233 St L -Month 1927. 184,424 12,866 201,855 34,992 30,363 5,260 60,370 138,702	-20,638 4,156 156 -24,938 -32,396 233 ouis-San F of April- 1926 11,988 114,703 11,988 2 23,23 3 26,71 4 4,893 5 53,26 2 117,233	3	-4,414 16,597 171 -21,182 -53,446 233 Texas 9 April 30 1926. 5 42,117 47,924 614,740 82,035 98,595 20,092 224,700 454,554	4,732,708 1,026,074 3,657 3,702,975 3,365,860 8,091 	12.176,986 3 5.154,018 1.176,309 6,773 1.155 3.970,935 3.675,508 3.675,508 1.1856,1 8.10 Southern Railwa of April——Jan. 1 1926. 3.933,107 3.933,107 3.933,981 3.033,615 4.303,615 4.303,615 4.303,615 5.279,086 6.2279,086 6.2279,086 6.2279,086 6.2279,086 6.2279,086 6.2279,086 6.2378,7051,0 6.23788,7051,0 6.237888,7051,0 6.237888,7051,0 6.23788,7051,0 6.237888,7051,0 6.	89 48.470.9 72 20.080.6 24.82.6 69 14.6 77 15.583.6 80 14.063.9 91 w 1 to April 3.1 1928 77 37.046, 17 9.893.3 104 50.978, 21 7.208, 48 8.991, 392 997, 556 17.758, 88 36.618,
Maint of equipm't. Traffic expenses. Transportation exp. Tot.expincl.oth. Net from railroad. Taxes. Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c. Net after tents. Aver. miles of r'd oper. FANINGS. Freight revenue. Passenger revenue. Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses.—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses. Transportation exp Tot.expincl.oth. Net from railroad Taxes.	29,962 1,956 45,066 112,255 9,810 2,930 -1,951 198 -Month 1927. 181,797 -257,705 24,236 7,128 229 10,766	57,400 122,383 29,425 2,981 64 17,380 5,712 210 Port F of April 1926. 147,103 207,702 20,717 5,199 226 69,702 197,200 198,823 109,823	523,180 122,470 12,115 110,355 2 69,340 198 Reading Jan. 1 to 1927. 3 684,034 1 919,147 7 127,018 9 33,540 9 916 2 314,882 0 486,020 4 433,126 8 61,236	488,513 92,956 12,112 64 80,780 53,026 210 0 April 30— 1926. 4 709,556 7 918,799 8 69,757 9 32,743 9 32,743 9 450,911 467,888 5 63,430	110,545 -11,133 4,052 5 -15,190 -23,957 233 St L. Month 1927. 184,424 12,866 201,855 34,992 30,363 5,260 60,370 138,702 63,153 63,153 2,526	-20,638 4,156 151 -24,938 -32,399 233 ouis-San F of April- 1926. 4 134,703 11,989 152,422 23,23,23 3 26,71 0 4,89 0 53,26 2 117,23 3 35,18 3 52,37	3	-4,414 16,597 171 -21,182 -53,446 233 Texas April 30 1926. \$542,117 47,924 614,740 82,035 98,595 20,092 224,700 454,554 160,186 9,436	4,732,708 1,026,074 3,657 3,702,975 3,365,860 8,991 	12.176,986 47,284,28 3 5,154,018 16,897,7 11.176,309 3,891,3 6,773 11,5 3,970,935 12,994,8 3,675,508 11,856,1 8,110 8,00 Southern Railwa of April——Jan. 1 1926. 3 5 9,593,107 36,179,2 2,383,981 8,825,2 13,033,615 48,899,8 1,801,875 7,051,0 5 2,279,086 9,142,0 9 257,879 1,050,0 9 4,442,464 16,959,6 9 196,249 35,881,7 3,837,366 12,928,26 5 851,225 2,924,0	89 48.470.9 72 20.080.6 20.080.6 69 14.6 77 15.583.0 80 14.063.2 91 4 4063.2 91 4 5.983.6 10 4 5.983.6 10 4 5.983.6 10 5 7.208.6 10 7.7 5.8.6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses Transportation exp. Tot.exp.,incl.oth. Net from railroad Taxes. Uncollectible revenue. Net after texes. &c. Net after rents. Aver. miles of r'd oper. F.A. NINGS. Freight revenue Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses Transportation exp. Tot.exp.,incl.oth. Net from railroad Taxes Uncollectible revenue	29,962 1,956 45,066 112,255 9,810 2,930 -1,951 198 -Month 1927. \$181,797 257,705 24,236 7,128 229 10,766 107,350 150,355 15,309	57,400 122,383 20,425 2,981 64 17,380 5,712 Port F of April 1926. 3 147,103 207,021 20,717 5,199 226 97,200 109,821 16,522 66	523,180 122,470 12,115 110,355 2 69,340 198 Reading Jan. 1 61 1927 3 684,034 1 919,147 7 127,018 9 33,546 9 314,882 0 486,020 1 433,127 1 433,127 1 6 46,020 1 6 46,020	488.513 92.956 12.112 64 80.780 53.026 6 210 0 April 30—1926. 7 918.799 6 69.757 3 32.743 3 337.353 0 450.911 7 467.888 6 63.430 6 63.430 6 63.430 4 404.392	110,545 -11,133 -1,052 -15,190 -23,957 -233 -34,927 -34,922 -30,363 -5,260 -60,376 -5,52 -60,575	-20,638 4,156 -24,938 -32,396 233 ouis-San F of April- 1926. 134,700 11,988 152,42(2,23,23,36) 152,42(2,23,23,36) 17,23(3,26,71) 18,89(3,26,71) 19,489(3,26,71) 19,489(3,26,71) 10,489(3,26,71) 11,723(3,26,71) 12,37(3,26,71) 13,37(3,26,71) 14,89(3,26,71) 14,89(3,26,71) 15,37(3,26,71) 16,37(3,26,71) 17,37(3,26,71) 18,37(3	3	-4,414 16,597 171 -21,182 -53,446 233 Texas 0 April 30 1926 1926 147,47 614,740 82,035 98,595 20,092 224,700 454,554 160,186 9,436 19,436 19,436 19,436 19,436	4,732,708 1,026,074 3,667 3,702,975 3,365,860 8,091	12,176,986 47,284,28 3 5,154,018 16,897,7 1,176,309 3,891,3 6,773 11,56 3,970,935 12,994,8 1,801 8,00 Southern Railwa of April Jan. 1 1928 1927 2,383,981 8,825,2 4 13,033,615 48,809,8 1,1801,875 7,051,0 2,279,086 9,142,0 9,277,879 1,050,0 9,277,879 1,050,0 1,1801,875 7,051,0 9,277,986 9,142,0 9,277,879 1,050,0 1,277,051,0 1,277,0 1,	89 48.470.9 72 20.080.6 20.080.6 69 14.6 77 15.583.0 80 14.063.2 91 8,1 y 1 to April 30 1926. 77 37.046.4 17 9.893.8 604 50.978.4 17 7.208.7 18 997.8 18 36.04 17 7.208.7 18 997.8 18 36.04 18 991.9 18 36.04 18 8.991.9 18 36.04 18 18 36.01 18 36.0
Maint of equipm't. Traffic expenses Transportation exp. Tot.expincl.oth. Net from railroad Taxes. Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents. Aver. miles of r'd oper. PANINGS. Freight revenue Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses Maint. of equipm't. Traffic expenses Transportation exp. Tot.expincl.oth. Net from railroad Taxes	29,962 1,956 45,066 112,255 9,810 2,930 -1,951 198 -Month 1927 181,797 257,705 24,236 7,128 229 10,766 107,350 150,355 15,309 -135,046 74,874	57,400 122,383 20,425 2,981 64 17,380 5,712 210 Port F of April 1926. 147,103 207,021 20,717 5,199 69,702 109,821 16,522 16,522 16,522 16,522 16,522 16,522 16,522 16,522 16,522 16,522 16,522 16,522 16,522 16,522 16,522	523,180 122,470 12,115 110,355 69,340 198 Reading Jan. 1 to 1927. 3 684,034 1 919,147 7 127,018 9 33,540 9 314,882 1 486,020 1 433,127 6 1,236 6 1,236 6 467 7 371,424	488.513 92.956 12.112 64 80.780 53.026 210 0 April 30—1926. 7 918.799 6 69.757 3 32.743 916. 3 37.353 0 450.911 7 467.888 6 63.430 6 63.430 1 404.392	110,545 -11,133 -1,052 -15,190 -23,957 -233 -34,927 -34,922 -30,363 -5,260 -60,376 -5,52 -60,575	-20,638 4,156 -24,938 -32,396 233 ouis-San F of April- 1926. 134,700 11,988 152,42(2,23,23,36) 152,42(2,23,23,36) 17,23(3,26,71) 18,89(3,26,71) 19,489(3,26,71) 19,489(3,26,71) 10,489(3,26,71) 11,723(3,26,71) 12,37(3,26,71) 13,37(3,26,71) 14,89(3,26,71) 14,89(3,26,71) 15,37(3,26,71) 16,37(3,26,71) 17,37(3,26,71) 18,37(3	3	-4,414 16,597 171 -21,182 -53,446 233 Texas 0 April 30 1926 1926 147,47 614,740 82,035 98,595 20,092 224,700 454,554 160,186 9,436 19,436 19,436 19,436 19,436	4,732,708 1,026,074 3,667 3,702,975 3,365,860 8,091	12,176,986 47,284,28 3 5,154,018 16,897,7 1,176,309 3,891,3 6,773 11,56 3,970,935 12,994,8 1,801 8,00 Southern Railwa of April Jan. 1 1928 1927 2,383,981 8,825,2 4 13,033,615 48,809,8 1,1801,875 7,051,0 2,279,086 9,142,0 9,277,879 1,050,0 9,277,879 1,050,0 1,1801,875 7,051,0 9,277,986 9,142,0 9,277,879 1,050,0 1,277,051,0 1,277,0 1,	89 48.470.99 72 20.080.6 72 20.080.6 69 14.66 77 15.583.0 14.063.2 91 15 4 481 17 9.893.8 104 50.978.4 17 208.7 18 8.991.8 104 50.978.4 17 208.7 18 8.991.8 104 50.978.4 17 30.363.8 104 50.978.4 17 30.363.8 104 50.978.4 17 17 50.978.4 17 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19

Description of the control of the co			, ,	
### PARTITION	11-11-11		Southern Pacific System (Concl.)	
### Annual Property of the Company o	EARNINGS.	-Month of April - Jan. 1 to April 30-	-Month of April - Jan. 1 to April 30-	
The state of the control of the cont	Preight revenue	1927. 1926. 1927. 1926. 634,492 681,560 2,466,341 2,677,333	847.748 809.803 3.142.189 3.312.170	78 460 82 051 323 237 316 223
Specimen 19,000 187,225 200,000 200,		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.069.350 1.048.354 4.007.356 4.088.063	94.511 98.579 388.247 385.393
Transport of the property of t	Brpenses-Maint.way	140.534 129.725 555,307 509.254	203.174 204.510 776.181 682.611	14,835 14,189 65,531 48,584 8,538 7,700 33,391 30,424
Touring Jude of the characteristics of the ch	Traffic expenses	20.445 20.276 81.933 84.015		3,504 3,454 14,210 13,413
Mars Art International Continues Mars	Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	629,223 648,308 2,426,060 2,466,699	TARREST TO A STATE OF THE PARTY	65,667 63,992 277,751 249,250
Not after taken, &c. 127.16 175.45 161.00 700.007 101.005 101.	Taxes	56,491 56,467 215,393 230,864		5,358 5,372 21.542 21,487
10.5 10.5	Net after taxes, &c.		161,564 149,327 412,936 503,340	
EANINORS Classification No. Orleans A Trass Poetl's (Company Company	Net after rents	165,503 185,722 736,504 820,234	100,000	15,184 23,772 60,069 92,945
## ANNINGS April - dea 1 to April 30- **Productor remove 19,000 19,0	Aver, miles of r d oper.			
1-85-55 1-65-277 5-274-15	PADMINOS	-Month of April Jan. 1 to April 30-		-Month of April - Jan. 1 to April 30-
Description 200.00 32.20		8 8 8 8		5 5 5
Section Administration 1971 208 208-241 1.075 208 208	Passenger revenue	289,956 352,280 1,299,911 1,536,276		90,903 94,810 352,076 377,838
Texas & New Orleans Texas & N	Expenses—Maint.way	307,139 282,341 1,157,213 1,067,617	New included in	99.025 110.021 341.264 357.607
Tot. est., otherwise. ANNINUS. RARNINUS.	Traffic expenses	44.348 43.991 172.762 174.588		
18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19		The state of the s	16203 & New Orleans	
Section Comparison Compar	Net from railroad			
set after route. **Control of Proceedings** **EARNINGS.** **EAR	Uncollectible revenue.	13 488 161 529		65 4 150 136
Nov included in Nov includ		CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY OF TH		Commercial
### Mark Control of April 10	Aver, miles of r'd oper.	338 338 338 338		554 554 554 554
Part 1972 1973 1974 1975			Houston & Texas Centra)	
	EARNINGS.	1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.		1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.
Tot., Incl. other ere. Maint. of equipm. 88.506 509.527 1.633.119 2.641.05 347.77 1.633.119 2.641.05 347.77 1.634.11 2.641.05 347.77 1.635.119 2.641.05 347.77 1.635.119 2.641.05 347.77 1.635.119 2.641.05 347.77 1.635.119 2.641.05 347.77 1.635.119 2.641.05 347.77 1.635.119 2.641.05 347.77 1.635.119 2.641.05 347.77 1.635.119 2.641.05 347.77 1.635.119 2.641.05 1.635.119 2.	Preight revenue Passenger revenue			$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Manh. of equipme. 10.530 97.400 399.435 397.271 To sep. Incl. oth. 10.530 97.400 10.532.775 1.865.570 To sep. Incl. oth. 10.530 97.400 10.532.775 1.865.570 12.100 12.100 10.532.775 1.865.5775 1.865.570 12.100 12.100 10.532.775 1.865.5775 1.865.570 12.100 12.100 10.532.775 1.865.5775 1.865.570 12.100 12.100 10.532.775 1.865.5775 1		398,666 593,537 1,633,119 2,641,045		271.671 264.513 968,970 949,205
Transperiation esp. 15, 397 224.714 706.305 1.036.569 100.710	Maint. of equipm't.	86.830 87.606 358.435 347.571		19.031 33.475 86.850 123,996
See Affer reads 150,000 150,128 101,638 172,145 150,000 150,128 120,007 150,000 150,128 120,007 150,000 150,128 120,007 150,000 150,128 120,007 150,000 150,00	Transportation exp.	168,397 224,745 706,395 1,038,686	Texas & New Orleans	110,555 104,891 432,939 426,827
Now included in Texas & New Orleans EARNINGS. EARNING	Net from railroad	Control of the Contro		The second secon
Next active takes, &c. tea after results 7,927 130,953 15,400 404,700 400,500 1027 1027 1028 1028 1029 1029 1029 1029 1027 1028 1029	Taxes. Uncollectible revenue.	21,604 28,669 82,379 128,661		17,000 17,500 68.000 64,000
New Orleans & Northeastern RR Northeastern RR North of April June Jun		THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T		43,978 39,076 139,720 98,148
## ARNINGS Month of April July	Aver, miles of r'd oper.			6,244 1,936 —7,363 —43,803 23 23 23
EARNINOS. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1928. 1928. 15.15. 31.35. 31.35. 31.35. 301.905 27.15. 31.35. 31.35. 31.35. 301.905 Maint, of equipm'. 7.15. 31.35. 31.35. 31.35. 301.905 Maint, of equipm'. 7.15. 31.35. 31.35. 31.35. 301.905 Maint, of equipm'. 7.15. 31.35. 31.35. 31.35. 301.905 Maint, of equipm'. 7.15. 31.35. 31.35. 301.905 Maint, of equipm'. 8.27. 1.03. 31.75. 30.10.15. 31.35. 31			Houston East & West Texas	
Tot., and other revenue. RARNINGS. REARNINGS. EARNINGS. Tot., and, other revenue. Anisoned Eastern Now included in Toxas & New Orleans Toxas &	EARNINGS.			
Tot., nel. other rev. proposes—Maint. way proposes—State was provided in the sequence of the s	Freight revenue			248,410 234,587 881,422 906,644
Malat. of equipm't. Tot. sp., Incl. otherer revenue. EARNINGS. Tot. sp., dec. otherer revenue. Statistic taxes, &c. (6.56) Malat. of equipm't. Tot. sp., Incl. otherer revenue. Statistic taxes, &c. (6.56) Malat. of equipm't. Tot. sp., Incl. otherer revenue. Statistic taxes, &c. (6.56) Malat. of equipm't. Tot. sp., Incl. otherer revenue. Statistic taxes, &c. (6.56) Malat. of equipm't. Tot. sp., Incl. otherer revenue. Statistic taxes, &c. (6.56) Malat. of equipm't. Tot. sp., Incl. otherer revenue. Statistic taxes, &c. (6.56) Malat. of equipm't. Tot. sp., Incl. otherer revenue. Statistic taxes, &c. (6.56) Malat. of equipm't. Tot. sp., Incl. otherer revenue. Statistic taxes, &c. (6.56) Malat. of equipm't. Tot. sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and the special sp., Incl. otherer revenue. Statistic taxes, &c. (6.56) Malat. of equipm't. Tot. sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are special sp., Incl. of the revenue. More and taxes are special sp., Incl. otherer revenue. Statistic taxes, &c. (6.56) Malat. of equipm't. Tot. sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are special sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are special sp., Incl. otherer revenue. EARNINGS. Tot. sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are special sp., Incl. otherer revenue. EARNINGS. Tot. sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are special sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are special sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are special sp., Incl. otherer revenue. Statistic taxes, &c. (6.56) EARNINGS. Tot. sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are special sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are special sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are special sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are special sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are special sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are special sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are sp., Incl. otherer revenue. More and taxes are sp., Incl. othere	Tot., incl. other rev.	466,055 514,827 1,951,887 -2,102,753		287,116 276,283 1,038,536 1,086,188
Tot. sp., incl. oth. et from railroad. Fig. 176, 107 (13), 385, 320 ,338, 5	Maint. of equipm't.	96,290 83,493 348,507 314,716	New included in	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Tot. sp., incl. oth. et from railroad. Fig. 176, 107 (13), 385, 320 ,338, 5		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
RARNINGS. EARNINGS. Tot., dother revenue. 1027. 1026. 1027. 1026. 1027. 1026. 1027. 1026. 1027. 1026. 1027. 1026. 1027. 1026. 1027. 1026. 1027. 1028. EARNINGS. EARNINGS. EARNINGS. Fordght revenue. 1027. 1028. 102		CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	Todas de 110 W Officialis	219,749 226,104 883,939 880,170
Net after taxes, &c. 69,365 109,669 433,303 551,746 120,110 120,	Taxes	42,552 65.304 177,843 220,452		4,691 6,456 18,487 24,554
204 207 204 207 206		de la constant de la		
RARNINGS	Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper.			43,778 21,924 75,487 87,265 296 296 296 296
RARNINGS. **REARNINGS.** **REARNINGS.** **REARNINGS.** **REARNINGS.** **REARNINGS.** **REARNINGS.** **Realize expenses		Northern Alabama	Louisiana Western	Terminal RR Assoc'n of St Louis
Tot., Incl., other rev. processes—Maint. way Maint. of equipmet. EARNINGS. REARNINGS. Tot., Incl., other revenue. 106,772 112,053 423,833 451,109 84,768 34,768	EARNINGS.			
Tot., Incl. other rev. 111, 1853 123, 222 466, 782 497, 103 Maint. of equipm t. 186, 187 187 186, 187 187	Freight revenue			
Maint of equipm t. 3.813				1,006,465 1,080,771 4,534,019 4,398,417
Transportation exp. 2 648 2 075 3,705 41,812 194,325 193,836 10,585 12 303,273 193,836 10,586 12 303,273 193,836 10,586 12 303,273 193,836 10,586 12 303,273 193,836 10,586 12 303,273 193,836 10,586 12 303,273 193,836 10,586 12 303,273 193,836 10,586 12 303,273 193,836 10,586 12 303,273 193,836 10,586 12 303,273 193,836 10,586 12 303,273 193,836 10,586 12 303,273 193,836 10,586 12 303,273 193,836 10,586 12 303,273 193,836 10,586 12 303,273	Maint. of equipm t.	14,540 23,043 76,168 96,236	Now included in	-186,177 146,657 638,873 558,546
Tot. pl. do de la 1,587		2.648 2.075 9.755 8.943	Texas & New Orleans	2,201 2,313 9,088 9,859
Reactive 1.00 1		61,587 74,658 263,512 303,273		705,124 687,833 2,944,531 2,820,410
Net after rents	Taxes	6,250 4,936 21,500 22,545		102,435 112,501 412,196 429,712
Ver miles of rid oper.				
Southern Pacific System Southern Pacific Southern Pacific Southern Pacific Southern Pacific Southern Pacific Southern Pacific Southern Pacific Southern Southern Pacific Southern Pacific Southern Pacific Southern Pacific Southern Southern Pacific Southern Pacific Southern Pacific Southern Pacific Southern Southern Pacific Southern Southern Pacific Southern Southern Pacific Sout	Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper.	27,187 28,793 88,309 67,458		
Month of April			Morgan s Louisiana & Tavas DD & co	St Louis Merchants Bridge Terminal
1927 1926 1927 1928 1926 1927 1926 1927 1926 1927 1926 1927 1928	EARNINGS.	Southern Pacific	C Trans RR & SS	
Tot., Incl., other rev. kpenses—Maint. way Maint. of equipm't. Tot. see, incl. other revenue. REARNINGS. Freight revenue. Tot., incl., other revenue. Now included in Texas & New Orleans Now included in Texas & New Orleans Now included in Texas & New Orleans Now included in Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis Texas & New Orleans Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis Texas & New Orleans Terminal Railroad Association Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis Texas & New Orleans Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis Texas & New Orleans Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis Texas & New Orleans Texas & New Orleans Now included in Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis Texas & New Orleans See Note) 1027. 1926. 1927. 1926. 1927. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1927. 1928. 19	Freight revenue	1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.		
Maint. of equipm't. Traffic spenses. Transportation exp. Tracke. Track of the proper in the properties of the properties	Passenger revenue	3,213,426 3,157,299 13,092,940 13,336,283		
Traffic expenses Trasportation exp Trasportation exp Tot.exp., incl. oth Net after renta Now included in Texas & New Orleans Texas & New Orleans Now included in Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis Now included in Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis Now included in Texas & New Orleans See Note) 10.671 2.802.890 Arizona Eastern Texas & New Orleans (See Note) 1927 1926 1927 1928 1928 1927 1928 1928 1927 1928 1927 1928 1928 1927 1928 1928 1927 1928 1928 1927 1928 1927 1928 1928 1927 1928 1928 1928 1929 1929 1929 1929 1929 1929	Maint, of coulom't	2.546.433 2.627.051 9.773.111 10.027.252		N
Tot. exp., incl. oth. set from railroad 12,524,521 12,090,833 48,752,370 47,758,749 14,224,747 3,743,219 16,198,858 15,290,079 14,224,2565 10,671 3,684 31,196 15,383 10,085,672 2,802,890 2,340,702 10,085,672 9,449,691 8,929 8,760 8,929 8,7	Traffic expenses	411,667 344,071 1,524,468 1,349,451	The state of the s	
A	Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	12,524,521 12,090,833 48,752,370 47,768,749	1 exas & New Orleans	
Net after taxes, &c. 2.985.222 2.466.974 10.745.097 9.970.024	Net from railroad	4.424.747 3.743.219 16.198.858 15.290.079		or Dr. Dodis
Texas & New Orleans See Note See See Note See See Note See See Note See See See See See See See See See	Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.			
Texas & New Orleans (See Note) Month of April John 1 to April 30—1927. 1926. 4.125.441 3,912.730 16.636.654 16.311.558 951.873 1.029.623 3.982.472 4.218.545 4.29.675 1.901.117 9.819.000 8.380.71 4.15.409 1.239.673 4.418.756 4.499.58 516.768 457.789 2.077.007 1.799.92 1.162.460 1.233.781 4.785.529 4.806.662 723.041 555.788 2.368.474 2.189.83 1.65.740 152.747 648.917 588.982 723.041 555.788 2.368.474 2.189.83 1.665.740 152.747 648.917 588.982 723.041 555.788 2.368.474 2.189.83 1.665.740 152.747 648.917 588.982 723.041 555.788 2.368.474 2.663.99 1.665.740 152.747 648.917 588.982 723.041 555.788 2.368.474 2.663.99 1.665.740 152.747 648.917 588.982 723.041 555.788 2.368.474 2.663.99 1.665.740 152.747 648.917 588.982 723.041 555.788 2.368.474 2.269.93 85 8.594.911 8.207.511 1.154.45 1.011.635 4.496.366 4.221.21 1.154.09 1.	Net after rents	2,802,890 2,340,702 10,085,672 9,449,691		
EARNINGS. -Month of April -Jan. 1 to April 30 1927. 1926. 1927.	area. amos or r q oper.		Texas & New Orleans	Tayas & Danifia
1927 1926 1927 1928 1927 1928 1927 1928 1928 1927 1928 1288 1928 1928 1928 1288 1928 1288	RARNINGS	Arizona Eastern	(See Note)	-Month of April - Jan. 1 to April 30-
951,873 1,029,623 3,982,472 4,218,545 456,147 469,139 1,903,853 1,907,76	-		1927. 1926. 1927. 1926. 4,125,441 3,912,730 16,636,654 16 311 558	8 8 8
1.115.409 1.239.673 4.418.756 4.499.558 3516.788 4.57.789 2.077.007 1.799.92 1.65.740 1.52.747 648.917 588.982 723.041 555.788 2.687.474 2.189.83 723.041 555.788 2.687.474 2.189.83 723.041 555.788 2.687.474 2.189.83 723.041 7.288.09 7.2119 65.436 2.85.094 2.663.99 2.6	Passenger revenue		951,873 1,029,623 3,982,472 4,218,545	456,147 469,139 1,903,853 1,907,763
Now included in 1.162.400 1.52.477 648.917 588.982 723.041 555.788 2.368.474 2.189.83 72.119 65.436 285.094 266.39 2.66.39 2.165.042 2.009.385 8.594.911 8.207.511 1.115.415 1.011.635 4.496.366 4.221.21 4.287.807 4.937.971 19.647.218 19.305.002 2.543.803 2.197.281 9.647.058 8.866.50 4.21.21 2.165.042	Expenses Maint.way		1,115,409 1,239,673 4,418,756 4,400 558	516.768 457.789 2.077.007 1.799.928
Tot.expincl.oth. Net from railroad Pares. Net after taxes, &c. Southern Pacific 1.887.807 4.937.971 19.647.218 19.305.002 2.543.803 2.197.281 2.197.281 2.197.281 2.298.3492 155.000 152.000 620.000 608.00 15.900	Traffic expenses		1,162,460 1,233,781 4,785,529 4,806,662 165,740 152,747 648,917 588,982	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Net from railroad	the second of th	Southern Pacific	4,887,807 4,937,971 19,647,218 19,305,002	1,115,415 1,011,635 4,496,366 4,221,211
A.144 3.831 17.062 11.270 517 896 6.379 5.92	Net from railroad		686,519 425,273 2,867,580 2,969,738	561,804 407,218 2,891,369 2,323,554
Vet after rents 259.884 -60.572 850.274 854.054 248.685 189.852 1.693.482 1.327.17	Uncollectible revenue.		4.144 3.831 17,062 11,270	517 896 6,379 5,924
1 4 500 4 404 500 100,000 100,000 1,000,100 1,000,100	Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents		259,884 -60,572 850,274 854,054	
1,000 1,000 1,000		la l	4 500	

Note.—Figures for both 1927 and 1926 now include the earnings of Morgan's Louisiana & Texas RR. & SS. Co., Iberia & Vermilion RR. Co., Franklin & Abbeville Ry. Co., Louisiana Western RR. Co., Lake Charles & Northern RR. Co., Texas New Orleans RR. Co., Galveston Harrisburg & San Antonio Ry. Co., Houston & Texas Central RR. Co., Houston East & West Texas Ry. Co., Houston & Shreveport RR. Co. and the Southern Pacific Terminal Co. The remark applies alike to the month and the period since Jan. 1

			IMILL	MAL DAIL	1111100				
	Month of April	lexican			cific System		Wabash		
EARNINGS.	1927. 1926.	1927.	1926.	-Month of April-	n Pacific Jan. 1 to Ap		—Month of April——Jan. 1 to April 30— 1927. 1926. 1927. 1928.		
Preight revenue Passenger revenue	140,878 166,592 5,502 8,620	471.178 26.706	519,917 39,430	1927. 1926. 5.473,321 6.058,379		192 6 . .983,790	4.451.414 4.546.263 18.288.379 17.981.767		
Tot., incl. other rev.	160,558 191,861	542,029	601.783	1.189,371 1.184,173 7.391,743 8,023,782	2 29,950,557 31.	.692,719 .509,964	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
Maint. of equipm't	$egin{array}{cccc} 24,671 & 30,036 \ 20,126 & 24,342 \ 4.042 & 4.063 \ \end{array}$	115,192 94,477	100,322 90,495	1,224,071 1,273,718 1,785,949 1,842,77	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.639,710 $.291,278$	784,365 851,218 2,771,937 2,708,300 1,009,347 1,005,142 4,021,673 3,997,935		
Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	57,341 55,391	16,666 209,799	16,879 184,769	1,785,949 1,842,772 187,639 199,253 2,163,769 2,235,998	8 8,908,052 9	637,963	154,083 139,924 648,109 592,780 2,178,333 2,165,734 9,038,168 8,827,436		
Net from railroad	111,785 118,900 48,773 72,961	459,013 83,061	414,919 186,864	5,870,490 6,020,91 1,521,253 2,002,868	4 21,674,525 22	.459,407	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
Taxes_ Uncollectible revenue_	5,000 4,500 211	20,000	18,000	710,867 697,096	3 2,838,502 2	,050,557 ,775,279	276,055 299,600 1,112,833 1,148,475		
Net after taxes, &c.	43,773 68,250	63,016	168,652	3,593 2,03° 806,793 1,303,73°	_	3,507	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
Net after rents. Aver. miles of r'd oper.	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 32,944 & 58,681 \\ 162 & 162 \end{array} $	$\frac{27,506}{162}$	135,871 162	688,623 1,203,72 3,714 3,69	5,023,520 6 3,714	,061,100 3,690	602.286 736.065 2.854.452 3.126.787 2.524 2.524 2.524 2.524		
	Toledo Peoria			Oregon	Short Line		Western Maryland		
EARNINGS.		-Jan. 1 to A ₁ 1927.	1926.	Month of April 1927. 1926.	- Jan. 1 to Ap 1927.	pril 30—	Month of April Jan. 1 to April 30 1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.		
Freight revenue.	118,956 67,618	463,118	323.797	2.057.719 2.224.49		.967,858	1.684.901 1.617.315 7.289.386 6.849.341		
Tot., incl. other rev.	7,886 20,979 138,957 98,179	32,683 535,455	88,007 449,130	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} 290,956 & 292,15 \\ \hline 2,559,934 & 2,722,410 \end{array}$,291,600	39,378 45,262 166,228 186,274 1,785,013 1,724,216 7,705,955 7,257,345		
Maint. of equipm't.	$ \begin{array}{r} 36,097 \\ 18,834 \\ 7,359 \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{r} 20,568 \\ 28,630 \\ 1,763 \end{array} $	100,129 82,795 29,456	78,579 $120,858$	585,366 583,93 491,259 512,63	0 1.622.537 1	,886,795 ,149,331	299,123 238,136 1,116,323 889,217 407,050 421,808 1,664,193 1,674,061		
Traffic expenses Transportation exp.	7,359 55,257 1,763 59,974	$29,456 \\ 240,979$	7.402 254.611	57,056 55.03 757,969 806.83	4 197.157	194,513 384,387	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	$\begin{array}{c c} 126,978 & 117,491 \\ \hline 11,979 & -19,312 \end{array}$	485,280	487,955	2,083,363 2,127,82	2 7.576,706 8	,294,928	1,295,371 1,235,909 5,454,215 5,162,945		
Net from railroad Taxes	$\begin{array}{ccc} 11,979 & -19,312 \\ 2,000 & 7,700 \\ 29 & 34 \end{array}$	50,175 17,000 105	-38,825 28,700 68	$\begin{array}{cccc} 476.571 & 594.58 \\ 255.372 & 258.22 \\ 47 & 27 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.720,925 .031,158	489,642 488,307 2,251,740 2,094,400 100,000 80,000 400,000 315,000		
Net after taxes &c.	9,950 -27,046	33,070	-67,593	$\frac{47}{221,152}$ $\frac{27}{336.09}$	THE RESIDENCE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY.	837	389,642 408,307 1.851,740 1.779,490		
Net after rents	2,696 —26,516 239 —248	2,162	-70,014 248	160,304 280,38 2,539 2,53	5 1,514,716 1	.481,481 2,501	423,132 374,564 1,892,503 1,636,430 804 804		
and dopa.	Toledo St Lou	is & West		Oregon Washingt			Western Pacific		
EARNINGS.	,			-Month of April- 1927. 1926.	Jan. 1 to A	pril 30— 1926.	—Month of April — Jan. 1 to April 30— 1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.		
Freight revenue				1.679.095 1.776.70	1 6,359,872 6	3.664,411	943,509 862,594 3,537,609 3,474,003		
Tot., incl. other rev.				$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7 1.096.344 1	3,586,641	136,036 133,903 431,744 471,667		
Expenses—Maint.way Maint. of equipm't_				530.557 507.78	6 1.565.022 1	1,735,998 1,499,815	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
Traffic expenses Transportation exp_		cluded in		$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	271,399 3,226,808	44,418 37,265 165,457 147,321 389,568 375,392 1,574,521 1,528,809		
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	New York Chies	ago & St. I	Louis	1,913,003 1,889,41	2 7,088,039 7	7,292,590	1,059,836 880,819 3,702,579 3,353,197		
Net from railroad Taxes				$\begin{array}{ccc} 237,726 & 374,32 \\ 184,278 & 171,12 \\ 317 & 3 \end{array}$	8 737,113	$1,294,051 \\ 684,559$	87,125 186,474 497,007 836,831 123,513 108,334 494,886 380,738		
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.				$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{0}{2} \frac{480}{390,069}$	608,879	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
Net after rents				$-49.659 \begin{array}{c} -118.06 \\ 2,237 \end{array}$	4 25,529	279,095 2,237	21,392 162,299 313,828 840,983		
aver, miles of r d oper.	Ulster &	Delaware			Grand Island		1,042 1,042 1,042 1,042 Western Ry of Alabama		
EARNINGS.		-Jan. 1 to A	1926.	-Month of April- 1927. 1926.	Jan. 1 to A	pril 30— 1926.	—Month of April— —Jan. 1 to April 30— 1927. 1926. 1927. 1926.		
Freight revenue	\$ 52,803 \$ 55,433	144.941	133,132	204.798 250.88	8	1.078.964	178,929 223,693 711,547 830,856		
Passenger revenue Tot., incl. other rev.	$\frac{4.867}{93,337} = \frac{7.528}{98,319}$	19,196 286,358	32,322	$\begin{array}{c cccc} & 13,983 & 16.12 \\ \hline & 236,183 & 283,53 \\ \end{array}$	53,223	$\frac{68.548}{1.208.195}$	56,095 61,089 232,252 259,413		
Expenses - Maint. way Maint. of equipm't-	17.343 18.002 18.572	62,236 64,714	56,660 68,375	63.494 58.04 34,492 44.48	1 162.632	183,544 180,093	35.208 36.226 153.610 133.192		
Traffic expenses Transportation exp_	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1,340 & 1,389 \\ 44,179 & 48,325 \end{array}$	$\frac{5.341}{162,271}$	5.314 172.997	3.437 90,931 3.08 96,20	12,379	12,159 $401,198$	53,423 51,631 216,736 218,897 12,171 12,123 49,726 46,394 83,167 91,428 330,017 364,794		
Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	85,847 89,385	315,307	326,133	208,645 216,23	32 765,745	836,189	204,415 209,684 821,100 829,520		
Net from railroad Taxes	7.490 8,934 5,750 5,750	$-28,949 \\ 23,000$	-33.912 23.000	27,538 67,30 13,092 19,19	00 64,547	$372,006 \\ 89,102$	58,053 99,303 222,384 360,067 13,892 22,466 56,488 67,707		
Uncollectible revenue. Net after taxes, &c.	1,740 3,183	-51.949	56.913	139 14,307 48,02	$\frac{97}{20} - \frac{463}{159,227} -$	282.813	10 3 108 38 44,151 76,834 165,788 292,322		
Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper.	-1,499 -212 128 128	-62,270 128	-63,951 128	3,369 258 36,38	55 112,339	225,469 258	44,272 73,746 169,925 264,436		
aver, miles of r d oper.	Union RR (of	-		Vicksburg Shr		-	133 133 133 133 Wheeling & Lake Erie		
EARNINGS.	Month of April		April 30-				-Month of AprilJan. 1 to April 30-		
Freight revenue	3 3	\$	1926.				1927. 1926. 1927. 1928. 1,286,228 1,536,939 5,851,056 5,831,820		
Passenger revenue	728 281 087 974	2 000 510	9 400 105				30,927 34,690 128,012 144,414		
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	736,361 967,874 166,767 95,092 211,251 200,311	3,092,518 430,869	3,493.167 $372,767$ $860,322$				1,415,591 1,658,400 6,331,409 6,301,887		
Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses	173 108	048	705	21011 1202110	led in Yazoo	de	188,859 213,209 734,816 727,163 360,597 428,259 1,544,569 1,617,512 34,515 32,700 132,745 127,782		
Transportation exp. Tot.exp.,incl.oth.	$\begin{array}{r rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$		$\frac{1,749,110}{3,023.061}$	Mississ	ippi Valley		$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		
Net from railroad Taxes	-36.257 217.696 $10,000$ $28,288$	198,904 63,000	470,106				337.376 455.361 1.782.653 1.695.387		
Uncollectible revenue.			82,154				2 153 63 301		
Net after taxes, &c. Net after rents	$\begin{array}{c c} -46.257 & 189.408 \\ \hline 10.871 & 236.782 \end{array}$	$\frac{135,904}{423,223}$	387,952 564,007				226,374 319,875 1,252,590 1,169,264 236,387 310,410 1,222,167 1,198,752		
Aver, miles of r'd oper.	45 45	45	45	1			511 511 511 611		
	-Month of April-	ah —Jan. 1 to A		-Month of April-	ginian — Jan. 1 to A		Wichita Falls & Northwestern		
EARNINGS.	1927. 1926.	1927.	1926.	1927. 1926.	1927.	1926.			
Freight revenue Passenger revenue	118,908 92,281 136	612,754	488,655 628	1,720,682 1,294,5 54,132 56,7	61 233,139	5,970,311 240,853			
Tot., incl. other rev. Expenses—Maint.way	118,987 92,887 11,513 10,472	615,198 73,484	491,234 50,198	1,900,895 1,469,5 197,941 219,6	59 8.164.334	6,661,694 807,263			
Maint. of equipm't_ Traffic expenses	46,911 38,331 381 343	$163,157 \\ 1,492$	153,778	377,452 356,0	23 56,297	807,263 1,423,816 51,145			
Transportation exp_	22,595 22,428 86,588 77,178	119,263	$\begin{array}{r} 1.415 \\ 115,395 \\ \hline 345,567 \end{array}$	386,422 338,9 1,003,430 954,7	59 1,588,327	$\frac{1,517,806}{3,916,612}$	Missouri Kansas & Texas		
Net from railroad	32,399 15,709	232,719	145,667	897,465 514.7	92 4,130,725	2,745,082			
Taxes			37,938	32	4 40	541,100 27			
Net after taxes, &c.	25,089 6,224 23,628 3,767	188,984 169,621	107,729 $92,539$	The state of the s	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IS NOT THE OWNER,	2,203,955 2,534,539	11		
Net after rents Aver. miles of r'd oper.		111	111	787,393 460.7 545 5	45 545	545			

COMPANY RETURNS

All the figures in the foregoing pages are transcripts of the monthly returns as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission at Washington. A few railroad companies also issue monthly statements of their own, and sometimes these company statements go beyond the requirements of the Commission and give added items of information. Besides this, a number of companies—notably the Southern Pacific Company—issued consolidated statements, showing the results for the system as a whole, whereas the Commerce Commission requires returns from each constituent road separately.

It is our purpose that each issue of the "Railway Earnings Section" shall furnish an absolutely complete record of all monthly returns, in whatever form issued, that may be put out by any steam railroad in the United States. Accordingly, we bring together here all the company statements where they differ in any way from the returns to the Commission, or where they embrace more facts than are contained in such returns.

It should be distinctly understood that where the company statement are identical with those rendered to the Commerce Commission, and do not include any additional items, we do not undertake to repeat them here. In such cases the reader must look for the figures among the detailed statements on preceding pages, which include every steam road that is obliged to make monthly returns to the Commission.

The Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe Railway System

Month	of April-	-Jan. 1 to	April 30-
1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
Railway operating revenues19,733,77 Railway operating expenses15,746,64		81,842,385 59,624,917	70,929,197 52,553,901
Net from railway 3,987,13 Railway tax accruais 1,249,71 Other debits or credits 213,28	2 1,273,922		5,543,721
Net railway operating income 2,524,12 Average miles operated 12,31			$\substack{12,360,750\\12,042}$

Bellefonte Central

	-Month of	April	-Jan. 1 to	
	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
Gross receipts	5,896 5,964	5,915 6,108	$\frac{23,689}{25,211}$	$24.192 \\ 26.162$
Net	$\frac{-68}{111}$	$-193 \\ 115$	-1,522 444	-1,970 460
Surplus	-179	-308	-1,966	-2.430

Canadian National Railways

_	-Month of	of April-	-Jan. 1 to	
	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
			\$ 100	TO 00 000
Gross2	1,776,705	20,278,871	84,289,166	79,325,976
Operating expenses	8,965,871	17.543.257	73,634,701	10,000,002
Net	2,810,833	2,735,613	10,654,464	10,200,923

Canadian Pacific

Month	of April-	-Jan. 1 to	April 30-
1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
Gross earnings	13.856,101	58,357,298	54.201.059
Working expenses12,867,701	11,706,461	49,641,082	45,520,352
Net profits 2,253,588	2,149,639	8,716,216	8,680,706

Fonda Johnstown & Gloversville

	Month of	April	-Jan. 1 to	
	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
Operating Income-	8	8	8	. 3
Freight revenue	42,363	41,632	148,546	152,121
Passenger revenue steam division		2,272	8,905	11,021
Passenger rev.—electric division		54,260	245,166	251,654
All other rev. from transportation	4,382	4,101	14,811	15,743
Rev. from other railway operations	844	1,196	4,921	4,810
Total operating revenues		103,463	422,351	435.352
Railway oper. exp. (not incl. taxes)	67,298	67,001	277,301	278,841
Net rev. from railway operations	31.185	36.462	145.050	156.510
Railway tax accruals	7,840	7,840	31,360	31,360
Railway operating income	23.345	28.622	113,690	125,150
Miscel. oper. income (or loss)		-1,336	-4,938	-4,533
Total operating income	22.256	27.285	108,751	120,616
Non-operating income	2,899	3.193	13,441	14,315
Gross income	25.156	30,479	122,193	134.932
Deduct-Rents for leased roads		700		2.800
Other rents accrued—debits	3,790	3,690		16,554
Interest on funded debt	25,916	25,916		103,666
Interest on unfunded debt	868	525		2,712
Amort, of disc, on funded debt_		492	1,971	1,971
Miscellaneous income charges	22222		*******	
Total deductions from gross inc.	31,768	31,324	127,020	127,704
Net income	-6.611	-845	-4.827	7,227

The Kansas City Southern

	Month of	April	-Jan. 1 to	April 30-
Gross revenue		1,846,693 1,186,516	6,904,253	7.121.248 $4.613.857$
Net revenues Taxes Uncollectible railway revenue	. 125,249	660,176 124,470 674	2,228,265 500,999 1,113	2,507,391 498,404 2,637
Operating income	Approximately and property to the	535.031	1.726,152	2,006,349

Missouri-Kansas-Texas Lines

	-Month of 1927.	April	-Jan. 1 to	April 30— 1926.
Miles operated (average)		3.188		3,188
Operating revenue		4.175,434 $3.044,498$	$18,627,551 \\ 13,108,773$	
Available for interest	793,230	794,456 590,748	$3,956,525 \\ 2,264,768$	$\frac{3,660,720}{2,363,359}$
Net income	237,754	203,708	1,691,756	1.297,361

Minneapolis St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Ry. Co.

	Month of 1927.	1926.	-Jan. 1 to	April 30— 1926.
Freight revenuesPassenger revenues	$1,603,680 \ 220,340$	$\frac{1,664,797}{219,158}$	$5,929,950 \\ 1,017,231$	$\frac{6,026,825}{1,073,780}$
Total revenues M. of W. & S. expenses	$\substack{165,162\\1,989,183\\294,880}$	$\substack{175.014\\2,058,969\\296,378}$	$\begin{array}{c} 619,002 \\ 7,566,184 \\ 1,075,461 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 662,935 \\ 7,763,540 \\ 1.119,911 \end{array}$
M. & E expenses Traffic expenses	$\frac{410,701}{39,515}$	$\frac{438,083}{44,213}$	$\substack{1.684.682\\153.774}$	$\substack{1.739.619\\160.519}$
Transportation expenses		$\frac{759,820}{74,200}$ $1.612.698$	$\begin{array}{r} 3,055,002 \\ 264,017 \\ \hline 6,232,938 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 3.159.193 \\ 290.046 \\ \hline 6.469.290 \end{array} $
Total expenses Net railway revenue Taxes and uncollectible revenues	$\substack{1,533,677\\455,505\\140,196}$	$\frac{446,271}{141,789}$	$\substack{1,333,245\\570,789}$	$1,294,249 \\ 584,589$
Net revenue after taxes, &c Hire of equipment—Credit Rental of terminals—Debit	Cr.315,308 Cr.17,739 Dr.14,582	Cr.304,482 $Cr.30,970$ $Dr.9,424$		
Net after rentsOther Income—Net	AND REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON.	$\frac{Cr.326.029}{Cr.13.393}$	Cr.760,425	Cr.775,206
Interest on funded debt Net	Dr407,059		$\frac{Dr1635,844}{Dr.808,764}$	-

New York New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co.

	Month o	of April-	-Jan. 1 to	
Mileage	$ \begin{array}{c} 1927. \\ 2,175 \end{array} $	1926. 2.197	1927. 2,175	1926. 2.197
Total revenues Total expenses			44,453,250 33,734,608	
Net from railroad Net after taxes	3,209,947	$\frac{3,526,486}{3,057,388}$	10,718,642	And the second of the second o
Net after rents Non-operating income	2.012.940	2,467,543		7.314,776
fotal net income	2.445.201		7,942,290 $7,034,044$	
Balance	678.328		908,245	

New York Ontario & Western

	Month o	April	-Jun. 1 to	
	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
Operating revenues	1.008,569	1.165,386	3.349,964	3,301,797
Operati ig expenses	839,745	883,067	3,360,057	3,031,650
Net rev. from railway operation	168.823	282.319	Dr.10.092	270,147
Railway tax accruals		50,000	200,000	200,000
Uncollectible railway revenues	177	25	1,058	144
Total railway operating income.	118,646		Dr.211,150	70,003
Net operating income	60,005	174.246	Dr.399,630	Dr.100.676
Other income	29,537	30,873	118.278	118,941
Total income	89.542	205.119	Dr.281.351	18,264
Deductions	117,204	118,911	466,622	472,247
Net income	Dr.27,661	86,208	Dr.747,974	Dr.453.983

St. Louis-San Francisco (Including Subsidiary Lines)

	-Month of	April	-Jan. 1 to	April 30-
Average mileage operated	1927.	1526. 5,484	1927. 5,448	1926. 5,484
Freight revenue Passenger revenue Miscellaneous revenue	1.145.270	$5,442,599 \\ 1,216,768 \\ 663,664$	21.838,395 $4.693.665$ $2.125.389$	$\substack{22,343,139\\5,062,628\\2,231,363}$
Total operating revenues Maintenance of way & structures Maintenance of equipment Transportation expenses	1,248,237 $1,497,937$	7,323,028 943,555 1,599,5 ⁰ 7 2,535,2 53		29,637,130 3,505,066 5,810,441 10,387,785
Other expenses	335,024	317.6 31 5.396.136	1,368,244	$\frac{1,399.375}{21,102,667}$
Net operating income Balance for interest	1.338.566	1.602,088 $1.574,498$	$6.589.777 \\ 6.725.769$	6,804,074 $6,725,202$
Surplus after all charges	18 396	285.241	1.538.820	1.631.591

Western Maryland Railway Co.

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	-Month o	f April	-Jan. 1 to	April 30-
	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
0		1.724.216	7.705.955	7.257.344
Operating revenues	1,785,013	1.235.909	5.454.215	5.162.944
Net from railroad	489.642	488.307	2.251.740	2.094,400
Net after taxes	389.642	408.307	1.851.740	1,779,400
Other income.	14,553	8,480	87,227	41,276
Net after rents, including other inc.		383,044	1,979,730	1.677.705
Fixed charges	258,125	248,729	1,028,285	995,060
Balances	179.560	134.315	951.445	682,645

St. Louis Southwestern (Including St. Louis Southwestern of Texas)

	-Month of	April-	-Jan. 1 to	April 30-
	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
Railway operating revenues	1,743.885 $1,584.871$	1,858,095 $1,556,328$	$\substack{7.736.747 \\ 6.270.495}$	8,260,285 $6,505,970$
Net rev. from railway operation. Railway tax accruals and uncol-	159,014	301.767	1,466,252	1.754.315
lectible railway revenues	54,811	74.056	306,560	377,548
Railway operating income Other railway operating income	$\frac{104,203}{39,976}$	$\frac{227,710}{27,424}$	$1,159,691 \\ 139,494$	1,376,767 $101,432$
Total railway operating income_ Deductions from ry. oper. income_	144,179 52,616	255,134 52,565	$\substack{1,299.186\\234,723}$	1,478,199 234,509
Net railway operating income Non-operating income	91,563 29,486	202,569 29,372	1,064,462 121,261	1,243,689 140,749
Gross income Deductions from gross income	121,050 229,157	231,942 231,108	1.185.724 921.661	1,384,439
Net income	-108.106	833	264.062	451,39

Southern Pacific

Southern 1	iciiic		
1927	of April— 1926.	1927.	1926.
Average miles of road operated 13,510	13,198	13,474	13,216
Freight17,072,943	15,883,388	65,641,442	63,863,925
Passenger 4,204,43	4,228,150	17,222,952	17,703,726
Mail		$\frac{1,457,804}{2,037,063}$	$\frac{1,386,102}{1.853,292}$
All other transportation 642,929 847,02		3.119.702	2,776,585
Incidental 557.220	530,426	2,308,567	2,160,544
Joint facility—Credit 21,76	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		-457.054
Joint facility—Debit		-	
Rallway operating revenues23,592,945	3 22,245,649	91,410,002	09,421,030
Maintenance of way & structures 3,678,40		14.260,602	14.589,861
Maintenance of equipment 4,401,61.		$17.374.954 \\ 2.241.306$	$\substack{17.082.701\\1.999.818}$
Traffic 593,48 Transportation 8,439,99		33,029,107	32,438,440
Miscellaneous 379.45	386,021	1,636,950	1,498,188
General 915.71			3,613,936
Transportation for investment88.82			$\frac{-204,601}{200000000000000000000000000000000000$
Railway operating expenses18,319,85	3 17,920,061	71,972,463	70,616,912
Net rev. from railway operations 5,273,09	4,325,587	19,500,918	18,804,718
Railway tax accruals1,639,87 Uncollectible railway revenues 14.81			$\substack{6,582,834\\26,655}$
Equipment rents (net) 402,20			1.279.349
Joint facility rent (net)			102,433
Net operating income 3.227.35	4 2.431.381	11.354.974	10.813.445

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	-Month o	of April-	-Jan. 1 to	April 30—
	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
Average miles of road operated Operating Revenues—	9,679	9,653	9,677	5
Freight revenue	10.699.548	11.487.353	43,277,014	45,330,004
Passenger revenue	2.076.741	2,092,284	8,217,091	8,493,676
Mail revenue	345.487	379,849	1,410,636	1,469,527
Express revenue.	333.946	300,054	1,024,008	932,555
All other transportation	383,541	385,439	1,512,496	1,531,475
Incidental	289,337	308,039	1,037,410	1,104,680
Railway operating revenues Operating Expenses—		14,953,018	56,478,755	58,861,917
Maintenance of way & structures_	2,792,525	2.805.869	8,201,361	8,982,193
Maintenance of equipment	3,070,324	3,116,349	11,736,697	12,593,176
Traffic	405,993	408,918	1,454,705	1,364,538
Transportation	4,312,198	4,488,386		18,271,985
Miscellaneous operations		306,916	1,216,581	1,203,022
General	698,867		2,607,698	$2,386,289 \\ 13,295$
Transportation for invest. Cr	The same of the sa	7.817	3,933	
Railway operating expenses				
Net rev. from railway operations	2,523,505	3,222,228		14,074,009
Railway tax accruals	1,282,809			5,022,219
Uncollectible railway revenues	4,268	6,150		9,147
Railway operating income	1,236,428	1,956,889		
Equipment rents, net Dr.	-315,726	-263,270		-816,203
Joint facility rents, net Dr	61,932		_	-266,970
Net.	858,770		6,886,211	7,959,470
Oper. ratio (revenues over exp.)	82%	78%	76%	76%

Wisconsin Central Railway Co.

	-Month o	f April-	-Jan. 1 to	April 30-
	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
Freight revenuesPassenger revenues	190.170	1,214,465 209,958	4,688,149 761,591	4,640,286 831,970
All other revenues	100,649	126,893	390,599	425,984
M. W. & S. expenses	254.045	1,551,317 258,688	5,840,340 $759,256$	5,898,241 $728,503$
M. of E. expenses	$\frac{292,282}{34,775}$	$306,869 \\ 42,555$	1,216,167 $126,729$	$1,205,299 \\ 133,282$
Transportation expenses	648.137	$\frac{668,830}{68,797}$	$2,615,347 \\ 240,317$	$2,685,583 \\ 246,107$
Total expenses	- 1,293,985 - 217,912	1,345,742 205,575 89,219	4,957,818 882,521 323,043	4,998,776 899,465 357,493
Net revenue after taxes, &c	Cr.137,201	Cr.116,355	Cr.559,477	Cr.541,971
Hire of equipment—Dr Rental of terminals—Dr	Dr. 56,720 Dr. 47,331	Dr.51,929	$\begin{array}{c} Dr.194.137 \\ Dr.222.872 \end{array}$	Dr.209,080
Other income—Net	. Dr.20,839	Dr.22,904		Dr.37.349
Interest on funded debt	_Dr163,247	Dr.155,086	Dr.705.714	Dr.619,839
Net income	Dr150,937	Dr.164.172	Dr.662,211	Dr.523,562

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